WEEK 6 - STRING, STRING BUFFER MCQS

```
Question 1
                   Which expression will extract the substring "kap" from a string defined by String str = "kakapo"?
Complete
Marked out of
                    a. str.substring(2, 2)
1.00
                    b. str.substring(2, 5)
□ P Flag
question
                    oc. str.substring(2, 4)
                    od. str.substring(2, 3)
 Question 2
                     Say that names has been declared
 Complete
                     String[] names = new String[10];
 Marked out of
                     and that further statements (not shown) have put String references into some of the slots.
 1.00
 □ P Flag
                     Which of the following fragments counts the number of non-null slots in the array?
 question
                      a. int count = 0;
                             for ( int j = 0; j < names.length; j++ )
                              if ( names[j] != null )
                                 count++;
                      b. int j = 0;
                             for ( int count = 0; count < names.length; count++ )
                              if ( names[j] != null )
                                j++;
                      c. int count = 0;
                             while ( names[ count ] != null )
                              count++;
                            }
                      d. int j = 0;
                             int count = 0;
                            while ( names[ ++j ] != null )
                              count++;
 Question 3
                     Which method is not defined in the String class?
 Complete
 Marked out of
                      a. length()
 1.00
                      b. concat(String)
 □ P Flag
 question
                      c. reverse()
                     d. hashCode()
```

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Question 4
Complete
Marked out of
1.00
```

□ Flag question

```
Which one of the expressions will evaluate to true if preceded by the following code?
String str1 = "unread";
String str2 = new String(str1);
String str3 = str1;
char[] str4 = { 'u', 'n', 'r', 'e', 'a', 'd' };
a. (str1 == "Unread")
 ob. str1.equals(str4)
o. (str1 == str2)
 o d. str1.equals(str2)
```

Question 5 Complete Marked out of 1.00 □ Flag question

```
What will the following program print when run?
public class Search {
public static void main(String[] args) {
 String s = "Contentment!";
 int middle = s.length() / 2;
 String nt = s.substring(middle - 1, middle + 1);
 System.out.println(s.lastIndexOf(nt, middle));
}
}
a. 2
 O b. 7
 ⊚ c. 5
Od. 4
```

Question 6 Complete Marked out of

□ P Flag

Which one of the following is not legal?

- b. System.out.println("st" + "ep");
- c. System.out.println("st".concat("ep"));

```
Question 7
Complete
```

Marked out of 1.00

□ P Flag question

```
What will be written to the standard output when the following program is run? import static java.lang.System.out; public class TestOutput { public static void main(String[] args) { String space = " "; String composite = space + "windows" + space + space; composite.concat("server"); String trimmed = composite.trim(); System.out.println(trimmed.length()); } } }

© a. 9

D. 7

C. 13

d. 15
```

Question 8

Complete

Marked out of 1.00

□ Flag question Given the following code snippet,

- 4. String d = "bookkeeper";
- 5. d.substring(1,7);
- 6. d = "w" + d;
- 7. d.append("woo");
- 8. System.out.println(D.;

What is the result? Assume, the code given above is a portion of the code present in a method.

- a. Compilation fails
- Ob. wookkeewoo
- o. An exception is thrown at runtime
- od. wbookkeewoo

Question 9 Complete Marked out of 1.00 Flag question

Which one of the following operators cannot be used in conjunction with a String object?

a. +=
b. +
c. .
e. d. -

Question 10
Complete
Marked out of 1.00

□ Flag question

```
public class StringRef {
public static void main(String[] args) {
String s1 = "abc";
String s2 = "def";
String s3 = s2;
s2 = "ghi";
System.out.println(s1 + s2 + s3);
}

What is the result?

