

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2023

ISIZULU ULIMI LWASEKHAYA: IPHEPHA I ISIZULU HOME LANGUAGE: PAPER I

Isikhathi: Amahora ama-3 Amamaki ayi-100

QAPHELA LOKHU OKULANDELAYO

- 1. Amakhasi aleli phepha ayi-16. Qinisekisa ukuthi nelakho liphelele.
- 2. Leli phepha lineziqephu **EZINE**, isiqephu **A**, **B**, **C** kanye no-**D**. Bhekisisa ukuthi nelakho linazo zonke iziqephu.
- 3. Qala isiqephu **EKHASINI ELISHA**. Uvumelekile ukuqala nganoma yisiphi isiqephu osithandayo kodwa usiqede ungaxubanisi imibuzo yesiqephu.
- 4. Bhala izinombolo zemibuzo zibe njengoba zibhalwe ephepheni lemibuzo.
- 5. Fundisisa yonke imibuzo kahle ngaphambi kokuyiphendula.
- 6. Ungabhali lutho ngale kwemajini. Shiya imigqa emibili njalo emuva kombuzo.
- 7. Bhala ngesandla esicacile, esifundekayo futhi umsebenzi wakho uhleleke kahle ngobunono.

ISIQEPHU A UKUQONDISISA

UMBUZO 1

1.1 Funda le ndaba engezansi bese uphendula imibuzo ezolandela.

ABANTU BASEMADOLOBHENI MABALIME UKUXOSHA INDLALA EBHOKILE



- Abantu abahlala emadolobheni kumele babe wumngani wegeja, bangene kwezolimo ukuze kunciphe isibalo sabantu abahaqwa yindlala eNingizimu Afrika. Kukhuthazwa abantu bakuleli ukuthi **bafingqe imikhono**, baqale izingadi ukuze bakwazi **ukuxosha ikati eziko** njengoba umnotho ulokhu uqhubeka nokuntengantenga.
- Izitshalo zingakhuliswa esikhathini esingangonyaka kanti lokhu kuqinisekisa ukungena kwemali njalo. Akubalulekile ukuthi ungaze ube nendawo enkulu ukuze ukwazi ukutshala izitshalo. Umndeni osebenza ngokuzimisela ungaphila ngokutshala izitshalo noma ngabe indawo incane. Kanti ngokunjalo kwanda amathuba emisebenzi kwabanye abantu. Uma izitshalo zitshalwa ngendlela okuyiyo, umlimi angenza impilo yakhe ibe ngcono.
- Yize isimo somnotho sitshekile eNingizimu Afrika, ambalwa amakhaya akhuthalela ezolimo ukuzondla njengoba ucwaningo lwe-Statistics South Africa luveze ukuthi ayizigidi ezi-3 amakhaya azitshalela ukudla, kanti iningi ngelisezindaweni ezisemakhaya. Abalelwa emaphesentini ayi-12 amakhaya alimayo ukuze akwazi ukuzondla, kuthi angamaphesenti angama-74 athi ukwengeza ekudleni anakho. Iningi labantu abahlala ezindaweni ezisemakhaya bakukhuthalele ukulima ngoba yindlela abakhuliswe ngayo. Banezindawo ezinkulu abazisebenzisela ukulima nokondla imfuyo yabo.
- 4 UMnyango Wezolimo Nokuthuthukisa Kwemiphakathi Yasemakhaya KwaZulu-Natali udlale indima enkulu ukukhuthaza imiphakathi ukuthi ingene kwezolimo. UMnyango unikele ngepulazi elibizwa ngokuthi yiNaseni-Mkhomba. Linomhlaba onamahektha angaphezulu kwangama-70. Baphinde baxhaswa ngamathuluzi okusebenza, ugandaganda nezithombo ezinhlobonhlobo ezizotshalwa. UMnyango uqhamuke nesiqubulo esithi, "Inkathi Yokutshala Zikhathi Zonke." Inhlosongqangi yalolu hlelo ukuthi abantu benze ezolimo usikompilo lwabo, bazondle baphinde bakhiqize isivuno esihle zikhathi zonke. Lolu xhaso olwabalimi abalimela ukuzondla nalabo abasafufusa abanenhloso yokuhweba baze bafinyelele esiqongweni, ikakhulukazi abesifazane.

