

# **CSE215**

# **Foundations of Computer Science**

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# Today

## Homework 01

- To finish by 4h25

\* Exercise 1 (score = 10)

Construct the truth table for the following statement forms:

1.  $\text{false} \vee p$
2.  $\text{True} \wedge p$

# Solution

p	false $\vee$ p
true	true
false	false

p	true $\vee$ p
true	true
false	false

### \* Exercise 2 (score = 30)

Write truth tables for the following statement forms.

1.  $p \rightarrow q$
2.  $\sim p \vee q$
3.  $q \rightarrow p$
4.  $\sim q \vee p$
5.  $\sim q \rightarrow \sim p$
6.  $\sim p \rightarrow \sim q$

### \* Exercise 3 (score = 15)

Among the six statement forms in Exercise 2, find at least five pairs that are equivalent? For example, if you believe statement forms 1 and 2 in Exercise 2 are equivalent, you have found a pair (1, 2).

# Solution

Exercise 2		1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
$p$	$q$	$p \rightarrow q$	$\sim p \vee q$	$q \rightarrow p$	$\sim q \vee p$	$\sim q \rightarrow \sim p$	$\sim p \rightarrow \sim q$
T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
T	F	F	F	T	T	F	T
F	T	T	T	F	F	T	F
F	F	T	T	T	T	T	T

## Exercise 3

- 1, 2, 5 are equivalent
- 3, 4, 6 are equivalent

\* Exercise 4. (score = 20)

Make a truth table for the proposition  $\sim P \wedge (Q \rightarrow P)$ . What can you conclude about P and Q if you know the statement is true?

# Solution

P	Q	$\sim P$	$Q \rightarrow P$	$\sim P \wedge (Q \rightarrow P)$
T	T	F	T	F
T	F	F	T	F
F	T	T	F	F
F	F	T	T	T

If the whole statement is true, then P is false and Q is false.



**\* Exercise 5. (score = 15)**

For each statement form below, use truth tables to determine if it is a tautology, contradiction, or neither.

1.  $(\sim p \vee q) \vee (p \wedge \sim q)$
2.  $(p \wedge \sim q) \wedge (\sim p \vee q)$
3.  $(p \wedge q) \vee (\sim p \vee (p \wedge \sim q))$

# Solution

5.

P	Q	$\sim P \vee Q$	$P \wedge \sim Q$	$(\sim P \vee Q) \vee (P \wedge \sim Q)$
T	T	T	F	T
T	F	F	T	T
F	T	T	F	T
F	F	T	F	T

$(\sim P \vee Q) \vee (P \wedge \sim Q)$  is a tautology.

P	Q	$P \wedge \sim Q$	$\sim P \vee Q$	$(P \wedge \sim Q) \wedge (\sim P \vee Q)$
T	T	F	T	F
T	F	T	F	F
F	T	F	T	F
F	F	F	T	F

$(P \wedge \sim Q) \wedge (\sim P \vee Q)$  is a contradiction.

P	Q	$P \wedge Q$	$P \wedge \sim Q$	$\sim P \vee (P \wedge \sim Q)$	$(P \wedge Q) \vee (\sim P \vee (P \wedge \sim Q))$
T	T	T	F	F	T
T	F	F	T	T	T
F	T	F	F	T	T
F	F	F	F	T	T

$(P \wedge Q) \vee (\sim P \vee (P \wedge \sim Q))$  is a tautology.

\* Exercise 6. (score = 10)

Check if the two statement forms below are logically equivalent using a truth table

- $p \vee q \rightarrow r$
- $(p \rightarrow r) \wedge (q \rightarrow r)$

# Solution

6.

P	Q	R	$P \vee Q$	$(P \vee Q) \rightarrow R$	$P \rightarrow R$	$Q \rightarrow R$	$(P \rightarrow R) \wedge (Q \rightarrow R)$
T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T	F	F	F	F
T	F	T	T	T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T	F	F	T	F
F	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
F	T	F	T	F	T	F	F
F	F	T	F	T	T	T	T
F	F	F	F	T	T	T	T

They are logically equivalent.