

## JEE April 2019

Test Date	10/04/2019
Test Time	9:30 AM - 12:30 PM
Subject	Paper I EH

Section : Physics

**Q.1** A message signal of frequency 100 MHz and peak voltage 100 V is used to execute amplitude modulation on a carrier wave of frequency 300 GHz and peak voltage 400 V. The modulation index and difference between the two side band frequencies are :

Options 1.  $4 ; 2 \times 10^8$  Hz

- 2.  $0.25 ; 2 \times 10^8$  Hz ✓
- 3.  $4 ; 1 \times 10^8$  Hz
- 4.  $0.25 ; 1 \times 10^8$  Hz

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913083

Option 1 ID : 41652951111

Option 2 ID : 41652951112

Option 3 ID : 41652951113

Option 4 ID : 41652951110

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

**Q.2** A current of 5 A passes through a copper conductor ( $\text{resistivity} = 1.7 \times 10^{-8} \Omega\text{m}$ ) of radius of cross-section 5 mm. Find the mobility of the charges if their drift velocity is  $1.1 \times 10^{-3}$  m/s.

Options 1.  $1.5 \text{ m}^2/\text{Vs}$

- 2.  $1.8 \text{ m}^2/\text{Vs}$
- 3.  $1.0 \text{ m}^2/\text{Vs}$  ✓
- 4.  $1.3 \text{ m}^2/\text{Vs}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913073

Option 1 ID : 41652951070

Option 2 ID : 41652951071

Option 3 ID : 41652951072

Option 4 ID : 41652951073

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

**Q.3** n moles of an ideal gas with constant volume heat capacity  $C_V$  undergo an isobaric expansion by certain volume. The ratio of the work done in the process, to the heat supplied is :

Options

1.  $\frac{4nR}{C_V + nR}$
2.  $\frac{4nR}{C_V - nR}$
3.  $\frac{nR}{C_V + nR}$  ✓
4.  $\frac{nR}{C_V - nR}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913065

Option 1 ID : 41652951040

Option 2 ID : 41652951038

Option 3 ID : 41652951041

Option 4 ID : 41652951039

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

**Q.4** A particle of mass m is moving along a trajectory given by

$$x = x_0 + a \cos \omega_1 t$$

$$y = y_0 + b \sin \omega_2 t$$

The torque, acting on the particle about the origin, at  $t=0$  is :

Options

1.  $+my_0 a \omega_1^2 \hat{k}$  ✓
2.  $-m(x_0 b \omega_2^2 - y_0 a \omega_1^2) \hat{k}$
3. Zero
4.  $m(-x_0 b + y_0 a) \omega_1^2 \hat{k}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913058

Option 1 ID : 41652951010

Option 2 ID : 41652951012

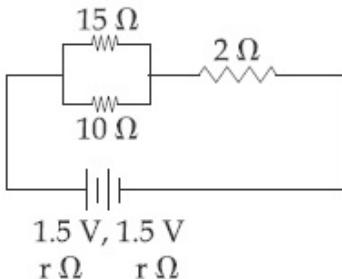
Option 3 ID : 41652951013

Option 4 ID : 41652951011

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

- Q.5** In the given circuit, an ideal voltmeter connected across the  $10\ \Omega$  resistance reads 2 V. The internal resistance  $r$ , of each cell is :



1.5 V, 1.5 V  
 $r\ \Omega$        $r\ \Omega$

**Options**

1.  $0\ \Omega$
2.  $1.5\ \Omega$
3.  $0.5\ \Omega$  ✓
4.  $1\ \Omega$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913072

Option 1 ID : 41652951069

Option 2 ID : 41652951067

Option 3 ID : 41652951068

Option 4 ID : 41652951066

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

- Q.6** A stationary source emits sound waves of frequency 500 Hz. Two observers moving along a line passing through the source detect sound to be of frequencies 480 Hz and 530 Hz. Their respective speeds are, in  $\text{ms}^{-1}$ ,

(Given speed of sound = 300 m/s)

**Options**

1. 16, 14
2. 12, 16
3. 12, 18 ✓
4. 8, 18

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913068

Option 1 ID : 41652951051

Option 2 ID : 41652951053

Option 3 ID : 41652951050

Option 4 ID : 41652951052

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

**Q.7** A cylinder with fixed capacity of 67.2 lit contains helium gas at STP. The amount of heat needed to raise the temperature of the gas by  $20^{\circ}\text{C}$  is : [Given that  $R = 8.31 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ ]

**Options** 1. 748 J ✓

2. 700 J

3. 350 J

4. 374 J

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913070

Option 1 ID : 41652951059

Option 2 ID : 41652951058

Option 3 ID : 41652951061

Option 4 ID : 41652951060

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

**Q.8** The displacement of a damped harmonic oscillator is given by

$x(t) = e^{-0.1t} \cos(10\pi t + \varphi)$ . Here  $t$  is in seconds.

The time taken for its amplitude of vibration to drop to half of its initial value is close to :

**Options** 1. 27 s

2. 4 s

3. 13 s

4. 7 s ✓

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913067

Option 1 ID : 41652951047

Option 2 ID : 41652951046

Option 3 ID : 41652951049

Option 4 ID : 41652951048

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

**Q.9** In a photoelectric effect experiment the threshold wavelength of light is 380 nm. If the wavelength of incident light is 260 nm, the maximum kinetic energy of emitted electrons will be :

$$\text{Given } E \text{ (in eV)} = \frac{1237}{\lambda \text{ (in nm)}}$$

**Options**

1. 4.5 eV
2. 3.0 eV
3. 1.5 eV ✓
4. 15.1 eV

Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913080  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951099  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951098  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951101  
 Option 4 ID : 41652951100  
 Status : Answered  
 Chosen Option : 3

**Q.10** Given below in the left column are different modes of communication using the kinds of waves given in the right column.

- |                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| A. Optical Fibre | P. Ultrasound  |
| Communication    |                |
| B. Radar         | Q. Infrared    |
|                  | Light          |
| C. Sonar         | R. Microwaves  |
| D. Mobile        | S. Radio Waves |
| Phones           |                |

From the options given below, find the most appropriate match between entries in the left and the right column.

**Options**

1. A - Q, B - S, C - P, D - R ✓
2. A - S, B - Q, C - R, D - P
3. A - Q, B - S, C - R, D - P
4. A - R, B - P, C - S, D - Q

Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913056  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951003

Option 2 ID : 41652951004

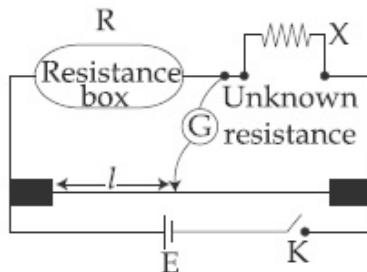
Option 3 ID : 41652951002

Option 4 ID : 41652951005

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

- Q.11** In a meter bridge experiment, the circuit diagram and the corresponding observation table are shown in figure.



Sl. No.	R ( $\Omega$ )	$l$ (cm)
1.	1000	60
2.	100	13
3.	10	1.5
4.	1	1.0

Which of the readings is inconsistent ?

