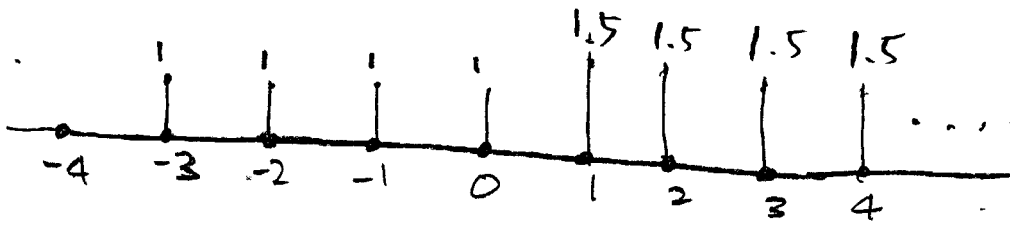
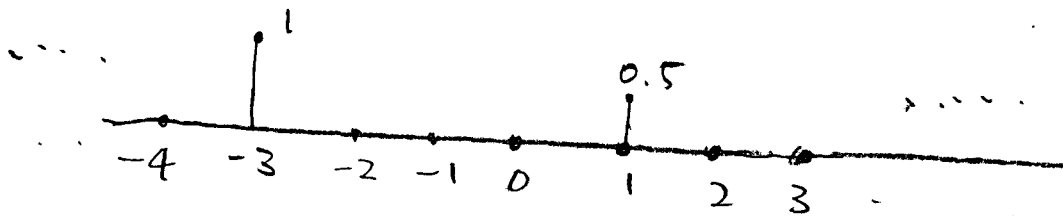


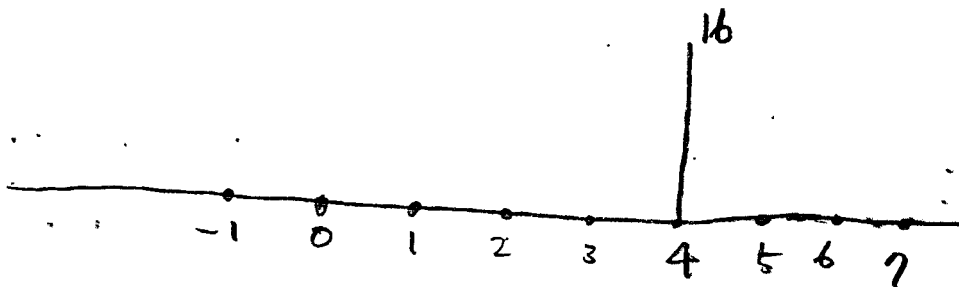
1.1.1 (a) $x(n] = u(n+3) + 0.5 u(n-1)$



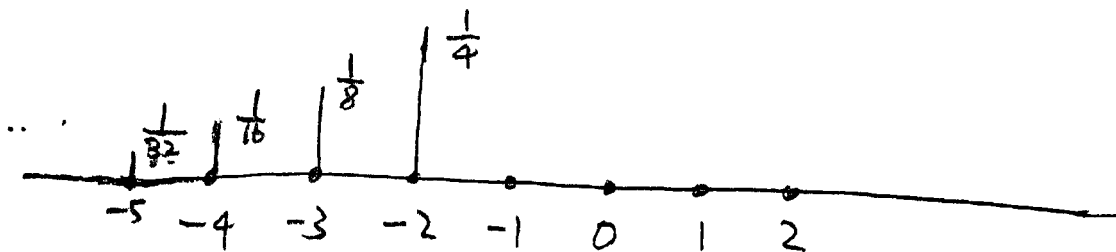
(b) $x[n] = f[n+3] + 0.5 f[n-1]$



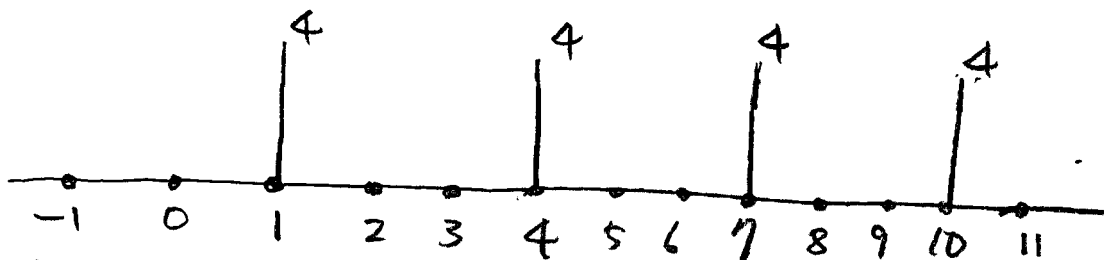
(c) $x[n] = 2^n \cdot f[n-4]$



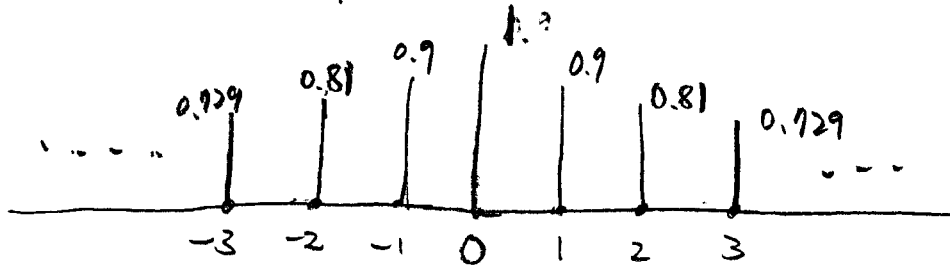
(d) $x[n] = 2^n u[-n-2]$



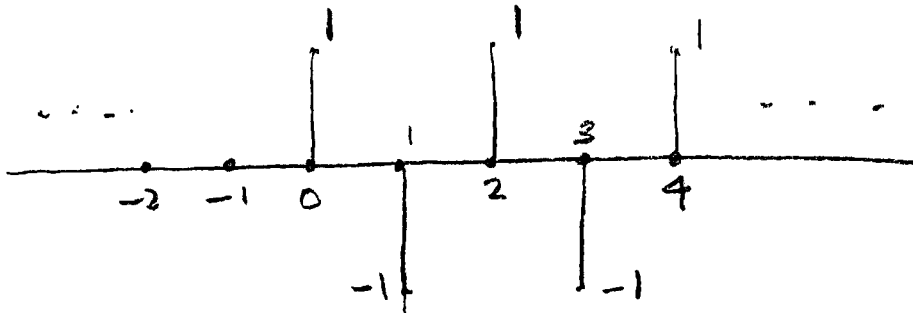
(g) $x[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 4 f[n-3k-1]$



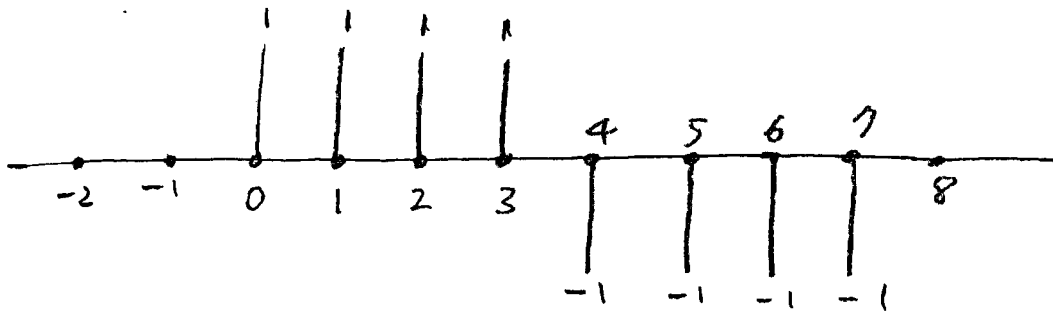
1.1.2 (a) $x(n) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} (0.9)^{|k|} \delta(n-k)$



