금공프3 중간대체과제

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In []: import numpy as np

import math

1. 채권 가격과 듀레이션

(1)

** 문제에 제시된 공식이 잘못되어 아래와 같이 수정했습니다.

- 채권 가격:
 - 마지막 기에 $\frac{FV}{(1+\frac{(y/100)}{f})^t}$ 더해줘야 함. (만기 원금)
- 듀레이션:
 - t가 아닌 $\frac{t}{f}$ 를 곱해줘야 함.
 - 또한 채권 가격과 마찬가지로 만기 원금을 더해줘야 함.

즉,

$$D = rac{1}{P} (\sum_{t=1}^n rac{t}{f} \cdot rac{C_t}{(1 + rac{(y/100)}{f})^t} + rac{n}{f} \cdot rac{FV}{(1 + rac{(y/100)}{f})^n})$$

로 고쳐져야 합니다.

위와 같이 고쳤을 때 테스트 케이스와 일치하는 값이 반환됩니다.

```
In [ ]: def bondftn(facevalue, couprate, y, maturity, frequency):
           """계산된 채권가격과 듀레이션을 튜플로 반환하는 함수
           Args:
               facevalue (float): 액면가격
               couprate (float): 쿠폰이자율
               y (float): 만기수익률
               maturity (float): 만기
               frequency (float): 연간쿠폰지급횟수
           Returns:
               tuple: (채권가격, 듀레이션)
           frequencies = {
               'annual': 1,
               'semi-annual': 2,
               'quarterly': 4,
           if frequency in frequencies:
               f = frequencies[frequency]
           else:
               print(f'Invalid frequency: {frequency}')
               return
           c = couprate / 100
           ytm = y / 100
           c dollar = facevalue * c / f
           nper = maturity * f
           ## 채권 가격
           P = 0
           for t in range(1, nper+1):
               P += c dollar / (1 + ytm/f)**t
           P += facevalue / (1 + ytm/f)**t
           ## 듀레이션
           D = 0
           for t in range(1, nper+1):
```

```
D += t/f * (c dollar / (1 + ytm/f)**t)
           D += t/f * (facevalue / (1 + ytm/f)**t)
           D = D/P
           return P, D
In [ ]: test_case = {
           'facevalue': 100,
           'couprate': 5,
           'y': 4.5,
           'maturity': 2,
           'frequency': 'quarterly',
In [ ]: bondftn(**test_case)
Out[]: (100.95121625257656, 1.9161694881599696)
        (2)
In [ ]: def price_change(facevalue, couprate, y_old, y_new, maturity, frequency):
            """만기수익률 변화에 따른 가격변화율을 계산하는 함수
           Args:
               y old (float): 변화 전 만기수익률
               y new (float): 변화 후 만기수익률
            Returns:
               float: 가격변화율
           old_price = bondftn(facevalue, couprate, y_old, maturity, frequency)[0]
           new price = bondftn(facevalue, couprate, y new, maturity, frequency)[0]
           return (new_price - old_price) / old_price
```

```
In []: y_old = 10
y_new = 11
frequency = 'annual'
facevalue = 100

result_dict = {}

test_maturities = [5, 4, 3, 2, 1]
test_couprates = [5, 4, 3, 2, 1]

for m in test_maturities:
    result_dict[f'M={m}'] = {}
    for c in test_couprates:
        result_dict[f'M={m}'][f'{c}%'] = price_change(facevalue=facevalue, couprate=c, y_old=y_old, y_new=y_new, maturity=m, f
In []: result_dict
```

```
Out[]: {'M=5': {'5%': -0.03974836055305566,
           '4%': -0.04047048346784374,
           '3%': -0.041267129839987905,
           '2%': -0.04215046362141572,
           '1%': -0.04313544833326965},
          'M=4': {'5%': -0.03286185142470099,
           '4%': -0.03331563660900725,
           '3%': -0.033806394433436325,
           '2%': -0.034338835372434776,
           '1%': -0.03491850556952312},
          'M=3': {'5%': -0.025444064500651814,
           '4%': -0.0256807665472403,
           '3%': -0.0259317228242334,
           '2%': -0.026198260892201106,
           '1%': -0.026481878449181942},
          'M=2': {'5%': -0.01749248331124319,
           '4%': -0.017574470850625305,
           '3%': -0.01765969778478984,
           '2%': -0.01774835996965999,
           '1%': -0.017840669374671377},
          'M=1': {'5%': -0.009009009009008976,
           '4%': -0.009009009009009075,
           '3%': -0.009009009009009023,
           '2%': -0.009009009009008973,
           '1%': -0.009009009009008919}}
        result dict['M=5']['5%']
Out[]: -0.03974836055305566
        (3)
In [ ]: result_dict_dur = {}
        for m in test maturities:
            result dict dur[f'M={m}'] = {}
            for c in test_couprates:
                result dict dur[f'M={m}'][f'{c}%'] = bondftn(facevalue=facevalue, couprate=c, y=y old, maturity=m, frequency=frequency
```

```
In [ ]: result_dict_dur['M=5']['4%']
Out[ ]: 4.570186239555571
```

