Course Title: DESIGN OF STEEL STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS
As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
SEMESTER:VI

Subject Code	**18CV61**	**IA Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**04**	**Exam Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**50**	**Exam Hours**	**03**
CREDITS –04		**Total Marks- 100**	

Course Objectives: This course will enable students to

1. Understand advantages and disadvantages of steel structures, steel code provisions, and plastic behaviour of structural steel.
2. Learn Bolted connections and Welded connections.
3. Design of compression members, built-up columns and columns splices.
4. Design of tension members, simple slab base and gusseted base.
5. Design of laterally supported and un-supported steel beams.

Module -1

Introduction: Advantages and Disadvantages of Steel Structures, Limit state method Limit State of Strength, Structural Stability, Serviceability Limit states, Failure Criteria of steel, Design Consideration, Loading and load combinations, IS code provisions, Specification and Section classification.

Plastic Behaviour of Structural Steel: Introduction, Plastic theory, Plastic Hinge Concept, Plastic collapse load, load factor, Shape factor, Theorem of plastic collapse, Methods of Plastic analysis, Plastic analysis of Continuous Beams.

L1,L2,L3

Module -2

Bolted Connections: Introduction, Types of Bolts, Behaviour of bolted joints, Design of High Strength friction Grip(HSFG) bolts, Design of Simple bolted Connections (Lap and Butt joints)

Welded Connections: Introduction, Types and properties of welds, Effective areas of welds, Weld Defects, Simple welded joints for truss member,
Advantages and Disadvantages of Bolted and Welded Connections.

L1,L2,L3

Module -3

Design of Compression Members: Introduction, Failure modes, Behaviour of compression members, Sections used for compression members, Effective length of compression members, Design of compression members and built up Compression members, Design of Laced and Battened Systems.

L1,L2,L3

Module -4

Design of Tension Members: Introduction, Types of Tension members, Slenderness ratio, Modes of Failure, Factors affecting the strength of tension members, Design of Tension members and Lug angles, Splices, Gussets.

Design of Column Bases: Design of Simple Slab Base and Gusseted Base.

L1,L2,L3

Module -5

Design of Beams: Introduction, Beam types, Lateral Stability of beams, factors affecting lateral stability, Behaviour of Beams in Bending, Design strength of laterally supported beams in Bending, Design of Laterally unsupported Beams [No Numerical Problems], Shear Strength of Steel Beams.

Beam to Beam Connections, Beam to Column Connection and Column Splices [No Numerical Problems]

L1,L2,L3

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:

1. Possess a knowledge of Steel Structures Advantages and Disadvantages of Steel structures, steel code provisions and plastic behaviour of structural steel
2. Understand the Concept of Bolted and Welded connections.
3. Understand the Concept of Design of compression members, built-up columns and columns splices.
4. Understand the Concept of Design of tension members, simple slab base and gusseted base.
5. Understand the Concept of Design of laterally supported and un-supported steel beams.

Program Objectives:

- Engineering knowledge
- Problem analysis
- Interpretation of data

Question Paper Pattern:

- The question paper will have 5 modules comprising of ten questions. Each full question carrying 16 marks
- There will be two full questions (with a maximum of three subdivisions, if necessary) from each module.
- Each full question shall cover the topics as a module
- The students shall answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module. If more than one question is answered in modules, best answer will be considered for the award of marks limiting one full question answer in each module.

Text Books:

1. N Subramanian., "Design of Steel Structures" (2016), Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
2. Duggal S K., "Limit State Method of Design of Steel Structures", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi

Reference Books:

1. Dayarathnam P, "Design of Steel Structures", S Chand and Company Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Kazim S M A and Jindal R S, "Design of Steel Structures", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
3. IS 800-2007: General Construction in Steel Code Practice (Third revision), Bureau

of Indian Standards, New Delhi.

TITLE OF THE COURSE: APPLIED GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING
B.E., VI Semester, Civil Engineering
[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

Course Code	**18CV62**	**CIE Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**04**	**SEE Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**50 (10 Hours per Module)**	**Exam Hours**	**03**

Credits – 04

Course objectives: This course will enable students to

1. Appreciate basic concepts of soil mechanics as an integral part in the knowledge of Civil Engineering. Also to become familiar with foundation engineering terminology and understand how the principles of Geotechnology are applied in the design of foundations
2. Learn introductory concepts of Geotechnical investigations required for civil engineering projects emphasizing in situ investigations
3. Conceptually learn various theories related to bearing capacity of soil and their application in the design of shallow foundations and estimation of load carrying capacity of pile foundation
4. Estimate internal stresses in the soil mass and application of this knowledge in proportioning of shallow and deep foundation fulfilling settlement criteria
5. Study about assessing stability of slopes and earth pressure on rigid retaining structures

Module-1

Soil Exploration: Introduction, Objectives and Importance, Stages and Methods of exploration- Test pits, Borings, Geophysical methods, stabilization of boreholes, Sampling techniques, Undisturbed, disturbed and representative samples, Geophysical exploration and Bore hole log. Drainage and Dewatering methods, estimation of depth of GWT (Hvorslev's method).

L1,L2,L3

Module-2

Stress in Soils: Introduction, Boussinesq's and Westergaard's theory concentrated load, circular and rectangular load, equivalent point load method, pressure distribution diagrams and contact pressure, Newmark's chart Foundation Settlement - Approximate method for stress distribution on a horizontal plane, Types of settlements and importance, Computation of immediate and consolidation settlement

L2,L3,L4

Module-3

Lateral Earth Pressure: Active, Passive and earth pressure at rest, Rankine's theory for cohesionless and cohesive soils, Coulomb's theory, Rebhann's and Culmann's graphical construction.

