### **CRAN R**



### **R HISTORY**

- "S" language for data analysis developed at Bell Labs 1976
- Licensed by AT&T. Product name: S-plus.
- R: initially written & released as an open source software by Ross Ihaka and Robert Gentleman at the University of Auckland, New Zealand
- Since 1997: 1000s of code writers and statisticians happy to share their libraries!





Ross Ihaka

Robert Gentleman

# Introduction 🧸

- CRAN Comprehensive R Archive Network. https://cran.r-project.org/
- R is a system for statistical computation and graphics.
  - Programming language
  - High level graphics
  - Interfaces to other languages
  - Debugging facilities.
- Most widely used data analysis software.
- Create beautiful and unique data visualizations.
- The source code for the R software environment is written primarily in C, Fortran, and R.

Open Source Project (community) RAM (Primary Memory) for Processing

Interpreted Language

CASE Sensitive

#### **CRAN R**

CRAN

Core R

Tools

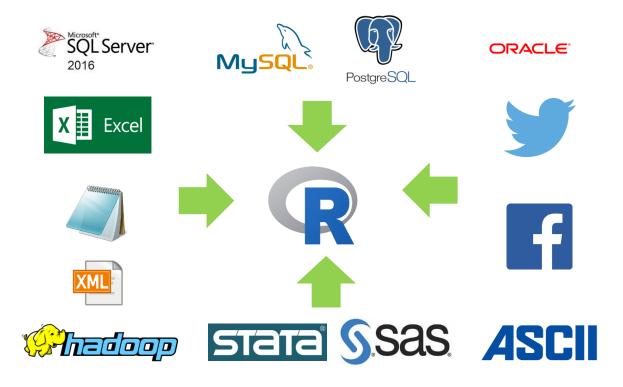
Users

iCluster coda ...4,000 + gamm4 ggmap mi lattice ggplot2 lme4 Base R+ foreign 200 core packages Front Ends (Text Editors, IDEs, GUIs) Vim Emacs + ESS Eclipse + StatET Rstudio Deducer



- R consists of a core and packages.
- Base R and most R packages are available for download from the Comprehensive R Archive Network (CRAN)
- Packages contain functions that are not available in the core.
- Packages need to be installed in R from repositories.
- Currently, the CRAN package repository features 8513 available packages.

### R DATA SOURCE CONNECTIONS



### R COMMERCIAL









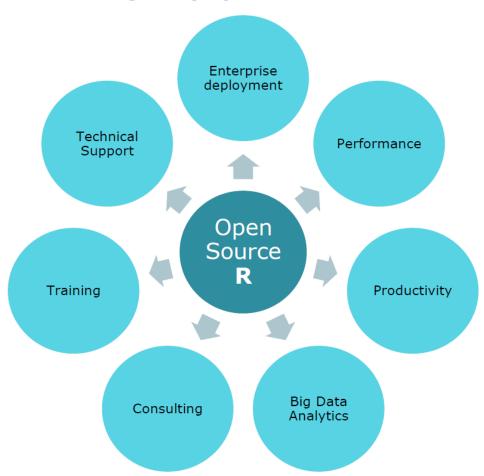


- Other major commercial software systems supporting connections to or integration with R include:
  - Microsoft R (Revolution Analytics acquired by Microsoft)
  - R shiny
  - SAS
  - SQL Server 2016
  - SPSS
  - STATISTICA
  - Tableau
  - Esri ArcGis
  - Dundas
  - MATLAB
  - Spotfire etc.

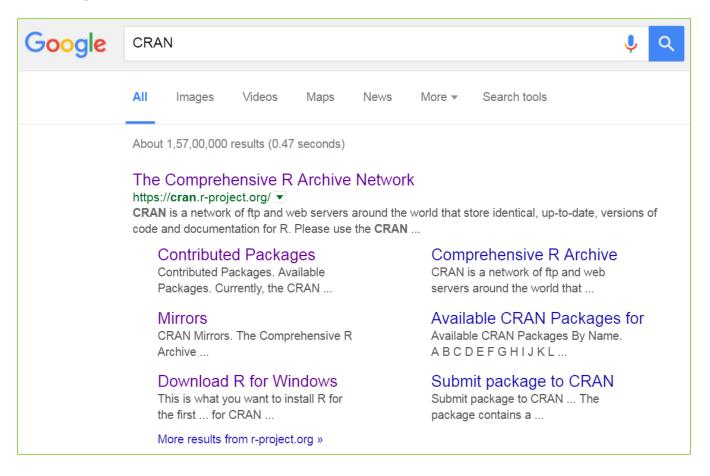
# R ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

