





# Hackathon

# **CHEMOUFLAGE**

**PLAY OR LEARN?** 

**TEAM NAME** 

**TEAM GGWP** 

**TEAM MEMBERS** 

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# **Usage Scenario**

Chemouflage is a chemistry based android application that helps the user to understand chemistry in an interactive way. This application simulates the fundamental basics of chemistry, using 3D structure and augmented reality for visualizing the atoms and compounds.

#### 1. Account Management

Any user can enter the application either by sign up, login or guest mode.

**Sign Up:** A user can create an account to enter into the system. He/she needs to provide the following common information in order to create an account:

- 1. Username
- 2. Email Address
- 3. Password

A user can create only one account with the same email address.

**Log In:** A user can log into the system by providing email address/username and password. The system should authorize the user to log into the application.

**Recover Password:** If a user forgets the password, he/she will be given a new password through the email address.

**Update Account:** A user can update the username or password of the account.

**Guest Mode:** If any user wishes to enter the system without an authentication, he/she can enter using the guest mode. He/she will have limited access to the application.

#### 2. Features

There will be four chapters for learning the basics of chemistry.

- 1. Building an Atom
- 2. Periodic Table of Elements
- 3. Chemical Bonding
- 4. AR Learning
- 5. Quiz

The students will learn these topics one by one and can test their learning by giving quizzes.

#### **Building an Atom**

A user can build an atom by adding particles (protons, neutrons and electrons) in the 3D model. See the dynamic changes of [ Atomic mass, atomic number, charge] the model. So, user can see the output while understanding the laws, structure formation and electron configuration of an atom. Also learn when ionization energy or electron affinity occurs.

#### **Periodic Table**

Here a user can view the whole periodic table of 118 elements., where he/she can choose any element and go to its detail section.

- There will be a list of physical and chemical properties, such as, electron configuration, atomic mass, ionization energy, electron affinity.
- Along with that, the user can see the 3D structure of the elements according to Rutherford and Bohr's theorem.

#### **Chemical Bonding**

A user can view any compound, see its bond formation and 3D structure in different model (Structural model, ball and stick model)

- There will be a predefined set o f compounds for simulation. The user can see the list and choose any compound from it, such as NaCl, H<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>4</sub>. He/she can view, rotate and scale the compound to see in different models.
- User can make a compound by combining the cation and anion for understanding valency. There will be two types of Ions.
  - 1. The list of Cations, e.g. (Na<sup>+</sup>, Mg<sup>+</sup>, Ca<sup>2+</sup>)
  - 2. The list of Anions (Cl<sup>-</sup>, O<sup>2-</sup>, F<sup>-</sup>)

A user can select a cation from Cations list and an anion from the Anions list. If those together form a compound, system will identify it and show the 3D modeling of the compound. By this, a user can learn from experimenting through games.

#### **AR (Augmented Reality) Learning**

In the AR book feature, users can see the structures of elements and compounds in augmented reality mode.

- After entering this option, the user can select an atom or compound. In the
  atom section, user can hold the device over an image of a periodic table
  element. The system will detect the image and show the 3-D model of
  compounds.
- In the AR interaction feature, users can make compounds in augmented reality mode.
- Any user can simulate the chemical bonding in Augmented Reality mode.
  User can use marker image of the elements, place them side by side for
  forming a compound. For example, a user has two marker images, one is of
  Sodium (Na) and the other is of Chlorine (Cl). The user can place these two
  images closely, then the compound Sodium Chloride (NaCl) can be
  visualized in the space.

#### Quiz

Quiz is only available for the users who are logged in. There will be a quiz feature in every chapter for practicing. Here the player will be given short questions related to the topics. After answering the question users can immediately get the feedback of their learning and make it effective. After every quiz, the user will get points and unlock the next chapter if the desired score is achieved.

