Task 2 :-

Experimentation and uplift testing

- ••• Julia has asked us to evaluate the performance of a store trial which was performed in stores 77, 86 and 88.
 - This can be broken down by:-
 - ♦ Total sales revenue
 - ♦ Total number of customers
 - ◆ Average number of transactions per customer
- ••• Create a measure to compare different control stores to each of the trial stores to do this write a function to reduce having to re-do the analysis for each trial store. Consider using Pearson correlations or a metric such as a magnitude distance e.g. 1- (Observed distance minimum distance)/(Maximum distance minimum distance) as a measure.
- ••• Once you have selected your control stores, compare each trial and control pair during the trial period. You want to test if total sales are significantly different in the trial period and if so, check if the driver of change is more purchasing customers or more purchases per customers etc.
 - Main areas of Focus are :-
 - ♦ Select control stores Explore data, define metrics, visualize graphs
 - ♦ Assessment of the trial insights/trends by comparing trial stores with control

stores

♦ Collate findings - summarize and provide recommendations

Importing Necessary Libraries

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

# for data visualization
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns

import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

Importing Dataset

```
In [2]: qvi = pd.read_csv("QVI_data.csv")
    qvi.head()
```

Out[2]:

	LYLTY_CARD_NBR	DATE	STORE_NBR	TXN_ID	PROD_NBR	PROD_NAME	PROD_QTY	TOT_SALES	PACK_SIZE	BRAND	
0	1000	2018- 10-17	1	1	5	Natural Chip Compny SeaSalt175g	2	6.0	175	NATURAL	SI
1	1002	2018- 09-16	1	2	58	Red Rock Deli Chikn&Garlic Aioli 150g	1	2.7	150	RRD	SI
2	1003	2019- 03-07	1	3	52	Grain Waves Sour Cream&Chives 210G	1	3.6	210	GRNWVES	
3	1003	2019- 03-08	1	4	106	Natural ChipCo Hony Soy Chckn175g	1	3.0	175	NATURAL	
4	1004	2018- 11-02	1	5	96	WW Original Stacked Chips 160g	1	1.9	160	WOOLWORTHS	SI
4											•

Data Exploration

```
In [3]: print("Number of Rows and Columns :- ", qvi.shape)
        Number of Rows and Columns :- (264834, 12)
In [4]: # Basic Information of dataset
        qvi.info()
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 264834 entries, 0 to 264833
        Data columns (total 12 columns):
             Column
                               Non-Null Count
                                                Dtype
             LYLTY CARD NBR
                               264834 non-null int64
         1
             DATE
                               264834 non-null object
         2
             STORE NBR
                               264834 non-null int64
         3
             TXN ID
                               264834 non-null int64
             PROD NBR
         4
                               264834 non-null int64
         5
             PROD NAME
                               264834 non-null object
         6
             PROD QTY
                               264834 non-null int64
         7
             TOT SALES
                               264834 non-null float64
             PACK SIZE
         8
                               264834 non-null int64
```

264834 non-null object 264834 non-null object

dtypes: float64(1), int64(6), object(5)

11 PREMIUM CUSTOMER 264834 non-null object

memory usage: 24.2+ MB

BRAND

10 LIFESTAGE

9

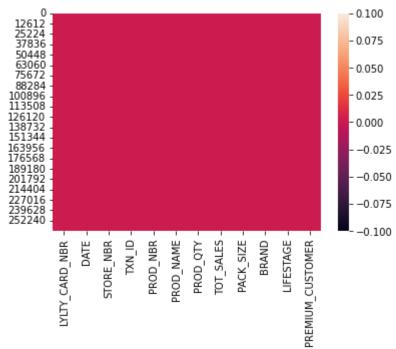
In [5]: # Statistical Summary of QVI_data
qvi.describe().T

Out[5]:

	count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	max
LYLTY_CARD_NBR	264834.0	135548.793331	80579.898912	1000.0	70021.0	130357.0	203094.00	2373711.0
STORE_NBR	264834.0	135.079423	76.784063	1.0	70.0	130.0	203.00	272.0
TXN_ID	264834.0	135157.623236	78132.920436	1.0	67600.5	135136.5	202699.75	2415841.0
PROD_NBR	264834.0	56.583554	32.826444	1.0	28.0	56.0	85.00	114.0
PROD_QTY	264834.0	1.905813	0.343436	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.00	5.0
TOT_SALES	264834.0	7.299346	2.527241	1.5	5.4	7.4	9.20	29.5
PACK_SIZE	264834.0	182.425512	64.325148	70.0	150.0	170.0	175.00	380.0

Checking missing values in Dataset

```
In [6]: sns.heatmap(qvi.isnull())
plt.show()
```



```
In [7]: qvi.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[7]: LYLTY_CARD_NBR
                              0
                              0
         DATE
        STORE_NBR
                              0
        TXN_ID
                              0
        PROD_NBR
        PROD_NAME
                              0
                              0
        PROD_QTY
        TOT_SALES
                              0
        PACK_SIZE
        BRAND
                              0
                              0
         LIFESTAGE
        PREMIUM_CUSTOMER
                              0
        dtype: int64
```

••• We can see there is no missing values the dataset.

```
In [8]: ### HandLing "Date" column
    qvi["DATE"] = pd.to_datetime(qvi["DATE"])
    qvi["YEARMONTH"] = qvi["DATE"].dt.strftime("%Y%m").astype("int")
```

