DHANRAJ BAID JAIN COLLEGE

(AUTONOMOUS)

Co-Educational Jain Minority Institution

Owned & Managed by Tamil Nadu Educational and Medical Foundation

Approved by Government of Tamil Nadu, Affiliated to University of Madras

Re-Accredited by NAAC with 'B+' Grade



BACHELOR OF COMPUTER APPLICATION II YEAR

PROGRAMMING IN JAVA

PRACTICAL RECORD

NAME	•
REGISTER NO.	•

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

2022-2023

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BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that, the bonafide record of work done

in	
by Mr/Ms	. with Register noor
IInd year BCA during the academ	nic year 2022-2023.
Faculty In-charge	Head of the Department
Submitted for the practical exami at DHANRAJ BAID JAIN COLLEGE	
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1. AREA AND PERIMETER OF A CIRCLE

```
import java.io.*;
class Area
{
       public static void main(String s[])throws IOException
       {
              double a,p;
              int r;
              System.out.println("Enter the value of r:");
              BufferedReader br= new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
              r=Integer.ParseInt(br.readLine());
              a=3.14*r*r;
              p=2*3.14*r;
              System.out.println(a);
              System.out.println(p);
       }
}
```

OUTPUT:
Enter the value of r:
10
314.0
62.80000000000004

2. SUBSTRING REMOVAL FROM A STRING

```
import java.io.*;
public class RemovalString
{
    public static void main(String s[])throws IOException
        String str, substr;
        BufferedReader br=new BufferedReader (new InputStreamReader(System.in));
        System.out.println("Enter the String:");
        str=br.readLine();
        System.out.println("Enter the String to Remove:");
        substr=br.readLine();
        int j;
       j=str.indexOf(substr);
       StringBuffer sb=new StringBuffer(str);
       sb.delete(j,j+substr.length());
       System.out.println("Result of String:"+sb);
}
```

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OUTPUT:		
Enter the String: Hello World		
Enter the String to Remove: World		
Result of string: Hello		

3. RANDOM NUMBER GENERATION

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.Random;
class Rand1
{
      public static void main(String s[])
              Random r=new Random ();
              int k[]=new int[5];
              int i,j,t;
              for(i=0;i<5;i++)
                     k[i]=r.nextInt(10);
              for(i=0;i<5;i++)
              for(j=0;j<5;j++)
                     if(k[i]>k[j])
                      {
                             t=k[i];
                             k[i]=k[j];
                             k[j]=t;
                      }
              System.out.println("Random Numbers in Ascending Order");
              for(i=0;i<5;i++)
                     System.out.println(k[i]);
} }
```

OUTPUT:
Random Numbers in Ascending Order
0
2
5
6
9

4. IMPLEMENTATION OF POINT CLASS FOR IMAGE MANIPULATION

```
import java.applet.*;
import java.awt.*;
public class img extends Applet
{
      int x,y;
      Point p;
      Image i;
      public void init()
       {
              p=new Point();
              p.setLocation(100,100);
              i=getImage(getDocumentBase(),"Sunset.jpg");
              repaint();
       }
      public void paint(Graphics g)
              x=(int)p.getX();
              y=(int)p.getY();
              g.drawImage(i,x,y, this);
       }
/*<applet code="img" width=200 height=300></applet>*/
```



5. USAGE OF CALENDAR CLASS AND STRING MANIPULATION

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.Calendar;
class Cal1
{
       public static void main(String s[])
              Calendar C=Calendar.getInstance();
String months[]={"January", "February", "March", "April", "May", "June", "July", "August",
"September", "October", "November", "December" };
              System.out.println("CurrentDate :"+ C.get(Calendar.DATE));
             System.out.println("Day of week:"+ C.get(Calendar.DAY OF WEEK));
             System.out.println("Day of week in month:"+
             C.get(Calendar.DAY_OF_WEEK_IN_MONTH));
             System.out.println("Current Hour:"+ C.get(Calendar.HOUR));
             System.out.println("Current Minute :"+ C.get(Calendar.MINUTE));
             System.out.println("Current Second:"+ C.get(Calendar.SECOND));
             System.out.println("Current Millisecond:"+ C.get(Calendar.MILLISECOND));
             System.out.println("Current Month:"+ months[C.get(Calendar.MONTH)]);
             System.out.println("Current Year :"+ C.get(Calendar.YEAR));
             System.out.println("Current Hour:"+ C.get(Calendar.HOUR));
}
```

