Biology 30 IB Nervous System

Jad Chehimi

December 14, 2020

Unfinished!

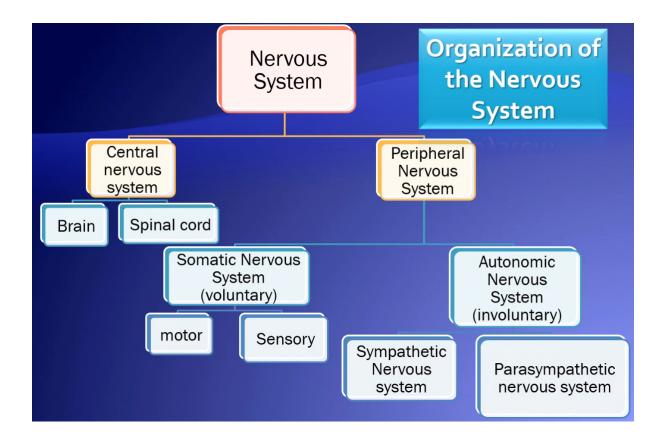
Contents

Divisions of the Nervous System	
Central Nervous System (CNS)	
Peripheral Nervous System (PNS)	
Somatic Nervous System (SNS)	
Autonomic Nervous System (ANS)	
Sympathetic Nervous System	
Parasympathetic Nervous System	

(13.1) The Nervous System

- Equilibrium/Homeostasis = balance, main job of nervous system is to maintain this
- Nervous system contains...
 - Brain
 - Spinal cord
 - Nerves

Divisions of the Nervous System



Central Nervous System (CNS)

- Integrates and processes information
- Consists of brain and spinal cord

Peripheral Nervous System (PNS)

- Messenger nerves; bring info to and from the central nervous system
- Consists of nerves that...
 - carry sensory messages to the CNS
 - send info from the CNS to the muscles and glands

Somatic Nervous System (SNS)

- Voluntary control
- Includes neurons for...
 - Voluntary motor/muscle control = carry signals from the CNS to the skeletal muscles
 - Sensory receptors = carry sensory info to the CNS

Autonomic Nervous System (ANS)

- Divisions of automatic nerves that are antagonistic/oppose each other
- Regulates involuntary control processes (automatic) such as breathing or heartbeat
- Controls...
 - glandular secretions
 - function of smooth and cardiac muscles

Sympathetic Nervous System

- "Fight or flight (or freeze)" responses
- Prioritizes urgent functions, such as by speeding up rates of breathing, heart rate, etc.
- Disables non-urgent functions, such as digesting

Parasympathetic Nervous System

- "Rest and digest" responses
- Restores normal priorities restored, slows down rates of breathing, heart rate, etc.
- Re-enables non-urgent functions, such as digesting

Cells of the Nervous System

- **Neurons** = functional units of nervous system, tissues of neurons are called **nerves**
 - Respond to physical and chemical stimuli
 - Conduct electrochemical signals
 - Release chemicals that regulate various body processes
- **Glial Cells** = supporting cells of nerve cells
 - Nourish neurons, remove wastes, & defend against infection
 - Provide a supporting framework for all nervous-system tissue