Compile each store's monthly:-

- Total sales
- Number of customers
- Average transactions per customer
- Average chips per customer
- Average price per unit

```
In [9]: def monthly_store_metrics():
    store_yrmo_group = qvi.groupby(["STORE_NBR", "YEARMONTH"])
    total = store_yrmo_group["TOT_SALES"].sum()
    num_cust = store_yrmo_group["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"].nunique()
    trans_per_cust = store_yrmo_group.size() / num_cust
    avg_chips_per_cust = store_yrmo_group["PROD_QTY"].sum() / num_cust
    avg_chips_price = total / store_yrmo_group["PROD_QTY"].sum()
    aggregates = [total, num_cust, trans_per_cust, avg_chips_per_cust, avg_chips_price]
    metrics = pd.concat(aggregates, axis=1)
    metrics.columns = ["TOT_SALES", "nCustomers", "nTxnPerCust", "nChipsPerTxn", "avgPricePerUnit"]
    return metrics
```

J

```
In [10]: | qvi_monthly_metrics = monthly_store_metrics().reset_index()
         qvi_monthly_metrics.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 3169 entries, 0 to 3168
         Data columns (total 7 columns):
              Column
                               Non-Null Count Dtype
                               _____
              STORE_NBR
                               3169 non-null int64
          0
          1 YEARMONTH
                               3169 non-null
                           3169 non-null int64
3169 non-null float64
                                               int64
          2 TOT_SALES
          3 nCustomers 3169 non-null int64
4 nTxnPerCust 3169 non-null floate
                               3169 non-null float64
              nChipsPerTxn
                               3169 non-null float64
              avgPricePerUnit 3169 non-null float64
         dtypes: float64(4), int64(3)
         memory usage: 173.4 KB
```

Pre-Trial Observation as this filter only stores with full 12 months observation

```
In [11]: observ_counts = qvi_monthly_metrics["STORE_NBR"].value_counts()
    full_observ_index = observ_counts[observ_counts == 12].index
    full_observ = qvi_monthly_metrics[qvi_monthly_metrics["STORE_NBR"].isin(full_observ_index)]
    pretrial_full_observ = full_observ[full_observ["YEARMONTH"] < 201902]
    pretrial_full_observ.head(8)</pre>
```

Out[11]:

	STORE_NBR	YEARMONTH	TOT_SALES	nCustomers	nTxnPerCust	nChipsPerTxn	avgPricePerUnit
0	1	201807	206.9	49	1.061224	1.265306	3.337097
1	1	201808	176.1	42	1.023810	1.285714	3.261111
2	1	201809	278.8	59	1.050847	1.271186	3.717333
3	1	201810	188.1	44	1.022727	1.318182	3.243103
4	1	201811	192.6	46	1.021739	1.239130	3.378947
5	1	201812	189.6	42	1.119048	1.357143	3.326316
6	1	201901	154.8	35	1.028571	1.200000	3.685714
12	2	201807	150.8	39	1.051282	1.179487	3.278261

```
In [12]: def calcCorrTable(metricCol, storeComparison, inputTable=pretrial_full_observ):
    control_store_nbrs = inputTable[~inputTable["STORE_NBR"].isin([77, 86, 88])]["STORE_NBR"].unique()
    corrs = pd.DataFrame(columns = ["YEARMONTH", "Trial_Str", "Ctrl_Str", "Corr_Score"])
    trial_store = inputTable[inputTable["STORE_NBR"] == storeComparison][metricCol].reset_index()
    for control in control_store_nbrs:
        concat_df = pd.DataFrame(columns = ["YEARMONTH", "Trial_Str", "Ctrl_Str", "Corr_Score"])
        control_store = inputTable[inputTable["STORE_NBR"] == control][metricCol].reset_index()
        concat_df["Corr_Score"] = trial_store.corrwith(control_store, axis=1)
        concat_df["Trial_Str"] = storeComparison
        concat_df["Ctrl_Str"] = control
        concat_df["YEARMONTH"] = list(inputTable[inputTable["STORE_NBR"] == storeComparison]["YEARMONTH"])
        corrs = pd.concat([corrs, concat_df])
    return corrs
```

```
In [13]: corr_table = pd.DataFrame()
    for trial_num in [77, 86, 88]:
        corr_table = pd.concat([corr_table, calcCorrTable(["TOT_SALES", "nCustomers", "nTxnPerCust", "nChipsPerTxn",
        corr_table.head(8)
```

Out[13]:

	YEARMONTH	Trial_Str	Ctrl_Str	Corr_Score
0	201807	77	1	0.070414
1	201808	77	1	0.027276
2	201809	77	1	0.002389
3	201810	77	1	-0.020045
4	201811	77	1	0.030024
5	201812	77	1	0.063946
6	201901	77	1	0.001470
0	201807	77	2	0.142957

```
In [14]: def calculateMagnitudeDistance(metricCol, storeComparison, inputTable=pretrial_full_observ):
    control_store_nbrs = inputTable[~inputTable["STORE_NBR"].isin([77, 86, 88])]["STORE_NBR"].unique()
    dists = pd.DataFrame()
    trial_store = inputTable[inputTable["STORE_NBR"] == storeComparison][metricCol]
    for control in control_store_nbrs:
        concat_df = abs(inputTable[inputTable["STORE_NBR"] == storeComparison].reset_index()[metricCol] - input
        concat_df["YEARMONTH"] = list(inputTable[inputTable["STORE_NBR"] == storeComparison]["YEARMONTH"])
        concat_df["Trial_Str"] = storeComparison
        concat_df["Ctrl_Str"] = control
        dists = pd.concat([dists, concat_df])
    for col in metricCol:
        dists[col] = 1 - ((dists[col] - dists[col].min()) / (dists[col].max() - dists[col].min()))
    dists["magnitude"] = dists[metricCol].mean(axis=1)
    return dists
```

```
In [15]: dist_table = pd.DataFrame()
    for trial_num in [77, 86, 88]:
        dist_table = pd.concat([dist_table, calculateMagnitudeDistance(["TOT_SALES", "nCustomers", "nTxnPerCust", "r
        dist_table.head(8)
        dist_table
```

