

# Queues with a Dynamic Schedule

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# Background

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# Queues with Scheduled Arrivals

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# Assumptions

- Single server
- Service times are independent exponential RVs with mean  $\mu$
- All customers arrive punctually
- Total number of customers is fixed

# Static vs. Dynamic

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# Static Schedules

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# Objective Function

- Denote the expected waiting time of customer  $i$  by  $w_i$

$$\mathbb{E}[\text{total customers' waiting time}] = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i$$

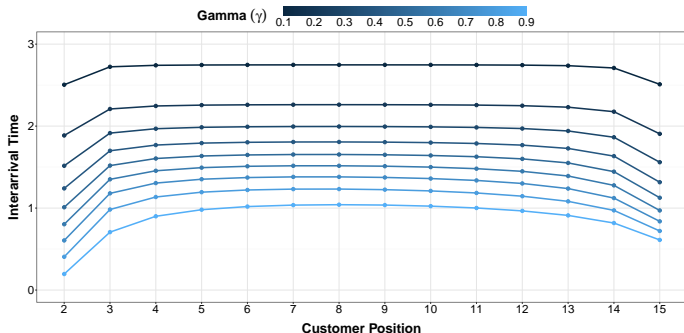
- Denote the interarrival time between customer  $i$  and customer  $i + 1$  by  $x_i$

$$\mathbb{E}[\text{server availability time}] = \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} x_i + w_n + \mu$$

- Objective is to minimise a linear combination of these times

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = (1 - \gamma) \sum_{i=1}^n w_i + \gamma \left( \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} x_i + w_n + \mu \right)$$

# Model for 15 Customers



- **Dome-shape:** increase for first customers, remain constant, then decrease for last few customers
- As relative cost of server availability time ( $\gamma$ ) increases, customers arrive earlier

# Dynamic Schedules

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# Markov Decision Process

- Consider the problem of scheduling  $N$  customers
- Denote the number of customers in the system on arrival of customer  $i$  by  $k_i$
- $\{k_1, \dots, k_N\}$  is a discrete-time Markov chain
- On each customer's arrival, scheduler needs to schedule the arrival time of the next customer denoted by  $a$
- Set of possible times is  $\mathcal{A} = [0, \infty)$
- Naturally modelled as Markov decision process

## Expected Cost of Schedule

- Denote the current state of  $n$  customers remaining to be scheduled and  $k$  customers currently in the system by  $(n, k)$
- Expected cost of state  $(n, k)$  for  $n \geq 1$ :

$$C_n^*(k) = \min_{a \geq 0} C_n(a, k) = \min_{a \geq 0} \left[ \sum_{j=1}^{k+1} p_a(i, j) \left( R_a(i, j) + C_{n-1}^*(j) \right) \right]$$

# Erlang Distribution

- Waiting time of customer in position  $r + 1$  is sum of  $r$  independent Exponential RVs with mean  $\mu$

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^r S_i \sim \text{Erlang}(r, \mu)$$

- Distribution function:

$$F(a; r) = \mathbb{P}(X \leq x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{where } x = 0 \\ 1 - \sum_{i=0}^{r-1} \frac{1}{i!} \left(\frac{x}{\mu}\right)^i e^{-\frac{x}{\mu}} & \text{where } x > 0 \end{cases}$$

- Conditional expectation:

$$\mathbb{E}[X \mid X \leq a] = \mu r \times \frac{F(a; r+1)}{F(a; r)}$$

- Suppose  $Y \sim \text{Exp}(\mu)$  independent of  $X$

$$\mathbb{E}[X \mid X \leq a, X + Y > a] = \frac{ar}{r+1}$$

# Schedule Comparison

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## Expected Cost Comparison



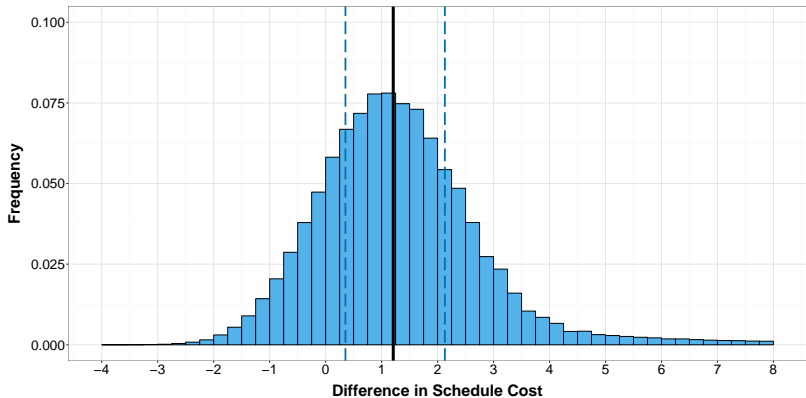


# Simulation Studies

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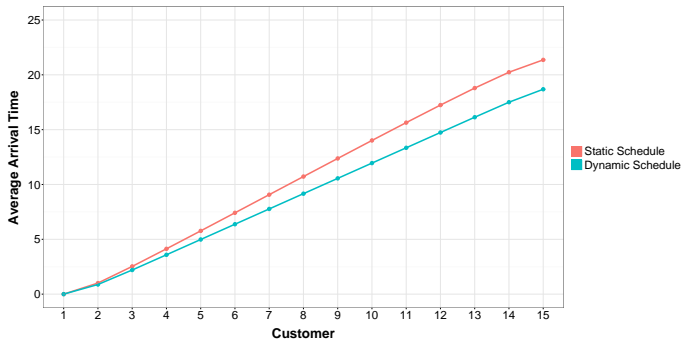


# Schedule Cost



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# Customer Arrival Times



# Customer Waiting Times