# **Use Case Diagram**

Level: 0

Name: Chemouflage

Primary Actor: User, System

**Secondary Actor:** Phone Storage, Firebase, Vuforia Database

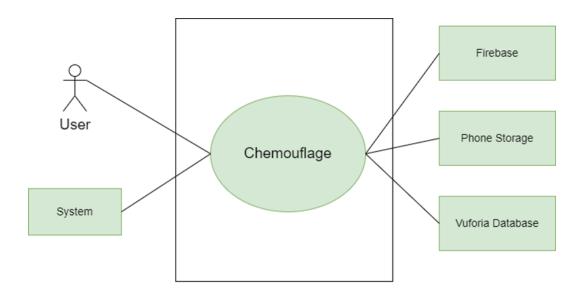


Figure 1: Chemouflage

#### Level: 1

Name: Chemouflage (Detailed)

**Primary Actor:** User, System

Secondary Actor: Phone Storage, Firebase, Vuforia Database

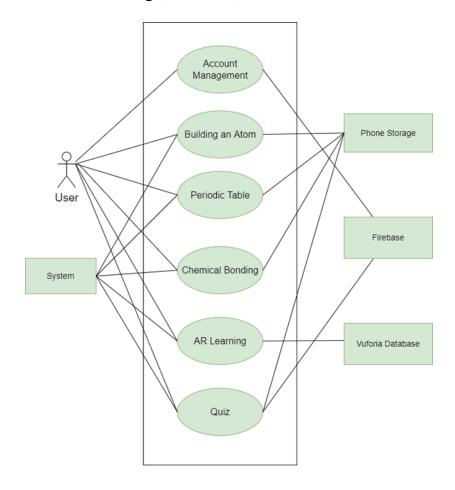


Figure 2: Chemouflage (Detailed)

#### **Description of Use Case Diagram Level 1:**

From this level all the subsystems of the proposed main system and connectivity of those subsystems through actors has been explicit. From this level interaction between actors and subsystems will be clearer.

Here, the whole system is divided into six subsystems and Firebase, vuforia database is the outside system in this proposed system.

#### **Level: 1.1**

Name: Account Management

Primary Actor: User

**Secondary Actor:** Firebase

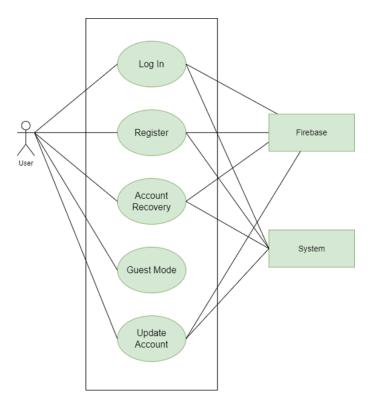


Figure 3: Account Management

#### **Description of Use Case Diagram Level 1.1:**

1. **Log In:** Any user has to log into his/her account to fully explore the application. The credentials entered by him/her will be matched with the ones stored in the firebase.

2. **Register:** A user can enjoy the application along with the quiz if he/she is a

registered user. One has to only enter the username, email and password for

registration.

3. Account Recovery: Any user can recover the forgotten password, an email

will be sent for recovery.

4. **Guest Mode:** If any user doesn't want to register, still he/she can get access

to the application with limited features.

5. Update Account: Any user can update username or password in the

application.

**Action and Reply:** 

**Action:** User provides credentials.

Reply: System will check the validity of the given credentials. For valid

information system will allow users to create an account and log into the account.

**Action:** User provides invalid credentials. (i.e. common username)

**Reply:** System will show an error message and allow to try again.

**Action:** User requests for account recovery.

Reply: System will send an email to the users account for setting a new password.

**Action:** The user provides personal and login credentials for the update.

Reply: System will check the validity of the given credentials and after validation

updates the given info.

Name: Building an Atom

Primary Actor: User, System

**Secondary Actor:** Phone Storage

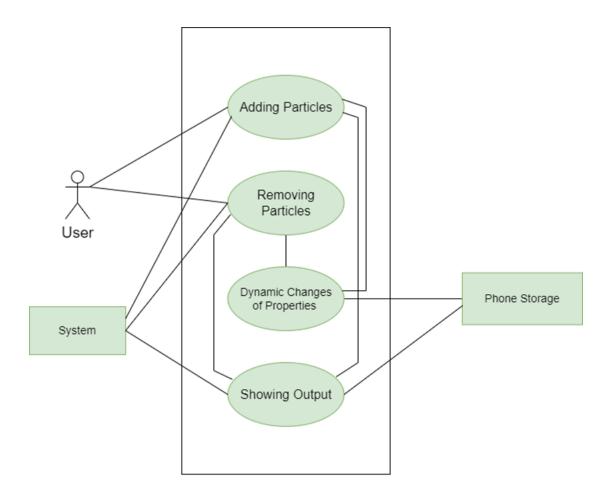


Figure 4: Building an Atom

**Description of Use Case Diagram Level 1.2:** 

1. Adding Particles: User can drag and drop proton, neutron and electron to

make an atom.