Out[15]:

	TOT_SALES	nCustomers	nTxnPerCust	nChipsPerTxn	avgPricePerUnit	YEARMONTH	Trial_Str	Ctrl_Str	magnitude
0	0.935431	0.980769	0.958035	0.739412	0.883569	201807	77	1	0.899443
1	0.942972	0.951923	0.993823	0.802894	0.886328	201808	77	1	0.915588
2	0.961503	0.836538	0.992126	0.730041	0.703027	201809	77	1	0.844647
3	0.988221	0.932692	0.989514	0.940460	0.590528	201810	77	1	0.888283
4	0.962149	0.951923	0.874566	0.730358	0.832481	201811	77	1	0.870296
					•••				
2	0.207554	0.286822	0.462846	0.779879	0.923887	201809	88	272	0.532198
3	0.346797	0.387597	0.571497	0.796875	0.971133	201810	88	272	0.614780
4	0.286706	0.310078	0.623883	0.813241	0.966999	201811	88	272	0.600181
5	0.347151	0.387597	0.376456	0.699748	0.962198	201812	88	272	0.554630
6	0.402353	0.449612	0.450378	0.739714	0.971335	201901	88	272	0.602678

5397 rows × 9 columns

We'll select control stores based on how similar monthly total sales in dollar amounts and monthly number of customers are to the trial stores by using correlation and magnitude distance.

```
In [16]: def combine_corr_dist(metricCol, storeComparison, inputTable=pretrial_full_observ):
    corrs = calcCorrTable(metricCol, storeComparison, inputTable)
    dists = calculateMagnitudeDistance(metricCol, storeComparison, inputTable)
    dists = dists.drop(metricCol, axis=1)
    combine = pd.merge(corrs, dists, on=["YEARMONTH", "Trial_Str", "Ctrl_Str"])
    return combine
```

```
In [17]:
         compare metrics table1 = pd.DataFrame()
         for trial num in [77, 86, 88]:
             compare metrics table1 = pd.concat([compare metrics table1, combine corr dist(["TOT SALES"], trial num)])
In [18]:
         corr weight = 0.5
         dist weight = 1 - corr weight
         Determining the top five highest composite score for each trial based on Total sales
         grouped comparison table1 = compare metrics table1.groupby(["Trial Str", "Ctrl Str"]).mean().reset index()
In [19]:
         grouped comparison table1["CompScore"] = (corr weight * grouped comparison table1["Corr Score"]) + (dist weight
         for trial num in compare metrics table1["Trial Str"].unique():
             print(grouped comparison table1[grouped comparison table1["Trial Str"] == trial num].sort values(ascending=F
              Trial Str Ctrl Str Corr Score
                                                magnitude
                                                           CompScore
         218
                     77
                               233
                                           1.0
                                                 0.986477
                                                            0.993238
         239
                     77
                               255
                                                 0.979479
                                                            0.989739
                                           1.0
         177
                     77
                               188
                                           1.0
                                                 0.977663
                                                            0.988831
         49
                     77
                                53
                                           1.0
                                                 0.976678
                                                            0.988339
         120
                     77
                                                 0.976267
                               131
                                           1.0
                                                            0.988134
                                   Corr_Score
                                                           CompScore
              Trial Str Ctrl Str
                                                magnitude
         356
                                                 0.966783
                                                            0.983391
                     86
                               109
                                           1.0
```

0.982938

0.981140

0.980256

0.975852

CompScore

0.970582

0.952189

0.951900

0.951733

0.945839

401

464

467

471

551

538

582

517

568

155

222

225

229

40

26

72

4

58

Ctrl Str

86

86

86

86

88

88

88

88

88

Trial Str

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

1.0

Corr Score

0.965876

0.962280

0.960512

0.951704

magnitude

0.941165

0.904377

0.903800

0.903466

0.891678

Determining the top five highest composite score for each trial based on no. of customers

```
In [21]:
         grouped_comparison_table2 = compare_metrics_table2.groupby(["Trial_Str", "Ctrl_Str"]).mean().reset_index()
         grouped comparison table2["CompScore"] = (corr weight * grouped comparison table2["Corr Score"]) + (dist weight
         for trial num in compare metrics table2["Trial Str"].unique():
             print(grouped comparison table2[grouped comparison table2["Trial Str"] == trial num].sort values(ascending=F
              Trial Str Ctrl Str Corr Score
                                                           CompScore
                                                magnitude
         218
                      77
                               233
                                           1.0
                                                 0.993132
                                                             0.996566
         38
                      77
                                41
                                           1.0
                                                 0.976648
                                                             0.988324
         101
                      77
                               111
                                           1.0
                                                 0.968407
                                                             0.984203
                      77
         105
                               115
                                           1.0
                                                 0.967033
                                                             0.983516
                      77
                                17
         15
                                           1.0
                                                 0.965659
                                                             0.982830
              Trial Str Ctrl Str Corr Score
                                                           CompScore
                                                magnitude
                                                            0.993386
         401
                      86
                               155
                                           1.0
                                                 0.986772
         467
                      86
                               225
                                           1.0
                                                 0.969577
                                                             0.984788
         356
                      86
                               109
                                           1.0
                                                 0.969577
                                                             0.984788
         471
                      86
                               229
                                           1.0
                                                 0.964286
                                                             0.982143
                                39
         293
                      86
                                           1.0
                                                 0.961640
                                                             0.980820
              Trial_Str Ctrl_Str Corr_Score
                                                magnitude
                                                            CompScore
         736
                      88
                               237
                                           1.0
                                                 0.987818
                                                            0.993909
         705
                      88
                               203
                                           1.0
                                                 0.944629
                                                             0.972315
         551
                      88
                                40
                                           1.0
                                                 0.942414
                                                             0.971207
         668
                      88
                               165
                                           1.0
                                                 0.935770
                                                             0.967885
         701
                      88
                               199
                                           1.0
                                                 0.932447
                                                             0.966224
```

```
In [22]: for trial num in compare metrics table2["Trial Str"].unique():
             a = grouped comparison table1[grouped comparison table1["Trial Str"] == trial num].sort values(ascending=Fal
             b = grouped comparison table2[grouped comparison table2["Trial Str"] == trial num].sort values(ascending=Fal
             print((pd.concat([a,b], axis=1).sum(axis=1)/2).sort values(ascending=False).head(3), '\n')
         Trial Str Ctrl Str
         77
                                 0.994902
                    233
                    41
                                0.986020
                    46
                                 0.984762
         dtype: float64
         Trial Str Ctrl Str
         86
                    155
                                 0.988162
                    109
                                 0.984090
                    225
                                 0.982522
         dtype: float64
         Trial Str Ctrl Str
         88
                    40
                                0.970895
                     26
                                0.958929
                    72
                                 0.954079
         dtype: float64
```

