# **SCHEME OF EXAMINATION**

and SYLLABI

For

B.E. (Information Technology)

1<sup>st</sup> – 8<sup>th</sup> semester

For

Batch

2020-24

# Dept. of Information Technology UIET, Panjab University Chandigarh

## Vision of Dept. of Information Technology:

The Department of Information technology aims to develop information technology engineers who work professionally and creatively for the advancement of technology and betterment of society.

# Mission of Dept. of Information Technology:

- To impart quality education by developing information technology facilities, faculty and resources that generates professionals who are leaders for a dynamic information society.
- To develop a collaborative culture, so as to nurture an environment of increased research amongst the students and faculty.
- To encourage hands-on learning by fostering industrial partnerships to create real world solutions through innovation, product development, entrepreneurship and consultancy services.
- To enhance human potential by encouraging transparency and accountability amongst all stakeholders, in order to nurture ethical values in students.

# **Programme Educational Objectives (PEOs)**

- <u>PEO 1</u>: Graduates are prepared to be employable in industry and possess knowledge of engineering & IT concepts, practices and tools to support design, development, application and maintenance of IT enabled products and projects.
- PEO 2: Graduates are prepared to pursue higher education in their area of interest.
- <u>PEO 3:</u> Graduates are prepared to possess professional skills like team work, ethics, competence in written & oral communication.

### **Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)**

Students will be able to:

- 1. Understand and apply analytical and computational techniques for solving problems in the information technology discipline.
- 2. Design and develop efficient and innovative software/hardware systems using concepts and tools of database systems, operating systems, computer networks, embedded systems and related technologies.

#### Revised Programme Outcomes (POs) of Department of I.T.

Engineering Graduates will be able to:

- 1. Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
- 2. Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
- 3. Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
- 4. Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
- 5. Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
- 6. The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
- 7. Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
- 8. Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
- 9. Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
- 10. Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
- 11. Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
- 12. Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

#### **EXAMINATION NOTE:**

The Semester question paper of a subject will be of 50 marks having 7 questions of equal marks. First question, covering the whole syllabus and having questions of conceptual nature, will be compulsory. Rest of the paper will be divided into two sections having three questions each and the candidate is required to attempt at least two questions from each section.

# 2.0 Credit System

- 2.1 All B.E programmes are organized around semester-based credit system of study. The credit system is based on continuous evaluation of a student's performance/progress and includes flexibility to allow a student to progress at an optimum pace suited to his/her ability or convenience, subject to fulfilling minimum requirements for continuation.
- 2.2 Performance/progress of a student is measured by the number of credits that he/she has earned (completed satisfactorily). Based on the course credits and grades obtained by the student, grade point average is calculated, subject to his qualification of minimum grade in each subject.

## 2.3 Course Credit Assignment:

Each course has a certain number of credits assigned to it depending on the associated number of lecture, tutorials and laboratory contact hours in a week. A few courses are without credit and are referred to as non-credit (NC) courses.

Lectures and Tutorials: One lecture hour or one tutorial hour per week per semester is assigned one credit.

Practical / Laboratory Work: One laboratory hour per week per semester is assigned half credit.

The credits are rounded off to the nearest whole number.

For each lecture or tutorial the self study component is 1 hour/week

#### 2.4 Earning Credits:

At the end of every course, a letter grade is awarded in each course for which a student has registered. On obtaining a pass grade (at least 'D' grade), the student accumulates the course credits as earned credits. Performance of a student is measured by the number of credits that he/she has earned and by the weighted grade point average. Grades obtained in audit courses are not counted towards the calculation of grade point average. However, a pass grade ('D' grade) is essential for earning credits from an audit course.

# 3.0 Grading System

3.1 The grades and their respective description, along with grade points are listed in the Table-I given below.

Table-1

Grade	<b>Grade Point</b>	Description
<b>A</b> +	10	Outstanding
A	9	Excellent
B+	8	Very Good
В	7	Good
C+	6	Average
C	5	Below average
D	4	Marginal
F	0	Very Poor
I	-	Incomplete
NP	-	Audit Pass
NF	-	Audit Fail

W	•	Withdrawal
X	-	Unsatisfactory
S	-	Satisfactory Completion

## 4.0 Evaluation System

#### 4.1 Continuous Assessment:

There shall be continuous evaluation of the student during the semester. For evaluation purpose, total marks assigned to each subject shall be distributed as:

Two Mid semester Examination (Minor-1 and Minor-2) with 30 % of total marks assigned to the subject. Best Marks of one of these two will be considered for award of sessional.

Assignments/Class projects/Short class tests/MCQ based quizzes/Projects/Presentations/Group discussions/ Attendance with 20 % of total marks assigned to the subject.

One End Semester Examination (Major Examination) with 50% of total marks assigned to the subject. It is compulsory to appear in End Semester Examination and secure at least 20% marks of total End semester exam marks.

If a candidate secures less than 20% marks of total End semester exam marks, he/she will be awarded F grade.

#### 4.2 Method for the Award of Grades:

For the award of grades in a course, all component wise evaluation shall be done in terms of marks. The components include: Midterm-1 and Midterm-2 examinations, Assignments/projects/class presentations/Attendance, and End semester examination as per regulation 4.1. After converting the marks obtained in percentage, the grades will be assigned as per the guidelines given below:

Table-2

Sr. No.	Marks	Grade	Grade Point
1.	≥90	<b>A</b> +	10
2.	≥80 &< 90	A	9
3.	≥70 &< 80	B+	8
4.	≥60 &< 70	В	7
5.	≥50 &< 60	C+	6
6.	≥45 &< 50	С	5
7.	≥40 &< 45	D	4
8.	<40	F	0

#### 5.0 Evaluation of Performance

5.1 The performance of a student shall be evaluated in terms of two indices, viz. Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA).

SGPA is the grade point average for the semester, and CGPA is the cumulative grade point average for all the completed semesters at any point in time.

The earned credits (E.C) are defined as the sum of course credits for course in which A+ to D grade has been obtained. For U.G students (B.E), credits from courses in which NP or S grade has been obtained are also added.