ADVANTAGES	DISADVANTAGES
Fast and free.	Not user friendly @ start - steep learning curve, minimal GUI.
State of the art: Statistical researchers provide their methods as R packages.	No commercial support; figuring out correct methods or how to use a function on your own can be frustrating.
Active user community	Easy to make mistakes and not know.
Excellent for simulation, programming, computer intensive analyses, etc.	Working with large datasets is limited by RAM
Forces you to think about your analysis.	Data prep & cleaning can be messier & more mistake prone in R vs. SPSS or SAS
Interfaces with database storage software (SQL)	

# **DISTINCTIVE FEATURES OF R**



#### R DOWNLOAD



#### **R DOWNLOAD**

#### The Comprehensive R Archive Network

#### Download and Install R

Precompiled binary distributions of the base system and contributed packages, **Windows and Mac** users most likely want one of these versions of R:

- Download R for Linux
- Download R for (Mac) OS X
- Download R for Windows

R is part of many Linux distributions, you should check with your Linux package management system in addition to the link above.

#### R for Windows

#### Subdirectories:

base	Binaries for base distribution (managed by Duncan Murdoch). This is what you want to <u>install R for the first time</u> .
contrib	Binaries of contributed CRAN packages (for R >= 2.11.x; managed by Uwe Ligges). There is also information on third party software available for CRAN Windows services and corresponding environment and make variables.
old contrib	Binaries of contributed CRAN packages for outdated versions of R (for R < 2.11.x; managed by Uwe Ligges).

Rtools

Tools to build R and R packages (managed by Duncan Murdoch). This is what you want to build your own packages on Windows, or to build R itself.

10

#### **R DOWNLOAD**

R-3.3.1 for Windows (32/64 bit)

Download R 3.3.1 for Windows (70 megabytes, 32/64 bit)

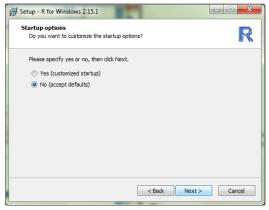
<u>Installation and other instructions</u> <u>New features in this version</u>

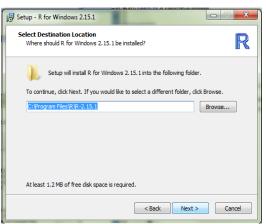
If you want to double-check that the package you have downloaded exactly matches the package distributed by R, you can compare the <u>md5sum</u> of the .exe to the <u>true fingerprint</u>. You will need a version of md5sum for windows: both <u>graphical</u> and <u>command line versions</u> are available.

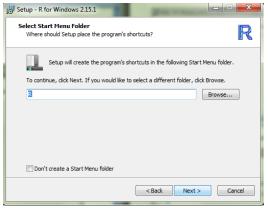
 Download the software and install it. (Simple installation just hit next button till installation complete).

