VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELGAUM CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) CIVIL ENGINEERING BOARD BE-CBCS SYLLABUS 2017-18 Scheme

TITLE OF THE COURSE: Analysis of Determinate Structures B.E., IV Semester, Civil Engineering [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

		1	
Course Code	17 CV42	CIE Marks	40
Number of	04	SEE Marks	60
Lecture			
Hours/Week			
Total Number of	50 (10 Hours per Module)	Exam Hours	03
Lecture Hours			

Credits - 04

Course Objectives: This course will enable students to

- 1. Apply knowledge of mathematics and engineering in calculating slope and deflections
- 2. Identify, formulate and solve engineering problems
- 3. Analyse structural systems and interpret data
- 4. Engage in lifelong learning with the advances in Structural Engineering

Module-1

Introduction and Analysis of Plane Trusses: Structural forms, Conditions of equilibrium, Compatibility conditions, Degree of freedom, Linear and non linear analysis, Static and kinematic indeterminacies of structural systems, Types of trusses, Assumptions in analysis, Analysis of determinate trusses by method of joints and method of sections.

L2.L4.L5

Module-2

Deflection of Beams: Definition of slope, Deflection and curvature, Sign conventions, Derivation of moment-curvature equation. Double integration method and Macaulay's method: Slope and deflection for standard loading cases and for determinate prismatic beams subjected to point loads, UDL, UVL and couple.

Moment area method: Derivation, Mohr's theorems, Sign conventions, Application of moment area method for determinate prismatic beams, Beams of varying section, Use of moment diagram by parts.

Conjugate beam method: Real beam and conjugate beam, conjugate beam theorems, Application of conjugate beam method of determinate beams of variable cross sections.

L2,L4,L5

Module-3

Energy Principles and Energy Theorems: Principle of virtual displacements, Principle of virtual forces, Strain energy and complimentary energy, Strain energy due to axial force, bending, shear and torsion, Deflection of determinate beams and trusses using total strain energy, Deflection at the

point of application of single load, Castigliano's theorems and its application to estimate the deflections of trusses, bent frames, Special applications-Dummy unit

load method.

L2,L4,L5

Module-4

Arches and Cable Structures: Three hinged parabolic arches with supports at the same and different levels. Determination of normal thrust, radial shear and bending moment. Analysis of cables under point loads and UDL. Length of cables for supports at same and at different levels- Stiffening trusses for suspension cables.

L2, L4, L5

Module-5

Influence Lines and Moving Loads: Concepts of influence lines-ILD for reactions, SF and BM for determinate beams-ILD for axial forces in determinate trusses-Reactions, BM and SF in determinate beams using rolling loads concepts.

L2, L4, L6

Course outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Evaluate the forces in determinate trusses by method of joints and sections.
- 2. Evaluate the deflection of cantilever, simply supported and overhanging beams by different methods
- 3. Understand the energy principles and energy theorems and its applications to determine the deflections of trusses and bent frames.
- 4. Determine the stress resultants in arches and cables.
- 5. Understand the concept of influence lines and construct the ILD diagram for the moving loads.

Text Books:

- 1. Reddy C S, Basic Structural Analysis, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 2. Muthu K U. etal, Basic Structural Analysis, 2nd edition, IK International Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2015.
- 3. Bhavikatti, Structual Analysis, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2002.

- 1. Hibbeler R C, Structural Analysis, Prentice Hall, 9th edition, 2014
- 2. Devadoss Menon, Structural Analysis, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2008.
- 3. Prakash Rao D S, Structural Analysis, University Press Pvt. Ltd, 2007.

TITLE OF THE COURSE: Applied Hydraulics B.E., IV Semester, Civil Engineering [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

Course Code	17 CV43	CIE Marks	40
Number of	04	SEE Marks	60
Lecture			
Hours/Week			
Total Number of	50 (10 Hours per Module)	Exam Hours	03
Lecture Hours			

Credits - 04

Course Objectives: The objectives of this course is to make students to learn:

- 1. Principles of dimensional analysis to design hydraulic models and Design of various models.
- 2. Design the open channels of various cross sections including design of economical sections.
- 3. Energy concepts of fluid in open channel, Energy dissipation, Water surface profiles at different conditions.
- 4. The working principles of the hydraulic machines for the given data and analyzing the performance of Turbines for various design data.