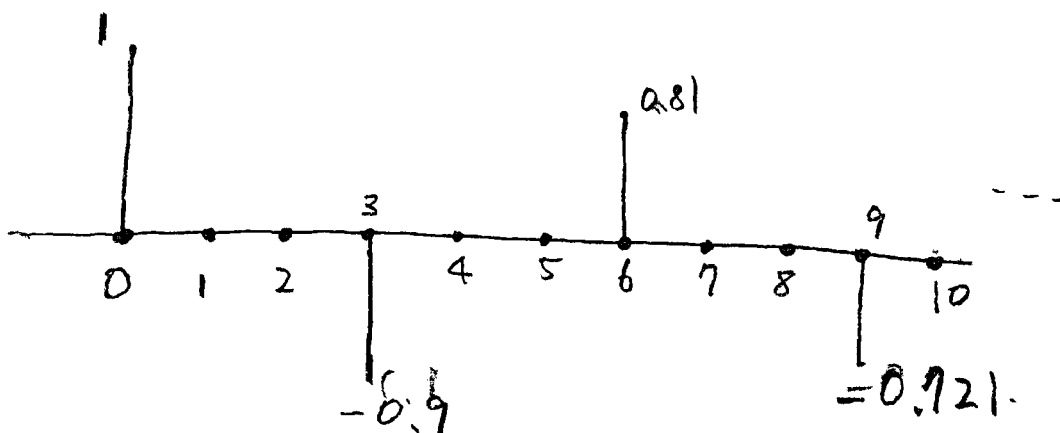
(b) $x(n] = \cos(\pi n) u(n)$



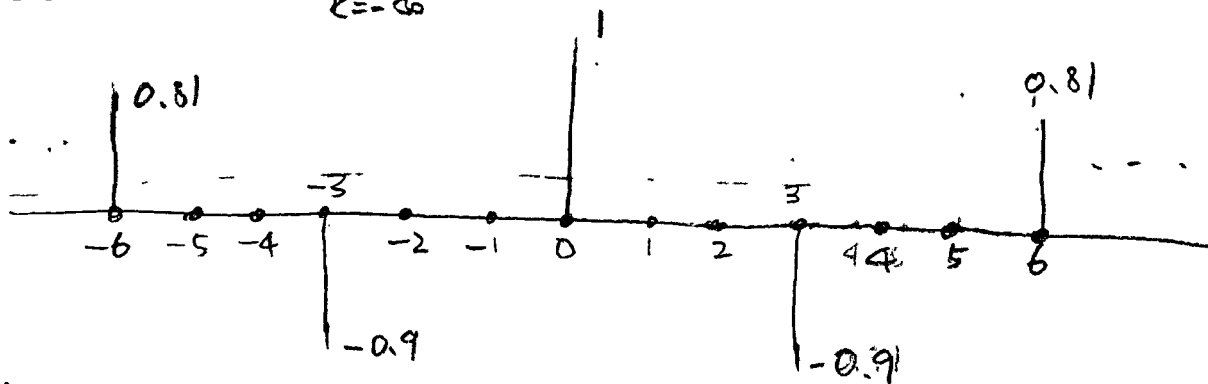
(c) $x(n) = u(n) - 2u(n-4) + u(n-8)$



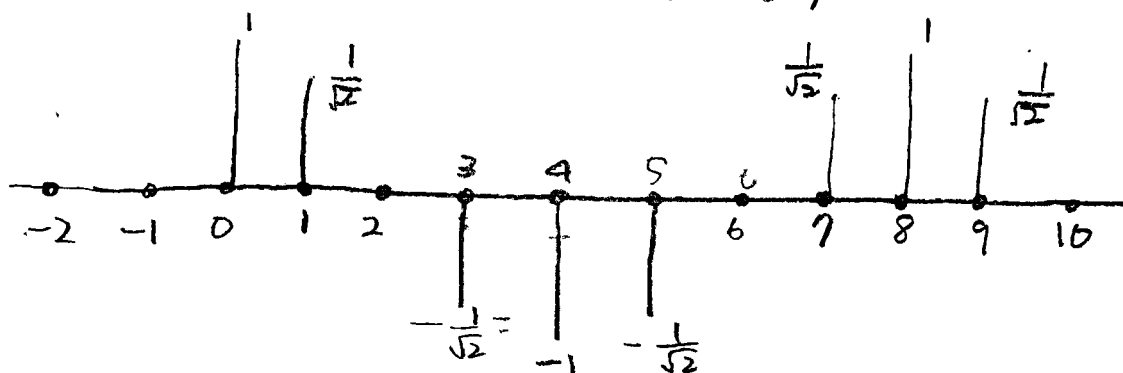
1.1.6 (a) $f(n) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-0.9)^k \delta(n-3k)$



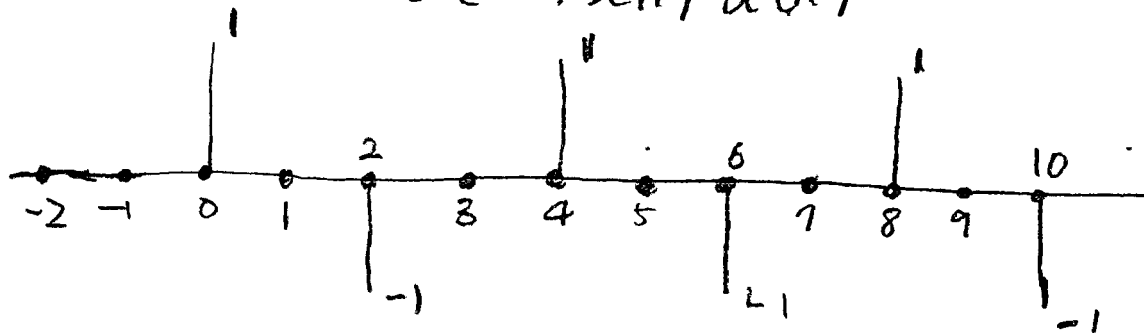
1.1.6 (b) $g(n) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} (-0.9)^{|k|} \delta(n-3k)$



(c) $x(n) = \cos(0.25\pi n) u(n)$

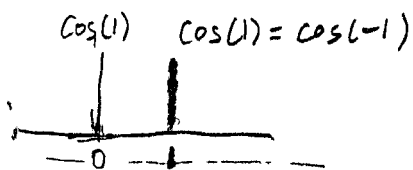
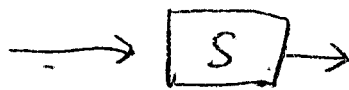
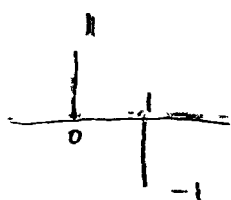


(d) $x(n) = \cos(0.5\pi n) u(n)$



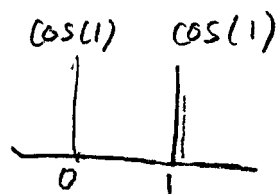
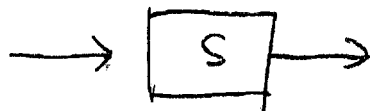
1.2.1 (a) $y = \cos(x(n))$

