# Überblick über die Oracle Cloud Infrastructure

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Frankfurt, 19. Juni 2018



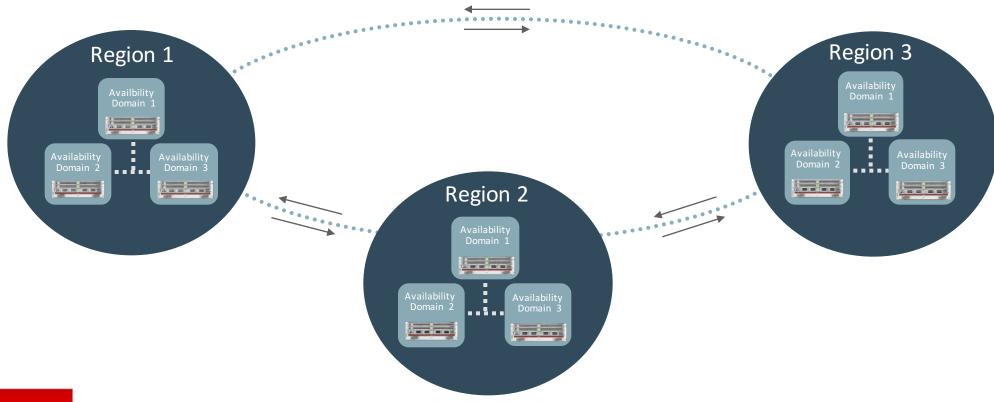
# Latest Technologies Enable a Modern Cloud Infrastructure

Technology	Benefit
Availability domains	Enables enterprise-level high availability
Flat, non-blocking network	Enables predictable low latency; eliminates "noisy neighbors"
Off-box IO virtualization & automated hardware wiping	Enables secure deployments of bare metal servers without Oracle management software overhead
Direct-attached NVMe storage	Enables highest IO workloads



# Region / Availability Domain Topology

- Regions serve different geographies, provide Disaster Recovery
- Availability Domains provide a High Availability foundation in a Region





# Inside a Region – High Availability Building Blocks

- Multiple fault-decorrelated, completely independent datacenters –
   Availability Domains (ADs), about 10km mutual distance
- Predictable low latency & high speed, encrypted interconnect between ADs
  - < 500μs latency

Datacenters

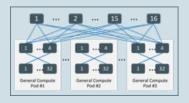
Availability Domain 1
Domain 2
Domain 2
Domain 3

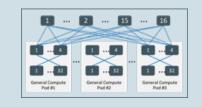


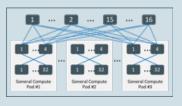
# Inside an AD – High Scale, High Performance Network

- Non-oversubscribed network flat, fast, predictable
- Very high scale ~1 million network ports in an AD
- Predictable low latency & high speed interconnect between hosts in an AD
  - < 100μs RTT latency, 25Gb/s bandwidth, two hops max

**Physical Network** 







**Datacenters** 



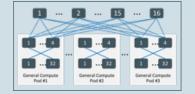


## Comprehensive Virtual Network with Off-box Virtualization

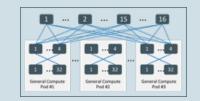
- Highly configurable private overlay networks moves management and IO out of the hypervisor and enables lower overhead and bare metal instances
- No Layer 2 Overlay network between virtual hosts, all networking done through smart NICs