Points earned in a semester =

# $\sum$ (Course Credits x Grade Points) for courses in which A +

# to D grade has been obtained

The SGPA is calculated on the basis of grades obtained in all courses, except audit courses and courses in which S/Z grade is awarded, registered for the particular semester.

$\sum_{Semester} ($ $SGPA = $	$Course\ Credits  imes Grade\ Po\ int\ s$ ) for all courses except audit and $S/Z$ grade Courses
301A =	$\sum_{Semester}$ ( Course Credits ) except audit and S/Z grade Courses
SGPA	
	Points Secured in the Semester
Credits Reg	istered the Semester, excluding audit and $S/_{Z}$ grade courses
The CGPA is cal	culated as given below:
\sum_{\text{All Semester}}	$Course\ Credits  imes Grade\ Po\  ext{int}\ s$ ) for all courses with pass grade except audit and $S$ / $Z$ grade $Courses$
CGPA =	$\sum$ ( Course Credits earned ) except audit and S / Z grade Courses
	All Semester

# SCHEME OF EXAMINATION AND SYLLABI FOR B.E. (Information Technology) Batch 2020-24

# **Teaching Scheme For B.E** First Year- First Semester

			Н	ours p			Marks		
Course	Course Name	Option	week		Credits				
Code		Option	${f L}$	T	P		Internal	University	Total
							Assessment	Exam	
-	Choice Based	Theory	4	0	0	4	50	50	100
	Physics Course								
-	Choice Based	Practical	0	0	3	1.5	50	0	50
	Physics Course (P)								
<b>ASM 101</b>	Calculus	Theory	4	1	0	5	50	50	100
ESC X01	Programming for	Theory	3	0	0	3	50	50	100
	Problem Solving								
ESC X51	Programming for	Practical	0	0	4	2	50	0	50
	Problem Solving								
	(P)								
ESC X53	Workshop (P)	Practical	0	0	4	2	50	0	50
ITC 101	Introduction to	Theory	2	0	0	2	50	50	100
	Information								
	Technology								
	Total		13	1	11	19.5	350	200	550

#### First Year- Second Semester

Comme	Course Name			Hours per week					
Course Code	Course Name	Option	L	T	P	Credits	Internal Assessment	University Exam	Total
ASC X01	Applied Chemistry	Theory	4	0	0	4	50	50	100
ASC X51	Applied Chemistry (P)	Practical	0	0	3	1.5	50	0	50
ASM 201	Differential Equations and Transforms	Theory	4	1	0	5	50	50	100
HSMC X01	Professional Communication	Theory	2	0	0	2	50	50	100
HSMC X51	Professional Communication (P)	Practical	0	0	2	1	50	0	50
ITC 201	Object Oriented Programming using C++	Theory	3	0	0	3	50	50	100
ITC 251	Object Oriented Programming using C++ (P)	Practical	0	0	4	2	50	0	50
ESC X08	Basic Information Theory and Communication	Theory	2	0	0	2	50	50	100
ESC X58	Basic Information Theory and Communication (P)	Practical	0	0	2	1	50	0	50
ITC 252	Web and Open Source Technologies (P)	Practical	0	0	2	1	50	0	50
	Total		15	1	13	22.5	500	250	750

# **SUMMER TRAINING (TWO WEEKS)**

Subject Code	Subject Name	L-T-P	Contact hrs/week	Credits	Assessment
ST 251	PRODUCT RE- ENGINEERING AND	0-0-20	20	Nil	Satisfactory / Unsatisfactory
	INNOVATION				

**NOTE:** The students will undergo a mandatory "Summer Training" of two weeks in their respective departments after their second semester exams. It will be non-credited mandatory course, the result of which (satisfactory/unsatisfactory) will be reflected in their second semester mark sheet

# Teaching Scheme for B.E. Second Year

# **Second Year- Third Semester**

		Scho	eme of Tea	ching		Scheme	e of Exan	nination
Subject						Theory		
Code	Subject Name	L-T-P	Contact hrs/wee k	Credits	Category	Internal Ass.	Univ. Exam	Practical (Internal)
ASM 301	Linear Algebra and Probability Theory	3-1-0	4	4	BS	50	50	-
PCIT301	Data Structures	3-1-0	4	4	PC	50	50	
PCIT351	Data Structures(P)	0-0-3	3	1.5	PC	-		50
ESC301	Digital Electronics	3-1-0	4	4	ES	50	50	
ESC351	Digital Electronics(P)	0-0-3	3	1.5	ES			50
PCIT302	Computer Architecture and Organization	3-1-0	4	4	PC	50	50	-
PCIT303	Database Management System	3-1-0	4	4	PC	50	50	-
PCIT353	Database Management System(P)	0-0-3	3	1.5	PC	-	-	50
	Total	15-5-9	29	24.5		250	250	150

Total Marks: 650 Total Credits: 24.5

# **Second Year- Fourth Semester**

		Saha	ma of Toogle	ina		Scheme	e of Exan	nination
Subject	Subject Name	Sche	me of Teach	ıng		The	ory	Practical
Code	Subject Name	L-T-P	Contact hrs./week	Credits	Category	Internal Ass.	Univ. Exam	(Internal)
HSMC- 401	Elective- I (from Humanities and Social Sciences)	3-0-0	3	3	HS	50	50	-
ASM- 401	Discrete Structures	3-1-0	4	4	BS	50	50	-
PCIT401	Microprocessor & Assembly Language Programming	3-1-0	4	4	PC	50	50	-
PCIT451	Microprocessor & Assembly Language Programming(P)	0-0-3	3	1.5	PC	-	-	50
PCIT402	Computer Networks	3-1-0	4	4	PC	50	50	-
PCIT452	Computer Networks(P)	0-0-3	3	1.5	PC	-	-	50
PCIT403	Operating System	3-1-0	4	4	PC	50	50	-
PCIT453	Operating System(P)	0-0-3	3	1.5	PC	-	-	50
PCIT404	Educational tour	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	15-4-09	28	23.5		250	250	150

