In Reactive Forms Approach,

- 1. Create formGroupName, like for e.g. [formGroupName]="form",
- 2. Each form controls, should be defined using 'formControlName'
- On Onlnit lifecycle hook, create the validators for all the form controls, for e.g., this.form = new FormGroup ({
   name: new FormControl(", ..optional validators array);
   email: new FormControl(", ..optional validators array);
   });
- 4. FormGroup, FormControl, Validators are need to be imported from '@angular/forms'
- 5. Validators can be verified using the existing methods/members like required, minLength, maxLength, pattern, email etc. for e.g.,

```
name: new FormControl('', [Validators.required, Validators.minLength(4)]),
email: new FormControl('', [Validators.required, Validators.email])
```

6. For displaying interactive messages, in the mark up can use <formName>.get('formControlName').hasError('<validator>'), for e.g.

- 7. Note that, 'minlength' here is all small letters, unlike in component (which is camelCase), same applies for 'maxlength'
- 8. ReactiveForms doesn't need 'name' attribute as we are using formControlName attribute.
- 9. Every Form control has zero or more validators, zero or more custom validators,
- 10. Alternate syntax for one or more validators is passing an array to Validt
- 11. Combo validations for a group of controls (formGroup) is impossible in TDF, only achievable in RF (Reactive Forms)
- All http get, post return < Observable>

For multiple custom validations:

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/48322092/angular-4-two-or-more-custom-validation

1. Async Validators are third optional parameter for each form control, is used usually for detecting the duplicates on every keystroke, syntax would look like this,

```
email: new FormControl(
    '',
    [
         Validators.required,
```

```
validators.email,
    this.customValidator1ForEmail,
    this.customValidator2ForEmail
],
[
    //Async Validators
]
```

2.