# GARCH parameters and quantiles estimation

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### Input

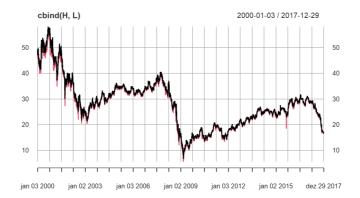
```
symbol = "GE"
from=as.Date('2000-01-01')
to=as.Date('2017-12-31')
C_Trend = 0.95
C_Reaction = 0.50
```

#### Data download

```
x <- getSymbols.yahoo(symbol,auto.assign = FALSE, from=from, to=to)
```

#### High and Low

```
H <- Hi(x)
L <- Lo(x)
C <- Cl(x)
plot(cbind(H,L))</pre>
```

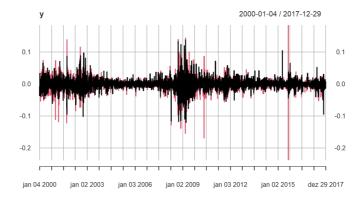


#### Returns

```
y <- cbind( diff(log(H)),  diff(log(L)) )
y <- na.omit(y)
y %>% cor() # Returns correlation
```

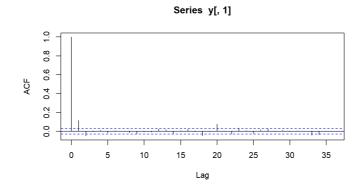
```
## GE.High GE.Low
## GE.High 1.0000000 0.6933611
## GE.Low 0.6933611 1.0000000
```

plot(y)

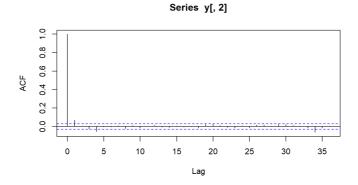


#### Autocorrelation

acf(y[,1])

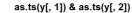


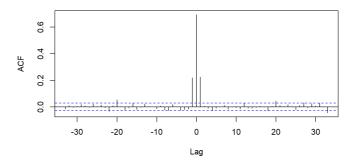
acf(y[,2])



#### **Cross correlation**

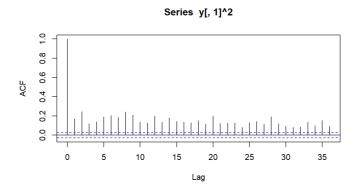
ccf(as.ts(y[,1]),as.ts(y[,2]))



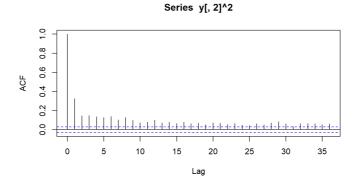


#### Volatility verification

```
acf(y[,1]^2)
```



acf(y[,2]^2)



## **Bivariate DCC-GARCH**

We will consider the DCC-GARCH to model the volatility of  $y=(r_H,r_L)'$ , where  $r_H$  and  $r_L$  denote the  $100\times$ log-returns from hight's and low's observations.

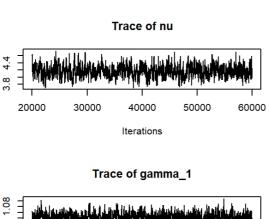
```
# returns
mY <- 100*y

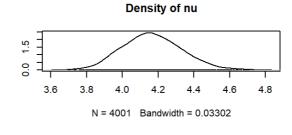
# generates the Markov Chain
start <- Sys.time()

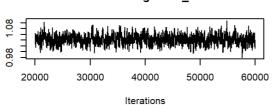
out <- bayesDccGarch(mY, control=list(print=FALSE, nPilotSim=3000))</pre>
```