Similarities based on total sales:

- 1. Trial store 77: Store 233, 255, 188
- 2. Trial store 86: Store 109, 155, 222
- 3. Trial store 88: Store 40, 26, 72

Similarities based on No. of Customers:

- 1. Trial store 77: Store 233, 41, 111
- 2. Trial store 86: Store 155, 225, 109
- 3. Trial store 88: Store 237, 203, 40

Final SImilarities based on Highest average of both features combined:

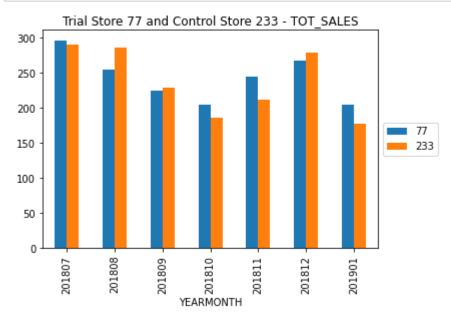
- 1. Trial store 77: Store 233
- 2. Trial store 86: Store 155

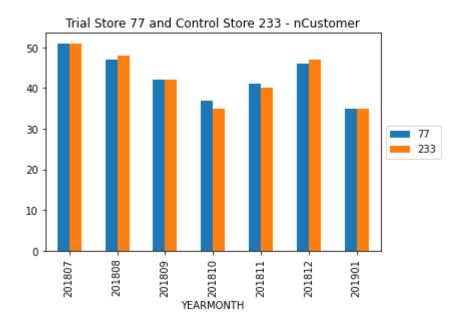
3. Trial store 88: Store 40

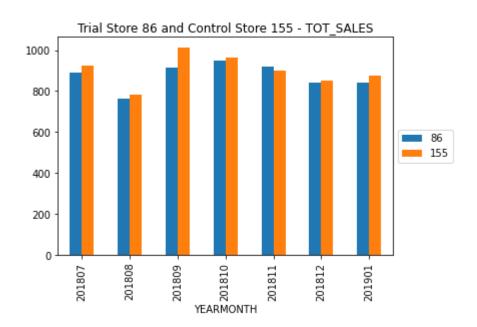
```
In [23]: trial_control_dic = {77:233, 86:155, 88:40}

for key, val in trial_control_dic.items():
    pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"].isin([key, val])].groupby(
        ["YEARMONTH", "STORE_NBR"]).sum()["TOT_SALES"].unstack().plot.bar()
    plt.legend(loc='center left', bbox_to_anchor=(1.0, 0.5))
    plt.title("Trial Store "+str(key)+" and Control Store "+str(val)+" - TOT_SALES")
    plt.show()

    pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"].isin([key, val])].groupby(
    ["YEARMONTH", "STORE_NBR"]).sum()["nCustomers"].unstack().plot.bar()
    plt.legend(loc='center left', bbox_to_anchor=(1.0, 0.5))
    plt.title("Trial Store "+str(key)+" and Control Store "+str(val)+" - nCustomer")
    plt.show()
    print('\n')
```