2. **Removing Particles:** User can remove any existing particle if he/she wants

to change the atom.

3. Dynamic Changes of Properties: While adding or removing the particles,

the changed properties will be shown to user. (e.g., Adding proton changes

the atomic number)

4. Showing Output: The resultant output of model of the atom will be

continuously shown to the user.

**Action and Reply:** 

**Action:** Users can add particles, remove particles.

**Reply**: System will change the properties according to the atomic structure

accordingly. System will update the atomic mass, proton, electron, neutron

structure dynamically.

Action: Users can make a complete atomic model.

**Reply**: System will populate the model structure with details.

Name: Periodic Table

Primary Actor: User, System

**Secondary Actor:** Phone Storage

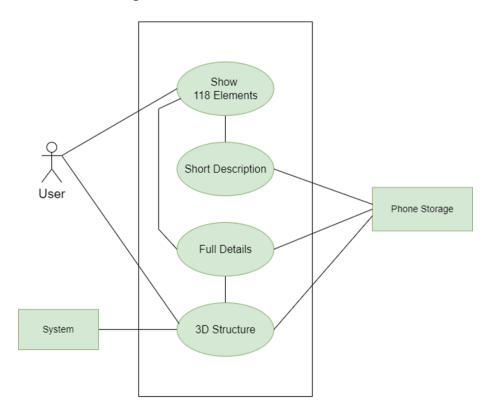


Figure 5: Periodic Table

#### **Description of Use Case Diagram Level 1.3:**

- 1. **Show 118 Elements:** User can see the full periodic table with the symbol of the elements.
- 2. **Short Description:** User can see some of the basic information about the selected element.

- 3. **Full Details:** User can see details, including physical, chemical, thermodynamic properties of his/her desired element.
- 4. **3D structure:** User can also visualize the structure of the element with the help of 3D model.

#### **Action and Reply:**

**Action**: User can see the 118 elements of periodic table. User clicks one of elements.

**Reply**: System will show the properties of the elements, short description.

**Action**: User long presses the structures.

**Reply**: System will populate the model structure with detail information.

#### Level: 1.4

Name: Chemical Bonding

**Primary Actor:** User, System

**Secondary Actor:** Phone Storage

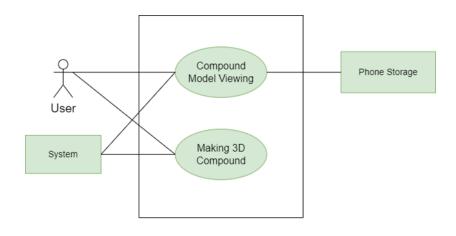


Figure 6: Chemical Bonding

#### **Description of Use Case Diagram Level 1.4:**

- 1. Compound Model Viewing: User can view the model of any compound.
- 2. **Making 3D Compound:** User can make his/her desired compound by adding cations/anions.

#### **Action and Reply:**

Action: Users can view the compounds selectively.

**Reply**: System will show the compound structure, angles and other properties.

#### Level: 1.4.1

Name: Compound Model Viewing

Primary Actor: User, System

**Secondary Actor:** Phone Storage

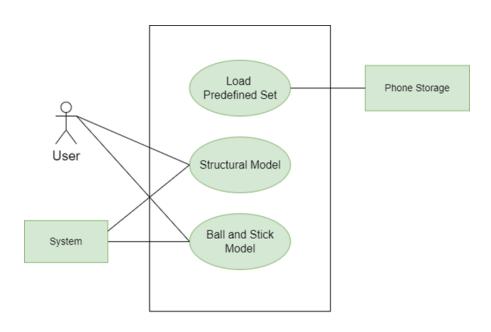


Figure 7: Compound Model Viewing

#### **Description of Use Case Diagram Level 1.4.1:**

- 1. **Load Predefined Set:** There will be a predefined set of compounds for viewing, user can select from them.
- 2. **Structural Model:** User can see the structural model for every compound.
- 3. **Ball and Stick Model:** User can see the 3d structure of any compound through this type of model.

#### **Action and Reply:**

Action: Users can view the loaded predefined set of compounds.

