

# 1 LDA Likelihood

$$\pi_2 := P(C = 2), \quad C - 1 \sim \text{Bern}(\pi_2), \quad C \in \{1, 2\}$$

$$P(C = c) = \pi_2^{c-1} \pi_1^{2-c}, \quad \pi_1 := 1 - \pi_2$$

$$f_1(\mathbf{x}_i) := P(\mathbf{x}_i | C_i = 1) = |\det(2\pi\Sigma)|^{-\frac{1}{2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{x}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_1)' \Sigma^{-1} (\mathbf{x}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_1) \right\}$$

$$f_2(\mathbf{x}_i) := P(\mathbf{x}_i | C_i = 2) = |\det(2\pi\Sigma)|^{-\frac{1}{2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{x}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_2)' \Sigma^{-1} (\mathbf{x}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_2) \right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \log \frac{f_2(\mathbf{x}_i)}{f_1(\mathbf{x}_i)} &= -\frac{1}{2} \{ (\mathbf{x}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_2)' \Sigma^{-1} (\mathbf{x}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_2) - (\mathbf{x}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_1)' \Sigma^{-1} (\mathbf{x}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_1) \} \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \{ \mathbf{x}_i' \Sigma^{-1} \mathbf{x}_i - \mathbf{x}_i' \Sigma^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}_2 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_2' \Sigma^{-1} \mathbf{x}_i + \boldsymbol{\mu}_2' \Sigma^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}_2 - \mathbf{x}_i' \Sigma^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}_1 + \boldsymbol{\mu}_1' \Sigma^{-1} \mathbf{x}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_1' \Sigma^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}_1 \} \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \{ -\mathbf{x}_i' \Sigma^{-1} (\boldsymbol{\mu}_2 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_1) - (\boldsymbol{\mu}_2 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_1)' \Sigma^{-1} \mathbf{x}_i + \boldsymbol{\mu}_2' \Sigma^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}_2 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_1' \Sigma^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}_1 \} \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \{ -2\mathbf{x}_i' \boldsymbol{\beta} + (\boldsymbol{\mu}_2 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_1)' \Sigma^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}_1 + \boldsymbol{\mu}_2' \Sigma^{-1} (\boldsymbol{\mu}_2 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_1) \} \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} (\boldsymbol{\mu}_1 + \boldsymbol{\mu}_2 - 2\mathbf{x}_i)' \boldsymbol{\beta} = \left( \mathbf{x}_i - \frac{\boldsymbol{\mu}_1 + \boldsymbol{\mu}_2}{2} \right)' \boldsymbol{\beta} \end{aligned}$$

for  $\boldsymbol{\beta} := \Sigma^{-1}(\boldsymbol{\mu}_2 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_1)$ .

$$\begin{aligned} P(\mathbf{x}_i, c_i) &= P(\mathbf{x}_i | c_i) P(c_i) = \begin{cases} f_2(\mathbf{x}_i) \pi_2 & , \quad c_i = 2 \\ f_1(\mathbf{x}_i) \pi_1 & , \quad c_i = 1 \end{cases} \\ &= \{ \pi_2 f_2(\mathbf{x}_i) \}^{c_i-1} \{ \pi_1 f_1(\mathbf{x}_i) \}^{2-c_i} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\therefore) \quad L(\pi_2, \boldsymbol{\mu}_1, \boldsymbol{\mu}_2, \Sigma) &= \prod_{i=1}^n [\{ \pi_2 f_2(\mathbf{x}_i) \}^{c_i-1} \{ \pi_1 f_1(\mathbf{x}_i) \}^{2-c_i}] \\ \ell(\pi_2, \boldsymbol{\mu}_1, \boldsymbol{\mu}_2, \Sigma) &= \sum_{i=1}^n \log [\{ \pi_2 f_2(\mathbf{x}_i) \}^{c_i-1} \{ \pi_1 f_1(\mathbf{x}_i) \}^{2-c_i}] \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n [(c_i - 1) \{ \log \pi_2 + \log f_2(\mathbf{x}_i) \} + (2 - c_i) \{ \log \pi_1 + \log f_1(\mathbf{x}_i) \}] \\ &= n_2 \log \pi_2 + n_1 \log \pi_1 + \sum_{i=1}^n \left\{ \log f_1(\mathbf{x}_i) + (c_i - 1) \log \frac{f_2(\mathbf{x}_i)}{f_1(\mathbf{x}_i)} \right\} \\ &\propto n_2 \log \pi_2 + n_1 \log \pi_1 + \sum_{i=1}^n \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \log |\Sigma| - \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{x}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_1)' \Sigma^{-1} (\mathbf{x}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_1) + (c_i - 1) \left( \mathbf{x}_i - \frac{\boldsymbol{\mu}_1 + \boldsymbol{\mu}_2}{2} \right)' \boldsymbol{\beta} \right\} \\ &= n_2 \log \pi_2 + n_1 \log \pi_1 + \sum_{i=1}^n (c_i - 1) \left( \mathbf{x}_i - \frac{\boldsymbol{\mu}_1 + \boldsymbol{\mu}_2}{2} \right)' \boldsymbol{\beta} - \frac{n}{2} \log |\Sigma| - \frac{1}{2} \text{tr} \left\{ \Sigma^{-1} \sum_{i=1}^n (\mathbf{x}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_1)(\mathbf{x}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_1)' \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$= n_2 \log \pi_2 + n_1 \log \pi_1 + \sum_{i=1}^n (c_i - 1) \left( \mathbf{x}_i - \frac{\boldsymbol{\mu}_1 + \boldsymbol{\mu}_2}{2} \right)' \boldsymbol{\beta} + \frac{n}{2} \log |\Sigma^{-1}| - \frac{n}{2} \text{tr} \{ \Sigma^{-1} S \}$$

where  $S := \sum_{i=1}^n (\mathbf{x}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_1)(\mathbf{x}_i - \boldsymbol{\mu}_1)' / n$ .