Stability of Slopes : Assumptions, infinite and finite slopes, factor of safety, use of

Taylor's stability charts, Swedish slip circle method for C and C-ø (Method of slices) soils, Fellineous method for critical slip circle

L2,L4,L5

Module-4

Bearing Capacity of Shallow Foundation: Types of foundations, determination of bearing capacity by Terzaghi's and BIS method (IS: 6403), Effect of water table and eccentricity, field methods - plate load test and SPT Proportioning of shallow foundations- isolated and combined footings (only two columns) **10 Hours**

L2,L4,L5,L6

Module-5

Pile Foundations: Types and classification of piles, single loaded pile capacity in cohesionless and cohesive soils by static formula, efficiency of file group, group capacity of piles in cohesionless and cohesive soils, negative skin friction, pile load tests, Settlement of piles, under reamed piles (only introductory concepts – no derivation)

L1, L2, L3 L4

Course outcomes: On the completion of this course students are expected to attain the following outcomes;

6. Ability to plan and execute geotechnical site investigation program for different civil engineering projects
7. Understanding of stress distribution and resulting settlement beneath the loaded footings on sand and clayey soils
8. Ability to estimate factor of safety against failure of slopes and to compute lateral pressure distribution behind earth retaining structures
9. Ability to determine bearing capacity of soil and achieve proficiency in proportioning shallow isolated and combined footings for uniform bearing pressure
10. Capable of estimating load carrying capacity of single and group of piles

Text Books:

5. Gopal Ranjan and Rao A.S.R., Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics, New Age International (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
6. Punmia B C, Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, Laxmi Publications co., New Delhi.
7. Murthy V.N.S., Principles of Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, UBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.
8. Braja, M. Das, Geotechnical Engineering; Thomson Business Information India (P) Ltd., India

Reference Books:

7. T.W. Lambe and R.V. Whitman, Soil Mechanics-, John Wiley & Sons
8. Donald P Coduto, Geotechnical Engineering- Phi Learning Private Limited, New Delhi
9. Shashi K. Gulathi & Manoj Datta, Geotechnical Engineering-. , Tata McGraw Hill Publications
10. Debashis Moitra, "Geotechnical Engineering", Universities Press.,

11. Malcolm D Bolton, “A Guide to soil mechanics”, Universities Press.,
12. Bowles J E , Foundation analysis and design, McGraw- Hill Publications

Course Title: HYDROLOGY AND IRRIGATION ENGINEERING

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

SEMESTER:VI

Subject Code	**18CV63**	**IA Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**04**	**Exam Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**50**	**Exam Hours**	**03**
	CREDITS – 04	**Total Marks-100**	

Course Objectives: This course will enable students to;

1. Understand the concept of hydrology and components of hydrologic cycle such as pricipitation, infiltration, evaporation and transpiration.
2. Quantify runoff and use concept of unit hydrograph.
3. Demonstrate different methods of irrigation, methods of application of water and irrigation procedure.
4. Design canals and canal network based on the water requirement of various crops.
5. Determine the reservoir capacity.

Module -1

Hydrology: Introduction, Importance of hydrology, Global and Indian water availability, Practical application of hydrology, Hydrologic cycle (Horton's) qualitative and engineering representation.

Precipitation: Definition, Forms and types of precipitation, measurement of rain fall using Symon's and Syphon type of rain gauges, optimum number of rain gauge stations, consistency of rainfall data (double mass curve method), computation of mean rainfall, estimation of missing data, presentation of precipitation data, moving average curve, mass curve, rainfall hyetographs.

L2, L3

Module -2

Losses: Evaporation: Introduction, Process, factors affecting evaporation, measurement using IS class-A Pan, estimation using empirical formulae (Meyer's and Rohwer's equations) Reservoir evaporation and control

Evapo-transpiration: Introduction, Consumptive use, AET, PET, Factors affecting, Measurement, Estimation by Blaney-Criddle equation,

Infiltration: Introduction, factors affecting infiltration capacity, measurement by double ring infiltrometer, Horton's infiltration equation, infiltration indices.

L2, L3

Module -3

Runoff: Definition, concept of catchment, factors affecting runoff, rainfall – runoff relationship using regression analysis.

Hydrographs: Definition, components of hydrograph, base flow separation, unit hydrograph, assumption, application and limitations, derivation from simple storm

hydrographs, S curve and its computations, Conversion of UH of different durations

L2, L4

Module -4

Irrigation: Definition. Benefits and ill effects of irrigation. System of irrigation: surface and ground water, flow irrigation, lift irrigation, Bandhara irrigation.

Water Requirements of Crops: Duty, delta and base period, relationship between them, factors affecting duty of water crops and crop seasons in India, irrigation efficiency, frequency of irrigation.

L2, L4

Module -5

Canals: Types of canals. Alignment of canals. Definition of gross command area, cultural command area, intensity of irrigation, time factor, crop factor. Unlined and lined canals. Standard sections. Design of canals by Lacey's and Kennedy's method.

Reservoirs: Definition, investigation for reservoir site, storage zones determination of storage capacity using mass curves, economical height of dam.

L2, L4

Course outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:

1. Understand the importance of hydrology and its components.
2. Measure precipitation and analyze the data and analyze the losses in precipitation.
3. Estimate runoff and develop unit hydrographs.
4. Find the benefits and ill-effects of irrigation.
5. Find the quantity of irrigation water and frequency of irrigation for various crops.
6. Find the canal capacity, design the canal and compute the reservoir capacity.

Program Objectives:

- Engineering knowledge
- Problem analysis
- Interpretation of data

Text Books:

1) K. Subramanya, “Engineering Hydrology”, Tata McGraw Hill Publishers, New Delhi.
2) Jayarami Reddy, “A Text Book of Hydrology”, Lakshmi Publications, New Delhi.
3) Punmia and LalPandey, “Irrigation and Water Power Engineering” Lakshmi Publications, New Delhi.

Reference Books:

1. H.M. Raghunath, “Hydrology”, Wiley Eastern Publication, New Delhi.
2. Sharma R.K., “Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulics”, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi.
3. VenTe Chow, “Applied Hydrology”, Tata McGraw Hill Publishers, New Delhi.
4. Modi P.N “Water Resources and Water Power Engineering”-. Standard book house, Delhi.