- UMnumzane Siphamandla Nxumalo oneminyaka enga-25 ukhulele endaweni esemakhaya eShowe. Wangena kwezolimo ngonyaka wezi-2015 echitha isizungu engadini yakubo esalwa nokuchibiyela izifundo zakhe zikamatikuletsheni. Uthi waqala ngokuthenga izithombo zesipinashi ngamarandi ayi-10 edolobheni laseShowe. Waqala ngokutshala izithombo zesipinashi kodwa wagcina esethenga izithombo ezinhlobonhlobo ukuze azitshale engadini yakubo. Umsebenzi wakhe wathuthuka wagcina esepha omakhelwane umkhiqizo wakhe wemifino ukuze nabo nemindeni yabo baxoshe ikati eziko. Wabe esevuleka umqondo wokugxila engadini ukuze aphile ngemifino. Waqala ngokudayisa umkhiqizo wakhe ekhaya, wagcina esenamatafula edolobheni adayisa imifino. USiphamandla usedlondlobale kakhulu kuleli bhizinisi ngoba usehwebelana nezitolo ezinkulu ezifaka ezaseBoxer, ezasePick n Pay nezaseSpar.
- Izindawo ezisemadolobheni, ikakhulukazi amadolobha amakhulu (okuyiGoli neKapa) yizo ezinemizi eminingi lapho abantu bebulawa yindlala kakhulu. La madolobha angamanye alawo akhula mawala eNingizimu Afrika. Ngokusho kweNhlangano yeZizwe nezinye, lokhu kungenxa yesibalo sabantu abafudukela khona, beyofuna imisebenzi nempilo engcono. Ngakho-ke kufanele kugqugquzelwe imizi eminingi emadolobheni ukuthi ibambe iqhaza kwezolimo, izikhiqizele ukudla ukuze kunciphe ukushoda kwakho. Umbiko uthi ububha, ukwentuleka kwemisebenzi nokushoda kukagesi, kunesandla ekushodeni nasekuqongeni kwamanani okudla.
- Inselelo enkulu ebhekana nabantu basemadolobheni kuba yindawo abazotshala kuyona imifino yabo. Imizi yasemadolobheni isondelene, inendawo encane lapho abantu bangatshala khona imifino. Enye inselelo engabhekana nabantu basemadolobheni ukwakha imizi ezindaweni eziseduze kwezimboni. Inhlabathi esetshenziswayo uma kulinywa izingadi ingaba nobuthi obuthile uma kuchitheka amakhemikhali ezimbonini. Izitshalo ngesikhathi zikhula zingamunca ukungcola okusenhlabathini. Izitshalo ezikhuliswe enhlabathini enamakhemikhali ayingozi zingadala izinkinga empilweni yabantu abazidlayo.

[Indaba icashunwe ephephandabeni *Ilanga LangeSonto*, langomhla ziyi-16 kuMbasa 2023, yabuye yalungiswa]

- 1.1.1 Bhala incazelo yezimo zokukhuluma ezibhalwe ngokugqamile esigabeni sokuqala sendaba. (2)
- 1.1.2 Nikeza umgondo omumethwe yigama elithi: ukuntengantenga. (1)
- 1.1.3 Yisho ukuthi yimaphi amathuba avulekayo uma izitshalo zitshalwa ngendlela eyiyo. (2)
- 1.1.4 Hlolisisa ukuthi umbono noma yiqiniso ukuthi abantu abahlala emakhaya bakukhuthalele kakhulu ukulima kunabantu abahlala emadolobheni. (2)
- 1.1.5 Veza ukuthi iyini inhlosongqangi yoMnyango Wezolimo Nokuthuthukiswa Kwemiphakathi Yasemakhaya ngohlelo lokuxhasa abalimi basemakhaya. (2)
- 1.1.6 Hlaziya ukuthi kube namthelela muni ukukhulela endaweni esemakhaya kukaMnumzane Siphamandla Nxumalo. (2)

