Round 1A 2008

#### A. Minimum Scalar Product

**B. Milkshakes** 

C. Numbers

#### **Contest Analysis**

Questions asked 3

# Submissions

#### Minimum Scalar Product

Not attempted 2352/2567 users correct (92%)

10pt Not attempted 1048/2336 users correct (45%)

#### Milkshakes

10pt	Not attempted 655/1042 users correct (63%)
25pt	Not attempted 312/432 users correct (72%)

#### Numbers

15pt	Not attempted	
	<b>577/1925 users</b> correct	
	(30%)	
35nt	Not attempted	

96/364 users correct (26%)

<ul> <li>Top Scores</li> </ul>	
Bohua	100
yuhch123	100
neal.wu	100
newman	100
Plagapong	100
Ahyangyi	100
Reid	100
Qingchun	100
ploh	100
kubus	100

## **Problem A. Minimum Scalar Product**

This contest is open for practice. You can try every problem as many times as you like, though we won't keep track of which problems you solve. Read the Quick-Start Guide to get started.

Small input Solve A-small 5 points Large input Solve A-large 10 points Judge's response for last submission: Correct.

#### Problem

Practice Mode

You are given two vectors  $v_1 = (x_1, x_2, ..., x_n)$  and  $v_2 = (y_1, y_2, ..., y_n)$ . The scalar product of these vectors is a single number, calculated as  $x_1y_1+x_2y_2+...+x_ny_n$ .

Suppose you are allowed to permute the coordinates of each vector as you wish. Choose two permutations such that the scalar product of your two new vectors is the smallest possible, and output that minimum scalar product.

### Input

The first line of the input file contains integer number **T** - the number of test cases. For each test case, the first line contains integer number n. The next two lines contain n integers each, giving the coordinates of v<sub>1</sub> and v<sub>2</sub> respectively.

## Output

For each test case, output a line

Case #X: Y

where **X** is the test case number, starting from 1, and **Y** is the minimum scalar product of all permutations of the two given vectors.

## Limits

Small dataset

T = 1000 $1 \le n \le 8$  $-1000 \le \mathbf{x}_i, \ \mathbf{y}_i \le 1000$ 

## Large dataset

T = 10 $100 \le n \le 800$  $-100000 \le \mathbf{x}_i, \ \mathbf{y}_i \le 100000$ 

## Sample

Input	Output
2 3 1 3 -5 -2 4 1 5 1 2 3 4 5	Case #1: -25 Case #2: 6

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