2022-2026-CSE-A

## Aim:

Write a program to print the given integer elements of an array (with max size 10) in reverse order.

At the time of execution, the program should print the message on the console as:  $\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{1}{2}$ 

Enter size of the array:

For example, if the user gives the input as:

```
Enter size of the array : 3
```

Next, the program should **print** the message on the console as:

```
Enter array elements :
```

If the user gives the input as:

```
Enter array elements : 10 20 30
```

then the program should **print** the result as:

```
Array elements in reverse order : 30 20 10
```

[Hint: First read an integers from standard input into the array and then use a loop to iterate on that array in the reverse order (meaning starting from the last element till the first) to print the elements.]

**Note:** Do use the printf() function without a newline character (\n).

## Source Code:

## print.c

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a[20];
    int n,i;
    printf("Enter size of the array : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Enter array elements : ");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
    printf("Array elements in reverse order : ");
    for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--)
    {
        printf("%d ",a[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
    return 0;
}
```

## Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter size of the array : 3
Enter array elements : 10 20 30
Array elements in reverse order : 30 20 10

Test Case - 2
User Output
Enter size of the array : 6
Enter array elements : 11 88 66 22 33 44
Array elements in reverse order : 44 33 22 66 88 11