(2)

(2)

- 1.1.7 Fingqa ngamaphuzu amabili impumelelo kaMnumzane Siphamandla Nxumalo emkhakheni wezolimo. (2)
- 1.1.8 Phawula uveze umbono wakho ukuthi iyiphi indlela uhulumeni waseNingizimu Afrika angakhuthaza ngayo abantu abahlala emadolobheni ukuthi bakhuthalele ezolimo.
- 1.1.9 Bhekisisa isimo sokukhuluma kule ndaba esithi: ukubamba ighaza. Yini iqhaza? Yiliphi iqhaza elingabanjwa abantu basemadolobheni ukunciphisa indlala? (3)
- 1.1.10 Chaza ukuthi kungabhekwana kanjani nezinselelo ezibhekana nabantu abahlala emadolobheni uma befuna ukugala izingadi zabo emakhaya. [20]
- 1.2 Bukisisa lesi sithombe esingezansi bese uphendula imibuzo ezolandela.



[Icashunwe ku-inthanethi: www.linkedin.com]

- 1.2.1 Yisho ukuthi kungani imoto idonswa yimbongolo. (1)
- 1.2.2 Chaza lesi simo sokukhuluma: uphethiloli umba egolo. (1)
- Humusha ukuthi kudlulisa myalezo muni ukusonga izandla 1.2.3 kwembongolo engemuva. (1)
- Chaza ukuthi amazwi embongolo ephambili ahambisana kanjani 1.2.4 namazwi ashiwo umshayeli wemoto. (2)[5]

Amamaki angama-25

ISIQEPHU B UKUFINGQA

UMBUZO 2

IMIYALELO

- 1. Fingqa lesi siqeshana ngamagama akho angama-70 kuya kwangama-80.
- 2. Fingqa kube yisigatshana kodwa amaphuzu agqame abe mahlanu.
- Ungabe usasibhala isihloko uma ufingqa.
- 4. Bhala inani lamagama owasebenzisile ekugcineni kwesiqeshana osifingqile.

BAZOBHALA KABUSHA ABAKAMATIKULETSHENI ABAPHAZAMISEKILE

Mthobisi Sithole

Benzelwe uhlelo oluyisipesheli abafundi abangazibhalanga izifundo ezithile kuMatikuletsheni wanonyaka ngenxa yezinkinga ezivumbuke phakathi nazo. UMnyango wezeMfundo oyisiSekelo usuveze ukuthi ngoLwesine esiya kulona lomhla ziyi-8, laba bafundi bazonikezwa ithuba lesibili lokubhala.

Phakathi kwabafundi abazobhala kukhona nabayi-1 227 baseMpumalanga abangazibhalanga izibalo ngenxa yombhikisho womphakathi owaphazamisa ukuhanjiswa kwamaphepha ezikoleni. Bangama-53 eGauteng nakhona okwenzeka esifanayo, okwenza bangalibhali iphepha lokuqala le-*Economics*. Kukhona nabaseNorth West, e-Eastern-Cape naseWestern-Cape.

Okhulumela uMnyango kazwelonke u-Elijah Mhlanga, uthe iphepha elizobhalwa lihlukile kunaleli elibhalwe ngenyanga edlule. Uthi kuzobhalwa elisuke lisethwe labekelwa izimo eziphuthumayo. Unxusa abazali ukuthi baseke abafundi kuleli thuba lesibili abanikwe lona. Kwezinye izifundazwe kalibhalwanga iphepha le*Computer Applications Technology* ngenxa yokuhamba kukagesi. Yisikhathi lesi sokuthi abafundi bafunde, balisebenzise kahle leli thuba.

