the main objective of this analysis is to find the relation between Human time use data from buerau labor statistics and Mosquito blood meal patterns.

Understanding and finding the hidden patterns of humans' exposure to mosquito bites based on different features (factors) like humans working conditions in indoor/outdoor jobs, based on race and ethnicity background, Gender of human, and Income level of people.

In our study, we primarily examined individuals in outdoor jobs. This choice was driven by the understanding that these individuals are more likely to be exposed to mosquito bites than those in indoor occupations.

- we use different races like NH white, Hispanic, NH black, and others
- Male and female in gender category
- income level into low, average, and High-income groups
- we mainly concentrated on two mosquito types (Aedes aegypti and Culex quinquefasciatus) as different mosquito species have different preferences for the day/night when they actively seek blood meals.

Loading libraries

```
In [1]: ## IMPORTS
        import importlib
        import os
        from pathlib import Path
        import time
        import ipywidgets as widgets
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib as mpl
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns
        from datetime import datetime
        import IPython
        import lib.utils as utils
        import lib.atus_tools as att
        from lib.utils import get_project_logger, config_project_logger, \
            SUCCESS, rotate_ax_labels, get_color_cycle_list, get_x_array_for_barplots
         LOGGER = get project logger().getChild("ipynb")
        # importlib.reload(att)
        # %matplotlib widget
        # mpl.rcParams["pdf.fonttype"] = 42 # Make text editable in exported pdfs
```

[atus] DEBUG: `rtrend` Logger configured.

```
In [2]: # PARAMETERS
        # Preprocessing directory path
        # ------
        # --- Baseline
        # preproc_dir = Path("outputs/baseline/by_occupation/")
        # preproc_dir = Path("outputs/baseline/by_industry/")
        preproc_dir = Path("outputs/baseline/with_bootstrap_100/")
        # --- Alternative/sensitivity
        # preproc dir = Path("outputs/alternative/income classes 20-80 occ/")
        # preproc_dir = Path("outputs/alternative/income_classes_20-80_ind/")
        # --- Devtests
        # preproc_dir = Path("outputs/tests/preproc_dev/")
        ## comment test
        # Mosquito diel activity
        # -----
        mosq_count_fname = Path("mosquito_diel_data/mosqdiel_general_counts.csv")
In [5]: def count_folders(directory):
           # Initialize a counter for folders
           folder_count = 0
           # Iterate over each item in the directory
           for item in os.listdir(directory):
               # Check if the item is a folder
               if os.path.isdir(os.path.join(directory, item)):
                   # If it's a folder, increment the counter
                   folder_count += 1
           return folder count
        def create_folder_if_not_exists(folder_path):
           if not os.path.exists(folder_path):
               os.makedirs(folder path)
               print(f"Folder '{folder_path}' created successfully.")
           else:
               print(f"Folder '{folder_path}' already exists.")
```

Preprocessing

setting up environment and other basic variables

```
In [6]: hourly = False
# preproc_dir, hourly = Path("outputs/tests/main_bootstrap_test/"), False
preproc_dir, hourly = preproc_dir, True

# aggr_features = ["all", "income_id"]
# -------
aggr_features=[
    "all", "income_id", "TUMONTH", "PESEX", "race_ethnicity",
    "is_outdoor_job", "is_weekend", "job_and_weekend", "income_and_weekend"
```

```
]
        # IMPORT PREPROCESSED DATA
        # ==========
        importlib.reload(att)
        env = att.get_default_atus_env()
        # === Load mosquito diel activity
        mosq_diel_df = pd.read_csv(mosq_count_fname, index_col=[0, 1])
        mosq_diel_df.columns.name = "hour"
        mosq_diel_df #hourly mosquito count for different locations
        env = att.get_default_atus_env()
        # Load original ensemble
        main_pre = att.ATUSPreprocBunch.from_dir(
            preproc_dir, aggr_features=aggr_features,
            import_raw=False,
            raise_on_not_found=False,
            tseries_is_hourly=hourly,
       # === Create ATUS environment
In [7]:
        fname = main_pre.meta_dict.get("atus_environment_path", None)
        if fname is not None:
            myenv = att.ATUSEnvironment.from_env_file(fname)
            _LOGGER.warn("No ATUS env path in metadata. Will create default environment.
            myenv = att.get_default_atus_env()
        # === Load state metadata
        fips_df = att.import_fips_df(main_pre.meta_dict["fips_fname"])
        # ---
        main_pre.meta_dict["use_aggr_features"]
Out[7]: ['all',
          'PESEX',
          'TUMONTH',
          'is weekend',
          'race_ethnicity',
          'income_id',
          'occupation_exposure_id',
          'is_outdoor_job',
          {'job_and_weekend': ['is_outdoor_job', 'is_weekend']},
          {'income_and_weekend': ['income_id', 'is_weekend']},
          {'raceth and weekend': ['race ethnicity', 'is weekend']},
          {'sex_and_weekend': ['PESEX', 'is_weekend']}]
```

"occupation_exposure_id",

loading bootstrap data into data frames

this is how entire data of humans lookslike

each column in data from fifth column is each hour of day and their exposure

- i_boot: is the experiment number
- exp_id: is exposure at that time if they are indoor or outdoor
- all: is including all features available

In [10]:	boot_df												
Out[10]:					2023- 01-01 00:00:00	2023- 01-01 01:00:00	2023- 01-01 02:00:00	2023- 01-01 03:00:00	2023- 01-01 04:00:00	05			
	i_boot	exp_id	state_name	all									
	0	0	Alabama	True	0.992003	0.994709	0.994570	0.991746	0.982672	0.9			
				Alaska	True	1.000000	0.996233	1.000000	1.000000	0.976880	0.9		
			Arizona	True	0.980498	0.984619	0.985288	0.983310	0.980919	0.9			
						Arkansas	True	0.983057	0.990840	0.997904	0.997259	0.987528	0.9
			California	True	0.980852	0.986388	0.990805	0.989254	0.984261	0.9			
	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••						
	99	2	Virginia	True	0.020948	0.019635	0.015993	0.011331	0.021152	0.0			
				Washington	True	0.014276	0.011419	0.009219	0.007146	0.007063	0.0		
			West Virginia	True	0.028590	0.010801	0.010796	0.006759	0.020064	0.0			
			Wisconsin	True	0.024790	0.019661	0.013481	0.012551	0.013427	0.0			
			Wyoming	True	0.016121	0.005374	0.000000	0.018815	0.010311	0.0			

15300 rows × 24 columns

```
# # SELECTABLE FEATURE - Time series
        # exp id = 1 # Outdoor only
        # # feat_name, id_to_name = "income_id", Lambda x: env.income_id_to_name[x]
        # # feat_name, id_to_name = "PESEX", lambda x: env.pesex_to_name[x]
        # # feat_name, id_to_name = "race_ethnicity", lambda x: env.race_id_to_name[x]
        # # # feat_name, id_to_name = "occupation_exposure_id", Lambda x: f"{env.actype_
        # # feat_name, id_to_name = "all", lambda x: "Everyone" if x else "No-one [:"
        # # feat name, id to name = "is outdoor job", lambda x: "Outdoor job" if x else
        # # feat_name, id_to_name = "is_weekend", lambda x: "Weekends" if x else "Weekda
        # # --- Composite features
        ## feat_name, id_to_name = "job_and_weekend", Lambda x: f"{'outdoor' if x[0] el
        # # feat name, id to name = "income and weekend", Lambda x: f"{env.income id to
        ## feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", Lambda x: f"{'male' if x[0]==1 el
        # # feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x[0]==1 el
        # # feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x==1 else
```

```
# feat_name, id_to_name = "raceth_and_weekend", Lambda x: f"{env.race_id_to_name
# main_df = main_pre.feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name]
# if hourly:
     main_df.columns.name = "hour"
     main_df = att.aggregate_exp_minutes_to_hours(df)
# main_df_wted = att.aggregate_states_series_with_weights(
     main_df, main_pre.slice_data_df["weight"],
      use_level_values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
# #
       use Level values=["Florida"],
# #
# )
# boot_df = pd.concat(
     [boot_pre_list[i].feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name] for i in samples],
     axis=0,
#
     keys=samples,
     names=["i boot"],
# )
# if hourly:
     boot_df.columns.name = "hour"
# else:
     boot_df = att.aggregate_exp_minutes_to_hours(df)
# boot_df_wted = att.aggregate_states_series_with_weights(
     boot_df, main_pre.slice_data_df["weight"],
      use_level_values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
# #
      use level values=["Florida"],
# )
# boot_df_grp=boot_df_wted.xs(exp_id, level="exp_id")
# boot df mean=boot df qrp.groupby(['race ethnicity','is weekend']).mean().T.sum
# bootstraped=boot df grp.T.sum().to frame()
# bootstraped.rename(columns={0:'valu'},inplace=True)
# df=bootstraped.reset index()
# mapping={True:'weekend',False:'weekeday'}
# df['weeker']=df['is weekend'].map(mapping)
# df['race_ethnicity']=df['race_ethnicity'].map(id_to_name)
# # df['weeker']=df['weeker'].astype('category')
# sns.barplot(data=df,x='race_ethnicity',y='valu',hue='weeker',estimator=np.mean
# plt.ylabel("avg num of hours spent outside")
# # display(samples df)
```

figure 1

mosq randomization using poission for Quinque and ageptyi

```
num_samples = num_folders # calculated from the UDF for bootstrap data (based on
# data_label = "miami-aegypti"
# data_label = "brownsville-quinque"
data_labels=["locations-aegypti","brownsville-quinque"]
zero_shift = 5 # Force data to have at least this number of mosquitoes
# ========
def random_mosq_genrator_poission(mosq_diel_df,mosq_label):
   this function uses the provided data frame and mosq_label to generate random
   and returns the dataframe
   # --- Select a single mosquito diel data (sum over all months)
   mosq_sr = mosq_diel_df.groupby("data_label").sum().loc[mosq_label]
   # --- Add a shift to small values
   mosq_sr.loc[:] = np.maximum(mosq_sr.values, zero_shift)
   # --- Generate uncertainty for all hours
   rng = np.random.default_rng(seed=1)
   rnd_mosq_array = rng.poisson(mosq_sr.values, size=(num_samples, mosq_sr.shap
    # ^ ^ Signature: rnd_mosq_array[i_sample, i_hour] = value
   # --- Turn into a data frame
   rnd_mosq_df = pd.DataFrame(rnd_mosq_array)
   rnd_mosq_df.index.name = "sample"
   rnd_mosq_df.columns.name = "hour"
   return rnd_mosq_df
# random mosquito generation for each type of mosquito
df rnd mosq ageypti=random mosq genrator poission(mosq diel df,"locations-aegypt
df_rnd_mosq_quinque=random_mosq_genrator_poission(mosq_diel_df,"brownsville-quin
# ^ ^ Signature: rnd_mosq_df.loc[i_sample, i_hour] = value
#row-each sample
# column each hor
# RESULT: the `rnd_mosq_df` dataframe contains an ensemble of
# diel activity values for each hour. You can use it to generate
# the figures of the paper.
```

we sampled the data using bootstrap for mosquito populations for 24 hrs of the day

```
In [12]: df_rnd_mosq_ageypti
```

```
sample
                153 125
                          155
                                 97 221
                                        1044
                                              1043 834
                                                                  170
                                                                      195
                                                                           395
       152
           149
                                                          ... 119
                          159
            173
                132 128
                                 93
                                    212 1134
                                               1082 826
                                                          ... 127
                                                                  167
                                                                       197
                                                                           384
       167
                                    234
                                                                            390
       153
            147 131
                     130
                          142
                               107
                                         1108
                                               1069
                                                     771
                                                          ... 122
                                                                  149
                                                                       176
                      120
                          156
                                106
                                    225
                                         1111
                                               1044
                                                     846
                                                                       206
                                                                            396
       148
            161
                 141
                                                             118
                                                                  184
    4 137 147 112 112 144
                               107
                                    260 1041 1022 791
                                                          ... 103
                                                                  160
                                                                       187
                                                                           379
            ... ... ... ...
                               •••
                                    •••
                                         •••
                                               •••
       133
           147 138 120
                          139
                                 92
                                    228
                                         1050
                                               1018 839
                                                                  185
                                                                       206
                                                                           348
                                                          ... 138
                     123
                          151
                                    206
                                         1087
                                               1010
                                                     885
                                                          ... 116
                                                                       190
                                                                           403
       160
            172 141
                                110
                                                                  175
            172
                           146
                                    227
                                         1094
                                               1058
                                                     795
                                                                       199
                                                                            399
       146
                151
                      133
                                 90
                                                          ... 111
                                                                  167
       147
            160
                 124
                      136
                          152
                                 90
                                    239
                                         1093
                                               1095
                                                    752
                                                             104
                                                                  184
                                                                       195
                                                                           372
       146 152 142 118 158
                                    233 1111 1077 751
                                 97
                                                          ... 107
                                                                 153 173 411
```

