IETF-120 I2INF Side Meeting

Interface to In-Network Functions (I2INF): Problem Statement

(draft-jeong-opsawg-i2inf-problem-statement-00)

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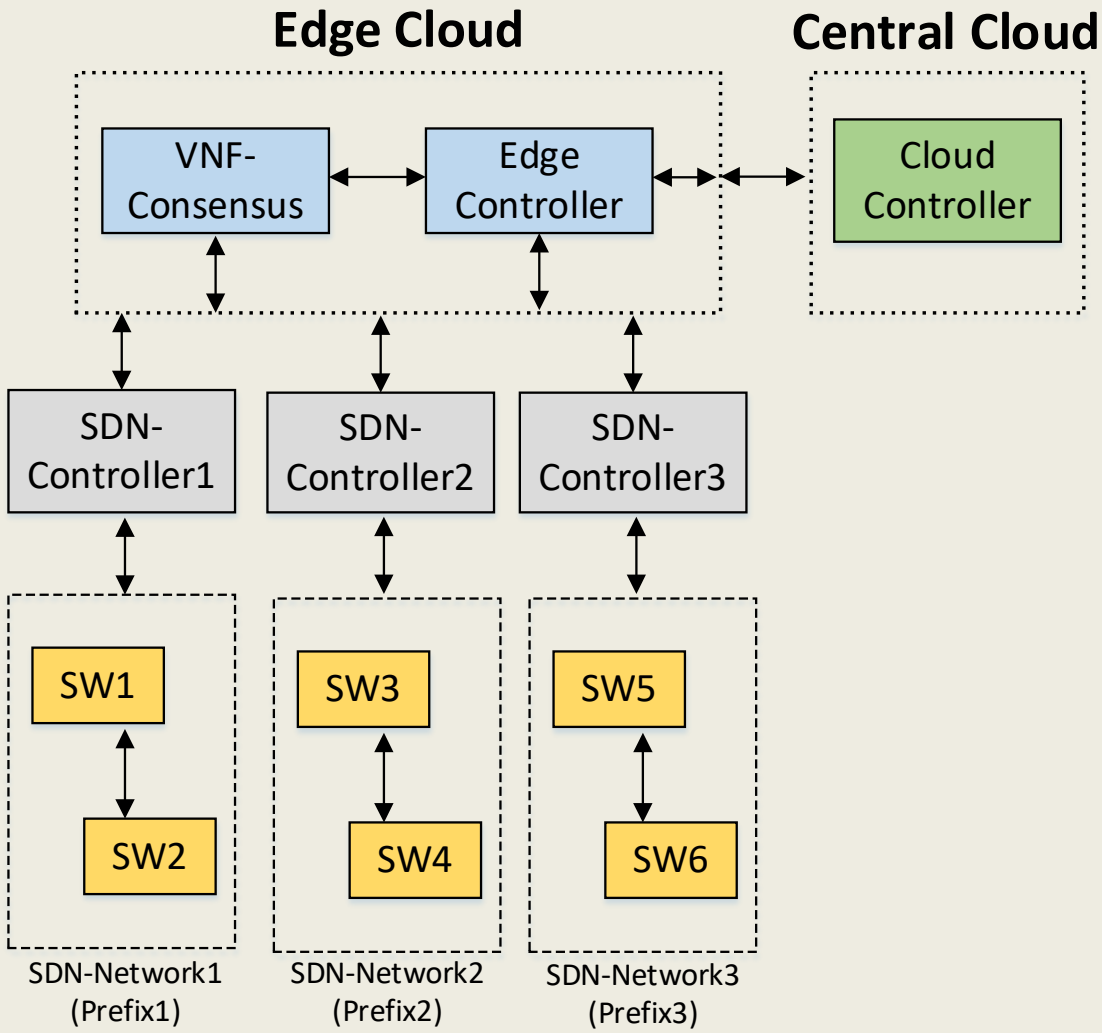
Motivation of this Draft

- draft-jeong-opsawg-i2inf-problem-statement-00
  - This draft defines the Gaps and Problems for Interface to In-Network Functions (I2INF) for Computing in Network.
    - In-Network Functions (INF) include Network Functions (NFs) and Application Functions (AFs).