'Siphonsela inselelo nezikole ukuba ziphinde zibafundise abafundi, kubuyekezwe amaphepha amadala,' esho. Njengamanje iningi labafundi likuphothulile ukuhlolwa ngoLwesithathu olwedlule. Bayizi-755 881 abafundi abebebhalisele ukubhala uMatikuletsheni kulo nyaka. UDokotela Reginah Mhawule, oyisekela likaNgqongqoshe wezemfundo eyisisekelo, UNkosikazi Angie Motshekga, uthi izinkinga ezenzekile zazivele zibikiwe ukuthi zingase zibekhona. Uthi emhlanganweni ababenawo nezinhlaka zezemfundo ngaphambi kokuba kuqale ukuhlolwa, kuvelile ukuthi udlame lwemiphakathi lungaba nomthelela omubi ekubhalweni kokuhlolwa kulo nyaka.

Uthi ukuphazanyiswa kwabafundi kubi ngoba ngokomgomo wezemfundo kufanele uma umfundi engabhalanga, abhale izichibiyelo ngoNhlaba wangonyaka olandelayo. Kunxuswa umphakathi ukuba ungabaphazamisi abafundi emfundweni yabo ngoba kuphazamiseka ikusasa labo. 'Kasilwi nokubhikisha kwemiphakathi uma kukhona esuke inganelisekile ngakho, ngoba kuyilungelo layo. Kodwa esiphikisana nakho wukuthi ilwe nekusasa labantwana,' kusho uDokotela Mhawule.

Uveze ukuthi kusaphenywa ngezingqinamba ezenzeke kubhalwa iphepha lesibili le-*Mathematics* njengoba abafundi bathi kunombuzo owawungaphenduleki. 'UMnyango usakubhekisisa lokhu ngoba kukhalwe izwe lonke, kodwa indlela yokumaka izokuba noshintsho esikhalweni sabafundi ngokuthi kuncishiswe amaphuzu ephepha,' kusho uDokotela Mhawule.

[Icashunwe ephephandabeni iLanga LangeSonto, kuZibandlela 4, 2022, Ikhasi 4 yabuye yalungiswa]

Uzomakwa kanje:

Amaphuzu amahlanu = 5 Amagama omfundi = 3 Ukubhala isigatshana = 1 Inani lamagama = 1

Amamaki ayi-10

ISIQEPHU C IZINKONDLO

UMBUZO 3

INKONDLO ENGAFUNDWANGA EKILASINI

3.1 Funda inkondlo engezansi bese uphendula imibuzo elandelayo.

KUWE	MAMA: B. M. Hlophe
1	Kuthi mangimpongoloze ngephimbo,
2	Ngitshakadul' okwethole,
3	Ngigqabashiye okwebutho,
4	Ngihay' ingoma yobumbongi,
5	Kunanel' amawa nezihosha,
6	Kepha bangival' umlomo' oSiyazi,
7	Bath' umuntu kabongwa esaphila,
8	Bathi angifele phakathi njengeFelaphakathi,
9	Imicabango ezigidi iyabuthana,
10	Okwezinkanyezi kwesikabhadakazi,
11	Imihla yobungane ibe lizolo,
12	Elikhumbuza umuntu ngokwenzekile,
13	Kuqubuk' uhlevane lobumbongi,
14	Hhiya ngizoyihaya le ngoma,
15	Kushikishe ufudu; kuhlabeke amadliwa.
16	Athi umuntu kabongwa esaphila,
17	Kanti kuhle adle izinyoni esaphila
18	Ngibhekise kuwe mama wami,
19	Engiphaphame ngakubon' uyikhwezi lokusa,
20	Ngavuka ngacatham' emathunzini,
21	Kepha wena njengenkanyezi yokukhanya,
22	Uyikhombil' indlel' ekhanyayo,
23	Ey' ebudoden' obungakhulelwa,
24	Pho! Ubuyikhomba ngesihlonti sobuqotho,
25	Ebeliphoqa komncane kukhonye inzondo, Kanti cha libunjwa liseva.
26	Kanti cha libunjwa liseva.
27	Ngibhekise kuwe mama wami,
28	Ebengiyizigwegwe ezimangxengxezana,
29	Ngihamba lukeke okwenkalankala,
30	Ehamba ihumbazela,
31	Ehamba ihubhuz' ithombonkala,
32	Ungibuke wamamatheka ngothando,
33	Wangithatha ngezw' imfudumalo,
34 35	Wangivikela kul' ishisandlu nomzansi, Obuvunguza kusempondo zankomo,
36	Intandan' umakhothwa ngunina.
3 h	INTANNAN TIMAKNOTOWA NOTONA