Module-1

Dimensional analysis: Dimensional analysis and similitude: Dimensional homogeneity, Non Dimensional parameter, Rayleigh methods and Buckingham ð theorem, dimensional analysis, choice of variables, examples on various applications. **Model analysis:** Model analysis, similitude, types of similarities, force ratios, similarity laws, model classification, Reynolds model, Froude's model, Euler's Model, Webber's model, Mach model, scale effects, Distorted models. Numerical problems on Reynold's, and Froude's Model

Buoyancy and Flotation: Buoyancy, Force and Centre of Buoyancy, Metacentre and Metacentric height, Stability of submerged and floating bodies, Determination of Metacentric height, Experimental and theoretical method, Numerical problems

L1, L2, L3, L4

Module-2

Open Channel Flow Hydraulics:

Uniform Flow: Introduction, Classification of flow through channels, Chezy's and Manning's equation for flow through open channel, Most economical channel sections, Uniform flow through Open channels, Numerical Problems. Specific Energy and Specific energy curve, Critical flow and

corresponding critical parameters, Metering flumes, Numerical Problems

L3,L4

Module-3

Non-Uniform Flow: Hydraulic Jump, Expressions for conjugate depths and Energy loss, Numerical Problems Gradually varied flow, Equation, Back water curve and afflux, Description of water curves or profiles, Mild, steep, critical, horizontal and adverse slope profiles, Numerical problems, Control sections

L2,L3,L4

Module-4

Hydraulic Machines:

Introduction, Impulse-Momentum equation. Direct impact of ajet on a stationary and moving curved vanes, Introduction to concept of velocity triangles, impact of jet on a series of curved vanes- Problems

Turbines – Impulse Turbines: Introduction to turbines, General lay out of a hydroelectric plant, Heads and Efficiencies, classification of turbines. Pelton wheel-components, working principle and velocity triangles. Maximum power, efficiency, working proportions – Numerical problems

L1, L2, L3,L4

Module-5

Reaction Turbines and Pumps: Radial flow reaction turbines: (i) Francis turbine-Descriptions, working proportions and design, Numerical problems. (ii) Kaplan turbine-Descriptions, working proportions and design, Numerical problems. Draft tube theory and unit quantities. (No problems)

Centrifugal pumps: Components and Working of centrifugal pumps, Types of centrifugal pumps, Work done by the impeller, Heads and Efficiencies, Minimum starting speed of centrifugal pump, Numerical problems, Multi-stage pumps.

L1,L2, L3,L4

Course outcomes:

After a successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply dimensional analysis to develop mathematical modeling and compute the parametric values in prototype by analyzing the corresponding model parameters
- 2. Design the open channels of various cross sections including economical channel sections
- 3. Apply Energy concepts to flow in open channel sections, Calculate Energy dissipation,
- 4. Compute water surface profiles at different conditions
- 5. Design turbines for the given data, and to know their operation characteristics under different operating conditions

Text Books:

- 1. P N Modi and S M Seth, "Hydraulics and Fluid Mechan ics, including Hydraulic Machines", 20th edition, 2015, Standard Book House, New Delhi
- 2. R.K. Bansal, "A Text book of Fluid Mechanics and Hy draulic Machines", Laxmi Publications, New Delhi
- 3. S K SOM and G Biswas, "Introduction to Fluid Mechan ics and Fluid Machines", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 1. K Subramanya, "Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machin es", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.
- 2. Mohd. Kaleem Khan, "Fluid Mechanics and Machinery", Oxford University Press
- 3. C.S.P. Ojha, R. Berndtsson, and P.N. Chandramouli, *"Fluid Mechanics and Machinery"*, Oxford University Publication 2010
- 4. J.B. Evett, and C. Liu, *"Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulics"*, McGraw-Hill Book Company.-2009.