5. Garg S.K, “Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures” Khanna publications, New Delhi.

Course Title: MATRIX METHOD OF STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS
As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
SEMESTER:VI

Subject Code	**18CV641**	**IA Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**03**	**Exam Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**40**	**Exam Hours**	**03**
CREDITS –03		**Total Marks- 100**	

Course objectives: This course will enable students to

1. Gain basic knowledge of structural systems and application of concepts of flexibility and stiffness matrices for simple elements.
2. Understand flexibility and stiffness matrices to solve problems in beams, frames and trusses.
3. Gain knowledge of direct stiffness method to solve problems in beams, frames and trusses.
4. Gain knowledge of solving problems involving temperature changes and lack of fit.

Module -1

Introduction: Structural systems, geometric and material non-linearity, principle of superposition, equilibrium and compatibility conditions, static and kinematic indeterminacy, principle of minimum potential energy and minimum complementary energy, concepts of stiffness and flexibility, flexibility and stiffness matrices of beam and truss elements

L2, L4,L5

Module -2

Element Flexibility Method: Force transformation matrix, global flexibility matrix, analysis of continuous beams, rigid frames and trusses.

L2, L4,L5

Module -3

Element Stiffness Method: Displacement transformation matrix, global stiffness matrix, analysis of continuous beams, rigid frames and trusses.

L2, L4,L5

Module -4

Effects of Temperature Changes and Lack of Fit: Related numerical problems by flexibility and stiffness method as in Module 2 and Module 3.

L2, L4,L5

Module -5

Direct Stiffness Method: Local and global coordinates systems, principle of contra gradience, global stiffness matrices of beam and truss elements, analysis of continuous beams and trusses

L2, L4,L5

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:

1. Evaluate the structural systems to application of concepts of flexibility and stiffness matrices for simple problems.
2. Identify, formulate and solve engineering problems with respect to flexibility and stiffness matrices as applied to continuous beams, rigid frames and trusses.
3. Identify, formulate and solve engineering problems by application of concepts of

direct stiffness method as applied to continuous beams and trusses.

Program Objectives:

- Engineering knowledge
- Problem analysis
- Interpretation of data

Text Books:

1. Weaver W and Gere J H, **"Matrix Analysis of Framed Structures"**, CBS publications, New Delhi.
2. Rajasekaran S, **"Computational Structural Mechanics"**, PHI, New Delhi.
3. Madhujit Mukhopadhay and Abdul Hamid Sheikh, **"Matrix and Finite Element Analysis of Structures"**, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd.

Reference Books:

1. Godbole P N et.al, "Matrix Method of Structural Analysis", PHI ltd, New Delhi.

2. Pundit and Gupta, "Theory of Structures Vol II", TMH publications, New Delhi

3. A K Jain, "Advanced Structural Analysis", Nemchand Publications, Roorkee.

4. Manikaselvam, "Elements of Matrix Analysis and Stability of Structures", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.

5. H C Martin, "Introduction to Matrix Methods in Structural Analysis", International textbook company, McGraw Hill.

Course Title: SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT
As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
SEMESTER:VI

Subject Code	**18CV642**	**IA Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**03**	**Exam Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**40**	**Exam Hours**	**03**
CREDITS –03		**Total Marks- 100**	

Course objectives: This course will enable students to

1. Study the present methods of solid waste management system and to analyze their draw backs comparing with statutory rules.
2. Understand different elements of solid waste management from generation of solid waste to disposal.
3. Analyze different processing technologies and to study conversion of municipal solid waste to compost or biogas.
4. Evaluate landfill site and to study the sanitary landfill reactions.

Module -1

Sources: Sources of Solid waste, Types of solid waste, Physical and Chemical composition of municipal solid waste. Generation rate, Numerical Problems.
Collection: Collection of solid waste- services and systems, equipments,
Transportation: Need of transfer operation, transfer station, transport means and methods, route optimization. Solid waste management 2000 rules with, 2016 amendments.

L1,L2,L3

Module -2

Processing techniques: Purpose of processing, Chemical volume reduction (incineration) – Process description, 3T's, principal components in the design of municipal incinerators, Air pollution control,Mechanical volume reduction (compaction), Mechanical size reduction (shredding), component separation (manual and mechanical methods).

L1,L2,L3

Module -3

Composting Aerobic and anaerobic method - process description, process microbiology, design consideration, Mechanical composting, Vermicomposting, Numerical Problems.
Sanitary landfilling: Definition, advantages and disadvantages, site selection, methods, reaction occurring in landfill- Gas and Leachate movement, Control of gas and leachate movement, Design of sanitary landfill. Numerical Problems

L1,L2,L3

Module -4

Sources, collection, treatment and disposal of :-
Biomedical waste ,E-waste ,Hazardous waste and construction waste

L1,L2,L3

Module -5

Incineration -3Ts factor affecting incineration ,types of incinerations , Pyrolsis ,design criteria for incineration
Energy recovery technique from solid waste management

L1,L2,L3

Course outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:

1. Analyse existing solid waste management system and to identify their drawbacks.
2. Evaluate different elements of solid waste management system.
3. Suggest suitable scientific methods for solid waste management elements.
4. Design suitable processing system and evaluate disposal sites.