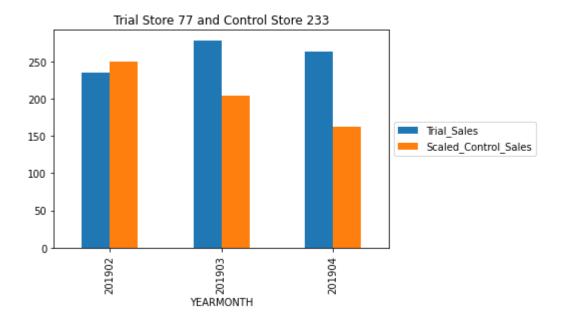




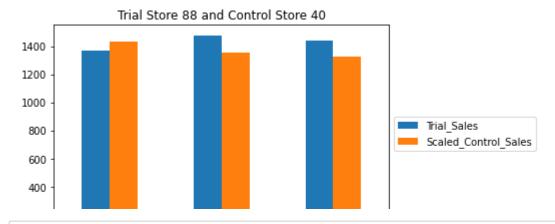
••• Next we'll compare the performance of Trial stores to Control stores during the trial period. To e nsure their performance is comparable during Trial period, we need to scale (multiply to ratio of trial / control) all of Control stores' performance to Trial store's performance during pre-trial. Starting w ith TOT_SALES.

```
In [24]: #Ratio of Store 77 and its Control store.
    sales_ratio_77 = pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == 77]["TOT_SALES"].sum() / pretrial_ful
    #Ratio of Store 86 and its Control store.
    sales_ratio_86 = pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == 86]["TOT_SALES"].sum() / pretrial_ful
    #Ratio of Store 77 and its Control store.
    sales_ratio_88 = pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == 88]["TOT_SALES"].sum() / pretrial_ful
```

```
In [25]: trial full observ = full observ[(full observ["YEARMONTH"] >= 201902) & (full observ["YEARMONTH"] <= 201904)]</pre>
         scaled sales control stores = full observ[full observ["STORE NBR"].isin([233, 155, 40])][["STORE NBR", "YEARMONT
         def scaler(row):
             if row["STORE NBR"] == 233:
                 return row["TOT SALES"] * sales ratio 77
             elif row["STORE NBR"] == 155:
                 return row["TOT SALES"] * sales ratio 86
             elif row["STORE_NBR"] == 40:
                 return row["TOT SALES"] * sales ratio 88
         scaled sales control stores["ScaledSales"] = scaled sales control stores.apply(lambda row: scaler(row), axis=1)
         trial scaled sales control stores = scaled sales control stores[(scaled sales control stores["YEARMONTH"] >= 201
         pretrial scaled sales control stores = scaled sales control stores[scaled sales control stores["YEARMONTH"] < 20
         percentage diff = {}
         for trial, control in trial control dic.items():
             a = trial scaled sales control stores[trial scaled sales control stores["STORE NBR"] == control]
             b = trial full observ[trial full observ["STORE NBR"] == trial][["STORE NBR", "YEARMONTH", "TOT SALES"]]
             percentage diff[trial] = b["TOT SALES"].sum() / a["ScaledSales"].sum()
             b[["YEARMONTH", "TOT SALES"]].merge(a[["YEARMONTH", "ScaledSales"]],on="YEARMONTH").set index("YEARMONTH").r
             plt.legend(loc='center left', bbox_to_anchor=(1.0, 0.5))
             plt.title("Trial Store "+str(trial)+" and Control Store "+str(control))
```







In [26]: percentage_diff

Out[26]: {77: 1.2615468650086281, 86: 1.1315014357363697, 88: 1.043458345854219}

```
In [27]:
    temp1 = scaled_sales_control_stores.sort_values(by=["STORE_NBR", "YEARMONTH"], ascending=[False, True]).reset_ir
    temp2 = full_observ[full_observ["STORE_NBR"].isin([77,86,88])][["STORE_NBR", "YEARMONTH", "TOT_SALES"]].reset_ir
    scaledsales_vs_trial = pd.concat([temp1, temp2], axis=1)
    scaledsales_vs_trial.columns = ["c_STORE_NBR", "YEARMONTH", "c_ScaledSales", "t_STORE_NBR", "t_TOT_SALES"]
    scaledsales_vs_trial["Sales_Percentage_Diff"] = (scaledsales_vs_trial["t_TOT_SALES"] - scaledsales_vs_trial["c_S
    def label_period(cell):
        if cell < 201902:
            return "pre"
    elif cell > 201904:
            return "post"
    else:
        return "trial"
    scaledsales_vs_trial["trial_period"] = scaledsales_vs_trial["YEARMONTH"].apply(lambda cell: label_period(cell))
    scaledsales_vs_trial[scaledsales_vs_trial["trial_period"] == "trial"]
```

Out[27]:

	c_STORE_NBR	YEARMONTH	c_ScaledSales	t_STORE_NBR	t_TOT_SALES	Sales_Percentage_Diff	trial_period
7	233	201902	249.762622	77	235.0	-0.060907	trial
8	233	201903	203.802205	77	278.5	0.309755	trial
9	233	201904	162.345704	77	263.5	0.475075	trial
19	155	201902	864.522060	86	913.2	0.054764	trial
20	155	201903	780.320405	86	1026.8	0.272787	trial
21	155	201904	819.317024	86	848.2	0.034642	trial
31	40	201902	1434.399269	88	1370.2	-0.045781	trial
32	40	201903	1352.064709	88	1477.2	0.088458	trial
33	40	201904	1321.797762	88	1439.4	0.085182	trial

Check significance of Trial minus Control stores TOT_SALES Percentage Difference Pre-Trial vs Trial.

Step 1: Check null hypothesis of 0 difference between control store's Pre-Trial and Trial period performance.

Step 2: Proof control and trial stores are similar statistically

Check p-value of control store's Pre-Trial vs Trial store's Pre-Trial. If <5%, it is significantly different. If >5%, it is not significantly different (similar).

Step 3: After checking Null Hypothesis of first 2 step to be true, we can check Null Hypothesis of Percentage Difference between Trial and Control stores during pre-trial is the same as during trial.

