NEW COURSE PROPOSAL

RADUATE Level I (Masters & Phd courses)	Level II (Phd courses)	UNDERGRADUATE X
HOOL, DEPARTMENT, COLLEGE:	ChBE, COE	DATE: January 14, 2015
1. Proposed Subject Code & Course N	lumber: 2. Hours: LECTURE 3 LA	B/RECITATION SEMESTER CREDIT 3
(Verify with Registrar's Office) ChBE 4	1759 Is this course repeatable for credit?	No.
	al Energy Storage and Conversion.	No
5. Descriptive Title. Dicetroenemics	in Energy Storage and Conversion.	
4. Recommended Abbreviation for Tra	anscript – (24 characters including spaces):	
FIFCTRO	C H E M S T O	DAGE
	<u> </u>	K A G E
5. Catalog Description -	(25 Words or fewer)	
fundamentals of alcotrophomistry of	udents interested in electrochemical s	storage and conversion, including the
fundamentals of electrochemistry a	nd practical battery and fuel cens.	
6. Preferred Grade Basis:	LG_X PFx Audit	x
Olever The defeated in the land	H 1 70411	
(Note: The default is all grade modes	s allowed. If this is not preferred for this co	ourse, please explain why that is the case.) This can be applied toward degree requirements.
class is major restricted to CFIBE studen	is only, and only classes with letter grades	can be applied toward degree requirements.
7. Prerequisites: (For graduate level co	ourses, Graduate Standing or Permission of	f Instructor is assumed) MSE 2001, and Senior
Class standing.	3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Prerequisites with concurrency:		
Composition		
Corequisites:		
8. Has the course been taught as a spec		chemical Energy Storage and Conversion
When F2014 (47 Students), F2015 (23		
9. Is this course equivalent to another	course (graduate or CHBE 4803 Electrochem. Energy Storage	P. Canyonian
10. For undergraduate courses, are you		& Conversion
	Science Ethics	Global Perspective
11. Expected Mode of Presentation:	MODE ©	% of COURSE
• Lecture	Lecture	95%
	Discussion	
	Seminar	
	Demonstration Other (Service)	5%
Lab/Recitation	Other (Specify)	
• Lab/Recitation	Supervised Unsupervised	
12. Planned Frequency of Offering:	TERM TO BE OFFERED	EXPECTED ENROLLMENT
. Z. Tramed Frequency of Criefing.	Fall: Fall each year	40
	Continue	
	Spring	
	Summer	
13 Probable Instructor(s) – Please mar	k with an asterisk any non-tenure track ind	lividuals
Professor Paul A. Kohl, Professor Thom		······································
	er courses, programs and curricula: The pur	
		ells and electrolyzers. It is related to the gradua
15. Required	l Engineering, however it focused on batter Elective X	ies and fuel cens.
16. Submit a course syllabus		
See Attached.		
17. Can the class count toward degree re		
IX IS this class restricted to Free Electiv	e onis// N()	

CHBE 4759 Electrochem Storage

ChBE 4759: Electrochemical Energy Storage and Conversion. (3 credit hour, senior-level elective)

Unit Instructor: Paul A. Kohl, <u>kohl@gatech.edu</u>, 404-894-2893 Additional Instructors: Thomas Fuller and Michael Filler

TextBook: "Electrochemistry and Electrochemical Engineering, An Introduction", Alan C. West, ISBN 978-147-007604-7

Grading: Exams (typically two in-class exams)- 40%, homework-20%, independent study project-10%, quizzes-5%, Final exam-25%.

Attendance: Attendance at all classes is expected. Periodic quizzes are given to encourage attendance.

Prerequisites: MSE 2001

Schedule Restriction: Senior class level required.

Background: ChBE 4759 is an elective class for senior-level undergraduate students in ChBE and other engineering disciplines. The course was developed from the content of the graduate course ChBE 6130, Electrochemical Engineering. Its creation was motivated by the interest in the energy storage and conversion among the ChBE undergraduates. ChBE 4759 has been offered twice as an elective course (ChBE 4803) in Fall 2014 and Fall 2015 for a total enrollment of 70 students. The students rated the "Overall Effectiveness" on CETL survey at 4.6 (2014) and 4.9 (2015). The written comments from the students were very positive with no significant deficiencies identified.

ChBE wishes to offer this course on an annual basis as a senior-level elective. Students from two other Schools, ME and MSE, have enrolled in this course.