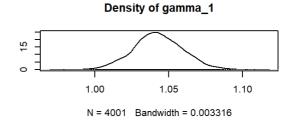
```
## Maximizing the log-posterior density function.
## Done.
## One approximation for covariance matrix of parameters cannot be directly computed through
the hessian matrix.
## Calibrating the standard deviations for simulation:
## Accept Rate:
## phi_1 phi_2 phi_3 phi_4 phi_5 phi_6 phi_7 phi_8 phi_9 phi_10 phi_11
##
   0.31
          0.10
                 0.22 0.04
                               0.06
                                     0.10
                                            0.20
                                                    0.08
                                                         0.11
                                                                 0.27
## Accept Rate:
## phi_1 phi_2 phi_3 phi_4 phi_5 phi_6 phi_7 phi_8 phi_9 phi_10 phi_11
                                     0.17
   0.30
          0.18
                 0.23
                       0.07
                              0.12
                                            0.21
                                                    0.12
                                                         0.18
                                                                 0.28
## Accept Rate:
## phi_1 phi_2 phi_3 phi_4 phi_5 phi_6 phi_7 phi_8 phi_9 phi_10 phi_11
   0.30
           0.16
                0.22 0.13 0.18
                                     0.17 0.22
                                                   0.23 0.20
                                                                 0.30
##
## Accept Rate:
## phi_1 phi_2 phi_3 phi_4 phi_5 phi_6 phi_7 phi_8 phi_9 phi_10 phi_11
                                     0.18
                                             0.21
   0.30
          0.17
                  0.21
                         0.17
                               0.19
                                                    0.22 0.20
                                                                 0.28
## Computing the covariance matrix of pilot sample.
## Warning in if (class(control$cholCov) != "try-error") {: a condição tem
## comprimento > 1 e somente o primeiro elemento será usado
## Done.
## Calibrating the Lambda coefficient:
## lambda: 0.4
## Accept Rate: 0.36
## Done.
## Starting the simulation by one-block random walk Metropolis-Hasting algorithm.
## Done.
out2 <- increaseSim(out, nSim=50000)
## Calibrating the Lambda coefficient:
## lambda: 0.4
## Accept Rate: 0.36
## Starting the simulation by one-block random walk Metropolis-Hasting algorithm.
## Done.
out <- window(out2, start=20000, thin=10)
rm(out2)
end <- Sys.time()</pre>
# elapsed time
end-start
## Time difference of 9.949133 mins
```

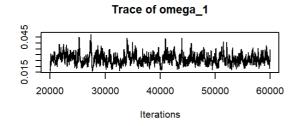
## Estimative of parameters
parEst <- summary(out)\$statistics[,'Mean']
# plot Markov Chain
plot(out\$MC)</pre>

