

Indigenous to South Africa and grown in all regions of North America, the African Daisy blooms annually in various shades of white, yellow, and orange. They close up at night, when in shade and during cloudy weather. This flower prefers bright sun and well-drained soil.

Height: 12 – 18 inches

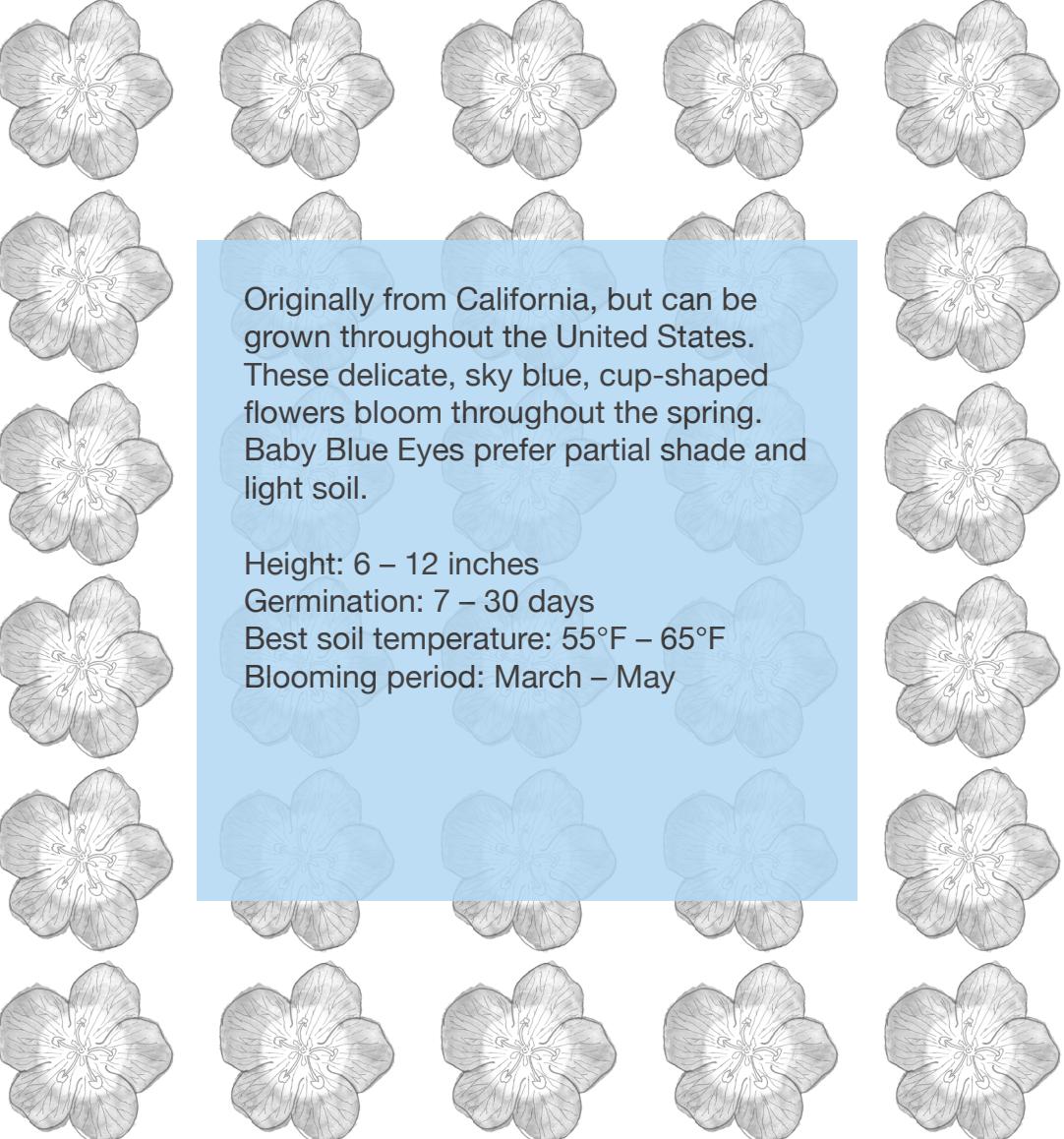
Germination: 10 – 30 days

Best soil temperature: 60°F – 70°F

Blooming period: April – August



African Daisy  
*Dimorphotheca aurantiaca*



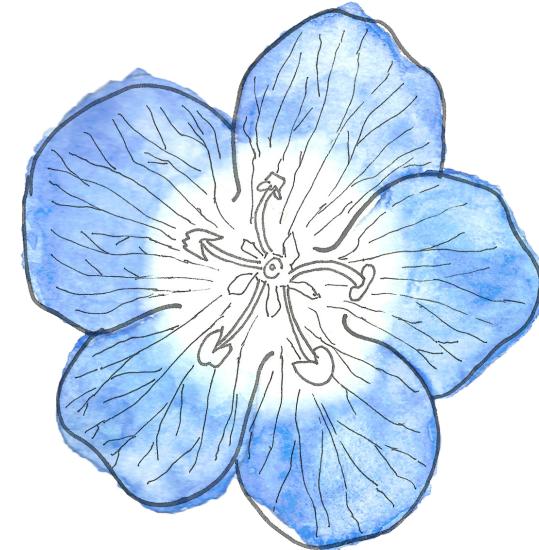
Originally from California, but can be grown throughout the United States. These delicate, sky blue, cup-shaped flowers bloom throughout the spring. Baby Blue Eyes prefer partial shade and light soil.

Height: 6 – 12 inches

Germination: 7 – 30 days

Best soil temperature: 55°F – 65°F

Blooming period: March – May



Baby Blue Eyes  
*Nemophila menziesii*



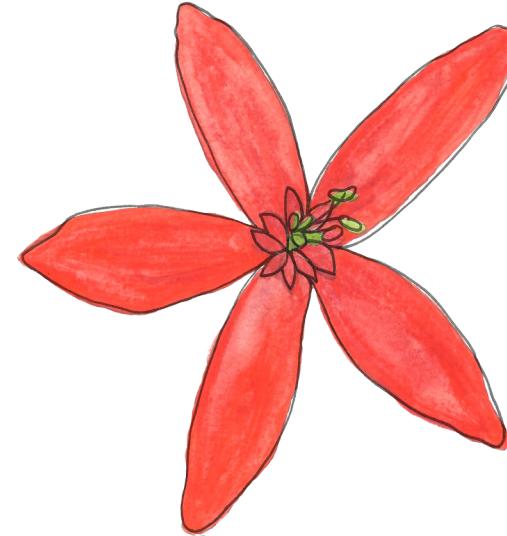
A native to Missouri and central United States, this bright scarlet wildflower blooms in clusters. This specific catchfly is called Royal Catchfly. Its sticky calyx can catch insects, hence the name Catchfly. They prefer full sun to partial shade and well-drained soil.