100 rows × 24 columns

Out[12]:

hour

```
In [15]:
         def mosq_uncertainity_plot(mosq_diel_df,mosq_label,rnd_mosq_df):
             mosq_sr = mosq_diel_df.groupby("data_label").sum().loc[mosq_label]
             # --- Add a shift to small values
             mosq_sr.loc[:] = np.maximum(mosq_sr.values, zero_shift)
             fig, ax = plt.subplots()
             # --- Generated uncertainty
             ax.plot(rnd mosq df.mean(axis=0), label="mean")
             ax.fill between(
                 x=rnd mosq df.columns, # Hours
                 y1=rnd_mosq_df.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
                 y2=rnd_mosq_df.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
                 # Formatting options
                 alpha=0.5, color="C1", linewidth=0,
             # --- Original data: mosquito diel activity without uncertainty
             # ax.plot(mosq sr, label="Original data")
             ax.legend()
             return fig, ax
```

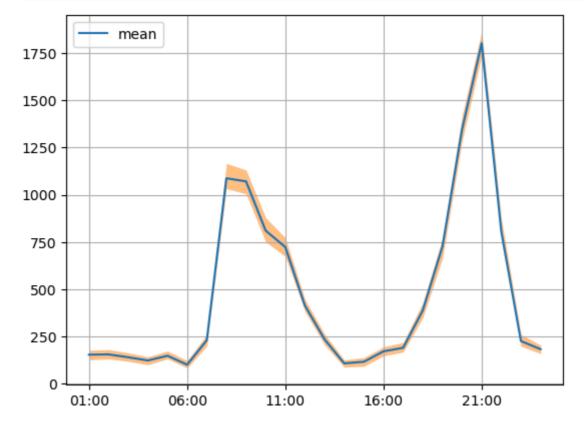
before normalization

this is number of ageptyi mosquito moment patterns in each hour of the day with shaded are being confidence intervals

• it implies that these species are mostly active in the morning around 8:00 am to 10:00 am and late in the evening 7:00 pm to 10:00 pm

```
In [16]: do_save_fig=False
    fig, ax = mosq_uncertainity_plot(mosq_diel_df,"locations-aegypti",df_rnd_mosq_ag
    ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(mpl.dates.DateFormatter("%d:%H"))
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.figure(figsize=(20,15))
    plt.show() # If you want to display the plot

if do_save_fig:
        create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
        fig.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/fig1_locations_aegypti.pdf")
```



<Figure size 2000x1500 with 0 Axes>

normailizing the population

ageptyi post normalization

```
In [17]: temp_val=df_rnd_mosq_ageypti.mean(axis=0).loc[18] ## 6pm value
    norm_df_rnd_mosq_ageypti=df_rnd_mosq_ageypti/temp_val

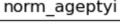
do_save_fig=True

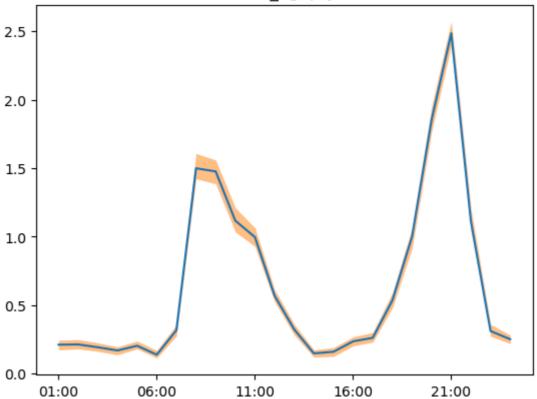
fig, ax = mosq_uncertainity_plot(mosq_diel_df,"locations-aegypti",norm_df_rnd_mo

ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(mpl.dates.DateFormatter("%d:%H"))
    plt.title("norm_ageptyi")
    # plt.grid(True)
    plt.gca().legend().remove()
    plt.figure(figsize=(20,15))
```

```
plt.show() # If you want to display the plot

if do_save_fig:
    create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
    fig.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/fig1_locations_norm_aegypti.pdf")
```





<Figure size 2000x1500 with 0 Axes>
Folder 'tmp_figs/preprint' already exists.

quinque pre normalization

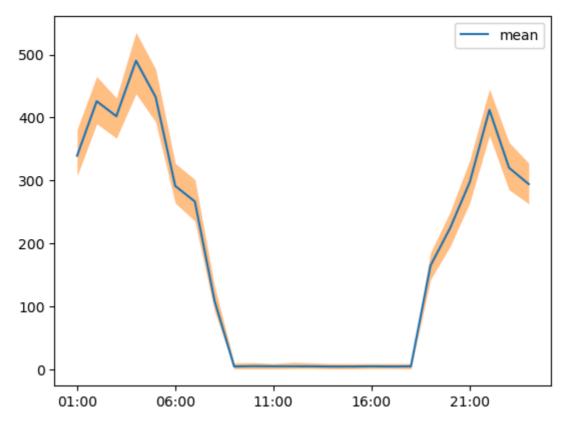
this is number of quinque mosquito moment patterns in each hour of the day with shaded are being confidence intervals

• it implies that these species are mostly active early in the morning and late in the evening

```
In [18]: # %matplotlib widget
fig, ax = mosq_uncertainity_plot(mosq_diel_df,"brownsville-quinque",df_rnd_mosq_
ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(mpl.dates.DateFormatter("%d:%H"))

plt.show() # If you want to display the plot

if do_save_fig:
    create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
    fig.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/fig1_brownsville-quinque.pdf")
```

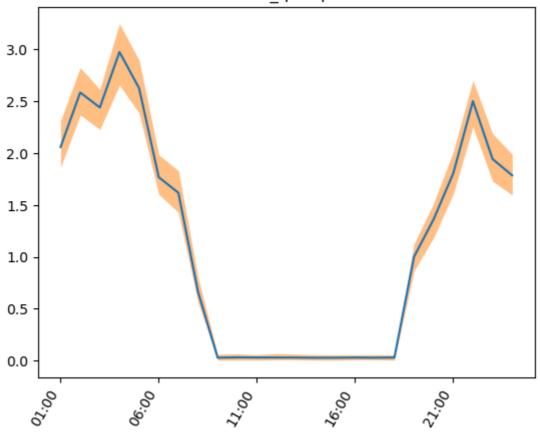


Folder 'tmp_figs/preprint' already exists.

quinque post normalization

```
In [19]:
        temp_val=df_rnd_mosq_quinque.mean(axis=0).loc[18] ## quinque value at 6pm
         norm_df_rnd_mosq_quinque=df_rnd_mosq_quinque/temp_val
         do_save_fig=True
         fig, ax = mosq_uncertainity_plot(mosq_diel_df,"locations-aegypti",norm_df_rnd_mo
         rotate_ax_labels(ax)
         ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(mpl.dates.DateFormatter("%d:%H"))
         plt.title("norm quinque")
         # plt.grid(True)
         plt.gca().legend().remove()
         plt.figure(figsize=(20,15))
         plt.ion()
         plt.show() # If you want to display the plot
         if do_save_fig:
             create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
             fig.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/fig1_locations_Norm_quinque.pdf")
```

norm quinque



<Figure size 2000x1500 with 0 Axes>
Folder 'tmp_figs/preprint' already exists.

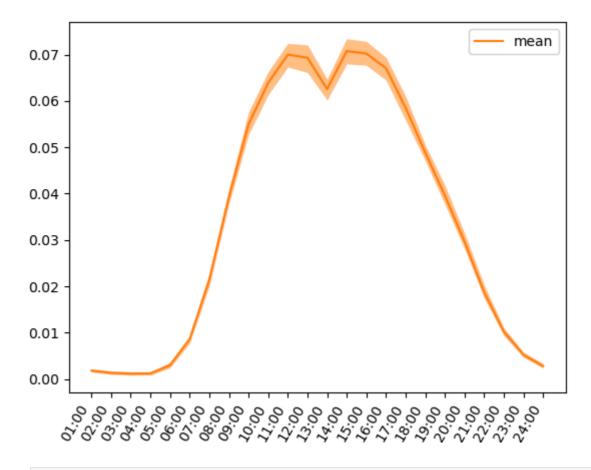
Human timeuse timeseries

```
In [20]:
        # SELECTABLE FEATURE - Time series
         # -----
         exp id = 1 # Outdoor only
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "income_id", lambda x: env.income_id_to_name[x]
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "PESEX", lambda x: env.pesex_to_name[x]
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "race_ethnicity", lambda x: env.race_id_to_name[x]
         # # feat_name, id_to_name = "occupation_exposure_id", lambda x: f"{env.actype_id
         feat_name, id_to_name = "all", lambda x: "Everyone" if x else "No-one [:"
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "is_outdoor_job", lambda x: "Outdoor job" if x else "I
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "is_weekend", lambda x: "Weekends" if x else "Weekdays
         # --- Composite features
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "job_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'outdoor' if x[0] else
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "income_and_weekend", Lambda x: f"{env.income_id_to_na
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x[0]==1 else
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x[0]==1 else
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x==1 else 'f
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "raceth_and_weekend", Lambda x: f"{env.race_id_to_name
         main_df = main_pre.feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name]
         if hourly:
             main_df.columns.name = "hour"
         else:
             main_df = att.aggregate_exp_minutes_to_hours(df)
         main_df_wted = att.aggregate_states_series_with_weights(
```

```
main_df, main_pre.slice_data_df["weight"],
     use_level_values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
#
#
     use_level_values=["Florida"],
)
boot df = pd.concat(
   [boot_pre_list[i].feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name] for i in samples],
   axis=0,
   keys=samples,
   names=["i_boot"],
)
if hourly:
   boot_df.columns.name = "hour"
   boot_df = att.aggregate_exp_minutes_to_hours(df)
boot_df_wted = att.aggregate_states_series_with_weights(
   boot_df, main_pre.slice_data_df["weight"],
     use_level_values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
#
     use_level_values=["Florida"],
)
boot_df_grp=boot_df_wted.xs(exp_id, level="exp_id")
```