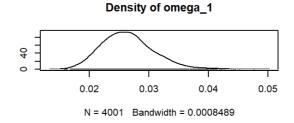


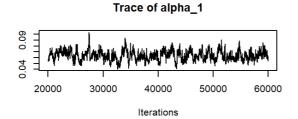


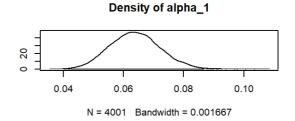


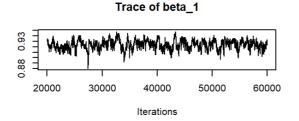


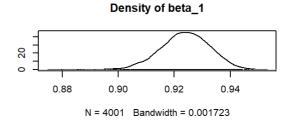


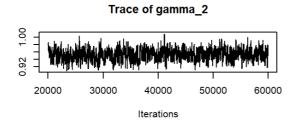


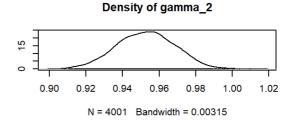


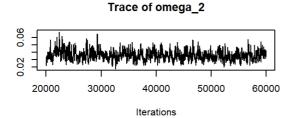


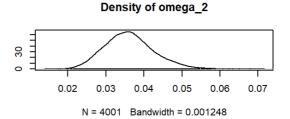


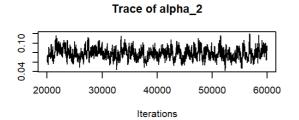


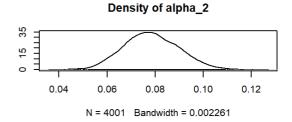


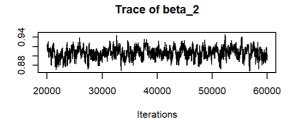


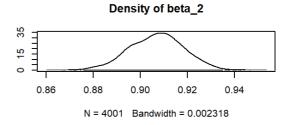


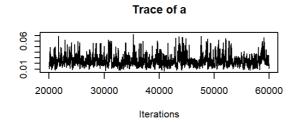


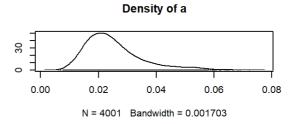


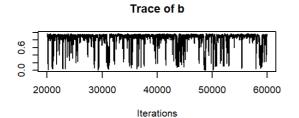


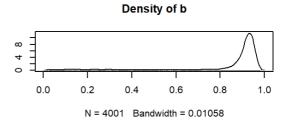












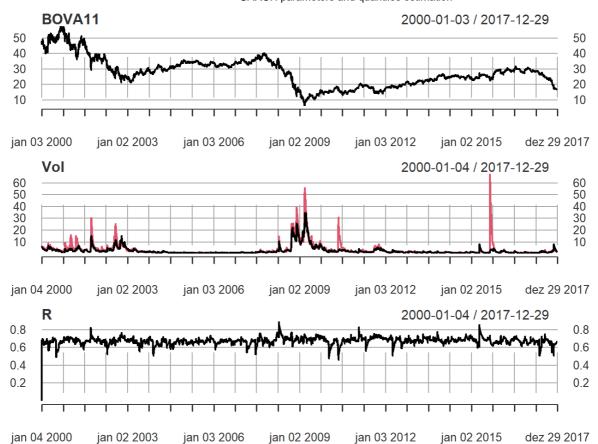
## Estimative of parameters
out\$MC %>% summary()

```
##
## Iterations = 20000:60000
## Thinning interval = 10
## Number of chains = 1
## Sample size per chain = 4001
##
## 1. Empirical mean and standard deviation for each variable,
##
      plus standard error of the mean:
##
##
                         SD Naive SE Time-series SE
## nu
           4.16656 0.163725 2.588e-03
                                           0.0078343
## gamma 1 1.04275 0.016508 2.610e-04
                                           0.0006979
## omega_1 0.02646 0.004390 6.941e-05
                                         0.0002943
## alpha_1 0.06385 0.008333 1.317e-04
                                         0.0006989
## beta 1 0.92383 0.008605 1.360e-04
                                         0.0007123
## gamma_2 0.95263 0.015610 2.468e-04
                                          0.0006783
                                          0.0003849
## omega 2 0.03610 0.006368 1.007e-04
## alpha_2 0.07835 0.011205 1.771e-04
                                         0.0007874
## beta_2 0.90687 0.011486 1.816e-04
                                         0.0007910
          0.02510 0.009897 1.565e-04
                                           0.0004878
## b
           0.82456 0.225925 3.572e-03
                                           0.0135109
##
## 2. Quantiles for each variable:
##
##
                               50%
                                       75%
              2.5%
                       25%
                                             97.5%
## nu
           3.86586 4.05483 4.16022 4.27411 4.50272
## gamma 1 1.01009 1.03178 1.04236 1.05380 1.07564
## omega_1 0.01901 0.02338 0.02615 0.02902 0.03608
## alpha 1 0.04856 0.05810 0.06358 0.06917 0.08064
## beta 1 0.90634 0.91830 0.92412 0.92974 0.93967
## gamma 2 0.92276 0.94162 0.95266 0.96345 0.98223
## omega_2 0.02483 0.03173 0.03578 0.04001 0.04976
## alpha_2 0.05756 0.07057 0.07801 0.08620 0.10072
## beta 2 0.88344 0.89884 0.90715 0.91461 0.92874
## a
          0.01134 0.01824 0.02306 0.02955 0.05221
## b
           0.11990 0.86754 0.91680 0.93783 0.96347
