Workshop 21-22
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Exam via Canvas Quiz

- This examination is worth 50% of your final mark
- Answer 5 out of any 7 questions.
 - Please note that only the first 5 questions will be marked.
- Each question carries 10 marks.
- The number in square brackets after each sub-question represents the marks allocated to it.
 - Be mindful of this!!!
- You are free to use the course materials and your laptop/PC in this exam but note that there is a 2-hour time window for the exam hence you should be mindful of the time spent using such materials.
- Bulleted answers are acceptable.
- The Quiz clock indicates the time left for the exam. This clock will continue to count down even if technical issues arise, e.g., you lose Internet connectivity.
- You may revisit/edit your exam answers throughout.

Exam via Canvas Quiz...ctd

- 17th June 3pm
- 18th June 7am (Alternative Exam Arrangements)
- Exam auto-saves the answers
- Will stop you editing once timer gets to 0:00
- Exam will not require equations or images to be uploaded
- Text based answers only

Question 1:

- A) Discuss the major trends in research and research computing over the last 20 years that have led to the emergence of Cloud computing. [6]
- B) How has the evolution of service-oriented architectures supported Cloud computing? [2]
- C) A HTTP method can be idempotent.
 - What is meant by this italicized term? [1]
 - Give an example of an idempotent ReST method. [1]

,	A) There have been many trends over the last 20 years
ŀ	B)
(C)

Question 2:

- A) Define Amdahl's law and discuss the challenges of its practical implementation. [2]
- B) The actual performance as experienced by users of shared-access HPC facilities such as the Edward cluster at the University of Melbourne can vary – where here performance can be considered as the throughput of jobs, i.e. from the time of first job submission to the time of last job completion.
 - Explain why this can happen. [2]
 - Explain how the Edward cluster has been set up to minimize this. [2]
 - Explain what users can do to optimize their throughput (use) of the Edward cluster. [2]
 - Describe some of the challenges with application benchmarking on HPC facilities. [2]

A)			
В)			

Question 3:

- A) Explain the consequences of Brewer's CAP theorem on distributed databases. [4]
- B) Describe which aspects of the CAP theorem are supported by the following database technologies:
 - non-SQL (unstructured) databases such as CouchDB. [2]
 - relational databases such as PostGreSQL. [2]
- C) Describe the advantages of <u>MapReduce</u> compared to other more traditional data processing approaches. [2]

A)			
В)			
C)			

Question 4:

- A) Compare and contrast Representational State Transfer (ReST) based web services and Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP)-based web services for implementing service-oriented architectures. [8]
- B) Explain the differences between <u>ReST</u>-based PUT and POST methods and explain when one should be used over another. [2]

A)		
A) B)		

Question 5:

- A) Explain what is meant by the following terms:
 - Virtual Machine Monitor/Hypervisor [1]
 - Full virtualization [1]
 - Para-virtualization [1]
 - Shadow page tables [1]
 - Explain how hardware virtualization and software virtualization can differ in their treatment of shadow page tables. [2]
 - Explain the advantages and disadvantages of virtual machines. [2]
 - Describe the typical steps that are required to support live migration of virtual machine instances using a Cloud facility such as the NeCTAR Research Cloud. [2]

A)		

Question 6:

- A) There are many open challenges in delivering secure Clouds. Describe some of the technical and non-technical issues that currently exist for development and delivery of security-oriented Clouds.
 [4]
- B) The Internet2 Shibboleth technology as currently supported by the Australia Access Federation provides federated authentication.
 - Explain what is meant by this italicized term and discuss the advantages and disadvantages
 of the Shibboleth approach for security. [3]
 - b. Why isn't Shibboleth used to access Cloud-based systems more generally? [3]

A)			
В)			

Question 7:

- A) Many research domains are facing "big data" challenges. Big data is not just related to the size of the data sets. Explain. [5]
- B) What capabilities are currently offered or will be required for Cloud Computing infrastructures such as the NeCTAR Research Cloud to tackle these "big data" challenges. [5] You may refer to specific research disciplines, e.g. life sciences, astrophysics, urban research (or others!) in your answer to part A) and B) of this question.

A)			
В)			

Feedback

- Too much tech?
- Not enough tech?
- More HPC?
- More hands-on Cloud?
- Assignments and team sizes?
- Software dev vs sys-admin skills?