37	Ngibhekise kuwe mama wami,	
38	Ovuke kusempondo zankomo,	
39	Ngigqabashiye okwebutho,	
40	Wawugaya umphako wogume nokhothe,	
41	Laphakam' ilanga, babade,	
42	Wayikhomb' indlela ngemicibisholo yolwazi,	
43	Latshekela kunina, selimathunzi,	
44	Cha, usana lona lwaphuzaphuza,	
45	Lwancel' incumbe yamabele,	
46	Wawazi ukuthi inkunzi isematholeni.	
	[Icashunwe encwadini ethi, <i>Isiphethu Sobumbongi</i> : Ikhasi 28]	
3.1.1	Veza umqondo ogqanyiswa yila magama alandelayo enkor	ndlweni:
	(a) Kusempondozankomo	

(1) (b) Inkunzi isematholeni (1) 3.1.2 Tomula isifaniso esitholakala esitanzeni soku-1. Yisho ukuthi siwulolonga kanjani umoya wale nkondlo. (2) 3.1.3 Nikeza amazwi esitanzeni sesi-3 akhombisa ukuthi umama wembongi ubengumama onezimfundiso ezinhle. (2) 3.1.4 Chaza ukuthi imbongi iqondeni ngeshisandlu nomzansi kule nkondlo futhi imbongi iqonde ukusichazelani ngala magama. (2)

IZINKONDLO EZIFUNDWE EKILASINI

3.2 Funda le nkondlo engezansi bese uphendula imibuzo elandelayo.

MA	LUJU: Z. L. M. Khumalo
1	Kuhelez' ovav' izindebe zomlomo,
2	Otshutshumb' emakhalen' okodosi,
3	Ishisandlu lesiswebh' esilufosi
4	Esifusa, siswahlabule nswempu.
5	Ulwandle ludla lugwavuma
6	Izinhlanzi inyongo yenyathi,
7	Zichochombalisw' umbilini,
8	Isivuvu sombila-mada
9	Izintuthwane zigoye kwamhlaba,
10	Abakonhlwa baghathe umunyu,
11	Kuchwaz' izinkumbi zenkasa nesikhonyane,
12	Amatheza namay' angondingasithebeni,
13	Amaxoxo namadw' abitoz' emaxhaphozini,
14	Onoshobishobi bapaquz' ezimbukwini,
15	Babodw' asebemdicalal' obindizini.
16	Izinkalankala zilokoz' ezingoxini.
17	Izinsingizi zibubula ngahoshozayo,
18	Izimpigogo zimpeng' ukuyekethisa,
19	Othekwane bazibinya kwaluqubhu,
20	Sifung' amahlolamvul' ehlobo.
21	Imiv' izinkamfun' akwathi nda.
22	Izimfinyezi zifiyoza ngomndondo,
23	Izihlonono zinkeneneza ngesasasa,
24	Imikhalafusini inkenteza ngonqambothi.
25	Isidaka silugwadul' olumadwala,
26	Izintaba zembeth' isiphuku seliba,
27	Izihlahla ziqhakaze ngameva,
28	Imvel' imadleb' imithecece,
29	Imiful' indundum' izinqumbi,
30	Izife zimabuz' ukugcakagca.
31	Isintu siphefumula ngamanxeba,
32	Kazi zindluzele niyiliphi?
33	Ikhaba lihashuke langqongqa,
34	Sifung' isichuse bheka!
35	Umlindi wami, kuphi?
36	Simay' umkhwil' ontshwabhanisela,
37	Amaklint' oklam' kleshe neziphuhlu,
38	Inkofunkofu yamakhab' azibhucu.
39	Ubhatat' inkwantsh' emashwaqa,
40	Invunulo yomzuzwana kobhontshisi.