a. Compilation fails.
b. abcdefdef
c. abcghidef
d. abcghighi
e. abcdefghi
```

Question 11 What is the meaning of null? Complete Marked out of 1.00 a. A reference variable that contains null is not referring to an object ○ b. It is a special value used to indicate an error condition □ P Flag question o. It is another name for zero Od. It is the String object that contains no characters Question 12 What does the following statement do? Complete String[] names = new String[10]: Marked out of 1.00 □ P Flag question a. It declares names to be a reference to an array of String references and constructs an array object which can contain references to 10 String objects ob. It declares names to be a reference to an array of String references and constructs an array object which contains references to the 10 String objects which it also constructs. oc. It declares names to be 10 String objects Od. It declares names to be a reference to an array of String references and constructs an array object which contains "10" in its first slot Question 13 What will be the result of attempting to compile and run the following code? Complete class MyClass { Marked out of 1.00 public static void main(String[] args) { String str1 = "str1"; □ P Flag question String str2 = "str2"; String str3 = "str3"; str1.concat(str2); System.out.println(str3.concat(str1)): } ○ a. The program will print str3str1str2 when run b. The program will print str3 when run ○ c. The program will print str3str1 when run od. The program will print str3str2 when run Question 14 What does the following statement do? String[] widget; Complete Marked out of O a. It creates an array of length zero named widget 1.00 O b. It declares an array of references to widget objects named String □ Flag o. It creates a String object named widget 🍥 d. It declares a variable widget which may in the future hold a reference to an array of references to String objects but is initialized to null Question 15 Given the following, Complete Marked out of 1.00 14. String a = "newspaper"; □ Flag question 15. a = a.substring(5,7); 16. char b = a.charAt(1); 17. a = a + b; 18. System.out.println(a); What is the result? a. apep ○ b. app C. apa od. apea e. papp

Question 16 What does the following statement do? String glarch; Complete Marked out of a. It declares a reference variable glarch which may in the future refer to a String object but is now initialized to null. 1.00 O b. It constructs a String object which will contain the characters "glarch" □ P Flag question o. It declares an array of String objects named glarch Od. It constructs a String object named glarch Ouestion 17 Say that names has been declared Complete String[] names = new String[10]; Marked out of and that further statements (not shown) have put String references into some of the slots. 1.00 □ Flag question Which of the following fragments prints out every String, but skips null references? \bigcirc a. for (int j = 0; j < names.length && names[j] != null ; j++) System.out.println(names[j]); b. for (int j = 0; names[j] != null; j++) System.out.println(names[j]); o c. for (int j = 0; j < names.length; j++) System.out.println(names[j]); d. for (int j = 0; j < names.length; j++)</p> if (names[j] != null) System.out.println(names[j]); Question 18 What function does the trim() method of the String class perform? Complete Marked out of O a. It returns a string where the trailing white space of the original string has been removed. 1.00 ob. It returns a string where all the white space of the original string has been removed. □ P Flag question $\bigcirc\,$ c. $\,$ It returns a string where the leading white space of the original string has been removed. d. It returns a string where both the leading and trailing white space of the original string has been removed.

Marked out of 1.00	 4. String d = "bookkeeper"; 5. d.substring(1,7); 6. d = "w" + d; 7. d.append("woo"); 8. System.out.println(d); What is the result?
	a. wbookkeeperwoo b. wbookkeewoo c. wbookkeeper d. wookkeewoo e. Compilation fails
Question 20 Complete Marked out of 1.00 P Flag question	What is the difference between String rats; and String[] rats; ?
	 a. The first constructs a single String object; the second constructs an array of String objects b. There is no difference; both declare rats to be a reference variable c. The first initializes rats to null; the second initializes rats to an array of nulls d. The first declares rats to be a reference to a String object, the second declares rats to be a reference to an array
Question 21 Complete Marked out of 1.00 Flag question	What is a delimiter? a. A delimiter is any character that may be part of a token b. A delimiter is any character that may be part of a number c. A delimiter is a character that separates the tokens in a string.

Question 22 Complete	Which expression will evaluate to true?
Marked out of	a. "Hello there".toLowerCase().equals("hello there")
1.00	b. "HELLO THERE".equals("hello there")
□ Flag question	c. "Hello There".compareTo("hello there") == 0
	d. ("hello".concat("there")).equals("hello there")
	of the to sent after pregnant the to there y
Question 23 Complete	Which statement concerning the charAt() method of the String class is true?
Marked out of	a. expression "abcdef".charAt(3) evaluates to the character 'd'.
1.00	b. The index of the first character is 1.
□ Flag question	c. The expression "abcdef".charAt(3) is illegal.
	d. The charAt() method returns a Character object.
Question 24 Complete	Given the code snippet:
Marked out of	String str = new String("Hello");
1.00	Which of the below mentioned is an invalid call?
□♥ Flag question	a. str.replace('H','h');
	○ b. str.trim();
	o c. str.append("World");
	od. str.substring(2);
Question 25	
Complete	What is the value of pos after the following code executes?
Marked out of	String s1 = "ac ded ca";
1.00 ☐ Flag	int pos = s1.indexOf("d");
question	
	⊚ a. 3
	○ b1
	O c. 4
	O d. 5

Question 29 Complete Marked out of 1.00 □ P Flag

How would you declare and initialize the array to declare an array of fruits? a. String[] arrayOfFruits = new String{"apple, mango, orange"}; ○ b. String[] arrayOfFruits= ("apple", "mango", "orange"); o c. String[] arrayOfFruits = {"apple", "mango", "orange"}; Od. String[] arrayOfFruits= ["apple", "mango", "orange"];

Question 30 Complete Marked out of 1.00 □ Flag question

question

Say that names has been declared String[] names = new String[10];

and that further statements (not shown) have put String references into some of the slots.

Which of the following fragments prints out the slots of the array from last to first, skipping slots that contain null?

o. for (int j = names.length; j < names.length; j++) if (names[j] != null) System.out.println(names[j]); \bigcirc b. for (int j = names.length; j >= 0; j++) if (names[j] != null) System.out.println(names[j]); o c. for (int j = names.length-1; j >= 0; j++) if (names[j] != null) System.out.println(names[j]); \bigcirc d. for (int j = 0; j < names.length; j++) if (names[j] != null) System.out.println(names[j]);

Question 31

Complete

Marked out of

□P Flag question

Given the following,

13. String x = new String("xyz");

14. y = "abc";

15. x = x + y;

How many String objects have been created?

a. 4

b. 3

O c. 2

Od. 5