TITLE OF THE COURSE: Concrete Technology B.E., IV Semester, Civil Engineering [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

Course Code	17 CV44	CIE Marks	40
Number of	04	SEE Marks	60
Lecture			
Hours/Week			
Total Number of	50 (10 Hours per Module)	Exam Hours	03
Lecture Hours			

Credits - 04

Course objectives: This course will enable students to:

- 1. Recognize the importance of material characteristics and their contributions to strength development in Concrete
- 2. Proportion ingredients of Concrete to arrive at most desirable mechanical properties of Concrete.
- 3. Ascertain and measure engineering properties of concrete in fresh and hardened state which meet the requirement of real time structures.

Module-1

Concrete Ingredients

Cement – Cement manufacturing process, steps to reduce carbon footprint, chemical composition and their importance, hydration of cement, types of cement. Testing of cement. Fine aggregate: Functions, requirement, Alternatives to River sand, M-sand introduction and manufacturing. Coarse aggregate: Importance of size, shape and texture. Grading and blending of aggregate. Testing on aggregate, requirement. Recycled aggregates Water – qualities of water. Chemical admixtures – plasticizers, accelerators, retarders and air entraining agents. Mineral admixtures – Pozzolanic and cementitious materials, Fly ash, GGBS, silica fumes, Metakaolin and rice husk ash.

L1, L2, L3

Module-2

Fresh Concrete

Workability-factors affecting workability. Measurement of workability-slump, Compaction factor and Vee-Bee Consistometer tests, flow tests. Segregation and bleeding. Process of manufacturing of concrete- Batching, Mixing, Transporting, Placing and Compaction. Curing – Methods of curing – Water curing, membrane curing, steam curing, accelerated curing, self- curing. Good and Bad practices of making and using fresh concrete and Effect of heat of hydration during mass concreting at project sites.

L1, L2, L3

Module-3

Hardened Concrete Factors influencing strength, W/C ratio, gel/space ratio, Maturity concept, Testing of hardened concrete, Creep –facto rs affecting creep. Shrinkage of concrete – plastic shrinking and drying shrinkage, Factors affecting shrinkage. Definition and significance of durability. Internal and external factors influencing durability, Mechanisms- Sulphate attack – chloride attack, carbonation, freezing and thawing. Corrosion, Durability requirements as per

IS-456, In situ testing of concrete- Penetration and pull out test, rebound hammer test, ultrasonic pulse velocity, core extraction – Principal, applications and limitations.

L1, L2, L3

Module-4

Concrete Mix Proportioning

Concept of Mix Design with and without admixtures, variables in proportioning and Exposure conditions, Selection criteria of ingredients used for mix design, Procedure of mix proportioning. Numerical Examples of Mix Proportioning using IS-10262

L1, L2, L3, L4

Module-5

Special Concretes

RMC- manufacture and requirement as per QCI-RMCPCS, properties, advantages and disadvantages. Self-Compacting concrete- concept, materials, tests, properties, application and typical mix Fiber reinforced concrete - Fibers types, properties, application of FRC. Light weight concrete-material properties and types. Typical light weight concrete mix and aplications

L1, L2, L3 L4

Course outcomes:

After studying this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Relate material characteristics and their influence on microstructure of concrete.
- **2.** Distinguish concrete behaviour based on its fresh and hardened properties.
- **3.** Illustrate proportioning of different types of concrete mixes for required fresh and hardened properties using professional codes.

Text Books:

- 1. Neville A.M. "Properties of Concrete"-4th Ed., Long man.
- 2. M.S. Shetty, Concrete Technology Theory and Practice Published by S. Chand and Company, New Delhi.
- 3. Kumar Mehta. P and Paulo J.M. Monteiro "Concrete-Mi crostructure, Property and Materials", 4th Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 201 4
- 4. A.R. Santha Kumar, "Concrete Technology", Oxford Un iversity Press, New Delhi (New Edition)
- 1. M L Gambir, "Concrete Technology", McGraw Hill Educ ation, 2014.
- 2. N. V. Nayak, A. K. Jain Handbook on Advanced Concrete Technology, ISBN: 978-81-8487-186-9
- 3. Job Thomas, "Concrete Technology", CENGAGE Learning , 2015
- 4. IS 4926 (2003): Code of Practice Ready-Mixed Concrete [CED 2: Cement and Concrete]Criteria for RMC Production Control, Basic Level Certification for Production Control of Ready Mixed Concrete-BMTPC
- 5. Specification and Guidelines for Self-Compacting Concrete, EFNARC, Association House

