



Class Agenda

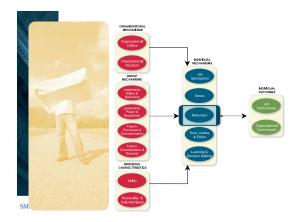
- Assessment
- Motivation defined
- How important is motivation?
- Theories of motivation
 - Expectancy theory
 - Goal setting theory

 - Equity theory Psychological empowerment
- Best practices





Discussion Starter NOW PLAYING Motivation by: Bonny Jonathan







Motivation Defined

- A set
 - energetic forces
 - originate within and outside an employee
 - initiates work-related effort
 - to determines its direction, intensity, and persistence
 - What do you do?
 - How hard do you do it?
 - How long do you do it?



Motivation Defined



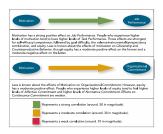






How Important is Motivation?

them?







When thinking about motivation...most think about money...what say you?

1 STRONGLY DISAGREE	2 DISAGREE	3 SLIGHTLY DISAGREE	4 NEUTRAL	5 SLIGHTLY AGREE	6 AGREE	7 STRONGLY AGREE
Money represents one's achievement.						
2. Money is	a symbol of si	uccess.				
Money is the most important goal in my life.						
Money can buy everything.						
5. Money makes people respect you in the community.						
Money will help you express your competence and abilities.						
7. Money can bring you many friends.						
8. Money is honorable.						
9. Money gives you autonomy and freedom.						
10. Money can give you the opportunity to be what you want to be.						
11. Money in the bank is a sign of security.						
12. Money m	eans power.					





Application

ELEMENT	DESCRIPTION		
Individual-Focused			
Piece-Rate	A specified rate is paid for each unit produced, each unit sold, or each service provided.		
Merit Pay	An increase to base salary is made in accordance with performance evaluation ratings.		
Lump-Sum Bonuses	A bonus is received for meeting individual goals but no change is made to base salary. The potential bonus represents "at risk" pay that must be re-earned each year. Base salary may be lower in cases in which potential bonuses may be large.		
Recognition Awards	Tangible awards (gift cards, merchandise, trips, special events, time off, plaques) or intangible awards (praise) are given on an impromptu basis to recognize achievement.		
Unit-Focused			
Gainsharing	A bonus is received for meeting unit goals (department goals, plant goals, business unit goals) for criteria controllable employees (labor costs), use of materials, quality). No change is made to base salery. The potential bonus represents "at risk" pay that must be re-earned early new. Base salary may be lower in cases in which potential bonuses may be large.		
Organization-Focused			
Profit Sharing	A bonus is received when the publicly reported earnings of a company exceed some minimum level, with the magnitude of the bonus contingent on the magnitude of the profits. No change is made to base sidary. The potential borus represents 'At risk' pay that must be re-earned each year. Base salary may		



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During the break...

- Think about what influences motivation:
 - Expectancy theory
 - Goal setting theory
 - Equity theory
 - Psychological empowerment



Theories of Motivation

- Several theories attempt to summarize the key factors that foster high motivation:
 - Expectancy theory
 - Goal setting theory
 - Equity theory
 - Psychological empowerment

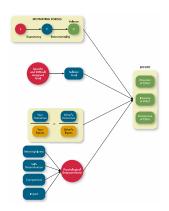
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Theories of Motivation

- Get in groups of three or four (four groups total)
- Each group will take one theory
- Each person in the group will present an overview of the theory
 - Define the theory
 - Describe the key components of the theory
 - Describe what each of the components mean
 - Explain HOW & WHY the theory guides a person's motivation (effort, intensity, and persistence)
 - What hinders it?
- Write your answers on the whiteboard
- Use the next slide as a guide

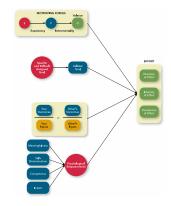












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How Important is Motivation?

Motivation	lob Performance
levels of motivation to for self-efficacy/comp combination, and equ	ng positive effect on Job Performance. Pagele who experience higher and to have higher levels of East Performance. To see effects are strongest estence, followed by goal difficulty, the subscion-instrumental by-superatory by, Leas is known about the effects or indivisation on Chitechealip and visuosis, chough equity has a moderate positive effect on the former and a fect or the latter.
Motivation	Organizational Commitment
has a moderate posit	he effects of Motivation on Organizational Commitment. However, equity we effect. People who experience higher levels of equity tend to feel higher mentioner and higher levels of Normative Commitment. Effects on ment are weeker.
	Represents a strong correlation (around .50 in magnitude).
	Represents a moderate correlation (around .30 in magnitude).
	Represents a weak correlation (around .10 in magnitude).

	Next Time			
	Tours bushing 0 Fabine			
	Trust, Justice, & EthicsChapter 7			
	 Keep bringing bool 			
	• Read end of chapte			
	"exercise" before e			
	Thursday: Review Friday: Exam			
1 de ta	Triday.			
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	Last			
	What did you	 What did you 		
	learn about	learn about		
	<i>you</i> today?	someone else today?		
		today.		
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VEV.				
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• Blackboard: https://courses.smu.edu/

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