Total Marks: 650 Total Credits: 23.5

# Elective-I (from Humanities and Social Sciences)

• HSMC-401a Economics

• HSMC-401b Introduction to Psychology

• HSMC-401c Sociology

• HSMC-401d Russian Language

# Teaching Scheme for B.E. Third Year

# **Third Year - Fifth Semester**

a		Sch	eme of Teach	ning			e of Exan	nination
Subject	Subject Name			T		The	ory Univ.	Practical
Code		L-T-P	Contact hrs./week	Credits	Category	Internal Ass.	Exam	(Internal)
PCIT501	Network Security	3-1-0	4	4	PC	50	50	
	and Cryptography							-
PCIT551	Network Security and Cryptography(P)	0-0-2	2	1	PC	-	-	50
PCIT502	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	3-1-0	4	4	PC	50	50	-
PCIT552	Design and Analysis of Algorithms(P)	0-0-3	3	1.5	PC	-	-	50
PCIT503	Artificial Intelligence	4-0-0	4	4	PC	50	50	-
PCIT553	Artificial Intelligence(P)	0-0-3	3	1.5	PC			50
PEIT501a, PEIT501b, PEIT501c, PEIT 501d, PEIT501e, PEIT501f, PEIT 501g.	Professional Elective-I	3-0-0	3	3	PE	50	50	
PEIT551a, PEIT551b, PEIT551c, PEIT 551d,PEIT 551e,PEIT 551f,	Professional Elective-I (P)	0-0-3	3	1.5	PE	-	-	50
PWIT551	Industrial Training (after 4 <sup>th</sup> semester)	0-0-0	0	1	PW	-	-	50
HSMC 501	Cyber Laws & IPR	3-0-0	3	3	HS	50	50	-
PWIT552	Project-1	0-0-2	2	1	PW	-	-	50
7	Γotal	16-2-13	31	25.5		250	250	300

Total Marks: 800 Total Credits: 25.5

	Professional Elective-I								
	(Choose any one from the following	3)							
Sr No.	Subject	<b>Subject Code</b>							
1	Java Programming/Technologies	PEIT501a							
2	UNIX Network Programming	PEIT501b							
3	Python Programming	PEIT501c							
4	Mobile Application Development	PEIT501d							
5	Data Acquisition & Hardware Interfacing	PEIT501e							
6	Wireless Communication Technologies	PEIT501f							
7	Software as a Medicine	PEIT501g							

Third Year - Sixth Semester

		Sah	ome of Topo	hina		Schem	e of Exan	nination
Subject	Subject Name	Sch	eme of Teac	ning		The	ory	Dugatical
Code	Subject Name	L-T-P	Contact hrs./week	Credits	Category	Internal Ass.	Univ. Exam	Practical (Internal)
PCIT601	Theory of Computation	3-1-0	4	4	PC	50	50	-
PCIT602	Machine Learning	4-0-0	4	4	PC	50	50	-
PCIT652	Machine Learning (P)	0-0-3	3	1.5	PC	-	-	50
PEIT601a, PEIT601b, PEIT601c, PEIT601d	Professional Elective-II	3-0-0	3	3	PE	50	50	-
PEIT602a, PEIT602b, PEIT602c, PEIT602d	Professional Elective-III	3-0-0	3	3	PE	50	50	-
HSMC601	**Environment Sciences	0-0-0	-	Non- Credit	HS	-	50	-
OEIT601	*Open Elective-I	3-0-0	3	3	OE	50	50	
PWIT651	Project-II	0-0-2	2	1	PW	-	-	50
To	otal	16-1-5	22	19.5		250	300	100

Total Marks: 650 Total Credits: 19.5

<sup>\*\*</sup>Environment Sciences is a compulsory, self-study course. It can be undertaken through any department of Panjab University, Chandigarh OR Through Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs) offered by Swayam or NPTEL

<sup>\*</sup>Open Electives can be taken by opting for any course being offered by any department of Panjab University, Chandigarh OR Through Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs) offered by Swayam or NPTEL

# **Teaching Scheme for B.E. Fourth Year**

# **Fourth Year - Seventh Semester**

		Cala	or of Too ok			Scheme of Examination			
Subject Name		Scheme of Teaching				Theory		Practical	
Code	Subject Name	L-T-P	Contact hrs./week	Credits	Category	Internal Ass.	Univ. Exam	(Internal)	
PCIT701	Digital Signal Processing	3-1-0	4	4	PC	50	50	-	
PCIT751	Digital Signal Processing(P)	0-0-3	3	1.5	PC	-	-	50	
PCIT702	Compiler Design	3-1-0	4	4	PC	50	50	-	
PEIT701, PEIT701, PEIT701, PEIT701d	Professional Elective -IV	3-0-0	3	3	PE	50	50	-	
OEIT701	*Open Elective-II	3-0-0	3	3	OE	50	50	-	
PWIT751	Industrial Training (after 6 <sup>th</sup> Semester)	0-0-0	0	1	PW	-	-	50	
PWIT752	Project-III	0-0-4	4	2	PW	-	-	100	
	Total	12-2-7	21	18.5		200	200	200	

Total Marks: 600 Total Credits: 18.5

<sup>\*</sup>Open Electives can be taken by opting for any course being offered by any department of Panjab University, Chandigarh OR Through Massive Open Online Courses(MOOCs) offered by Swayam or NPTEL.