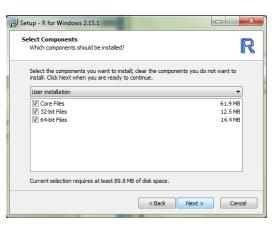
### **R INSTALLATION**

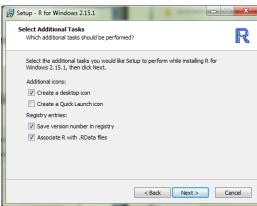




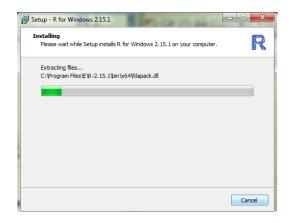


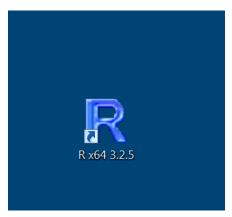






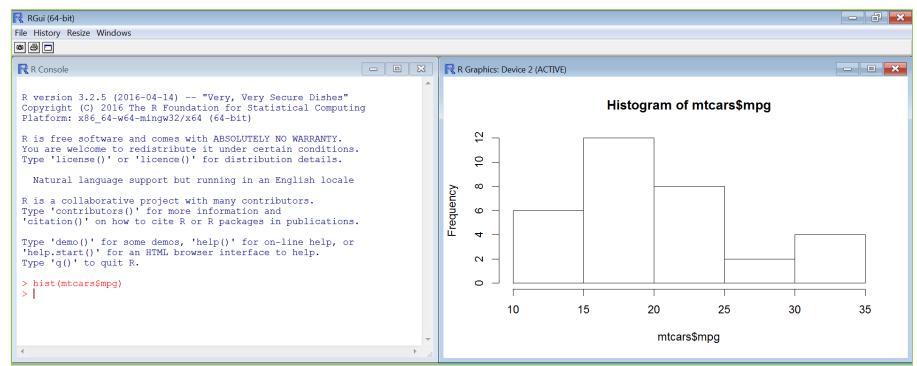
# **RINSTALLATION**





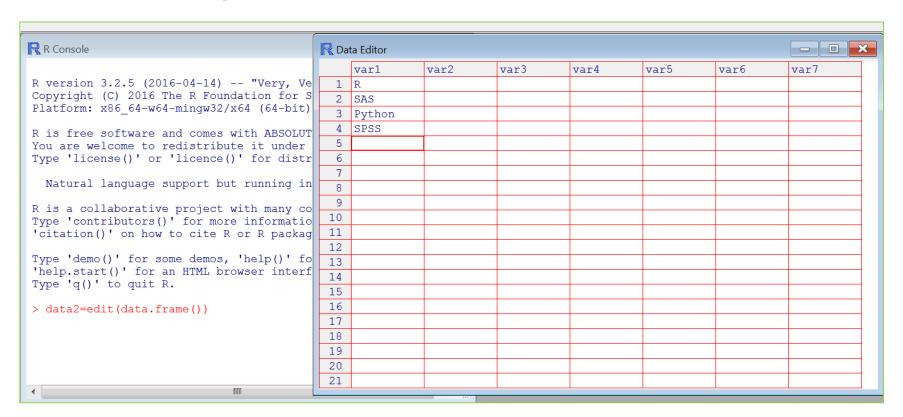
Click on R icon in desktop/Startup Menu.

### R WORKSPACE



- R consist of:
  - Editor/Console window → Coding, viewing data.
  - Output Window → Results

#### R DATA EDITOR



#### R DATASETS

#### R data sets R Console US State Facts and Figures state.abb (state) R version 3.2.5 (2016-04-14) -- "Very, Very Secure Dishes" state.area (state) US State Facts and Figures Copyright (C) 2016 The R Foundation for Statistical Computing state.center (state) US State Facts and Figures Platform: x86 64-w64-mingw32/x64 (64-bit) state.division (state) US State Facts and Figures R is free software and comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY. state.name (state) US State Facts and Figures US State Facts and Figures You are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions. state.region (state) Type 'license()' or 'licence()' for distribution details. state.x77 (state) US State Facts and Figures sunspot.month Monthly Sunspot Data, from 1749 to "Present" Yearly Sunspot Data, 1700-1988 Natural language support but running in an English locale sunspot.vear Monthly Sunspot Numbers, 1749-1983 sunspots Swiss Fertility and Socioeconomic Indicators R is a collaborative project with many contributors. swiss Type 'contributors()' for more information and (1888) Data 'citation()' on how to cite R or R packages in publications. treering Yearly Treering Data, -6000-1979 Girth, Height and Volume for Black Cherry Trees trees Populations Recorded by the US Census Type 'demo()' for some demos, 'help()' for on-line help, or uspop 'help.start()' for an HTML browser interface to help. volcano Topographic Information on Auckland's Maunga Wham Volcano Type 'q()' to quit R. warpbreaks The Number of Breaks in Yarn during Weaving Average Heights and Weights for American Women > require(utils) women > data()