**Reply**: System will show details of any selected compound.

**Action**: Users can view, interact with the model.

**Reply**: System will show the ball and stick model, structural model behavior.

# Level: 1.4.2

Name: Making 3D Compound

Primary Actor: User, System

**Secondary Actor:** Phone Storage

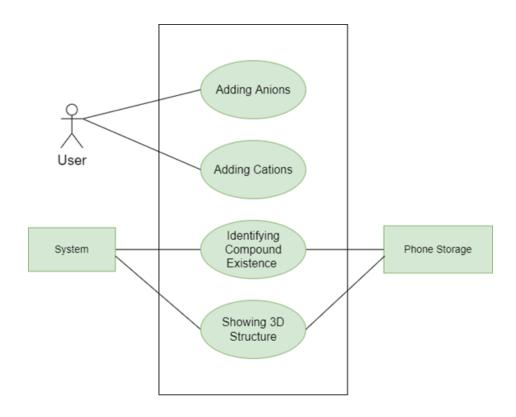


Figure 8: Making 3D Compound

#### **Description of Use Case Diagram Level 1.4.2:**

- 1. Adding Anions: User can add anions from the anions list.
- 2. Adding Cations: User can add cations from the cations list.
- 3. **Identifying Compound Existence:** If any compound exists, user can view it.
- 4. **Showing 3D structure:** After the compound is formed, user can view the structure.

#### **Action and Reply:**

Action: Users can add cation from cation list, anion from anion list.

**Reply**: System will validate the correctness of building compounds according to the rules.

**Action**: Users want to build compounds.

**Reply**: System identify the compound existence and show the suggestions of it.

Name: AR Learning

Primary Actor: User, System

Secondary Actor: Vuforia Database

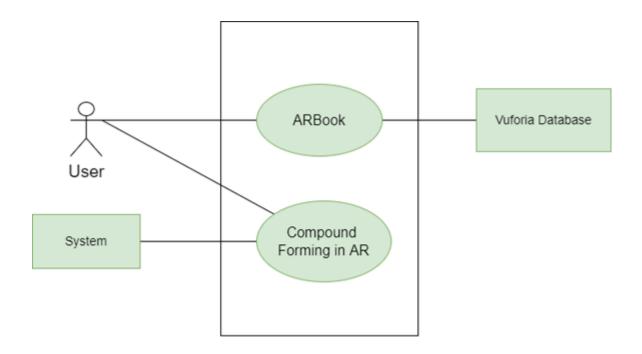


Figure 9 : AR Learning

#### **Description of Use Case Diagram Level 1.5:**

- 1. **AR Book:** User can learn about the elements through augmented reality book feature.
- 2. **Compound Forming in AR:** User can add multiple elements to form compound in AR.

#### **Action and Reply:**

Action: User enters the Augmented reality learning part.

**Reply**: System will show the two chapters corresponding to the reply. One is AR book and the other is AR object interaction.

#### Level: 1.5.1

Name: AR Book

**Primary Actor:** User, System

Secondary Actor: Vuforia Database

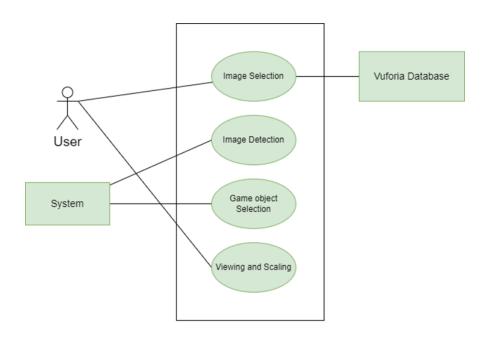


Figure 10 : AR Book

## **Description of Use Case Diagram Level 1.5.1:**

- 1. **Image Selection:** User puts camera on top of any marker image for viewing model in AR.
- 2. **Image Detection:** The system detects the image from Vuforia image track database.

3. Game Object Selection: The system then gets the required game object of

the corresponding image.

4. Viewing and Scaling: User can view, scale and rotate the 3D model.

**Action and Reply:** 

**Action**: Users take a card and put the target image.

Reply: System will validate the targeted image with vuforia database and show the

augmented structure of elements accordingly.

**Action**: Users want to rotate the structures.

**Reply**: System will allow using joystick movement component.

**Action**: Users want to scale the structures.

Reply: System will allow using slider movement component.