TITLE OF THE COURSE: Basic Geotechnical Engineering B.E., IV Semester, Civil Engineering [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

Course Code	17 CV45	CIE Marks	40
Number of	04	SEE Marks	60
Lecture			
Hours/Week			
Total Number of	50 (10 Hours per Module)	Exam Hours	03
Lecture Hours			

Credits - 04

Course Objectives: This course will enable students

- 1. To appreciate basic concepts of soil mechanics as an integral part in the knowledge of civil engineering. Also to become familiar broadly with geotechnical engineering problems such as, foundation engineering, flow of water through soil medium and terminologies associated with geotechnical engineering.
- 2. To know the basic engineering properties and the mechanical behaviour of different types of soil. This includes strength-deformation characteristics under shearing stresses. Also consolidation properties of clayey soils.
- 3. To determine the improvement in mechanical behaviour by densification of soil deposits using compaction.
- 4. To know how the properties of soils that can be measured in the lab

Module-1

Introduction:

Introduction, origin and formation of soil, Phase Diagram, phase relationships, definitions and their inter relationships. Determination of Index properties-Specific gravity, water content, in-situ density and particle size analysis (sieve and sedimentation analysis) Atterberg's Limits, consistency indices, relative density, activity of clay, Plasticity chart, unified and BIS soil classification.

L1, L2

Module-2

Soil Structure and Clay Mineralogy

Single grained, honey combed, flocculent and dispersed structures, Valence bonds, Soil-Water system, Electrical diffuse double layer, adsorbed water, base-exchange capacity, Isomorphous substitution. Common clay minerals in soil and their structures- Kaolinite, Illite and ontmorillonite and their application in Engineering **Compaction of Soils:** Definition, Principle of compaction, Standard and Modified proctor's compaction tests, factors affecting compaction, effect of compaction on soil properties, Field compaction control - compactive effort & method of compaction, lift thickness and number of passes, Proctor's needle, Compacting equipments and their suitability.

L1, L2

Module-3

Flow through Soils:

Darcy's law- assumption and validity, coefficient of permeability and its determination (laboratory and field), factors affecting permeability, permeability of stratified soils, Seepage velocity,

superficial velocity and coefficient of percolation, Capillary Phenomena

Seepage Analysis: Laplace equation, assumptions, limitations and its derivation. Flow nets- characteristics and applications. Flow nets for sheet piles a nd below the dam section.

Unconfined flow, phreatic line (Casagrande's method –with and without toe filter), flow through dams, design of dam filters.

Effective Stress Analysis: Geostatic stresses, Effective stress concept-total stress, effective

stress and Neutral stress and impact of the effective stress in construction of structures, quick sand phenomena

L1, L2, L3

Module-4

Consolidation of Soil:

Definition, Mass-spring analogy, Terzaghi's one dimensional consolidation theory - assumption and limitations. Derivation of Governing differential Equation Preconsolidation pressure and its determination by Casagrande's method. Over consolidation ratio, normally consolidated, under

consolidated and over consolidated soils. Consolidation characteristics of soil (Cc, av, mv and Cv. Laboratory one dimensional consolidation test, characteristics of e-log(o) curve, Determination of consolidation characteristics of soils compression index and coefficient of consolidation (square root of time fitting method, logarithmic time fitting method). Primary and secondary consolidation.

L1, L2, L3,

L4Module-5

Shear Strength of Soil:

Concept of shear strength, Mohr–Coulomb Failure Criterion, Modified Mohr–Coulomb Criterion

Concept of pore pressure, Total and effective shear strength parameters, factors affecting shear strength of soils. Thixotrophy and sensitivity, Measurement of shear strength parameters - Direct shear test, unconfined compression test, triaxial compression test and field Vane shear test, Test under different drainage conditions. Total and effective stress paths.

L2, L3

Course outcomes:

On the completion of this course students are expected to attain the following outcomes:

- 1. Will acquire an understanding of the procedures to determine index properties of any type of soil, classify the soil based on its index properties
- 2. Will be able to determine compaction characteristics of soil and apply that knowledge to assess field compaction procedures
- 3. Will be able to determine permeability property of soils and acquires conceptual knowledge about stresses due to seepage and effective stress; Also acquire ability to estimate seepage losses across hydraulic structure
- 4. Will be able to estimate shear strength parameters of different types of soils using the data of different shear tests and comprehend Mohr-Coulomb failure theory.
- 5. Ability to solve practical problems related to estimation of consolidation settlement of soil deposits also time required for the same.