$x_1(n)$

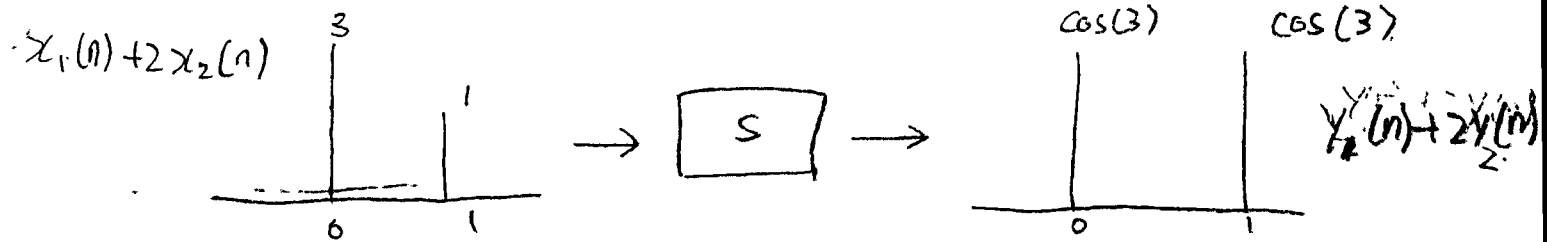


$y_1(n)$

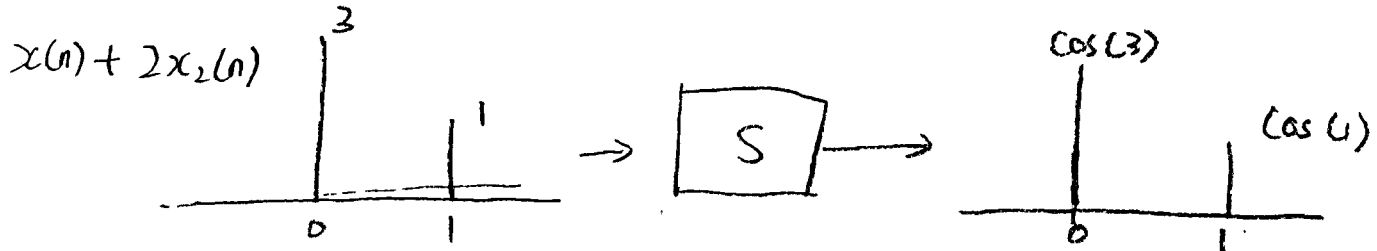
$x_2(n)$



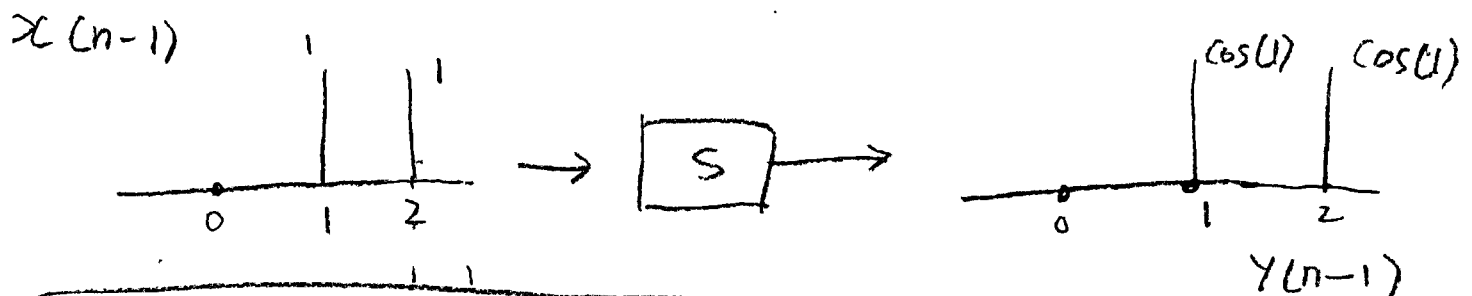
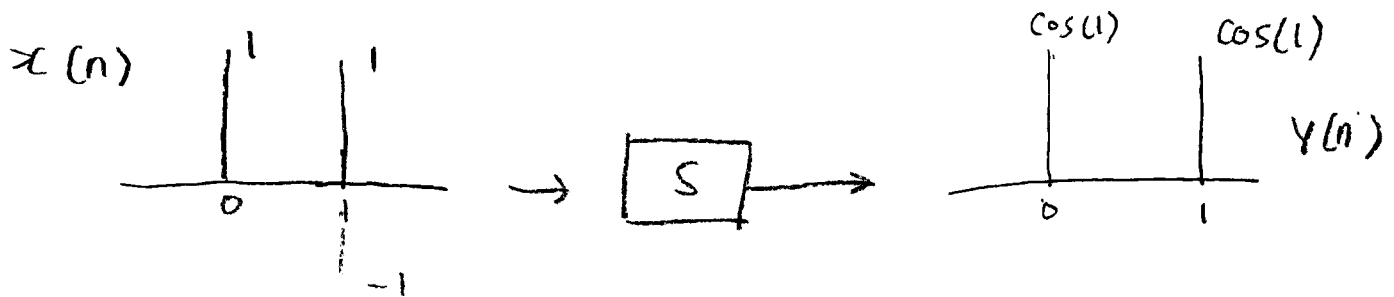
$y_2(n)$



However, according to the system equation $y(n) = \cos(x(n))$,

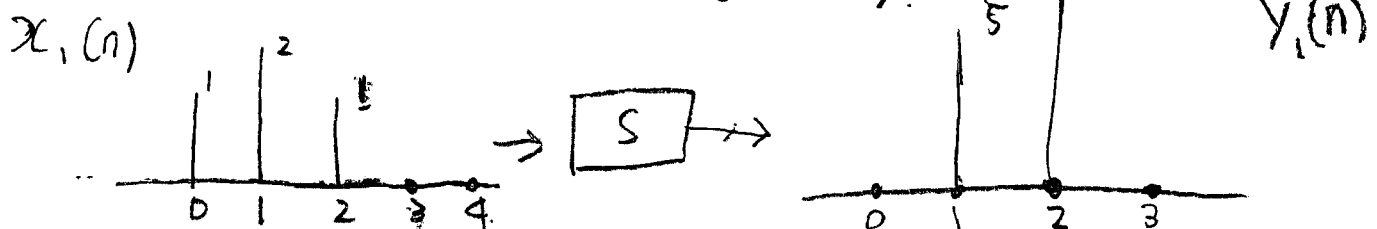


\therefore System is Not a linear.

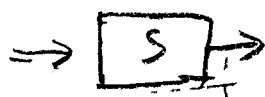
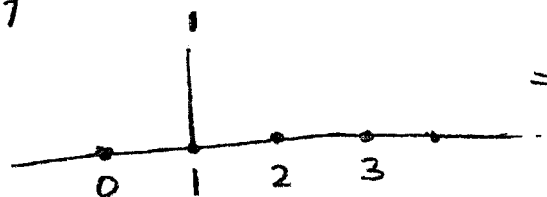


\therefore System is Time Invariant

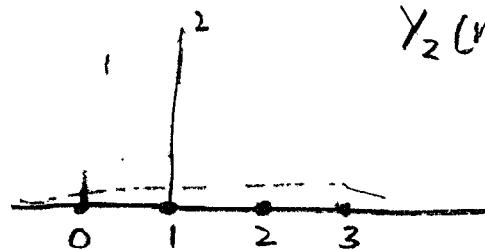
(b) $y(n) = 2n^2 x(n) + n x(n+1)$



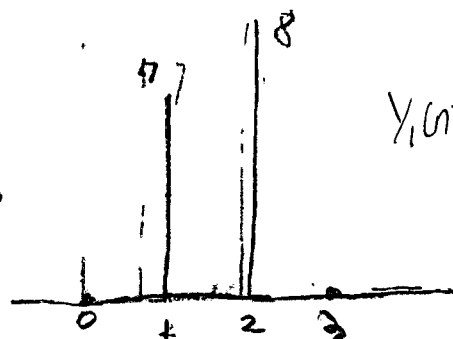
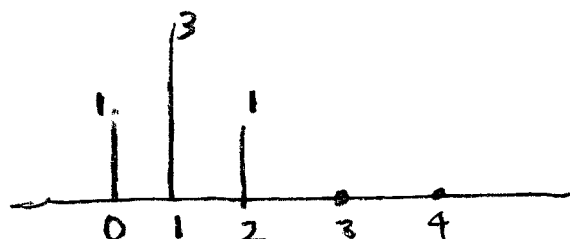
$x_1(n)$