# Fourth Year - Eighth SemesterOption-1

Sch		Scheme o	Scheme of Teaching			Scheme of Examination			
Subject	Subject Name					Theory			
Code	Subject Name	L-T-P	Contact hrs./week	Credits	Type	Internal Ass.	Univ. Exam	Practical (Internal)	
PCIT801	Embedded System Design	3-1-0	4	4	PC	50	50	-	
PCIT851	Embedded System Design (P)	0-0-3	3	1.5	PC	-	-	50	
PCIT802	Cloud Computing	3-1-0	4	4	PC	50	50	-	
PEIT801a, PEIT801b, PEIT801c, PEIT801d	Professional Elective-V	3-0-0	3	3	PE	50	50	-	
HSMC801a, HSMC801b, HSMC801c, HSMC801d, HSMC801e, HSMC801f	Management Elective(Choice Based Elective)	3-0-0	3	3	HS	50	50	-	
OEIT 801	*Open Elective-III	3-0-0	3	3	OE	50	50	-	
PWIT851	Project IV	0-0-4	4	2	PW	-	-	100	
PWIT852	Seminar	0-0-2	2	1	PW	-	-	50	
7	Гotal	15-2-9	26	21.5		250	250	200	
	Total Marks:700	al Marks:700 Total Credits: 21.5					5		
				OR OPTION	ON – 2				
Sub Code	Sub Name	Duration	Credits		Int. Ass.	Marks	Gran	nd Total	
PWIT853	Industrial Training	6 months	21.5		300	400	,	700	

<sup>\*</sup>Open Electives can be taken by opting for any course being offered by any department of Panjab University, Chandigarh OR Through Massive Open Online Courses(MOOCs) through Swayam or NPTEL.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Mapping has to be 3 level: 1 (low or slight), 2 (moderate or medium), 3 (substantial or high) OR – (for no mapping).

	Choice Based Management Elective (Choose any one from the following)						
Sr No.	Subject	Subject Code					
1	Principles of Management	HSMC 801a					
2	Business Environment and Business Laws	HSMC 801b					
3	Entrepreneurship and Project management	HSMC 801c					
4	Financial Management	HSMC 801d					
5	Marketing Management	HSMC 801e					
6	Human Resource Management	HSMC 801f					

# **Professional Electives**

Code	<b>Bucket Domain</b>	Professional	<b>Professional Elective-</b>	Professional	<b>Professional Elective-V</b>
		Elective-II	III	<b>Elective-IV</b>	
A	Information and	Internet of Things	Principles of	Software Defined	Optical Communication
	Communication	PEIT601a	Telecommunication	Network	PEIT801a
	Technology		and Information	PEIT701a	
			Theory		
			PEIT602a		
В	<b>Image Processing</b>	Computer Graphics	Multimedia System	Human Computer	Digital Image Processing
		PEIT601b	PEIT602b	Interaction	PEIT801b
				PEIT701b	
C	Security	Cyber Attacks	Cyber	Block Chain	Intrusion Detection
		PEIT601c	Forensics	Technology	Systems
			PEIT602c	PEIT701c	PEIT801c
D	Software	Software	Software Project	Agile Software	Software Testing &
	Engineering	Engineering	Management	Development	Quality Assurance
		PEIT601d	PEIT602d	PEIT701d	PEIT801d

# **Credit Distribution Table**

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Total
	Sem								
<b>HS</b> Humanities and Social		3		3	3			3	12
Sciences including									
Management courses (8)									
BS Basic Sciences(24)	10.5	10.5	4	4					29
ES Engineering	7	3	5.5						15.5
Science/Workshop(14)									
PC Professional Core (56)	2	6	15	16.5	16	9.5	9.5	9.5	84
<b>PE</b> Professional Elective					4.5	6	3	3	16.5
(24)									
PW					2	1	3	3	9
Project/Seminar/Internship									
(16)									
Open Elective(8)						3	3	3	9
Total	19.5	22.5	24.5	23.5	25.5	19.5	18.5	21.5	175

# SYLLABUS FOR B.E. (I.T.) FIRST SEMESTER COURSE INFORMATION SHEET

Course Code	ASP X01
Course Title	Applied Physics
Type of Course	
LTP	403
Credits	4
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
<b>Course Assessment Methods</b>	50
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	

#### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	Hours
Oscillations	
Complete mathematical treatment for mechanical as well as electrical free, damped and forced oscillators. Simple harmonic oscillator and solution of the differential equation,	(4)
Physical characteristics of SHM.Superposition of two SHMs executing in same and	
perpendicular direction of same frequency and different frequencies, Lissajous figures.	
Superposition of n SHMs	
Damped Oscillations:	
Concept and cause of damping, differential equation of a damped oscillator and different kinds of damping, Methods of describing damping of an oscillator - logarithmic decrement, relaxation time, quality factor, band width. Series LCR circuit as a damped oscillator. Use of damping in shock absorbers and seismic dampners.	(4)
Forced Oscillations:	(4)
States of forced oscillations, differential equation of forced oscillator – its displacement, velocity and impedance, behaviour of displacement and velocity with driver's frequency, Power, bandwidth, Quality factor and amplification of forced oscillator, resonance in forced oscillators, vibration insulator.	
Electromagnetic waves:	(8)
Maxwell equations and their significance. Electromagnetic waves in vacuum conducting medium and non-conducting medium. Energy and momentum carried by electromagnetic waves and examples. Momentum carried by electromagnetic waves and resultant pressure. Reflection and transmission of electromagnetic waves for oblique and normal incidence.	(=)
	(5)
SECTION-B	, ,
Modern Optics	(7)
<b>Polarization:</b> Methods of polarization, analysis of polarized light, quarter and half wave plates,	<b>,</b>
double refraction, optical activity. Use of polarization in testing of materials, working of LCDs,	
projecting 3D movies.	
Lasers: Elementary idea of LASER production, spontaneous emission, stimulated emission,	<b>(7</b> )
Einstein's coefficients, Helium-Neon, Ruby and semiconductor lasers, Applications of lasers in	
optical communication and storage, laser machining, defence, geophysical sciences.	<b>/F</b> `
<b>Fibre Optics:</b> Basics of optical fibre - its numerical aperture, coherent and incoherent bundle,	<b>(7</b> )
step index and graded index fibre, material dispersion, fibre Optics sensors, applications of optical	

fibre in communication systems, medical sciences, defence, mechanical applications.