## Level: 1.5.2

Name: Compound Forming in AR

Primary Actor: User, System

Secondary Actor: Vuforia Database

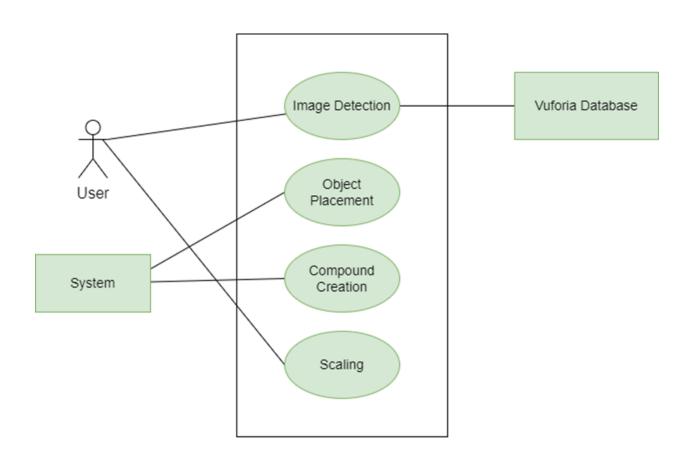


Figure 11 : Compound Forming in AR

#### **Description of Use Case Diagram Level 1.5.2:**

- 1. **Image Detection:** The system detects the image which the user selects.
- 2. **Object Placement:** System places the object on top of the selected image.
- 3. **Compound Creation:** Compound is created after the objects are placed.
- 4. **Scaling:** User can now view, scale the compound for a better understanding.

#### **Action and Reply:**

**Action**: User takes multiple cards and put the target images

**Reply**: System will validate the targeted image with vuforia database and show the augmented structure of elements accordingly.

**Action**: User brings the cards.

**Reply**: System will validate the request and form chemical compounds according to the rule of chemistry.

Name: Quiz

**Primary Actor:** User, System

**Secondary Actor:** Firebase

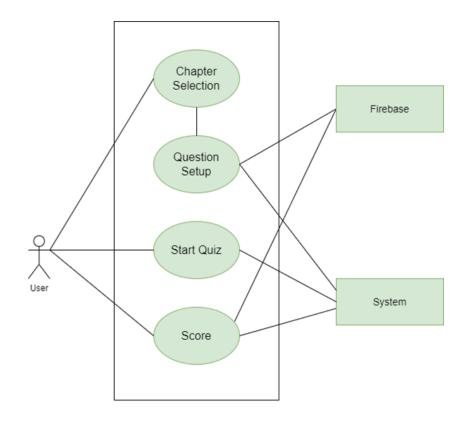


Figure 12: Quiz

#### **Description of Use Case Diagram Level 1.6:**

1. **Chapter Selection:** System checks the eligibility of user who want to give exam. If a user has enough points he/she can enter into the exam section. User can select any desired chapter to give the quiz.

2. Question Setup: System sets the question that are stored in firebase

database.

3. **Start Quiz:** User can start the quiz and answer within the given time.

4. Score: User will get marks for right answers. After giving exams he/she will

get some points that will be needed for next quiz.

#### **Action and Reply:**

**Action**: User selects the quiz

**Reply**: System will validate the request according to the point score.

**Action**: User enters the quiz section of a particular chapter.

**Reply**: System requests the firebase to populate the question.

**Action**: User answers the question.

**Reply**: System calculates the score and stores the score to the firebase.

# **Swimlane Diagram**

**Level: 1.1** 

Name: Account Management

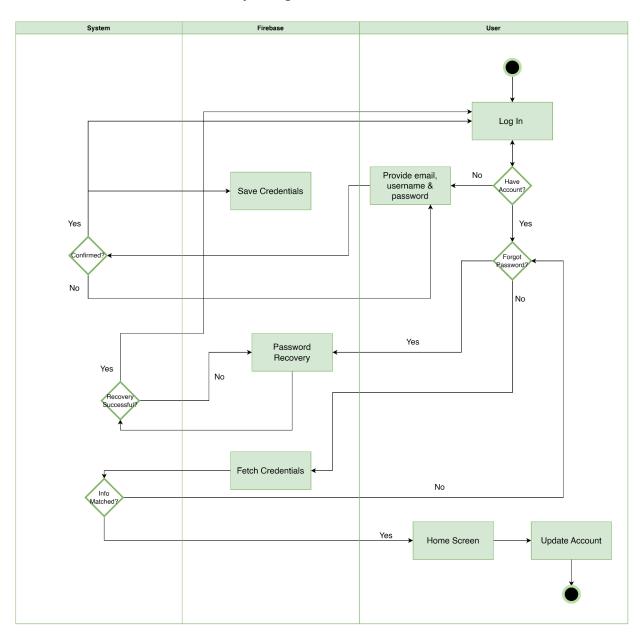


Figure 24: Account Management (Swimlane Level - 1.1)