[10]

41	Izinkomo zikhum' ameva nohlwayi,
42	Imimvemv' ijokulul' imijwaqu.
43	Izingcanga zizogola zizangwingwi.
44	Omangobe bazimbodla bamagola.
45	Izimbuzi zetshis' okwakuthangi,
46	Izimvu zimvokomvok' ubugusha.
47	Egangil' abanhloni kokotshi.
48	Akubukhuph' uchithangcubule.
49	Izinjenga ngezinjenga zoNtu
50	Zigombola zigwal' izigongokazi,
51	Ngothi lwazo zigobodise nganhliziyonye,
52	UGuqabadele kasoze abafulathela
53	Wobanyambis' imiphimbo,
54	Abesule izinyembezi.
55	Wonyenyez' ubuso bomhlaba,
56	Abophul' emgogeni wegodi.
30	Abopitui eingogeni wegoui.
3.2.1	Hlaziya ukuthi isigqi sale nkondlo siwukhulisa kanjani u wenkondlo.

do (2) Qhathanisa izenzo zezinsingizi nezothekwane ukuqhakambisa 3.2.2 umqondo wenkondlo. (2) 3.2.3 Hlaziya ukuthi isimo sokukhuluma esisemgqeni wama-31 sigcizelelani ngomqondo wenkondlo. (2) 3.2.4 Chaza kabanzi ukuthi ikhuluma ngani le nkondlo. (2) 3.2.5 Hlaziya ukuthi amagama athi, 'izinkomo zikhum' ameva nohlwayi' awulolonga kanjani umqondo wenkondlo. (2)

(2)

3.3 Funda inkondlo engezansi bese uphendula imibuzo elandelayo.

NGIKU	JSHAYELA IHLOMBE: J. J. Thwala
1	Kuwena mntanomuntu
2	Ohlamb' emifuleni yolwazi,
3	Wahlamb' iminyakanyaka ungadeli,
4	Kumnyama kukhanya wahlamba,
5	Kukubi kukuhle wahlamba –
6	Ngikushayela ihlombe.
7	Kuwena mntanomuntu
8	Obambelel' emfundisweni yabazali,
9	Wabambelela zilimela zonkana,
10	Libalele liguqubele wabambelela,
11	Lina licwebile wabambelela –
12	Ngikushayela ihlombe.
13	Kuwena mntanomuntu
14	Ozinze kwaNgqondonkulu,
15	Wakleza umbele wakwaNgqondonkulu,
16	Wakleza iminyakanyaka ngokuzimisela,
17	Wakha ikusasa lakho nelesizwe –
18	Ngikushayela ihlombe.
19	Kuwena mntanomuntu
20	Owaz' imvelaphi nosikompilo,
21	Owazis' impilo yobuntu
22	Kule mihla yobuphekupheku
23	Egxabh' okwembiza eziko –
24	Ngikushayela ihlombe.
25	Kuwena mntanomuntu
26	Owazis' amalungelo esizwe,
27	Olwel' ubunye bukamoya
28	Obuphaswe yisineke nomusa –
29	Ngikushayela ihlombe.

3.3.1 Veza umqondo oqukethwe amazwi athi, 'kumnyama kukhanya wahlamba.' (2)

3.3.2 Cacisa ukuthi amazwi abhalwe ngokugqamile esitanzeni sesi-2 alekelela kanjani ukugqamisa umyalezo wenkondlo. (1)

3.3.3 Yisho ukuthi umsindo odalwa izinhlamvu ezibhalwe ngokugqamile emgqeni we-10 ubizwa ngokuthini ngolimi lobunkondlo. Yini umsebenzi wawo?

