

2024년 2학기 **운영체제실습** 5주차

# **Module Programming**

### **System Software Laboratory**

School of Computer and Information Engineering Kwangwoon Univ.

### Module dependency

- 특정 커널 모듈은 때때로, 하나 이상의 다른 커널 모듈에 의존함
  - /lib/modules/<KERNEL\_VERSION>/modules.dep 파일에 모듈 종속 항목이 포함되어 있음
  - \$depmod -a

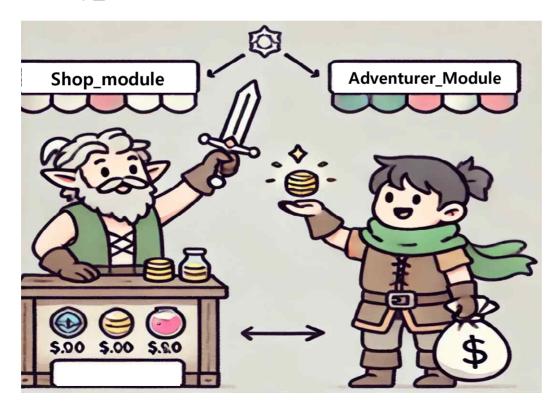
```
kernel/net/can/can.ko:
kernel/net/can/can.ko:
kernel/net/can/can-raw.ko: kernel/net/can/can.ko
kernel/net/can/can-bcm.ko: kernel/net/can/can.ko
kernel/net/can/can-gw.ko: kernel/net/can/can.ko
kernel/net/bluetooth/bluetooth.ko: kernel/crypto/ecdh_generic.ko
kernel/net/bluetooth/rfcomm/rfcomm.ko: kernel/net/bluetooth/bluetooth.ko kernel/
crypto/ecdh_generic.ko 객의존
kernel/net/bluetooth/bnep/bnep.ko: kernel/net/bluetooth/bluetooth.ko kernel/cryp
to/ecdh_generic.ko
kernel/net/bluetooth/cmtp/cmtp.ko: kernel/drivers/isdn/capi/kernelcapi.ko kernel/net/bluetooth/bluetooth.ko kernel/crypto/ecdh_generic.ko
/net/bluetooth/bluetooth.ko kernel/crypto/ecdh_generic.ko
kernel/net/bluetooth/hidp/hidp.ko: kernel/drivers/hid/hid.ko kernel/net/bluetooth/bluetooth.ko kernel/crypto/ecdh_generic.ko
```



# 예제 – Module dependency

### Example

- ▶ 상점 상인과 모험가의 거래를 예시로 들어보자.
  - Q1. 상점이 닫혀 있으면..?
    - 상점(shop\_module)이 열려 (insmod) 있어야 모험가(adventurer\_module)는 아이템을 구매 가능하다.(Dependency)
  - Q2. 모험가는 아이템의 가격을 어떻게 아는가..?
    - 상점(shop\_module)이 물건의 가격을 알려줘야 한다(EXPORT\_SYMBOL 매크로 사용)





#### Shop\_module.c

```
1 // shop module.c
2 #include ux/init.h>
3 #include linux/module.h>
4 #include ux/kernel.h>
6 MODULE LICENSE("GPL");
7 MODULE DESCRIPTION("Shop Module for RPG Game"):
8 MODULE VERSION("1.0");
10 // 상점에서 판매할 아이템의 가격
11 int sword price = 100; // 100골드짜리 검
12 int potion price = 50; // 50골드짜리 포션
13
14 // 상점에서 아이템 구매 함수
15 int buy item(const char *item) {
      if (strcmp(item, "sword") == 0) {
16
17
          printk(KERN INFO "shop module: 검을 구매했습니다! 가격: %d골드\n", sword price);
18
          return sword price;
19
      } else if (strcmp(item, "potion") == 0) {
20
          printk(KERN INFO "shop module: 포션을 구매했습니다! 가격: %d골드\n", potion price);
21
22
23
24
25
26 }
          return potion price:
      } else {
          printk(KERN_INFO "shop_module: 해당 아이템은 없습니다.\n");
          return -1; // 아이템 없음
```



#### Shop\_module.c

```
28 // 변수를 외부에 내보냄
29 EXPORT SYMBOL(sword price);
30 EXPORT SYMBOL(potion price);
31
32 // 함수를 외부에 내보냄
33 EXPORT_SYMBOL(buy_item);
34
35 // 모듈 초기화
36 static int _ init shop module init(void) {
      printk(KERN INFO "shop module: 상점이 열렸습니다!\n");
37
38
      return 0:
39 }
41 // 모듈 종료
42 static void exit shop module exit(void) {
      printk(KERN_INFO "shop_module: 상점이 닫혔습니다.\n");
43
44 }
46 module init(shop module init);
47 module exit(shop module exit);
```