Program Objectives:

- Engineering knowledge
- Problem analysis
- Interpretation of data

Text Books:

1. George Tchobanoglous, Hilary Theisen , Samuel A Vigil, "Integrated Solid Waste Management : Engineering principles and management issues", M/c Graw hill Education . Indian edition
2. Howard S Peavy, Donald R Rowe and George Tchobanoglous, "Environmental Engineering", Tata Mcgraw Hill Publishing Co ltd.,

Reference Books:

1. Municipal Solid Wastes (Management and Handling) Rules, 2000.Ministry of Environment and Forests Notification, New Delhi, the 25th September, 2000. Amendment – 1357(E) – 08-04-2016
2. Municipal Solid waste management manual, Part II published under Swachh Bharat Mission, Central Public Health And Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO), 2016, Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India.
3. Handbook of Solidwaste management, second edition, George Tchobanoglous, Frank Kreith, published by M/c Graw hill Education, 2002, ISBN-13 978-0071356237 ISBN -10 0071356231

Course Title: ALTERNATIVE BUILDING MATERIALS

As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

SEMESTER:VI

Subject Code	**18CV643**	**IA Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**03**	**Exam Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**40**	**Exam Hours**	**03**
	CREDITS –03	**Total Marks-**	**100**

Course objectives: This Course will enable students to:

1. understand environmental issues due to building materials and the energy consumption in manufacturing building materials
2. study the various masonry blocks, masonry mortar and structural behavior of masonry under compression.
3. Study the alternative building materials in the present context.
4. understand the alternative building technologies which are followed in present construction field.

Module -1

Introduction: Energy in building materials, Environmental issues concerned to building materials, Embodied energy and life-cycle energy, Global warming and construction industry, Green concepts in buildings, Green building ratings – IGBC and LEED manuals – mandatory requirements, Rainwater harvesting & solar passive architecture. Environmental friendly and cost effective building technologies, Requirements for buildings of different climatic regions

L1,L2,L3

Module -2

Elements of Structural Masonry : Elements of Structural Masonry, Masonry materials, requirements of masonry units' characteristics of bricks, stones, clay blocks, concrete blocks, stone boulders, laterite Blocks, Fal- G blocks and Stabilized mud block. Manufacture of stabilized blocks.

Structural Masonry Mortars: Mortars, cementations materials, sand, natural & manufactured, types of mortars, classification of mortars as
per BIS, characteristics and requirements of mortar, selection of mortar.

Uses of masonry, masonry bonding, Compressive strength of masonry elements, Factors affecting compressive strength, Strength of Prisms/wallets and walls, Effect of brick bond on strength, Bond strength of masonry: Flexure and shear, Elastic properties of masonry materials and masonry, Design of masonry compression elements subjected to axial load.

L1,L2,L3

Module -3

Alternative Building Materials: Lime, Pozzolana cements, Raw materials, Manufacturing process, Properties and uses. Fibers- metal and synthetic, Properties and applications. Fiber reinforced plastics, Matrix materials, Fibers organic and synthetic, Properties and applications. Building materials from agro and industrial wastes ,Types of agro wastes, Types of industrial and mine wastes, Properties and applications. Masonry blocks using industrial wastes. Construction and demolition wastes

L1,L2,L3

Module -4

Alternative Building Technologies: Use of arches in foundation, alternatives for wall constructions, composite masonry, confined masonry, cavity walls, rammed earth, Ferro cement and ferroconcrete building components, Materials and specifications, Properties, Construction methods, Applications.
Top down construction, Mivan Construction Technique.

Alternative Roofing Systems: Concepts, Filler slabs, Composite beam panel roofs, Masonry vaults and domes

L1,L2,L3

Module -5

Equipment for Production of Alternative Materials: Machines for manufacture of concrete, Equipments for production of stabilized blocks, Moulds and methods of production of precast elements, Cost concepts in buildings, Cost saving techniques in planning, design and construction, Cost analysis: Case studies using alternatives.

L1,L2,L3

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:

1. Solve the problems of Environmental issues concerned to building materials and cost effective building technologies;
2. Suggest appropriate type of masonry unit and mortar for civil engineering constructions; also they are able to Design Structural Masonry Elements under Axial Compression.
3. Analyse different alternative building materials which will be suitable for specific climate and in an environmentally sustainable manner. Also capable of suggesting suitable agro and industrial wastes as a building material.
4. Recommend various types of alternative building materials and technologies and design a energy efficient building by considering local climatic condition and building material.

Program Objectives:

- Engineering knowledge
- Problem analysis
- Interpretation of data

Text Books:

1. KS Jagadish, BV Venkatarama Reddy and KS Nanjunda Rao, "Alternative Building Materials and Technologies", New Age International pub.
2. Arnold W Hendry, "Structural Masonry", Macmillan Publishers

Reference Books:

1. RJS Spence and DJ Cook, "Building Materials in Developing Countries", Wiley pub.

2. LEED India, Green Building Rating System, IGBC pub.

3. IGBC Green Homes Rating System, CII pub.

4. Relevant IS Codes.

Course Title: GROUND IMPROVEMENT TECHNIQUES
As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]
SEMESTER:VI

Subject Code	**18CV644**	**IA Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**03**	**Exam Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**40**	**Exam Hours**	**03**
CREDITS –03		**Total Marks- 100**	

Course objectives: This course will enable students to

1. Understand the fundamental concepts of ground improvement techniques
2. Apply knowledge of mathematics, Science and Geotechnical Engineering to solve problems in the field of modification of ground required for construction of civil engineering structures.
3. Understand the concepts of chemical compaction, grouting and other miscellaneous methods.
4. Impart the knowledge of geosynthetics, vibration, grouting and Injection.

Module -1

Formation and Development of Ground : Introduction, Formation of Rock, soil and soil profile, Soil distribution in India, Alterations of ground after formation, Reclaimed soils, Natural offshore deposits;

Ground Improvement Potential – Hazardous ground conditions, poor ground conditions, favourable ground conditions, Alternative Approaches, Geotechnical processes.

Compaction: Introduction, compaction mechanics, Field procedure, surface compaction, Dynamic Compaction, selection of field compaction procedures, compaction quality control.

L1, L2 , L3

Module -2

Drainage Methods: Introduction, Seepage, filter requirements, ground water and seepage control, methods of dewatering systems, Design of dewatering system including pipe line effects of dewatering. Drains, different types of drains.

Pre-compression and Vertical Drains: Importance, Vertical drains, Sand drains, Drainage of slopes, Electro kinetic dewatering, Preloading

L1, L2 , L3

Module -3

Chemical Modification-I: Definition, cement stabilization, sandwich technique, admixtures. Hydration – effect of cement stabilization on permeability, Swelling and shrinkage and strength and deformation characteristics. Criteria for cement stabilization. Stabilization using Fly ash.

