## B.E., III Semester, Electronics & Communication Engineering /Telecommunication Engineering

# ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-III B.E., III Semester, Common to all Branches [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) Scheme]

Course Code	17MAT31	CIE Marks	40
Number of Lecture	04	SEE Marks	60
Hours/Week			
Total Number of	50 (10 Hours per Module)	Exam Hours	03
Lecture Hours	_ ·		

#### Credits - 04

**Course Objectives:** This course will enable students to:

- Introduce most commonly used analytical and numerical methods in the different engineering fields.
- Learn Fourier series, Fourier transforms and Z-transforms, statistical methods, numerical methods.
- Solve algebraic and transcendental equations, vector integration and calculus of variations.

#### Module-1

**Fourier Series**: Periodic functions, Dirichlet's condition, Fourier Series of periodic functions with period  $2\pi$  and with arbitrary period 2c. Fourier series of even and odd functions. Half range Fourier Series, practical harmonic analysis-Illustrative examples from engineering field.

#### Module-2

**Fourier Transforms:** Infinite Fourier transforms, Fourier sine and cosine transforms. Inverse Fourier transform.

**Z-transform:** Difference equations, basic definition, z-transform-definition, Standard z-transforms, Damping rule, Shifting rule, Initial value and final value theorems (without proof) and problems, Inverse z-transform. Applications of z-transforms to solve difference equations. **L2, L3, L4** 

#### Module-3

**Statistical Methods:** Review of measures of central tendency and dispersion. Correlation-Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation-problems. Regression analysis-lines of regression (without proof) –Problems

**Curve Fitting:** Curve fitting by the method of least squares- fitting of the curves of the form, y = ax + b,  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$  and  $y = ae^{bx}$ .

**Numerical Methods:** Numerical solution of algebraic and transcendental equations by Regula- Falsi Method and Newton-Raphson method.

#### Module-4

**Finite differences**: Forward and backward differences, Newton's forward and backward interpolation formulae. Divided differences- Newton's divided difference formula. Lagrange's interpolation formula and inverse interpolation formula (all formulae without proof)-Problems

**Numerical integration:** Simpson's  $(1/3)^{th}$  and  $(3/8)^{th}$  rules, Weddle's rule (without proof) – Problems.

#### Module-5

**Vector integration:** Line integrals-definition and problems, surface and volume integrals-definition, Green's theorem in a plane, Stokes and Gauss-divergence theorem(without proof) and problems. **L3, L4** 

**Calculus of Variations:** Variation of function and Functional, variational problems. Euler's equation, Geodesics, hanging chain, Problems. **L2, L4** 

#### **Course outcomes:** On completion of this course, students are able to:

- Know the use of periodic signals and Fourier series to analyze circuits and system communications.
- Explain the general linear system theory for continuous-time signals and digital signal processing using the Fourier Transform and z-transform.
- Employ appropriate numerical methods to solve algebraic and transcendental equations.
- Apply Green's Theorem, Divergence Theorem and Stokes' theorem in various applications in the field of electro-magnetic and gravitational fields and fluid flow problems.
- Determine the extremals of functionals and solve the simple problems of the calculus of variations.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. B.S. Grewal: Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 43rd Ed., 2015.
- 2. E. Kreyszig: Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley & Sons, 10<sup>th</sup> Ed., 2015.

#### Reference Books:

- 1. N.P.Bali and Manish Goyal: A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publishers, 7<sup>th</sup> Ed., 2010.
- 2. B.V.Ramana: "Higher Engineering Mathematics" Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006.
- 3. H. K. Dass and Er. Rajnish Verma: "Higher Engineering Mathematics", S. Chand publishing, 1st edition, 2011.