Height: 3 – 4 feet

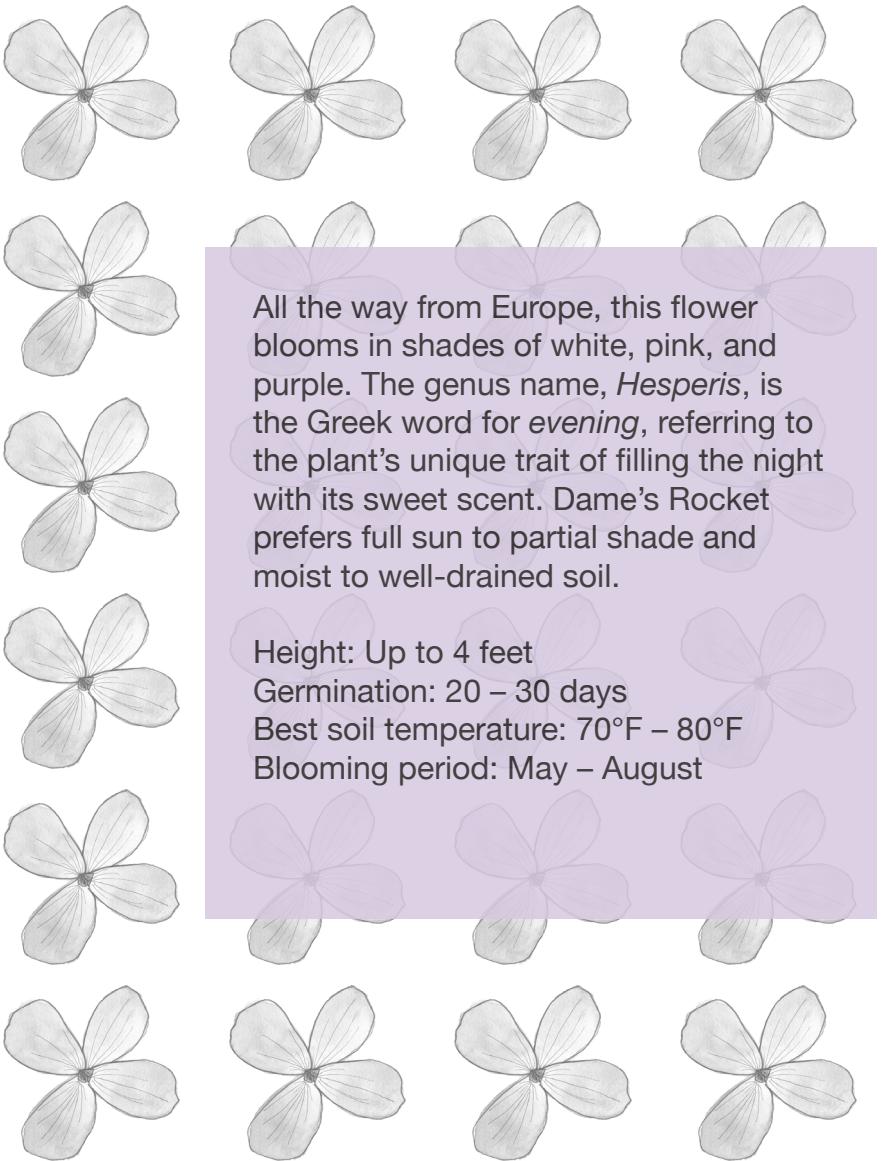
Germination: 15 – 25 days

Best soil temperature: 70°F

Blooming period: July – August



(Royal) Catchfly  
*Silene regia*



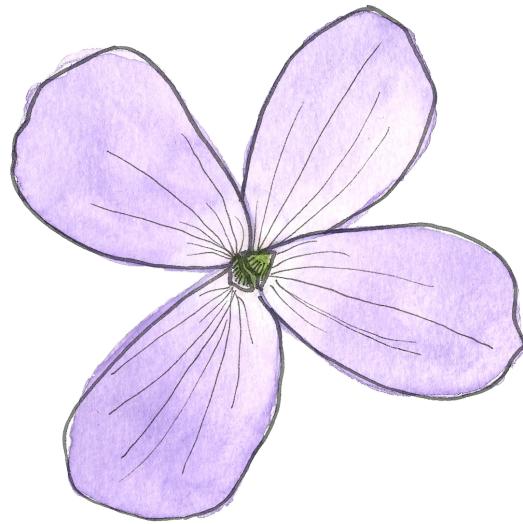
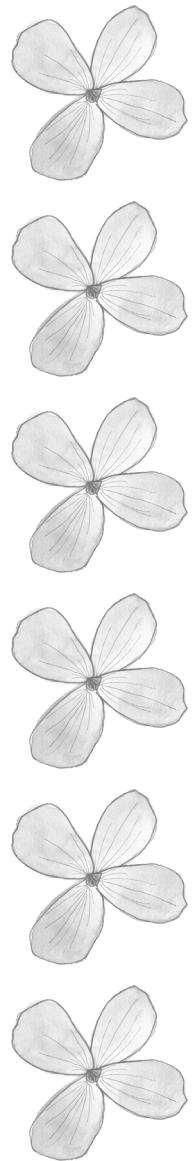
All the way from Europe, this flower blooms in shades of white, pink, and purple. The genus name, *Hesperis*, is the Greek word for evening, referring to the plant's unique trait of filling the night with its sweet scent. Dame's Rocket prefers full sun to partial shade and moist to well-drained soil.

Height: Up to 4 feet

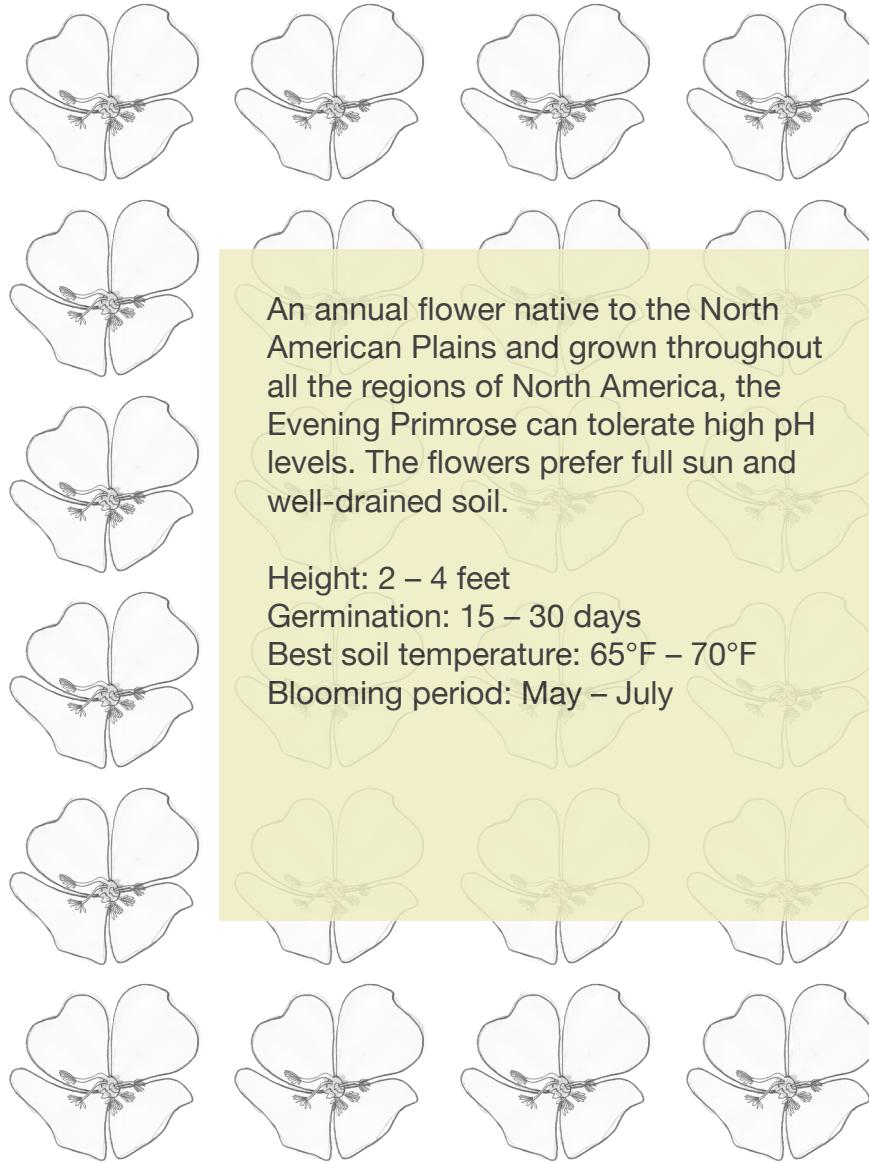
Germination: 20 – 30 days

Best soil temperature: 70°F – 80°F

Blooming period: May – August



Dame's Rocket  
*Hesperis matronalis*



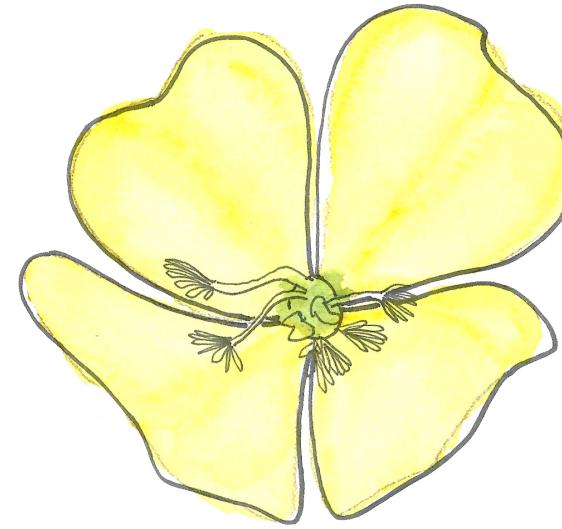
An annual flower native to the North American Plains and grown throughout all the regions of North America, the Evening Primrose can tolerate high pH levels. The flowers prefer full sun and well-drained soil.