Chemical Modification-Ii: Lime stabilization – suitability, process, criteria for lime stabilization. Other chemicals like chlorides, hydroxides, lignin and hydrofluoric acid. Properties of chemical components, reactions and effects. Bitumen, tar or asphalt in stabilization.

L2, L3 , L4

Module -4

Vibration Methods: Introduction, Vibro compaction – blasting, vibratory probe, Vibro displacement compaction – displacement piles, vibroflotation, sand compaction piles, stone columns, heavy tamping

GROUTING AND INJECTION: Introduction, Effect of grouting. Chemicals and materials used. Types of grouting. Grouting procedure, Applications of grouting

L2 , L3, L5

Module -5

Geosynthetics: Introduction, Geosynthetic types, properties of Geosynthetics – materials and fibre properties, Geometrical aspects, mechanical properties, Hydraulic properties, Durability ; Applications of

Geosynthetics - Separation, Filtration and Fluid Transmission, Reinforcement,

Miscellaneous Methods (Only Concepts & Uses): Soil reinforcement, Thermal methods, Ground improvement by confinement – Crib walls, Gabions and Mattresses, Anchors, Rock bolts and soil nailing. Stone Column, Micro piles.

L1 , L3, L5

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:

1. Give solutions to solve various problems associated with soil formations having less strength.
2. Use effectively the various methods of ground improvement techniques depending upon the requirements.
3. utilize properly the locally available materials and techniques for ground improvement so that economy in the design of foundations of various civil engineering structures

Program Objectives:

- Engineering knowledge
- Problem analysis
- Interpretation of data

Text Books:

1. Purushothama Raj P, “Ground Improvement Techniques”, Laxmi Publications, New Delhi.
2. Koerner R.M, “Construction and Geotechnical Method in Foundation Engineering”, Mc Graw Hill Pub. Co.

Reference Books:

1. Manfred Hausmann , “Engineering principles of ground modification”, Mc Graw Hill Pub. Co.,
2. Bell, F.G., “Methods of treatment of unstable ground”, Butterworths, London.
3. Nelson J.D. and Miller D.J, “Expansive soils”, John Wiley and Sons.
4. Ingles. C.G. and Metcalf J.B , “Soil Stabilization; Principles and Practice”, Butterworths

TITLE OF THE COURSE: RAILWAYS, HARBOUR, TUNNELING AND AIRPORTS

B.E., V Semester, Civil Engineering

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

Course Code	**18CV645**	**CIE Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**03**	**SEE Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**40 (8 Hours per Module)**	**Exam Hours**	**03**

Credits – 03

Course Objectives: This course will enable students to

1. Understand the history and development, role of railways, railway planning and development based on essential criteria's.
2. Learn different types of structural components, engineering properties of the materials, to calculate the material quantities required for construction
3. Understand various aspects of geometric elements, points and crossings, significance of maintenance of tracks.
4. Design and plan airport layout, design facilities required for runway, taxiway and impart knowledge about visual aids
5. Apply design features of tunnels, harbours, dock and necessary navigational aids; also expose them to various methods of tunneling and tunnel accessories.

Module-1

Railway Planning: Significance of Road, Rail, Air and Water transports – Coordination of all modes to achieve sustainability – Elements of permanent way – Rails, Sleepers, Ballast, rail fixtures and fastenings, – Track Stress, coning of wheels, creep in rails, defects in rails – Route alignment surveys, conventional and modern methods- – Soil suitability analysis – Geometric design of railways, gradient, super elevation, widening of gauge on curves- Points and Crossings.

L1,L2

Module-2

Railway Construction and Maintenance: Earthwork – Stabilization of track on poor soil, Calculation of Materials required for track laying – Construction and maintenance of tracks – Modern methods of construct ion & maintenance – Railway stations and yards and passenger amenities- Urban rail – Infrastructure for Metro, Mono and underground railways.

L1,L2,L3

Module-3

Harbour and Tunnel Engineering: Definition of Basic Terms: Planning and Design of Harbours: Requirements, Classification, Location and Design Principles – Harbour Layout and Terminal Facilities , Coastal Structures, Inland Water Transport – Wave action on Coastal Structures and Coastal Protection Works. Tunneling: Introduction, size and shape of the tunnel, tunneling methods in soils, tunnel lining, tunnel drainage and ventilation.

L2,L3,L4

Module-4

Airport Planning: Air transport characteristics, airport classification, air port planning: objectives, components, layout characteristics, and socio-economic characteristics of the catchment area, criteria for airport site selection and ICAO stipulations, typical airport layouts, Parking and circulation area.

L3,L4

Module-5

Airport Design: Runway Design: Orientation, Wind Rose Diagram, Runway length, Problems on basic and Actual Length, Geometric design of runways, Configuration and Pavement Design Principles, Elements of Taxiway Design, Airport Zones, Passenger Facilities and Services, Runway and Taxiway Markings and lighting.

L3,L4,L5,L6

Course outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:

1. Acquires capability of choosing alignment and also design geometric aspects of railway system, runway and taxiway.
2. Suggest and estimate the material quantity required for laying a railway track and also will be able to determine the hauling capacity of a locomotive.
3. Develop layout plan of airport, harbor, dock and will be able relate the gained knowledge to identify required type of visual and/or navigational aids for the same.
4. Apply the knowledge gained to conduct surveying, understand the tunneling activities.

