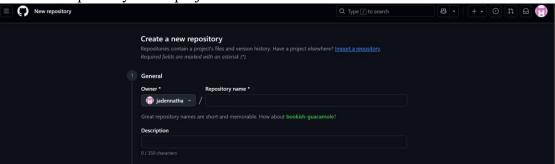
JOBSHEET 4 FLUTTER PEMROGRAMAN MOBILE

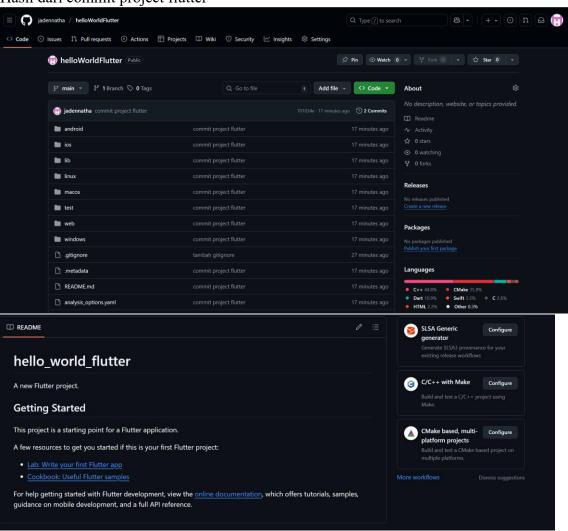


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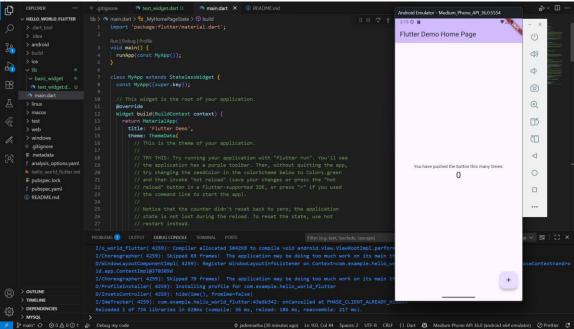
1. Membuat repository untuk project baru

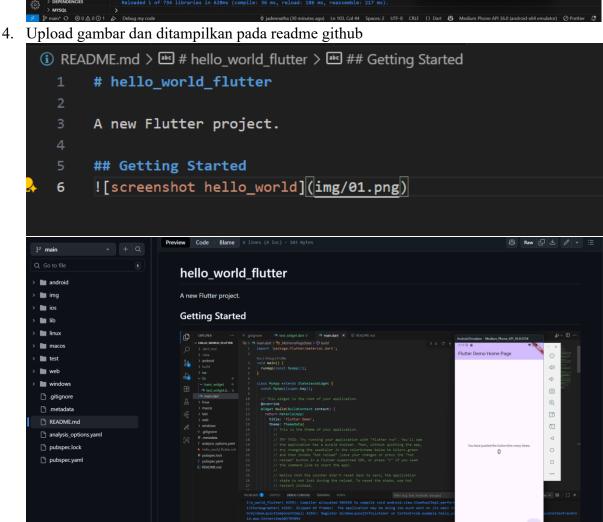


2. Hasil dari commit project flutter



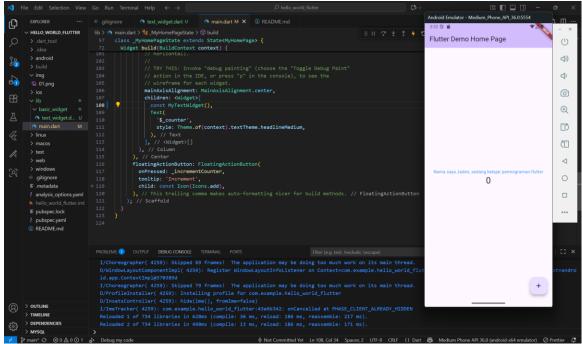
3. Menjalankan project flutter untuk pertama kali dengan menggunakan emulator (android studio)





5. Membuat text widget dengan membuat folder baru dengan nama basic_widget dan membuat file dart baru dengan nama text widget.dart

6. Mengubah kode pada file main dan berikut tampilannya

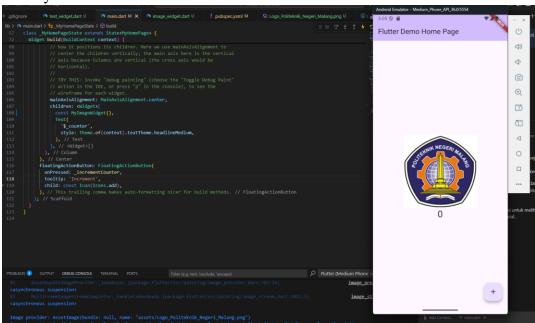


7. Membuat widget image dengan membuat file baru dengan nama image widget.dart

penyesuaian asset pada file pubspec.yaml dan tambahkan file logo Anda di folder assets project hello_world.

```
# see https://flutter.dev/to/font-from-package
assets:
- assets/Logo_Politeknik_Negeri_Malang.png
```

Hasilnya



8. Membuat widget Cupertino Button dan Loading Bar

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
     import 'package:flutter/cupertino.dart';
     class MyLoadingCupertino extends StatelessWidget {
       const MyLoadingCupertino({Key? key}) : super(key: key);
       @override
       Widget build(BuildContext context) {
         return MaterialApp(
               home: Container(
                 margin: const EdgeInsets.only(top: 30),
                 color: □Colors.white,
                 child: Column(
                   children: <Widget>[
                     CupertinoButton(
                      child: const Text("Contoh button"),
                      onPressed: () {},
                    ), // CupertinoButton
                    const CupertinoActivityIndicator(),
                   ], // <Widget>[]
                // MaterialApp
23
```

9. Membuat Floating Action Button (FAB)

```
lib > basic_widget > 🦠 fab_widget.dart > 😭 MyFabWidget > 😭 build
       import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
       class MyFabWidget extends StatelessWidget {
         const MyFabWidget({Key? key}) : super(key: key);
        @override
         Widget build(BuildContext context) {
           return MaterialApp(
             home: Scaffold(
               floatingActionButton: FloatingActionButton(
                 onPressed: () {
 12
                 child: const Icon(Icons.thumb up),
                 backgroundColor: ■Colors.pink,
               ), // FloatingActionButton
             ), // Scaffold
 17
           ); // MaterialApp
```

10. Mengatur Scaffold widget digunakan untuk mengatur tata letak sesuai dengan material design.