$y_2(n)$

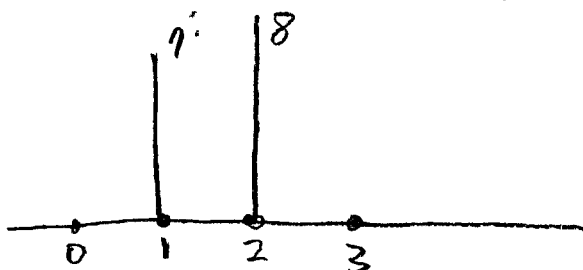


$x_1(n) + x_2(n)$ is linear, then



Assuming system is linear, the output signal is $y_1(n) + y_2(n)$

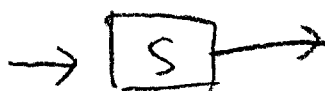
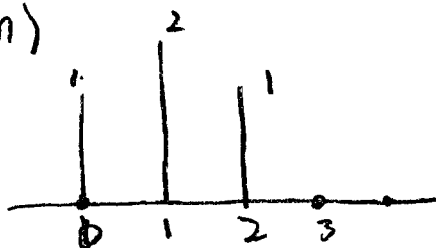
According to the system equation $y(n) = 2n^2 x(n) + n x(n+1)$ the output is



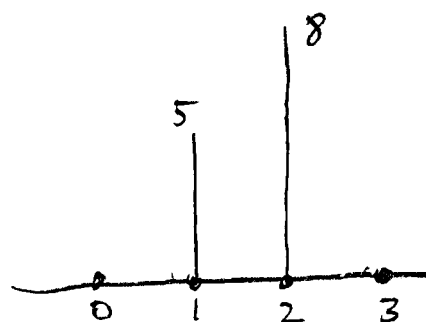
It is consistent with the assumption.

\therefore The System is linear

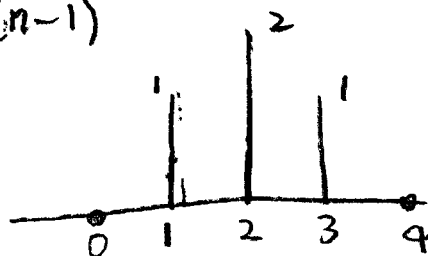
$x(n)$



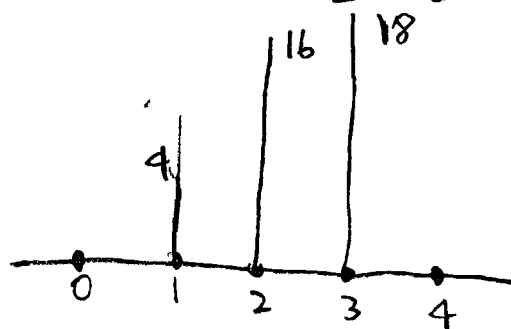
$y(n)$



$x(n-1)$



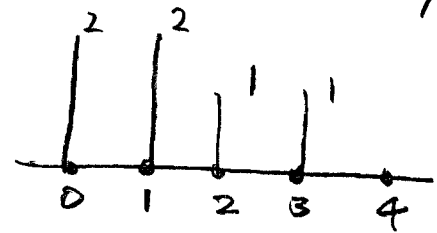
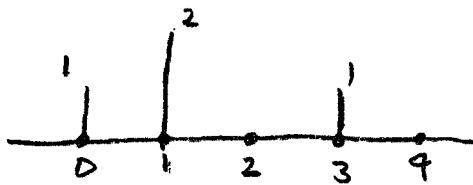
$y(n-1)$



\therefore System is Time-variant

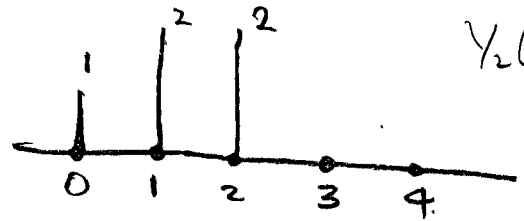
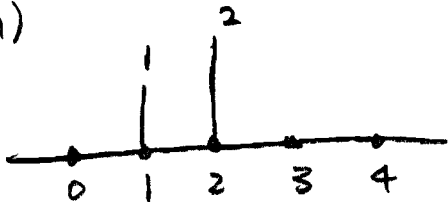
$$(C) Y(n) = \max \{x(n), x(n+1)\}$$

$x_1(n)$



$y_1(n)$

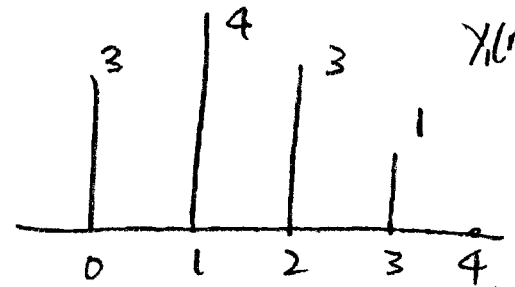
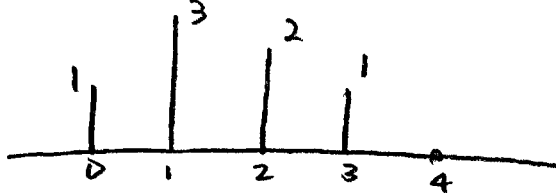
$x_2(n)$



$y_2(n)$

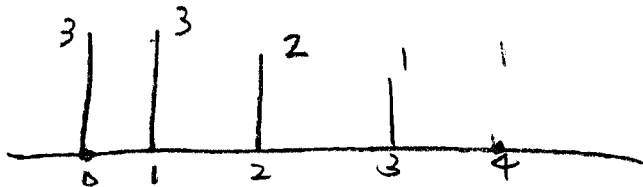
Assuming the system is linear.

$x_1(n) + x_2(n)$



$y_1(n) + y_2(n)$

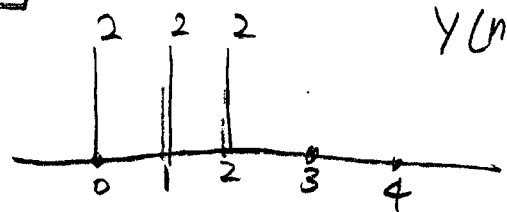
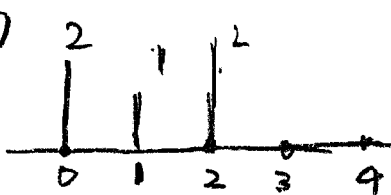
However, according to the system, the output is



It is not consistent with the assumption

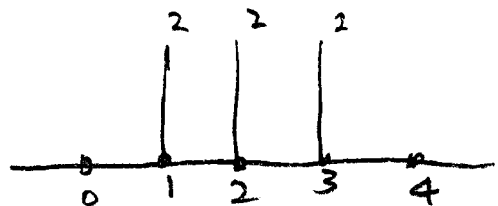
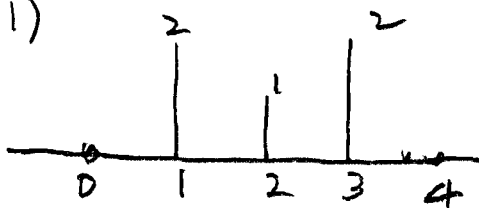
∴ the system is not linear.