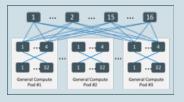
Virtual Network

**Physical Network** 



Region





**Datacenters** 

Availability Domain 1

Availability Domain 2

Domain 3



# Cutting-edge, High IO Hardware Technology



### **High Performance Compute Systems**

**36 Cores per Server (52 Cores with X7)** 

Standard: Non-NVMe SSD, 256 GB RAM

High I/O: 12.8 TB NVMe SSD, 512 GB RAM

Dense I/O: 28.8 TB NVMe SSD, 512 GB RAM



#### **High Performance Storage Systems**

Local NVMe: up to 28.8 TB/Server, ~4 Million 4K Read IOPs

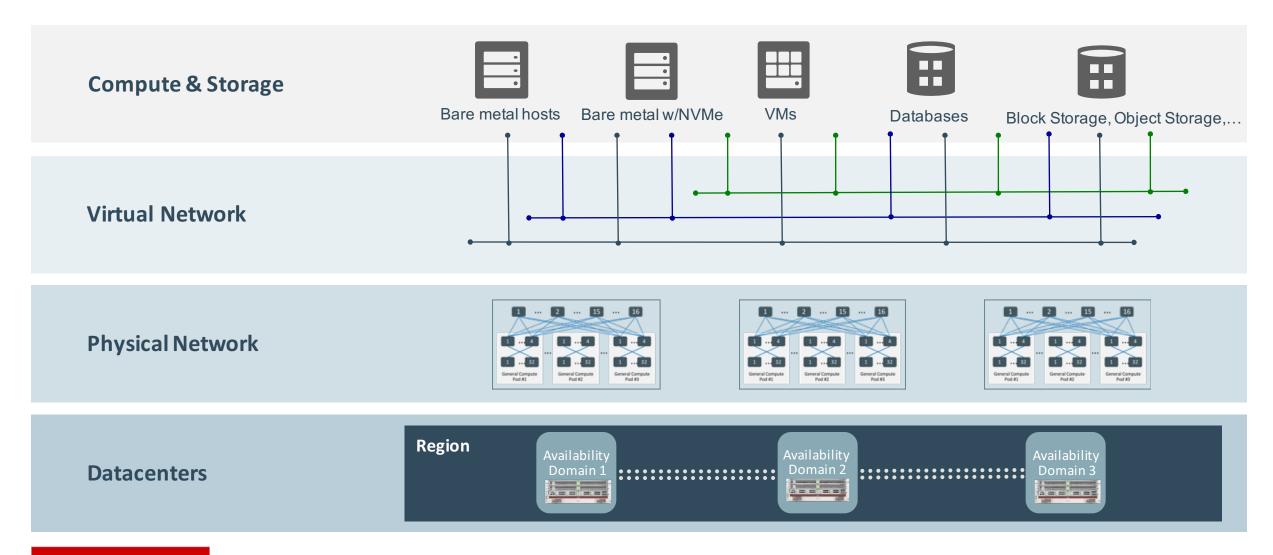
Block Storage: 256GB-2TB, 1.5K-6K IOPs per Volume

Object Storage – High Throughput, Strong Consistency

More cores
More RAM
2X Storage
6X Write IOPS



# Putting it All Together – Reliable, Predictable, Flexible, Fast





### Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Services Overview

Bare metal compute, VM compute, high performance storage, database, on the same virtual network

Big Data Workloads **Cloud Native** Workloads

**Oracle Database** Workloads

**General Purpose** Workloads

dentity Access Management REST API / Console Billing / Metering











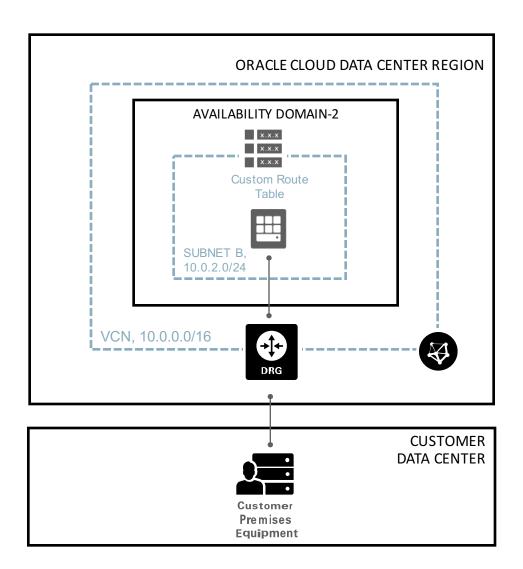


Physical Infrastructure / Multiple Availability Domains

- **Broad Range of Elastic Compute** 
  - Bare Metal servers; Bare Metal with NVMe; VMs
  - Provision in mins; Pay by the hour
- High Performance Storage
  - Local NVMe servers
  - Dynamically attachable remote Block Storage with consistent general purpose IOPS
  - High performance, high durability Object Storage
- Virtual Private Networking
  - Manage your own high scale private IP networks
  - IPSec VPN; FastConnect
  - Stateful firewalls; optional Internet gateway; load balancing