#### Web Link and Video Lectures:

- 1. http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111
- 2. http://www.khanacademy.org/
- **3.** http://www.class-central.com/subject/math

#### **ADDITIONAL MATHEMATICS - I**

#### B.E., III Semester, Common to all Branches (A Bridge course for Lateral Entry students of III Sem. B. E.) [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) Scheme]

Course Code	17MATDIP31	CIE Marks	
Number of Lecture	03	SEE Marks	60
Hours/Week			
Total Number of	40 (08 Hours per Module)	Exam Hours	03
Lecture Hours			

#### Credits - 00

Course Objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Acquire basic concepts of complex trigonometry, vector algebra, differential & integral calculus and vector differentiation.
- Solve first order differential equations.

#### Module-1

**Complex Trigonometry**: Complex Numbers: Definitions & properties. Modulus and amplitude of a complex number, Argand's diagram, De-Moivre's theorem (without proof).

**Vector Algebra**: Scalar and vectors. Vectors addition and subtraction. Multiplication of vectors (Dot and Cross products). Scalar and vector triple products-simple problems. **L1** 

#### Module-2

**Differential Calculus**: Review of successive differentiation. Formulae for n<sup>th</sup> derivatives of standard functions- Liebnitz's theorem (without proof). Polar curves-angle between the radius vector and the tangent pedal equation- Problems. Maclaurin's series expansions- Illustrative examples. Partial Differentiation: Euler's theorem for homogeneous functions of two variables. Total derivatives-differentiation of composite and implicit function. Application to Jacobians.

#### Module-3

**Integral Calculus**: Statement of reduction formulae for  $sin^n x$ ,  $cos^n x$ , and  $sin^m x cos^n x$  and evaluation of these with standard limits-Examples. Double and triple integrals-Simple examples. **L1, L2** 

#### Module-4

**Vector Differentiation**: Differentiation of vector functions. Velocity and acceleration of a particle moving on a space curve. Scalar and vector point functions. Gradient, Divergence, Curl and Laplacian (Definitions only). Solenoidal and irrotational vector fields-Problems. **L1, L2** 

#### Module-5

Ordinary differential equations (ODE's): Introduction-solutions of first order and first degree differential equations: homogeneous, exact, linear differential equations of order one and equations reducible to above types.

L1, L2

**Course outcomes:** On completion of the course, students are able to:

• Understand the fundamental concepts of complex numbers and vector algebra to analyze the problems arising in related area.

- Use derivatives and partial derivatives to calculate rates of change of multivariate functions.
- Learn techniques of integration including double and triple integrals to find area, volume, mass and moment of inertia of plane and solid region.
- Analyze position, velocity and acceleration in two or three dimensions using the calculus of vector valued functions.
- Recognize and solve first-order ordinary differential equations occurring in different branches of engineering.

#### Text Book:

B.S. Grewal: Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 43<sup>rd</sup> Ed., 2015.

- 1. E. Kreyszig: Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley & Sons, 10<sup>th</sup> Ed., 2015.
- 2. N.P.Bali and Manish Goyal: Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publishers, 7<sup>th</sup> Ed., 2007.

#### **ELECTRONIC INSTRUMENTATION** SEMESTER - III (EC/TC) [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) Scheme] **Course Code** 17EC32 **CIE Marks** 40 **Number of Lecture SEE Marks** 60 03 Hours/Week **Total Number of** 40 (08 Hours per **Exam Hours** 03 **Lecture Hours** Module)

#### CREDITS - 03

**Course objectives:** This course will enable students to:

- Define and describe accuracy and precision, types of errors.
- Describe the operation of Ammeters, Voltmeters, Multimeters and develop circuits for multirange Ammeters and Voltmeters.
- Describe functional concepts and operation of various Analog and Digital measuring instruments.
- Describe basic concepts and operation of Digital Voltmeters.
- Describe and discuss functioning and types of Oscilloscopes, Signal generators, AC and DC bridges.
- Recognize and describe significance and working of different types of transducers.