Check T-Value of Percentage Difference of each Trial month (Feb, March, April 2019). Mean is mean of Percentage Difference during pre-trial. Standard deviation is stdev of Percentage Difference during pre-trial. Formula is Trial month's Percentage Difference minus Mean, divided by Standard deviation. Compare each T-Value with 95% percentage significance critical t-value of 6 degrees of freedom (7 months of sample - 1)

```
In [28]: | from scipy.stats import ttest ind, t
         # Step 1
         for num in [40, 155, 233]:
             print("Store", num)
             print(ttest ind(pretrial scaled sales control stores[pretrial scaled sales control stores["STORE NBR"] == nd
                            trial scaled sales control stores[trial scaled sales control stores["STORE NBR"] == num]["Sca
                             equal var=False), '\n')
             #print(len(pretrial scaled sales control stores[pretrial scaled sales control stores["STORE NBR"] == num]["S
         alpha = 0.05
         print("Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:")
         print(t.ppf((alpha/2, 1-alpha/2), df=min([len(pretrial scaled sales control stores[pretrial scaled sales control
                                len(trial scaled sales control stores[trial scaled sales control stores["STORE NBR"] == r
         Store 40
         Ttest indResult(statistic=-0.5958372343168558, pvalue=0.5722861621434027)
         Store 155
         Ttest indResult(statistic=1.4291956879290917, pvalue=0.1972705865160342)
         Store 233
         Ttest indResult(statistic=1.1911026010974521, pvalue=0.2944500606486209)
         Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:
         [-4.30265273 4.30265273]
In [29]:
         a = pretrial scaled sales control stores[pretrial scaled sales control stores["STORE NBR"] == 40]["ScaledSales"]
         b = trial scaled sales control stores[trial scaled sales control stores["STORE NBR"] == 40]["ScaledSales"]
```

Null hypothesis is true. There isn't any statistically significant difference between control store's scaled Pre-Trial and Trial period sales.

In [30]: # Step 2 for trial, cont in trial control dic.items(): print("Trial store:", trial, ", Control store:", cont) print(ttest ind(pretrial full observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == trial]["TOT_SALES"], pretrial scaled sales control stores[pretrial scaled sales control stores["STORE NBR"] == cor equal_var=True), '\n') #print(len(pretrial full observ[pretrial full observ["STORE NBR"] == trial]["TOT SALES"]),len(pretrial scale alpha = 0.05print("Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:") print(t.ppf((alpha/2, 1-alpha/2), df=len(pretrial full observ[pretrial full observ["STORE NBR"] == trial])-1)) Trial store: 77 , Control store: 233 Ttest indResult(statistic=-1.2533353315065932e-15, pvalue=0.9999999999999) Trial store: 86 , Control store: 155 Ttest_indResult(statistic=3.1048311203382156e-15, pvalue=0.999999999999999) Trial store: 88 , Control store: 40 Ttest indResult(statistic=-5.69358613974361e-15, pvalue=0.999999999999956) Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval: [-2.44691185 2.44691185]

Null hypothesis is true. There isn't any statistically significant difference between Trial store's sales and Control store's scaled-sales performance during pre-trial.

```
In [31]: # Step 3
         for trial, cont in trial control dic.items():
             print("Trial store:", trial, ", Control store:", cont)
             temp pre = scaledsales vs trial[(scaledsales vs trial["c STORE NBR"] == cont) & (scaledsales vs trial["trial
             std = temp pre["Sales Percentage Diff"].std()
             mean = temp pre["Sales Percentage Diff"].mean()
             #print(std, mean)
             for t month in scaledsales vs trial[scaledsales vs trial["trial period"] == "trial"]["YEARMONTH"].unique():
                 pdif = scaledsales vs trial[(scaledsales vs trial["YEARMONTH"] == t month) & (scaledsales vs trial["t ST
                 print(t month,":",(float(pdif)-mean)/std)
             print('\n')
         print("Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:")
         conf intv 95 = t.ppf(0.95, df=len(temp pre)-1)
         print(conf intv 95)
         Trial store: 77 , Control store: 233
         201902 : -0.7171038288055838
         201903 : 3.035317928855674
         201904 : 4.708944418758219
         Trial store: 86 , Control store: 155
         201902 : 1.4133618775921597
         201903 : 7.123063846042147
         201904 : 0.8863824572944234
         Trial store: 88 , Control store: 40
         201902 : -0.5481633746817577
         201903 : 1.0089992743637823
         201904 : 0.9710006270463672
```

There are 3 months' increase in performance that are statistically significant (Above the 95% confidence interval t-score):

March and April trial months for trial store 77

1.9431802803927818

Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:

March trial months for trial store 86

```
In [32]:
    for trial, control in trial_control_dic.items():
        a = trial_scaled_sales_control_stores[trial_scaled_sales_control_stores["STORE_NBR"] == control].rename(colub = trial_full_observ[trial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == trial][["STORE_NBR", "YEARMONTH", "TOT_SALES"]].renacomb = b[["YEARMONTH", "trial_TOT_SALES"]].merge(a[["YEARMONTH", "control_TOT_SALES"]],on="YEARMONTH").set_icomb.plot.bar()
        cont_sc_sales = trial_scaled_sales_control_stores[trial_scaled_sales_control_stores["STORE_NBR"] == control]
        std = scaledsales_vs_trial[(scaledsales_vs_trial["c_STORE_NBR"] == control) & (scaledsales_vs_trial["trial_pt thresh95 = cont_sc_sales.mean() + (cont_sc_sales.mean() * std * 2)
        thresh5 = cont_sc_sales.mean() - (cont_sc_sales.mean() * std * 2)
        plt.axhline(y=thresh95,linewidth=1, color='b', label="95% threshold")
        plt.axhline(y=thresh5,linewidth=1, color='r', label="95% threshold")
        plt.legend(loc='center_left', bbox_to_anchor=(1.0, 0.5))
        plt.title("Trial_Store_"+str(trial)+" and Control_Store_"+str(control)+" - Total_Sales")
        plt.savefig("TS_{} and CS_{} - TOT_SALES.png".format(trial,control), bbox_inches="tight")
```







```
In [33]: #Ratio of Store 77 and its Control store.
    ncust_ratio_77 = pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == 77]["nCustomers"].sum() / pretrial_fu

#Ratio of Store 86 and its Control store.
    ncust_ratio_86 = pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == 86]["nCustomers"].sum() / pretrial_fu

#Ratio of Store 77 and its Control store.
    ncust_ratio_88 = pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == 88]["nCustomers"].sum() / pretrial_fu
```

```
In [34]: | #trial full observ = full observ[(full observ["YEARMONTH"] >= 201902) & (full observ["YEARMONTH"] <= 201904)]</pre>
         scaled ncust control stores = full observ[full observ["STORE NBR"].isin([233, 155, 40])][["STORE NBR", "YEARMONT
         def scaler c(row):
             if row["STORE NBR"] == 233:
                 return row["nCustomers"] * ncust ratio 77
             elif row["STORE NBR"] == 155:
                 return row["nCustomers"] * ncust ratio 86
             elif row["STORE NBR"] == 40:
                 return row["nCustomers"] * ncust ratio 88
         scaled ncust control stores["ScaledNcust"] = scaled ncust control stores.apply(lambda row: scaler c(row), axis=1
         trial scaled ncust control stores = scaled ncust control stores[(scaled ncust control stores["YEARMONTH"] >= 201
         pretrial scaled ncust control stores = scaled ncust control stores[scaled ncust control stores["YEARMONTH"] < 20
         ncust percentage diff = {}
         for trial, control in trial control dic.items():
             a = trial scaled ncust control stores[trial scaled ncust control stores["STORE NBR"] == control]
             b = trial full observ[trial full observ["STORE NBR"] == trial][["STORE NBR", "YEARMONTH", "nCustomers"]]
             ncust percentage diff[trial] = b["nCustomers"].sum() / a["ScaledNcust"].sum()
             b[["YEARMONTH", "nCustomers"]].merge(a[["YEARMONTH", "ScaledNcust"]],on="YEARMONTH").set index("YEARMONTH").
             plt.legend(loc='center left', bbox to anchor=(1.0, 0.5))
             plt.title("Trial Store "+str(trial)+" and Control Store "+str(control))
```







In [35]: ncust_percentage_diff

Out[35]: {77: 1.2306529009742622, 86: 1.1354166666666667, 88: 1.0444876946258161}

In [36]: temp1 = scaled_ncust_control_stores.sort_values(by=["STORE_NBR", "YEARMONTH"], ascending=[False, True]).reset_ir
temp2 = full_observ[full_observ["STORE_NBR"].isin([77,86,88])][["STORE_NBR", "YEARMONTH", "nCustomers"]].reset_i
scaledncust_vs_trial = pd.concat([temp1, temp2], axis=1)
scaledncust_vs_trial.columns = ["c_STORE_NBR", "YEARMONTH", "c_ScaledNcust", "t_STORE_NBR", "t_nCustomers"]
scaledncust_vs_trial["nCust_Percentage_Diff"] = (scaledncust_vs_trial["t_nCustomers"] - scaledncust_vs_trial["c_
scaledncust_vs_trial["trial_period"] = scaledncust_vs_trial["YEARMONTH"].apply(lambda cell: label_period(cell))
scaledncust_vs_trial[scaledncust_vs_trial["trial_period"] == "trial"]

Out[36]:

	c_STORE_NBR	YEARMONTH	c_ScaledNcust	t_STORE_NBR	t_nCustomers	nCust_Percentage_Diff	trial_period
7	233	201902	45.151007	77	45	-0.003350	trial
8	233	201903	40.134228	77	50	0.218913	trial
9	233	201904	30.100671	77	47	0.438370	trial
19	155	201902	95.000000	86	107	0.118812	trial
20	155	201903	94.000000	86	115	0.200957	trial
21	155	201904	99.000000	86	105	0.058824	trial
31	40	201902	127.610209	88	124	-0.028697	trial
32	40	201903	120.464037	88	134	0.106388	trial
33	40	201904	121.484919	88	128	0.052228	trial

Check significance of Trial minus Control stores nCustomers Percentage Difference Pre-Trial vs Trial.

Step 1: Check null hypothesis of 0 difference between control store's Pre-Trial and Trial period performance.