Text Books:

1. Saxena Subhash C and Satyapal Arora, “A Course in Railway Engineering”, Dhanpat Rai and Sons, Delhi.
2. Satish Chandra and Agarwal M.M, “Railway Engineering”, 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
3. Khanna S K, Arora M G and Jain S S, “Airport Planni ng and Design”, Nemchand and Brothers, Roorkee,
4. C Venkatramaiah, “ Transportation Engineering”, Volume II: Railways, Airports, Docks and Harbours, Bridges and Tunnels, Universities Press
5. Bindra S P, “A Course in Docks and Harbour Engineering”, Dhanpat Rai and Sons, New Delhi

Reference Books:

1. Oza.H.P. and Oza.G.H., “A course in Docks & Harbour Engineering”. Charotar Publishing Co.,
2. Mundrey J.S. “A course in Railway Track Engineering”. Tata McGraw Hill
3. Srinivasan R. Harbour, “Dock and Tunnel Engineering ”, 26th Edition 2013

TITLE OF THE COURSE: REMOTE SENSING AND GIS

B.E., VI Semester, Civil Engineering

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

Course Code	**18CV651**	**CIE Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**03**	**SEE Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**40 (8 Hours per Module)**	**Exam Hours**	**03**

Credits – 03

Course Objectives: This course will enable students to

1. Understand the basic concepts of remote sensing.
2. Analyze satellite imagery and extract the required units.
3. Extract the GIS data and prepare the thematic maps.
4. Use the thematic maps for various applications.

Module-1

Remote Sensing: Basic concept of Remote sensing, Data and Information, Remote sensing data collection, Remote sensing advantages & Limitations, Remote Sensing process. Electromagnetic Spectrum, Energy interactions with atmosphere and with earth surface features (soil, water, and vegetation), Resolution, image registration and Image and False color composite, elements of visual interpretation techniques.

L1,L2,L3

Module-2

Remote Sensing Platforms and Sensors: Indian Satellites and Sensors characteristics, Remote Sensing Platforms, Sensors and Properties of Digital Data, Data Formats: Introduction, platforms- IRS, Landsat, SPOT, Cartosat, Ikonos, Envisat etc. sensors, sensor resolutions (spatial, spectral, radiometric and temporal). Basics of digital image processing- introduction to digital data, systematic errors(Scan Skew, Mirror-Scan Velocity, Panoramic Distortion, Platform Velocity , Earth Rotation) and non-systematic [random] errors(Altitude, Attitude), Image enhancements(Gray Level Thresholding, level slicing, contrast stretching),image filtering.

L2,L3,L4

Module-3

Geographic Information System: Introduction to GIS; components of a GIS; Geographically Referenced Data, Spatial Data- Attribute data-Joining Spatial and attribute data, GIS Operations: Spatial Data Input – Attribute data Management, Geographic coordinate System, Datum; Map Projections: Types of Map Projections, Projected coordinate Systems. UTM Zones.

L2,L3,L4

Module-4

Data Models: Vector data model: Representation of simple features – Topology and its importance; coverage and its data structure, Shape file; Relational Database, Raster Data Model: Elements of the Raster data model, Types of Raster Data, Raster Data Structure, Data conversion.

L3,L4,L5

Module-5

Integrated Applications of Remote sensing and GIS: Applications in land use land cover analysis, change detection, water resources, urban planning, environmental planning, Natural resource management and Traffic management. Location Based Services And Its Applications.

L3,L4,L5,L6

Course outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:

1. Collect data and delineate various elements from the satellite imagery using their spectral signature.
2. Analyze different features of ground information to create raster or vector data.
3. Perform digital classification and create different thematic maps for solving specific problems
4. Make decision based on the GIS analysis on thematic maps.

Text Books:

1. Narayan Panigrahi, "Geographical Information Science", and ISBN 10: 8173716285 / ISBN 13: 9788173716287, University Press 2008.
2. Basudeb Bhatta, "Remote sensing and GIS" , ISBN:9780198072393, Oxford University Press 2011
3. Kang – Tsurg Chang, "Introduction to Geographic Information System". Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited 2015.

   Lillesand, Kiefer, Chipman, "Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation", Wiley 2011.

Reference Books:

1. Chor Pang Lo and Albert K.W Yeung, "Concepts & Techniques of GIS", PHI, 2006
2. John R. Jensen, "Remote sensing of the environment", An earth resources perspective – 2nd edition – by Pearson Education 2007.
3. Anji Reddy M., "Remote sensing and Geograperhical information system", B.S. Publications 2008.
4. Peter A. Burrough, Rachael A. McDonnell, and Christopher D. Lloyd, "Principals of Geo physical Information system", Oxford Publications 2004.
5. S Kumar, "Basics of remote sensing & GIS", Laxmi publications 2005.

TITLE OF THE COURSE: TAFFIC ENGINEERING

B.E., VI Semester, Civil Engineering

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

Course Code	**18CV652**	**CIE Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**03**	**SEE Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**40 (8 Hours per Module)**	**Exam Hours**	**03**

Credits – 03

Course Objectives: This course will enable students to

1. Understand fundamental knowledge of traffic engineering, scope and its importance.
2. Describe basic techniques for collecting and analysing traffic data, diagnosing problems, designing appropriate remedial treatment, and assessing its effectiveness.
3. Apply probabilistic and queuing theory techniques for the analysis of traffic flow situations and emphasis the interaction of flow efficiency and traffic safety.
1. Understand and analyse traffic issues including safety, planning, design, operation and control.
2. Apply intelligent transport system and its applications in the present traffic scenario.

Module-1

Traffic Planning and Characteristics: Road Characteristics-Road user characteristics, PIEV theory, Vehicle Performance characteristics, Fundamentals of Traffic Flow, Urban Traffic problems in India, Integrated planning of town, country, regional and all urban infrastructures, Sustainable approach- land use & transport and modal integration.

L1,L2,L3

Module-2

Traffic Surveys: Traffic Surveys- Speed, journey time and delay surveys, Vehicles Volume Survey including non-motorized transports, Methods and interpretation, Origin Destination Survey, Methods and presentation, Parking Survey, Accident analyses-Methods, interpretation and presentation, Statistical applications in traffic studies and traffic forecasting, Level of service- Concept, applications and significance.