#### Module- 1

**Measurement and Error:** Definitions, Accuracy, Precision, Resolution and Significant Figures, Types of Errors, Measurement error combinations. **(Text 2)** 

**Ammeters:** DC Ammeter, Multirange Ammeter, The Ayrton Shunt or Universal Shunt, Requirements of Shunt, Extending of Ammeter Ranges, RF Ammeter (Thermocouple), Limitations of Thermocouple. **(Text 1)** 

**Voltmeters and Multimeters:** Introduction, Basic Meter as a DC Voltmeter, DC Voltmeter, Multirange Voltmeter, Extending Voltmeter Ranges, Loading, AC Voltmeter using Rectifiers. True RMS Voltmeter, Multimeter. **(Text 1) L1, L2, L3** 

#### Module -2

**Digital Voltmeters:** Introduction, RAMP technique, Dual Slope Integrating Type DVM, Integrating Type DVM, Most Commonly used principles of ADC, Successive Approximations, <sup>3</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-Digit, Resolution and Sensitivity of Digital Meters, General Specifications of DVM, **(Text 1)** 

**Digital Instruments:** Introduction, Digital Multimeters, Digital Frequency Meter, Digital Measurement of Time, Universal Counter, Digital Tachometer, Digital pH Meter, Digital Phase Meter, Digital Capacitance Meter, **(Text 1)**L1, L2,L3

#### Module -3

**Oscilloscopes:** Introduction, Basic principles, CRT features, Block diagram of Oscilloscope, Simple CRO, Vertical Amplifier, Horizontal Deflecting System, Sweep or Time Base Generator, Measurement of Frequency by Lissajous Method, Digital Storage Oscilloscope. **(Text 1)** 

**Signal Generators:** Introduction, Fixed and Variable AF Oscillator, Standard Signal Generator, Laboratory Type Signal Generator, AF sine and Square Wave Generator, Function Generator, **(Text 1) L1, L2** 

#### Module -4

**Measuring Instruments:** Field Strength Meter, Stroboscope, Phase Meter, Q Meter, Megger. (Text 1)

**Bridges:** Introduction, Wheatstone's bridge, Kelvin's Bridge; AC bridges, Capacitance Comparison Bridge, Inductance Comparison Bridge, Maxwell's bridge, Wien's bridge. **(Text 1) L1, L2, L3** 

#### Module -5

**Transducers:** Introduction, Electrical transducers, Selecting a transducer, Resistive transducer, Resistive position transducer, Strain gauges, Resistance thermometer, Thermistor, Inductive transducer, - LVDT, Piezoelectric transducer, Photo cell, Photo voltaic cell, Semiconductor photo diode and transistor. **(Text 1) L1, L2, L3** 

**Course Outcomes:** After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Describe instrument measurement errors and calculate them.
- Describe the operation of Ammeters, Voltmeters, Multimeters and develop circuits for multirange Ammeters and Voltmeters.
- Describe functional concepts and operation of Digital voltmeters and instruments to measure voltage, frequency, time period, phase difference of signals, rotation speed, capacitance and pH of solutions.
- Describe functional concepts and operation of various Analog measuring instruments to measure field Strength, impedance, stroboscopic speed, in/out of phase, Q of coils, insulation resistance.
- Describe and discuss functioning and types of Oscilloscopes, Signal generators and Transducers.
- Utilize AC and DC bridges for passive component and frequency measurements.

#### Text Books:

- **1.** H. S. Kalsi, "Electronic Instrumentation", McGraw Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2012, ISBN:9780070702066.
- **2.** David A. Bell, "Electronic Instrumentation & Measurements", Oxford University Press PHI 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2006, ISBN 81-203-2360-2.

- 1. A. D. Helfrick and W.D. Cooper, "Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measuring Techniques", Pearson, 1st Edition, 2015, ISBN:9789332556065.
- 2. A. K. Sawhney, "Electronics and Electrical Measurements", Dhanpat Rai & Sons. ISBN -81-7700-016-0

#### ANALOG ELECTRONICS SEMESTER - III (EC/TC) [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) Scheme] **Course Code** 17EC33 **CIE Marks** 40 Number of 04 SEE Marks 60 Lecture Hours/Week **Total Number of** 50 (10 Hours per Module) Exam Hours 03 **Lecture Hours**

#### CREDITS - 04

Course objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Explain various BJT parameters, connections and configurations.
- Explain BJT Amplifier, Hybrid Equivalent and Hybrid Models.
- Explain construction and characteristics of JFETs and MOSFETs.
- Explain various types of FET biasing, and demonstrate the use of FET amplifiers.
- Construct frequency response of BJT and FET amplifiers at various frequencies.
- Analyze Power amplifier circuits in different modes of operation.
- · Construct Feedback and Oscillator circuits using FET.