Name: Building an Atom

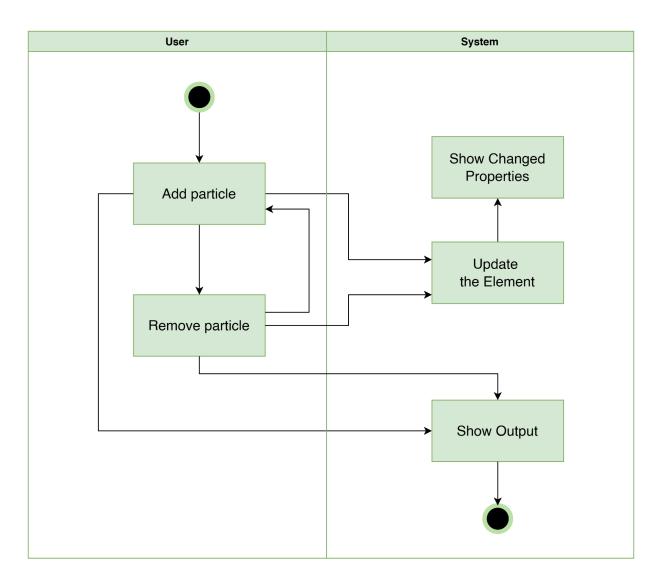


Figure 25: Building an Atom (Swimlane Level - 1.2)

Name: Periodic Table

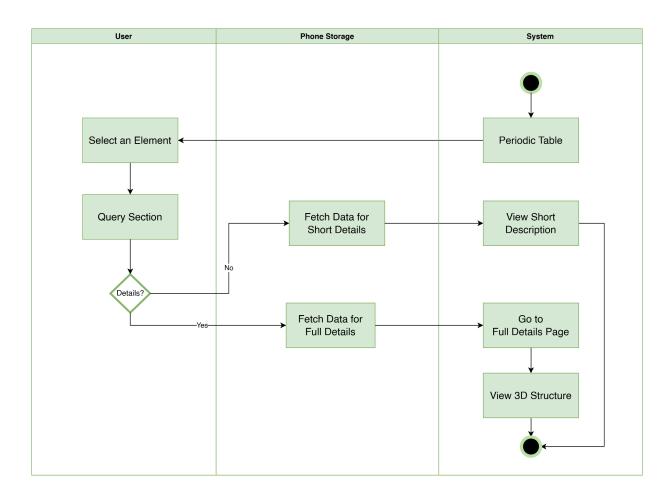


Figure 26: Periodic Table (Swimlane Level - 1.3)

Name: Chemical Bonding

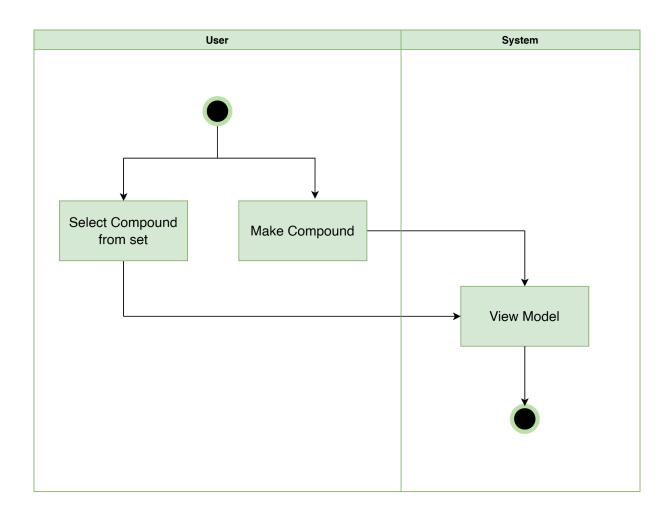


Figure 27: Chemical Bonding (Swimlane Level - 1.4)