#### RECOMMENDED BOOKS

Reference Books:

- 1. Introduction to Solid State Physics, Charles Kittel
- 2. Solid State Physics, S.O. Pillai
- 3. Physics for Engineers (Prentice Hall India) N.K. Verma
- 4. Physics of Vibrations and Waves (5th Edition, John Wiley & Sons) H.J.Pain
- 5. Optics Ajoy Ghatak
- 6. Introduction to Electrodynamics, David J. Griffiths.

## **COURSE INFORMATION SHEET**

Course Code	ASP X51	
Course Title	Applied Physics (P)	
<b>Course Assessment Methods</b>		
Practical (Continuous and end semester	50	
evaluation)		

#### **SYLLABUS**

- 1. To study Lissajous figures obtained by superposition of oscillations with different frequencies and phases.
- 2. To find the wavelength of sodium light using Fresnel's biprism.
- 3. (i) To determine the wavelength of He-Ne laser using transmission grating. (ii) To determine the slit width using the diffraction pattern.
- 4. To determine the wave length of sodium light by Newton's rings method.
- 5. To determine the wave length of sodium light using a diffraction grating.
- 6. To find the specific rotation of sugar solution using a Laurant's Half shade/ Bi-quartz Polarimeter.
- 7. To design a hollow prism and used it find the refractive index of a given liquid.
- 8. To determine the wavelength of laser using Michelson interferometer.
- 9. To determine the velocity of ultrasonic waves in different liquids using ultrasonic interferometer.
- 10. To study the frequency response and to find resonant frequencies of LCR series and parallel circuits. Also to find the quality factor and band width in LCR.
- 11. To determine the value of acceleration due to gravity and radius of gyration using bar pendulum.
- 12. Study of transverse and longitudinal standing waves and the measurement of the frequency of the electrically maintained Tuning fork.
- 13. To study damping effects in spring mass system.

Course Code	ASP X02
Course Title	Quantum Physics
Type of Course	
LTP	403
Credits	4
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
<b>Course Assessment Methods</b>	50
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	

#### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	Hours
Special Theory of Relativity	
Inertial and non-inertial frames of reference, Galilean transformation, Michelson Morley Experiment, Postulates of special theory of relativity, Lorentz transformation, Simultaneity, Length contraction, Time dilation, Doppler effect, Addition of velocities, variation of mass with velocity, mass-energy relation, Relativistic momentum, Minkowski space .(Section 1.1 to 1.5, 1.7 to 1.9 of Book 1).	(8)
Origin and Postulates of Quantum Mechanics  Quantum theory of light, Blackbody Radiation, Photoelectric effect, Compton effect, X-rays production, spectrum & diffraction (Bragg's law), pair production, photons & gravity, Gravitational Red Shift, Black holes, de-Broglie hypothesis, particle diffraction, uncertainty principle and its applications.	(9)
Postulates of quantum mechanics, wave function, Born interpretation and normalization, Schrodinger theory, Time-dependent and Time-independent Schrodinger equation, Operators (Adjoint operator, Identity operator, Hermitian operator, unitary operator etc.), expectation values, Ehrenfest theorem (7) (Sections 2.1-2.10, 3.1-3.5, 3.7-3.10, 5.1-5.7 of Book 1)	(7)
SECTION-B	
Applications of Quantum Mechanics Particle in a box (infinite potential well), Potential step, Finite Potential Well and Barrier, Tunneling, Linear harmonic oscillator (one-dimensional), 3-D rigid box and degeneracy (9) (Sections 5.8 – 5.11 of Book 1)	(9)
Application of Quantum Mechanics to Solids	(12)
Free Electron theory of Metals (Classical and Sommerfield), Bloch's theorem for particles in a periodic potential, Kronig-Penney Model and origin of energy bands, conductors, insulators and semiconductors, Fermi level, density of states, Effective mass, Specific heat of solids (Sections 6.35-6.38, 6.40, 6.41, 7.1-7.5 of book 4 and Section 1 of Chapter 10 of Book 2).	

#### **References:**

- 1. Concepts of Modern Physics, by Arthur Beiser (McGraw-Hill)
- 2. Introduction to Solids by Leonid V. Azaroff
- 3. Elementary Solid state Physics by M.Ali Omar (Pearson Education)
- 4. Solid State Physics, by C. Kittel (Wiley Eastern)
- 5. Solid State Physics, by S.O. Pillai (New Age International)

## **COURSE INFORMATION SHEET**

Course Code	ASP X52
Course Title	Quantum Physics (P)
<b>Course Assessment Methods</b>	
Practical (Continuous and end semester	50
evaluation)	

#### **List of Experiments**

- 1. To study the quantized energy level of the first excited state in the Argon using the Frank-Hertz setup.
- 2. To find the value of Planck's constant and evaluate the work function of cathode material by used of photoelectric cell.
- 3. To study various characteristics of photo-voltaic cell: (a) Voltage-current characteristics, (b) loading characteristics, (c) power-resistance characteristics and (d) inverse square law behavior of the photo-current with distance of source of light from photo-voltaic cell
- 4. To study the response of a photo-resistor to varying intensity of light falling on it and deduce spectral sensitivity of its semiconductor material.
- 5. To study the Balmer Series of Hydrogen spectrum using diffraction grating and calculate Rydberg constant.
- 6. To evaluate charge on an oil drop using Millikan's oil drop method.
- 7. To verify Rutherford's alpha scattering formula using a mechanical model.
- 8. To calculate charge to mass ratio of an electron using Thompson's method.
- 9. To determine Hall coefficient of a given semiconductor material and evaluate charge carrier type, density and mobility of charge carriers.
- 10. To study temperature dependence of resistivity of a semiconductor using four probe method and determine the energy band gap of a given semiconductor.
- 11. To determine the velocity of ultrasonic waves in different liquids using ultrasonic interferometer.
- 12. To study probability theory using coins.
- 13. To study probability and statistics using two dice.