Height: 2 – 4 feet

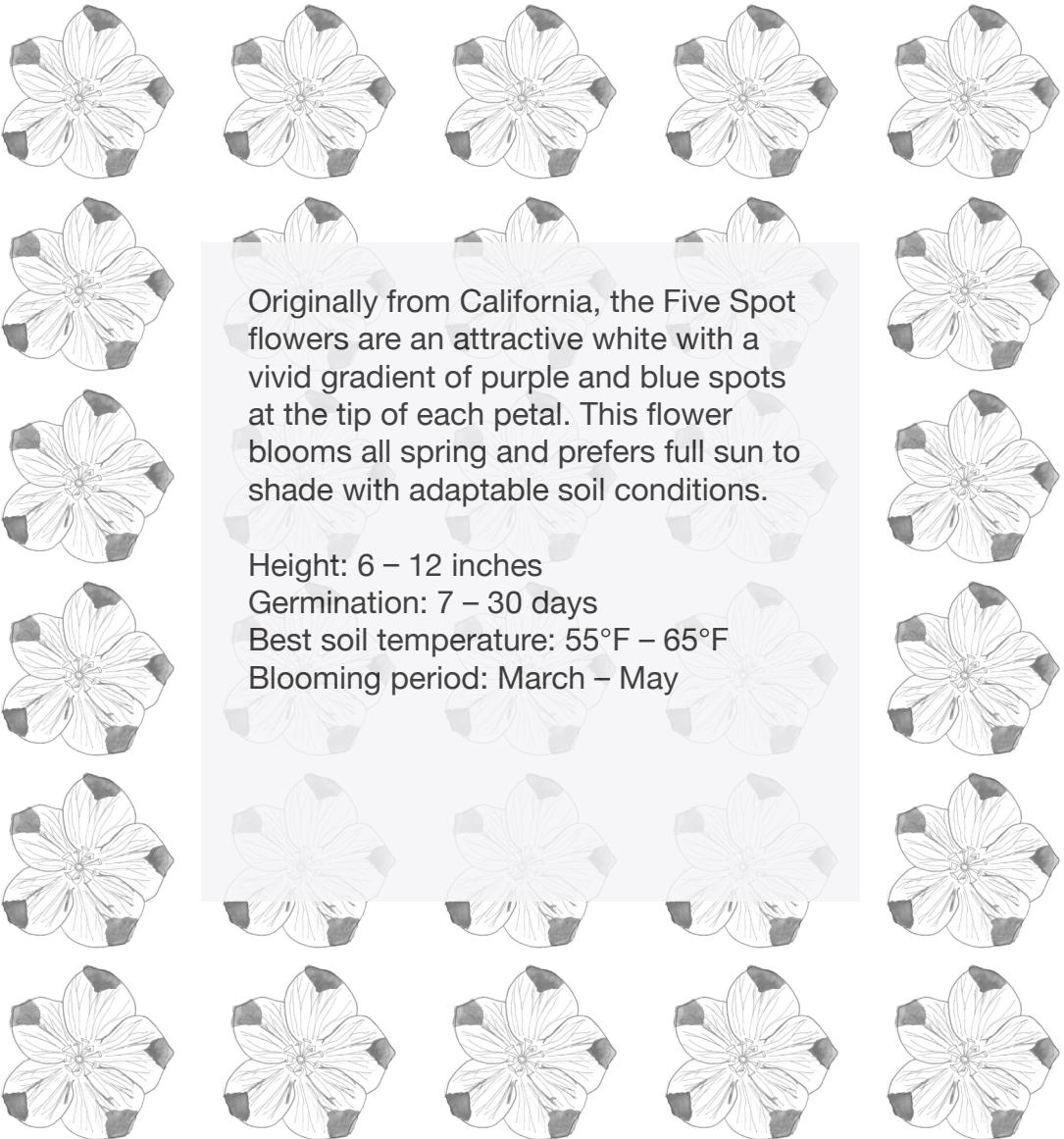
Germination: 15 – 30 days

Best soil temperature: 65°F – 70°F

Blooming period: May – July



Evening Primrose  
*Oenothera lamarckiana*



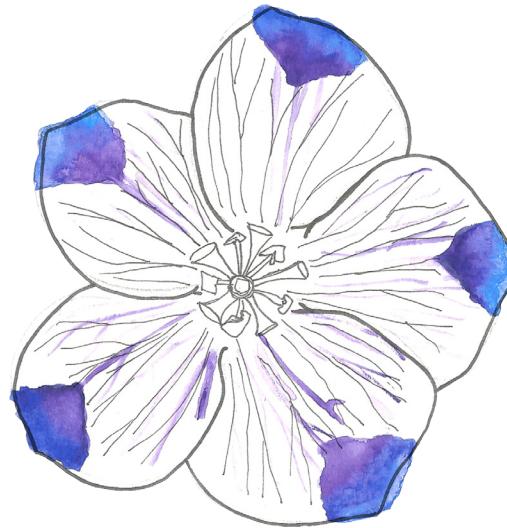
Originally from California, the Five Spot flowers are an attractive white with a vivid gradient of purple and blue spots at the tip of each petal. This flower blooms all spring and prefers full sun to shade with adaptable soil conditions.

Height: 6 – 12 inches

Germination: 7 – 30 days

Best soil temperature: 55°F – 65°F

Blooming period: March – May



Five Spot  
*Nemophila maculata*

From the Pacific Coast and naturalized to all the regions of North America, these clover-like flowers are violet blue in color. Globe Gilia prefers full sun to partial shade and are adaptable to any soil conditions.

Height: Up to 1 foot

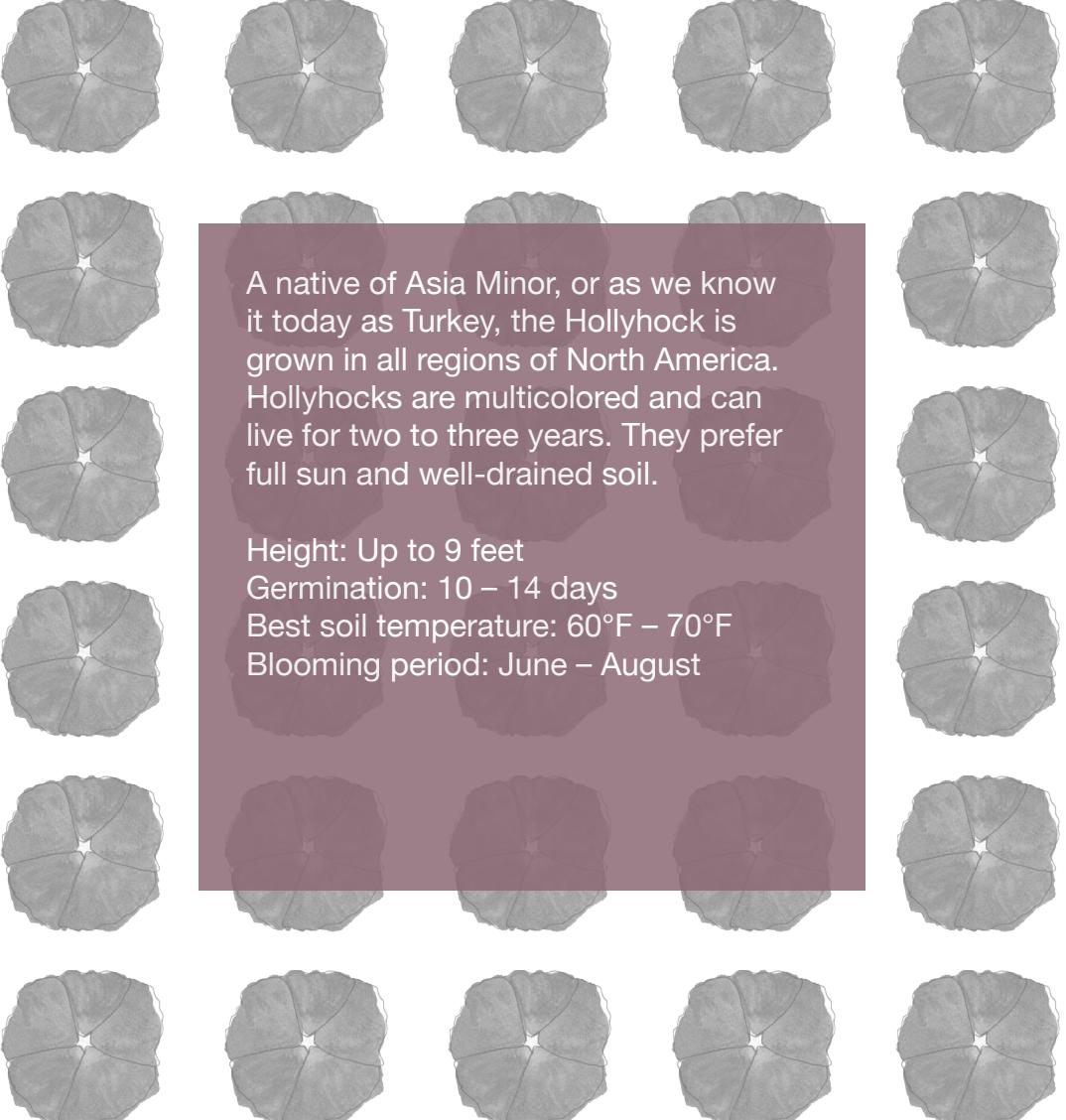
Germination: 15 – 21 days

Best soil temperature: 70°F

Blooming period: April – July



Globe Gilia  
*Gilia capitata*



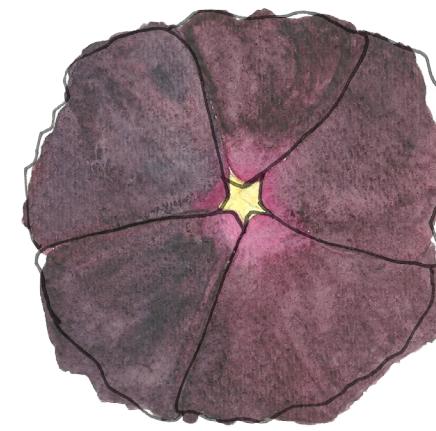
A native of Asia Minor, or as we know it today as Turkey, the Hollyhock is grown in all regions of North America. Hollyhocks are multicolored and can live for two to three years. They prefer full sun and well-drained soil.