### adventurer\_module.c

```
1 // adventurer module.c
2 #include <linux/init.h>
3 #include ux/module.h>
4 #include ux/kernel.h>
6 MODULE LICENSE("GPL");
7 MODULE DESCRIPTION("Adventurer Module for RPG Game");
8 MODULE VERSION("1.0");
10 // 상점 모듈에서 내보낸 변수와 함수 선언
11 extern int sword price:
12 extern int potion price;
13 extern int buy item(const char *item);
14
15 // 모듈 초기화
16 static int __init adventurer_module_init(void) {
      int gold = 150; // 모험가의 초기 골드
17
      int cost;
18
19
      printk(KERN INFO "adventurer module: 모험가가 상점에 방문했습니다.\n");
20
      printk(KERN INFO "adventurer module: 모험가의 소지 골드: %d골드\n", gold);
21
22
23
      // 검 구매 시도
      cost = buy item("sword");
24
      if (cost > 0 && gold >= cost) {
25
26
          gold -= cost:
27
          printk(KERN_INFO "adventurer_module: 검을 구매했습니다! 남은 골드: %d골드\n", gold);
28
      } else {
          printk(KERN_INFO "adventurer module: 골드가 부족합니다!\n");
29
30
```



#### adventurer\_module.c

```
32
      // 포션 구매 시도
33
      cost = buy item("potion");
      if (cost > 0 && gold >= cost) {
          gold -= cost:
36
          printk(KERN INFO "adventurer module: 포션을 구매했습니다! 남은 골드: %d골드\n", gold);
37
      } else {
38
          printk(KERN INFO "adventurer module: 골드가 부족합니다!\n");
39
40
41
      return 0;
42 }
43
44 // 모듈 종료
45 static void exit adventurer module exit(void) {
      printk(KERN_INFO "adventurer_module: 모험가가 상점을 떠났습니다.\n");
46
47 }
49 module init(adventurer module init);
50 module_exit(adventurer_module_exit);
```



#### Makefile



### Step 01. insert shop\_module

```
root@ubuntu:/home/os2024123456/week5# insmod shop_module.ko
root@ubuntu:/home/os2024123456/week5# lsmod | grep shop_module
shop_module 16384 0
root@ubuntu:/home/os2024123456/week5# dmesg | tail -n 1
[716305.454606] shop_module: 상점이 열렸습니다!
```

### Step 02. insert adventurer\_module

```
root@ubuntu:/home/os2024123456/week5# insmod adventurer_module.ko
root@ubuntu:/home/os2024123456/week5# lsmod | grep adventurer_module
adventurer_module 16384 0
shop_module 16384 1 adventurer_module
root@ubuntu:/home/os2024123456/week5# dmesg | tail -n 7
[716305.454606] shop_module: 상점이 열렸습니다!
[716424.908480] adventurer_module: 모험가가 상점에 방문했습니다.
[716424.908483] adventurer_module: 모험가의 소지 골드: 150골드
[716424.908484] shop_module: 검을 구매했습니다! 가격: 100골드
[716424.908485] adventurer_module: 검을 구매했습니다! 남은 골드: 50골드
[716424.908486] shop_module: 포션을 구매했습니다! 남은 골드: 0골드
[716424.908486] adventurer_module: 포션을 구매했습니다! 남은 골드: 0골드
[716424.908486] adventurer_module: 포션을 구매했습니다! 남은 골드: 0골드
```



Q1. 상점을 열지 않았는데 모험가가 들어오려고 하면?

```
root@ubuntu:/home/os2024123456/week5# lsmod | grep shop_module
root@ubuntu:/home/os2024123456/week5# insmod adventurer_module.ko
insmod: ERROR: could not insert module adventurer_module.ko: Unknown symbol in module
```

Q2. 모험가가 떠나기 전에 상점을 닫으면?

```
root@ubuntu:/home/os2024123456/week5# lsmod | grep shop_module
shop_module
root@ubuntu:/home/os2024123456/week5# lsmod | grep adventurer_module
adventurer_module
shop_module
16384 0
shop_module
root@ubuntu:/home/os2024123456/week5# rmmod shop_module
rmmod: ERROR: Module shop_module is in use by: adventurer_module
```