This is humans time use patterns outdoors. it implies that generally humans more outdoor during the day .

```
In [22]: fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         # --- Generated uncertainty
         ax.plot(boot_df_grp.mean(axis=0), label="mean", color="C1")
         ax.fill_between(
             x=boot_df_grp.columns, # Hours
             y1=boot_df_grp.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
             y2=boot_df_grp.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
             # Formatting options
             alpha=0.5, color="C1", linewidth=0,
         rotate_ax_labels(ax)
         ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(mpl.dates.DateFormatter("%d:%H"))
         plt
         ax.legend()
         if do save fig:
             create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
             fig.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/fig1_human_all.pdf")
```



normalizing the mosquito and human crossover

```
In [21]: boot_df_grp=boot_df_wted.xs(exp_id, level="exp_id")
boot_df_grp.columns=hours
boot_df_grp.columns.name = "hour"
human_df=boot_df_grp.droplevel("all")

##### normalizing with 6pm value of each mosq_human cross over

human_X_mosq_ageptyi=human_df*df_rnd_mosq_ageypti
human_X_mosq_quinque=human_df*df_rnd_mosq_quinque

## using value at 6pm so commenting max value
# max_human_x_mosq_ageptyi=human_X_mosq_ageptyi.mean(axis=0).max()
# max_human_x_mosq_quinque=human_X_mosq_quinque.mean(axis=0).max()

norm_6_pm_ageptyi=human_X_mosq_ageptyi.mean(axis=0).loc[18]
norm_6_pm_quinque=human_X_mosq_quinque.mean(axis=0).loc[18]
norm_human_X_mosq_ageptyi=human_X_mosq_ageptyi/norm_6_pm_ageptyi
norm_human_X_mosq_quinque=human_X_mosq_quinque/norm_6_pm_quinque
```

In [22]: norm_6_pm_quinque

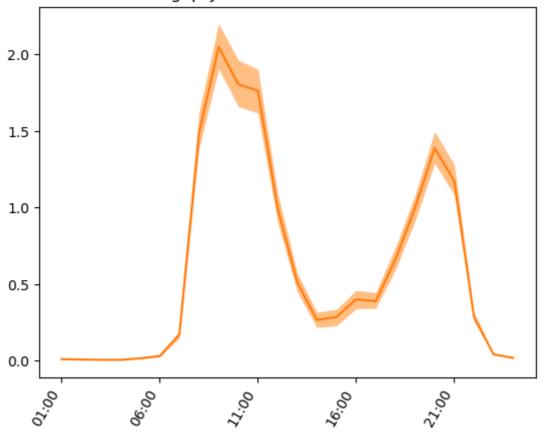
Out[22]: 6.532225619729022

figure 2

ageptyi and human cross over

```
In [24]: fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         # --- Generated uncertainty
         ax.plot(norm_human_X_mosq_ageptyi.mean(axis=0), label="mean", color="C1")
         ax.fill_between(
             x=norm_human_X_mosq_ageptyi.columns, # Hours
             y1=norm_human_X_mosq_ageptyi.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
             y2=norm_human_X_mosq_ageptyi.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
             # Formatting options
             alpha=0.5, color="C1", linewidth=0,
         rotate ax labels(ax)
         ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(mpl.dates.DateFormatter("%d:%H"))
         plt.title('ageptyi and human cross over')
         # ax.legend()
         if do save fig:
             create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
             fig.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/fig2_norm_human_X_norm_mosq_ageptyi.pdf")
```

ageptyi and human cross over



quinque and human cross over

```
In [25]: fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         # --- Generated uncertainty
         ax.plot(norm_human_X_mosq_quinque.mean(axis=0), label="mean", color="C1")
         ax.fill between(
             x=norm_human_X_mosq_quinque.columns, # Hours
             y1=norm_human_X_mosq_quinque.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
             y2=norm_human_X_mosq_quinque.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
             # Formatting options
             alpha=0.5, color="C1", linewidth=0,
         )
         rotate_ax_labels(ax)
         ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(mpl.dates.DateFormatter("%d:%H"))
         plt.title('quinque and human cross over')
         # ax.legend()
         if do_save_fig:
             create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
             fig.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/fig2_norm_human_X_norm_mosq_quinque.pdf")
```

quinque and human cross over

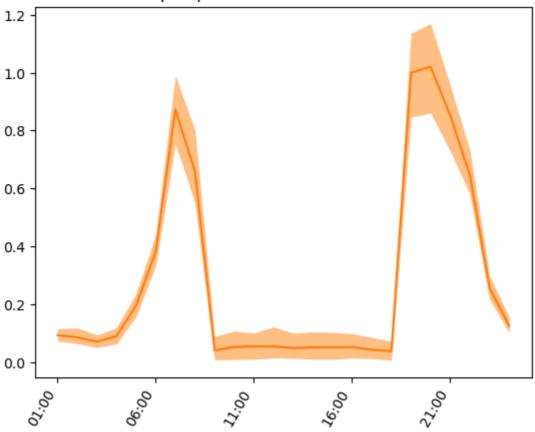


figure 3

calculating overall population for normalization

```
In [26]: # ===========
         # SELECTABLE FEATURE - Time series
         exp id = 1 # Outdoor only
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "income_id", lambda x: env.income_id_to_name[x]
         # feat name, id to name = "PESEX", Lambda x: env.pesex to name[x]
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "race_ethnicity", lambda x: env.race_id_to_name[x]
         # # feat_name, id_to_name = "occupation_exposure_id", Lambda x: f"{env.actype_id
         feat_name, id_to_name = "all", lambda x: "Everyone" if x else "No-one [:"
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "is_outdoor_job", lambda x: "Outdoor job" if x else "I
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "is_weekend", Lambda x: "Weekends" if x else "Weekdays
         # --- Composite features
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "job_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'outdoor' if x[0] else
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "income_and_weekend", Lambda x: f"{env.income_id_to_na
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x[0]==1 else
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x[0]==1 else
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x==1 else 'f
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "raceth_and_weekend", Lambda x: f"{env.race_id_to_name
         main_df = main_pre.feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name]
         if hourly:
             main_df.columns.name = "hour"
         else:
```

```
main_df = att.aggregate_exp_minutes_to_hours(df)
main_df_wted = att.aggregate_states_series_with_weights(
   main_df, main_pre.slice_data_df["weight"],
     use_level_values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
#
     use level values=["Florida"],
)
boot_df = pd.concat(
   [boot_pre_list[i].feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name] for i in samples],
    axis=0,
   keys=samples,
    names=["i_boot"],
if hourly:
   boot_df.columns.name = "hour"
else:
   boot_df = att.aggregate_exp_minutes_to_hours(df)
boot_df_wted = att.aggregate_states_series_with_weights(
   boot_df, main_pre.slice_data_df["weight"],
     use_level_values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
     use_level_values=["Florida"],
#
boot_df_grp=boot_df_wted.xs(exp_id, level="exp_id")
boot_df_grp=boot_df_wted.xs(exp_id, level="exp_id")
boot_df_grp.columns=hours
boot_df_grp.columns.name = "hour"
human_df=boot_df_grp.droplevel("all")
human X mosq ageptyi=human df*df rnd mosq ageypti
human_X_mosq_quinque=human_df*df_rnd_mosq_quinque
mean overall human pop with mosq ageptyi=human X mosq ageptyi.sum(axis=1).mean()
mean_overall_human_pop_with_mosq_quinque=human_X_mosq_quinque.sum(axis=1).mean()
```

with ageptyi

income_id

```
In [61]: mean_overall_human_pop_with_mosq_ageptyi

Out[61]: 424.1350491249157

In [62]: all_df['feat']=all_df[feat_name]
    all_df.drop(feat_name,inplace=True,axis=1)
    all_df
```

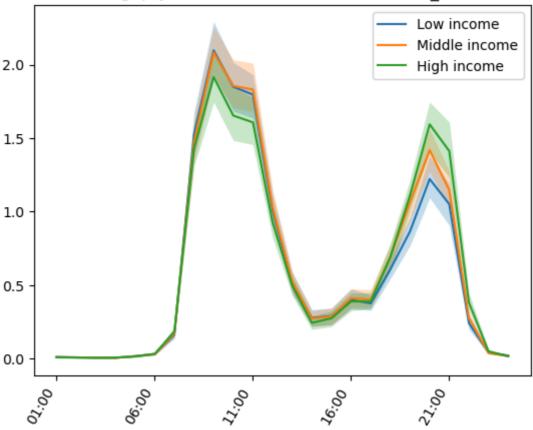
Out[62]:		mean_val	lower	upper	feat
	0	0.975768	0.044687	0.047678	Low income
	1	1.019631	0.043386	0.047949	Middle income
	2	1.003594	0.055596	0.051985	High income

time series

```
In [63]:
        mosq_human_df1=pd.concat(
             [boot_df_grp.xs(i,level=feat_name).mul(mosq_type_df) for i in lvls],
             axis=0,
             keys=lvls,
             names=[feat_name],
         t_plot=mosq_human_df1/norm_6_pm_ageptyi
         # for i in LvLs:
         i0=t plot.xs(0,level=feat name)
         i1=t_plot.xs(1,level=feat_name)
         i2=t_plot.xs(2,level=feat_name)
         fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         map_names=lvls.map(id_to_name)
         # --- Generated uncertainty
         ax.plot(i0.mean(axis=0), label=map_names[0], color="C0")
         ax.plot(i1.mean(axis=0), label=map_names[1], color="C1")
         ax.plot(i2.mean(axis=0), label= map_names[2], color="C2")
         ax.fill_between(
             x=i0.columns, # Hours
             y1=i0.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
             y2=i0.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
             # Formatting options
             alpha=0.25, color="C0", linewidth=0,
         ax.fill between(
             x=i1.columns, # Hours
             y1=i1.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
             y2=i1.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
             # Formatting options
             alpha=0.25, color="C1", linewidth=0,
         ax.fill_between(
             x=i2.columns, # Hours
             y1=i2.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
             y2=i2.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
             # Formatting options
             alpha=0.25, color="C2", linewidth=0,
         )
         rotate_ax_labels(ax)
         ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(mpl.dates.DateFormatter("%d:%H"))
         plt.title(f"ageptyi and human cross over {feat_name}")
```

```
ax.legend()
plt.show()
if True:
    create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
    fig.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/ageptyi_{feat_name}_timeseries.pdf")
```

ageptyi and human cross over income_id



Folder 'tmp figs/preprint' already exists.