Options

1. 1
2. 3
3. 2
4. 4 ✓

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913085

Option 1 ID : 41652951118

Option 2 ID : 41652951120

Option 3 ID : 41652951119

Option 4 ID : 41652951121

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

- Q.12** The electric field of a plane electromagnetic wave is given by

$$\vec{E} = E_0 \hat{i} \cos(kz) \cos(\omega t)$$

The corresponding magnetic field  $\vec{B}$  is then given by :

**Options**

1.  $\vec{B} = \frac{E_0}{C} \hat{j} \cos(kz) \sin(\omega t)$
2.  $\vec{B} = \frac{E_0}{C} \hat{k} \sin(kz) \cos(\omega t)$
3.  $\vec{B} = \frac{E_0}{C} \hat{j} \sin(kz) \sin(\omega t)$  ✓
4.  $\vec{B} = \frac{E_0}{C} \hat{j} \sin(kz) \cos(\omega t)$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913077

Option 1 ID : 41652951088

Option 2 ID : 41652951089

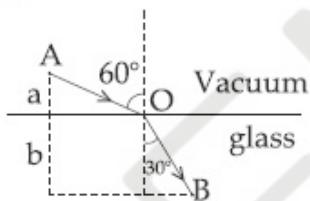
Option 3 ID : 41652951086

Option 4 ID : 41652951087

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

- Q.13** A ray of light AO in vacuum is incident on a glass slab at angle  $60^\circ$  and refracted at angle  $30^\circ$  along OB as shown in the figure. The optical path length of light ray from A to B is :

**Options**

1.  $\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{a} + 2b$
2.  $2a + 2b$  ✓
3.  $2a + \frac{2b}{\sqrt{3}}$
4.  $2a + \frac{2b}{3}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913079

Option 1 ID : 41652951095

Option 2 ID : 41652951096

Option 3 ID : 41652951094

Option 4 ID : 41652951097

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

- Q.14**

A moving coil galvanometer allows a full scale current of  $10^{-4}$  A. A series resistance of  $2 \text{ M}\Omega$  is required to convert the above galvanometer into a voltmeter of range 0 - 5 V. Therefore the value of shunt resistance required to convert the above galvanometer into an ammeter of range 0-10 mA is :

Options

1.  $100 \Omega$
2.  $200 \Omega$  DROPPED
3.  $500 \Omega$
4.  $10 \Omega$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913084

Option 1 ID : 41652951115

Option 2 ID : 41652951114

Option 3 ID : 41652951116

Option 4 ID : 41652951117

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.15 A thin disc of mass M and radius R has mass per unit area  $\sigma(r) = kr^2$  where r is the distance from its centre. Its moment of inertia about an axis going through its centre of mass and perpendicular to its plane is :

Options

1.  $\frac{MR^2}{3}$
2.  $\frac{MR^2}{2}$
3.  $\frac{MR^2}{6}$
4.  $\frac{2MR^2}{3}$  ✓

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913062

Option 1 ID : 41652951029

Option 2 ID : 41652951028

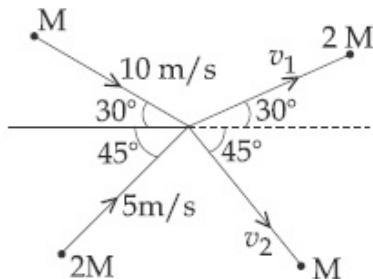
Option 3 ID : 41652951026

Option 4 ID : 41652951027

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

- Q.16** Two particles, of masses  $M$  and  $2M$ , moving, as shown, with speeds of  $10 \text{ m/s}$  and  $5 \text{ m/s}$ , collide elastically at the origin. After the collision, they move along the indicated directions with speeds  $v_1$  and  $v_2$  respectively. The values of  $v_1$  and  $v_2$  are nearly :



- Options**
1.  $6.5 \text{ m/s}$  and  $3.2 \text{ m/s}$
  2.  $3.2 \text{ m/s}$  and  $12.6 \text{ m/s}$
  3.  $6.5 \text{ m/s}$  and  $6.3 \text{ m/s}$  ✓
  4.  $3.2 \text{ m/s}$  and  $6.3 \text{ m/s}$

Question Type : **MCQ**

Question ID : **41652913060**

Option 1 ID : **41652951018**

Option 2 ID : **41652951019**

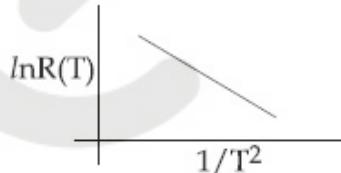
Option 3 ID : **41652951020**

Option 4 ID : **41652951021**

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : **3**

- Q.17** In an experiment, the resistance of a material is plotted as a function of temperature (in some range). As shown in the figure, it is a straight line.



One may conclude that :

- Options**
1.  $R(T) = R_0 e^{T^2/T_0^2}$
  2.  $R(T) = \frac{R_0}{T^2}$
  3.  $R(T) = R_0 e^{-T^2/T_0^2}$

4.  $R(T) = R_0 e^{-T_0^2/T^2}$  ✓

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913057

Option 1 ID : 41652951009

Option 2 ID : 41652951006

Option 3 ID : 41652951007

Option 4 ID : 41652951008

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

**Q.18** The ratio of surface tensions of mercury and water is given to be 7.5 while the ratio of their densities is 13.6. Their contact angles, with glass, are close to  $135^\circ$  and  $0^\circ$ , respectively. It is observed that mercury gets depressed by an amount  $h$  in a capillary tube of radius  $r_1$ , while water rises by the same amount  $h$  in a capillary tube of radius  $r_2$ . The ratio,  $(r_1/r_2)$ , is then close to :

- Options
1.  $3/5$
  2.  $2/3$
  3.  $4/5$
  4.  $2/5$  ✓

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913064

Option 1 ID : 41652951037

Option 2 ID : 41652951036

Option 3 ID : 41652951035

Option 4 ID : 41652951034

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

**Q.19** A  $25 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$  volume cylinder is filled with 1 mol of  $\text{O}_2$  gas at room temperature (300 K). The molecular diameter of  $\text{O}_2$ , and its root mean square speed, are found to be 0.3 nm and 200 m/s, respectively. What is the average collision rate (per second) for an  $\text{O}_2$  molecule ?

- Options
1.  $\sim 10^{11}$
  2.  $\sim 10^{12}$  ✓
  3.  $\sim 10^{10}$

4.  $\sim 10^{13}$ 

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913066

Option 1 ID : 41652951043

Option 2 ID : 41652951042

Option 3 ID : 41652951044

Option 4 ID : 41652951045

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

- Q.20** A uniformly charged ring of radius  $3a$  and total charge  $q$  is placed in  $xy$ -plane centred at origin. A point charge  $q$  is moving towards the ring along the  $z$ -axis and has speed  $v$  at  $z=4a$ . The minimum value of  $v$  such that it crosses the origin is :

Options

1.  $\sqrt{\frac{2}{m}} \left( \frac{1}{15} \frac{q^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 a} \right)^{1/2}$

2.  $\sqrt{\frac{2}{m}} \left( \frac{4}{15} \frac{q^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 a} \right)^{1/2}$

3.  $\sqrt{\frac{2}{m}} \left( \frac{1}{5} \frac{q^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 a} \right)^{1/2}$

4.  $\sqrt{\frac{2}{m}} \left( \frac{2}{15} \frac{q^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 a} \right)^{1/2}$  ✓