Course Code	ASP X03
Course Title	Physics of Materials
Type of Course	
LTP	403
Credits	4
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
Course Assessment Methods	50
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	

#### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	Hours
<b>Crystal structure:</b> Bonding forces and energies, Primary and Secondary bonds, Space Lattices, Symmetries in a cubic lattice, Crystal Structures (cubic and hexagonal cells), Assignment of coordinates, directions and planes in crystals, Linear, Planar and Space densities in crystals, close packed morphology (Hexagonal and cubic close packing), single and polycrystalline structures, interstitial spaces (trigonal, tetrahedral and octahedral voids)	(14)
Structure of ceramics (NaCl, Zinc blende, silica and silicates, diamond crystal, Graphite, Fullerenes and carbon nanotubes)	
Structure of polymers, crystallinity of long chain polymers	
Crystal Structure analysis, X-ray diffraction and Bragg's law, Experimental methods for study of X-ray diffraction pattern, Crystal Defects (Point, line, surface and volume imperfections)	
Diffusion: Diffusion mechanisms, steady state diffusion, non-steady state diffusion, factors	
affecting diffusion, applications based on diffusion (corrosion resistance of Duralumin,	
carburization of steel, decarburization of steel, doping of semiconductors).	(3)
Elastic, Anelastic and Viscoelastic Behaviour Elastic behaviour and its atomic model, rubber	(3)
like elasticity, anelastic behaviour, relaxation processes, viscoelastic behaviour .	
	<b>(7</b> )
SECTION-B	
Plastic Deformations and strengthening mechanisms: Tensile properties (Yield strength, Tensile Strength, Ductility, Resilience, Toughness), Dislocations and plastic deformation, characteristics of dislocations, slip systems, slip in single crystals and polycrystalline materials, mechanisms of strengthening in metals (grain size reduction, solid-solution strengthening, strain hardening), recovery, recrystallization and grain growth.	(5)
<b>Fracture, Fatigue and Creep:</b> Fracture (Ductile and brittle fractures), principles of fracture mechanics, fracture toughness, ductile to brittle transitions Cyclic stresses, S-N curve, crack initiation and propagation, factors that affect fatigue life, environmental effects, generalized creep behavior, stress and temperature effect.	(5)
Phase Diagrams:One-Component (or Unary) Phase Diagrams, Binary IsomorphousSystems, Interpretation of Phase Diagrams, Development of Microstructure in Alloys, Mechanical Properties of Isomorphous Alloys ,Binary Eutectic Systems,Development	(6)

of Microstructure in Eutectic Alloy, Equilibrium Diagrams Having Intermediate Phases or Compounds, Eutectic and Peritectic Reactions, the Iron-Carbon system.	
<b>Phase Transformations:</b> Kinetics of phase transformation, kinetics of solid state reactions, Isothermal transformation diagrams, continuous cooling transformation, temper embrittlement	(4)

RECO	RECOMMENDED BOOKS		
S.No.	NAME	AUTHORS	PUBLISHER
1.	Material science and engineering – An Introduction	William D Callister	6 <sup>Th</sup> edition, John Willey and Sons.
2.	Material Science and Engineering – A First Course	V. Raghvan	4 <sup>th</sup> edition, Eastern economy edition
3.	Solid State Physics	S. O. Pillai	New Age International
4.	Introduction to Solids	Leonid V Azaroff	Tata McGraw Hill, 3 <sup>rd</sup> edition.

Course Code	ASP X53
Course Title	Physics of Materials (P)
Course Assessment Methods Practical (Continuous and end semester evaluation)	50

# **List of Experiments**

- 1. To study the quantized energy of the first excited state in Argon using the Frank-Hertz Set-up.
- 2. To find the value of Planck's constant and evaluate the work function of cathode material by use of photoelectric cell.
- 3. To study various characteristics of photovoltaic cell: (a) Voltage-current characteristics (b) loading characteristics (c) power-resistance characteristics and (d) inverse squarelaw behavior of photocurrent with distance of source of light from photovoltaic cell.
- 4. To study the response of a photoresistor to varying intensity of light falling on it and deduce spectral sensitivity of its semiconductor material.
- 5. To determine Hall coefficient of a semiconductor material and then evaluate the type, density and mobility of charge carrier in a given semiconductor material.
- 6. To study the hysteresis loop of magnetic material (iron, nickel and steel) and determine its retentivity, coercivity and energy dissipated per unit volume per cycle of hysteresis.
- 7. To study temperature dependence of resistivity of a semiconductor material using four probe method and further deduce the band gap of this semiconductor.

8	2. To determine the Curie temperature of a ferroelectric material by measuring dielectric constant as a function of temperature.
9	. To determine thermal conductivity of bad conductor by using guarded plate method (Lee's disc method).
	E-INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SCHEME & SYLLABUS 2020-24 22   Page
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Course Code	ASM 101
Course Title	Calculus
Type of Course	
LTP	410
Credits	5
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
<b>Course Assessment Methods</b>	50
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	
Course Objectives (CO)	<ol> <li>To understand the behaviour of infinite series and its use.</li> <li>To learn the concepts of functions of two and more than two variables and their applications.</li> <li>To learn the methods to evaluate multiple integrals and their applications to various problems.</li> <li>To understand the concepts of Vector calculus and their use in engineering problems.</li> </ol>
Course Outcome	<ol> <li>The students are able to test the behaviour of infinite series.</li> <li>Ability to analyze functions of more than two variables and their applications.</li> <li>Ability to evaluate multiple integrals and apply them to practical problems.</li> <li>Ability to apply vector calculus to engineering problems</li> </ol>