Height: Up to 9 feet

Germination: 10 – 14 days

Best soil temperature: 60°F – 70°F

Blooming period: June – August



Hollyhock  
*Alcea rosea*

Indian Blanket flowers can be found in most of North America and can be grown in all regions. Its pinwheel shaped flowers bloom in bold red with a yellow rim. This flower prefers full sun and well-drained soil, but is also adaptable to some other soil conditions.

Height: 1.5 – 2 feet

Germination: 15 – 45 days

Best soil temperature: 70°F – 75°F

Blooming period: May – September



Indian Blanket  
*Gaillardia pulchella*

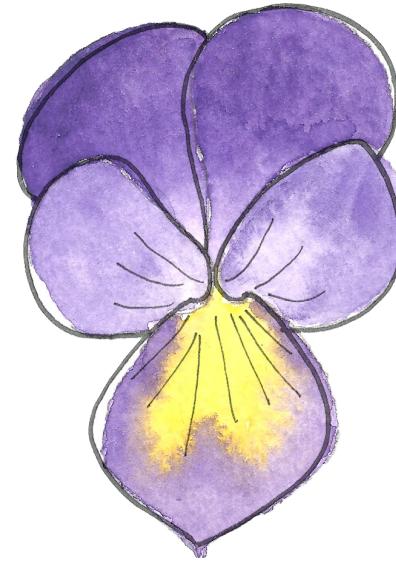
Native to the mountains of Spain and France and naturalized to all regions of North America, these bright purple, yellow, and white flowers bloom annually. Johnny Jump-Ups prefer full sun to partial shade and rich soil to well-drained soil.

Height: 7 – 10 inches

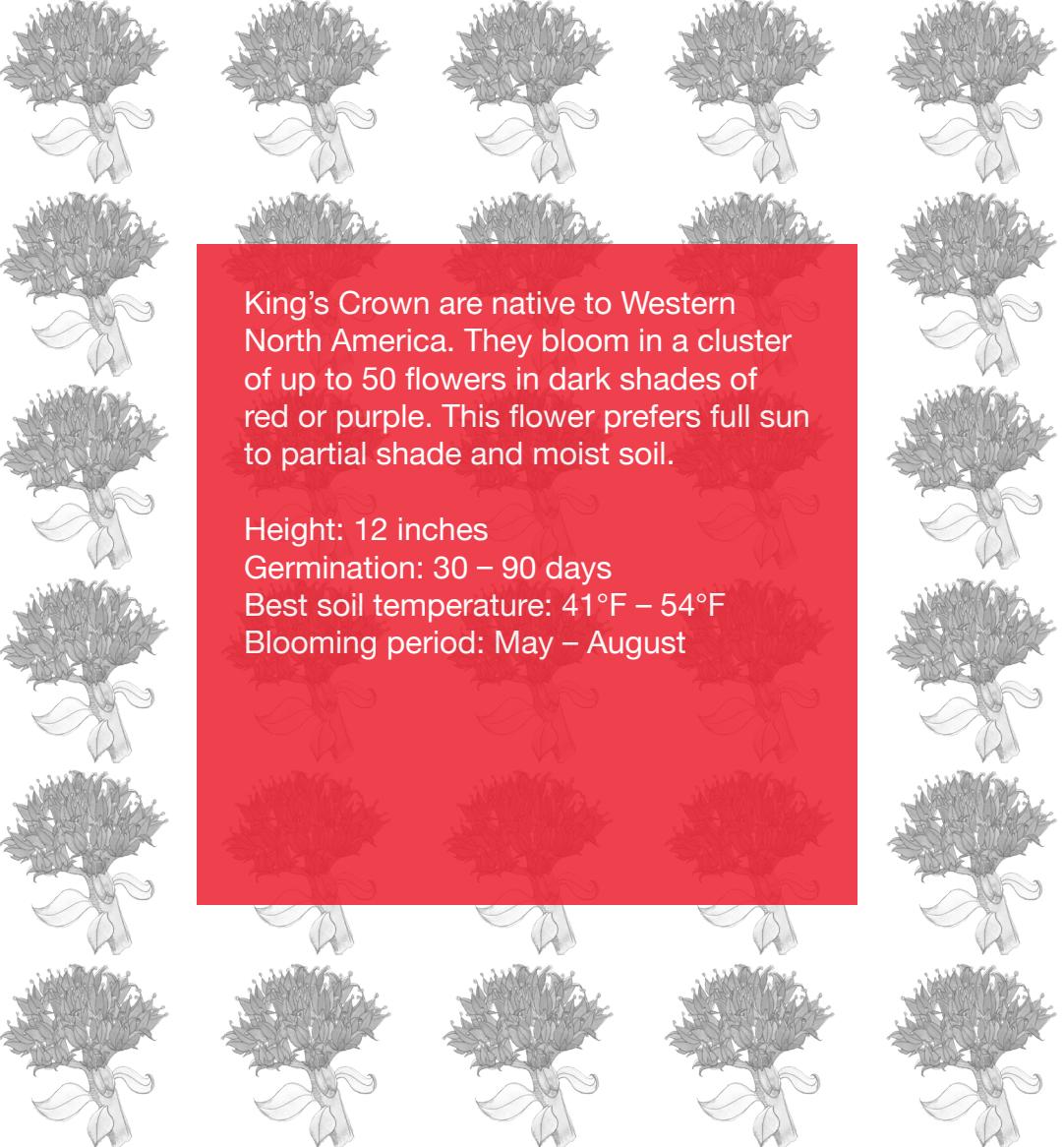
Germination: 14 – 21 days

Best soil temperature: 65°F – 75°F

Blooming period: March – August



Johnny Jump-Up  
*Viola cornuta*



King's Crown are native to Western North America. They bloom in a cluster of up to 50 flowers in dark shades of red or purple. This flower prefers full sun to partial shade and moist soil.

Height: 12 inches

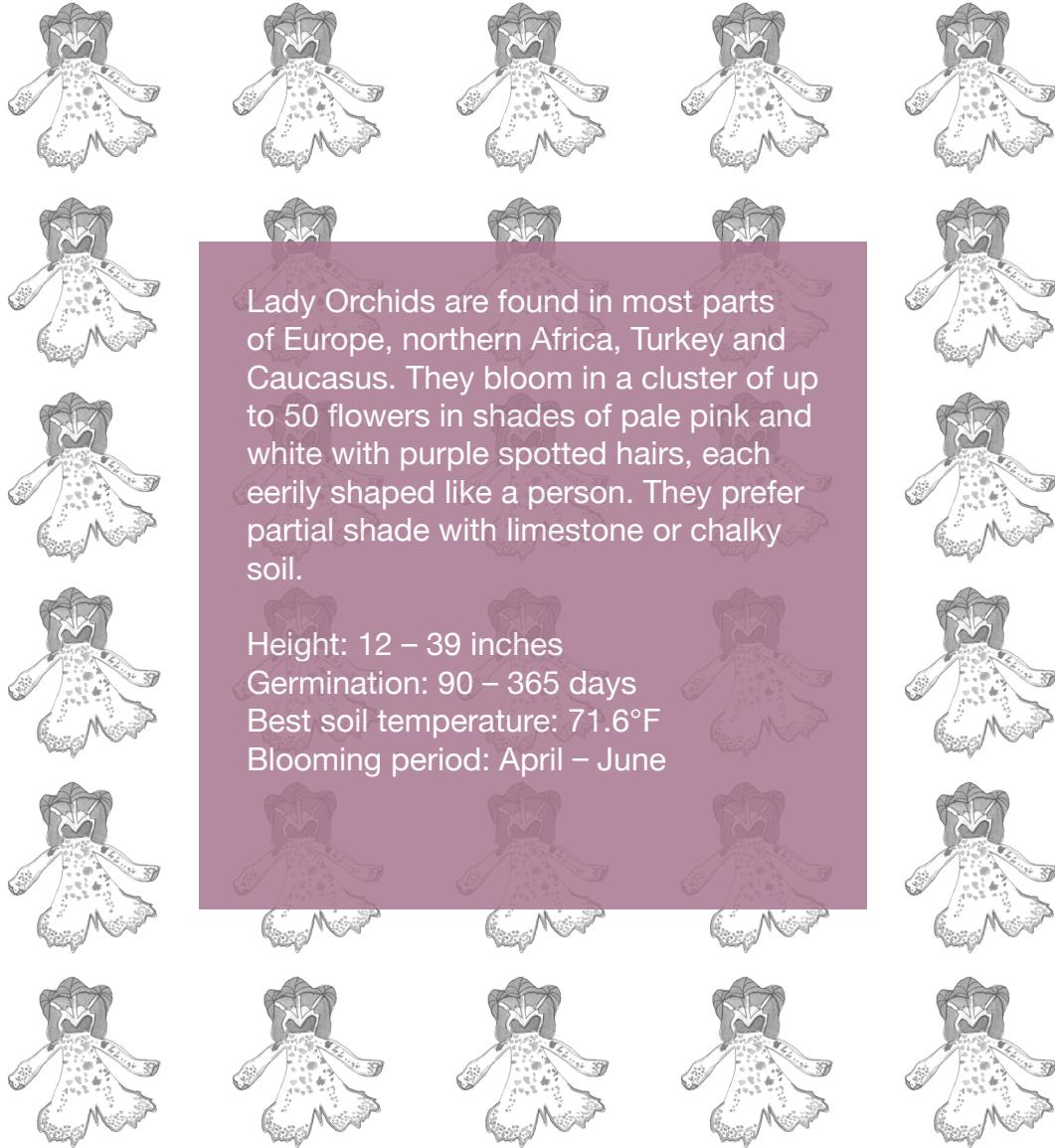
Germination: 30 – 90 days

Best soil temperature: 41°F – 54°F

Blooming period: May – August



King's Crown  
*Rhodiola integrifolia*



Lady Orchids are found in most parts of Europe, northern Africa, Turkey and Caucasus. They bloom in a cluster of up to 50 flowers in shades of pale pink and white with purple spotted hairs, each eerily shaped like a person. They prefer partial shade with limestone or chalky soil.