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913071

Option 1 ID : 41652951062

Option 2 ID : 41652951065

Option 3 ID : 41652951064

Option 4 ID : 41652951063

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

**Q.21**

Two coaxial discs, having moments of inertia  $I_1$  and  $\frac{I_1}{2}$ , are rotating with respective angular velocities  $\omega_1$  and  $\frac{\omega_1}{2}$ , about their common axis. They are brought in contact with each other and thereafter they rotate with a common angular velocity. If  $E_f$  and  $E_i$  are the final and initial total energies, then  $(E_f - E_i)$  is :

Options

1.  $\frac{I_1 \omega_1^2}{6}$
2.  $\frac{3}{8} I_1 \omega_1^2$
3.  $-\frac{I_1 \omega_1^2}{12}$
4.  $-\frac{I_1 \omega_1^2}{24}$  ✓

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913061

Option 1 ID : 41652951024

Option 2 ID : 41652951025

Option 3 ID : 41652951022

Option 4 ID : 41652951023

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

**Q.22** An npn transistor operates as a common emitter amplifier, with a power gain of 60 dB. The input circuit resistance is  $100 \Omega$  and the output load resistance is  $10 \text{ k}\Omega$ . The common emitter current gain  $\beta$  is :

Options

1.  $6 \times 10^2$
2.  $10^2$  ✓
3.  $10^4$
4. 60

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913082

Option 1 ID : 41652951106

Option 2 ID : 41652951108

Option 3 ID : 41652951109

Option 4 ID : 41652951107

Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : 2

**Q.23** The value of acceleration due to gravity at Earth's surface is  $9.8 \text{ ms}^{-2}$ . The altitude above its surface at which the acceleration due to gravity decreases to  $4.9 \text{ ms}^{-2}$ , is close to : (Radius of earth =  $6.4 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$ )

**Options** 1.  $1.6 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$

2.  $2.6 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$  ✓

3.  $6.4 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$

4.  $9.0 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$

Question Type : **MCQ**Question ID : **41652913063**Option 1 ID : **41652951032**Option 2 ID : **41652951030**Option 3 ID : **41652951031**Option 4 ID : **41652951033**Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : 3

**Q.24** A transformer consisting of 300 turns in the primary and 150 turns in the secondary gives output power of 2.2 kW. If the current in the secondary coil is 10 A, then the input voltage and current in the primary coil are :

**Options** 1. 440 V and 20 A

2. 220 V and 20 A

3. 440 V and 5 A ✓

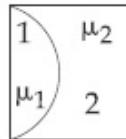
4. 220 V and 10 A

Question Type : **MCQ**Question ID : **41652913076**Option 1 ID : **41652951082**Option 2 ID : **41652951085**Option 3 ID : **41652951084**Option 4 ID : **41652951083**Status : **Answered**

Chosen Option : 3

**Q.25**

One plano-convex and one plano-concave lens of same radius of curvature 'R' but of different materials are joined side by side as shown in the figure. If the refractive index of the material of 1 is  $\mu_1$  and that of 2 is  $\mu_2$ , then the focal length of the combination is :



Options

1.  $\frac{R}{2 - (\mu_1 - \mu_2)}$
2.  $\frac{R}{2(\mu_1 - \mu_2)}$
3.  $\frac{2R}{\mu_1 - \mu_2}$
4.  $\frac{R}{\mu_1 - \mu_2}$  ✓

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913078

Option 1 ID : 41652951093

Option 2 ID : 41652951092

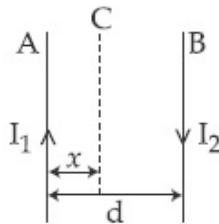
Option 3 ID : 41652951091

Option 4 ID : 41652951090

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

- Q.26** Two wires A & B are carrying currents  $I_1$  &  $I_2$  as shown in the figure. The separation between them is  $d$ . A third wire C carrying a current  $I$  is to be kept parallel to them at a distance  $x$  from A such that the net force acting on it is zero. The possible values of  $x$  are :



Options

1.  $x = \pm \frac{I_1 d}{(I_1 - I_2)}$  ✓

2.  $x = \left( \frac{I_1}{I_1 + I_2} \right) d$  and  $x = \frac{I_2}{(I_1 - I_2)} d$

3.  $x = \left( \frac{I_2}{I_1 + I_2} \right) d$  and  $x = \left( \frac{I_2}{I_1 - I_2} \right) d$

4.  $x = \left( \frac{I_1}{I_1 - I_2} \right) d$  and  $x = \frac{I_2}{(I_1 + I_2)} d$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913075

Option 1 ID : 41652951078

Option 2 ID : 41652951079

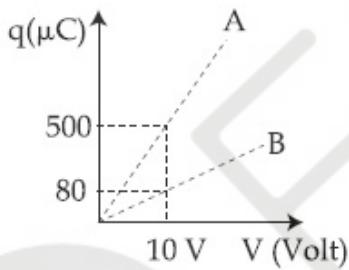
Option 3 ID : 41652951081

Option 4 ID : 41652951080

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

- Q.27** Figure shows charge (q) versus voltage (V) graph for series and parallel combination of two given capacitors. The capacitances are :



- Options

1. 60  $\mu\text{F}$  and 40  $\mu\text{F}$
2. 50  $\mu\text{F}$  and 30  $\mu\text{F}$
3. 20  $\mu\text{F}$  and 30  $\mu\text{F}$
4. 40  $\mu\text{F}$  and 10  $\mu\text{F}$  ✓

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913069

Option 1 ID : 41652951057

Option 2 ID : 41652951054

Option 3 ID : 41652951055

Option 4 ID : 41652951056

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

- Q.28**

A ball is thrown upward with an initial velocity  $V_0$  from the surface of the earth. The motion of the ball is affected by a drag force equal to  $mv^2$  (where  $m$  is mass of the ball,  $v$  is its instantaneous velocity and  $\gamma$  is a constant). Time taken by the ball to rise to its zenith is :

Options

1.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{\gamma g}} \ln \left( 1 + \sqrt{\frac{\gamma}{g}} V_0 \right)$
2.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{\gamma g}} \tan^{-1} \left( \sqrt{\frac{\gamma}{g}} V_0 \right)$  ✓
3.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{\gamma g}} \sin^{-1} \left( \sqrt{\frac{\gamma}{g}} V_0 \right)$
4.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\gamma g}} \tan^{-1} \left( \sqrt{\frac{2\gamma}{g}} V_0 \right)$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913059

Option 1 ID : 41652951015

Option 2 ID : 41652951016

Option 3 ID : 41652951017

Option 4 ID : 41652951014

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

**Q.29** A proton, an electron, and a Helium nucleus, have the same energy. They are in circular orbits in a plane due to magnetic field perpendicular to the plane. Let  $r_p$ ,  $r_e$  and  $r_{He}$  be their respective radii, then,

Options

1.  $r_e > r_p = r_{He}$
2.  $r_e < r_p = r_{He}$  ✓
3.  $r_e < r_p < r_{He}$
4.  $r_e > r_p > r_{He}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913074

Option 1 ID : 41652951076

Option 2 ID : 41652951077

Option 3 ID : 41652951074

Option 4 ID : 41652951075

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

**Q.30** Two radioactive materials A and B have decay constants  $10\lambda$  and  $\lambda$ , respectively. If initially they have the same number of nuclei, then the ratio of the number of nuclei of A to that of B will be  $1/e$  after a time :