# **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	Hours	
FUNCTIONS OF ONE VARIABLE		
Sequences and Series: Sequences, Limits of sequences, Infinite series, series of positive terms,		
Integral test, Comparison test, Ratio test, Root test. Alternating series, Absolute and Conditional		
Convergence, Leibnitz test. Power series: radius of convergence of power series, Taylor's and		
Maclaurin's Series. (Scope as in Chapter 10, Sections 10.1 – 10.9 of Reference 1).		
Integral Calculus: Length of curves, Volume (disk and washer method) and surface areas of		
revolution (Scope as in Chapter 6, 6.1, 6.3, 6.4 of Reference 1).		
DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS OF FUNCTIONS OF TWO AND THREE VARIABLES		
Concept of limit and continuity of a function of two and three variables, Partial derivatives, total		
derivative, composite function, differentiation of an implicit function, chain rule, change of		
variables, Jacobian, Taylor's theorem (statement only), Maxima and minima of a function of two		
and three variables, Lagrange's method of multipliers (Scope as in Chapter 14, Sections 14.1-14.4,		
14.6-14.10 of Reference 1).		
SECTION-B		
INTEGRAL CALCULUS OF FUNCTIONS OF TWO AND THREE VARIABLES		
Double and triple integrals, Change of order of integration, Change of Variables, Applications to		

area, volume and surface area. (Scope as in Chapter 15 of Reference 1).	
VECTOR DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS	
Vector-valued functions and space curves and their tangents, integration, arc lengths, unit tangent	
vector, Curvature and torsion of a curve, Gradient of a Scalar field, Directional Derivative (Scope	
as in Chapter 13, Sections 13.1-13.5 Chapter 14, Section 14.5 of Reference 1).	
VECTOR INTEGRAL CALCULUS	
Line integrals, Vector fields, Work, Circulation and Flux, Path Independence, Potential functions	
and Conservative fields, Green's theorem in the plane, Surface Areas and Surface Integrals,	
Stoke's Theorem, Gauss Divergence Theorem (Statements only) (Scope as in Chapter 16 of	
Reference 1).	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS			
S. No.	NAME	AUTHORS	PUBLISHER
1.	Calculus	Maurice D. Weir, Joel Hass, Frank R. Giordano, Thomas	12 <sup>th</sup> edition, Pearson Education.
2.	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	E. Kreyszig.	8th edition , John Wiley.
3.	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	Michael D. Greenberg	2 <sup>nd</sup> edition, Pearson Education.
4.	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	Wylie and Barrett	Tata McGraw Hill
5.	Higher Engineering Mathematics	B.V.Ramana	Tata McGraw Hill.
6.	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	R. K. Jain, S. R. K. Iyenger	Narosa Publications

Course Code	ESC X01
Course Title	Programming for Problem Solving
Type of Course	
LT P	
Credits	
<b>Total Lectures</b>	
<b>Course Assessment Methods</b>	50
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	
Course Objectives (CO)	<ol> <li>To develop simple algorithms for solving arithmetic and logical problems.</li> <li>To translate the algorithms to programs using C language and their execution.</li> <li>To implement conditional branching, iteration and recursion.</li> <li>To decompose a problem into functions and synthesize a complete program.</li> <li>To use arrays, pointers and structures to develop algorithms and programs</li> </ol>

#### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	Hours
Unit-1: Introduction to Programming	(06)
Introduction to components of a computer system: Memory, processor, I/O devices, storage,	
operating system, concept of assembler, compiler, interpreter, loader and linker.	
Concept of algorithm: Representation of an algorithm, flowchart, Pseudocode with examples,	
converting algorithms to programs.	
<b>Programming Basics:</b> Structure of C program, writing and executing the first C program, Syntax	
and logical errors in compilation, object and executable code. Components of C language,	
standard I/O in C, data types, variables and constants, memory storage, storage classes	
Unit –2: Expressions and Statements	
Expressions and their evaluation: Operands and Operators, formation of expressions using	
arithmetic, relational, logical and bitwise operators, precedence and associativity rules, mixed	(10)
operands, type conversion and evaluation of expressions.	
Statements: Simple and compound statements, Conditional Branching: if and switch statements,	
nested if-else, dangling else problem, use of break and default with switch. Iteration and loops:	
use of while, do while and for loops, nested loops, use of break and continue statements.	
Unit- 3: Arrays & Basic Algorithms	(07)
Arrays: Array notation and representation, manipulating array elements, using multi-dimensional	
arrays, character arrays and strings.	
Basic Algorithms: Searching and Sorting Algorithms (Bubble, Insertion and Selection), finding	
roots of equations, notion of order of complexity through example programs.	
SECTION-B	
Unit-4: Functions	(9)
Introduction, advantages of modularizing a program into functions, types of functions, passing	
parameters to functions: call by value, call by reference, passing arrays to functions, recursion	
with example programs.	

Unit – 5: Structures , Union, Enums and Bit-fields	(6)
Defining, declaring and usage of structures, unions and their arrays, passing structures and unions	1
to functions, introduction to enums and bit-fields.	I
Unit – 6: Pointers and File handling	(7)
<b>Pointers:</b> Introduction, declaration, applications, dynamic memory allocation (malloc, calloc,	l
realloc, free), use of pointers in self-referential structures.	I
<b>File handling:</b> File I/O functions, standard C pre-processors, defining and calling macros,	1
command-line arguments.	

#### **Text books:**

- 1. Schaum's Outline of Programming with C by Byron Gottfried, McGraw-Hill
- 2. Programming in C: A practical approach by Ajay Mittal, Pearson Education, 2010
- 3. The C programming by Kernighan Brain W. and Ritchie Dennis M., Pearson Education.
- 4. Computer Basics and C Programming by V.Rajaraman, PHI Learning, 2015.
- 5. Computer Concepts and Programming in C, E Balaguruswamy, McGraw Hill
- 6. Computer Science- A Structured Programming Approach Using C, by Behrouz A.Forouzan, Richard F. Gilberg, Thomson, Third Edition, Cengage Learning 2007

Course Code	ESC X51	
Course Title	Programming for Problem Solving (P)	
Course Assessment Methods Practical (Continuous and end semester evaluation)	50	
	I. To formulate the algorithms for simple problems  II. To translate given algorithms to a working and correct program  III. To be able to correct syntax errors as reported by the compilers  IV. To be able to identify and correct logical errors encountered at run time  V. To be able to write iterative as well as recursive programs  VI. To be able to represent data in arrays, strings and structures and manipulate them through a program  VII. To be able to declare pointers of different types and use them in defining self-referential structures.  VIII. To be able to create, read and write to and from simple text files.	