- Main Contents of this Draft
  - Gap Analysis
  - Intent-Based Networking
  - Problem Statement

I2INF Framework for INF Management:

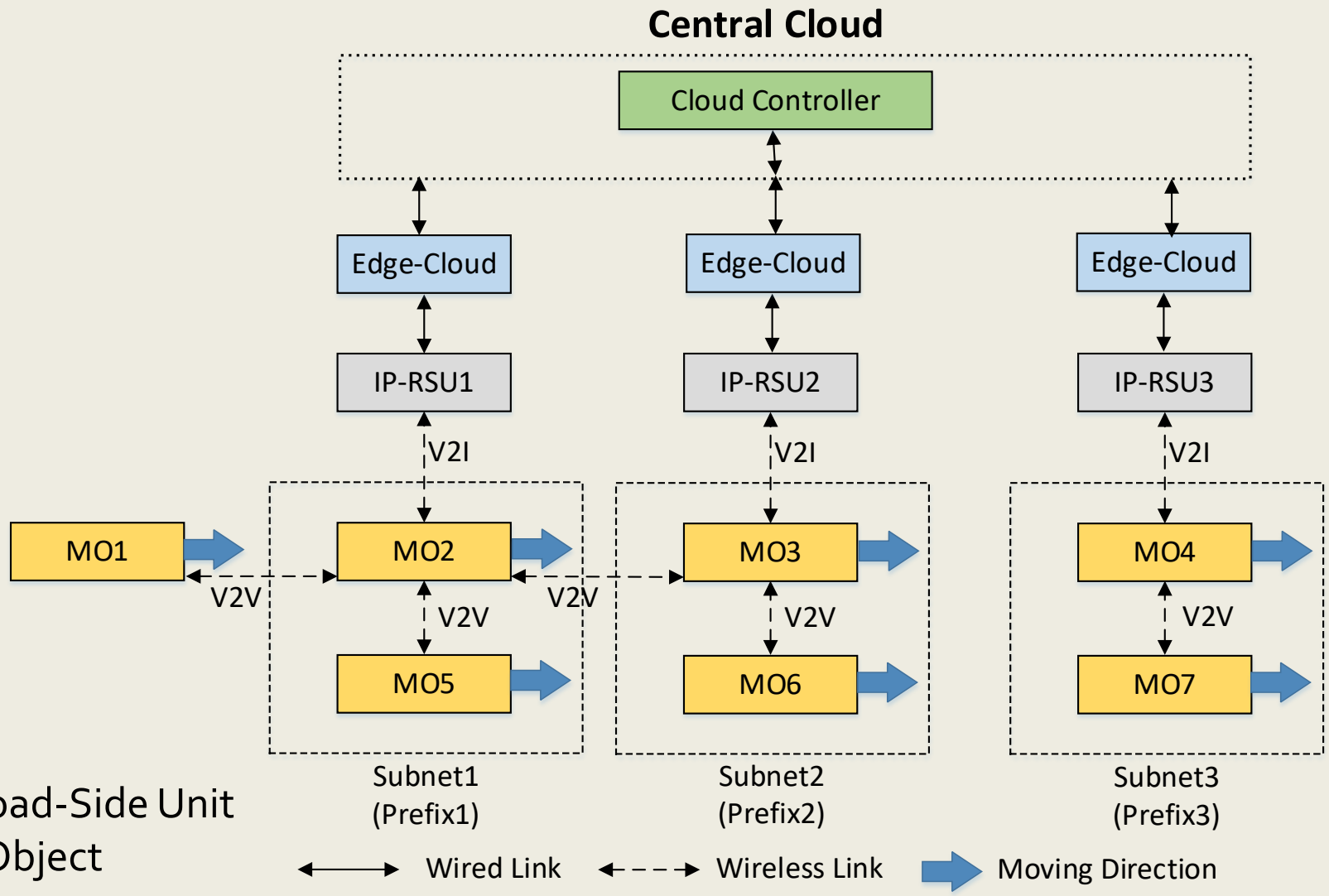
(e.g., VNF-Consensus, Failure Detector, and Reliable Broadcast)



VNF: Virtual Network Function
SW: Switch

I2INF Framework for INF Management

(e.g., Mobile Objects (MOs) like Software-Defined Vehicles)



IP-RSU: IP Road-Side Unit

MO: Mobile Object

Gap Analysis (1/4)

- **The State of the Art in Computing in Network (COIN)**
  - **In-Network Computing Functions (INCF)** are proposed by COINRG with Network Softwarization (e.g., NFV and SDN).
- **Services in COIN**
  - **Providing New COIN Experiences**
    - Mobile application offloading and Extended Reality (XR) and immersive media.
  - **Supporting New COIN Systems**
    - In-Network Control, Time-Sensitive Application, Large Volume Applications, and Industrial Safety.