Options

1.  $\frac{1}{10 \lambda}$

2.  $\frac{1}{9 \lambda}$  ✓

3.  $\frac{1}{11 \lambda}$

4.  $\frac{11}{10 \lambda}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913081

Option 1 ID : 41652951102

Option 2 ID : 41652951105

Option 3 ID : 41652951103

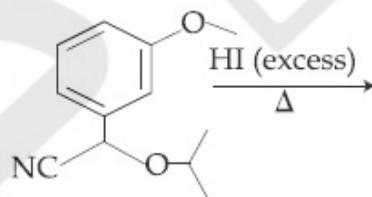
Option 4 ID : 41652951104

Status : Answered

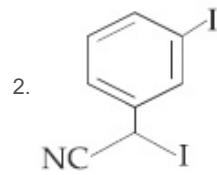
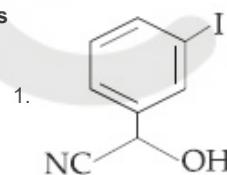
Chosen Option : 2

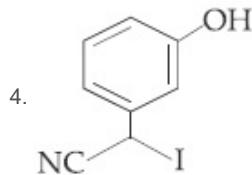
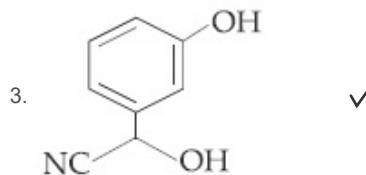
Section : Chemistry

**Q.1** The major product of the following reaction is :



Options





Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913092  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951148  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951149  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951146  
 Option 4 ID : 41652951147  
 Status : Not Answered  
 Chosen Option : --

**Q.2** Consider the statements S1 and S2 :

- S1 : Conductivity always increases with decrease in the concentration of electrolyte.
- S2 : Molar conductivity always increases with decrease in the concentration of electrolyte.

The correct option among the following is :

- Options
1. S1 is wrong and S2 is correct ✓
  2. S1 is correct and S2 is wrong
  3. Both S1 and S2 are correct
  4. Both S1 and S2 are wrong

Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913113  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951232  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951233  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951230  
 Option 4 ID : 41652951231  
 Status : Answered  
 Chosen Option : 1

**Q.3** The synonym for water gas when used in the production of methanol is :

- Options
1. syn gas ✓

2. laughing gas
3. natural gas
4. fuel gas

Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913098  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951173  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951172  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951171  
 Option 4 ID : 41652951170  
 Status : Answered  
 Chosen Option : 1

**Q.4** During the change of  $O_2$  to  $O_2^-$ , the incoming electron goes to the orbital :

Options

1.  $\pi 2p_x$
2.  $\pi^* 2p_x$  ✓
3.  $\pi 2p_y$
4.  $\sigma^* 2p_z$

Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913109  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951216  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951215  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951217  
 Option 4 ID : 41652951214  
 Status : Answered  
 Chosen Option : 2

**Q.5** A gas undergoes physical adsorption on a surface and follows the given Freundlich adsorption isotherm equation

$$\frac{x}{m} = kp^{0.5}$$

Adsorption of the gas increases with :

Options

1. Decrease in p and increase in T
2. Increase in p and decrease in T ✓
3. Increase in p and increase in T
4. Decrease in p and decrease in T

Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913115  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951240  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951239  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951238

Option 4 ID : 41652951241

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

**Q.6** The oxoacid of sulphur that does not contain bond between sulphur atoms is :

**Options**

1.  $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_7$  ✓
2.  $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_4$
3.  $\text{H}_2\text{S}_4\text{O}_6$
4.  $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913100

Option 1 ID : 41652951181

Option 2 ID : 41652951178

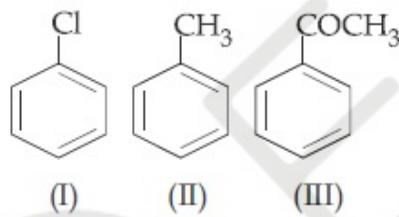
Option 3 ID : 41652951179

Option 4 ID : 41652951180

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

**Q.7** The increasing order of the reactivity of the following compounds towards electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions is :

**Options**

1. II < I < III
2. III < II < I
3. III < I < II ✓
4. I < III < II

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913086

Option 1 ID : 41652951122

Option 2 ID : 41652951125

Option 3 ID : 41652951124

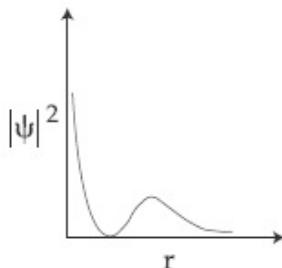
Option 4 ID : 41652951123

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

**Q.8**

The graph between  $|\psi|^2$  and r(radial distance) is shown below. This represents :

**Options**

1. 3s orbital
2. 2p orbital
3. 2s orbital ✓
4. 1s orbital

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913108

Option 1 ID : 41652951212

Option 2 ID : 41652951213

Option 3 ID : 41652951211

Option 4 ID : 41652951210

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

**Q.9** Match the refining methods (Column I) with metals (Column II).

Column I (Refining methods)	Column II (Metals)
(I) Liquation	(a) Zr
(II) Zone Refining	(b) Ni
(III) Mond Process	(c) Sn
(IV) Van Arkel Method	(d) Ga

- Options**
1. (I) - (b); (II) - (c); (III) - (d); (IV) - (a)
  2. (I) - (b); (II) - (d); (III) - (a); (IV) - (c)
  3. (I) - (c); (II) - (d); (III) - (b); (IV) - (a) ✓
  4. (I) - (c); (II) - (a); (III) - (b); (IV) - (d)

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913097

Option 1 ID : 41652951168

Option 2 ID : 41652951169

Option 3 ID : 41652951167

Option 4 ID : 41652951166

Status : Answered

**Q.10** At 300 K and 1 atmospheric pressure, 10 mL of a hydrocarbon required 55 mL of O<sub>2</sub> for complete combustion, and 40 mL of CO<sub>2</sub> is formed. The formula of the hydrocarbon is :

Options

1. C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>8</sub>
2. C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>
3. C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>6</sub> ✓
4. C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>7</sub>Cl

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913106

Option 1 ID : 41652951203

Option 2 ID : 41652951204

Option 3 ID : 41652951202

Option 4 ID : 41652951205

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

**Q.11** A process will be spontaneous at all temperatures if :

Options

1. ΔH < 0 and ΔS < 0
2. ΔH < 0 and ΔS > 0 ✓
3. ΔH > 0 and ΔS > 0
4. ΔH > 0 and ΔS < 0

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913110

Option 1 ID : 41652951219

Option 2 ID : 41652951220

Option 3 ID : 41652951218

Option 4 ID : 41652951221

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

**Q.12** Ethylamine (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>) can be obtained from N-ethylphthalimide on treatment with :

