## REAL ANALYSIS HW6

## **JAEMINOH**

section 6

Problem 1. "the vanishing property"

First, assume that  $\int f d\lambda = 0$ . Since f is measurable, there exists an increasing sequence of nonnegative simple functions which converges to f. Let denote them as  $s_n$ . Then  $f^{-1}((0,\infty]) = \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} s_n^{-1}((0,\infty])$ , union of measure zero set. Therefore, we get  $\lambda(f^{-1}((0,\infty])) = 0$ .

Conversely, assume that  $\int f d\lambda > 0$ . Then there exists nonnegative simple function  $s \leq f$  such that  $\int s d\lambda > 0$ . Also we can write s as a linear combination of (measurable) characteristic functions, i.e.  $\int s d\lambda = \sum_{i=1}^N \alpha_i \lambda(A_i) > 0$ . So,  $\alpha_i \lambda(A_i) > 0$  for at least one integer  $1 \leq i \leq N$ . By Observing the fact that  $A_i \subset f^{-1}((0,\infty])$ , we can conclude that  $f^{-1}((0,\infty])$  has measure zero implies  $\int f d\lambda = 0$  by contrapositive.

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