



A subsidiary of Pinnacle West Capital Corporation

10 CFR 50.73

Palo Verde Nuclear  
Generating Station

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102-06280-DCM/DFH  
November 15, 2010

ATTN: Document Control Desk  
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
Washington, DC 20555-0001

Dear Sirs:

**Subject: Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station (PVNGS) Unit 2**  
**Docket No. STN 50-529**  
**License No. NPF-51**  
**Licensee Event Report 2010-002-00**

Enclosed please find Licensee Event Report (LER) 50-529/2010-002-00 that has been prepared and submitted pursuant to 10 CFR 50.73. This LER reports a condition prohibited by Technical Specifications (TS) 3.8.1, "AC Sources – Operating," and 3.8.2, "AC Sources – Shutdown," associated with Emergency Diesel Generator Fuel Oil Transfer Pumps.

In accordance with 10 CFR 50.4, copies of this LER are being forwarded to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) Regional Office, NRC Region IV and the Senior Resident Inspector. If you have questions regarding this submittal, please contact Marianne Webb, Section Leader, Regulatory Affairs, at (623) 393-5730.

Arizona Public Service Company makes no commitments in this letter.

Sincerely,

DCM/MNW/DFH/gat

Enclosure

cc:	E. E. Collins Jr.	NRC Region IV Regional Administrator
	J. R. Hall	NRC NRR Senior Project Manager - (electronic / paper)
	L. K. Gibson	NRC NRR Project Manager (electronic / paper)
	J. H. Bashore	NRC Senior Resident Inspector (acting) for PVNGS

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**LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)**(See reverse for required number of  
digits/characters for each block)

Estimated burden per response to comply with this mandatory collection request: 80 hours. Reported lessons learned are incorporated into the licensing process and fed back to industry. Send comments regarding burden estimate to the FOIA/Privacy Section (T-5 F53), U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, or by internet e-mail to [infocollects.resource@nrc.gov](mailto:infocollects.resource@nrc.gov), and to the Desk Officer, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, NEOB-10202, (3150-0104), Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503. If a means used to impose an information collection does not display a currently valid OMB control number, the NRC may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, the information collection.

<b>1. FACILITY NAME</b> Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station (PVNGS) Unit 2	<b>2. DOCKET NUMBER</b> 05000529	<b>3. PAGE</b> 1 OF 5
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**4. TITLE**  
Inoperable Emergency Diesel Generator Due to Fuel Oil Transfer Pump Failure

5. EVENT DATE			6. LER NUMBER			7. REPORT DATE			8. OTHER FACILITIES INVOLVED	
MONTH	DAY	YEAR	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REV NO.	MONTH	DAY	YEAR	FACILITY NAME	DOCKET NUMBER
09	15	2010	2010	- 002 -	00	11	15	2010		

<b>9. OPERATING MODE</b>  1	<b>11. THIS REPORT IS SUBMITTED PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF 10 CFRs: (Check all that apply)</b>			
<b>10. POWER LEVEL</b>  100	<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2201(b)	<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(3)(i)	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(i)(C)	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(vii)
	<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2201(d)	<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(3)(ii)	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(ii)(A)	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(viii)(A)
	<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(1)	<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(4)	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(ii)(B)	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(viii)(B)
	<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(2)(i)	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.36(c)(1)(i)(A)	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(iii)	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(ix)(A)
	<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(2)(ii)	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.36(c)(1)(ii)(A)	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(iv)(A)	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(x)
	<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(2)(iii)	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.36(c)(2)	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(v)(A)	<input type="checkbox"/> 73.71(a)(4)
	<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(2)(iv)	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.46(a)(3)(ii)	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(v)(B)	<input type="checkbox"/> 73.71(a)(5)
	<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(2)(v)	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(i)(A)	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(v)(C)	<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER
<input type="checkbox"/> 20.2203(a)(2)(vi)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(i)(B)	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.73(a)(2)(v)(D)	Specify in Abstract below or in NRC Form 366A	

**12. LICENSEE CONTACT FOR THIS LER**

<b>FACILITY NAME</b> Marianne Webb, Section Leader, Regulatory Affairs	<b>TELEPHONE NUMBER (Include Area Code)</b> 623-393-5730
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**13. COMPLETE ONE LINE FOR EACH COMPONENT FAILURE DESCRIBED IN THIS REPORT**

CAUSE	SYSTEM	COMPONENT	MANU-FACTURER	REPORTABLE TO EPIX	CAUSE	SYSTEM	COMPONENT	MANU-FACTURER	REPORTABLE TO EPIX
E	DC	PUMP	GE	1297					

**14. SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT EXPECTED**☒ YES (If yes, complete 15. EXPECTED SUBMISSION DATE)☐ NO**15. EXPECTED SUBMISSION DATE**

MONTH	DAY	YEAR
05	27	2010

ABSTRACT (Limit to 1400 spaces, i.e., approximately 15 single-spaced typewritten lines)

On September 15, 2010, at approximately 05:46 Mountain Standard Time, during a surveillance test of Emergency Diesel Generator 2A (EDG-2A), the Diesel Fuel Oil Transfer Pump (DFOTP) for EDG-2A failed. An electrical short to ground had occurred in the DFOTP's motor termination box, caused by water in the motor termination box. The motor termination box and sections of the control and power cables from the pull box to the motor termination box inside the diesel fuel oil vault were replaced. The conduit was drained and cleaned. The control and power cables were spliced to interrupt the drain path and prevent possible future water drainage into the motor termination box through a path internal to the jackets around the cables.