Options

1. CaH<sub>2</sub>
2. NH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> ✓
3. H<sub>2</sub>O
4. NaBH<sub>4</sub>

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913091

Option 1 ID : 41652951142

Option 2 ID : 41652951145

Option 3 ID : 41652951144

Option 4 ID : 41652951143

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

**Q.13** Consider the following table :

Gas	$a/(k \text{ Pa dm}^6 \text{ mol}^{-1})$	$b/(\text{dm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1})$
A	642.32	0.05196
B	155.21	0.04136
C	431.91	0.05196
D	155.21	0.4382

a and b are van der Waals constants. The correct statement about the gases is :

**Options** Gas C will occupy more volume than

1. gas A; gas B will be lesser compressible than gas D

Gas C will occupy lesser volume than

2. gas A; gas B will be lesser compressible than gas D

Gas C will occupy more volume than

3. gas A; gas B will be more compressible than gas D

✓

Gas C will occupy lesser volume than

4. gas A; gas B will be more compressible than gas D

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913107

Option 1 ID : 41652951207

Option 2 ID : 41652951209

Option 3 ID : 41652951208

Option 4 ID : 41652951206

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

**Q.14**

At room temperature, a dilute solution of urea is prepared by dissolving 0.60 g of urea in 360 g of water. If the vapour pressure of pure water at this temperature is 35 mmHg, lowering of vapour pressure will be :  
(molar mass of urea = 60 g mol<sup>-1</sup>)

**Options**

1. 0.028 mmHg
2. 0.027 mmHg
3. 0.031 mmHg
4. 0.017 mmHg

Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913111  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951225  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951222  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951223  
 Option 4 ID : 41652951224  
 Status : Not Answered  
 Chosen Option : --

**Q.15** The species that can have a *trans*-isomer is :

(en = ethane-1, 2-diamine, ox = oxalate)

**Options**

1.  $[\text{Cr}(\text{en})_2(\text{ox})]^+$
2.  $[\text{Pt}(\text{en})\text{Cl}_2]$
3.  $[\text{Zn}(\text{en})\text{Cl}_2]$
4.  $[\text{Pt}(\text{en})_2\text{Cl}_2]^{2+}$

Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913104  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951196  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951194  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951195  
 Option 4 ID : 41652951197  
 Status : Answered  
 Chosen Option : 4

**Q.16** The correct order of catenation is :

**Options**

1. Ge > Sn > Si > C
2. C > Sn > Si ≈ Ge
3. C > Si > Ge ≈ Sn
4. Si > Sn > C > Ge

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913101

Option 1 ID : 41652951183

Option 2 ID : 41652951185

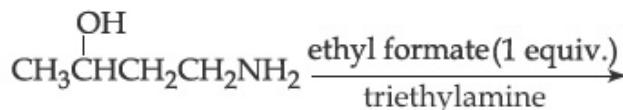
Option 3 ID : 41652951184

Option 4 ID : 41652951182

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

**Q.17** The major product of the following reaction is :



Options

1.  $\text{CH}_3\overset{\text{OH}}{\underset{|}{\text{C}}} \text{HCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NHCHO}$  ✓
2.  $\text{CH}_3-\overset{\text{OH}}{\underset{|}{\text{C}}}-\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$
3.  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}=\text{CH}-\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2$
4.  $\text{CH}_3\overset{\text{O}}{\underset{|}{\text{C}}} \text{HCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913095

Option 1 ID : 41652951159

Option 2 ID : 41652951161

Option 3 ID : 41652951160

Option 4 ID : 41652951158

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

**Q.18** Amylopectin is composed of :

Options

1.  $\beta$ -D-glucose,  $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_4$  and  $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_6$  linkages
2.  $\alpha$ -D-glucose,  $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_4$  and  $\text{C}_2-\text{C}_6$  linkages
3.  $\alpha$ -D-glucose,  $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_4$  and  $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_6$  linkages ✓
4.  $\beta$ -D-glucose,  $\text{C}_1-\text{C}_4$  and  $\text{C}_2-\text{C}_6$  linkages

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913088

Option 1 ID : 41652951131

Option 2 ID : 41652951130

Option 3 ID : 41652951132

Option 4 ID : 41652951133

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

**Q.19** The regions of the atmosphere, where clouds form and where we live, respectively, are :

- Options
1. Troposphere and Troposphere ✓
  2. Stratosphere and Stratosphere
  3. Stratosphere and Troposphere
  4. Troposphere and Stratosphere

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913105

Option 1 ID : 41652951198

Option 2 ID : 41652951201

Option 3 ID : 41652951200

Option 4 ID : 41652951199

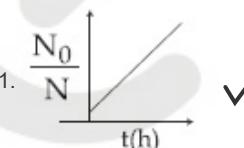
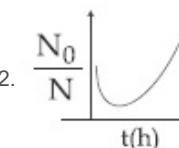
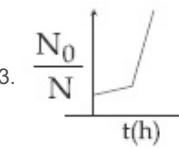
Status : Answered

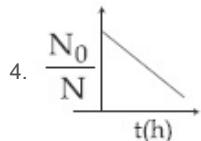
Chosen Option : 3

**Q.20** A bacterial infection in an internal wound grows as  $N'(t) = N_0 \exp(t)$ , where the time  $t$  is in hours. A dose of antibiotic, taken orally, needs 1 hour to reach the wound. Once it reaches there, the bacterial population goes down as  $\frac{dN}{dt} = -5N^2$ .

What will be the plot of  $\frac{N_0}{N}$  vs.  $t$  after 1 hour ?

- Options

1.  ✓
2. 
3. 



Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913114

Option 1 ID : 41652951235

Option 2 ID : 41652951234

Option 3 ID : 41652951236

Option 4 ID : 41652951237

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.21 The isoelectronic set of ions is :

Options 1.  $\text{F}^-$ ,  $\text{Li}^+$ ,  $\text{Na}^+$  and  $\text{Mg}^{2+}$ 2.  $\text{N}^{3-}$ ,  $\text{Li}^+$ ,  $\text{Mg}^{2+}$  and  $\text{O}^{2-}$ 3.  $\text{N}^{3-}$ ,  $\text{O}^{2-}$ ,  $\text{F}^-$  and  $\text{Na}^+$  ✓4.  $\text{Li}^+$ ,  $\text{Na}^+$ ,  $\text{O}^{2-}$  and  $\text{F}^-$ 

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913096

Option 1 ID : 41652951165

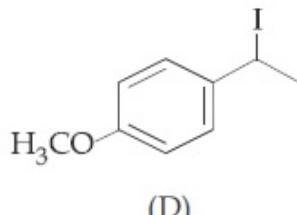
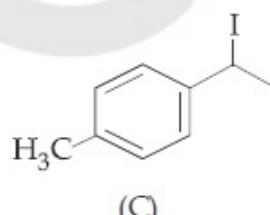
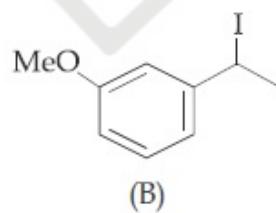
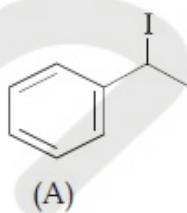
Option 2 ID : 41652951164

Option 3 ID : 41652951162

Option 4 ID : 41652951163

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Q.22 Increasing rate of  $\text{S}_{\text{N}}1$  reaction in the following compounds is :

Options 1. (A) &lt; (B) &lt; (C) &lt; (D)

2. (B) &lt; (A) &lt; (C) &lt; (D) ✓

3. (B) &lt; (A) &lt; (D) &lt; (C)