#### Private Subnet with a VPN

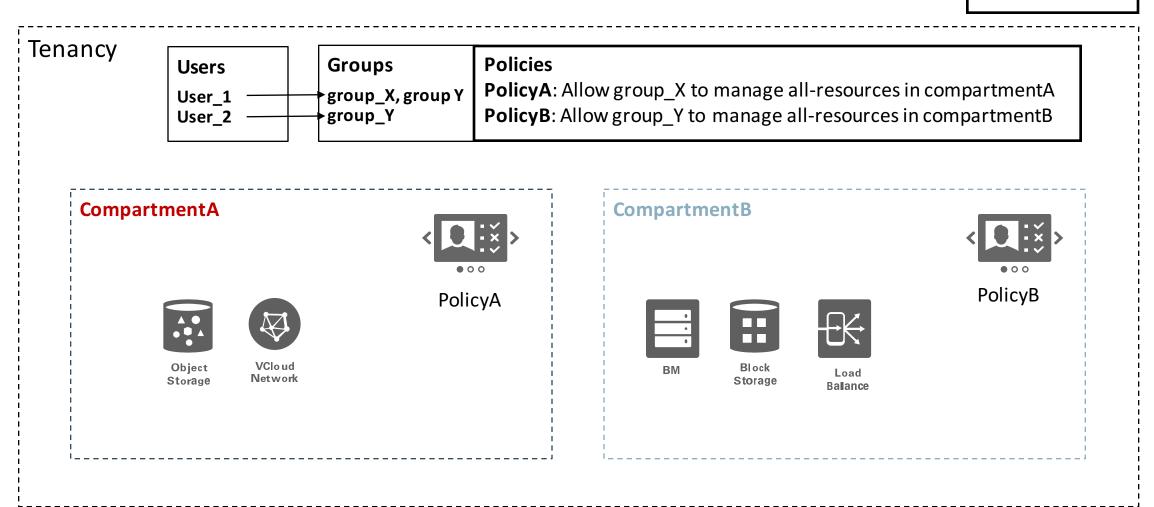


- Create an IPSec connection for VPN
- Data center admin needs to configure the on-premises router before network traffic can flow between your on-premises network and VCN
- At your end of the IPSec VPN is the actual router in your onpremises network (hardware or software). A virtual representation of the router in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Services is referred to as Customer-Premises Equipment (CPE)
- If you need a throughput-reliable connection (i.e. not using the public internet), you can connect to the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure through dedicated lines through partner (FastConnect) or co-location.

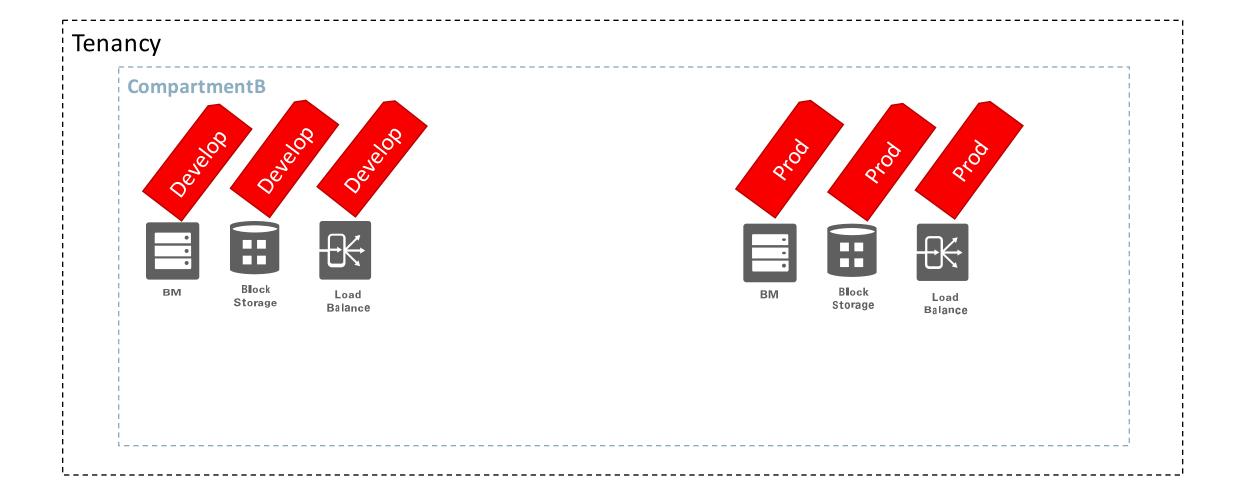


## IAM Service

**Service Limits** 



# Tagging





## Oracle Database Cloud Service Offers Infrastructure Choice

### **Virtual Machines**



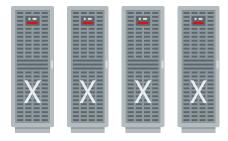
- Test, Development,
   Departmental Applications
- Oracle AppsUnlimited, PaaS
- Compute Shapes by OCPU, Standard or High RAM
- Block Storage by the GB
- Up to 40TB database