$x(n)$



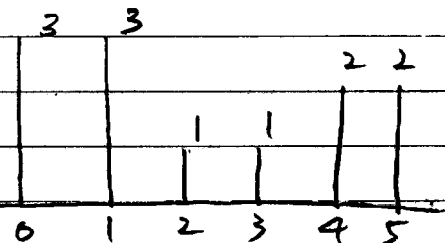
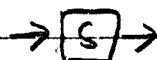
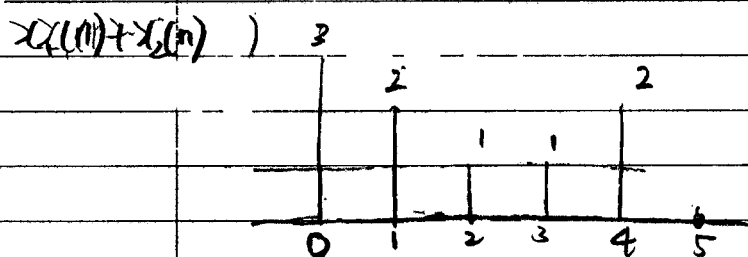
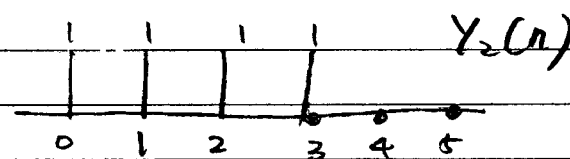
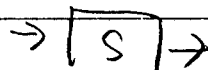
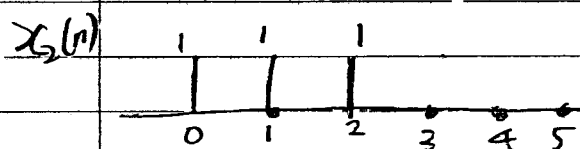
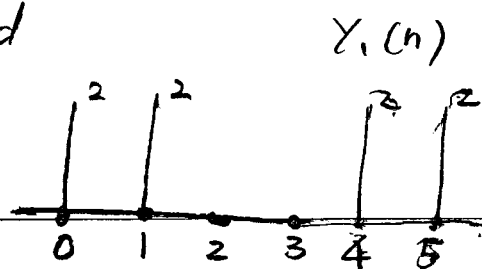
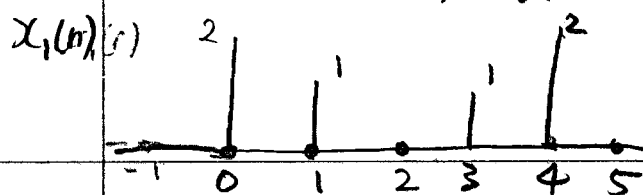
$y(n)$

$x(n-1)$



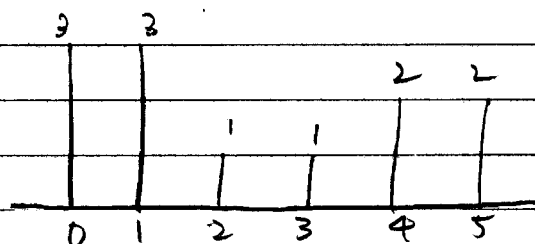
∴ the system is time invariant

$$(d) \quad y(n] = \begin{cases} x(n) & \text{when } n \text{ is even} \\ x(n-1) & \text{when } n \text{ is odd} \end{cases}$$



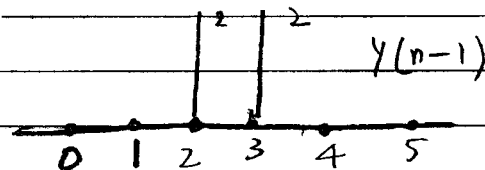
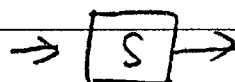
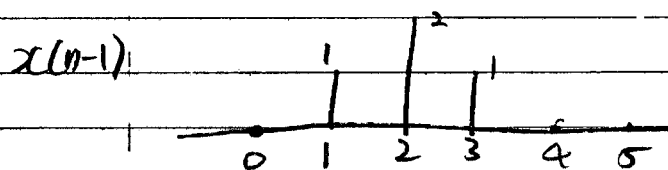
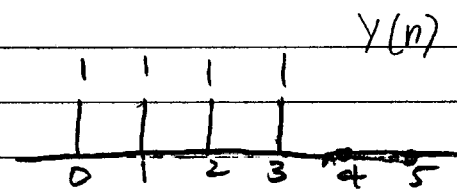
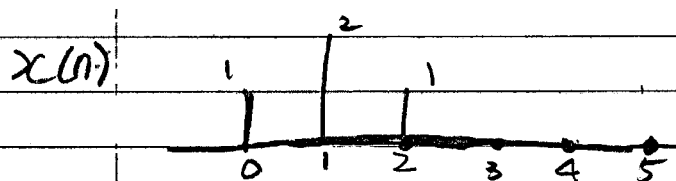
Assuming the system is linear, the output of system is $y_1(n) + y_2(n)$.

According to the system equation, the output is



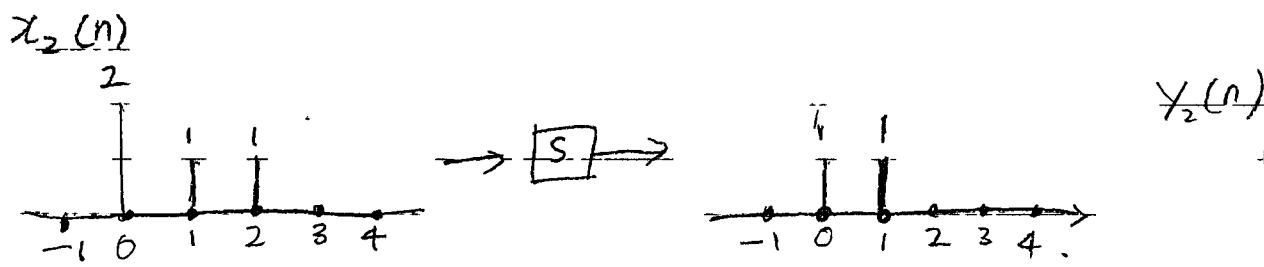
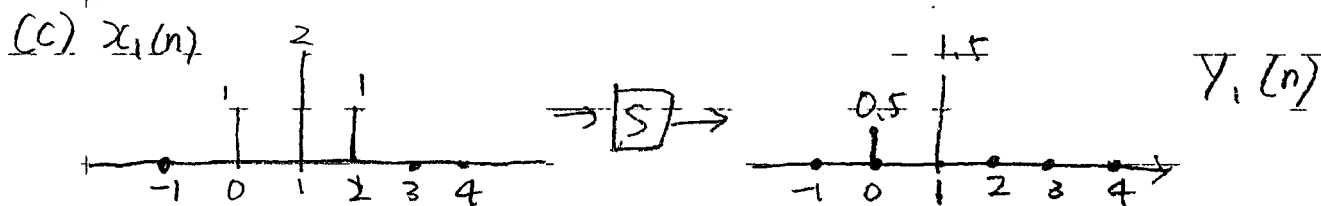
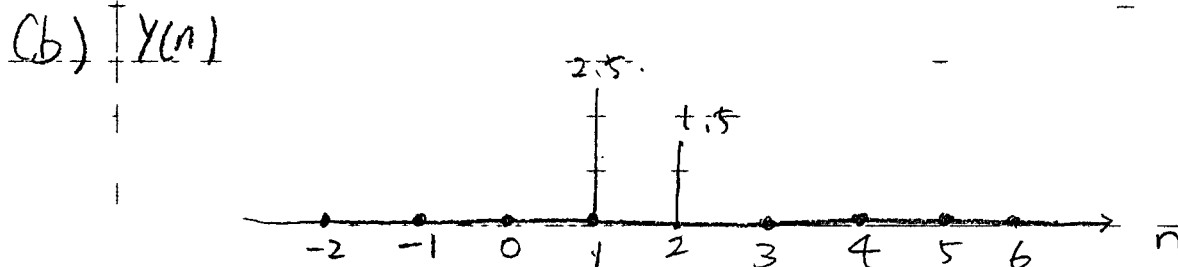
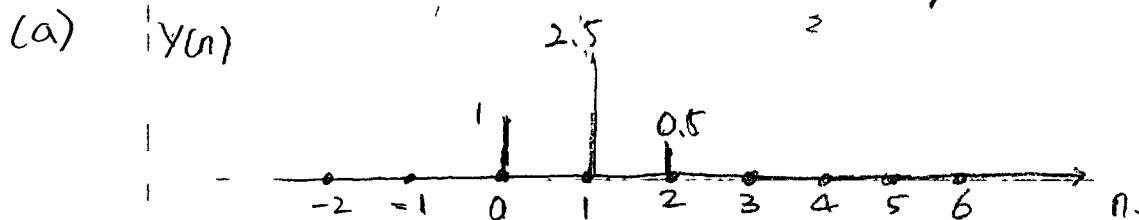
The result is consistent with my assumption.