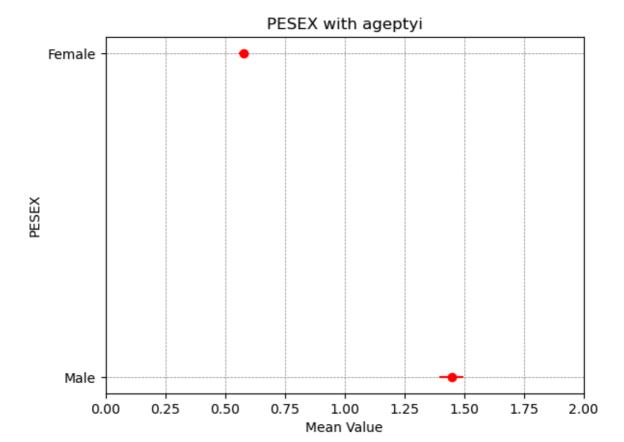
In [64]: multi_feat_df=all_df.copy()

Gender

```
In [65]:
                             # SELECTABLE FEATURE - Time series
                              exp_id = 1 # Outdoor only
                              # feat_name, id_to_name = "income_id", lambda x: env.income_id_to_name[x]
                              feat_name, id_to_name = "PESEX", lambda x: env.pesex_to_name[x]
                              # feat_name, id_to_name = "race_ethnicity", lambda x: env.race_id_to_name[x]
                              # # feat_name, id_to_name = "occupation_exposure_id", lambda x: f"{env.actype_id
                              # feat_name, id_to_name = "all", lambda x: "Everyone" if x else "No-one [:"
                              # feat_name, id_to_name = "is_outdoor_job", lambda x: "Outdoor job" if x else "I
                              # feat_name, id_to_name = "is_weekend", Lambda x: "Weekends" if x else "Weekdays
                              # --- Composite features
                              # feat_name, id_to_name = "job_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'outdoor' if x[0] else
                              # feat_name, id_to_name = "income_and_weekend", Lambda x: f"{env.income_id_to_na
                              # feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x[0]==1 else
                              # feat name, id to name = "sex and weekend", Lambda x: f''\{\text{male' if } x[0] == 1 \text{ else } 1 \text{ els
                              # feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x==1 else 'f
                              # feat_name, id_to_name = "raceth_and_weekend", Lambda x: f"{env.race_id_to_name
```

```
main_df = main_pre.feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name]
if hourly:
   main_df.columns.name = "hour"
else:
    main df = att.aggregate exp minutes to hours(df)
main_df_wted = att.aggregate_states_series_with_weights(
   main_df, main_pre.slice_data_df["weight"],
     use_level_values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
     use_level_values=["Florida"],
#
)
boot_df = pd.concat(
   [boot_pre_list[i].feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name] for i in samples],
   axis=0,
   keys=samples,
   names=["i_boot"],
)
if hourly:
   boot_df.columns.name = "hour"
else:
    boot_df = att.aggregate_exp_minutes_to_hours(df)
boot_df_wted = att.aggregate_states_series_with_weights(
   boot_df, main_pre.slice_data_df["weight"],
     use_level_values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
#
     use_level_values=["Florida"],
)
boot_df_grp=boot_df_wted.xs(exp_id, level="exp_id")
boot df grp=boot df wted.xs(exp id, level="exp id")
boot df grp.columns=hours
boot_df_grp.columns.name = "hour"
lvls=boot_df_grp.index.get_level_values(feat_name).unique()
mosq type df=df rnd mosq ageypti
mosq human df=pd.concat(
   [boot_df_grp.xs(i,level=feat_name).mul(mosq_type_df).sum(axis=1) for i in lv
   axis=0,
   keys=lvls,
   names=[feat_name],
).to frame()
norm_ageypti_human_df=mosq_human_df/mean_overall_human_pop_with_mosq_ageptyi
con df=norm ageypti human df.groupby(feat name).mean()
q_25=norm_ageypti_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(0.025)
q_95=norm_ageypti_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(0.925)
con_df['mean_val']=con_df[0]
q_25['q25']=q_25[0]
q_95['q95']=q_95[0]
con_df.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
q_25.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
q_95.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
```

```
quantile=pd.merge(q_95,q_25,how='inner',on=feat_name)
# quantile['diff']=quantile['q95']-quantile['q25']
# quantile.drop(columns=['q25','q95'],inplace=True)
all_df=pd.merge(con_df,quantile,how='inner',on=feat_name)
all_df['lower']=all_df['mean_val']-all_df['q25']
all_df['upper']=all_df['q95']-all_df['mean_val']
all_df.drop(columns=['q25','q95'],inplace=True)
asymentric_err_bar=[all_df['lower'].values,all_df['upper'].values]
all_df=all_df.T
all_df.columns=all_df.columns.map(id_to_name)
all_df=all_df.T
all_df=all_df.reset_index()
fig,ax=plt.subplots()
ax.errorbar(y=all_df[feat_name], x=all_df['mean_val'],xerr=asymentric_err_bar, d
ax.set_xlim(0, 2)
ax.set_xlabel('Mean Value')
ax.set_ylabel(feat_name)
ax.set_title(f"{feat_name} with ageptyi")
# Customizing grid lines
ax.grid(True, linestyle='--', color='gray', linewidth=0.5)
fig.show()
if do_save_fig:
   create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
    plt.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/fig3_{feat_name}_with_ageptyi.pdf")
```



time series

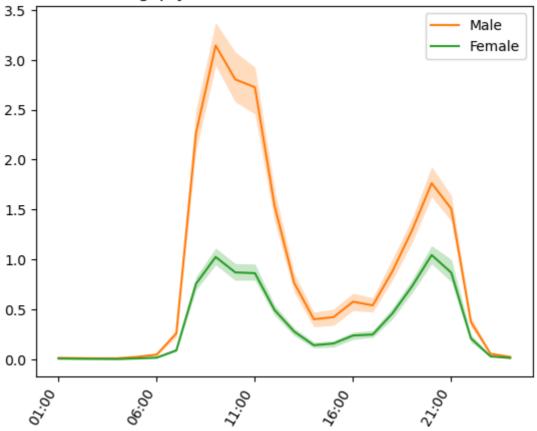
```
In [67]: mosq_human_df1=pd.concat(
        [boot_df_grp.xs(i,level=feat_name).mul(mosq_type_df) for i in lvls],
        axis=0,
        keys=lvls,
        names=[feat_name],
)

t_plot=mosq_human_df1/norm_6_pm_ageptyi

# for i in lvls:
# i0=t_plot.xs(0,level=feat_name)
i1=t_plot.xs(1,level=feat_name)
i2=t_plot.xs(2,level=feat_name)
```

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
map_names=lvls.map(id_to_name)
# --- Generated uncertainty
# ax.plot(i0.mean(axis=0), label="mean i0", color="C0")
ax.plot(i1.mean(axis=0), label=map_names[0], color="C1")
ax.plot(i2.mean(axis=0), label=map_names[1], color="C2")
# ax.fill_between(
     x=i0.columns, # Hours
    y1=i0.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
#
    y2=i0.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
     # Formatting options
     alpha=0.25, color="C0", linewidth=0,
# )
ax.fill_between(
   x=i1.columns, # Hours
   y1=i1.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
   y2=i1.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
   # Formatting options
   alpha=0.25, color="C1", linewidth=0,
ax.fill_between(
   x=i2.columns, # Hours
   y1=i2.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
   y2=i2.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
   # Formatting options
   alpha=0.25, color="C2", linewidth=0,
)
rotate_ax_labels(ax)
ax.xaxis.set major formatter(mpl.dates.DateFormatter("%d:%H"))
plt.title(f"ageptyi and human cross over {feat_name}")
ax.legend()
plt.show()
if True:
   create folder if not exists('tmp figs/preprint')
   fig.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/ageptyi_{feat_name}_timeseries.pdf")
```

ageptyi and human cross over PESEX



Folder 'tmp_figs/preprint' already exists.

```
In [68]: all_df['feat']=all_df[feat_name]
    all_df.drop(feat_name,inplace=True,axis=1)

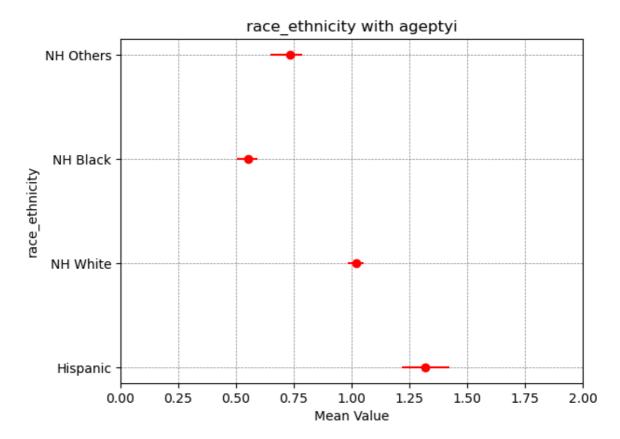
multi_feat_df=pd.concat([multi_feat_df,all_df],ignore_index=True)
    multi_feat_df
```

Out[68]:		mean_val	lower	upper	feat
	0	0.975768	0.044687	0.047678	Low income
	1	1.019631	0.043386	0.047949	Middle income
	2	1.003594	0.055596	0.051985	High income
	3	1.451462	0.055195	0.044660	Male
	4	0.578059	0.021574	0.017805	Female

race and ethnicity

```
# feat_name, id_to_name = "is_outdoor_job", lambda x: "Outdoor job" if x else "I
# feat_name, id_to_name = "is_weekend", lambda x: "Weekends" if x else "Weekdays
# --- Composite features
# feat_name, id_to_name = "job_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'outdoor' if <math>x[0] else
# feat_name, id_to_name = "income_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{env.income_id_to_na
# feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x[0]==1 else
# feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x[0]==1 else
# feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x==1 else 'f
# feat_name, id_to_name = "raceth_and_weekend", Lambda x: f"{env.race_id_to_name
main_df = main_pre.feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name]
if hourly:
    main df.columns.name = "hour"
else:
    main_df = att.aggregate_exp_minutes_to_hours(df)
main_df_wted = att.aggregate_states_series_with_weights(
   main_df, main_pre.slice_data_df["weight"],
     use_level_values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
     use_level_values=["Florida"],
#
boot_df = pd.concat(
    [boot_pre_list[i].feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name] for i in samples],
   axis=0,
   keys=samples,
   names=["i_boot"],
if hourly:
   boot_df.columns.name = "hour"
else:
   boot_df = att.aggregate_exp_minutes_to_hours(df)
boot df wted = att.aggregate states series with weights(
   boot_df, main_pre.slice_data_df["weight"],
     use level values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
     use_level_values=["Florida"],
#
boot df grp=boot df wted.xs(exp id, level="exp id")
boot_df_grp=boot_df_wted.xs(exp_id, level="exp_id")
boot_df_grp.columns=hours
boot df grp.columns.name = "hour"
lvls=boot_df_grp.index.get_level_values(feat_name).unique()
mosq_type_df=df_rnd_mosq_ageypti
mosq_human_df=pd.concat(
   [boot_df_grp.xs(i,level=feat_name).mul(mosq_type_df).sum(axis=1) for i in lv
   axis=0,
   keys=lvls,
   names=[feat name],
).to frame()
norm_ageypti_human_df=mosq_human_df/mean_overall_human_pop_with_mosq_ageptyi
con_df=norm_ageypti_human_df.groupby(feat_name).mean()
q_25=norm_ageypti_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(0.025)
```

```
q_95=norm_ageypti_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(0.925)
con_df['mean_val']=con_df[0]
q_25['q25']=q_25[0]
q_95['q95']=q_95[0]
con_df.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
q_25.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
q_95.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
quantile=pd.merge(q_95,q_25,how='inner',on=feat_name)
# quantile['diff']=quantile['q95']-quantile['q25']
# quantile.drop(columns=['q25','q95'],inplace=True)
all_df=pd.merge(con_df,quantile,how='inner',on=feat_name)
all_df['lower']=all_df['mean_val']-all_df['q25']
all_df['upper']=all_df['q95']-all_df['mean_val']
all_df.drop(columns=['q25','q95'],inplace=True)
asymentric_err_bar=[all_df['lower'].values,all_df['upper'].values]
all_df=all_df.T
all_df.columns=all_df.columns.map(id_to_name)
all_df=all_df.T
all_df=all_df.reset_index()
fig,ax=plt.subplots()
ax.errorbar(y=all_df[feat_name], x=all_df['mean_val'],xerr=asymentric_err_bar, d
ax.set_xlim(0, 2)
ax.set_xlabel('Mean Value')
ax.set ylabel(feat name)
ax.set_title(f"{feat_name} with ageptyi")
# Customizing grid lines
ax.grid(True, linestyle='--', color='gray', linewidth=0.5)
fig.show()
if do save fig:
    create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
    plt.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/fig3_{feat_name}_with_ageptyi.pdf")
```