## Level: 1.4.1

Name: Compound Model Viewing

**Reference:** Use Case & Activity Diagram Level – 1.4.1

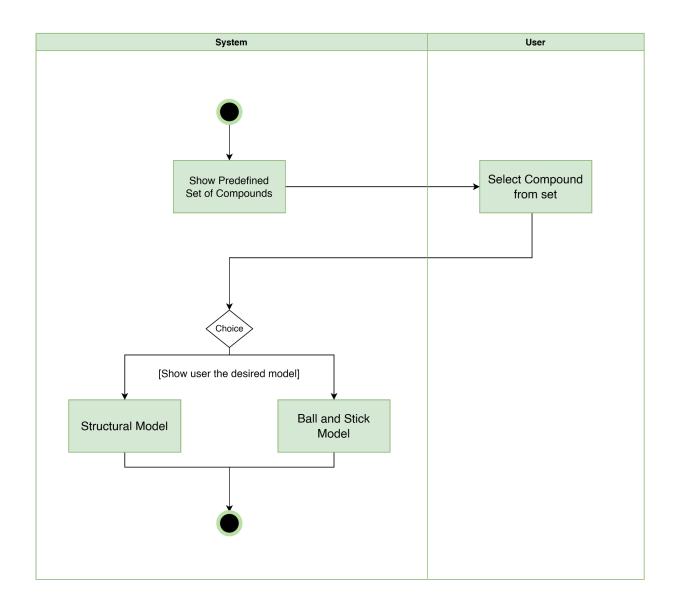


Figure 28: Compound Model Viewing (Swimlane Level - 1.4.1)

Level: 1.4.2

Name: Making 3D Compound

**Reference:** Use Case & Activity Diagram Level – 1.4.2

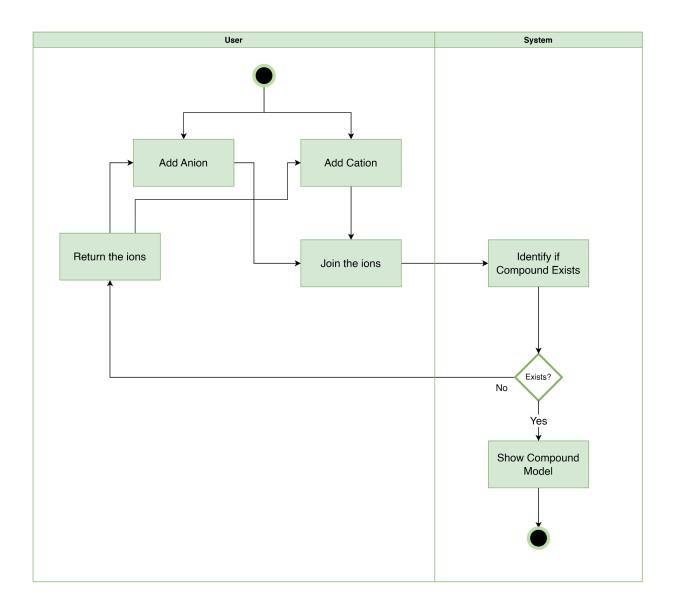


Figure 29: Making 3D Compound (Swimlane Level - 1.4.2)

## **Level: 1.5**

Name: AR Learning

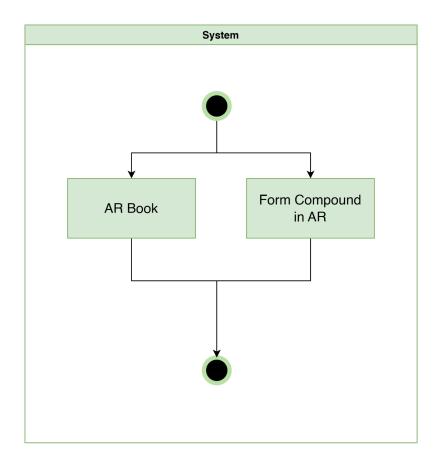


Figure 30: AR Learning (Swimlane Level - 1.5)

