Total No. of Questions: 8]	SEAT No. :
PB-2324	[Total No. of Pages : 2
	[6263]-172
<b>B.E.</b> (	Information Technology)
	DEEP LEARNING
(2019 Patte	ern) (Semester - VII) (414443)

		[6263]-172			
		B.E. (Information Technology)			
	DEEP LEARNING				
	(2019 Pattern) (Semester - VII) (414443)				
Time	: 21/2	[Max. Marks: 70			
Instr	uction	ns to the candidates:			
	<i>1</i> )	Answey Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4, Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7 or Q.8.			
	2)	Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.			
	<i>3</i> )	Figures to the right side indicate full marks.			
	<i>4</i> )	Assume suitable data, if necessary.			
<b>Q</b> 1)	a) \( \)	Write a short note on Long Short-Term Memory Networks (LSTM). [9]			
	b)	Explain how sequence to sequence model works. [9]			
		OR O			
<b>Q</b> 2)	a)	Differentiate between Feed-Forward Neural Networks Vs Recurrent Neural			
		Networks. Explain the types of Recurrent Neural Network (RNN). [9]			
	b)	Explain the components of a Long Short-Term Memory Networks (LSTM)			
	٠,	and Advantages of LSTM.			
<b>Q</b> 3)	a)	Explain the architecture of undercomplete autoencoder. What is the			
		difference between undercomplete autoencoder and sparse autoencoder?			
		[9]			
	b)	What are Denoising Autoencoders. Why it is used? [8]			
		OR CO			
<b>Q4</b> )	a)	How do Autoencoders work? What are the applications of autoencoder?[9]			
	b)	What is a Bottleneck in autoencoder and why is it used? [8]			

*P.T.O.* 

Q5)	a)	What is greedy layerwise pretraining? Explain the approaches.		
	b)	Why should one use transfer learning and when?	[9]	
		OR		
Q6)	a)	When Vanishing Gradient Problem Occurs? Explain in detail	[9]	
	b)	Explain distributed representation with example.	[9]	
Q7)	a)	Explain the traditional approach and deep learning approach for Auto	omatic	
		Speech Recognition.	[8]	
	b)	Explain content based, collaborative and hybrid recommender s	•	
		with pros and cons.	[9]	
		OR OR		
Q8)	a)	Explain the following social network analysis terminologies	[8]	
		i) Nodes & Ages ii) Weight		
		iii) Centrality Measures iv) Network Level Measures	5	
	b) \	How does image classification works? Describe various	•	
		classification techniques and enlist the four advantages of using learning in image classification.	g deep [ <b>9</b> ]	
		icarinig in image classification.	[7]	
			0	
		Cy 36°	3	
		Rough St.	Sol	
		Se.		
[62	63]	-172 2 9.28.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.		