



- 1. **SELECT** indicates which column(s) you want to be given the data for.
- 2. **FROM** specifies from which table(s) you want to select the columns. Notice exist in this table.

If you want to be provided with the data from all columns in the table, you use "5"

• SELECT * FROM orders

Note that using SELECT does not *create* a new table with these columns in the da the data to you as the results, or output, of this command.

You will use this SQL SELECT statement in every query in this course, but you will additional statements and operators that can be used along with them to ask mo questions of your data.