L1,L2,L3,L4,L5

Module-3

Traffic Design and Visual Aids: Intersection Design- channelization, Rotary intersection design, Signal design, Coordination of signals, Grade separation, Traffic signs including VMS and road markings, Significant roles of traffic control personnel, Networking pedestrian facilities & cycle tracks

L1,L2,L3,L4

Module-4

Traffic Safety and Environment: Road accidents, Causes, effect, prevention, and cost, Street lighting, Traffic and environment hazards, Air and Noise Pollution, causes, abatement measures, Promotion and integration of public transportation, Promotion of non-motorized transport.

L1,L2,L3

Module-5

Traffic Management: Area Traffic Management System, Traffic System Management (TSM) with IRC standards, Traffic Regulatory Measures, Travel Demand Management (TDM), Direct and indirect methods, Congestion and parking pricing, All segregation methods- Coordination among different agencies, Intelligent Transport System for traffic management, enforcement and education.

L1,L2,L3,L4

Course outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:

1. Understand the human factors and vehicular factors in traffic engineering design.
2. Conduct different types of traffic surveys and analysis of collected data using statistical concepts.
3. Use an appropriate traffic flow theory and to comprehend the capacity & signalized intersection analysis.
4. Understand the basic knowledge of Intelligent Transportation System.

Text Books:

1. Kadiyali.L.R. “Traffic Engineering and Transport Planning ”, Khanna Publishers, Delhi, 2013
2. S K Khanna and CEG Justo and A Veeraragavan, “Highway Engineering”, Nem Chand and Bros.
3. Indian Roads Congress (IRC) Specifications: Guidelines and Special Publications on Traffic Planning and Management
4. Salter. R.I and Hounsell N.B, “Highway Traffic Analysis and design”, Macmillan Press Ltd.1996.

Reference Books:

1. Fred L. Mannering, Scott S. Washburn and Walter P. Kilareski, Principles of Highway Engineering and Traffic Analysis, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2011
2. Garber and Hoel, “Principles of Traffic and Highway Engineering”, CENGAGE Learning, New Delhi, 2010
3. SP:43-1994, IRC Specification, “Guidelines on Low-cost Traffic Management Techniques” for Urban Areas, 1994
4. John E Tyworth, “Traffic Management Planning, Operations and control”, Addison Wesly Publishing Company, 1996
1. Hobbs.F.D. “Traffic Planning and Engineering”, University of Brimingham, Peragamon Press Ltd, 2005

TITLE OF THE COURSE: OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY

B.E., VI Semester, Civil Engineering

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

Course Code	**18CV653**	**CIE Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**03**	**SEE Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**40 (8 Hours per Module)**	**Exam Hours**	**03**

Credits – 03

Course Objectives: This course will enable students to

1. Gain an historical, economic, and organizational perspective of occupational safety and health;
2. Investigate current occupational safety and health problems and solutions.
3. Identify the forces that influence occupational safety and health.
4. Demonstrate the knowledge and skills needed to identify workplace problems and safe work practice

Module-1

Occupational Hazard and Control Principles: Safety, History and development, National Safety Policy. Occupational safety and Health Act (OSHA), Occupational Health and Safety administration - Laws governing OSHA and right to know. Accident – causation, investigation, investigation plan, Methods of acquiring accident facts, Supervisory role in accident investigation

L1,L2,L3

Module-2

Ergonomics at Work Place: Ergonomics Task analysis, Preventing Ergonomic Hazards, Work space Envelops, Visual Ergonomics, Ergonomic Standards, Ergonomic Programs. Hazard cognition and Analysis, Human Error Analysis – Fault Tree Analysis – Emergency Response - Decision for action – purpose and considerations

L2,L3,L4,L5

Module-3

Fire Prevention and Protection: Fire Triangle, Fire Development and its severity, Effect of Enclosures, early detection of Fire, Classification of fire and Fire Extinguishers.
Electrical Safety, Product Safety: Technical Requirements of Product safety.

L2,L3,L4,L5

Module-4

Health Considerations at Work Place: types of diseases and their spread, Health Emergency. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) – types and advantages, effects of exposure and treatment for engineering industries, municipal solid waste. Environment management plans (EMP) for safety and sustainability

L2,L3,L4,L5

Module-5

Occupational Health and Safety Considerations: Water and wastewater treatment

plants, Handling of chemical and safety measures in water and wastewater treatment plants and labs, Construction material manufacturing industries like cement plants, RMC Plants, precast plants and construction sites. Policies, roles and responsibilities of workers, managers and supervisors

L3,L4,L5,L6

Course outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:

1. Identify hazards in the workplace that pose a danger or threat to their safety or health, or that of others.
2. Control unsafe or unhealthy hazards and propose methods to eliminate the hazard.
3. Present a coherent analysis of a potential safety or health hazard both verbally and in writing, citing the occupational Health and Safety Regulations as well as supported legislation.
4. Discuss the role of health and safety in the workplace pertaining to the responsibilities of workers, managers, supervisors.
5. Identify the decisions required to maintain protection of the environment, workplace as well as personal health and safety.

Text Books:

1. Goetsch D.L., (1999), "Occupational Safety and Health for Technologists, Engineers and Managers", Prentice Hall.
2. Heinrich H.W., (2007), "Industrial Accident Prevent ion - A Scientific Approach", McGraw-Hill Book Company National Safety Council and Associate (Data) Publishers Pvt. Ltd., (1991),
3. "Industrial Safety and Pollution Control Handbook

Reference Books:

1. Colling D.A., (1990), "Industrial Safety Management and Technology", Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
2. Della D.E., and Giustina, (1996), "Safety and Environmental Management", Van Nostrand Reinhold International Thomson Publishing Inc.

TITLE OF THE COURSE: SUSTAINABILITY CONCEPTS IN ENGINEERING

B.E., V Semester, Civil Engineering

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

Course Code	**18CV654**	**CIE Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**03**	**SEE Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**40 (8 Hours per Module)**	**Exam Hours**	**03**

Credits – 03

Course Objectives: This course will enable students to

1. Learn about the principles, indicators and general concept of sustainability.
2. Apprehend the local, regional and global impacts of unsustainable designs, products and processes.
3. Student shall be able to apply the sustainability concepts in engineering
4. Know built environment frameworks and their use
5. Understand how building and design is judged and valued by clients and stakeholders and how to implement sustainability.

