

# MS-UCG simulations for the heterogeneous system

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## 1 System description

Uploaded codes in GitHub are designed to simulate the system with heterogeneous systems. To start with the simplest example, let's say the system is composed of two particles: one (particle A) shows the MS-UCG behavior, which is dependent on the local density and the other one (particle B) acts like a normal CG particle. To simulate this behavior in LAMMPS, three particle states are needed.

## 2 Changes

In the data file, the first and the second particles correspond to MS-UCG behavior and the third particle is a normal CG particle. Also, in here, we suppose particle A interacts strongly with particle A but not with particle B. In order to achieve this, I've switched the probability function for the state 1 with state 2, i.e.

$$P_{i,1} = -\frac{1}{2} \left( \tanh\left(\frac{w_i - c}{0.1c}\right) - 1 \right)$$
$$P_{i,2} = +\frac{1}{2} \left( \tanh\left(\frac{w_i - c}{0.1c}\right) + 1 \right)$$

Thus, the state 1 corresponds to less dense state (low  $w_i$  value), the state 2 corresponds to more dense state (high  $w_i$  value). A switch between the state 1 and 2 happens in LAMMPS simulation, but all particles are labeled as "1" in the data file, which means particle 1 and 3 interacts weakly.

In the force subroutine in the code, the  $w_i$  value is counted only if  $\text{type}_i = 1$  and  $\text{type}_j = 1$ . The MS-UCG force is computed the four subforces only if  $\text{type}_i = 1$  and  $\text{type}_j = 1$ . Instead, normal Lennard-Jones force is computed when  $\text{type}_i = 3$  or  $\text{type}_j = 3$ .

Finally, I've changed the **type linked** (the linked list) function to while loop because the particle 3 doesn't have any state-dependency. I also checked that the newly-implemented while loop successfully describes the state change, i.e.  $(\alpha, \beta) = (1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 1), (2, 2)$

### 3 Note

To validate the current code, I've checked the force component with four small systems at the timestep = 0 and it shows the identical component compared to the results from LAMMPS. MATLAB code that I used to check the force component is uploaded in GitHub.