Course Purpose and Description: Energy is a fundamental issue facing society world-wide. Electrochemical devices play an important role in energy storage and conversion, especially at certain power-levels. The scope of applications include: (i) small, mobile electronic systems (e.g. phones and computers), (ii) large power sources for transportation (e.g. electric vehicles), and (iii) very large, grid-storage devices. Evolving renewable energy sources have a critical dependence on electrochemical energy storage. The hydrogen economy depends on electrochemical devices for hydrogen production (i.e. electrolyzers) and conversion (i.e. fuel cells).

The course is appropriate for students interested in the general topic of energy and more specifically electrochemical devices used to store or convert energy from one for to another. Senior-level engineering students with a background in thermodynamics and transport are qualified to take the course. The ChBE prerequisites are for the students to have completed their required courses in these three areas.

Learning Objectives: Upon completion of this course, the students are expected to have the following knowledge.

- 1. Understand how thermodynamics, kinetics and mass transport apply to electrochemical devices.
- 2. Understand the effect of temperature on Gibbs energy and entropy, and how that applies to electrochemical systems.
- 3. Understand the nature of the energized electrode and double layers.
- 4. Understand the two-electrode/electrolyte nature of electrochemical devices.
- 5. Understand the specific construction of several battery and fuel cell systems.
- 6. Understand how the performance of specific battery and fuel cell systems derives from fundamental thermodynamic, kinetic and transport principles.
- 7. Understand battery and fuel cell charge/discharge and efficiency characteristics.
- 8. Understand the fundamental issues and practical outcomes of safety in battery, fuel cell and electrolyzer systems.

Course Syllabus: All electrochemical devices (e.g. batteries, fuel cells and electrolyzers) are based on fundamental electrochemical principles. These electrochemical principles are derived from (i) thermodynamics, (ii) kinetics, and (iii) mass transport. In the first half of the course, the students learn the 'fundamentals of electrochemistry'. This involves applying their previous knowledge of thermodynamics, kinetics and transport to electrochemical systems. In the second half of the course, the fundamental of electrochemistry are applied to specific battery, fuel cell and electrolyzer systems. Practical aspects of these systems, such as manufacturing methods, performance metrics, safety, and wear-out mechanisms are also presented.

The students have the opportunity to explore aspects of electrochemical systems of particular interest to them in more depth. An independent study project is assigned where students acquire more depth on a particular aspect of their choosing. All reports are shared with the full class. Some of the homework assignments call for the analysis of battery performance. In some cases, real data on current batteries is collected by the students and used as the basis for the analysis. The application areas include an historical perspective and future-prospects discussion. Select reading from specialized reference books, text books and journal papers are assigned to supplement the textbook.

Academic Integrity:

Academic dishonesty will not be tolerated. This includes cheating, lying about course matters, plagiarism, or helping others commit a violation of the Honor Code. Some exams (when specifically announced in class) allow the use of self-prepared supporting information (one sheet of paper, either typed or handwritten, could be double-sided); no other support materials are allowed at tests. Plagiarism includes reproducing the words of others without both the use of quotation marks and citation. Students are reminded of the obligations and expectations associated with the Georgia Tech Academic Honor Code and Student Code of Conduct, available online at www.honor.gatech.edu.

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Learning Accommodations:

If needed, we will make classroom accommodations for students with documented disabilities. These accommodations must be arranged in advance and in accordance with the ADAPTS office (http://www.adapts.gatech.edu).

Schedule of Topics:

- Week 1: The course begins with a survey of our energy needs, world-wide distribution, and the role of different energy conversion and storage devices, including electrochemical technologies. It is shown how all electrochemical devices are based on fundamental thermodynamic, kinetic and mass transfer concepts.
- Week 2: Fundamental thermodynamic concepts are developed and applied to electrochemical systems. This includes the development of electrochemical potentials, and the effect of temperature on the Gibbs Energy and entropy of the system.
- Week 3: Thermodynamic concepts are expanded to include the use of Poisson's Equations and the conditions for equilibrium, the Nernst Equation.
- Week 4: The conditions for equilibrium are expanded to include junction potentials, which are the basis for many sensors including pH and ion selective electrodes.
- Week 5: Fundamental concepts in chemical kinetics are developed for electrochemical processes. Kinetic concepts are used to develop rate equations and the basic current-voltage behavior for electrochemical events.
- Week 6: Fundamental concepts in mass transport are applied to electrochemical systems. The concepts of diffusion, migration, and convection are developed for charged and uncharged species in electrochemical systems.
- Week 7: Specific cases of binary electrolytes are used to understand the effect of mass transport and concentration gradients in batteries and fuel cells.
- Week 8: The thermodynamic, kinetic and mass transfer concepts are brought together and used to describe the charge/discharge behavior of batteries. The effect of surface area, electrode thickness and temperature are explored. Homework assignments include analysis of charge and discharge curves with some data collected in-class.
- Week 9: The technology, manufacturing methods, and metrics for specific primary batteries are described.
- Week 10: The technology for primary batteries is completed and used to introduce secondary batteries. Nickel-based secondary battery technology is discussed.
- Week 11: The technology of lead-acid batteries is presented using the thermodynamic, kinetic and mass transfer concepts developed earlier in the course.