3.3.4 Kungani leli gama libhalwe ngosonhlamvukazi: kwaNgqondonkulu? (1)

- 3.3.5 Hlaziya ukuthi yini inhloso yembongi yokusebenzisa ukuxhumanasiqalo esitanzeni sesi-3. (2)
- 3.3.6 Bheka umugqa wama-20 bese uqhathanisa umehluko ngokwencazelo phakathi kwemvelaphi yomuntu nosikompilo lomuntu. (2) [10]

Amamaki angama-30

(2) [**8**]

ISIQEPHU D UHLELO NOKUSETSHENZISWA KOLIMI

UMBUZO 4

4.1 Funda lesi siqephu esingezansi bese uphendula imibuzo ezolandela.

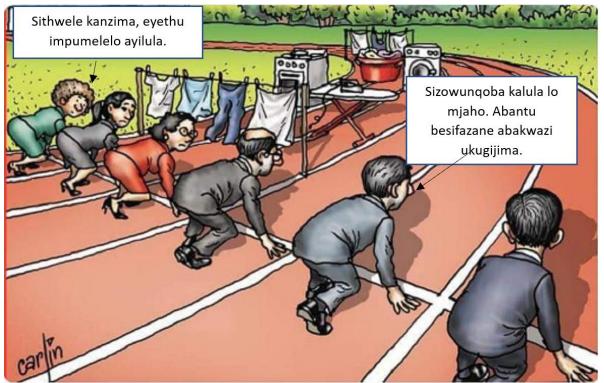
Kulimaza abantwana ukuba isiqhwaga komzali ekhaya. Indlela umzali akhulisa ngayo **umntwana** wakhe inomthelela ekusaseni lakhe. IsiZulu siyasho ukuthi umuthi ugotshwa usemanzi kodwa kufanele kube nendlela enhle umntwana afundiswa ngayo impilo nokwazi okuhle nokubi. Ucwaningo luveza ukuthi isiqhwaga sisuke sifisa ukuzizwa singcono ngokudicilela phansi isithunzi somunye umuntu. Uma umntwana ebulele inkomishi **ngephutha**, akufanele umzali amthethise ngesici anaso emzimbeni. Kufanele amkhuze ngokumakha ukuze angalahlekelwa ukuzethemba. Akukhathalekile ukuthi umntwana omncane noma omdala.

4.1.1	Sebenzisa isakhi sesinciphiso emagameni agqamile bese usho umqondo esiwukhombayo.	(2)
4.1.2	Nika incazelo yalesi simo sokukhuluma, 'umuthi ugotshwa usemanzi.'	(1)
4.1.3	Sebenzisa ibizo, isithunzi , emshweni uveze umqondo ohlukile kunalo osesiqeshini esingenhla.	(1)
4.1.4	Shintsha ibizo, isiqhwaga , libe yisenzo bese ulisebenzisa emshweni.	(2)
4.1.5	Funda umusho olandelayo:	
	Indlela umzali akhulisa ngayo umntwana inomthelela kuye.	

Guqula ibizo, **indlela**, libe yisibanjalo bese ulungisa umusho.

(2) **[9]**

4.2 Bhekisisa lesi sithombe esilandelayo bese uphendula imibuzo ezolandela.



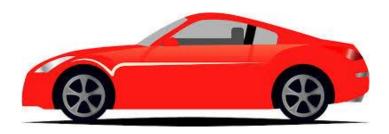
[Sicashunwe ku-inthanethi: www.deccanherald.com]

- 4.2.1 Yisho ukuthi kungani laba besifazane bonke bebuka abesilisa ngaphambi kokuba kuqale umjaho. (1)
- 4.2.2 Veza inkolelo equkethwe emazwini owesilisa ngabantu besifazane. (1)
- 4.2.3 Chaza lesi simo sokukhuluma: **sithwele kanzima**. (1)
- 4.2.4 Ngokwesithombe chaza ukuthi kungani lo wesifazane athi impumelelo yabo ayilula. (2)
- 4.2.5 Chaza ngamaphuzu amabili ukuthi kuyiqiniso noma kungumbono ukuthi abantu besifazane abakwazi ukugijima njengabantu besilisa. (2)
- 4.2.6 Hlaziya ukuthi izimpahla ezibekwe phambi kwabantu besifazane esithombeni, zisivezela siphi isithombe ngempilo yabesifazane emakhaya.