#### Module -1

**BJT AC Analysis:** BJT Transistor Modeling, The re transistor model, Common emitter fixed bias, Voltage divider bias, Emitter follower configuration. Darlington connection-DC bias; The Hybrid equivalent model, Approximate Hybrid Equivalent Circuit- Fixed bias, Voltage divider, Emitter follower configuration; Complete Hybrid equivalent model, Hybrid π Model. **L1, L2,L3** 

#### Module -2

**Field Effect Transistors:** Construction and Characteristics of JFETs, Transfer Characteristics, Depletion type MOSFET, Enhancement type MOSFET.

**FET Amplifiers:** JFET small signal model, Fixed bias configuration, Self bias configuration, Voltage divider configuration, Common Gate configuration. Source-Follower Configuration, Cascade configuration. **L1, L2, L3** 

#### Module -3

**BJT and JFET Frequency Response:** Logarithms, Decibels, Low frequency response – BJT Amplifier with RL, Low frequency response-FET Amplifier, Miller effect capacitance, High frequency response – BJT Amplifier, High frequency response-FET Amplifier, Multistage Frequency Effects. **L1, L2, L3** 

#### Module -4

**Feedback and Oscillator Circuits:** Feedback concepts, Feedback connection types, Practical feedback circuits, Oscillator operation, FET Phase shift oscillator, Wien bridge oscillator, Tuned Oscillator circuit, Crystal oscillator, UJT construction, UJT Oscillator. **L1,L2, L3** 

#### Module -5

**Power Amplifiers:** Definition and amplifier types, Series fed class A amplifier, Transformer coupled class A amplifier, Class B amplifier operation and circuits, Amplifier distortion, Class C and Class D amplifiers.

**Voltage Regulators:** Discrete transistor voltage regulation - Series and Shunt Voltage regulators. **L1, L2, L3** 

**Course Outcomes:** After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Describe the working principle and characteristics of BJT, FET, Single stage, cascaded and feedback amplifiers.
- Describe the Phase shift, Wien bridge, tuned and crystal oscillators using BJT/FET/UJT.
- Calculate the AC gain and impedance for BJT using re and h parameters models for CE and CC configuration.
- Determine the performance characteristics and parameters of BJT and FET amplifier using small signal model.
- Determine the parameters which affect the low frequency and high frequency responses of BJT and FET amplifiers and draw the characteristics.
- Evaluate the efficiency of Class A and Class B power amplifiers and voltage regulators.

#### Text Book:

Robert L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, "Electronics devices and Circuit theory", Pearson, 10<sup>th</sup>/11th Edition, 2012, ISBN:978-81-317-6459-6.

- 1. Adel S. Sedra and Kenneth C. Smith, "Micro Electronic Circuits Theory and Application", 5th Edition ISBN:0198062257
- 2. Fundamentals of Microelectronics, Behzad Razavi, John Weily ISBN 2013 978-81-265-2307-8
- 3. J.Millman & C.C.Halkias—Integrated Electronics, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2010, TMH. ISBN 0-07-462245-5
- **4.** K. A. Navas, "Electronics Lab Manual", Volume I, PHI, 5th Edition, 2015, ISBN:9788120351424.

#### **DIGITAL ELECTRONICS** SEMESTER - III (EC/TC) [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) Scheme] 17EC34 **CIE Marks Course Code** 40 04 **SEE Marks** 60 **Number of Lecture** Hours/Week **Total Number of** 50 (10 Hours per Module) **Exam Hours** 03 **Lecture Hours**

#### **CREDITS - 04**

Course objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Illustrate simplification of Algebraic equations using Karnaugh Maps and Quine-McClusky Techniques.
- Design combinational logic circuits.
- Design Decoders, Encoders, Digital Multiplexer, Adders, Subtractors and Binary Comparators.
- Describe Latches and Flip-flops, Registers and Counters.
- Analyze Mealy and Moore Models.
- Develop state diagrams Synchronous Sequential Circuits.