Gap Analysis (2/4)

- **Services in COIN (Con't)**
  - **Improving Existing COIN Capabilities**
    - Content Delivery Networks (CDN), Compute-Fabric-as-a-Service (CFaaS), and Virtual Networks Programming (e.g., P4 programs and OpenFlow rules).
  - **Enabling New COIN Capabilities**
    - Distributed AI Training among distributed endpoints for large-scale problems.

Gap Analysis (3/4)

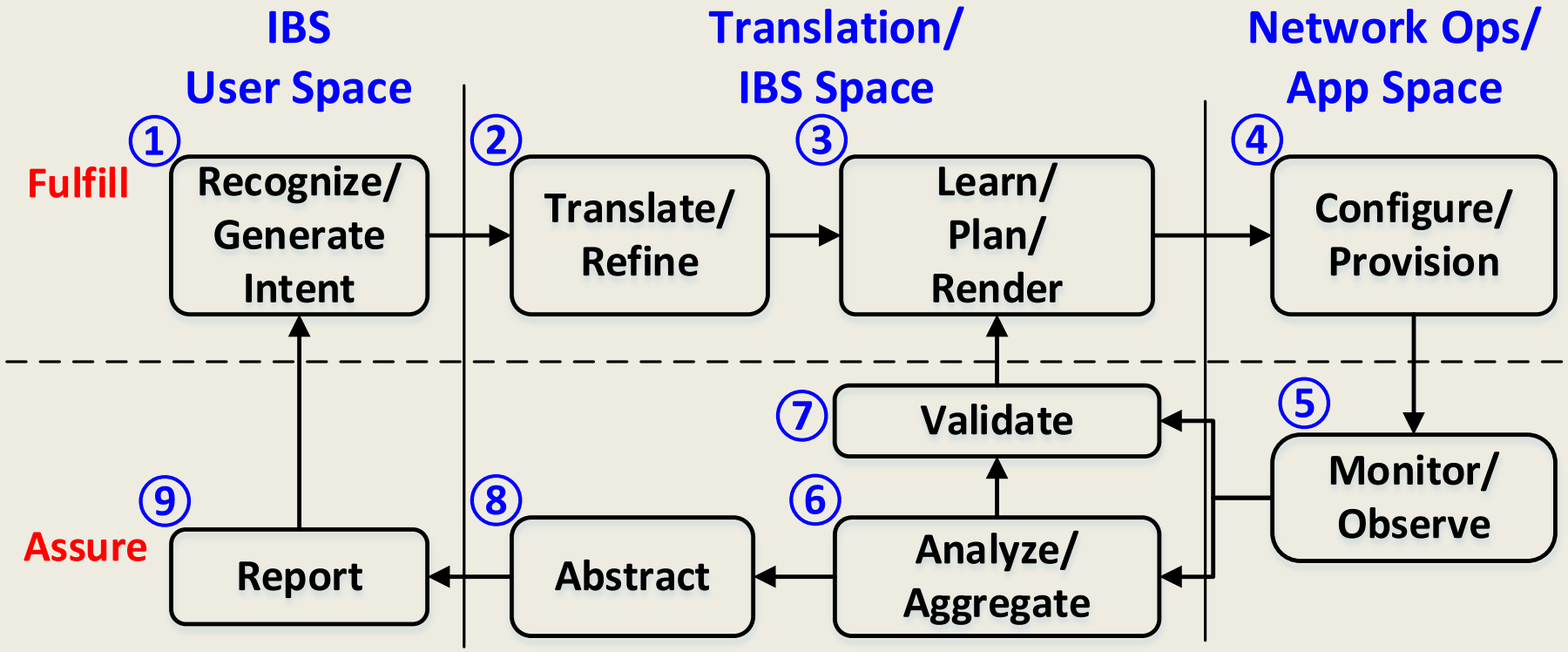
- **Services in NFV-COIN**
  - **NFV Failure Detection**
    - It gets monitoring data from SDN Switches via SDN Controller and detects the failure of communication links.
  - **Virtual Network Function (VNF) Consensus**
    - It performs the synchronization of the control planes of multiple SDN Controllers (e.g., flow table sharing).
  - **NFV Reliable Broadcast**
    - It performs reliable and in-order delivery of broadcasted data packets with a VNF-Sequencer.