```
print(norm_ageypti_human_df.groupby(feat_name).mean())
In [38]:
         print(norm_ageypti_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(q=0.025))
         print(norm_ageypti_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(q=0.975))
        race_ethnicity
                        1.318038
        0
        1
                        1.020166
        2
                         0.552871
        3
                         0.732128
                                0
        race_ethnicity
                         1.217316
        1
                         0.982990
        2
                         0.504463
        3
                         0.647160
        race_ethnicity
                        1.442923
        1
                        1.061249
        2
                        0.614976
        3
                        0.808584
```

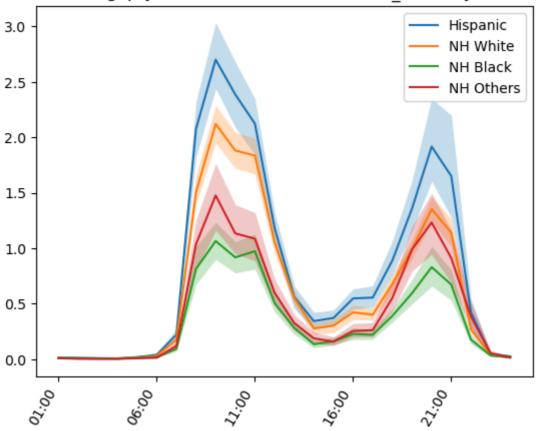
time series

```
In [70]: mosq_human_df1=pd.concat(
      [boot_df_grp.xs(i,level=feat_name).mul(mosq_type_df) for i in lvls],
      axis=0,
      keys=lvls,
      names=[feat_name],
)

t_plot=mosq_human_df1/norm_6_pm_ageptyi
```

```
# for i in LvLs:
i0=t_plot.xs(0,level=feat_name)
i1=t_plot.xs(1,level=feat_name)
i2=t_plot.xs(2,level=feat_name)
i3=t_plot.xs(3,level=feat_name)
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
map_names=lvls.map(id_to_name)
# --- Generated uncertainty
ax.plot(i0.mean(axis=0), label=map_names[0], color="C0")
ax.plot(i1.mean(axis=0), label=map_names[1], color="C1")
ax.plot(i2.mean(axis=0), label=map_names[2], color="C2")
ax.plot(i3.mean(axis=0), label=map_names[3], color="C3")
ax.fill_between(
   x=i0.columns, # Hours
   y1=i0.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
   y2=i0.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
   # Formatting options
   alpha=0.25, color="C0", linewidth=0,
ax.fill_between(
   x=i1.columns, # Hours
   y1=i1.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
   y2=i1.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
   # Formatting options
   alpha=0.25, color="C1", linewidth=0,
ax.fill_between(
   x=i2.columns, # Hours
   y1=i2.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
   y2=i2.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
   # Formatting options
   alpha=0.25, color="C2", linewidth=0,
ax.fill between(
   x=i3.columns, # Hours
   y1=i3.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
   y2=i3.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
   # Formatting options
   alpha=0.25, color="C3", linewidth=0,
)
rotate ax labels(ax)
ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(mpl.dates.DateFormatter("%d:%H"))
plt.title(f"ageptyi and human cross over {feat_name}")
ax.legend()
plt.show()
if True:
    create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
    fig.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/ageptyi_{feat_name}_timeseries.pdf")
```

ageptyi and human cross over race_ethnicity



Folder 'tmp_figs/preprint' already exists.

```
In [71]: all_df['feat']=all_df[feat_name]
    all_df.drop(feat_name,inplace=True,axis=1)

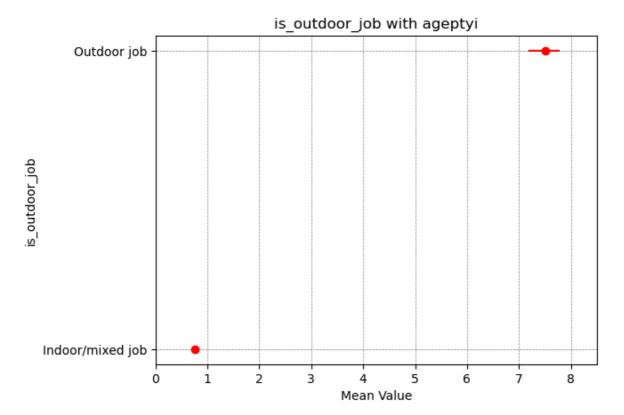
multi_feat_df=pd.concat([multi_feat_df,all_df],ignore_index=True)
    multi_feat_df
```

Out[71]: mean_val lower upper feat 0.975768 0.044687 0.047678 Low income 1 1.019631 0.043386 0.047949 Middle income 2 1.003594 0.055596 0.051985 High income 1.451462 0.055195 0.044660 3 Male 0.578059 0.021574 0.017805 Female 1.318038 0.100722 0.103246 5 Hispanic 1.020166 0.037176 0.030502 NH White 0.552871 0.048407 0.038760 NH Black 0.732128 0.084968 0.052949 **NH Others**

is_outdoor_job

```
exp id = 1 # Outdoor only
# feat_name, id_to_name = "income_id", lambda x: env.income_id_to_name[x]
# feat_name, id_to_name = "PESEX", lambda x: env.pesex_to_name[x]
# feat_name, id_to_name = "race_ethnicity", lambda x: env.race_id_to_name[x]
# feat_name, id_to_name = "occupation_exposure_id", lambda x: f"{env.actype_id_t
# feat_name, id_to_name = "all", lambda x: "Everyone" if x else "No-one [:"
feat_name, id_to_name = "is_outdoor_job", lambda x: "Outdoor job" if x else "Ind
# feat_name, id_to_name = "is_weekend", lambda x: "Weekends" if x else "Weekdays
# --- Composite features
# feat name, id_{to} name = "job_and_weekend", lambda x: f''{'outdoor' if x[0] else
# feat_name, id_to_name = "income_and_weekend", Lambda x: f"{env.income_id_to_na
# feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x[0]==1 else
\# feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x[0]==1 else
# feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x==1 else 'f
# feat_name, id_to_name = "raceth_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{env.race_id_to_name
main_df = main_pre.feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name]
if hourly:
    main_df.columns.name = "hour"
else:
    main_df = att.aggregate_exp_minutes_to_hours(df)
main_df_wted = att.aggregate_states_series_with_weights(
   main_df, main_pre.slice_data_df["weight"],
     use_level_values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
#
     use_level_values=["Florida"],
boot df = pd.concat(
   [boot_pre_list[i].feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name] for i in samples],
   axis=0,
   keys=samples,
   names=["i_boot"],
if hourly:
   boot_df.columns.name = "hour"
else:
   boot_df = att.aggregate_exp_minutes_to_hours(df)
boot df wted = att.aggregate states series with weights(
   boot df, main pre.slice data df["weight"],
     use_level_values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
     use level values=["Florida"],
boot_df_grp=boot_df_wted.xs(exp_id, level="exp_id")
boot_df_grp=boot_df_wted.xs(exp_id, level="exp_id")
boot df grp.columns=hours
boot_df_grp.columns.name = "hour"
lvls=boot_df_grp.index.get_level_values(feat_name).unique()
mosq_type_df=df_rnd_mosq_ageypti
mosq_human_df=pd.concat(
    [boot_df_grp.xs(i,level=feat_name).mul(mosq_type_df).sum(axis=1) for i in lv
   axis=0,
```

```
keys=lvls,
    names=[feat_name],
).to_frame()
norm_ageypti_human_df=mosq_human_df/mean_overall_human_pop_with_mosq_ageptyi
con df=norm ageypti human df.groupby(feat name).mean()
q_25=norm_ageypti_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(0.025)
q_95=norm_ageypti_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(0.925)
con_df['mean_val']=con_df[0]
q_25['q25']=q_25[0]
q_95['q95']=q_95[0]
con_df.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
q_25.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
q_95.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
quantile=pd.merge(q_95,q_25,how='inner',on=feat_name)
# quantile['diff']=quantile['q95']-quantile['q25']
# quantile.drop(columns=['q25', 'q95'],inplace=True)
all_df=pd.merge(con_df,quantile,how='inner',on=feat_name)
all_df['lower']=all_df['mean_val']-all_df['q25']
all_df['upper']=all_df['q95']-all_df['mean_val']
all_df.drop(columns=['q25','q95'],inplace=True)
asymentric_err_bar=[all_df['lower'].values,all_df['upper'].values]
all df=all df.T
all df.columns=all df.columns.map(id to name)
all_df=all_df.T
all_df=all_df.reset_index()
fig,ax=plt.subplots()
ax.errorbar(y=all df[feat name], x=all df['mean val'], xerr=asymentric err bar, d
ax.set xlim(0, 8.5)
ax.set xlabel('Mean Value')
ax.set ylabel(feat name)
ax.set_title(f"{feat_name} with ageptyi")
# Customizing grid lines
ax.grid(True, linestyle='--', color='gray', linewidth=0.5)
fig.show()
if do save fig:
    create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
    plt.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/fig3_{feat_name}_with_ageptyi.pdf")
```



```
In [73]:
         print(norm_ageypti_human_df.groupby(feat_name).mean())
         print(norm_ageypti_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(q=0.025))
         print(norm_ageypti_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(q=0.975))
                                0
        is_outdoor_job
                        0.760418
                        7.515855
                                0
        is_outdoor_job
                        0.735804
        1
                        7.181385
        is_outdoor_job
                        0.785977
        1
                        7.844468
```

timeseries

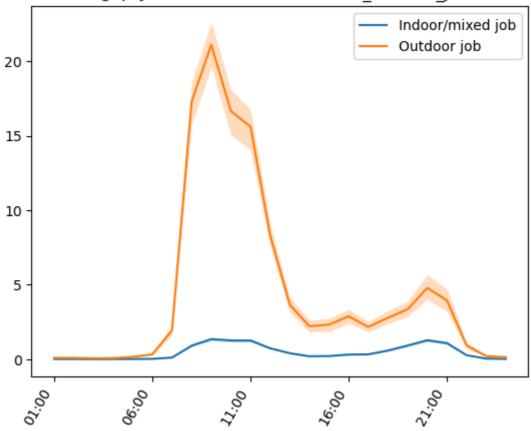
```
In [74]: mosq_human_df1=pd.concat(
        [boot_df_grp.xs(i,level=feat_name).mul(mosq_type_df) for i in lvls],
        axis=0,
        keys=lvls,
        names=[feat_name],
)

t_plot=mosq_human_df1/norm_6_pm_ageptyi

# for i in lvls:
i0=t_plot.xs(0,level=feat_name)
i1=t_plot.xs(1,level=feat_name)
# i2=t_plot.xs(2,level=feat_name)
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
```

```
map_names=lvls.map(id_to_name)
# --- Generated uncertainty
ax.plot(i0.mean(axis=0), label=map_names[0], color="C0")
ax.plot(i1.mean(axis=0), label=map_names[1], color="C1")
# ax.plot(i2.mean(axis=0), label="mean i2", color="C2")
ax.fill_between(
   x=i0.columns, # Hours
   y1=i0.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
   y2=i0.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
   # Formatting options
   alpha=0.25, color="C0", linewidth=0,
ax.fill_between(
   x=i1.columns, # Hours
   y1=i1.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
   y2=i1.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
   # Formatting options
   alpha=0.25, color="C1", linewidth=0,
# ax.fill_between(
    x=i2.columns, # Hours
#
    y1=i2.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
    y2=i2.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
     # Formatting options
     alpha=0.25, color="C2", linewidth=0,
# )
rotate_ax_labels(ax)
ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(mpl.dates.DateFormatter("%d:%H"))
plt.title(f"ageptyi and human cross over {feat_name}")
ax.legend()
plt.show()
if True:
   create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
   fig.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/ageptyi_{feat_name}_timeseries.pdf")
```

ageptyi and human cross over is_outdoor_job



Folder 'tmp_figs/preprint' already exists.

lower

upper