# **Assignment 2**

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### Directory

- root@ubuntu:/home/os2024123456/hooking# ls
- abc.txt ftracehooking.c ftracehooking.h iotracehooking.c Makefile test.c

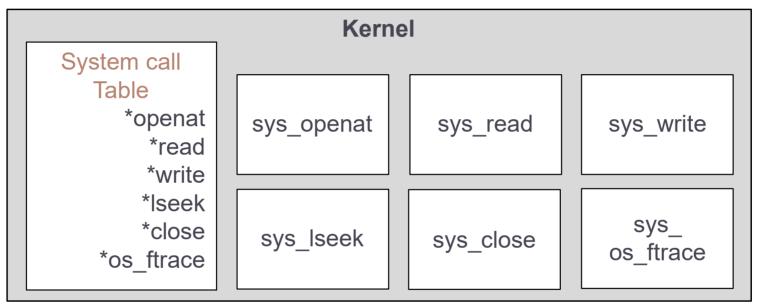
#### Test case

Test.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/syscall.h>
int main()
        syscall(336, getpid());
        int fd = 0:
        char buf[50];
        fd = open("abc.txt", O_RDWR);
        for (int i = 1; i <= 4; ++i)
                read(fd, buf, 5);
                lseek(fd, 0, SEEK END);
                write(fd, buf, 5);
                lseek(fd, i*5, SEEK_SET);
        lseek(fd, 0, SEEK END);
        write(fd, "HELLO", 6);
        close(fd);
        syscall(336,0);
        return 0;
```



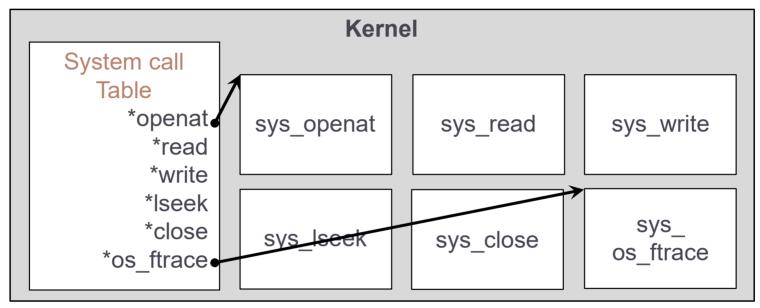
- Behaviors(following openat system call)
  - Before inserting modules







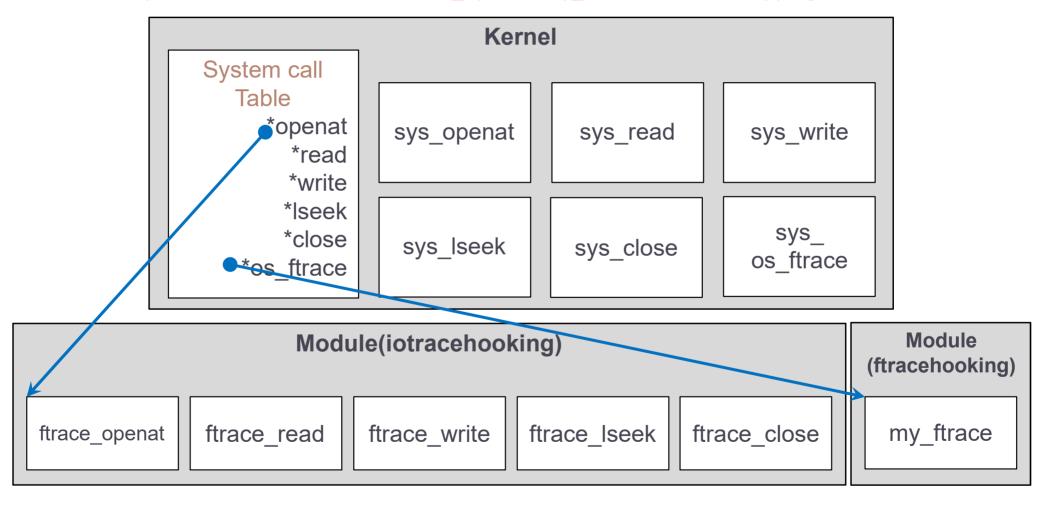
- Behaviors(following openat system call)
  - Before inserting modules
  - (0)Systemcall table은 sys\_openat, sys\_os\_ftrace의 주소를 가지고 있음