Height: 12 – 39 inches

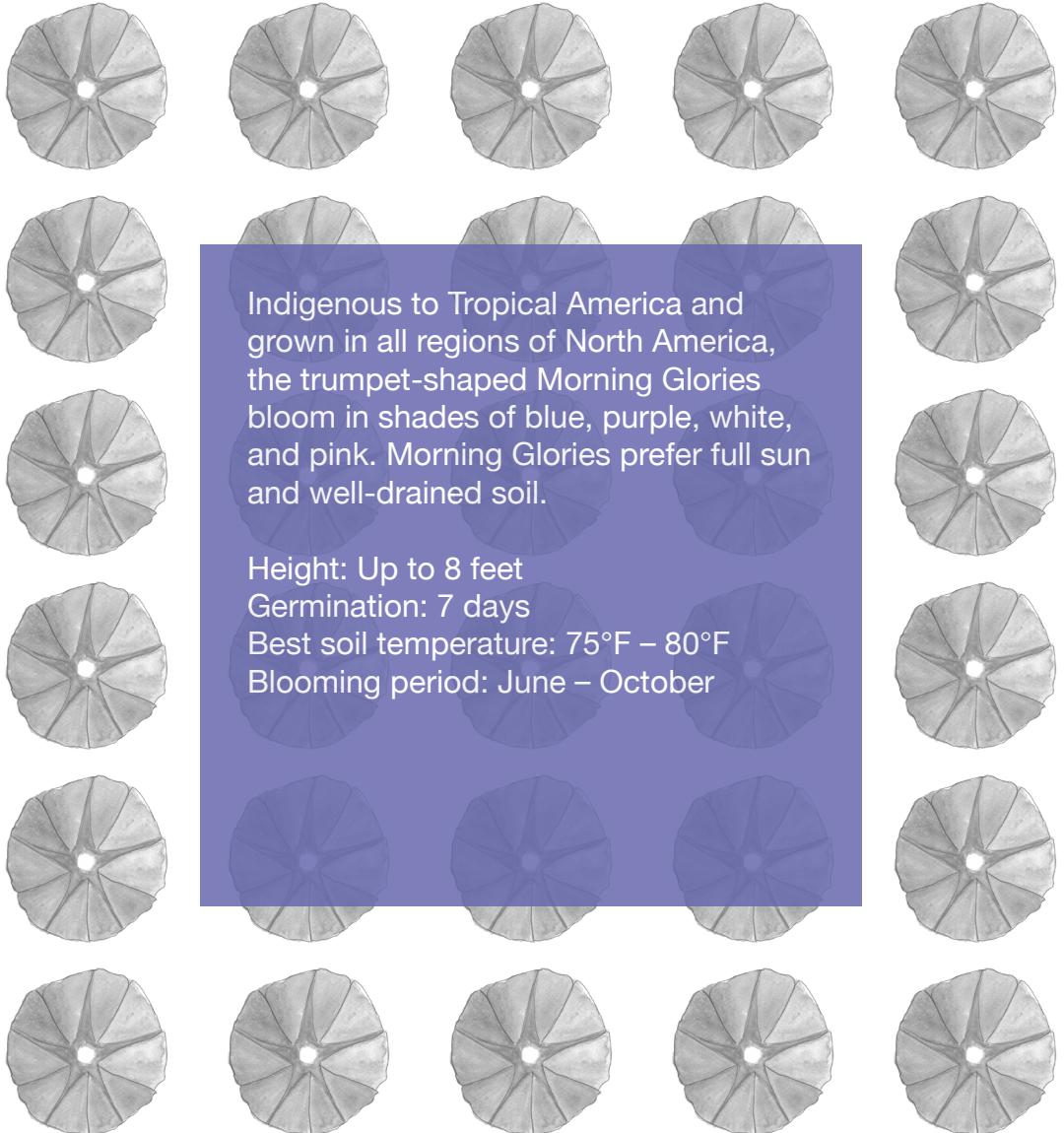
Germination: 90 – 365 days

Best soil temperature: 71.6°F

Blooming period: April – June



Lady Orchid  
*Orchis purpurea*



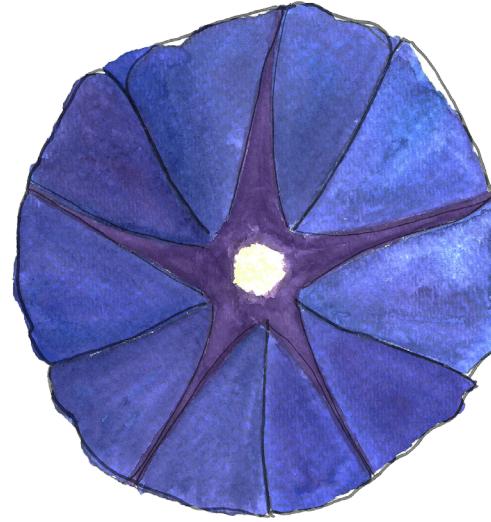
Indigenous to Tropical America and grown in all regions of North America, the trumpet-shaped Morning Glories bloom in shades of blue, purple, white, and pink. Morning Glories prefer full sun and well-drained soil.

Height: Up to 8 feet

Germination: 7 days

Best soil temperature: 75°F – 80°F

Blooming period: June – October



Morning Glory  
*Ipomoea purpurea*



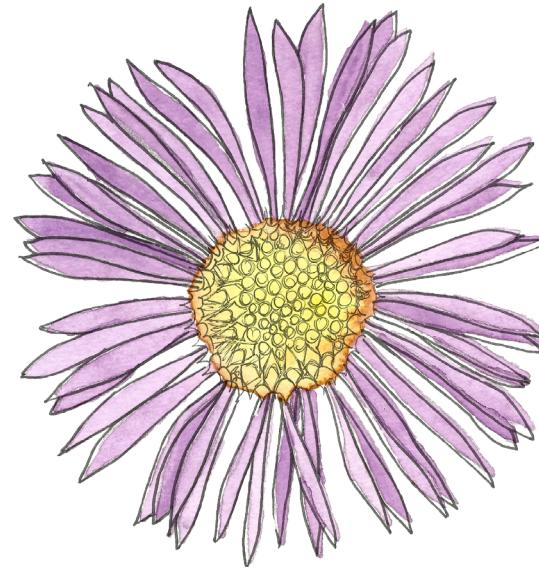
Native to Eastern and Midwestern North America yet grown in all regions of the United States, the New England Aster blooms into shades of light purple to deep purple with yellow centers. This flower prefers full sun, well-drained and non-acidic soils.