Module-1

Introduction: Sustainability - Introduction, Need and concept of sustainability, Social-environmental and economic sustainability concepts. Sustainable development, Nexus between Technology and Sustainable development, Challenges for Sustainable Development. Multilateral environmental agreements and Protocols - Clean Development Mechanism (CDM), Environmental legislations in India - Water Act, Air Act

L1,L2,L3

Module-2

Global Environmental Issue: Resource degradation, Climate change, Regional and Local Environmental Issues. Carbon credits and carbon trading, carbon foot print Carbon sequestration – Carbon capture and storage (CCS). Environmental management standards, ISO 14000 series, Life Cycle Analysis (LCA) - Scope and Goal, Bio-mimicking

L1,L2,L3

Module-3

Sustainable Design: Basic concepts of sustainable habitat, Green buildings, green materials for building construction, material selection for sustainable design, green building certification- GRIHA & IGBC Certification for buildings, Energy efficient building design- Passive solar design technique, Thermal storage, Cooling strategies, high performance insulation. Sustainable cities, Sustainable transport.

L1,L2,L3,L4

Module-4

Clean Technology and Energy: Energy sources: Basic concepts-Conventional and non-conventional, solar energy, Fuel cells, Wind energy, Small hydro plants, bio-fuels, Energy derived from oceans, Geothermal energy. Rainwater harvesting.

L1,L2,L3

Module-5

Green Engineering: Green Engineering concepts, Sustainable Urbanization, industrialization and poverty reduction; Social and technological change, Industrial Processes: Material selection, Pollution Prevention, Industrial Ecology, Industrial symbiosis

L1,L2,L3

Course outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:

1. Learn the sustainability concepts; understand the role and responsibility of engineers in sustainable development.
2. Quantify sustainability, and resource availability, Rationalize the sustainability based on scientific merits.
3. Understand and apply sustainability concepts in construction practices, designs, product developments and processes across various engineering disciplines.
5. Make a decision in applying green engineering concepts and become a lifelong advocate of sustainability in society.

Text Books:

1. Allen, D. T. and Shonnard, D. R., Sustainability Engineering: Concepts, Design and Case Studies, Prentice Hall.
2. Bradley. A.S; Adebayo,A.O., Maria, P. Engineering applications in sustainable design and development, Cengage learning

Reference Books:

1. Mackenthun, K.M., Basic Concepts in Environmental Management, Lewis Publication
2. ECBC Code 2007, Bureau of Energy Efficiency, New Delhi Bureau of Energy Efficiency Publications-Rating System, TERI Publications - GRIHA Rating System
3. Ni bin Chang, Systems Analysis for Sustainable Engineering: Theory and Applications, McGraw-Hill Professional.
4. Twidell, J. W. and Weir, A. D., Renewable Energy Resources, English Language Book Society (ELBS).
5. Malcolm Dowden, Climate Change and Sustainable Development: Law, Policy and Practice
6. Daniel A. Vallero and Chris Brasier, " Sustainable Design: The Science of Sustainability and Green Engineering", Wiley-Blackwell
7. Sustainable Engineering Practice: An Introduction, Committee on Sustainability, American Society of Civil Engineers

Course Title: SOFTWARE APPLICATION LAB

As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

SEMESTER:VI

Subject Code	**18CVL66**	**IA Marks**	**40**
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	**1I+2P**	**Exam Marks**	**60**
Total Number of Lecture Hours	**40**	**Exam Hours**	**03**
CREDITS –02		**Total Marks- 100**	

Course objectives: This course will enable students to

1. Use industry standard software in a professional set up.
2. understand the elements of finite element modeling, specification of loads and boundary condition, performing analysis and interpretation of results for final design
3. Develop customized automation tools

Module -1

Use of civil engineering softwares:

Use of softwares for:

1. Analysis of plane trusses, continuous beams, portal frames
2. 3D analysis of multistoried frame structures

L1,L2,L3

Module -2

1. **Project Management- Exercise on Project planning and scheduling of a building project using any project management software:**

a. Understanding basic features of Project management software
b. Constructing Project: create WBS, Activities, and tasks and Computation Time using Excel spread sheet and transferring the same to Project management software.
c. Identification of Predecessor and Successor activities with constrain
d. Constructing Network diagram (AON Diagram) and analyzing for Critical path, Critical activities and Other non Critical paths, Project duration, Floats.
e. Study on various View options available
f. Basic understanding about Resource Creation and allocation
g. Understanding about Splitting the activity, Linking multiple activity, assigning Constrains, Merging Multiple projects, Creating Baseline Project

(9hrs)

1. GIS applications using open source software:

a. To create shape files for point, line and polygon features with a map as reference.
b. To create decision maps for specific purpose. (3hrs)

L1,L2,L3

Module -3

Use of EXCEL spread sheets:

Design of singly reinforced and doubly reinforced rectangular beams, design of one way and two way slabs, computation of earthwork, Design of horizontal curve by offset method, Design of super elevation

L1,L2,L3

Course Outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:

use software skills in a professional set up to automate the work and thereby reduce cycle time for completion of the work

Program Objectives:

- Engineering knowledge
- Problem analysis
- Interpretation of data

Question paper pattern:

- The question paper will have 3 modules comprising of 6 questions.
- There will be two full questions (with a maximum of three subdivisions, if necessary) from each module.
- Each full question shall cover the topics as a module
- Module-1: 40 Marks, Module-2: 20 Marks, Module-3: 20 Marks
- The students shall answer three full questions, selecting one full question from each module. If more than one question is answered in modules, best answer will be considered for the award of marks limiting one full question answer in each

module.
Reference Books: Training manuals and User manuals and Relevant course reference books