\therefore The system is linear

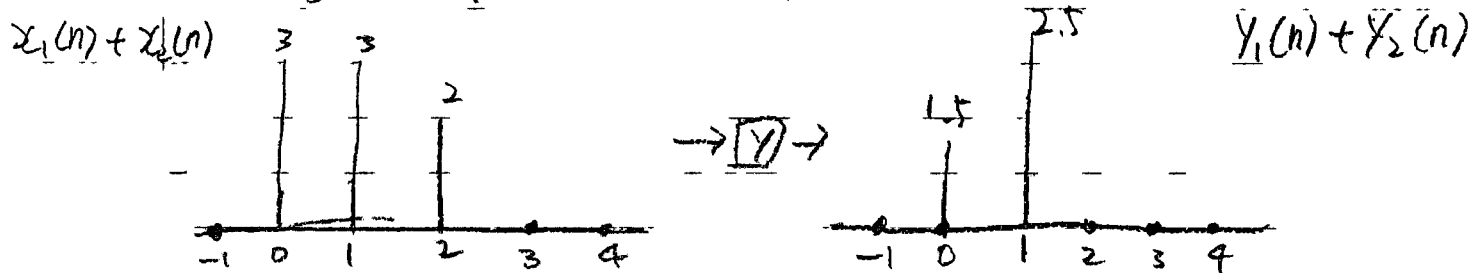


\therefore the system is time-variant

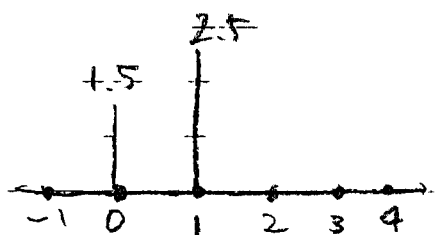
1.2.2 $Y(n) = 0.5x(2n) + 0.5x(2n-1)$



Assuming the system is linear,

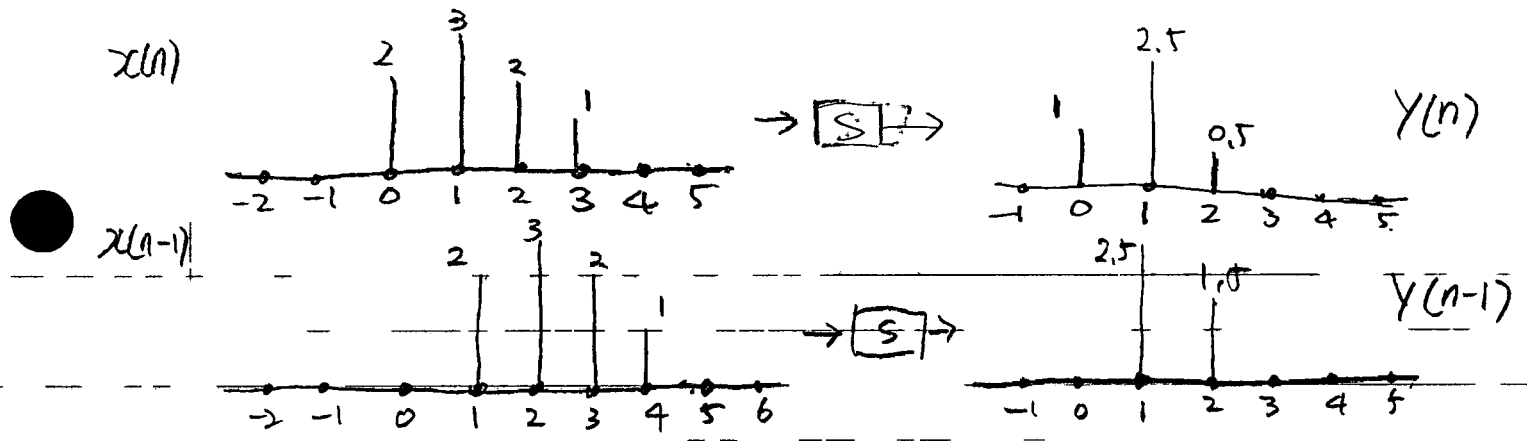


According to the system equation, the output is



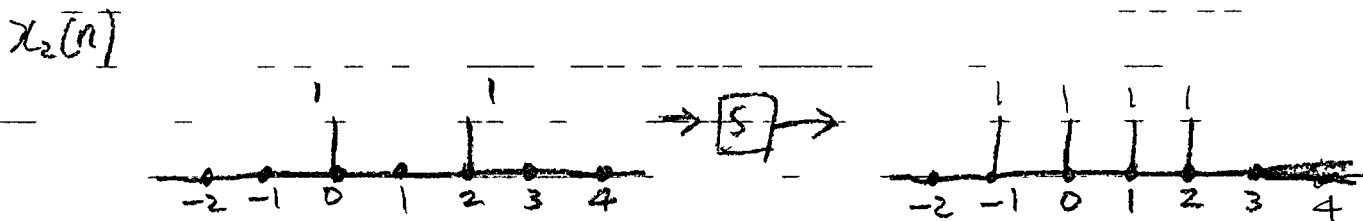
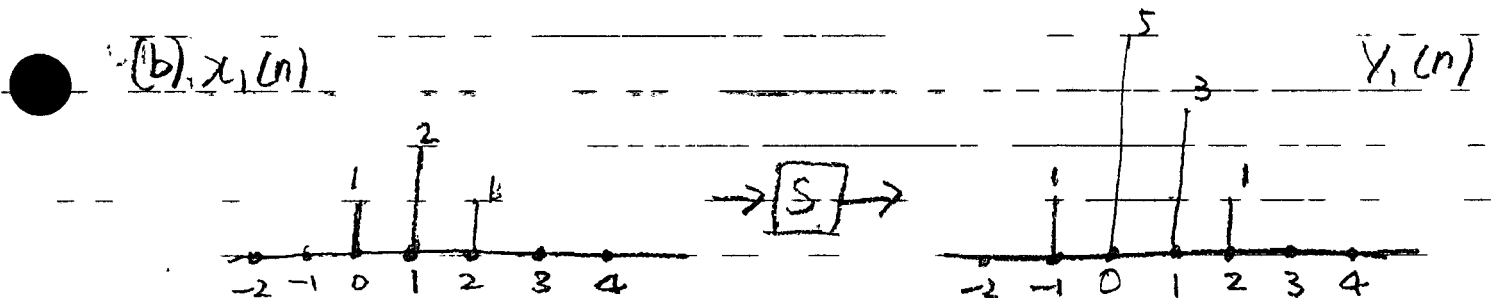
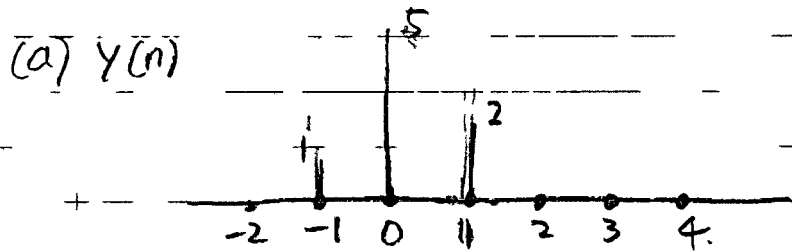
It is consistent with the assumption.