#### **Bare Metal**



- Intensive Test, Development,
   Departmental Applications
- Custom Applications
- Bare Metal Compute Shapes –
   by core, HighIO or DenselO
- Fixed NVMe Storage by Shape
- Up to 9TB database

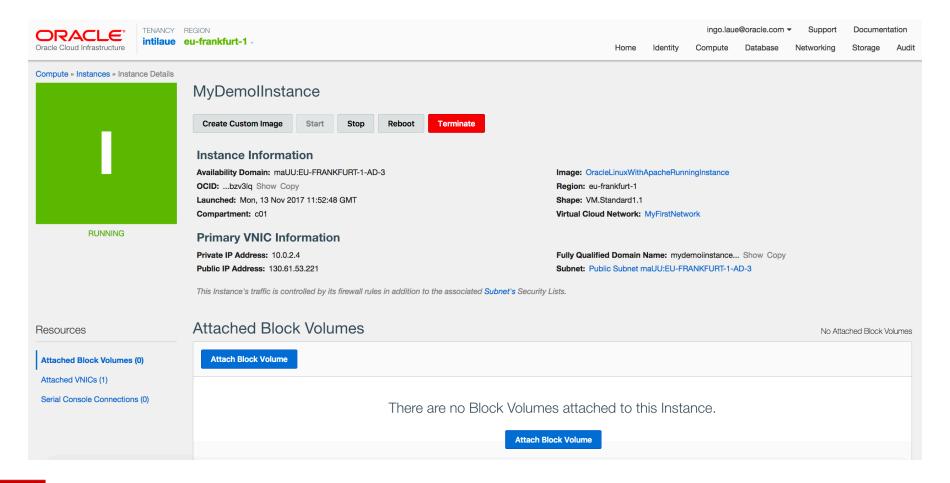
## **Engineered Systems**



- Mission Critical, Intensive
   OLTP and Decision Support
- Oracle and Custom Apps
- ¼, ½ and Full Rack Shapes
- Fixed Storage and Memory by Shape
- Up to 168TB database



Web Console





Java SDK with REST API underneath

```
public static Instance createInstance(
       ComputeClient computeClient,
       String compartmentId,
       AvailabilityDomain availabilityDomain,
       String instanceName,
       Image image,
       Shape shape,
       Subnet subnet,
       String sshPublicKey) {
   Map<String, String> metadata = new HashMap<>();
   metadata.put("ssh_authorized_keys", sshPublicKey);
   LaunchInstanceResponse response =
            computeClient.launchInstance(
                   LaunchInstanceRequest.builder()
                            .launchInstanceDetails(
                                    LaunchInstanceDetails.builder()
                                            .availabilityDomain(availabilityDomain.getName())
                                            .compartmentId(compartmentId)
                                            .displayName(instanceName)
                                            .imageId(image.getId())
                                            .metadata(metadata)
                                            .shape(shape.getShape())
                                            .subnetId(subnet.getId())
                                            .build())
                            .build()):
   return response.getInstance();
```

Command Line Interface (Unix-Shell) with REST API underneath

```
oci compute instance launch
--availability-domain "maUU:EU-FRANKFURT-1-AD-2"
-c ocidl.compartment.ocl..aaaaaaaau4qyploevXXX
--shape "VM.Standard1.1"
--display-name "Instance created from Custom Image"
--image-id ocidl.image.ocl.eu-frankfurt-1.aaaaaaaaqa4pyXXXX
--subnet-id ocidl.subnet.ocl.eu-frankfurt-1.aaaaaaaaqyjcjppqXXXX
```