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- Week 12: The theory of porous electrodes is developed and applied to lithium-ion technology. The manufacturing methods and metrics of lithium-ion technology are presented.
- Week 13: The concept of the fuel cell and electrolyzer are introduced. Concepts in thermodynamics, kinetics and mass transfer are used to understand the particular performance aspects of fuel cells.
- Week 14: The technology and performance of alkaline, molten carbonate, and solid oxide fuel cells are presented.
- Week 15: The technology and performance of polymer membrane fuel cells are presented.

ChBE 4803 Electrochemical Energy Storage and Conversion: Fall 2015 Book: Electrochemistry and Electrochemical Engineering, Alan C. West MWF 8 AM, EST L1125

Week#	Class	Topic
1: 8/17/15	1	Introduction, What is energy
	2	World energy use, renewables
	3	Battery and fuel cell basics
2: 8/24/15	4	The electrochemical series for elements and compounds
	5	Thermodynamics and Nernst Equation
	6	Battery Characteristics
3: 8/31/15	7	Charge, Field, Potential: Poisson's Equation
	8	Gibbs Energy and equilibrium
	9	Poisson Equation applied to battery charge/discharge
4: 9/7/15		Holiday
	10	Chemical potential derivation of the Nernst Equation
	11	Electrochemical potentials applied to chemical equilibrium
5: 9/14/15	12	Junction potentials and sensors
	13	Homogeneous chemical kinetics
	14	Heterogeneous chemical kinetics and Butler Volmer Equation
6: 9/21/15	15	Linear kinetics and the Tafel Equation
317727	16	Mass Transfer in electrochemical systems
	17	Diffusion in potential step and voltammetry experiments
7: 9/28/15	18	Transference number
, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	19	Binary electrolyte & copper electrolysis example
	20	Binary electrolyte and lithium-ion example
8: 10/5/15	21	Battery charge/discharge characteristics
	22	Battery current-voltage behavior
	23	Battery capacity and temperature effects
9: 10/12/15		Holiday
<u> </u>	24	Battery metrics: rate capacity, temperature and aging
-	25	Primary batteries: overview of technology systems
10: 10/19/15	26	Primary batteries: performance metrics
	27	Future primary batteries and the air-cathode
	28	NiCd and NiMH systems: overview of technology systems
11: 10/26/15	29	NiCd and NiMH: performance metrics
	30	Secondary batteries and lead-acid
	31	Lead-acid: technology, metrics, safety and lifetime
12: 11/2/15	32	Wagner number
	33	Porous electrode theory
	34	Porous electrode theory applied to batteries and fuel cells
13: 11/9/15	35	No Class
	36	Lithium-ion systems and the use of porous electrodes
	37	Lithium-ion: overview of technology systems
14: 11/16/15	38	Lithium-ion: metrics, performance, and safety

	39	Introduce to fuel cells: equations and performance	
	40	Alkaline, molten carbonate, and solid oxide systems	
15: 11/23/15	41	Alkaline, molten carbonate, and solid oxide: metrics and safety	
	·	Holiday	
	"	Holiday	
16: 11/30/15	42	Polymer electrolyte fuel cells: technology	
	43	Polymer electrolyte fuel cells: metrics and performance	
	44	Future fuel cell systems, efficiency and safety	
Final Exam		Monday December 7 @ 8:00 AM	
Holiday		September 7	
Holiday		October 10-13	
Holiday		November 25-27	
TA		Khaldoon Abu-Hakmeh, khaldoon@gatech.edu	
Instructor		Bunger Henry 384, 4-2893, kohl@gatech.edu	

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