4. (A) < (B) < (D) < (C)

Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913090  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951140  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951139  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951138  
 Option 4 ID : 41652951141  
 Status : Not Answered  
 Chosen Option : --

**Q.23** Consider the hydrated ions of  $Ti^{2+}$ ,  $V^{2+}$ ,  $Ti^{3+}$ , and  $Sc^{3+}$ . The correct order of their spin-only magnetic moments is :

- Options
1.  $Sc^{3+} < Ti^{3+} < V^{2+} < Ti^{2+}$
  2.  $Ti^{3+} < Ti^{2+} < Sc^{3+} < V^{2+}$
  3.  $Sc^{3+} < Ti^{3+} < Ti^{2+} < V^{2+}$  ✓
  4.  $V^{2+} < Ti^{2+} < Ti^{3+} < Sc^{3+}$

Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913102  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951188  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951187  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951186  
 Option 4 ID : 41652951189  
 Status : Answered  
 Chosen Option : 3

**Q.24** The alloy used in the construction of aircrafts is :

- Options
1. Mg - Al ✓
  2. Mg - Mn
  3. Mg - Sn
  4. Mg - Zn

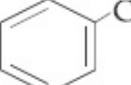
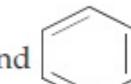
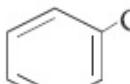
Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913099  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951174  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951177  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951175  
 Option 4 ID : 41652951176  
 Status : Answered  
 Chosen Option : 3

**Q.25**

Major products of the following reaction  
are :



Options

1.  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  and  $\text{HCO}_2\text{H}$
2.  $\text{HCOOH}$  and  ✓
3.  and 
4.  $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  and 

Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913087  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951129  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951127  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951128  
 Option 4 ID : 41652951126  
 Status : Answered  
 Chosen Option : 2

**Q.26** Which of the following is a condensation polymer ?

- Options
1. Nylon 6, 6 ✓
  2. Neoprene
  3. Buna - S
  4. Teflon

Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913094  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951155  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951157  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951154  
 Option 4 ID : 41652951156  
 Status : Answered  
 Chosen Option : 1

**Q.27**

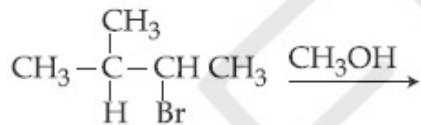
Three complexes,  
 $[\text{CoCl}(\text{NH}_3)_5]^{2+}$  (I),  
 $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_5 \text{H}_2\text{O}]^{3+}$  (II) and  
 $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$  (III)

absorb light in the visible region. The correct order of the wavelength of light absorbed by them is :

- Options**
1. (II) > (I) > (III)
  2. (III) > (II) > (I)
  3. (I) > (II) > (III) ✓
  4. (III) > (I) > (II)

Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913103  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951190  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951193  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951191  
 Option 4 ID : 41652951192  
 Status : Not Answered  
 Chosen Option : --

- Q.28** The major product of the following reaction is :



- Options**

1.  $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ | \\ \text{CH}_3-\text{C}-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 \\ | \\ \text{OCH}_3 \end{array}$  ✓
2.  $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ | \\ \text{CH}_3-\text{C}-\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{H} \end{array}$
3.  $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ | \\ \text{CH}_3-\text{C}=\text{CH CH}_3 \end{array}$
4.  $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ | \\ \text{CH}_3-\text{C}-\text{CH CH}_3 \\ | \quad \text{OCH}_3 \end{array}$

Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913093  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951152  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951153  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951151

Option 4 ID : 41652951150

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

**Q.29** The principle of column chromatography is :

Options

1. Differential adsorption of the substances on the solid phase. ✓
2. Differential absorption of the substances on the solid phase.
3. Gravitational force.
4. Capillary action.

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913089

Option 1 ID : 41652951134

Option 2 ID : 41652951135

Option 3 ID : 41652951137

Option 4 ID : 41652951136

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

**Q.30** Consider the following statements

- (a) The pH of a mixture containing 400 mL of 0.1 M  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  and 400 mL of 0.1 M NaOH will be approximately 1.3.
- (b) Ionic product of water is temperature dependent.
- (c) A monobasic acid with  $K_a = 10^{-5}$  has a pH = 5. The degree of dissociation of this acid is 50%.
- (d) The Le Chatelier's principle is not applicable to common-ion effect.

The correct statements are :

Options

1. (b) and (c)
2. (a), (b) and (d)
3. (a) and (b)
4. (a), (b) and (c) ✓

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913112

Option 1 ID : 41652951229

Option 2 ID : 41652951227

Option 3 ID : 41652951228

Option 4 ID : 41652951226

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Section : Mathematics

**Q.1**

$$\text{The value of } \int_0^{2\pi} [\sin 2x(1+\cos 3x)] dx,$$

where [t] denotes the greatest integer function, is :

**Options**

1.  $\pi$
2.  $2\pi$
3.  $-\pi$  ✓
4.  $-2\pi$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913130

Option 1 ID : 41652951300

Option 2 ID : 41652951298

Option 3 ID : 41652951301

Option 4 ID : 41652951299

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

**Q.2**

The region represented by  $|x-y| \leq 2$  and  $|x+y| \leq 2$  is bounded by a :

**Options**

1. rhombus of area  $8\sqrt{2}$  sq. units
2. rhombus of side length 2 units
3. square of area 16 sq. units
4. square of side length  $2\sqrt{2}$  units ✓

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913133

Option 1 ID : 41652951311

Option 2 ID : 41652951310

Option 3 ID : 41652951313

Option 4 ID : 41652951312

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

**Q.3**

If the coefficients of  $x^2$  and  $x^3$  are both zero, in the expansion of the expression  $(1+ax+bx^2)(1-3x)^{15}$  in powers of  $x$ , then the ordered pair  $(a, b)$  is equal to :

**Options** 1. (28, 315) ✓

2. (-21, 714)
3. (28, 861)
4. (-54, 315)

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913124

Option 1 ID : 41652951277

Option 2 ID : 41652951274

Option 3 ID : 41652951276

Option 4 ID : 41652951275

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

**Q.4** If the length of the perpendicular from the point  $(\beta, 0, \beta)$  ( $\beta \neq 0$ ) to the line,

$\frac{x}{1} = \frac{y-1}{0} = \frac{z+1}{-1}$  is  $\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}$ , then  $\beta$  is equal to :

**Options** 1. 2

2. -1 ✓
3. -2
4. 1

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913140

Option 1 ID : 41652951341

Option 2 ID : 41652951339

Option 3 ID : 41652951338

Option 4 ID : 41652951340

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

**Q.5**

$$\text{If } \int \frac{dx}{(x^2 - 2x + 10)^2}$$

$$= A \left( \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{x-1}{3} \right) + \frac{f(x)}{x^2 - 2x + 10} \right) + C$$

where C is a constant of integration, then :

**Options**

1.  $A = \frac{1}{27}$  and  $f(x) = 9(x-1)$
2.  $A = \frac{1}{81}$  and  $f(x) = 3(x-1)$

3.  $A = \frac{1}{54}$  and  $f(x) = 9(x-1)^2$

4.  $A = \frac{1}{54}$  and  $f(x) = 3(x-1)$  ✓

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913129

Option 1 ID : 41652951295

Option 2 ID : 41652951294

Option 3 ID : 41652951297

Option 4 ID : 41652951296

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

- Q.6** If for some  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ , the frequency distribution of the marks obtained by 20 students in a test is :