4.3 Funda lesi sikhangiso esingezansi bese uphendula imibuzo elandelayo.

NQOBA UNYANYAVU LWEMOTO!

UMNCINTISWANO UQALA NGOMHLAKA 16 AGASTI 2023



ZIBEKE ETHUBENI LOKUNQOBA IMOTO YOHLOBO LWE TOYOTA GT86
KANYE NENGXENYE YEZIPHO EZIBIZA AMARANDI AYIZINKULUNGWANE
EZINGAMASHUMI AMA-4.

KUNGENELWA KANJE

Thenga iphephandaba *iLANGA*. Thola ifomu lomncintiswano kanye nesithombe semoto iToyota GT86. Iphephandaba ngalinye linefomu elilodwa nesithombe esisodwa.

Gcwalisa ifomu lokungenela umncintiswano ngokunamathisela izithombe eziyisithupha. Kusho ukuthi udinga amaphephandaba ayisithupha.

- Ozophuma phambili uthola unyanyavu lwemoto yohlobo Lwe-Toyota GT86.
- Ozophuma isibili uzohlomula ngezipho ezibiza inani lamarandi ayizinkulungwane ezi-5.
- Njalo ngenyanga kusukela ngo-Agasti kuya kuNovemba abantu abayisi-8 bazohlomula ngezipho ezibiza amarandi ayi-5000, emunye.

UNGAPHOLISI MASEKO. NGENELA MANJE!

Amafomu agcwalisiwe ashiywa emahhovisi ephephandaba *llanga*, eThekwini noma aposwe kuleli kheli: ILANGA – PO Box 2159, Durban, 4001.

Imigomo yokungenela itholakala ku-www.ilanganews.co.za

ILANGA IPHEPHANDABA LESIZWE

[Sicashunwe ku-inthanethi]

- 4.3.1 Bhala isu elisetshenziswe umbhali walesi sikhangiso ukukhuthaza abantu ukuthi bathenge kakhulu iphephandaba *ILanga*. (1)
- 4.3.2 Yisho ukuthi ungenelwa kanjani lo mncintiswano. (2)

- 4.3.3 Chaza ukuthi amagama athi 'ungapholisi maseko ngenela manje' aqonde ukudlulisa muphi umyalezo kulesi sikhangiso. (2)
- 4.3.4 Hlaziya ukuthi kuyiqiniso yini ukuthi lesi sikhangiso asibufakanga ubuchwepheshe besimanje. (2)
- 4.3.5 Yisho ukuthi kungani igama lephephanda, *llanga*, libhalwe laba likhulu kulesi sikhangiso.

(1) [**8**]

UMBUZO 5

Funda lesi sigatshana esilandelayo bese ulungisa lapho kungabhalekanga kahle khona ngokufaka izimpawu zokuloba, ubhalomagama olufanele, nosonhlamvukazi endaweni efanele.

Unkosikazi Thuli Coshiwe, umamkhize ukhuthaza ukuzimela kwembokodo. Kusukela ngonyaka ka-2015 ungumqondisi wenkampani izansi buildings, okuyibhizinisi lakhe nomyeni wakhe elizinze empumalanga. Kulelibhizinisi banabasebenzi abangaphezulu kwabayi-12. Engxoxweni yakhe nephephandaba ilanga uthe, ukweluleka nokugqugquzela abantu yinto esegazini kuyena. Umsebenzi akuwo ugxile ekuthengweni kwempahla imishini yokusebenza nokumaketha.

[10]

Amamaki angama-35

Amamaki esewonke: 100