∴ the system is linear.

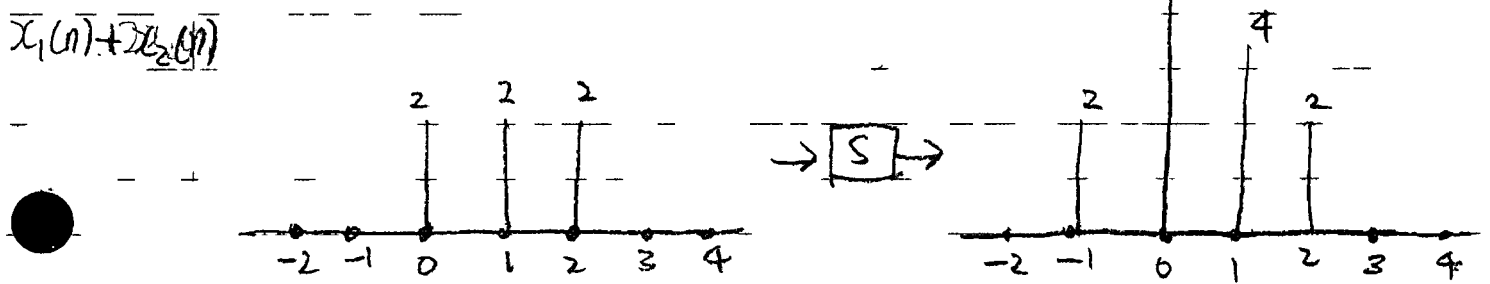


∴ the system is time-varying

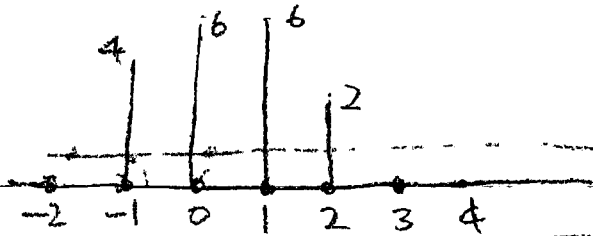
1.2.4 2) $y[n] = x[n] + [x[n+1]]^2$



Assume the system is linear,



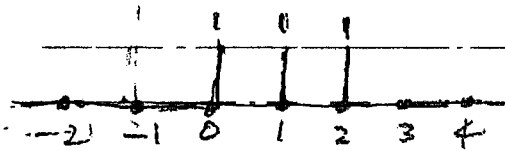
According to the system equation, the output is



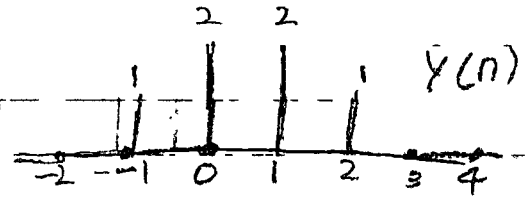
It is not the same
as my assumption

∴ the system is not linear

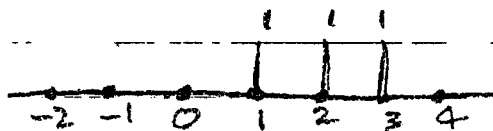
(C) $x(n]$



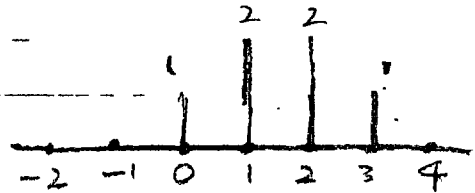
→ [S] →



$x[n-1]$

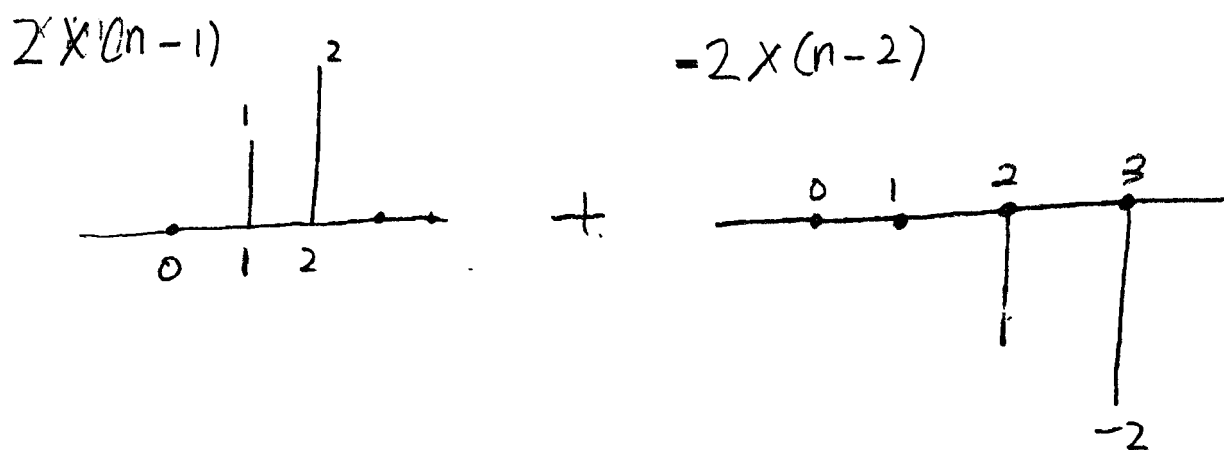
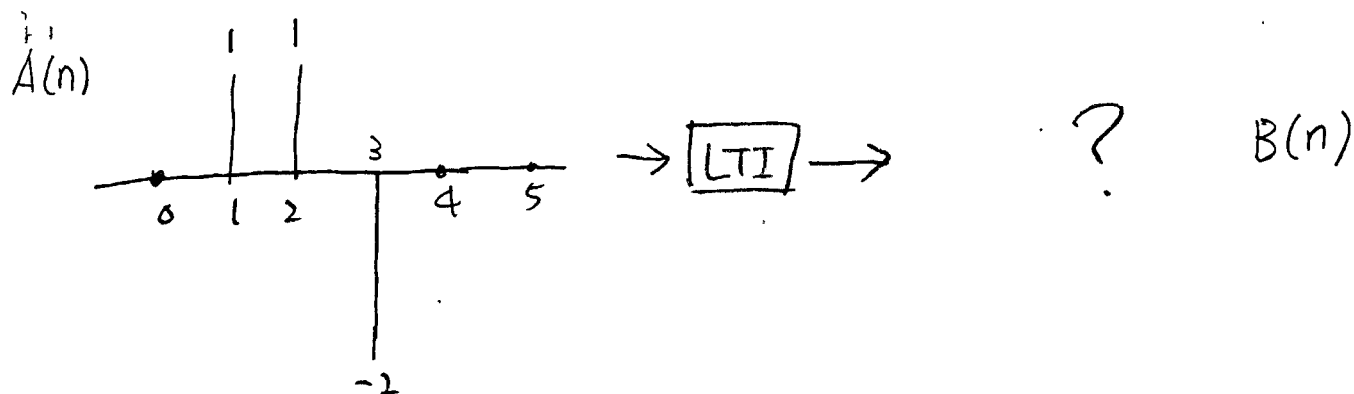
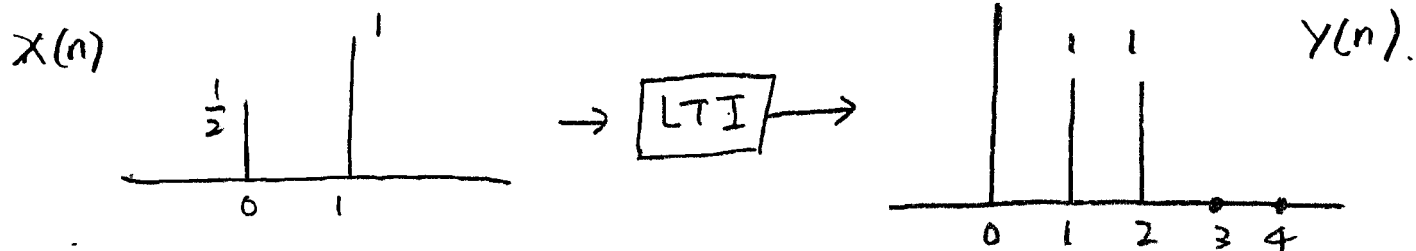