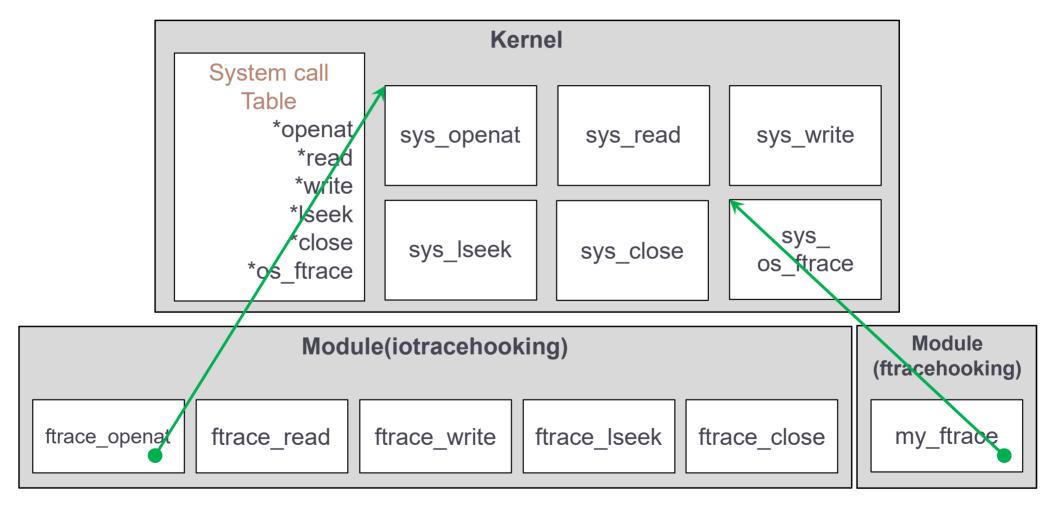


- Behaviors(following openat system call)
  - After inserting modules
    - (1)Systemcall table 의 주소가 ftrace\_openat, my\_ftrace 로 변경(wrapping)



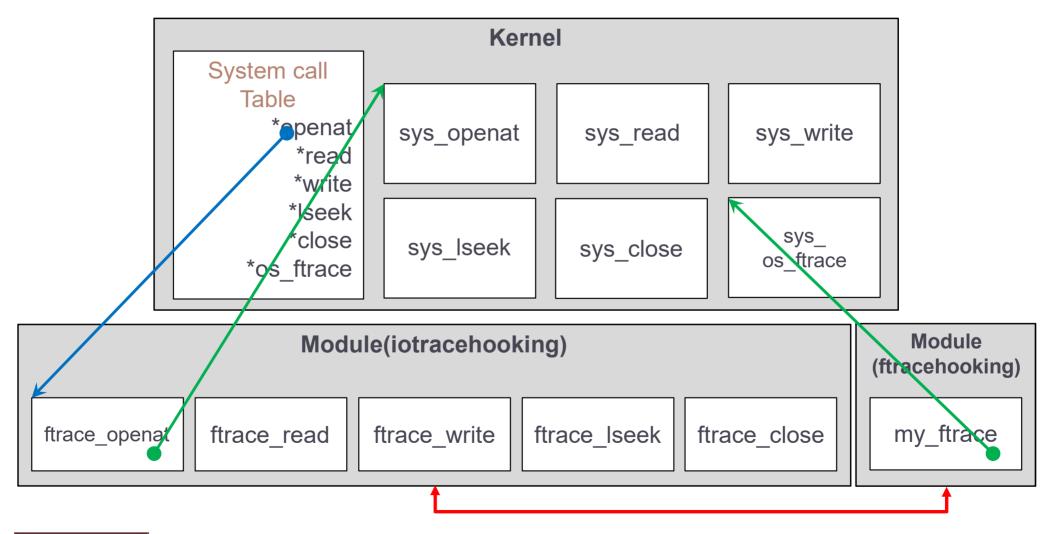


- Behaviors(following openat system call)
  - After inserting modules
    - (2) ftrace\_openat 함수는 sys\_openat을 리턴 / my\_ftrace 는 sys\_os\_ftrace 를 리턴



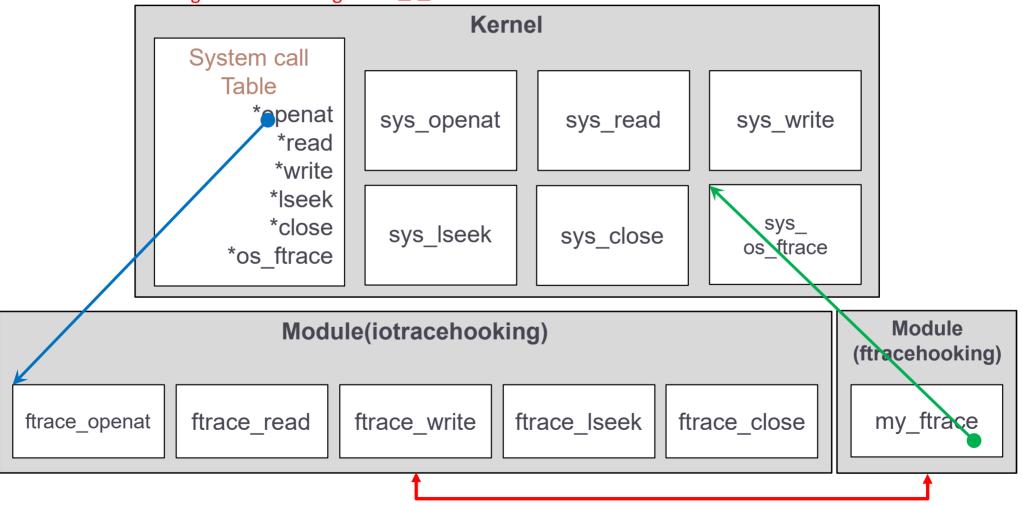


- Behaviors(following openat system call)
  - After inserting modules
  - (3) ftrace\_openat 함수는 sys\_openat을 리턴 / my\_ftrace 는 sys\_os\_ftrace 를 리턴

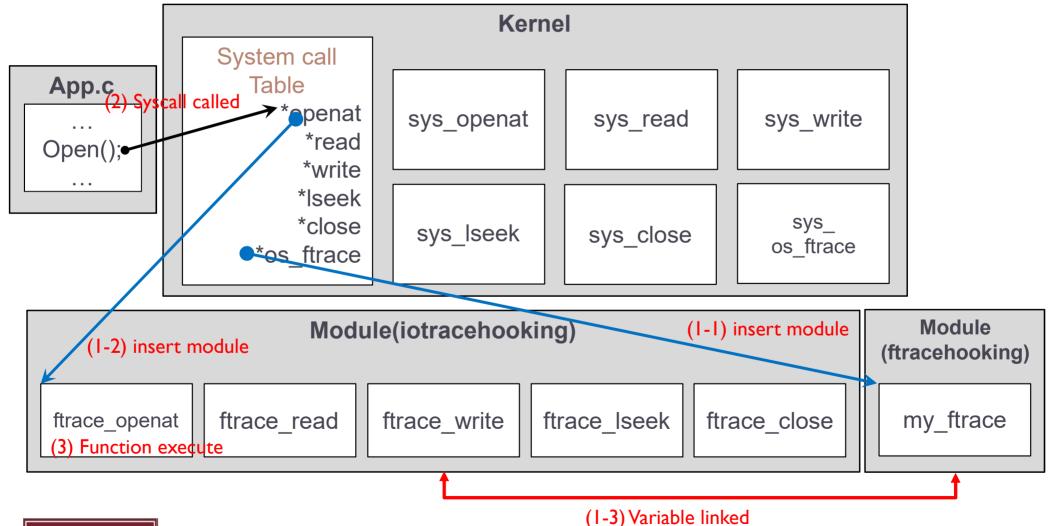




- Behaviors(following openat system call)
  - After inserting modules
  - (4) ftrace\_openat 함수에서 측정한 값을 EXTERNEL SYMBOL 매크로를 사용하여 iotracehooking -> ftracehooking 으로 전달



- Behaviors(following openat system call)
  - Process Flow: After inserting modules





# **Appendix**

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### **Strace**

### ■ 시스템 호출(system call) 및 신호(signal) 추적하는 디버깅 툴

\$strace ./test.out