The condition which caused the failure would likely have prevented EDG-2A from meeting its mission time for a period of time that was in violation of technical specifications.

The root cause investigation is continuing. A supplement to this LER will be submitted following completion of the root cause evaluation.

PVNGS reported a prior failure of DFOTP-2B which caused EDG-2B to become inoperable in LER 50-529/2009-001-00.

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NARRATIVE

All times are Mountain Standard Time and approximate unless otherwise indicated.

1. REPORTING REQUIREMENT(S):

This LER is being submitted pursuant to 10 CFR 50.73 (a)(2)(i)(B) as a condition prohibited by Technical Specifications (TS) 3.8.1, "AC Sources – Operating," and 3.8.2, "AC Sources – Shutdown," for an inoperable Emergency Diesel Generator (EDG) (EIS Code: EK) due to a failure of the associated fuel oil transfer pump.

2. DESCRIPTION OF STRUCTURE(S), SYSTEM(S) AND COMPONENT(S):

Diesel Fuel Oil Transfer System Description (EIS Code: DC)

Each of the station's units is provided with two EDGs. Each EDG is served by a Diesel Generator Fuel Oil Transfer System, which consists of one diesel fuel oil (DFO) storage tank and one diesel fuel oil transfer pump (DFOTP), which provides fuel to the EDG fuel oil day tank. The diesel fuel day tank overflow returns to the storage tank.

The transfer pump is located in the diesel fuel oil storage tank and is accessible from a vault built above each diesel fuel oil storage tank. Failure of one pump does not affect the operability of any component in the other train.

The transfer pump can be operated from either the main control room or the local diesel control panel. Alarms and indications of day tank level and transfer pump status are displayed in the main control room and at the local diesel control panel. The DFOTP delivers a minimum of 15 gallons per minute to the EDG day tank. The DFOTP takes suction from the diesel generator fuel oil storage tank and discharges into the diesel generator fuel oil day tank which gravity feeds fuel oil to the EDG. The fuel oil day tank level is automatically controlled by a level control system that cycles the transfer pump as needed to maintain level.

Power for the transfer pumps is fed from Class 1E 480 volt AC (VAC) motor control centers. In addition to the power cable, a 120 VAC control cable is used for the pump motor thermostat which trips the motor when winding temperature reaches 425°F. The cables providing power and control to the motors are manufactured with polyethylene insulation and a neoprene jacket. The cables are routed from the motor control center through a raceway and outside the diesel generator building through a sand encased duct bank. The cables are then routed through sealed conduits to the diesel fuel oil storage tank vault and terminate in a cast aluminum motor termination box located above the tank. This motor termination box is of a leak proof design to prevent diesel fuel oil from seeping into the conduit in the event of a diesel fuel transfer pump motor stator liner rupture.

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3. INITIAL PLANT CONDITIONS:

On September 15, 2010, Palo Verde Unit 2 was in Mode 1 (Power Operation), at 100 percent power, at normal operating temperature (NOT) and normal operating pressure (NOP). There were no structures, systems, or components inoperable at the time of the event that contributed to the event.

4. EVENT DESCRIPTION:

On September 15, 2010, at 03:54, Unit 2 Operations personnel started EDG-2A to perform surveillance test 40ST-9DG01, "Diesel Generator A Test." This procedure ensures operability of the train A Emergency Diesel Generator. At 05:46, control room personnel received a diesel generator A fuel system trouble alarm. Investigation revealed the supply breaker for the DFOTP was in the trip free position. Operations personnel declared EDG-2A inoperable and entered TS Limiting Condition of Operation (LCO) 3.8.1, Condition B. The equipment was quarantined and actions to troubleshoot the failure commenced.

The troubleshooting efforts determined a direct short to ground existed on a power connection in the motor termination box located in the fuel oil storage vault. Additionally, an inspection of the cable pull box above the motor termination box revealed a degraded condition on the outer jacket of the 120 VAC control cable with water migrating through a tear in the cable's outer jacket. The conduit from the pull box to the motor termination box was found to contain water. This conduit had been sealed at the pull box in 2004 and the conduit from the pull box to the diesel generator building had been sealed in 2005 to prevent water intrusion. The water that caused the short resulted from water accumulation in the underground trench which is part of the sand encased duct bank which then migrated into the cable conduit and into the control cable jacket which drained directly into the motor termination box.