```
void main() {
   runApp(const MyApp());
class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
 const MyApp({super.key});
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
       theme: ThemeData(
         primarySwatch: ☐Colors.red,
        home: const MyHomePage(title: 'My Increment App'),
class MyHomePage extends StatefulWidget {
 const MyHomePage({super.key, required this.title});
  final String title;
  @override
  State<MyHomePage> createState() => _MyHomePageState();
class _MyHomePageState extends State<MyHomePage> {
  void _incrementCounter() {
     setState(() {
       // This call to setState tells the Flutter framework that some // changed in this State, which causes it to rerun the build method below // so that the display can reflect the updated values. If we changed
        // _counter without calling setState(), then the build method would not be
// _called again, and so nothing would appear to happen.
  @override
     return Scaffold(
appBar: AppBar(
         backgroundColor: Theme.of(context).colorScheme.inversePrimary, title: Text(widget.title),
      body: Center(
child: Column(
        mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.center,
children: \widget>[
   const Text('You have pushed the button this many times:'),
   Text(
              '$_counter',
style: Theme.of(context).textTheme.headlineMedium,
        ), // Text
], // <Widget>[]
), // Column
), // Center
       bottomNavigationBar: BottomAppBar(
         child: Container(
            height: 50.0,
         ), // Container
, // BottomAppBar
        floatingActionButton: FloatingActionButton(
          onPressed: _incrementCounter,
       tooltip: 'Increment',
child: const Icon(Icons.add),
        floatingActionButtonLocation: FloatingActionButtonLocation.centerDocked,
```

11. Mengubah main untuk Dialog widget pada flutter yang memiliki dua jenis dialog yaitu AlertDialog dan SimpleDialog.

```
class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
  const MyApp({Key? key}) : super(key: key);
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
   return const MaterialApp(
     home: Scaffold(
       body: MyLayout(),
    ), // Scaffold
); // MaterialApp
class MyLayout extends StatelessWidget {
 const MyLayout({Key? key}) : super(key: key);
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Padding(
     padding: const EdgeInsets.all(8.0),
     child: ElevatedButton(
       child: const Text('Show alert'),
        onPressed: () {
         showAlertDialog(context);
```

```
showAlertDialog(BuildContext context) {
 Widget okButton = TextButton(
   child: const Text("OK"),
   onPressed: () {
     Navigator.pop(context);
 ); // TextButton
 AlertDialog alert = AlertDialog(
   title: const Text("My title"),
   content: const Text("This is my message."),
   actions: [
      okButton,
  ); // AlertDialog
 showDialog(
   context: context,
   builder: (BuildContext context) {
     return alert;
```

12. Membuat input dan Selection Widget

```
class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
 const MyApp({Key? key}) : super(key: key);
 // This widget is the root of your application.
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
   return MaterialApp(
     home: Scaffold(
       appBar: AppBar(title: const Text("Contoh TextField")),
       body: const TextField(
         obscureText: false,
         decoration: InputDecoration(
           border: OutlineInputBorder(),
           labelText: 'Nama',
         ), // InputDecoration
       ) // TextField
     ), // Scaffold
   ); // MaterialApp
```

Android Emulator - Medium_Phone_API_36.0:5554

5:38 🛇 🖷

Contoh TextField

Nama

13. Membuat date and time pickers

```
Run | Debug | Profile
   void main() {
     runApp(const MyApp());
   class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
      const MyApp({Key? key}) : super(key: key);
     // This widget is the root of your application.
     @override
     Widget build(BuildContext context) {
        return MaterialApp(
           title: 'Contoh Date Picker',
           home: MyHomePage(title: 'Contoh Date Picker')
        ); // MaterialApp
class MyHomePage extends StatefulWidget {
 const MyHomePage({Key? key, required this.title}) : super(key: key);
 final String title;
 @override
 _MyHomePageState createState() => _MyHomePageState();
class _MyHomePageState extends State<MyHomePage> {
 // Variable/State untuk mengambil tanggal
 DateTime selectedDate = DateTime.now();
 Future<void> _selectDate(BuildContext context) async {
   // Initial DateTime FIinal Picked
   final DateTime? picked = await showDatePicker(
      context: context,
      initialDate: selectedDate,
      firstDate: DateTime(2015, 8),
      lastDate: DateTime(2101);
   if (picked != null && picked != selectedDate) {
    setState(() {
      selectedDate = picked;
 @override
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
```

```
appBar: AppBar(
   title: Text(widget.title),
  ), // AppBar
 body: Center(
     mainAxisSize: MainAxisSize.min,
     children: <Widget>[
        Text("${selectedDate.toLocal()}".split(' ')[0]),
        const SizedBox(
         height: 20.0,
        ElevatedButton(
         onPressed: () => {
           _selectDate(context),
           print(selectedDate.day + selectedDate.month + selectedDate.year)
         child: const Text('Pilih Tanggal'),
     ], // <Widget>[]
); // Scaffold
```