```
root@ubuntu:/home/os2024123456/hooking# strace ./test.out
execve("./test.out", ["./test.out"], 0x7ffd801aa070 /* 22 vars */) = 0
                                    = 0x5583bb6a9000
brk(NULL)
arch prctl(0x3001 /* ARCH ??? */, 0x7ffe169f67f0) = -1 EINVAL (Invalid argument)
access("/etc/ld.so.preload", R_OK)
                                   = -1 ENOENT (No such file or directory)
openat(AT FDCWD, "/etc/ld.so.cache", 0 RDONLY|0 CLOEXEC) = 3
fstat(3, {st mode=S IFREG|0644, st size=61814, ...}) = 0
mmap(NULL, 61814, PROT READ, MAP PRIVATE, 3, 0) = 0x7fcc1a5a4000
close(3)
openat(AT FDCWD, "/lib/x86 64-linux-qnu/libc.so.6", O RDONLY|O CLOEXEC) = 3
read(3, "\177ELF\2\1\1\3\0\0\0\0\0\0\0\3\0>\0\1\0\0\0\300A\2\0\0\0\0"..., 832) = 832
pread64(3, "\4\0\0\0\20\0\0\5\0\0\0GNU\0\2\0\0\0\0\0\0\0\0\0\0\0\0\0\0\0\0\0", 32, 848) = 32
pread64(3, "\4\0\0\0\24\0\0\0\3\0\0GNU\0\7\2C\n\357_\243\335\2449\206V>\237\374\304"..., 68, 880) = 68
fstat(3, {st mode=S IFREG|0755, st size=2029592, ...}) = 0
mmap(NULL, 8192, PROT READ|PROT WRITE, MAP PRIVATE|MAP ANONYMOUS, -1, 0) = 0x7fcc1a5a2000
pread64(3, "\4\0\0\0\20\0\0\5\0\0\0GNU\0\2\0\0\300\4\0\0\0\3\0\0\0\0\0\0\0", 32, 848) = 32
pread64(3, "\4\0\0\0\24\0\0\0\3\0\0GNU\0\7\2C\n\357 \243\335\2449\206V>\237\374\304"..., 68, 880) = 68
mmap(NULL, 2037344, PROT_READ, MAP_PRIVATE|MAP_DENYWRITE, 3, 0) = 0x7fcc1a3b0000
mmap(0x7fcc1a3d2000, 1540096, PROT READ|PROT EXEC, MAP PRIVATE|MAP FIXED|MAP DENYWRITE, 3, 0x22000) = 0x7fcc1a3d2000
mmap(0x7fcc1a54a000, 319488, PROT READ, MAP PRIVATE|MAP FIXED|MAP DENYWRITE, 3, 0x19a000) = 0x7fcc1a54a000
mmap(0x7fcc1a598000, 24576, PROT READ|PROT WRITE, MAP PRIVATE|MAP FIXED|MAP DENYWRITE, 3, 0x1e7000) = 0x7fcc1a598000
mmap(0x7fcc1a59e000, 13920, PROT READ|PROT WRITE, MAP PRIVATE|MAP FIXED|MAP ANONYMOUS, -1, 0) = 0x7fcc1a59e000
close(3)
```



### **Strace**

#### Options

- -e : 조회 대상의 systemcall을 한정하여 출력
  - \$strace -e [조회하려는 시스템콜 이름] [명령어 or 실행파일] <- 단일 명령어 조회
  - \$strace -e trace=[조회하려는 시스템콜들..] [명령어 or 실행파일] <- 다중 명령어 조회