```
In [75]: all_df['feat']=all_df[feat_name]
    all_df.drop(feat_name,inplace=True,axis=1)

multi_feat_df=pd.concat([multi_feat_df,all_df],ignore_index=True)
    multi_feat_df
```

feat

Outdoor job

Low income	0.047678	0.044687	0.975768	0
Middle income	0.047949	0.043386	1.019631	1
High income	0.051985	0.055596	1.003594	2
Male	0.044660	0.055195	1.451462	3
Female	0.017805	0.021574	0.578059	4
Hispanic	0.103246	0.100722	1.318038	5
NH White	0.030502	0.037176	1.020166	6
NH Black	0.038760	0.048407	0.552871	7
NH Others	0.052949	0.084968	0.732128	8

7.515855 0.334471 0.261881

mean_val

Out[75]:

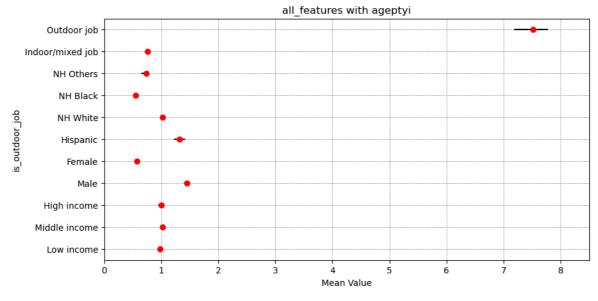
10

ageptyi multi features

```
In [83]: asymentric_err_bar=[multi_feat_df['lower'].values,multi_feat_df['upper'].values]
    fig,ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(10,5))
    ax.errorbar(y=multi_feat_df['feat'], x=multi_feat_df['mean_val'],xerr=asymentric
    ax.set_xlim(0, 8.5)
    ax.set_xlabel('Mean Value')
    ax.set_ylabel(feat_name)
    ax.set_title(f"all_features with ageptyi")
    # Customizing grid Lines
    ax.grid(True, linestyle='--', color='gray', linewidth=0.5)

create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
    plt.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/multi_features_with_ageptyi.pdf")
```

Folder 'tmp_figs/preprint' already exists.



```
In []:

In []:
```

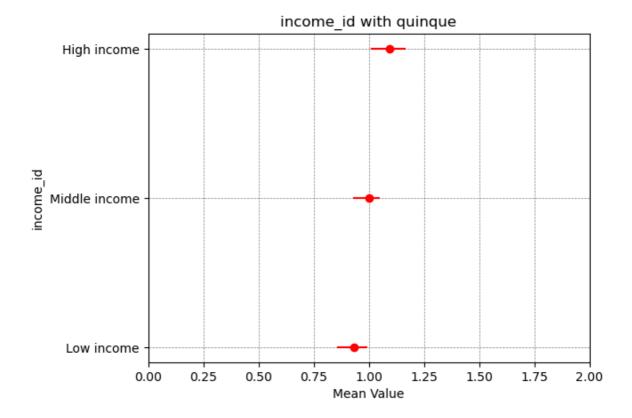
with quinque

incomeID

```
# feat_name, id_to_name = "PESEX", lambda x: env.pesex_to_name[x]
# feat_name, id_to_name = "race_ethnicity", Lambda x: env.race_id_to_name[x]
# feat_name, id_to_name = "occupation_exposure_id", Lambda x: f"{env.actype_id_t
# feat_name, id_to_name = "all", lambda x: "Everyone" if x else "No-one [:"
# feat_name, id_to_name = "is_outdoor_job", lambda x: "Outdoor job" if x else "I
# feat_name, id_to_name = "is_weekend", Lambda x: "Weekends" if x else "Weekdays
# --- Composite features
# feat name, id to name = "job and weekend", lambda x: f''(0) outdoor' if x[0] else
# feat_name, id_to_name = "income_and_weekend", Lambda x: f"{env.income_id_to_na
# feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x[0]==1 else
# feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x[0]==1 else
# feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x==1 else 'f
# feat_name, id_to_name = "raceth_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{env.race_id_to_name
main_df = main_pre.feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name]
if hourly:
    main_df.columns.name = "hour"
else:
   main_df = att.aggregate_exp_minutes_to_hours(df)
main_df_wted = att.aggregate_states_series_with_weights(
   main_df, main_pre.slice_data_df["weight"],
     use_level_values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
#
     use_level_values=["Florida"],
)
boot_df = pd.concat(
    [boot_pre_list[i].feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name] for i in samples],
   axis=0,
   keys=samples,
   names=["i_boot"],
if hourly:
   boot df.columns.name = "hour"
else:
   boot df = att.aggregate exp minutes to hours(df)
boot df wted = att.aggregate states series with weights(
   boot_df, main_pre.slice_data_df["weight"],
     use level values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
     use level values=["Florida"],
boot_df_grp=boot_df_wted.xs(exp_id, level="exp_id")
boot df grp.columns=hours
boot_df_grp.columns.name = "hour"
lvls=boot_df_grp.index.get_level_values(feat_name).unique()
mosq_type_df=df_rnd_mosq_quinque
mosq_human_df=pd.concat(
   [boot_df_grp.xs(i,level=feat_name).mul(mosq_type_df).sum(axis=1) for i in lv
   axis=0,
   keys=lvls,
   names=[feat_name],
).to_frame()
norm_quinque_human_df=mosq_human_df/mean_overall_human_pop_with_mosq_quinque
con_df=norm_quinque_human_df.groupby(feat_name).mean()
```

```
q_25=norm_quinque_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(0.025)
q_95=norm_quinque_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(0.925)
con_df['mean_val']=con_df[0]
q_25['q25']=q_25[0]
q_95['q95']=q_95[0]
con_df.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
q_25.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
q_95.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
quantile=pd.merge(q_95,q_25,how='inner',on=feat_name)
# quantile['diff']=quantile['q95']-quantile['q25']
# quantile.drop(columns=['q25','q95'],inplace=True)
all_df=pd.merge(con_df,quantile,how='inner',on=feat_name)
all_df['lower']=all_df['mean_val']-all_df['q25']
all_df['upper']=all_df['q95']-all_df['mean_val']
all_df.drop(columns=['q25','q95'],inplace=True)
asymentric_err_bar=[all_df['lower'].values,all_df['upper'].values]
all_df=all_df.T
all_df.columns=all_df.columns.map(id_to_name)
all_df=all_df.T
all_df=all_df.reset_index()
fig,ax=plt.subplots()
ax.errorbar(y=all_df[feat_name], x=all_df['mean_val'],xerr=asymentric_err_bar, c
ax.set_xlim(0, 2)
ax.set xlabel('Mean Value')
ax.set_ylabel(feat_name)
ax.set title(f"{feat name} with quinque")
# Customizing grid lines
ax.grid(True, linestyle='--', color='gray', linewidth=0.5)
fig.show()
create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
plt.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/fig3_{feat_name}_with_quinque.pdf")
```

Folder 'tmp_figs/preprint' already exists.

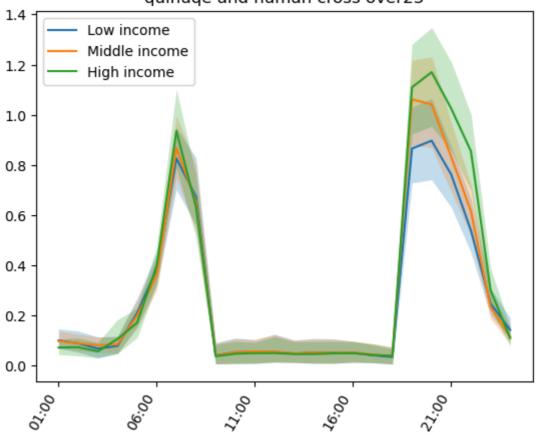


timeseries

```
In [93]:
         mosq_human_df1=pd.concat(
             [boot_df_grp.xs(i,level=feat_name).mul(mosq_type_df) for i in lvls],
             axis=0,
             keys=lvls,
             names=[feat_name],
         t_plot=mosq_human_df1/norm_6_pm_quinque
         # for i in lvls:
         i0=t_plot.xs(0,level=feat_name)
         i1=t_plot.xs(1,level=feat_name)
         i2=t_plot.xs(2,level=feat_name)
         fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         map_names=lvls.map(id_to_name)
         # --- Generated uncertainty
         ax.plot(i0.mean(axis=0), label=map_names[0], color="C0")
         ax.plot(i1.mean(axis=0), label=map_names[1], color="C1")
         ax.plot(i2.mean(axis=0), label= map_names[2], color="C2")
         ax.fill_between(
             x=i0.columns, # Hours
             y1=i0.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
             y2=i0.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
             # Formatting options
             alpha=0.25, color="C0", linewidth=0,
         ax.fill_between(
             x=i1.columns, # Hours
             y1=i1.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
             y2=i1.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
```

```
# Formatting options
    alpha=0.25, color="C1", linewidth=0,
ax.fill_between(
   x=i2.columns, # Hours
   y1=i2.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
   y2=i2.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
    # Formatting options
   alpha=0.25, color="C2", linewidth=0,
)
rotate_ax_labels(ax)
ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(mpl.dates.DateFormatter("%d:%H"))
plt.title(f"quinuqe and human cross over{i}")
ax.legend()
plt.show()
if True:
    create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
    fig.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/quinque_{feat_name}_timeseries.pdf")
```

quinuge and human cross over23



Folder 'tmp_figs/preprint' already exists.

```
In [94]: all_df['feat']=all_df[feat_name]
    all_df.drop(feat_name,inplace=True,axis=1)
    all_df

multi_feat_df_quinque=all_df.copy()
multi_feat_df_quinque
```

```
        Out[94]:
        mean_val
        lower
        upper
        feat

        0
        0.933387
        0.076457
        0.060683
        Low income

        1
        1.000632
        0.072274
        0.048337
        Middle income

        2
        1.095177
        0.085334
        0.072183
        High income
```

Gender

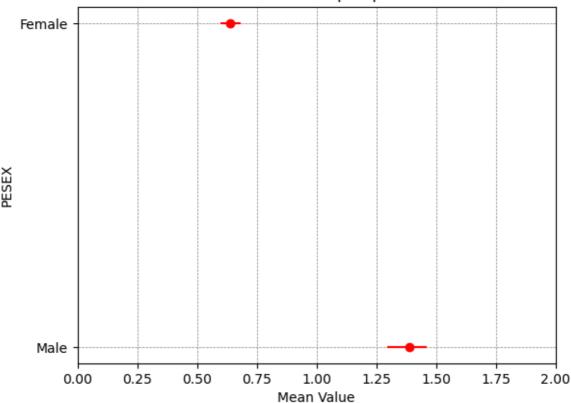
```
# SELECTABLE FEATURE - Time series
         exp_id = 1 # Outdoor only
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "income_id", Lambda x: env.income_id_to_name[x]
         feat_name, id_to_name = "PESEX", lambda x: env.pesex_to_name[x]
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "race_ethnicity", lambda x: env.race_id_to_name[x]
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "occupation_exposure_id", lambda x: f"{env.actype_id_t
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "all", lambda x: "Everyone" if x else "No-one [:"
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "is_outdoor_job", lambda x: "Outdoor job" if x else "I
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "is_weekend", lambda x: "Weekends" if x else "Weekdays
         # --- Composite features
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "job_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'outdoor' if x[0] else
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "income_and_weekend", Lambda x: f"{env.income_id_to_na
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x[0]==1 else
         \# feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x[0]==1 else
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x==1 else 'f
         # feat_name, id_to_name = "raceth_and_weekend", Lambda x: f"{env.race_id_to_name
         main_df = main_pre.feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name]
         if hourly:
            main_df.columns.name = "hour"
         else:
             main df = att.aggregate exp minutes to hours(df)
         main df wted = att.aggregate states series with weights(
            main_df, main_pre.slice_data_df["weight"],
              use_level_values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
         #
              use_level_values=["Florida"],
         )
         boot df = pd.concat(
            [boot_pre_list[i].feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name] for i in samples],
            axis=0,
            keys=samples,
            names=["i_boot"],
         )
         if hourly:
            boot_df.columns.name = "hour"
             boot_df = att.aggregate_exp_minutes_to_hours(df)
         boot_df_wted = att.aggregate_states_series_with_weights(
            boot_df, main_pre.slice_data_df["weight"],
              use_level_values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
         #
              use_level_values=["Florida"],
```