#### Module - 1

**Principles of combination logic**: Definition of combinational logic, canonical forms, Generation of switching equations from truth tables, Karnaugh maps-3,4,5 variables, Incompletely specified functions (Don't care terms) Simplifying Max term equations, Quine-McCluskey minimization technique, Quine-McCluskey using don't care terms, Reduced prime implicants Tables (Text 1, Chapter 3).

L1, L2, L3

#### Module -2

**Analysis and design of combinational logic:** General approach to combinational logic design, Decoders, BCD decoders, Encoders, digital multiplexers, Using multiplexers as Boolean function generators, Adders and subtractors, Cascading full adders, Look ahead carry, Binary comparators (Text 1, Chapter 4). **L1, L2, L3** 

#### Module -3

**Flip-Flops:** Basic Bistable elements, Latches, Timing considerations, The master-slave flip-flops (pulse-triggered flip-flops): SR flip-flops, JK flip-flops, Edge triggered flip-flops, Characteristic equations. (Text 2, Chapter 6) **L1, L2** 

#### Module -4

Simple Flip-Flops Applications: Registers, binary ripple counters, synchronous binary counters, Counters based on shift registers, Design of a synchronous counters, Design of a synchronous mod-n counter using clocked T, JK, D and SR flip-flops. (Text 2, Chapter 6)

L1,L2, L3

#### Module -5

**Sequential Circuit Design:** Mealy and Moore models, State machine notation, Synchronous Sequential circuit analysis, Construction of state diagrams, counter design. (Text 1, Chapter 6)

L1, L2, L3

**Course Outcomes:** After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Develop simplified switching equation using Karnaugh Maps and Quine-McClusky techniques.
- Explain the operation of decoders, encoders, multiplexers, demultiplexers, adders, subtractors and comparators.
- Explain the working of Latches and Flip Flops (SR,D,T and JK).
- Design Synchronous/Asynchronous Counters and Shift registers using Flip Flops.
- Develop Mealy/Moore Models and state diagrams for the given clocked sequential circuits.
- Apply the knowledge gained in the design of Counters and Registers.

#### **Text Books:**

- **1.** Digital Logic Applications and Design, John M Yarbrough, Thomson Learning, 2001. ISBN 981-240-062-1.
- **2.** Donald D. Givone, "Digital Principles and Design", McGraw Hill, 2002. ISBN 978-0-07-052906-9.

- 1. D. P. Kothari and J. S Dhillon, "Digital Circuits and Design", Pearson, 2016, ISBN:9789332543539.
- 2. Morris Mano, "Digital Design", Prentice Hall of India, Third Edition.
- 3. Charles H Roth, Jr., "Fundamentals of logic design", Cengage Learning.
- 4. K. A. Navas, "Electronics Lab Manual", Volume I, PHI, 5th Edition, 2015, ISBN: 9788120351424.

[As ]	<u>NETWORK ANALYS</u> SEMESTER – III (EC per Choice Based Credit Syste	/TC)	
Course Code	17EC35	CIE Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	SEE Marks	60
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50 (10 Hours per Module)	Exam Hours	03

#### CREDITS - 04

**Course objectives:** This course enables students to:

- Describe basic network concepts emphasizing source transformation, source shifting, mesh and nodal techniques to solve for resistance/impedance, voltage, current and power.
- Explain network Thevenin's, Millman's, Superposition, Reciprocity, Maximum Power transfer and Norton's Theorems and apply them in solving the problems related to Electrical Circuits.
- Explain the behavior of networks subjected to transient conditions.
- Use applications of Laplace transforms to network problems.
- Describe Series and Parallel Combination of Passive Components as resonating circuits, related parameters and to analyze frequency response.
- Study two port network parameters like Z, Y, T and h and their inter-relationships and applications.