Marks	2	3	5	7
Frequency	$(x+1)^2$	$2x-5$	$x^2-3x$	$x$

then the mean of the marks is :

Options

1. 3.0
2. 2.5
3. 3.2
4. 2.8 ✓

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913142

Option 1 ID : 41652951348

Option 2 ID : 41652951346

Option 3 ID : 41652951347

Option 4 ID : 41652951349

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

- Q.7** ABC is a triangular park with  $AB = AC = 100$  metres. A vertical tower is situated at the mid-point of BC. If the angles of elevation of the top of the tower at A and B are  $\cot^{-1}(3\sqrt{2})$  and  $\operatorname{cosec}^{-1}(2\sqrt{2})$  respectively, then the height of the tower (in metres) is :

Options

1.  $\frac{100}{3\sqrt{3}}$

2. 20 ✓

3. 25

4.  $10\sqrt{5}$ 

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913144

Option 1 ID : 41652951354

Option 2 ID : 41652951356

Option 3 ID : 41652951355

Option 4 ID : 41652951357

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

**Q.8** If a directrix of a hyperbola centred at the origin and passing through the point  $(4, -2\sqrt{3})$  is  $5x = 4\sqrt{5}$  and its eccentricity is  $e$ , then :

Options 1.  $4e^4 + 8e^2 - 35 = 0$ 2.  $4e^4 - 24e^2 + 35 = 0$  ✓3.  $4e^4 - 24e^2 + 27 = 0$ 4.  $4e^4 - 12e^2 - 27 = 0$ 

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913137

Option 1 ID : 41652951328

Option 2 ID : 41652951329

Option 3 ID : 41652951326

Option 4 ID : 41652951327

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

**Q.9** Let  $f(x) = e^x - x$  and  $g(x) = x^2 - x$ ,  $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}$ . Then the set of all  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ , where the function  $h(x) = (f \circ g)(x)$  is increasing, is :

Options

1.  $[-1, \frac{-1}{2}] \cup [\frac{1}{2}, \infty)$ 2.  $[0, \infty)$ 3.  $[0, \frac{1}{2}] \cup [1, \infty)$  ✓4.  $[\frac{-1}{2}, 0] \cup [1, \infty)$ 

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913128

Option 1 ID : 41652951292

Option 2 ID : 41652951293

Option 3 ID : 41652951291

Option 4 ID : 41652951290

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

**Q.10** If the system of linear equations

$$x + y + z = 5$$

$$x + 2y + 2z = 6$$

$x + 3y + \lambda z = \mu$ , ( $\lambda, \mu \in \mathbb{R}$ ), has infinitely many solutions, then the value of  $\lambda + \mu$  is :

Options 1. 7

- 2. 10 ✓
- 3. 12
- 4. 9

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913120

Option 1 ID : 41652951261

Option 2 ID : 41652951259

Option 3 ID : 41652951258

Option 4 ID : 41652951260

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

**Q.11** If the line  $x - 2y = 12$  is tangent to the ellipse

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1 \text{ at the point } \left(3, \frac{-9}{2}\right), \text{ then the}$$

length of the latus rectum of the ellipse is :

Options 1. 5

- 2.  $12\sqrt{2}$
- 3. 9 ✓
- 4.  $8\sqrt{3}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913136

Option 1 ID : 41652951324

Option 2 ID : 41652951325

Option 3 ID : 41652951322

Option 4 ID : 41652951323

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

**Q.12**

If  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are the roots of the quadratic

$$\text{equation, } x^2 + x \sin\theta - 2\sin\theta = 0, \theta \in \left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right),$$

then  $\frac{\alpha^{12} + \beta^{12}}{(\alpha^{-12} + \beta^{-12})(\alpha - \beta)^{24}}$  is equal to :

Options

1.  $\frac{2^6}{(\sin\theta + 8)^{12}}$
2.  $\frac{2^{12}}{(\sin\theta - 4)^{12}}$
3.  $\frac{2^{12}}{(\sin\theta + 8)^{12}} \quad \checkmark$
4.  $\frac{2^{12}}{(\sin\theta - 8)^6}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913118

Option 1 ID : 41652951250

Option 2 ID : 41652951253

Option 3 ID : 41652951252

Option 4 ID : 41652951251

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

- Q.13** If Q(0, -1, -3) is the image of the point P in the plane  $3x - y + 4z = 2$  and R is the point (3, -1, -2), then the area (in sq. units) of  $\Delta PQR$  is :

Options

1.  $\frac{\sqrt{91}}{4}$
2.  $\frac{\sqrt{91}}{2} \quad \checkmark$
3.  $2\sqrt{13}$
4.  $\frac{\sqrt{65}}{2}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913139

Option 1 ID : 41652951334

Option 2 ID : 41652951337

Option 3 ID : 41652951335

Option 4 ID : 41652951336

Status : Answered

**Q.14** The line  $x=y$  touches a circle at the point  $(1, 1)$ . If the circle also passes through the point  $(1, -3)$ , then its radius is :

Options 1.  $3\sqrt{2}$

2. 3

3. 2

4.  $2\sqrt{2}$  ✓

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913135

Option 1 ID : 41652951321

Option 2 ID : 41652951319

Option 3 ID : 41652951318

Option 4 ID : 41652951320

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

**Q.15** The number of 6 digit numbers that can be formed using the digits 0, 1, 2, 5, 7 and 9 which are divisible by 11 and no digit is repeated, is :

Options 1. 36

2. 60 ✓

3. 72

4. 48

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913121

Option 1 ID : 41652951265

Option 2 ID : 41652951263

Option 3 ID : 41652951264

Option 4 ID : 41652951262

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

**Q.16** If  $a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_n$  are in A.P. and  $a_1 + a_4 + a_7 + \dots + a_{16} = 114$ , then  $a_1 + a_6 + a_{11} + a_{16}$  is equal to :

Options 1. 64

2. 98

3. 38

4. 76 ✓

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913122

Option 1 ID : 41652951267

Option 2 ID : 41652951269

Option 3 ID : 41652951266

Option 4 ID : 41652951268

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

**Q.17** All the pairs  $(x, y)$  that satisfy the inequality

$$2\sqrt{\sin^2 x - 2 \sin x + 5} \cdot \frac{1}{4^{\sin^2 y}} \leq 1 \quad \text{also}$$

satisfy the equation :

**Options** 1.  $2 \sin x = \sin y$

2.  $\sin x = 2 \sin y$

3.  $\sin x = |\sin y| \quad \checkmark$

4.  $2|\sin x| = 3 \sin y$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913143

Option 1 ID : 41652951351

Option 2 ID : 41652951350

Option 3 ID : 41652951352

Option 4 ID : 41652951353

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

**Q.18** If the circles  $x^2 + y^2 + 5Kx + 2y + K = 0$  and  $2(x^2 + y^2) + 2Kx + 3y - 1 = 0$ , ( $K \in \mathbb{R}$ ), intersect at the points P and Q, then the line  $4x + 5y - K = 0$  passes through P and Q, for :