```
boot_df_grp=boot_df_wted.xs(exp_id, level="exp_id")
boot_df_grp.columns=hours
boot_df_grp.columns.name = "hour"
lvls=boot_df_grp.index.get_level_values(feat_name).unique()
mosq_type_df=df_rnd_mosq_quinque
mosq_human_df=pd.concat(
   [boot_df_grp.xs(i,level=feat_name).mul(mosq_type_df).sum(axis=1) for i in lv
    axis=0,
    keys=lvls,
   names=[feat_name],
).to_frame()
norm_quinque_human_df=mosq_human_df/mean_overall_human_pop_with_mosq_quinque
con_df=norm_quinque_human_df.groupby(feat_name).mean()
q_25=norm_quinque_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(0.025)
q_95=norm_quinque_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(0.925)
con_df['mean_val']=con_df[0]
q_25['q25']=q_25[0]
q_95['q95']=q_95[0]
con_df.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
q_25.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
q_95.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
quantile=pd.merge(q 95,q 25,how='inner',on=feat name)
# quantile['diff']=quantile['q95']-quantile['q25']
# quantile.drop(columns=['q25','q95'],inplace=True)
all df=pd.merge(con df,quantile,how='inner',on=feat name)
all_df['lower']=all_df['mean_val']-all_df['q25']
all df['upper']=all df['q95']-all df['mean val']
all_df.drop(columns=['q25','q95'],inplace=True)
asymentric_err_bar=[all_df['lower'].values,all_df['upper'].values]
all df=all df.T
all df.columns=all df.columns.map(id to name)
all df=all df.T
all_df=all_df.reset_index()
fig,ax=plt.subplots()
ax.errorbar(y=all_df[feat_name], x=all_df['mean_val'],xerr=asymentric_err_bar, d
ax.set_xlim(0, 2)
ax.set xlabel('Mean Value')
ax.set ylabel(feat name)
ax.set_title(f"{feat_name} with quinque")
# Customizing grid lines
ax.grid(True, linestyle='--', color='gray', linewidth=0.5)
fig.show()
```

```
create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
plt.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/fig3_{feat_name}_with_quinque.pdf")
```

Folder 'tmp_figs/preprint' already exists.

PESEX with quinque



```
In [96]: print(norm_quinque_human_df.groupby(feat_name).mean())
    print(norm_quinque_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(q=0.025))
    print(norm_quinque_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(q=0.975))
```

```
PESEX
1 1.387253
2 0.639979
0
PESEX
1 1.295329
2 0.596812
0
PESEX
1 1.484680
2 0.694078
```

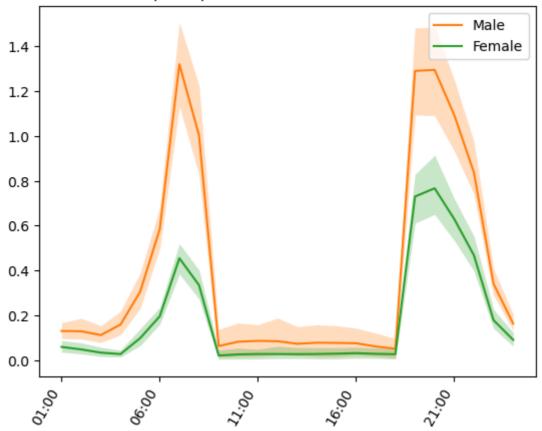
timeserires

```
In [97]: mosq_human_df1=pd.concat(
       [boot_df_grp.xs(i,level=feat_name).mul(mosq_type_df) for i in lvls],
       axis=0,
       keys=lvls,
       names=[feat_name],
)
t_plot=mosq_human_df1/norm_6_pm_quinque

# for i in lvls:
# i0=t_plot.xs(0,level=feat_name)
```

```
i1=t_plot.xs(1,level=feat_name)
i2=t_plot.xs(2,level=feat_name)
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
map_names=lvls.map(id_to_name)
# --- Generated uncertainty
# ax.plot(i0.mean(axis=0), label=map_names[0], color="CO")
ax.plot(i1.mean(axis=0), label=map_names[0], color="C1")
ax.plot(i2.mean(axis=0), label= map_names[1], color="C2")
# ax.fill_between(
     x=i0.columns, # Hours
     y1=i0.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
#
    y2=i0.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
     # Formatting options
     alpha=0.25, color="C0", linewidth=0,
# )
ax.fill_between(
   x=i1.columns, # Hours
   y1=i1.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
   y2=i1.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
   # Formatting options
   alpha=0.25, color="C1", linewidth=0,
)
ax.fill_between(
   x=i2.columns, # Hours
   y1=i2.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
   y2=i2.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
   # Formatting options
   alpha=0.25, color="C2", linewidth=0,
)
rotate ax labels(ax)
ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(mpl.dates.DateFormatter("%d:%H"))
plt.title(f"quinuqe and human cross over{i}")
ax.legend()
plt.show()
if True:
   create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
   fig.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/quinque_{feat_name}_timeseries.pdf")
```

quinuge and human cross over23



Folder 'tmp_figs/preprint' already exists.

```
In [98]: all_df['feat']=all_df[feat_name]
    all_df.drop(feat_name,inplace=True,axis=1)

multi_feat_df_quinque=pd.concat([multi_feat_df_quinque,all_df],ignore_index=True
    multi_feat_df_quinque
```

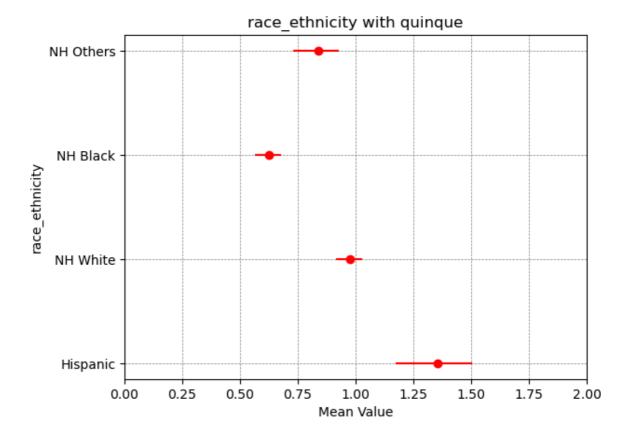
Out[98]:		mean_val	lower	upper	feat
	0	0.933387	0.076457	0.060683	Low income
	1	1.000632	0.072274	0.048337	Middle income
	2	1.095177	0.085334	0.072183	High income
	3	1.387253	0.091923	0.074613	Male
	4	0.639979	0.043167	0.043183	Female

Race and ethnicity

```
# feat_name, id_to_name = "is_outdoor_job", lambda x: "Outdoor job" if x else "I
# feat_name, id_to_name = "is_weekend", lambda x: "Weekends" if x else "Weekdays
# --- Composite features
# feat_name, id_to_name = "job_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'outdoor' if <math>x[0] else
# feat_name, id_to_name = "income_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{env.income_id_to_na
# feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x[0]==1 else
# feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x[0]==1 else
# feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x==1 else 'f
# feat_name, id_to_name = "raceth_and_weekend", Lambda x: f"{env.race_id_to_name
main_df = main_pre.feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name]
if hourly:
    main df.columns.name = "hour"
else:
    main_df = att.aggregate_exp_minutes_to_hours(df)
main_df_wted = att.aggregate_states_series_with_weights(
   main_df, main_pre.slice_data_df["weight"],
     use_level_values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
     use_level_values=["Florida"],
#
boot_df = pd.concat(
   [boot_pre_list[i].feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name] for i in samples],
   axis=0,
   keys=samples,
   names=["i_boot"],
if hourly:
   boot_df.columns.name = "hour"
else:
   boot_df = att.aggregate_exp_minutes_to_hours(df)
boot_df_wted = att.aggregate_states_series_with_weights(
   boot df, main pre.slice data df["weight"],
     use level values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
     use_level_values=["Florida"],
#
boot df grp=boot df wted.xs(exp id, level="exp id")
boot df grp.columns=hours
boot_df_grp.columns.name = "hour"
lvls=boot_df_grp.index.get_level_values(feat_name).unique()
mosq_type_df=df_rnd_mosq_quinque
mosq human df=pd.concat(
    [boot_df_grp.xs(i,level=feat_name).mul(mosq_type_df).sum(axis=1) for i in lv
    axis=0,
   keys=lvls,
   names=[feat_name],
).to frame()
norm_quinque_human_df=mosq_human_df/mean_overall_human_pop_with_mosq_quinque
con_df=norm_quinque_human_df.groupby(feat_name).mean()
q_25=norm_quinque_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(0.025)
q_95=norm_quinque_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(0.925)
con_df['mean_val']=con_df[0]
```

```
q_25['q25']=q_25[0]
q_95['q95']=q_95[0]
con_df.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
q_25.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
q_95.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
quantile=pd.merge(q_95,q_25,how='inner',on=feat_name)
# quantile['diff']=quantile['q95']-quantile['q25']
# quantile.drop(columns=['q25','q95'],inplace=True)
all_df=pd.merge(con_df,quantile,how='inner',on=feat_name)
all_df['lower']=all_df['mean_val']-all_df['q25']
all_df['upper']=all_df['q95']-all_df['mean_val']
all_df.drop(columns=['q25','q95'],inplace=True)
asymentric_err_bar=[all_df['lower'].values,all_df['upper'].values]
all_df=all_df.T
all_df.columns=all_df.columns.map(id_to_name)
all_df=all_df.T
all_df=all_df.reset_index()
fig,ax=plt.subplots()
ax.errorbar(y=all_df[feat_name], x=all_df['mean_val'],xerr=asymentric_err_bar, d
ax.set_xlim(0, 2)
ax.set_xlabel('Mean Value')
ax.set_ylabel(feat_name)
ax.set_title(f"{feat_name} with quinque")
# Customizing grid lines
ax.grid(True, linestyle='--', color='gray', linewidth=0.5)
fig.show()
create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
plt.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/fig3_{feat_name}_with_quinque.pdf")
```

Folder 'tmp_figs/preprint' already exists.