2. 자동차 보험회사에 관한 몬테카를로 시뮬레이션

```
In []: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns

In []: # poisson (연간청구건수) poi_mean = 100

# gamma (청구건수 별 청구금액) alpha = 2 # 모양 beta = 1/2 # 척도

# uniform (청구건수 별 청구발생시점) start = 0 end = 1

# 보험료 수입 slope = 150
```

(1)

```
In [ ]: # 청구 건수별 청구 발생시점을 균등 분포에서 샘플링
        times = np.random.uniform(start, end, size=case count)
In []: sort idx = np.argsort(times) # 시간순으로 정렬하기 위한 인덱스
        claims timeseries = claims[sort idx]
        times timeseries = times[sort idx]
        revenue timeseries = slope * times timeseries # 보험료 수입
        cumulative claims timeseries = np.cumsum(claims timeseries) # 누적 청구금액
        balance timeseries = revenue timeseries - cumulative claims timeseries # 누적 수입 - 누적 청구금액
In [ ]: balance = np.insert(balance timeseries, 0, 0) # 첫 번째 값은 0으로 삽입
        balance
Out[]: array([ 0.
                          , -0.26227715, -1.6180239 , -1.82463633, -1.53089757,
               -2.46839791, -2.20997289, -1.2079736 , -1.47598418, -0.86802952,
                0.19901351, -0.71986213, 1.29431308, 0.71045542, 1.42182522,
                3.96899387, 3.22860918, 5.0048229, 9.23842309, 11.96273557,
               11.72405712, 12.87905416, 13.30443201, 13.43980583, 12.52498499,
               11.60429671, 14.53106592, 15.10440251, 17.28381553, 16.5711021,
               19.22145751, 19.24898417, 20.12286951, 19.16216323, 19.15369614,
               18.92150726, 18.45788688, 19.85570357, 21.03005458, 21.98517586,
               24.8563027 , 29.46789881, 29.41446588, 28.73813918, 27.05527385,
               26.31907777, 28.127566 , 27.25316095, 26.65294555, 27.72929123,
               26.05134375, 26.22319595, 26.25914594, 27.91199516, 27.14190793,
               27.8215918 , 28.00206147 , 27.38688218 , 26.75384067 , 26.46275544 ,
               24.61527075, 25.25216238, 24.9845234, 24.51949075, 26.03631959,
               26.64880291, 25.63082927, 24.0519857, 25.91985378, 26.84760604,
               26.84612513, 26.44281845, 27.75413662, 28.74075064, 29.94714107,
               30.55295038, 29.34245207, 28.92148218, 30.47504904, 28.61465751,
               31.29143915, 30.75692533, 33.80380902, 32.56890702, 33.56630241,
               33.77149224, 33.89648082, 33.54392874, 32.54996614, 31.3620031,
               32.06302275, 36.68756394, 35.88979524, 36.20364485, 36.16121612,
               33.64857627, 33.23687058, 34.65241891, 34.45934454, 35.4917505,
               38.95738146, 38.24324673, 39.04172957, 39.15510184, 39.18276481,
               38.07176085, 37.8513551, 36.45430046, 35.0233919, 36.33094952,
               36.37338146, 38.95739864, 41.89933844, 41.62230624, 45.49691662])
```

(2)

```
In [ ]: def generate balance path(
                                     poisson size=10000,
                                     poi mean=100,
                                     alpha=2,
                                     beta=1/2,
                                     start=0,
                                     end=1,
                                     slope=150
                                     ):
                            """Monte Carlo 실험을 위해 balance의 path를 generate하는 함수
                            Returns:
                                     np.ndarray: 잔고의 path
                            # 연간 청구 건수를 포아송 분포에서 샘플링
                            poisson samples = np.random.poisson(lam=poi mean, size=poisson size)
                            case count = np.random.choice(poisson samples, 1)[0]
                            # 청구 건수별로 청구금액을 감마 분포에서 샘플링
                            claims = np.random.gamma(alpha, scale=beta, size=case count)
                            # 청구 건수별 청구 발생시점을 균등 분포에서 샘플링
                            times = np.random.uniform(start, end, size=case count)
                            sort idx = np.argsort(times) # 시간순으로 정렬하기 위한 인덱스
                            claims timeseries = claims[sort idx]
                            times timeseries = times[sort idx]
                            revenue timeseries = slope * times timeseries # 보험료 수입
                            cumulative_claims_timeseries = np.cumsum(claims_timeseries) # 누적 청구금액
                            balance_timeseries = revenue_timeseries - cumulative_claims_timeseries # + 74 + 10 - + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 
                            balance = np.insert(balance timeseries, 0, 0) # 첫 번째 값은 0으로 삽입
                            return balance
```

(a)

```
In []: num_experiments = 10000
# 최종 balance만 generate
simulate_final_balance = [generate_balance_path()[-1] for _ in range(num_experiments)]

In []: # balance의 기대값
np.mean(simulate_final_balance)

Out[]: 48.34827097170984

(b)

In []: # balance path들을 generate
balance_paths = [generate_balance_path() for _ in range(num_experiments)]

In []: # 1년 중 한 번 이상 -5 이하로 떨어질 확률
p = np.mean([np.any(balance <= -5) for balance in balance_paths])

Out[]: 0.0633
```