

MATE 6110

Transmission Electron Microscopy

Objective:

To introduce the kinematical electron scattering theory, optics in TEM, diffraction contrast imaging of crystals containing defects, and dynamical electron diffraction effects. To introduce the concept of reciprocal space, basis for indexing electron diffraction patterns, and diffraction from twinned crystals. To introduce the theory, techniques and applications of high-resolution transmission electron microscopy (HRTEM) in materials research. To describe chemical microanalysis using EDS

Text: Functional and Smart Materials - structural evolution and structure analysis
by Z.L. Wang and Z.C. Kang (Plenum Press, 1997)

Reference book: Elastic and Inelastic Scattering in Electron Diffraction and Imaging
by Z.L. Wang (Plenum Press, 1997)

Home work 4 assignments

Exams Middle term and final

Grade 30% Home work
35% Middle term exam
35% Final exam

Content:

- 1) Introduction,
- 2) Interaction between electron and matter:
 - Single electron scattering model
 - Wave property of electron
 - Plane wave
 - Electron scattering by statistic potential
 - Electron scattering by a single atom
 - Kinematical diffraction from a single crystal
- 3) Reciprocal space
 - Definition
 - Miller index
 - Ewald sphere
 - Some mathematics for diffraction physics
 - Delta function
 - Fourier transform
 - Convolution
- 4) Optics in TEM
 - Electron gun
 - Lens

- Ray diagram of TEM
- Illumination system
- 5) Index diffraction patterns
 - Structure factor and extinction rules
 - Shape factor
 - Two methods to index the SAD patterns
 - Guess the zone axis $[uvw]$
 - Index the pattern, and then get the $[uvw]$
 - Camera length
 - Laue circles
 - Kikuchi patterns
 - Double diffraction
 - Convergent beam electron diffraction (CBED)
- 6) TEM diffraction contrast
 - Bright-field and dark-field images
 - Diffraction contrast
 - Kinematic diffraction from imperfect crystal
 - Special defects in crystals
 - Stacking faults
 - Dislocations
 - Thickness fringes
- 7) Sample preparation
 - Nanoparticles, nanowires/nanobelts
 - Planar-view sample preparation
 - Cross-section view sample preparation
 - Traditional polishing method
 - Ultramicrotome
 - FIB
- 8) Phase contrast
 - Phase object approximation (POA)
 - Abbe's imaging theory
 - Information transfer of optic system
 - Spherical aberration
 - Chromatical aberration
 - Defocus
 - Image resolution
 - The contrast transfer function
 - Scherzer defocus
 - Envelope function
 - Spread of focus
 - Beam convergence effect
 - Source coherence
- Diffractogram
- HRTEM image simulation
 - Dynamical scattering theory of image simulation
 - Multislice theory

- 9) TEM applications:
 - Characterization of nanoparticles
 - Surface structure determination by profile TEM images
 - Planar defects in nanomaterials
 - New phase identification
- 10) X-ray Energy-dispersive spectroscopy
 - Inelastic scattering
 - Principle of XEDS
 - Detectors
 - Energy resolution
 - Dead Time
 - Qualitative and quantitative XEDS
- 11) Electron energy-loss spectroscopy (EELS)
 - Zero loss
 - Plasmon
 - ELNES
 - EXELFS
- 12) Introduction on scanning transmission electron microscopy