• Cloud Orchestration Tools (Terraform). Non-procedural, designs the required target architecture

```
resource "oci core instance" "MyDemoInstance" {
 availability domain = "${lookup(data.oci identity availability domains.ADs.availability domains[var.AD - 1], "name")}"
                     = "${var.compartment ocid}"
 compartment id
 display name = "MyDemoInstance"
 hostname_label = "instance1"
        = "${lookup(data.oci_core_images.OLImageOCID.images[0], "id")}"
= "${var.InstanceShape}"
 image
 shape
 subnet_id
                     = "${var.SubnetOCID}"
 metadata {
   ssh_authorized_keys = "${var.ssh_public_key}"
                       = "${base64encode(file(var.BootStrapFile))}"}
    user data
```

## **Docker and Kubernetes**



- Popular, easy to use tooling targeting developer productivity
- De Facto standard container runtime and image format
- Developer on-boarding and Gen1 application management (Compose, Swarm)



- Production grade container management targeting DevOps and Ops, widespread adoption
- Complex but powerful toolset supporting Gen2 applications
- Rich operations feature set, autoscaling, rolling upgrades, stateful apps and more.



# Container Orchestration And Containers as a Service (CaaS)

- Multi-container apps
- Scheduling
- Service Discovery
- Maintaining Desired State

- Orchestration as a service
- Hosted Container Runtime
- Minimize operational overhead