```
Question 32
Complete
Marked out of
1.00
□ P Flag
question
```

```
What will be the result of attempting to compile and run the following code?
public class RefEq {
public static void main(String[] args) {
String s = "ab" + "12";
String t = "ab" + 12;
String u = new String("ab12");
System.out.println((s == t) + "" + (s == u));
}
O a. The program will print true false when run
O b. The program will print false true when run

    c. The program will print false false when run

\bigcirc d. The program will print true true when run
```

Question 33 Complete Marked out of _\times Flag

question

c. names[9] = "Hello";

o d. String[names.length-1] = "Hello";

```
Given the declaration
String[] names = new String[10];
Which of the following statements puts a reference to the String "Hello" in the last slot of the array?
a. names[10] = "Hello";
b. names[0] = "Hello";
```

```
Question 34
Complete
Marked out of
1.00
□ P Flag
```

question

```
Given the following:
public class TestSubstring {
public static void main(String[] args) {
 String str = "international";
 str = str.substring(6, 9);
 char b = str.charAt(2);
 str = str + b;
 System.out.println(str);
What is the result? Assume the code given above is a portion of the code present in a method.
o. atia
 b. atii
 ○ c. atioa
Od. atiot
```

Question 35 Complete Marked out of 1.00 □ P Flag

question

```
Given the following,
11. String x = "xyz";
12. x.toUpperCase();
13. String y = x.replace('Y', 'y');
14. y = y + "abc";
15. System.out.println .;
What is the result?
 oa. Compilation fails
 b. xyzabc
 ○ c. XyZabc
 d. abcXyZ
```