Text Books:

- 1. Gopal Ranjan and Rao A.S.R., Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics- (2000), New Age International (P) Ltd., Newe Delhi.
- 2. Punmia B C, Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering- (2012), Laxmi Pulications.
- 3. Murthy V.N.S., Principles of Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering- (1996), 4th Edition, UBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.
- 4. Braja, M. Das, Geotechnical Engineering; (2002), Fifth Edition, Thomson

Business Information India (P) Ltd., India

- 1. T.W. Lambe and R.V. Whitman, Soil Mechanics, John Wiley & Sons, 1969.
- 2. Donold P Coduto, Geotechnical Engineering- Phi Learning Private Limited, New Delhi
- 3. Shashi K. Gulathi & Manoj Datta, Geotechnical Engineering-. (2009), "Tata Mc Graw Hill.
- 4. Narasimha Rao A. V. & Venkatrahmaiah C, Numerical Problems, Examples and objective questions in Geotechnical Engineering-. (2000), Universities Press., Hyderabad.
- 5. Muni Budhu ,Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engg.- (2010), 3rd Edition, John Wiely & Sons

TITLE OF THE COURSE: Advanced Surveying B.E., IV Semester, Civil Engineering [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

Course Code	17 CV46	CIE Marks	40
Number of	04	SEE Marks	60
Lecture			
Hours/Week			
Total Number of	50 (10 Hours per Module)	Exam Hours	03
Lecture Hours			

Credits - 04

Course Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- 1. Apply geometric principles to arrive at solutions to surveying problems.
- 2. Analyze spatial data using appropriate computational and analytical techniques.
- 3. Design proper types of curves for deviating type of alignments.
- 4. Use the concepts of advanced data capturing methods necessary for engineering practice

Module-1

Curve Surveying

Curves – Necessity – Types, Simple curves, Elements, Designation of curves, Setting out simple curves by linear methods (numerical problems on offsets from long chord & chord produced method), Setting out curves by Rankines deflection angle method (numerical problems). Compound curves, Elements, Design of compound curves, Setting out of compound curves (numerical problems). Reverse curve between two parallel straights (numerical problems on Equal radius and unequal radius). Transition curves Characteristics, numerical problems on Length of Transition curve, Vertical curves – Types – (theory).

L1,L3,L5

Module-2

Geodetic Surveying and Theory of Errors

Geodetic Surveying: Principle and Classification of triangulation system, Selection of base line and

stations, Orders of triangulation, Triangulation figures, Reduction to Centre, Selection and marking of stations Theory of Errors: Introduction, types of errors, definitions, laws of accidental errors, laws of weights, theory of least squares, rules for giving weights and distribution of errors to the field observations, determination of the most probable values of quantities.

L1,L2, L3

Module-3

Introduction to Field Astronomy: Earth, celestial sphere, earth and celestial coordinate

systems, spherical triangle, astronomical triangle, Napier's rule

L4,L5

Module-4

Aerial Photogrammetry

Introduction, Uses, Aerial photographs, Definitions, Scale of vertical and tilted photograph (simple

problems), Ground Co-ordinates (simple problems), Relief Displacements (Derivation), Ground control, Procedure of aerial survey, overlaps and mosaics, Stereoscopes, Derivation Parallax

L2,L3, L5

Module-5

Modern Surveying Instruments

Introduction, Electromagnetic spectrum, Electromagnetic distance measurement, Total station,

Lidar scanners for topographical survey. Remote Sensing: Introduction, Principles of energy interaction in atmosphere and earth surface features, Image interpretation techniques, visual interpretation. Digital image processing, Global Positioning system Geographical Information System: Definition of GIS, Key Components of GIS, Functions of GIS, Spatial data, spatial information system Geospatial analysis, Integration of Remote sensing and GIS and Applications in Civil Engineering(transportation, town planning).

