

# CS438 Communication Networks Problem Set 1

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## 1

$$2\text{TB} = 2 * 1024\text{GB} = 2 * 1024 * 1024\text{MB} = 2 * 1024 * 1024 * 1024\text{KB} = 2 * 1024^3 * 1024\text{B} \\ = 2 * 2^{40} * 2^3 \text{ bits} = 2^{44}\text{bits}$$

$$15\text{TB} = 15 * 2^{43}\text{bits}$$

$$200\text{Mbps} = 200 * 10^6 = 2 * 10^8 \text{bits per second.}$$

$$700\text{Mbps} = 7 * 10^8 \text{bits per second}$$

(a) The time it takes using high speed internet will be the time uploading the 15TB data with the network speed 200Mbps, which is  $15\text{TB} / 200 \text{ Mbps} = 6.94\text{days}$  plus the transmission delay 10ms, which in total is 6.94days.

(b) The time takes to copy all the data to the hard disk is  $15\text{TB} / 700\text{Mbps} = 1.98\text{days}$ . It takes the same amount of time to copy it from the hard disk to the new site. Plus the transition delay, 2 hours, which is in total 4 days.

So the option b is a lot faster than option a.

## 2

(a) The total transfer time is  $512\text{B} / 200\text{Mbps} + 4 * 5 * 10^{-6}\text{s} = 20.48\text{micro seconds} + 20\text{microseconds} = 40.48\text{microseconds}$ .

(b) Since only  $512\text{B} - 100\text{B} = 412\text{B}$  are effective, so the the effective bandwidth is  $412\text{B} / 40.48\text{microseconds} = 81.42\text{Mbps}$

(c) The time it takes for transmitting the 100B acknowledgement from B to A is  $100\text{B} / 200\text{Mbps} + 20\text{microseconds} = 24\text{microseconds}$ . So the new effective bandwidth will be  $412\text{B} / 64.48\text{microseconds} = 51.12\text{Mbps}$ .

## 3

(a) There are only 1 person is allowed each time when circuit switching is used.

(b) Since each user transmits for 8 percent of the time. So for n users to transmit at the same time, the probability is  $(1500 \text{ choose } n) * 0.08^n * 0.92^{1500-n}$ .

(c) The link will get overloaded when the number of active users is over  $\text{floor}(1000/7) = 142$ . So the problem becomes to find the probability that there are more than 142 users transmitting simultaneously. Which is  $1 - \sum_{n=0}^{142} (1500 \text{ choose } n) * 0.08^n * 0.92^{1500-n}$

## 4

- (a)  $15\text{Gbps} \cdot 60\mu\text{s} = 15 \cdot 10^9 \cdot 60 \cdot 10^{-6} = 9000 \text{ bits}$   
(b)  $450\text{Mbps} \cdot 0.15\mu\text{s} = 450 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 0.15 \cdot 10^{-6} = 67.5 \text{ bits}$   
(c)  $2 \cdot 500\text{Mbps} \cdot 35786\text{km/lightSpeed} = 2 \cdot 500 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 35786 / (3 \cdot 10^5) = 12042272 \text{ bits}$

## 5

- (a)  $0.65^7$  years  
(b) The number of chips win in average will be  $0 \cdot 0.35 + 50 \cdot 1 \cdot 0.65 \cdot 0.35 + 2 \cdot 50 \cdot 0.65^2 \cdot 0.35 + 3 \cdot 50 \cdot 0.65^3 \cdot 0.35 + 4 \cdot 50 \cdot 0.65^4 \cdot 0.35 + 5 \cdot 50 \cdot 0.65^5 \cdot 0.35 + 6 \cdot 50 \cdot 0.65^6 \cdot 0.35 + 7 \cdot 50 \cdot 0.65^7 = 88.31$   
(c) the number of rounds played per tournament will be  $1 \cdot 0.35 + 2 \cdot 0.65 \cdot 0.35 + 3 \cdot 0.65^2 \cdot 0.35 + 4 \cdot 0.65^3 \cdot 0.35 + 5 \cdot 0.65^4 \cdot 0.35 + 6 \cdot 0.65^5 \cdot 0.35 + 7 \cdot 0.65^6 \cdot 0.35 + 8 \cdot 0.65^7 = 2.77 \text{ rounds}$   
(d)  $m/n = 31.88$

## 6

### 6.1 microsoft.com:

Registrar: MarkMonitor Inc.  
Creation Date: 1991-05-02T04:00:00Z  
Registry Expiry Date: 2021-05-03T04:00:00Z

### 6.2 microsoot.com

Registrar: MarkMonitor Inc.  
Creation Date: 1999-05-22T10:29:58Z  
Registry Expiry Date: 2018-05-22T10:29:26Z

### 6.3 illinois.edu

Registrar: EDUCAUSE Whois  
Domain record activated: 13-Jan-1997  
Domain expires: 31-Jul-2018

### 6.4 npr.org

Registrar: Network Solutions, LLC  
Creation Date: 1993-12-13T05:00:00Z

Registry Expiry Date: 2018-12-12T05:00:00Z

## **6.5 chelseafc.com**

Registrar: GoDaddy.com, LLC

Creation Date: 1998-09-12T04:00:00Z

Registry Expiry Date: 2021-09-11T04:00:00Z