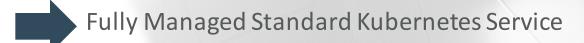


# Container Native Application Development Capabilities Build, Deploy, Operate Container Based Applications



**OCI Container Engine for Kubernetes (OKE)** 







**Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Registry (OCIR)** 



**Docker Compliant Container Image Registry** 



Oracle Container Pipelines
Oracle Developer Cloud



Continuous Integration and Delivery Pipeline



Fn Project



Open Source Serverless Functions Framework

**Open Source Extensibility** 



OKE supports HELM for easy deployments

https://github.com/kubernetes/charts/tree/master/stable

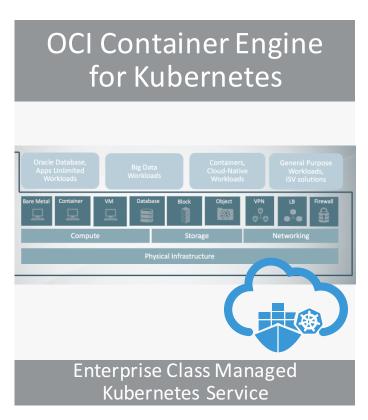


# Oracle Cloud Infrastructure and Kubernetes

Roll Your Own, Pre-Built Installer, Managed Service







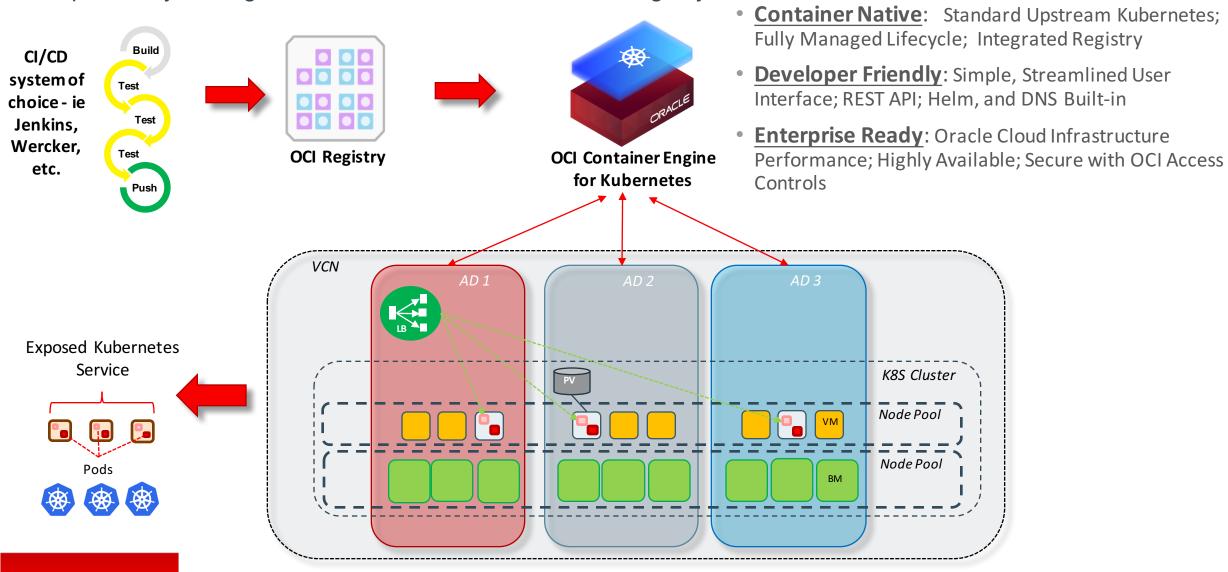
laaS CaaS



# Detail: OCI Container Engine for Kubernetes and Registry

An Open, Fully-Managed Kubernetes Platform & Private Registry

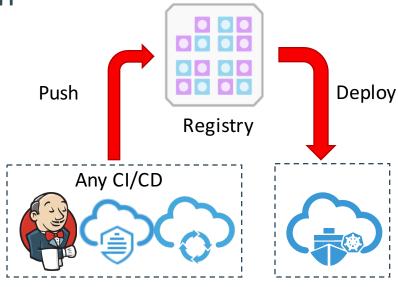
**ORACLE** 



# Introducing OCI Registry - OCIR



- High availability Docker v2 container registry service on Oracle Cloud Infrastructure
- Full integration with OKE
- Stores Docker Images in Private Repositories
- Automatic Org Image Layer De-duplication
- Co-located regionally with Container Engine for low latency Docker image deploys

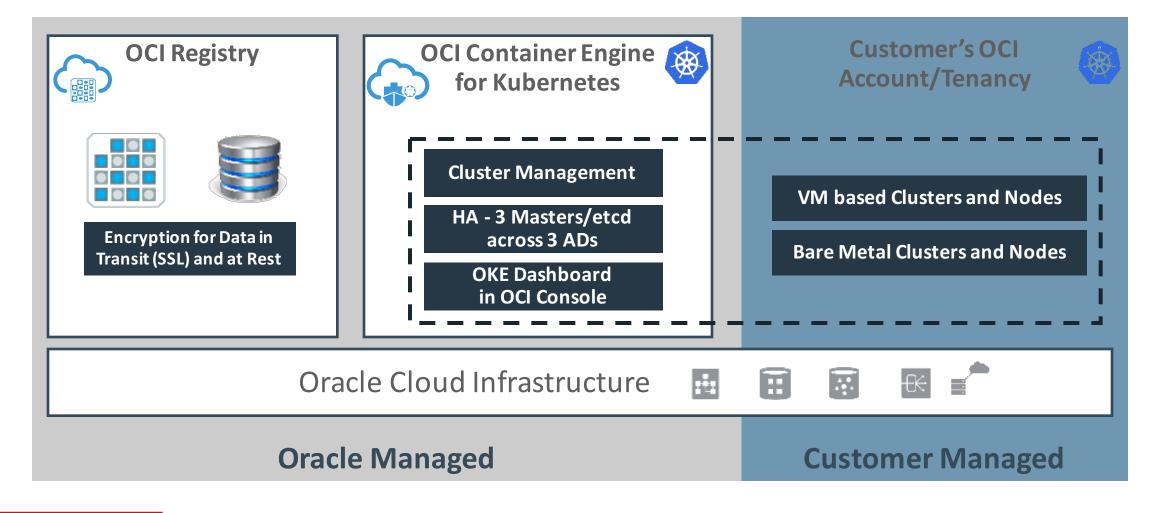




#### OKE and OCIR

#### Oracle and Customer Managed Aspects







# Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (Summary)

- Network virtualization is processed by the software-driven network. No network overhead for customer instances. Subnets, connectivity to your DC, FastConnect, secure through route tables and firewall rules
- Fast, non-blocking, not oversubscribed flat networks.
- Concept of Availability Domains: Min. 3 geographically separated, independently operated data centers offer better DR that just separated Availability Zones (cages within the same DC)
- Wide Spectrum of Compute Shapes: From single-core VMs to full 52 core Bare Metal Servers, databases up to full Exadata racks
- Choice of storage: Attached NVMe SSDs, block volumes, object and archive storage
- Fine-grained Identity and Access Management through users, groups, compartments, policies and tagging.
- Embraces Open Source Technologies (Docker, Kubernetes, Fn, ...)











# Thank you.

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