Gap Analysis (4/4)

- **Gap Analysis**
  - Observation 1
    - Functionalities of each service need to be decomposed into Application Functions (AFs) and Network Functions (NFs).
  - Observation 2
    - The generation and configuration of those AFs and NFs are needed by a service coordinator for COIN-based network services.
  - Observation 3
    - A framework and interfaces are missing and not standardized for the life cycle management for the COIN-based network services.

Intent-Based Networking (IBN)

- **Intent-Based System (IBS)** can be based on **RFC 9315** (Intent-Based Networking - Concepts and Definitions).



The Life Cycle of IBS for Intent Management

Problem Statement (1/5)

- **The goal of an Intent-Based System (IBS)**
  - To enforce the service corresponding to a user's intent with an appropriate application in a target network in terms of functionality and quality.

- **Enforcement Procedure of an Intent**
  - **① Intent Translation**
    - An intent needs to be translated into both a network policy and an application policy by an intent translator.

Problem Statement (2/5)

- **Enforcement Procedure of an Intent (Con't)**
  - **② Delivery of Network and Application Policies**
    - The network policy and application policy needs to delivered to a network controller and an application controller.
  - **③ Network Policy Translation**
    - The network controller translates the network policy into the network rules for network entities (i.e., NFs).
  - **④ Application Policy Translation**
    - The application controller translates the application policy into the application rules for application entities (i.e., AFs).

Problem Statement (3/5)

- **Data Models for INF Capability and Registration Interface (RI)**
  - The **Capability Data Model for INFs (i.e., NFs and AFs)** are required to describe the INF capabilities for usage.
  - A **Registration Interface** is required for a vendor to register the INF Capability to an INF Controller.
  - **YANG Data Models for INF Capabilities and Registration Interface** should be specified to make a registration message for the Vendor's Management System (VMS).

Problem Statement (4/5)

- **Data Model for Consumer-Facing Interface (CFI)**
  - An IBS user needs an interface to deliver its intent to an IBS Controller (e.g., Cloud Controller).
  - The IBS Controller translates the intent into a network policy and an application policy with an intent translator.
  - It dispatches the policies to appropriate destinations (e.g., NF Controller and AF Controller) with a dispatcher.
  - This interface is called a Customer-Facing Interface (CFI) for the IBS User.
  - **A YANG Data Model for the Customer-Facing Interface** should be specified.

Problem Statement (5/5)

- **Data Model for Service Function-Facing Interface (SFI)**
  - Both an NF Controller and an AF Controller need an **SF-Facing Interface** to deliver the network and application rules to the appropriate NFs and Afs, respectively.

- **Data Models for Monitoring Interface (MI) and Analytics Interface (AI)**
  - **Monitoring Interface** collects monitoring data from either an NF or an AF to a Data Collector.
  - **Analytics Interface** delivers analysis results to either an NF Controller or an AF Controller.

Planning for WG Scope

- **WG Phase 1**
  - I2INF Problem Statement and Use Cases
  - I2INF Framework
  - A YANG Data Model for INF Capability
  - A YANG Data Model for Registration Interface
- **WG Phase 2 (Re-charter)**
  - YANG Data Models of SF-Facing Interface, Monitoring Interface, and Analytics Interface

Next Steps

- This draft will include use cases for I2INF as follows:
  - A Use Case of I2INF for Edge Cloud
  - A Use Case of I2INF for Mobile Object
- I2INF Group will prepare a Non-WG-Forming BoF in the IETF 121 in Dublin.
- If I2INF Group will prepare IETF-121 Hackathon Project to clarify (i) the I2INF Problem Statement & Use Cases and (ii) the I2INF Framework.