```
root@ubuntu:/home/os2024123456/hooking# strace -e openat ./test.out
openat(AT_FDCWD, "/etc/ld.so.cache", 0_RDONLY|0_CLOEXEC) = 3
openat(AT_FDCWD, "/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6", 0_RDONLY|0_CLOEXEC) = 3
syscall_0x150(0x144f1, 0x7ffe87942ca8, 0x7fe69b1b40cb, 0, 0x7fe69b2e5d60, 0xc2) = 0
openat(AT_FDCWD, "abc.txt", 0_RDWR) = 3
syscall_0x150(0, 0x6, 0x7fe69b1dea37, 0x7fe69b2e5d60, 0xc2, 0xc2) = 0
+++ exited with 0 +++
```

- c: 조회하는 대상의 system call 정보를 출력
  - \$strace -c [명령어 or 실행파일]

% time	seconds	usecs/call	calls	errors syscall
0.00	0.000000	0	5	read
0.00	0.000000	ō	5	write
0.00		0	3	close
0.00		0	2	fstat
0.00	0.000000	0	9	lseek
0.00	0.000000	0	7	mmap
0.00	0.000000	0	3	mprotect
0.00	0.000000	0	1	munmap
0.00	0.000000	0	1	brk
0.00	0.000000	0	6	pread64
0.00	0.000000	0	1	1 access
0.00	0.000000	0	1	getpid
0.00	0.000000	0	1	execve
0.00	0.000000	0	2	1 arch_prctl
0.00	0.000000	0	3	openat
0.00	0.000000	0	2	(null)
100.00	0.000000		52	2 total