Height: 2 – 6 feet

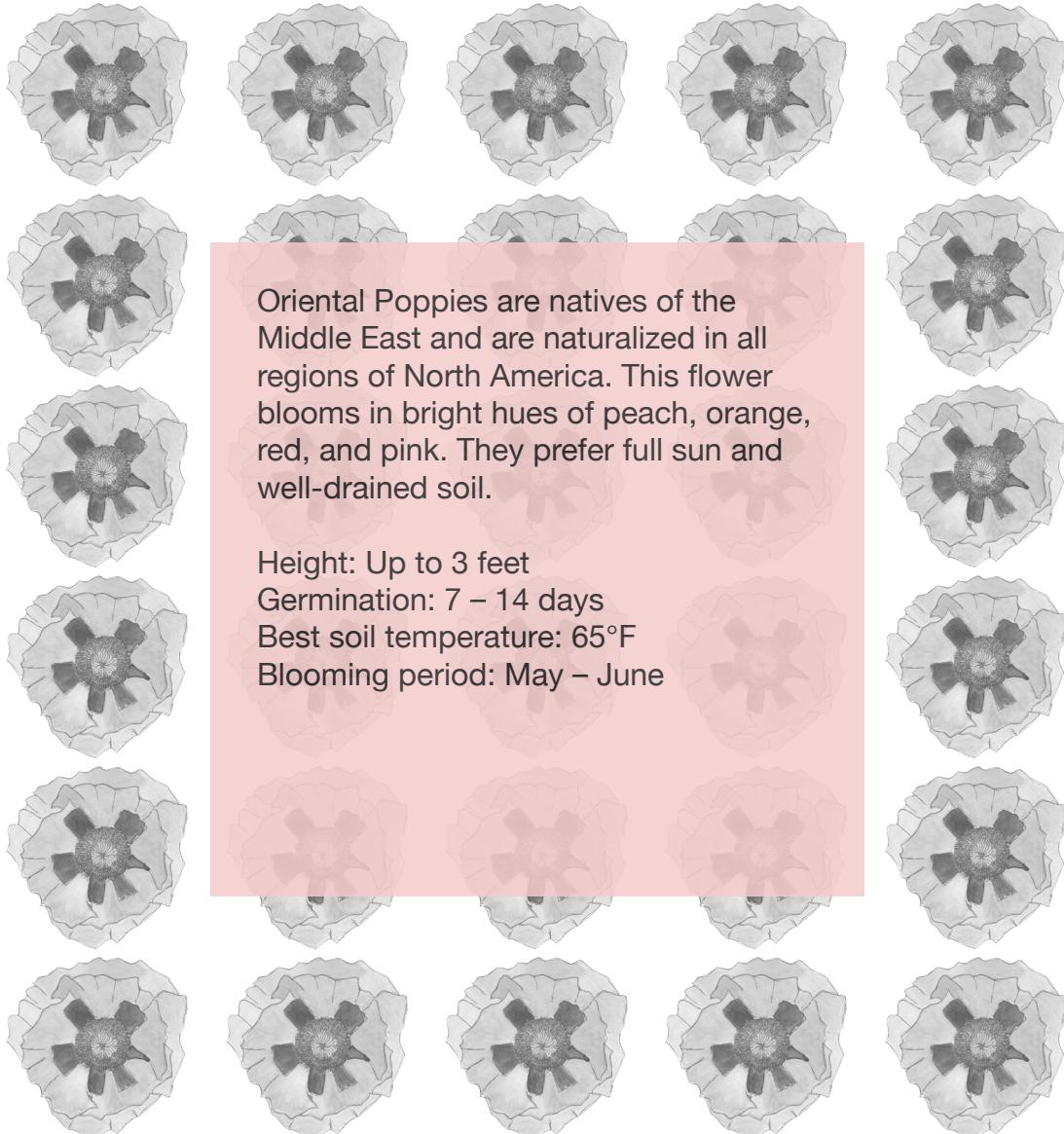
Germination: 21 – 45 days

Best soil temperature: 65°F – 75°F

Blooming period: August – October



New England Aster  
*Aster novae-angliae*



Oriental Poppies are natives of the Middle East and are naturalized in all regions of North America. This flower blooms in bright hues of peach, orange, red, and pink. They prefer full sun and well-drained soil.

Height: Up to 3 feet

Germination: 7 – 14 days

Best soil temperature: 65°F

Blooming period: May – June



Oriental Poppy  
*Papaver orientale*



A native of the central region of the United States, Pale Coneflowers bloom in shades of pale purple or pink. Its genus name, *Echinacea*, comes from the Greek word *echinos*, meaning hedgehog, because of the spiky center cone. They prefer full sun and are adaptable to any soil conditions.

Height: Up to 3 feet

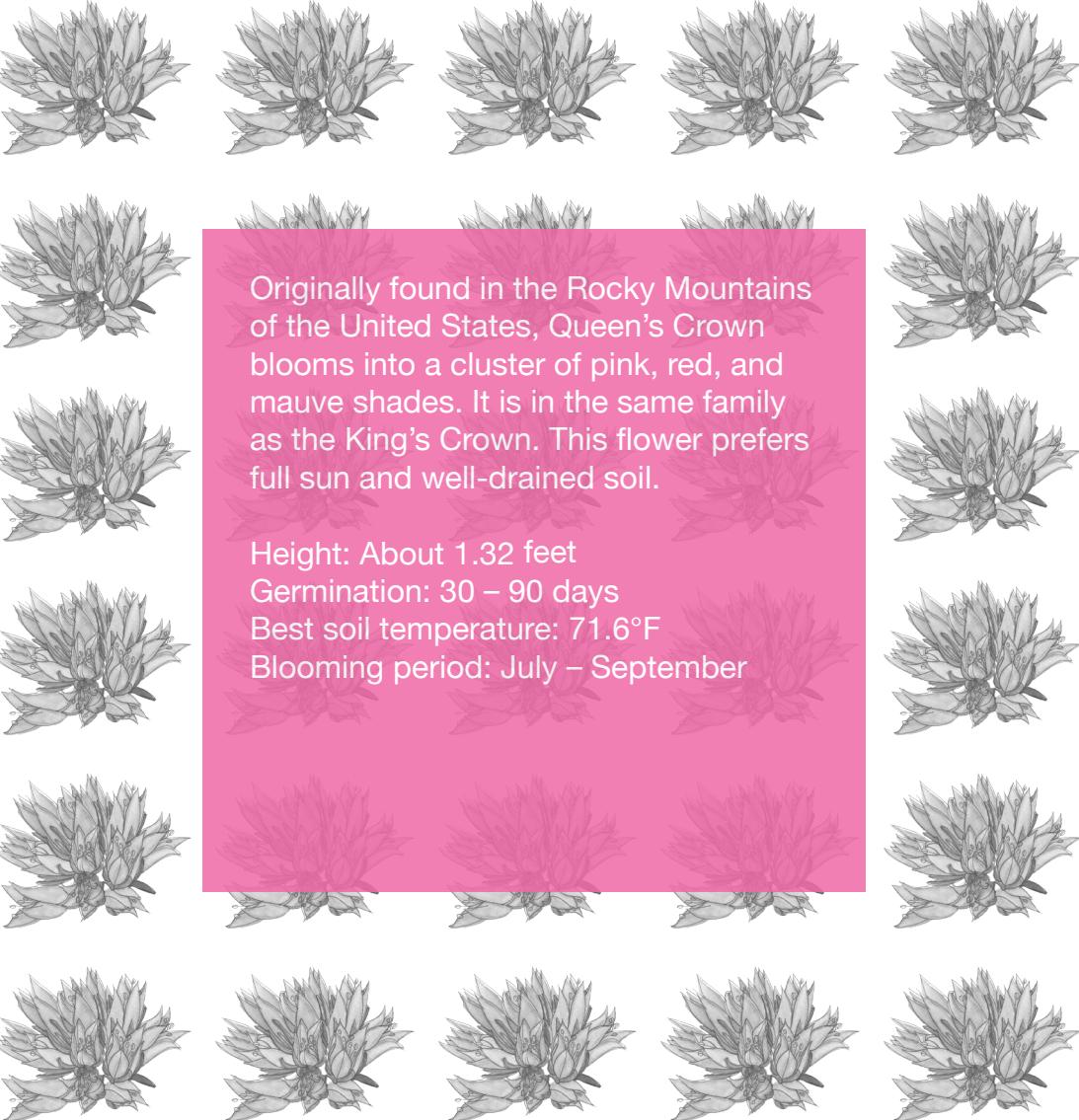
Germination: 7 – 14 days

Best soil temperature: 65°F

Blooming period: June – July



Pale Coneflower  
*Echinacea pallida*



Originally found in the Rocky Mountains of the United States, Queen's Crown blooms into a cluster of pink, red, and mauve shades. It is in the same family as the King's Crown. This flower prefers full sun and well-drained soil.

Height: About 1.32 feet

Germination: 30 – 90 days

Best soil temperature: 71.6°F

Blooming period: July – September



Queen's Crown  
*Clematis rhodantha*

Rocky Mountain Beeplant is native to the West Coast of the United States. It contains a large flowerhead of smaller flowers. Their podlike fruits slowly bloom in shades of purplish pink with drooping long stalks. Rocky Mountain Beeplants prefer full sun and can adapt to any soil conditions.

Height: Up to 5 feet

Germination: 30 – 35 days

Best soil temperature: 65°F

Blooming period: July – August



Rocky Mountain Beeplant  
*Cleome serrulata*



Originating in Europe and found in small areas of the northeastern part of the United States, this thistle like wildflower blossoms in purple and pink shades with saw-toothed leaves. Saw-worts prefer full sun and moist soil.

Height: Up to 3.3 feet

Germination: 3 – 4 weeks

Best soil temperature: 68°F

Blooming period: July – September



Saw-wort  
*Serratula tinctoria*



This green wildflower is a native of Britain and Ireland. They are called Townhall Clock because of the way the flower is structured, one facing the sky and four flowers side by side making a cube-like shape. This flower prefers partial shade with moist soil.