**Options** 1. exactly two values of K

2. no value of K.  $\checkmark$

3. exactly one value of K

4. infinitely many values of K

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913134

Option 1 ID : 41652951315

Option 2 ID : 41652951317

Option 3 ID : 41652951314

Option 4 ID : 41652951316

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

**Q.19**

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{(n+1)^{1/3}}{n^{4/3}} + \frac{(n+2)^{1/3}}{n^{4/3}} + \dots + \frac{(2n)^{1/3}}{n^{4/3}} \right)$$

is equal to :

Options

1.  $\frac{3}{4}(2)^{4/3} - \frac{3}{4}$  ✓
2.  $\frac{4}{3}(2)^{3/4}$
3.  $\frac{4}{3}(2)^{4/3}$
4.  $\frac{3}{4}(2)^{4/3} - \frac{4}{3}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913131

Option 1 ID : 41652951302

Option 2 ID : 41652951305

Option 3 ID : 41652951303

Option 4 ID : 41652951304

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

**Q.20** The sum

$$\frac{3 \times 1^3}{1^2} + \frac{5 \times (1^3 + 2^3)}{1^2 + 2^2} + \frac{7 \times (1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3)}{1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2} + \dots$$

upto 10<sup>th</sup> term, is :

Options

1. 660 ✓
2. 600
3. 620
4. 680

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913123

Option 1 ID : 41652951272

Option 2 ID : 41652951270

Option 3 ID : 41652951271

Option 4 ID : 41652951273

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

**Q.21** Let  $f(x) = x^2$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ . For any  $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ , define  $g(A) = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : f(x) \in A\}$ . If  $S = [0, 4]$ , then which one of the following statements is not true ?

Options

1.  $g(f(S)) \neq S$

2.  $f(g(S)) \neq f(S)$
3.  $f(g(S)) = S$
4.  $g(f(S)) = g(S) \quad \checkmark$

Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913116  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951244  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951242  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951243  
 Option 4 ID : 41652951245  
 Status : Not Answered  
 Chosen Option : --

**Q.22** Let  $f : R \rightarrow R$  be differentiable at  $c \in R$  and  $f(c) = 0$ . If  $g(x) = |f(x)|$ , then at  $x=c$ ,  $g$  is :

- Options
1. not differentiable
  2. not differentiable if  $f'(c) = 0$
  3. differentiable if  $f'(c) = 0 \quad \checkmark$
  4. differentiable if  $f'(c) \neq 0$

Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913127  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951289  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951288  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951287  
 Option 4 ID : 41652951286  
 Status : Answered  
 Chosen Option : 3

**Q.23** If  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^4 - 1}{x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow k} \frac{x^3 - k^3}{x^2 - k^2}$ , then  $k$  is :

- Options
1.  $\frac{3}{2}$
  2.  $\frac{4}{3}$
  3.  $\frac{3}{8}$
  4.  $\frac{8}{3} \quad \checkmark$

Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913125  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951281  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951278  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951280  
 Option 4 ID : 41652951279  
 Status : Answered

**Q.24** If  $y = y(x)$  is the solution of the differential

equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = (\tan x - y) \sec^2 x,$

$x \in \left(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ , such that  $y(0) = 0$ , then

$y\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$  is equal to :

Options

1.  $\frac{1}{e} - 2$
2.  $2 + \frac{1}{e}$
3.  $e - 2 \quad \checkmark$
4.  $\frac{1}{2} - e$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913132

Option 1 ID : 41652951309

Option 2 ID : 41652951308

Option 3 ID : 41652951307

Option 4 ID : 41652951306

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

**Q.25** Assume that each born child is equally likely to be a boy or a girl. If two families have two children each, then the conditional probability that all children are girls given that at least two are girls is :

Options

1.  $\frac{1}{12}$
2.  $\frac{1}{10}$
3.  $\frac{1}{11} \quad \checkmark$
4.  $\frac{1}{17}$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913141

Option 1 ID : 41652951344

Option 2 ID : 41652951342

Option 3 ID : 41652951343

Option 4 ID : 41652951345

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.26

If  $\Delta_1 = \begin{vmatrix} x & \sin\theta & \cos\theta \\ -\sin\theta & -x & 1 \\ \cos\theta & 1 & x \end{vmatrix}$  and

$$\Delta_2 = \begin{vmatrix} x & \sin 2\theta & \cos 2\theta \\ -\sin 2\theta & -x & 1 \\ \cos 2\theta & 1 & x \end{vmatrix}, x \neq 0; \text{ then}$$

for all  $\theta \in \left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ :

**Options** 1.  $\Delta_1 + \Delta_2 = -2(x^3 + x - 1)$

2.  $\Delta_1 - \Delta_2 = x(\cos 2\theta - \cos 4\theta)$

3.  $\Delta_1 + \Delta_2 = -2x^3 \quad \checkmark$

4.  $\Delta_1 - \Delta_2 = -2x^3$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913119

Option 1 ID : 41652951256

Option 2 ID : 41652951257

Option 3 ID : 41652951255

Option 4 ID : 41652951254

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.27 Which one of the following Boolean expressions is a tautology?

**Options** 1.  $(p \vee q) \wedge (\sim p \vee \sim q)$

2.  $(p \wedge q) \vee (p \wedge \sim q)$

3.  $(p \vee q) \wedge (p \vee \sim q)$

4.  $(p \vee q) \vee (p \vee \sim q) \quad \checkmark$

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913145

Option 1 ID : 41652951358

Option 2 ID : 41652951359

Option 3 ID : 41652951360

Option 4 ID : 41652951361

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Q.28

Let A(3, 0, -1), B(2, 10, 6) and C(1, 2, 1) be the vertices of a triangle and M be the midpoint of AC. If G divides BM in the ratio, 2 : 1, then  $\cos(\angle GOA)$  (O being the origin) is equal to :

Options

1.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{30}}$
2.  $\frac{1}{6\sqrt{10}}$
3.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{15}}$  ✓
4.  $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{15}}$

Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913138  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951331  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951333  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951330  
 Option 4 ID : 41652951332  
 Status : Answered  
 Chosen Option : 3

Q.29

If  $a > 0$  and  $z = \frac{(1+i)^2}{a-i}$ , has magnitude

$\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}$ , then  $\bar{z}$  is equal to :

Options

1.  $-\frac{1}{5} - \frac{3}{5}i$  ✓
2.  $-\frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{5}i$
3.  $\frac{1}{5} - \frac{3}{5}i$
4.  $-\frac{1}{5} + \frac{3}{5}i$

Question Type : MCQ  
 Question ID : 41652913117  
 Option 1 ID : 41652951246  
 Option 2 ID : 41652951248  
 Option 3 ID : 41652951249  
 Option 4 ID : 41652951247  
 Status : Answered  
 Chosen Option : 1

Q.30

$$\text{If } f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin(p+1)x + \sin x}{x}, & x < 0 \\ q, & x = 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{x+x^2} - \sqrt{x}}{x^{3/2}}, & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

is continuous at  $x=0$ , then the ordered pair  $(p, q)$  is equal to :

Options

1.  $\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$
2.  $\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right)$
3.  $\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$
4.  $\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$  ✓

Question Type : MCQ

Question ID : 41652913126

Option 1 ID : 41652951285

Option 2 ID : 41652951284

Option 3 ID : 41652951283

Option 4 ID : 41652951282

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4