## Conditional Correlation
R <- xts(out$R[,2], order.by=index(y))</pre>
```

```
## Conditional Correlation
R <- xts(out$R[,2], order.by=index(y))

## Volatility
Vol <- xts(out$H[,c("H_1,1","H_2,2")], order.by=index(y))

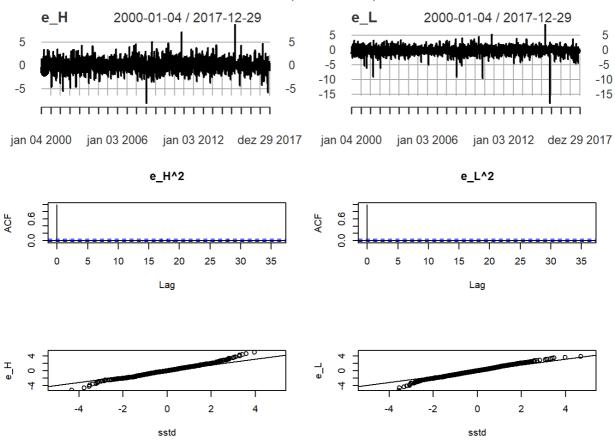
par(mfrow=c(3,1))
plot(C, main="BOVA11")
plot(Vol)
plot(R, main="R")</pre>
```



```
## Standard Residuals
r <- mY / sqrt(Vol)

par(mfrow=c(3,2))

plot(r[,1], main="e_H")
plot(r[,2], main="e_L")
acf(r[,1]^2, main="e_H^2")
acf(r[,2]^2, main="e_L^2")
r1 <- as.numeric(r[,1])
x <- rsstd(2000, mean = 0, sd = 1, nu = parEst['nu'], xi =parEst['gamma_1'])
qqplot(x=x, y=r1, xlim=c(-5, 5), ylim=c(-5, 5), ylab="e_H",xlab="sstd")
qqline(r1)
r2 <- as.numeric(r[,2])
x <- rsstd(2000, mean = 0, sd = 1, nu = parEst['nu'], xi =parEst['gamma_2'])
qqplot(x=x, y=r2, xlim=c(-5, 5), ylim=c(-5, 5), ylab="e_L",xlab="sstd")
qqline(r2)</pre>
```



```
# Prepare input for the expert advisor
## High
#HBOP
High UB HBOP = qsstd(p=1-(1-C Trend)/2, mean = 0, sd = 1, nu = parEst['nu'], xi = parEst['gam
ma_1'])
#S1
High_UB_S1 = qsstd(p=1-(1-C_Reaction)/2, mean = 0, sd = 1, nu = parEst['nu'], xi = parEst['ga
mma_1'])
## Low
#B1
Low_LB_B1 = qsstd(p=(1-C_Reaction)/2, mean = 0, sd = 1, nu = parEst['nu'], xi = parEst['gamma
_2'])
#LBOP
Low_LB_LBOP = qsstd(p=(1-C_Trend)/2, mean = 0, sd = 1, nu = parEst['nu'], xi = parEst['gamma_
2'])
pH <- c(0.6, 0.65, 0.7, 0.75, 0.8, 0.85, 0.9, 0.95, 0.975, 0.99, 0.995)
qH \leftarrow round(qsstd(p=pH, mean = 0, sd = 1, nu = parEst['nu'], xi = parEst['gamma 1']),3)
names(qH) <- paste0(100*pH,"%")</pre>
pL <- 1 - pH
qL <- round(qsstd(p=pL, mean = 0, sd = 1, nu = parEst['nu'], xi = parEst['gamma_2']),3)
names(qL) <- paste0(100*pL,"%")
qC <- rbind(qH, qL)
rownames(qC) <- c("High_UB", "Low_LB")</pre>
colnames(qC) <- paste0(100*pL,"%")</pre>
m = matrix(NA,nrow=10,ncol=1)
rownames(m) = c("High_UB_HBOP", "High_UB_S1", "Low_LB_B1", "Low_LB_LBOP",
               "High_omega", "High_alpha", "High_beta",
                      "Low_omega", "Low_alpha", "Low_beta")
colnames(m) = 'Value'
m["High UB HBOP",1] = High UB HBOP
m["High UB S1",1] = High UB S1
m["Low_LB_B1",1] = Low_LB_B1
m["Low_LB_LBOP",1] = Low_LB_LBOP
m["High omega",1] = parEst["omega 1"]
m["High_alpha",1] = parEst["alpha_1"]
m["High_beta",1] = parEst["beta_1"]
m["Low omega",1] = parEst["omega 2"]
m["Low alpha",1] = parEst["alpha 2"]
m["Low beta",1] = parEst["beta 2"]
# Input for expert advisor
print(qC)
```

```
High_UB 0.177 0.282 0.395 0.522 0.670 0.854 1.108 1.549 2.021 2.726 Low_LB -0.174 -0.279 -0.393 -0.521 -0.669 -0.854 -1.110 -1.554 -2.029 -2.739 0.5% High_UB 3.343 Low_LB -3.360
```

#### print(round(m,3))

```
Value
High_UB_HBOP 2.021
High_UB_S1
             0.522
Low_LB_B1
             -0.521
Low_LB_LBOP -2.029
High_omega
             0.026
High_alpha
             0.064
High_beta
             0.924
Low_omega
             0.036
Low_alpha
             0.078
Low_beta
              0.907
```