#### Module -1

**Basic Concepts:** Practical sources, Source transformations, Network reduction using Star – Delta transformation, Loop and node analysis with linearly dependent and independent sources for DC and AC networks, Concepts of super node and super mesh. **L1**, **L2**,**L3**,**L4** 

#### Module -2

#### **Network Theorems:**

Superposition, Reciprocity, Millman's theorems, Thevinin's and Norton's theorems, Maximum Power transfer theorem. **L1**, **L2**, **L3**,**L4** 

#### Module -3

**Transient behavior and initial conditions:** Behavior of circuit elements under switching condition and their Representation, evaluation of initial and final conditions in RL, RC and RLC circuits for AC and DC excitations.

**Laplace Transformation & Applications**: Solution of networks, step, ramp and impulse responses, waveform Synthesis. **L1**, **L2**, **L3**, **L4** 

#### Module -4

**Resonant Circuits:** Series and parallel resonance, frequency- response of series and Parallel circuits, Q-Factor, Bandwidth. **L1**, **L2**, **L3**, **L4** 

#### Module -5

**Two port network parameters:** Definition of Z, Y, h and Transmission parameters, modeling with these parameters, relationship between parameters sets. **L1**, **L2**, **L3**, **L4** 

#### **Course Outcomes:** After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Determine currents and voltages using source transformation/ source shifting/ mesh/ nodal analysis and reduce given network using star-delta transformation/ source transformation/ source shifting.
- Solve network problems by applying Superposition/ Reciprocity/ Thevenin's/ Norton's/ Maximum Power Transfer/ Millman's Network Theorems and electrical laws to reduce circuit complexities and to arrive at feasible solutions.
- Calculate current and voltages for the given circuit under transient conditions.
- Apply Laplace transform to solve the given network.
- Evaluate for RLC elements/ frequency response related parameters like resonant frequency, quality factor, half power frequencies, voltage across inductor and capacitor, current through the RLC elements, in resonant circuits
- Solve the given network using specified two port network parameter like Z or Y or T or h.

#### Text Books:

- 1. M.E. Van Valkenberg (2000), "Network analysis", Prentice Hall of India, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 2000, ISBN: 9780136110958.
- 2. Roy Choudhury, "Networks and systems", 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, New Age International Publications, 2006, ISBN: 9788122427677.

- **1.** Hayt, Kemmerly and Durbin "Engineering Circuit Analysis", TMH 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.
- **2.** J. David Irwin /R. Mark Nelms, "Basic Engineering Circuit Analysis", John Wiley, 8<sup>th</sup>ed, 2006.
- **3.** Charles K Alexander and Mathew N O Sadiku, "Fundamentals of Electric Circuits", Tata McGraw-Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed, 2009.

# ENGINEERING ELECTROMAGNETICS SEMESTER - III (EC/TC) [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) Scheme] Course Code 17EC36 CIE Marks 40 Number of Lecture Hours/Week 04 SEE Marks 60 Total Number of Lecture Hours 50 (10 Hours per Module) Exam Hours 03

### CREDITS - 04 Course objectives: This course will enable students to:

- Study the different coordinate systems, Physical signifiance of Divergence, Curl and Gradient.
- Understand the applications of Coulomb's law and Gauss law to different charge distributions and the applications of Laplace's and Poisson's Equations to solve real time problems on capacitance of different charge distributions.
- Understand the physical significance of Biot-Savart's, Amperes's Law and Stokes' theorem for different current distributions.
- Infer the effects of magnetic forces, materials and inductance.
- Know the physical interpretation of Maxwell' equations and applications for Plane waves for their behaviour in different media
- Acquire knowledge of Poynting theorem and its application of power flow.