Height: 3.2 – 6 inches

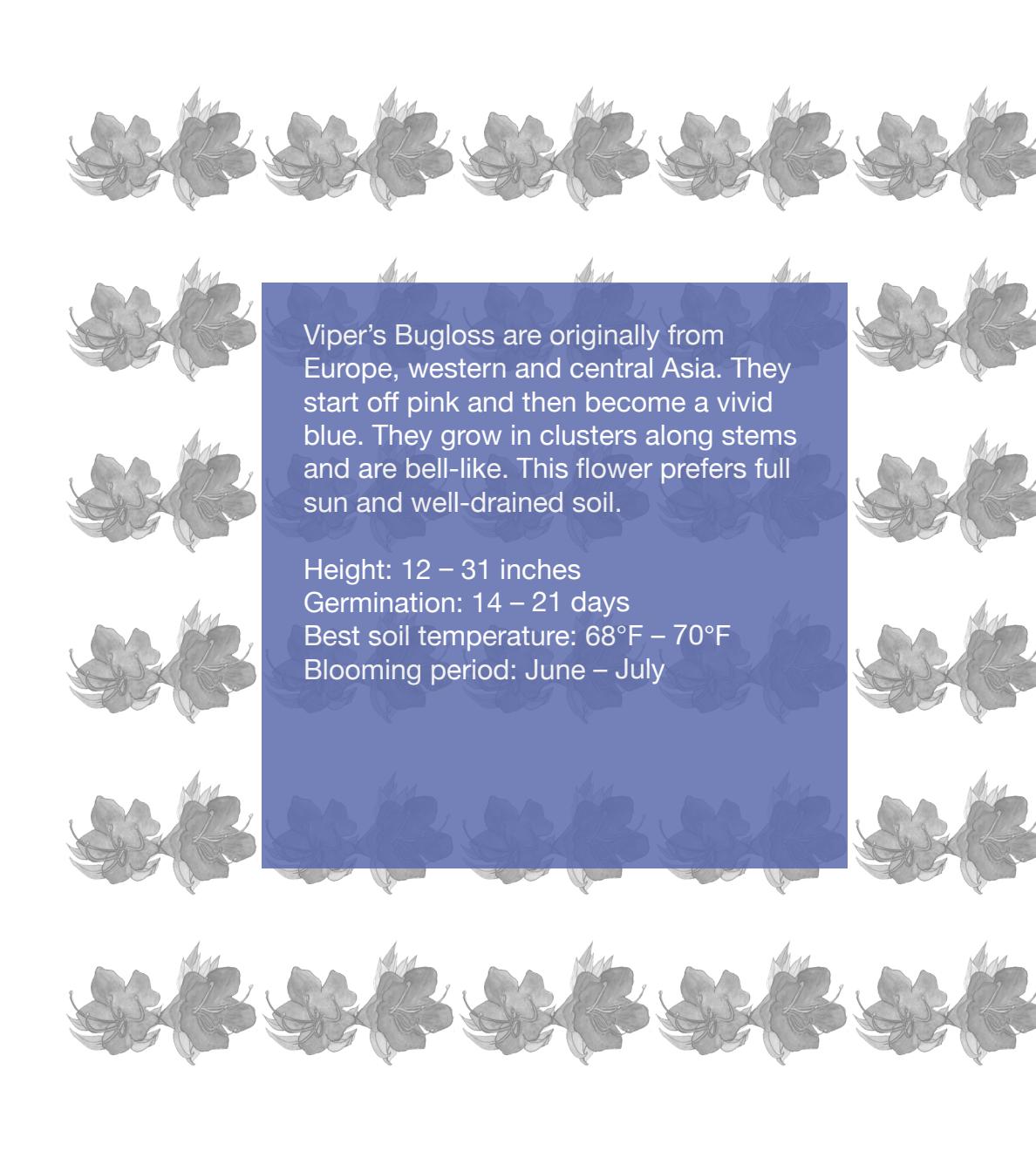
Germination: Unknown

Best soil temperature: Unknown

Blooming period: April – May



Townhall Clock  
*Adoxa moschatellina*



Viper's Bugloss are originally from Europe, western and central Asia. They start off pink and then become a vivid blue. They grow in clusters along stems and are bell-like. This flower prefers full sun and well-drained soil.

Height: 12 – 31 inches

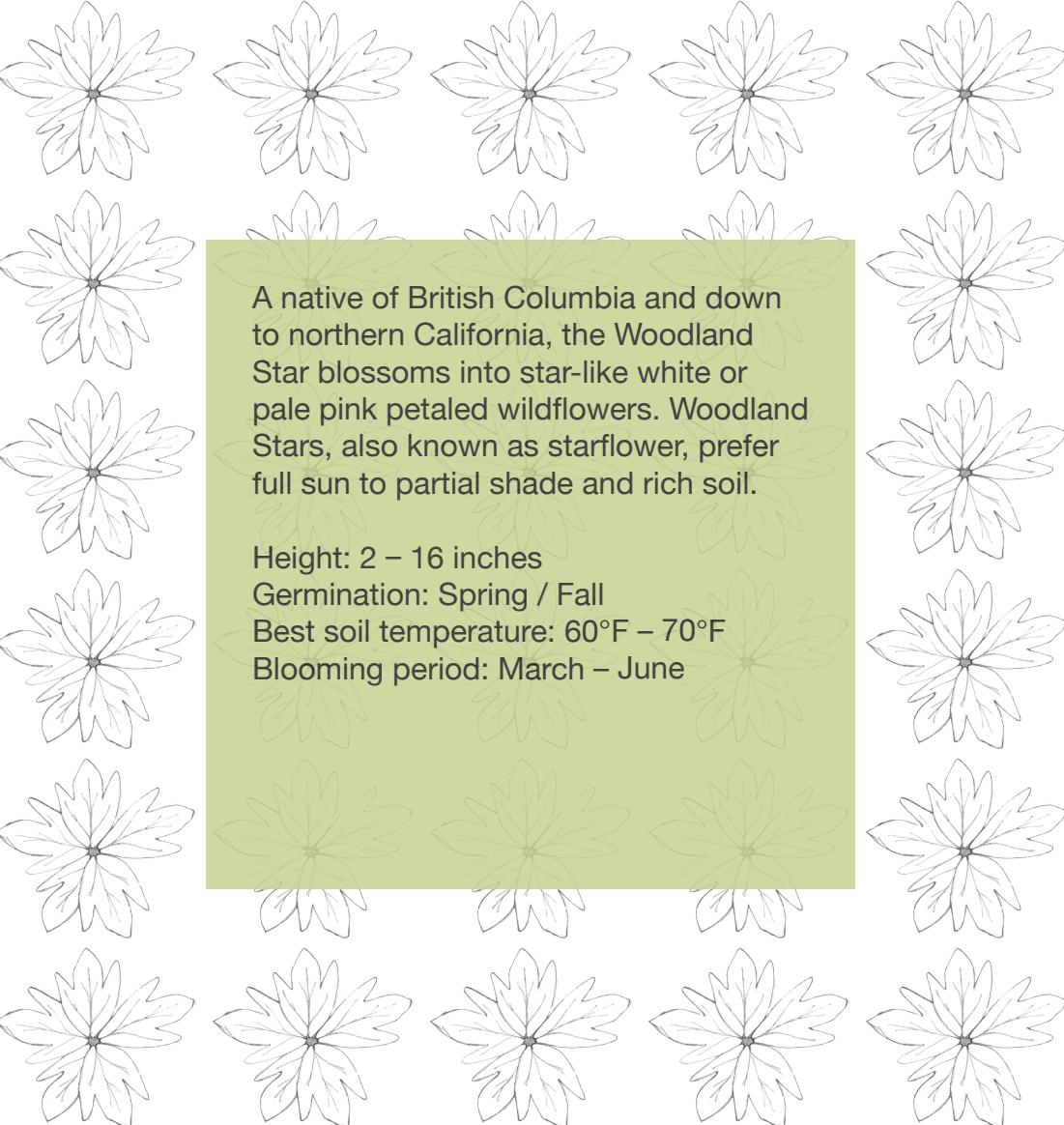
Germination: 14 – 21 days

Best soil temperature: 68°F – 70°F

Blooming period: June – July



Viper's Bugloss  
*Echium vulgare*



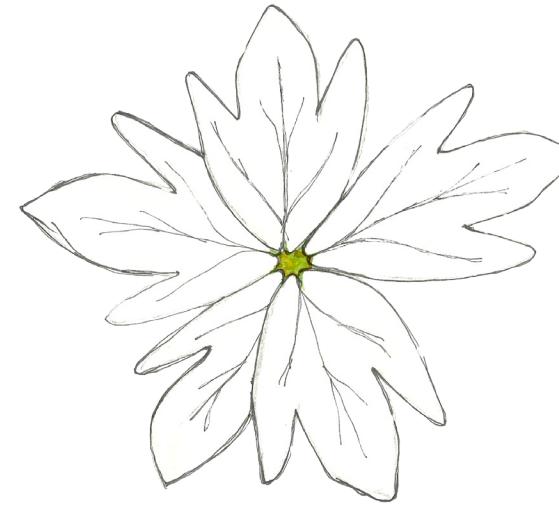
A native of British Columbia and down to northern California, the Woodland Star blossoms into star-like white or pale pink petaled wildflowers. Woodland Stars, also known as starflower, prefer full sun to partial shade and rich soil.