L2,L3, L5

Course outcomes: After a successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply the knowledge of geometric principles to arrive at surveying problems
- 2. Use modern instruments to obtain geo-spatial data and analyse the same to appropriate engineering problems.
- 3. Capture geodetic data to process and perform analysis for survey problems with the use of electronic instruments;
- 4. Design and implement the different types of curves for deviating type of alignments.

Text Books:

- 1. B.C. Punmia, "Surveying Vol.2", Laxmi Publications pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. Kanetkar T P and S V Kulkarni , Surveying and Levelling Part 2, Pune Vidyarthi Griha Prakashan,
- 3. K.R. Arora, "Surveying Vol. 1" Standard Book House, New Delhi.
- 4. Sateesh Gopi, Global Positioning System, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi

- 1. S.K. Duggal, "Surveying Vol.I & II", Tata McGraw Hi ll Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 2. R Subramanian, Surveying and Leveling, Second edition, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 3. David Clerk, Plane and Geodetic Surveying Vol1 and Vol2, CBS publishers
- 4. B Bhatia, Remote Sensing and GIS, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 5. T.M Lillesand,. R.W Kiefer,. and J.W Chipman, Remote sensing and Image interpretation , 5th edition, John Wiley and Sons India
- 6. James M Anderson and Adward M Mikhail, Surveying theory and practice, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publication.
- 7. Kang-tsung Chang, Introduction to geographic information systems, McGraw Hill Higher Education

TITLE OF THE COURSE: Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines Laboratory B.E., IV Semester, Civil Engineering [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

Course Code	17CVL47	CIE Marks	40
Number of	03=(1 Hour Instruction + 2 Hours	SEE Marks	60
Lecture	Laboratory)		
Hours/Week			
Total Number of	40	Exam Hours	03
Hours			
RBT Levels	L1, L2, L3, L4		

Credits - 02

Course Objectives: This course will enable students to;

- 1. calibrate flow measuring devices
- 2. determine the force exerted by jet of water on vanes
- 3. measure discharge and head losses in pipes
- 4. understand the fluid flow pattern

Experiments:

- 1. Verification of Bernoulli's equation
- 2. Determination of Cd for Venturimeter and Orifice meter
- 3. Determination of hydraulic coefficients of small vertical orifice
- 4. Calibration of Rectangular and Triangular notch
- 5. Calibration of Ogee and Broad crested weir
- 6. Determination of Cd for Venturiflume
- 7. Experimental determination of force exerted by a jet on flat and curved plates (Hemispherical Vane).
- 8. Experimental determination of operating characteristics of Pelton turbine
- 9. Determination of efficiency of Francis turbine
- 10. Determination of efficiency of Kaplan turbine
- 11. Determination of efficiency of centrifugal pump
- 12. Determination of Major and Minor Losses in Pipes
- 13. Demonstration Experiments:
 - a. Reynold's experiment to understand laminar and turbulent flow
 - b. Flow Visualization
- c. Calibration of Sutro-weir

Course outcomes: During the course of study students will develop understanding of:

- 1. Properties of fluids and the use of various instruments for fluid flow measurement.
- 2. Working of hydraulic machines under various conditions of working and their characteristics.
 - All experiments are to be included in the examination except demonstration exercises.
 - Candidate to perform experiment assigned to him
 - Marks are to be allotted as per the split up of marks shown on the cover page of answer script

- 1. Sarbjit Singh, Experiments in Fluid Mechanics PHI Pvt. Ltd.- New Delhi
- 2. Mohd. Kaleem Khan, "Fluid Mechanics and Machinery", Oxford University Press
- 3. Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics' Dr. P.N. Modi & Dr S.M. Seth, Standard Book House- New Delhi. 2009 Edition

Title of the Course: Engineering Geology Laboratory

BE-IV SEMESTER Civil Engineering [AsperChoiceBasedCreditSystem (CBCS) scheme]

Subject Code		17CVL48	CIE Marks	40
Number of Hours/Week	Lecture	03(1hrtutorial+2hr laboratory)	SEE Marks	50
Total Number of Hours	Lecture	40 hr	Exam Hours	03
RBT Levels	L1, L2, L	3, L4		