#### Module - 1

#### Coulomb's Law, Electric Field Intensity and Flux density

Experimental law of Coulomb, Electric field intensity, Field due to continuous volume charge distribution, Field of a line charge, Electric flux density. **L1**, **L2**, **L3** 

#### Module -2

#### Gauss's law and Divergence

Gauss' law, Divergence. Maxwell's First equation (Electrostatics), Vector Operator ▼ and divergence theorem.

#### **Energy, Potential and Conductors**

Energy expended in moving a point charge in an electric field, The line integral, Definition of potential difference and potential, The potential field of point charge, Current and Current density, Continuity of current. **L1**, **L2**, **L3** 

#### Module -3

#### Poisson's and Laplace's Equations

Derivation of Poisson's and Laplace's Equations, Uniqueness theorem, Examples of the solution of Laplace's equation.

#### Steady Magnetic Field

Biot-Savart Law, Ampere's circuital law, Curl, Stokes' theorem, Magnetic flux and magnetic flux density, Scalar and Vector Magnetic Potentials. **L1, L2, L3** 

#### Module -4

#### Magnetic Forces

Force on a moving charge, differential current elements, Force between differential current elements.

#### **Magnetic Materials**

Magnetisation and permeability, Magnetic boundary conditions, Magnetic circuit, Potential Energy and forces on magnetic materials. **L1**, **L2**, **L3** 

#### Module -5

#### Time-varying fields and Maxwell's equations

Faraday's law, displacement current, Maxwell's equations in point form, Maxwell's equations in integral form.

#### **Uniform Plane Wave**

Wave propagation in free space and good conductors. Poynting's theorem and wave power, Skin Effect. **L1**, **L2**, **L3** 

**Course Outcomes:** After studying this course, students will be able to:

- Evaluate problems on electric field due to point, linear, volume charges by applying conventional methods or by Gauss law.
- Determine potential and energy with respect to point charge and capacitance using Laplace equation.
- Calculate magnetic field, force, and potential energy with respect to magnetic materials.
- Apply Maxwell's equation for time varying fields, EM waves in free space and conductors.
- Evaluate power associated with EM waves using Poynting theorem.

#### Text Book:

W.H. Hayt and J.A. Buck, "Engineering Electromagnetics", 7th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2009, ISBN-978-0-07-061223-5.

- **1.** John Krauss and Daniel A Fleisch, "Electromagnetics with applications", McGraw- Hill.
- 2. N. Narayana Rao, "Fundamentals of Electromagnetics for Engineering", Pearson.

# ANALOG ELECTRONICS LABORATORY SEMESTER – III (EC/TC)

#### [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) Scheme]

Laboratory	17ECL37	CIE Marks	40
Code			
Number of	01Hr Tutorial (Instructions)	SEE Marks	60
Lecture	+ 02 Hours Laboratory		
Hours/Week			
RBT Level	L1, L2, L3	Exam Hours	03

#### CREDITS - 02

**Course objectives:** This laboratory course enables students to get practical experience in design, assembly, testing and evaluation of:

- Rectifiers and Voltage Regulators.
- BJT characteristics and Amplifiers.
- JFET Characteristics and Amplifiers.
- MOSFET Characteristics and Amplifiers
- Power Amplifiers.
- RC-Phase shift, Hartley, Colpitts and Crystal Oscillators.

**NOTE:** The experiments are to be carried using discrete components only.

#### **Laboratory Experiments:**

- 1. Design and set up the following rectifiers with and without filters and to determine ripple factor and rectifier efficiency:
  - (a) Full Wave Rectifier
- (b) Bridge Rectifier
- 2. Conduct experiment to test diode clipping (single/double ended) and clamping circuits (positive/negative).
- 3. Conduct an experiment on Series Voltage Regulator using Zener diode and power transistor to determine line and load regulation characteristics.
- 4. Realize BJT Darlington Emitter follower with and without bootstrapping and determine the gain, input and output impedances.
- 5. Design and set up the BJT common emitter amplifier using voltage divider bias with and without feedback and determine the gain- bandwidth product from its frequency response.
- 6. Plot the transfer and drain characteristics of a JFET and calculate its drain resistance, mutual conductance and amplification factor.
- 7. Design, setup and plot the frequency response of Common Source JFET/MOSFET amplifier and obtain the bandwidth.