The degraded control and power cables were replaced between the pull box and the motor termination box and the pump was retested satisfactorily. The control and power cables were spliced to interrupt the drain path and prevent possible future water drainage into the motor termination box through a path internal to the jackets around the cables. Unit 2 Operations personnel declared EDG-2A operable on September 18, 2010, at 15:32.

Following this event, corrective maintenance work orders were issued for the other five DFOTPs to inspect the associated pull boxes, motor termination boxes, and control and power cables for signs of moisture intrusion and possible damage. The work orders also replaced the control and power cables between the pull boxes and motor termination boxes of the five DFOTPs. Included in the replacement was installation of splices as described for DFOTP-2A above.

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Prior to their replacement, the control cables and motor termination boxes of the five other station EDGs were examined. The four sets in Units 1 and 3 did not exhibit corrosion, visible water, or abnormal megger test results. The fifth control cable, DFOTP-2B, exhibited minor corrosion and a lower than normal megger value, 5.1 mega-ohms, but no visible water. Further electrical testing identified some moisture was present in the cable jacket. Nonetheless, these results were determined to be acceptable, and supported no interruption of functionality of DGFOTP-2B. All five cables were replaced and spliced as discussed above.

These work orders also ensured that the conduits between the pull boxes in the fuel oil storage tank vaults and the DFOTP motor termination boxes were inspected for water and dried out if water was found. Of the conduits for the six DFOTPs inspected, including DFOTP-2A, only the conduit for DFOTP-2A contained water, which was drained and dried.

**5. ASSESSMENT OF SAFETY CONSEQUENCES:**

On August 18, 2010, the DGFOTP-2A successfully demonstrated that it was capable of supporting EDG-2A operability when EDG-2A ran for 6.2 hours to perform 40ST-9DG01, "Diesel Generator A Test." This run time and load caused the fuel oil transfer pump to cycle to maintain day tank level. There were no identified deficiencies and no performance issues identified during this surveillance run.

On September 15, 2010, at 05:46, during the next performance of 40ST-9DG01, DFOTP-2A failed. Following the failure of the transfer pump, the remaining fuel oil inventory in the diesel fuel day tank was sufficient to meet 176 minutes of run time based on actual load requirements as demonstrated from a previous loss of offsite power event.

The investigation team was not able to determine when EDG-2A could not meet its mission time of seven days. However, it is assumed EDG-2A was inoperable for a period greater than allowed by TS LCOs 3.8.1 and 3.8.2. Evaluation of this event as a reportable condition that could have prevented the fulfillment of a safety function is indeterminate pending results of the root cause evaluation.

The assessment of safety consequences for this event will be reevaluated upon completion of the root cause evaluation and will be reported in a supplement to this LER.

**6. CAUSE OF THE EVENT:**

The direct cause for failure of the EDG-2A fuel oil transfer pump was determined to be an electrical short to ground inside the motor termination box.

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The preliminary root cause of the condition was that the diesel fuel oil storage tank vault electrical conduit and penetrations did not prevent the intrusion of water into the motor termination box. A degraded condition on the outer jacket of the 120 VAC control cable allowed water to migrate through a tear in the cable's outer jacket. The water within the control cable's outer jacket drained directly into the motor termination box. The presence of water in the motor termination box for the EDG-2A fuel oil transfer pump caused a short to ground and resulted in the failure of the fuel oil transfer pump.

The investigation of this event is continuing. Final results of the investigation will be reported in a supplement to this LER.

**7. CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:**

An independent investigation of this event is being conducted in accordance with Palo Verde's corrective action program. Based on the preliminary results from the investigation the following corrective actions have been taken or are planned to prevent recurrence:

- The power and control cables for EDG-2A fuel oil transfer pump between the pull box and motor termination box were replaced.
- The five other site EDG fuel oil transfer pump motor termination boxes were inspected and tested and all were found to be acceptable. However, the motor termination box for EDG-2B was found with a lower than normal megger reading and signs of corrosion. The motor termination box and cables for EDG-2B were replaced and tested satisfactorily.
- Control and power cables were replaced for all six EDGs from the pull box to the motor termination box.
- The control and power cables were spliced to interrupt the drain path and prevent possible future water drainage into the motor termination box through a path internal to the jackets around the cables.
- Additional electrical testing and boroscope conduit inspections for water between the diesel fuel oil storage tank vault cable pull boxes and the EDG buildings for all six of the station EDGs will be completed.

Additional corrective actions taken as a result of the investigation of this event will be implemented in accordance with the APS corrective action program. Additional corrective actions will be described, as appropriate, in a supplement to this LER.

**8. PREVIOUS SIMILAR EVENTS:**

Previously, PVNGS reported a DFOTP-2B failure in April 2009 related to water intrusion via LER 50-529/2009-001-00. The relationship of these two events will be further evaluated upon completion of the root cause evaluation and discussed, as appropriate, in a supplement to this LER.