```
In [100...
          print(norm_quinque_human_df.groupby(feat_name).mean())
          print(norm_quinque_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(q=0.025))
          print(norm_quinque_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(q=0.975))
         race_ethnicity
                         1.355322
         0
         1
                         0.974610
         2
                          0.626453
         3
                          0.839486
         race_ethnicity
                          1.171266
         1
                          0.915995
         2
                          0.564840
         3
                          0.729303
         race_ethnicity
                         1.558593
         1
                         1.037228
```

timeseries

0.706915

0.948402

2

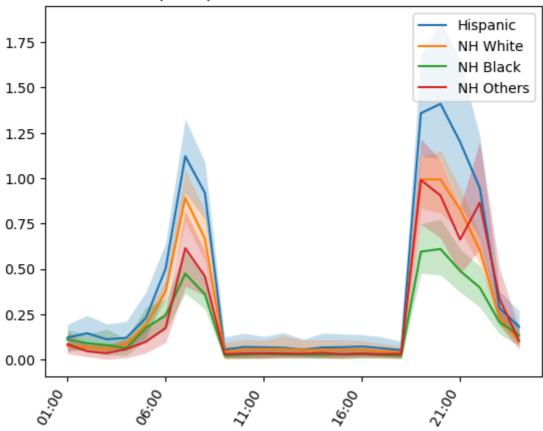
3

```
In [101...
mosq_human_df1=pd.concat(
    [boot_df_grp.xs(i,level=feat_name).mul(mosq_type_df) for i in lvls],
    axis=0,
    keys=lvls,
    names=[feat_name],
)
t_plot=mosq_human_df1/norm_6_pm_quinque

# for i in lvls:
```

```
i0=t_plot.xs(0,level=feat_name)
i1=t_plot.xs(1,level=feat_name)
i2=t_plot.xs(2,level=feat_name)
i3=t_plot.xs(3,level=feat_name)
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
map_names=lvls.map(id_to_name)
# --- Generated uncertainty
ax.plot(i0.mean(axis=0), label=map_names[0], color="C0")
ax.plot(i1.mean(axis=0), label=map_names[1], color="C1")
ax.plot(i2.mean(axis=0), label= map_names[2], color="C2")
ax.plot(i3.mean(axis=0), label= map_names[3], color="C3")
ax.fill_between(
   x=i0.columns, # Hours
   y1=i0.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
   y2=i0.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
   # Formatting options
   alpha=0.25, color="CO", linewidth=0,
ax.fill_between(
   x=i1.columns, # Hours
   y1=i1.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
   y2=i1.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
   # Formatting options
   alpha=0.25, color="C1", linewidth=0,
ax.fill between(
   x=i2.columns, # Hours
   y1=i2.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
   y2=i2.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
   # Formatting options
   alpha=0.25, color="C2", linewidth=0,
ax.fill_between(
   x=i3.columns, # Hours
   y1=i3.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
   y2=i3.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
   # Formatting options
   alpha=0.25, color="C3", linewidth=0,
rotate_ax_labels(ax)
ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(mpl.dates.DateFormatter("%d:%H"))
plt.title(f"quinuqe and human cross over{i}")
ax.legend()
plt.show()
if True:
   create folder if not exists('tmp figs/preprint')
   fig.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/quinque_{feat_name}_timeseries.pdf")
```

quinuge and human cross over23



Folder 'tmp_figs/preprint' already exists.

```
In [102... all_df['feat']=all_df[feat_name]
    all_df.drop(feat_name,inplace=True,axis=1)

multi_feat_df_quinque=pd.concat([multi_feat_df_quinque,all_df],ignore_index=True
multi_feat_df_quinque
```

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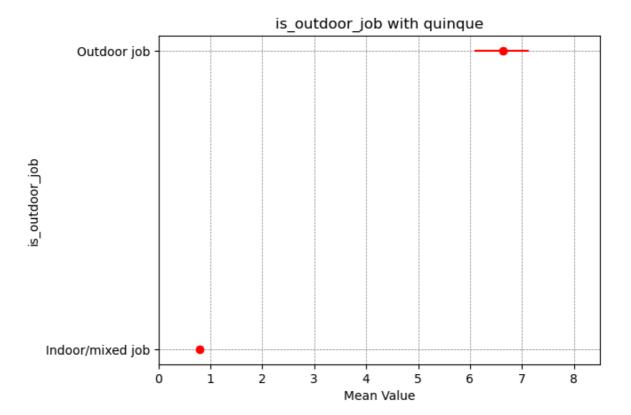
	mean_val	lower	upper	feat
0	0.933387	0.076457	0.060683	Low income
1	1.000632	0.072274	0.048337	Middle income
2	1.095177	0.085334	0.072183	High income
3	1.387253	0.091923	0.074613	Male
4	0.639979	0.043167	0.043183	Female
5	1.355322	0.184056	0.146935	Hispanic
6	0.974610	0.058615	0.052484	NH White
7	0.626453	0.061613	0.050900	NH Black
8	0.839486	0.110183	0.088742	NH Others

is_outdoor_job

```
exp id = 1 # Outdoor only
# feat_name, id_to_name = "income_id", lambda x: env.income_id_to_name[x]
# feat_name, id_to_name = "PESEX", lambda x: env.pesex_to_name[x]
# feat_name, id_to_name = "race_ethnicity", lambda x: env.race_id_to_name[x]
# feat_name, id_to_name = "occupation_exposure_id", lambda x: f"{env.actype_id_t
# feat_name, id_to_name = "all", lambda x: "Everyone" if x else "No-one [:"
feat_name, id_to_name = "is_outdoor_job", lambda x: "Outdoor job" if x else "Ind
# feat_name, id_to_name = "is_weekend", lambda x: "Weekends" if x else "Weekdays
# --- Composite features
# feat name, id_{to} name = "job_and_weekend", lambda x: f''{'outdoor' if x[0] else
# feat_name, id_to_name = "income_and_weekend", Lambda x: f"{env.income_id_to_na
# feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x[0]==1 else
\# feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x[0]==1 else
# feat_name, id_to_name = "sex_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{'male' if x==1 else 'f
# feat_name, id_to_name = "raceth_and_weekend", lambda x: f"{env.race_id_to_name
main_df = main_pre.feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name]
if hourly:
    main_df.columns.name = "hour"
else:
    main_df = att.aggregate_exp_minutes_to_hours(df)
main_df_wted = att.aggregate_states_series_with_weights(
   main_df, main_pre.slice_data_df["weight"],
     use_level_values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
#
     use_level_values=["Florida"],
boot df = pd.concat(
   [boot_pre_list[i].feat_aggr_df_dict[feat_name] for i in samples],
   axis=0,
   keys=samples,
   names=["i_boot"],
if hourly:
   boot_df.columns.name = "hour"
else:
   boot_df = att.aggregate_exp_minutes_to_hours(df)
boot_df_wted = att.aggregate_states_series_with_weights(
   boot df, main pre.slice data df["weight"],
     use_level_values=["California", "Florida", "Texas"],
     use_level_values=["Florida"],
boot_df_grp=boot_df_wted.xs(exp_id, level="exp_id")
boot df grp.columns=hours
boot_df_grp.columns.name = "hour"
lvls=boot df grp.index.get level values(feat name).unique()
mosq_type_df=df_rnd_mosq_quinque
mosq human df=pd.concat(
   [boot_df_grp.xs(i,level=feat_name).mul(mosq_type_df).sum(axis=1) for i in lv
    axis=0,
   keys=lvls,
   names=[feat_name],
).to_frame()
```

```
norm_quinque_human_df=mosq_human_df/mean_overall_human_pop_with_mosq_quinque
con_df=norm_quinque_human_df.groupby(feat_name).mean()
q_25=norm_quinque_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(0.025)
q_95=norm_quinque_human_df.groupby(feat_name).quantile(0.925)
con_df['mean_val']=con_df[0]
q_25['q25']=q_25[0]
q_95['q95']=q_95[0]
con_df.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
q_25.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
q_95.drop(0,inplace=True,axis=1)
quantile=pd.merge(q_95,q_25,how='inner',on=feat_name)
# quantile['diff']=quantile['q95']-quantile['q25']
# quantile.drop(columns=['q25','q95'],inplace=True)
all_df=pd.merge(con_df,quantile,how='inner',on=feat_name)
all_df['lower']=all_df['mean_val']-all_df['q25']
all_df['upper']=all_df['q95']-all_df['mean_val']
all_df.drop(columns=['q25','q95'],inplace=True)
asymentric_err_bar=[all_df['lower'].values,all_df['upper'].values]
all_df=all_df.T
all_df.columns=all_df.columns.map(id_to_name)
all df=all df.T
all_df=all_df.reset_index()
fig,ax=plt.subplots()
ax.errorbar(y=all_df[feat_name], x=all_df['mean_val'],xerr=asymentric_err_bar, d
ax.set_xlim(0, 8.5)
ax.set_xlabel('Mean Value')
ax.set ylabel(feat name)
ax.set_title(f"{feat_name} with quinque")
# Customizing grid lines
ax.grid(True, linestyle='--', color='gray', linewidth=0.5)
fig.show()
create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
plt.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/fig3_{feat_name}_with_quinque.pdf")
```

Folder 'tmp_figs/preprint' already exists.

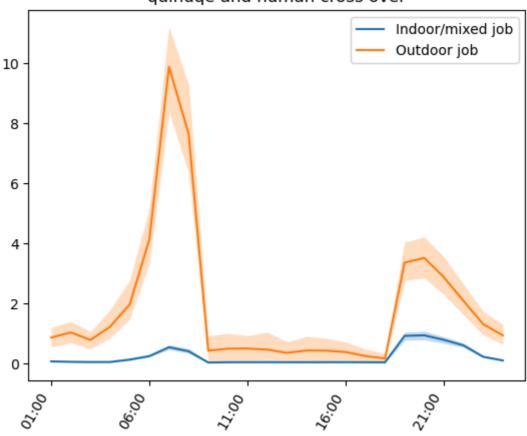


timeseries

```
In [105...
          mosq_human_df1=pd.concat(
              [boot_df_grp.xs(i,level=feat_name).mul(mosq_type_df) for i in lvls],
              axis=0,
              keys=lvls,
              names=[feat_name],
          t_plot=mosq_human_df1/norm_6_pm_quinque
          # for i in lvls:
          i0=t_plot.xs(0,level=feat_name)
          i1=t_plot.xs(1,level=feat_name)
          # i2=t plot.xs(2,level=feat name)
          fig, ax = plt.subplots()
          map_names=lvls.map(id_to_name)
          # --- Generated uncertainty
          ax.plot(i0.mean(axis=0), label=map_names[0], color="C0")
          ax.plot(i1.mean(axis=0), label=map_names[1], color="C1")
          # ax.plot(i2.mean(axis=0), label= map_names[2], color="C2")
          ax.fill_between(
              x=i0.columns, # Hours
              y1=i0.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
              y2=i0.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
              # Formatting options
              alpha=0.25, color="CO", linewidth=0,
          ax.fill_between(
              x=i1.columns, # Hours
              y1=i1.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
              y2=i1.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
```

```
# Formatting options
    alpha=0.25, color="C1", linewidth=0,
# ax.fill_between(
     x=i2.columns, # Hours
#
     y1=i2.quantile(q=0.025), # Lower quantile
     y2=i2.quantile(q=0.975), # Upper quantile
     # Formatting options
     alpha=0.25, color="C2", linewidth=0,
# )
rotate_ax_labels(ax)
ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(mpl.dates.DateFormatter("%d:%H"))
plt.title(f"quinuqe and human cross over")
ax.legend()
plt.show()
if True:
   create_folder_if_not_exists('tmp_figs/preprint')
   fig.savefig(f"tmp_figs/preprint/quinque_{feat_name}_timeseries.pdf")
```

quinuqe and human cross over



Folder 'tmp_figs/preprint' already exists.