- R consist of default datasets for practice purpose.
- You can access the data from a dataset by typing the name directly
  - mtcars

To view all the default datasets use below code: require(utils) data()

#### R - SURVIVAL

• To get a description of the version of R and its attached packages used in the current session, we can use the session Info function

```
sessionInfo()
```

- Get the default working library getwd()
- Setting a new work library setwd("D:\\LMDM")
- Listing objects created in current session ls()
- Get the R code types in current session history()
- Get help help.search("histogram") ??logistic
- Remove Objects from R session rm()

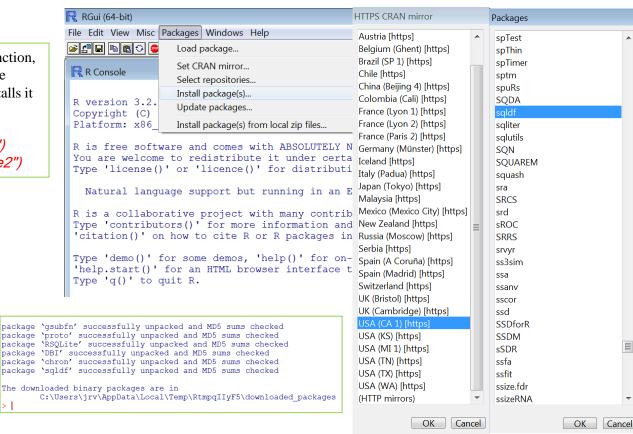
Code Comment

SQL	SAS	R
Table	Dataset	Object
Row	Observation	Observation
Column	Variable	Variable

## R PACKAGES - INSTALL, LOAD & UPDATE

To use packages in **R**, we must first install them.

Use the **install.packages** function, which typically downloads the package from CRAN and installs it for use #install.packages("sqldf") #install.packages("brewer") #install.packages("reshape2")



# R PACKAGES - INSTALL, LOAD & UPDATE

- Loading Packages:
  - If we know we will need a particular package for our current R session, we must load it into the R environment using the library or require functions

library(sqldf) require(sqldf)

```
R Console

> require(sqldf)
Loading required package: sqldf
Loading required package: gsubfn
Loading required package: proto
Loading required package: RSQLite
Loading required package: DBI
> library(sqldf)
> |
```



- Updating Packages:
  - Go to Packages in menu tab  $\rightarrow$  Update Packages  $\rightarrow$  Select mirror  $\rightarrow$  select package to update.
  - You can also use below code, require(sqldf) || {install.packages("sqldf"); require(sqldf)}

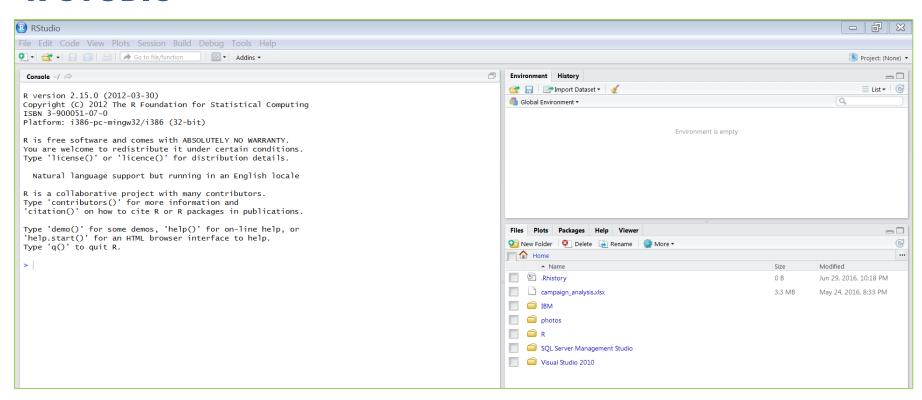
# R GUI

- Rstudio
- Deducer
- Rcammandor
- RWinEdt
- Tinn-R
- JGR (Java Gui for R)
- Emacs + ESS





#### R STUDIO



### R DEDUCER