- 8. Plot the transfer and drain characteristics of n-channel MOSFET and calculate its parameters, namely; drain resistance, mutual conductance and amplification factor.
- 9. Set-up and study the working of complementary symmetry class B push pull power amplifier and calculate the efficiency.
- 10. Design and set-up the RC-Phase shift Oscillator using FET, and calculate the frequency of output waveform.
- 11. Design and set-up the following tuned oscillator circuits using BJT, and determine the frequency of oscillation.
- (a) Hartley Oscillator (b) Colpitts Oscillator
- 12. Design and set-up the crystal oscillator and determine the frequency of oscillation.

**Course Outcomes:** On the completion of this laboratory course, the students will be able to:

- Test circuits of rectifiers, clipping circuits, clamping circuits and voltage regulators.
- Determine the characteristics of BJT and FET amplifiers and plot its frequency response.
- Compute the performance parameters of amplifiers and voltage regulators
- Design and test the basic BJT/FET amplifiers, BJT Power amplifier and oscillators.

#### **Conduct of Practical Examination:**

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
- Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script for breakup of marks.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

#### <u>DIGITAL ELECTRONICS LAB</u> SEMESTER – III (EC/TC)

#### [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) Scheme]

Laboratory Code	17ECL38	CIE Marks	40
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	01Hr Tutorial (Instructions) + 02 Hours Laboratory	SEE Marks	60
RBT Level	L1, L2, L3	Exam Hours	03

#### CREDITS - 02

**Course objectives:** This laboratory course enables students to get practical experience in design, realisation and verification of

- Demorgan's Theorem, SOP, POS forms
- Full/Parallel Adders, Subtractors and Magnitude Comparator
- Demultiplexers and Decoders applications
- Flip-Flops, Shift registers and Counters

#### NOTE:

- 1. Use discrete components to test and verify the logic gates. The IC umbers given are suggestive. Any equivalent IC can be used.
- 2. For experiment No. 11 and 12 any open source or licensed simulation tool may be used.

#### **Laboratory Experiments:**

- 1. Verify
  - (a) Demorgan's Theorem for 2 variables.
  - **(b)** The sum-of product and product-of-sum expressions using universal gates.
- 2. Design and implement
  - (a) Full Adder using (i) basic logic gates and (ii) NAND gates.
  - **(b)** Full subtractor using (i) basic logic gates and (ii) NANAD gates.
- 3. Design and implement 4-bit Parallel Adder/ Subtractor using IC 7483.
- 4. Design and Implementation of 5-bit Magnitude Comparator using IC 7485.
- 5. Realize
  - (a) Adder & Subtractor using IC 74153.
  - (b) 3-variable function using IC 74151(8:1MUX).
- **6.** Realize a Boolean expression using decoder IC74139.
- 7. Realize Master-Slave JK, D & T Flip-Flops using NAND Gates.
- 8. Realize the following shift registers using IC7474/IC 7495 (a) SISO (b) SIPO (c) PISO (d) PIPO (e) Ring and (f) Johnson counter.
- 9. Realize (i) Mod-N Asynchronous Counter using IC7490 and
  - ( ii) Mod-N Synchronous counter using IC74192
- 10. Design Pseudo Random Sequence generator using 7495.

- 11. Simulate Full- Adder using simulation tool.
- 12. Simulate Mod-8 Synchronous UP/DOWN Counter using simulation tool.

**Course Outcomes:** On the completion of this laboratory course, the students will be able to:

- Demonstrate the truth table of various expressions and combinational circuits using logic gates.
- Design and test various combinational circuits such as adders, subtractors, comparators, multiplexers.
- Realize Boolean expression using decoders.
- Construct and test flips-flops, counters and shift registers.
- Simulate full adder and up/down counters.

#### **Conduct of Practical Examination:**

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot.
- Strictly follow the instructions as printed on the cover page of answer script for breakup of marks.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.