→ [S] →

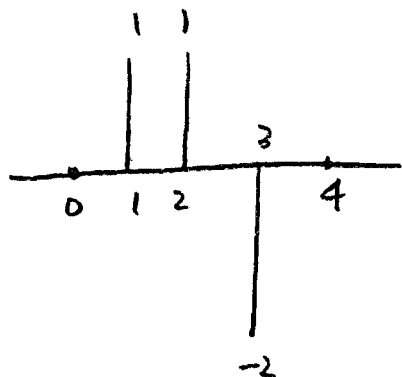


∴ the system is time-Invariant

1.2.6. Given



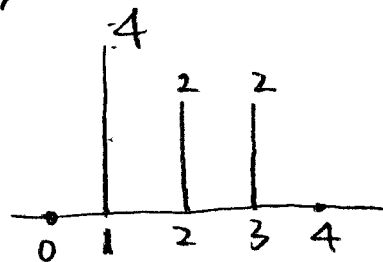
$$\therefore A[n] = 2x[n-1] - 2x[n-2]$$



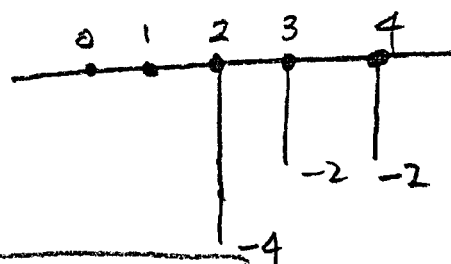
Output signal produced by
Linear Time-Invariant
system.

$$\text{Thus, } B[n] = 2y[n-1] - 2y[n-2]$$

$$2y(n-1)$$

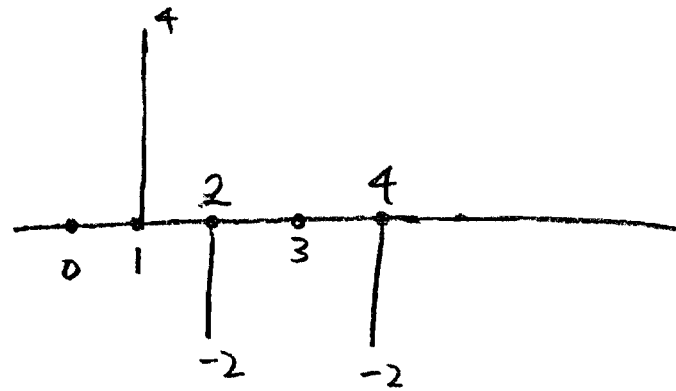


$$-2y(n-2)$$



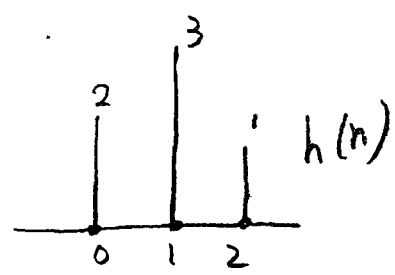
+

∴ Output signal is



1.2.7

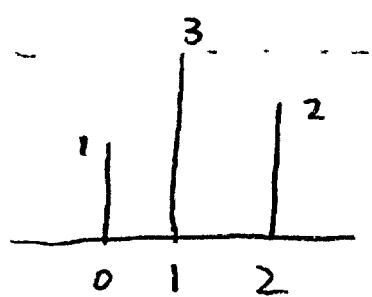
$$h(n) = 2\delta(n) + 3\delta(n-1) + \delta(n-2)$$



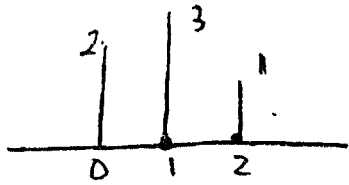
$$x(n) = \delta(n) + 3\delta(n-1) + 2\delta(n-2)$$

$$y(n) = x(n) * h(n)$$

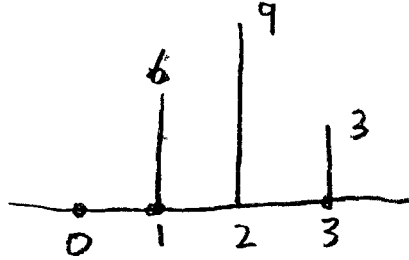
$$y(n) = y_0(n) + y_1(n) + y_2(n)$$



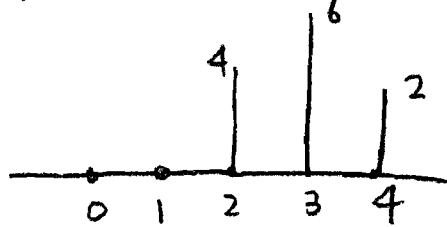
$$Y_0(n) = x(0)h(n) = (1)h(n)$$



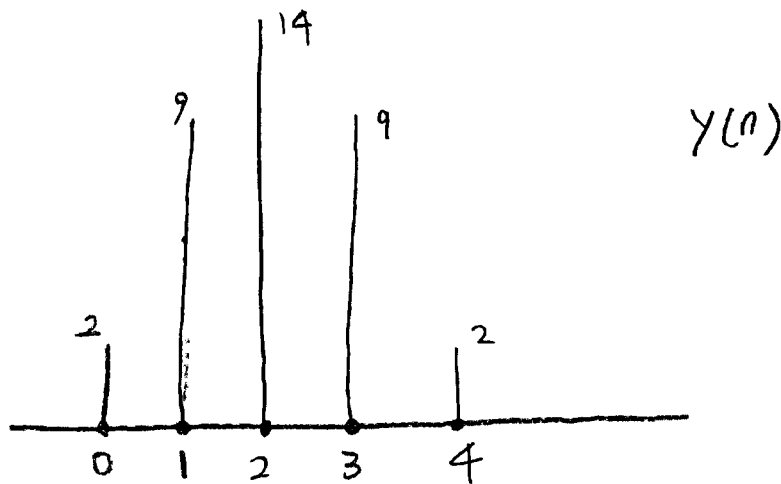
$$Y_1(n) = x(1)h(n-1) = 3h(n-1)$$



$$Y_2(n) = x(2)h(n-2) = 2h(n-2)$$



$$Y(n) = Y_0(n) + Y_1(n) + Y_2(n)$$



1.2.8.

$$y(n) = x(n-5) + \frac{1}{2} x(n-7)$$

substitute $x(n) = f(n)$

$$\therefore h(n) = f(n-5) + \frac{1}{2} f(n-7)$$