CREDITS-02

Course objectives: This course will enablestudents

- 1. Toidentifythemineralsandrocksbasedontheirinherentpropertiesandusesincivil engineering
- 2. To interpret the geological maps related to civilengine ering projects.
- 3. Tolearnthedipandstrike, borehole problems, thickness of geological formation related to foundation, tunnels, reservoirs and mining.
- $4. To understand\ subsurface\ geological conditions through a geophysical\ techniques\ and watershed management.$

5. To visit the civilengine ering projects like dams, reservoirs, tunnels, quarry site setc.

Modules	Teaching Hours	RevisedBloom's Taxonomy (RBT Level)
Identification of minerals as mentioned in theory, their properties, uses and manufacturing of construction materials.	6 Hours	L1, L2,L3
Identification of rocks as mentioned in theory, their engineering properties and uses in construction and decorative purposes	6 Hours	L1,L2, L3
3. Dip and Strike problems: Determination of dip and strike direction in Civil Engineering projects (Railway lines, tunnels, dams, reservoirs) –graphical or any other method.	6 Hours	L3,L4
Bore hole problems: Determination of subsurface behavior of rocks, their attitude related to foundation, tunnels, reservoirs and mining. Triangular and Square	6 Hours	L3, L4
5. Calculation of Vertical, True thickness and width of the outcrops.	3 Hours	L3,L4
6. Interpretation of Electrical resistivity curvest of ind out subsurface information such as thickness of soil, weathered zone, depth of hard rock and saturated zone	4 Hours	L3, L4
7. Interpretation of Toposheets and geological maps related to Civil Engineering Projects	9 Hours	L2,L3, L4

Course outcomes:

Duringthiscourse, students will develop expertisein;

- 1. Identifying the minerals and rocks and utilize them effectively in civil engineering practices
 - 2. Understanding and interpreting the geological conditions of the area for the implementation of civilengineering projects.
 - 3. Interpreting subsurfaceinformationsuchasthickness of soil, weathered zone, depth of hardrock and saturated zone by using geophysical methods.
 - 4. Thetechniquesofdrawingthecurvesofelectricalresistivitydataanditsinterpretationfor geotechnicalandaquiferboundaries

ProgramObjectives(asperNBA):

- oEngineeringKnowledge.
- oProblemAnalysis.
- oDesign/developmentofsolutions(partly).
- oInterpretationofdata.

Questionpaperpattern: Questionpaper should be set for 100 marks

Allareindividualexperiments

Instructions asprinted onthecoverpageofanswer scriptfor splitupofmarkstobe strictlyfollowed.

Allexercises are to be included for practical examination.

Question PaperPattern				
Qn.No.	EXPERIMENT	MARKS(100)		
1	IdentificationofMinerals bygivingtheirphysical propertiesandcivilengineeringapplications(5 minerals)	25(5 x5)		
2	Identificationofrocksbygivingtheirphysical properties, classification and their civil engineering applications (5 rocks)	25(5 x5)		
3	Dipandstrikeproblems	7		
4	Boreholeproblems(3pointmethod)	12		
5	Thicknessofstrataproblemsincluding calculation of vertical, true thickness and its width of out crop.	5		
6	Electricalresistivitycurvesdrawingandits interpretationforGeotechnicalandAquifer investigations.	7		
7	InterpretationofToposheets	6		
8	Geologicalmaps,theircrosssections and description	15		
9	Vivavoce	5		

Note:

- 1)Questionnos.1,2,4,5.7,8&9arecompulsory.
- 2) Amongquestionno. 3&6 anyone shall be given.
- 3) Internal Assessment Marks = 40: By conducing at least one test for 20 marks remaining
- a) 10 marksforrecord and b) 10 marks for field visit report submission (Engineering projects)

- $1.\ MPB illings, Structural Geology, CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi$
- $2. \ B.S. Satyanarayana Swamy, Engineering Geology \ Laboratory \ Manual\ , Dhanpat Rai Sons, New Delhi.$
- $3. \ LRAN arayan, Remote sensing and its applications, University Press.$
- $4.\ P.K. MUKERJEE, Textbook of Geology, World Press Pvt. Ltd., Kolkatta$
- $5. \ John I Platt and John Challinor, Simple Geological Structures, Thomas Murthy \& Co, London$