Current Date: 3

Day of Week: 4

Day of Week in Month: 1

Current Hour: 2

Current Minute: 32

Current Second: 47

Current Millisecond: 390

Current Month: September

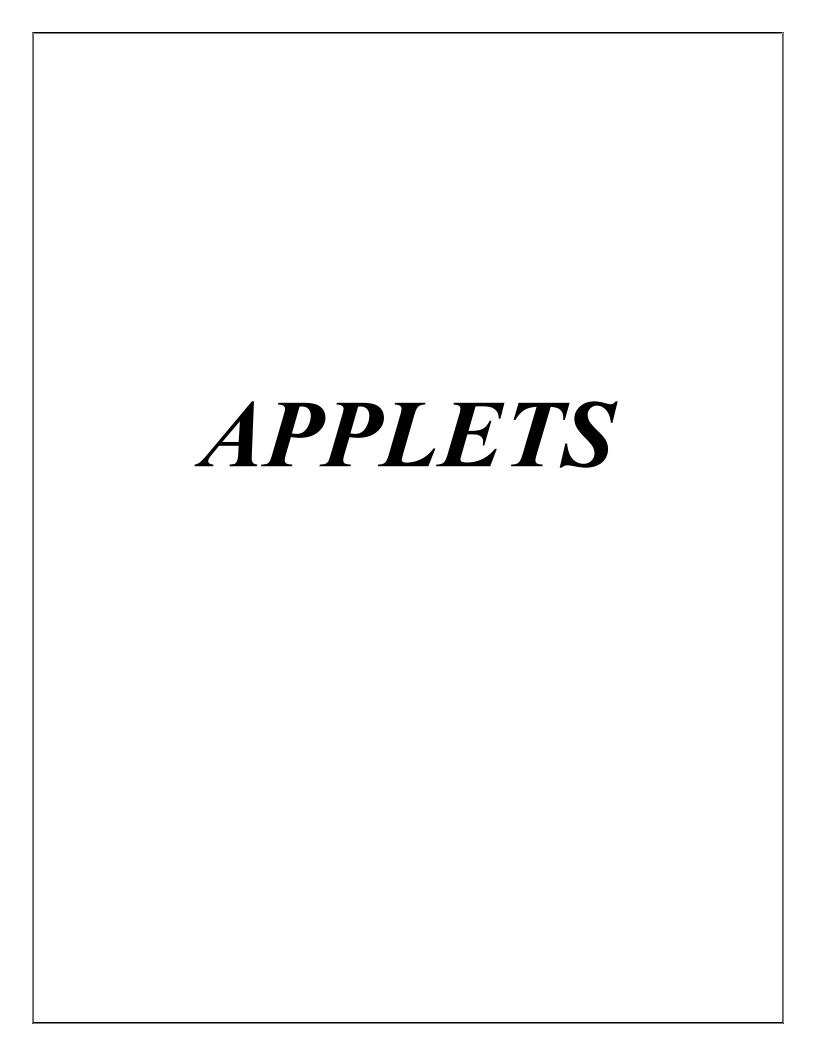
Current Year: 2014

Current Hour: 2

6. STRING MANIPULATION USING CHAR ARRAYS

```
import java.io.*;
import java.lang.*;
import java.util.*;
class chararrays
{
       public static void main(String s[])throws IOException
               char e[]={'j','a','v','a'};
               char f[]=\{'d', 'o', 't', 'n', 'e', 't'\};
               String s1=new String(e);
               String s2=new String(f);
               System.out.println("Concatenation of String"+ s1+" "+s2);
               System.out.println("Length of characters"+ s1.length());
               System.out.println("Equals of 'f' and 'e' strings" +s1.equals(s2));
               System.out.println("charAt() of String"+ s1.charAt(1));
               System.out.println(s1.toUpperCase());
               System.out.println(s1.concat(s2));
       }
}
```