# Level: 1.5.1

Name: AR Book

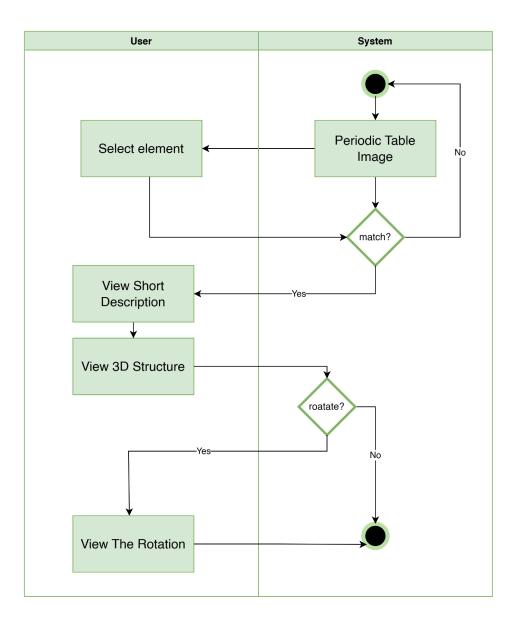


Figure 31: AR Book (Swimlane Level - 1.5.1)

# Level: 1.5.2

Name: Compound Forming in AR

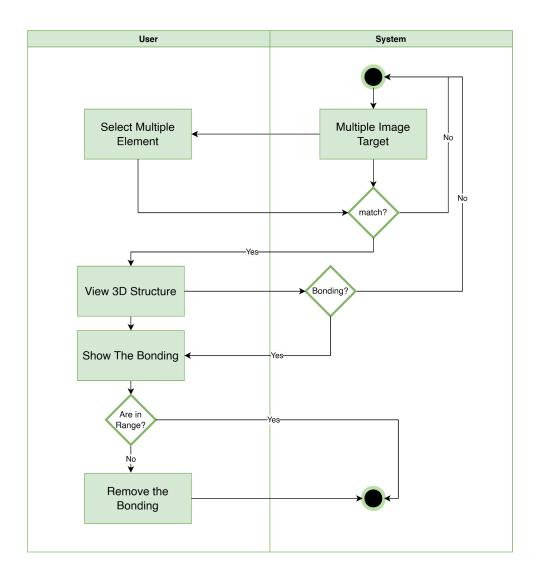


Figure 32: Compound Forming in AR (Swimlane Level - 1.5.2)

Name: Quiz

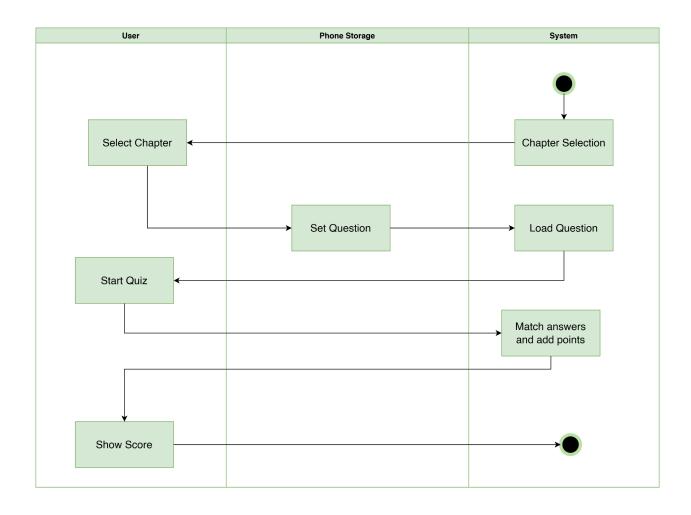


Figure 33: Quiz (Swimlane Level - 1.6)

# **Application Architecture Diagram**

The system uses the MVVM (Model - View - ViewModel) architecture. This architecture is currently acceptable in the industry for development of android applications that are heavily UI intensive and require less database modifications. The view-model acts as a mediator between the UI and the database.

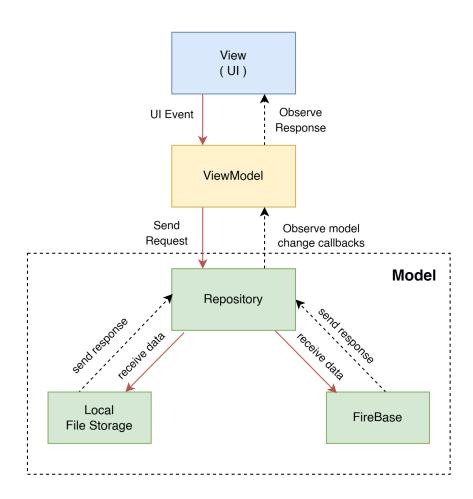


Figure 34: Application Architecture Diagram