Step 2: Proof control and trial stores are similar statistically

Step 3: After checking Null Hypothesis of first 2 step to be true, we can check Null Hypothesis of Percentage Difference between Trial and Control stores during pre-trial is the same as during trial.

```
In [37]: # Step 1
                              for num in [40, 155, 233]:
                                           print("Store", num)
                                           print(ttest ind(pretrial scaled ncust control stores[pretrial scaled ncust control stores["STORE NBR"] == null
                                                                                           trial scaled ncust control stores[trial scaled ncust control stores["STORE NBR"] == num]["Scaled ncust control stores["STORE NBR"] == num]["Stores["STORE NBR"] == num]["STORE NBR"] == num]["Stores["STORE NBR"] == num]["STORE NB
                                                                                            equal var=False), '\n')
                              alpha = 0.05
                              print("Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:")
                              print(t.ppf((alpha/2, 1-alpha/2), df=min([len(pretrial scaled ncust control stores[pretrial scaled ncust control
                                                                                                         len(trial scaled ncust control stores[trial scaled ncust control stores["STORE NBR"] == r
                               Store 40
                               Ttest indResult(statistic=0.644732693420032, pvalue=0.5376573016017127)
                              Store 155
                               Ttest indResult(statistic=1.38888888888882, pvalue=0.204345986327886)
                              Store 233
                              Ttest indResult(statistic=0.8442563765225701, pvalue=0.4559280037660254)
                               Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:
                               [-4.30265273 4.30265273]
```

```
In [38]: # Step 2
         for trial, cont in trial control dic.items():
             print("Trial store:", trial, ", Control store:", cont)
             print(ttest ind(pretrial full observ[pretrial full observ["STORE NBR"] == trial]["nCustomers"],
                            pretrial scaled ncust control stores[pretrial scaled ncust control stores["STORE NBR"] == cor
                            equal var=True), '\n')
         alpha = 0.05
         print("Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:")
         print(t.ppf((alpha/2, 1-alpha/2), df=len(pretrial full observ[pretrial full observ["STORE NBR"] == trial])-1))
         Trial store: 77 , Control store: 233
         Ttest indResult(statistic=0.0, pvalue=1.0)
         Trial store: 86 , Control store: 155
         Ttest indResult(statistic=0.0, pvalue=1.0)
         Trial store: 88 , Control store: 40
         Ttest indResult(statistic=-7.648483953264653e-15, pvalue=0.99999999999999)
         Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:
         [-2.44691185 2.44691185]
```

```
In [39]: # Step 3
         for trial, cont in trial control dic.items():
             print("Trial store:", trial, ", Control store:", cont)
             temp pre = scaledncust vs trial[(scaledncust vs trial["c STORE NBR"] == cont) & (scaledncust vs trial["trial
             std = temp pre["nCust Percentage Diff"].std()
             mean = temp pre["nCust Percentage Diff"].mean()
             #print(std, mean)
             for t month in scaledncust vs trial[scaledncust vs trial["trial period"] == "trial"]["YEARMONTH"].unique():
                 pdif = scaledncust vs trial[(scaledncust vs trial["YEARMONTH"] == t month) & (scaledncust vs trial["t ST
                 print(t month,":",(float(pdif)-mean)/std)
             print('\n')
         print("Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:")
         conf intv 95 = t.ppf(0.95, df=len(temp pre)-1)
         print(conf intv 95)
         Trial store: 77 , Control store: 233
         201902 : -0.19886295797440687
         201903 : 8.009609025380932
         201904 : 16.114474772873923
         Trial store: 86 , Control store: 155
         201902 : 6.220524882227514
         201903 : 10.52599074274189
         201904 : 3.0763575852842706
         Trial store: 88 , Control store: 40
         201902 : -0.3592881735131531
         201903 : 1.2575196020616801
         201904 : 0.6092905590514273
```

There are 5 months' increase in performance that are statistically significant (Above the 95% confidence interval t-score):

March and April trial months for trial store 77

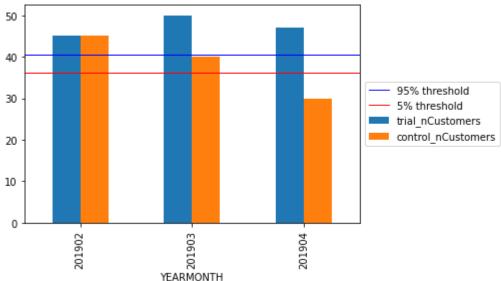
1.9431802803927818

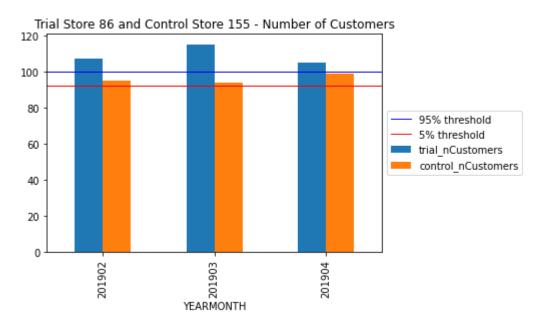
Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:

Feb, March and April trial months for trial store 86

```
In [40]:
    for trial, control in trial_control_dic.items():
        a = trial_scaled_ncust_control_stores[trial_scaled_ncust_control_stores["STORE_NBR"] == control].rename(colu        b = trial_full_observ[trial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == trial]["STORE_NBR", "YEARMONTH", "nCustomers"]].ren        comb = b[["YEARMONTH", "trial_nCustomers"]].merge(a[["YEARMONTH", "control_nCustomers"]],on="YEARMONTH").set        comb.plot.bar()
        cont_sc_ncust = trial_scaled_ncust_control_stores[trial_scaled_ncust_control_stores["STORE_NBR"] == control]
        std = scaledncust_vs_trial[(scaledncust_vs_trial["c_STORE_NBR"] == control) & (scaledncust_vs_trial["trial_pt thresh95 = cont_sc_ncust.mean() + (cont_sc_ncust.mean() * std * 2)
        thresh5 = cont_sc_ncust.mean() - (cont_sc_ncust.mean() * std * 2)
        plt.axhline(y=thresh95,linewidth=1, color='b', label="95% threshold")
        plt.axhline(y=thresh5,linewidth=1, color='b', label="95% threshold")
        plt.legend(loc='center_left', bbox_to_anchor=(1.0, 0.5))
        plt.title("Trial_store_"+str(trial)+" and Control_Store_"+str(control)+" - Number_of_Customers")
        plt.savefig("TS_{} and CS_{} - nCustomers.png".format(trial_control), bbox_inches="tight")
```









Insights:-

•• We can see that Trial store 77 sales for Feb, March, and April exceeds 95% threshold of control store. Same goes to store 86 sales for all 3 trial months.

- •• Trial store 77: Control store 233
- ••• Trial store 86: Control store 155
- ••• Trial store 88: Control store 40
- •• Both trial store 77 and 86 showed significant increase in Total Sales and Number of Customers during trial period. But not for trial store 88. Perhaps the client knows if there's anything about trial 88 that differs it from the other two trial.
- Overall the trial showed positive significant result.

•••••