OUTPUT: Concatenation of String java dotnet Length of characters 4 Equals of 'f' and 'e' string false Char At() of String a JAVA Javadotnet



7. WORKING WITH DIALOGS AND MENUS

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import java.applet.*;
/*<applet code="MenuF.java" width=300 height=300>
</applet>*/
class SampleDialog extends Dialog
{
      SampleDialog(Frame parent,String title)
             super(parent,title,false);
       public void paint(Graphics g)
             g.drawString("in the dialog box",30,100);
public class MenuF extends Applet
{
      Frame f;
      public MenuF()
             MenuBar mbar=new MenuBar();
             f=new Frame("Menu and dialog");
             f.setMenuBar(mbar);
             Menu File=new Menu("File");
             MenuItem item1;
```

```
File.add(item1=new MenuItem("New..."));
             mbar.add(File);
             f.setSize(300,200);
             f.setVisible(true);
             item1.addActionListener(new ActionListener(){
             public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ae)
                    String arg=ae.getActionCommand();
                    if(arg.equals("New..."))
                     {
                           SampleDialog d=new SampleDialog (f,"New Dialog Box");
                           d.setSize(200,200);
                           d.setVisible(true);
      }
}
```



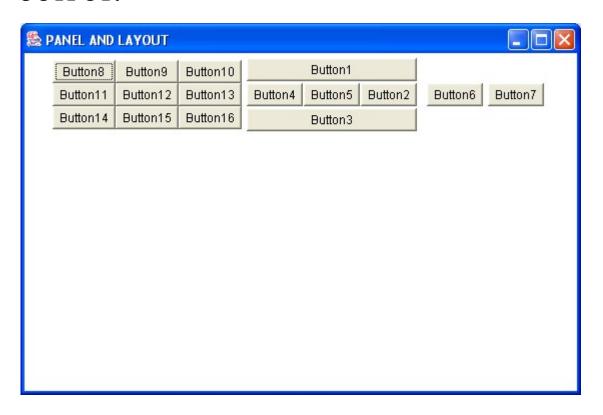


8. WORKING WITH PANELS AND LAYOUT

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
public class pan extends Frame implements ActionListener
private Button bt1=new Button("Button1");
private Button bt2=new Button("Button2");
private Button bt3=new Button("Button3");
private Button bt4=new Button("Button4");
private Button bt5=new Button("Button5");
private Button bt6=new Button("Button6");
private Button bt7=new Button("Button7");
private Button bt8=new Button("Button8");
private Button bt9=new Button("Button9");
private Button bt10=new Button("Button10");
private Button bt11=new Button("Button11");
private Button bt12=new Button("Button12");
private Button bt13=new Button("Button13");
private Button bt14=new Button("Button14");
private Button bt15=new Button("Button15");
private Button bt16=new Button("Button16");
public static void main(String args[])
new pan();
public pan()
```

