ISYE 3770 - Statistics and Applications

Catalog Description: Introduction to probability, probability distributions, point estimation, confidence intervals, hypothesis testing, linear regression, and analysis of variance. Cross-listed with MATH 3770 and CEE 3770.

Hours 3-0-3 (Lecture-Lab-Total Credit Hours)

Prerequisite(s): MATH 2401 or MATH 2411 or MATH 24x1; for CS majors: MATH 2605

Texts: one of

- 1. Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists (with CD-ROM) by Anthony J. Hayter, Duxbury Press; 3 edition,
- 2. W. W. Hines, D. C. Montgomery, D. Goldsman, and C. Borror, Probability and Statistics in Engineering, 4th Edition, 2003, John Wiley and Sons.

Objective: Provide an introduction to probability and statistics, emphasizing applications in science and engineering.

Topical Outline:

- 1. Probability Introduction
- 2. Random Variables
- 3. Discrete Distributions
- 4. Continuous Distributions
- 5. Normal Distribution
- 6. Descriptive Statistics
- 7. Point Estimation
- 8. Confidence Intervals
- 9. Hypothesis Testing
- 10. Discrete Data Analysis
- 11. Analysis of Variance
- 12. Simple Linear Regression
- 13. Multiple Linear Regression
- 14. Experimental Design & Analysis of Variance

Outcomes and their relationships to ISyE Program Outcomes

- Estimate parameters of distributions
- Assess risks in decisions, concerning long term performance, based on sample data
- Select proper statistical techniques for statistical decision making based on the type of data available
- Use statistical software to conduct analyses and interpret output
- Draw sound statistical conclusions from experiments and observational studies

Course outcome \ Program Outcomes	a. apply math	b. data	c. IE method	d. team	e. problem solving	f. prof/ and ethical responsibilities	g. communication	h. global, eco, envi and soc context	i. continue to improve	j. current issues	k. participate in an organization
Analyze and display sampling data	Н	Н									
Draw conclusions	Н	Н									
Use proper statistical techniques		M					M				
Use computer to		Н									

- H, M and L denote high, moderate and low relationships.
- Team project are sometimes conducted

Evaluation of the important outcomes:

Three or more important outcomes will be evaluated from direct questions in the Final exam:

- 1. Students should be able to analyze and display sampling data, evaluate statistics, and estimate distribution parameters;
- 2. Students should be able to draw conclusions about population parameters from experimental data by using proper statistical techniques.
- 3. Students should be able to use proper statistical techniques (namely hypothesis testing) to draw sound statistical conclusions.