Height: 2 – 16 inches

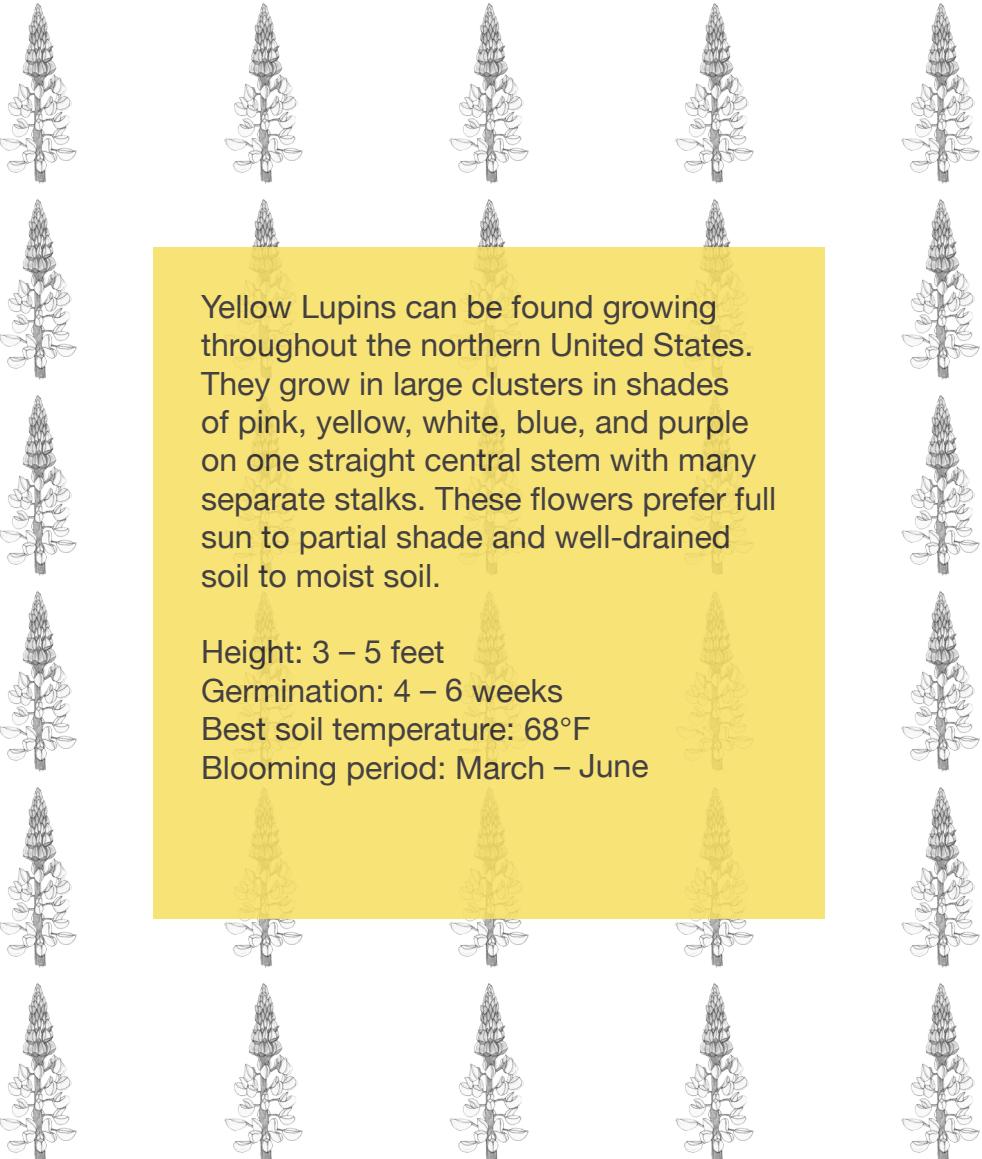
Germination: Spring / Fall

Best soil temperature: 60°F – 70°F

Blooming period: March – June



Woodland Star  
*Lithophragma parviflorum*



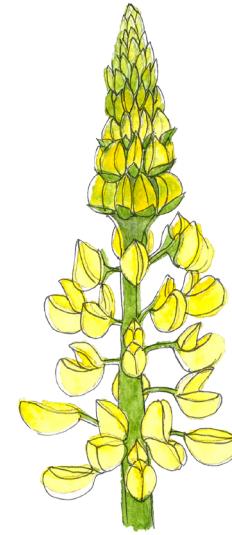
Yellow Lupins can be found growing throughout the northern United States. They grow in large clusters in shades of pink, yellow, white, blue, and purple on one straight central stem with many separate stalks. These flowers prefer full sun to partial shade and well-drained soil to moist soil.

Height: 3 – 5 feet

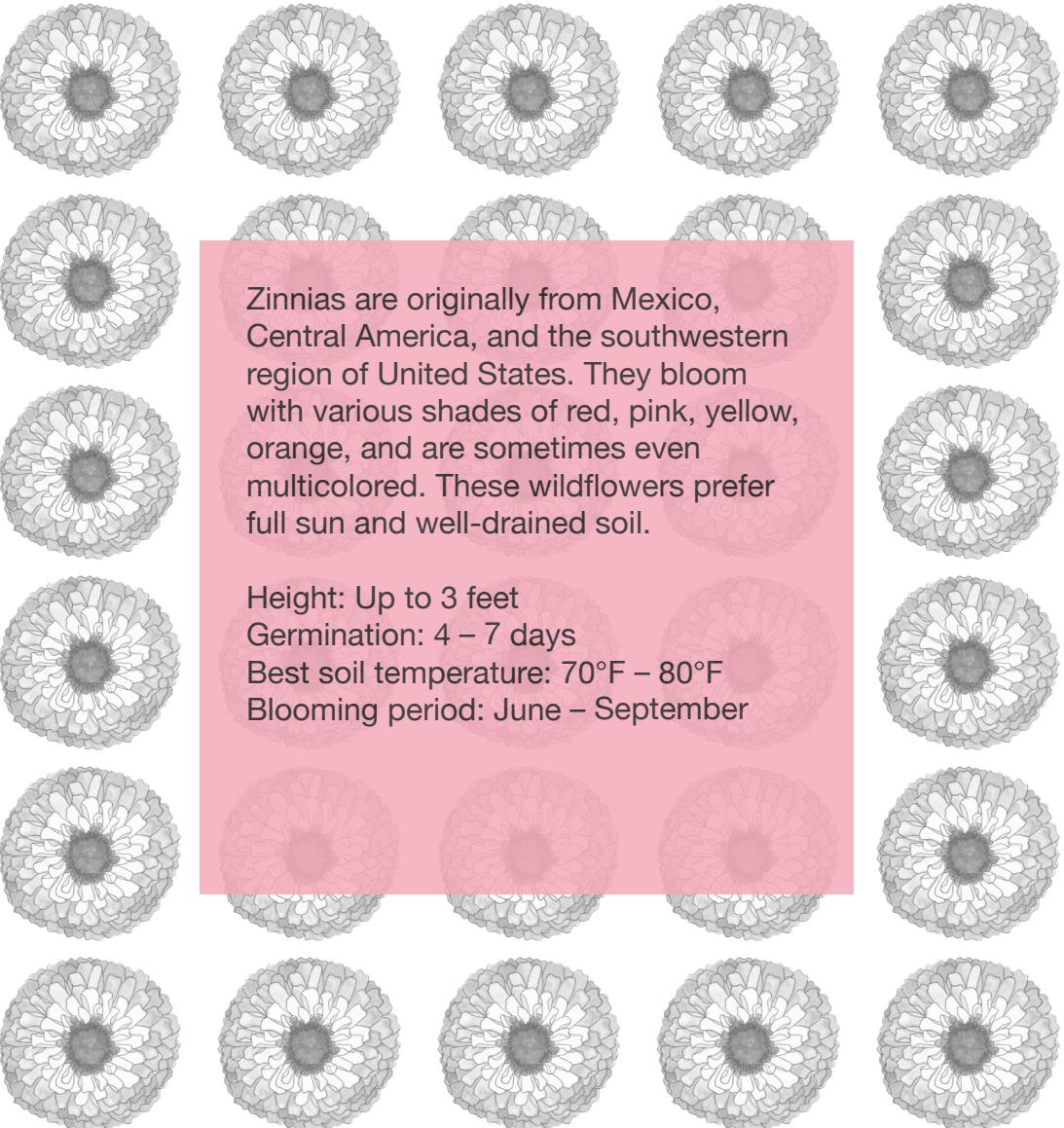
Germination: 4 – 6 weeks

Best soil temperature: 68°F

Blooming period: March – June



Yellow Lupin  
*Lupinus arboreus*



Zinnias are originally from Mexico, Central America, and the southwestern region of United States. They bloom with various shades of red, pink, yellow, orange, and are sometimes even multicolored. These wildflowers prefer full sun and well-drained soil.

Height: Up to 3 feet

Germination: 4 – 7 days

Best soil temperature: 70°F – 80°F

Blooming period: June – September



Zinnia  
*Zinnia elegans*