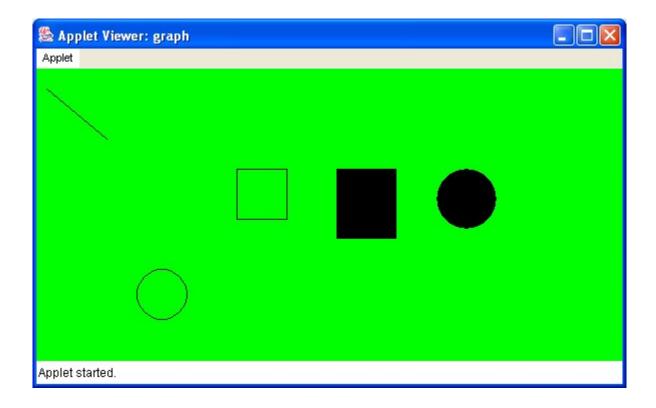
```
super("PANEL AND LAYOUT");
Panel p1=new Panel();
Panel p2=new Panel();
Panel p3=new Panel();
BorderLayout b1=new BorderLayout(1,2);
p1.setLayout(b1);
add(p3);
add(p1);
add(p2);
p3.setLayout(new FlowLayout(0));
p3.setLayout(new GridLayout(3,3));
pl.add(btl,bl.NORTH);
p1.add(bt2,b1.EAST);
pl.add(bt3,b1.SOUTH);
p1.add(bt4,b1.WEST);
p1.add(bt5,b1.CENTER);
p2.add(bt6);
p2.add(bt7);
p3.add(bt8);
p3.add(bt9);
p3.add(bt10);
p3.add(bt11);
p3.add(bt12);
p3.add(bt13);
p3.add(bt14);
p3.add(bt13);
p3.add(bt14);
```

```
p3.add(bt15);
p3.add(bt16);
bt7.addActionListener(this);
setSize(640,480);
setLayout(new FlowLayout());
show();
}
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ae)
{
if(ae.getSource()==bt7)
{
System.exit(0);
}
}
```



9. WORKING WITH GRAPHICS

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.applet.*;
public class graph extends Applet
       public void init()
              setBackground(Color.green);
       public void paint(Graphics g)
       {
              g.drawLine(10,20,70,70);
              g.drawOval(100,200,50,50);
              g.drawRect(200,100,50,50);
              g.fillRect(300,100,60,70);
              g.fillOval(400,100,60,60);
       }
}
<applet code ="graph" width=300 height=200>
</applet>*/
```



10. WORKING WITH COLORS AND FONTS

```
import java.applet.*;
import java.awt.*;
/*<applet code="SetFont.class" width=200 height=200></applet>*/
public class SetFont extends Applet
{
      Font arial, arial Black, bAntiqua, courier New,
      tahoma,trebuChet;
      public void int()
           setBackground(Color.blue);
          arial=new Font("Arial",Font.PLAIN,45);
          arialBlack=new Font("ArialBlack",
          Font.BOLD+Font.ITALIC,45);
          bAntiqua=newFont("BookAntiqua",
          courierNew=new Font("Courier New",
           Font.BOLD,35);
           tahoma=new Font("Tahoma",
           Font.BOLD+Font.ITALIC,30);
           trebuChet=new Font("TrebuChet MS",
           Font.PLAIN,40);
     }
     public void paint(Graphics g)
          g.setFont(arial);
          g.setColor(Color.black);
          g.drawString("JAVA",100,50);
```

```
g.setFont(arialBlack);
g.setColor(Color.white);
g.drawString("HIBERNATE",100,100);
g.setFont(bAntiqua);
g.setColor(Color.green);
g.drawString("JAVASCRIPT",100,150);
g.setFont(courierNew);
g.setColor(Color.yellow);
g.drawString("STRUTS",100,200);
g.setFont(tahoma);
g.setColor(Color.gray);
g.drawString("JAVA SERVER PAGE",100,250);
g.setFont(trebuChet);
g.setColor(Color.pink);
g.drawString("ENTERPRISEJAVABEANS",
100,300);
String fName[]={"Bookman oldstyle",
"Gothic Bold", "Garamond", "Impact",
"MS sans Serif"};
int blue=20,row=400,green=20,red=20;
int i;
for(i=0;i<10;i++,red+=20,
   green+=20,blue+=20,row+=25)
  g.setFont(new Font(fName[i],Font.BOLD,i+16));
  g.drawString("Education",300,row);
      }
```