#### **SYLLABUS**

- Lab1: Familiarization with programming environment
- Lab 2: Simple computational problems using arithmetic expressions
- Lab 3: Problems involving if-then-else structures
- Lab 4: Iterative problems e.g., sum of series
- Lab 5: 1D Array manipulation, Arrays: searching, sorting
- Lab 6: Matrix problems, String operations
- Lab 7: Simple functions and parameter passing
- Lab 8: Numerical methods (Root finding, numerical differentiation, numerical integration)
- Lab 9: Recursive functions
- Lab 10: Pointers and structures
- Lab 11: File operations

Course Code	ESC X53
Course Title	WORKSHOP (P)
Type of Course	
LTP	
Credits	
<b>Total Lectures</b>	
<b>Course Assessment Methods</b>	50
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	
Course Objectives (CO)	<ol> <li>Know different machines, tools and equipment, Identify different Engineering materials, metals and non-metals.</li> <li>Understand different Mechanisms, Use of Machines, Tools and Equipment.</li> <li>Knowledge of basic Manufacturing Processes in Electronics, Electrical, Machine, Welding, Fitting, Sheet Metal.Smithy, Foundry and Carpentry Workshops.</li> </ol>
Course Outcome	<ol> <li>Familiarity with common machines, Tools and Equipment in basic Workshop Practices.</li> <li>On hand basic workshop practices in Electronics, Electrical, Machine, Welding, Fitting, Sheet Metal. Smithy, Foundry and Carpentry Workshops in Engineering professions.</li> <li>Applications of Basic Workshop Practices</li> </ol>

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Instruction for Students:** Practice of basic exercises related with different shops. On hand basic workshop practices in Electronics, Electrical, Machine, Welding, Fitting, Sheet Metal. Smithy, Foundry and Carpentry Workshops in Engineering professions shall be carried out by the students.

## Welding Workshop:

(Theory)Joining Processes, Welding and its Classification, Welding Processes, Fusion Welding, Pressure Welding, Electric Arc Welding, Gas Welding, Resistance Welding, Metal Inert gas Welding, Welding Joints, Welding Positions, Welding defects, Welding Applications, Basic welding design and Procedures, identification of materials,

<u>Jobs</u>: Butt Joint in Flat Position using SMAW, Lap Joint using Spot Welding, Edge Joint in Horizontal Position using SMAW, Tee Joint in Flat position using SMAW, Corner Joint in vertical position using SMAW

Defect Identification and marking, Edge preparation and Fillet making, Tacking, Distortion identification.

#### **Electronics Workshop**

To know about Soldering mechanism and techniques, Familiarity with Electronic Components / symbols, Testing of electronic components, Application of Soldering : Circuit Assembly

#### List of Jobs:

Practice of Soldering and de-soldering, Identification and testing of a) passive electronic components b) Active electronic components, Assembly of Regulated Power supply circuit.

#### **Electrical Workshop**

Introduction of Various Electric wirings, Wiring Systems, Electrical wiring material and fitting, different type of cables, Conduit pipe and its fitting, inspection points, switches of all types, Distribution boards, M.C.B's etc.. Electric Shock and its management.

Electric Tools: Conversance with various tools and to carry out the following:

- 1. Measurement of wire sizes using SWG and micrometer
- 2. Identification of Phase and neutral in single phase supply

#### Jobs:

To control a lamp with a single way switch

To control a lamp from two different places

To assemble a fluorescent lamp with its accessories

To control a lamp, fan and a three pin socket in parallel connection with single way switches

#### **Fitting Shop**

Introduction of Fitting, different type of operations, Tools, materials, precision instruments like Vernier caliper and Micrometer etc, Safety precautions and Practical demonstration of tools and equipments Jobs:

To make a square from MS Flat, Punching, Cutting, Filling techniques and practice, Tapping, Counter Drilling.

#### **Smithy Workshop**

Introduction of Smithy and Forging process, Tools and Equipment's, Operations, Heat Treatment processes, Advantages, Dis-advantages, Defects and Safety precautions.

Jobs:

Drawing and Upsetting Practice using Open Hearth Furnace, Cold working process practice, Heat Treatment \: Annealing and hardening process.

# **Machine Shop**

Application, Function and different parts, Operations of Lathe, Type of Cutting Tools and their materials, Drill machine Types, applications and Functions. Hacksaw machines and functions, Work Holding devices and tools, chucks, Vices, machine Vices, V Block, Measuring Instruments uses, Shaper and Milling machine Applications.

Jobs:

To perform Marking, Facing, Turning,taper Turing, Grooving, Knurling, parting, Drilling, Reaming operations on lathe machine,Hacksawing practice on Power hacksaw,Shaping operation practice on Shaper.

# **Carpentry Shop**

Classification of Tree, Timber. Advantages and uses of Timber, Seasoning of Wood, Tools Used, Defects and Prevention of Wood,

Jobs:

Tee Joint, Cross Joint, Tenon Joint, L Shape Joint, Practice of Wood Working Lathe, Practice on multipurpose Planer.

#### **Foundry Shop**

Introduction to Foundry, Advantages and Disadvantages of castings process, Introduction to pattern and various hand tools, Ingredients of Green sands, Various Hand Molding processes, Introduction to Casting Defects.

Jobs:

Identification and uses of hand tools, Preparation of Green sand in Muller, Preparation of Sand Mould of Single piece solid pattern, Split pattern, Preparation of Green sand Core, casting of a Mould and study its defects.

RECOMMENDED BOOKS			
S.No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1.	Introduction to Basic Manufacturing Processes and Workshop Technology	Rajender Singh	New Age International Publication
2	Manufacturing Processes	Chapman	Viva Books Private Limited

Course Code	ITC 101
Course Title	Introduction to Information Technology
Type of Course	PC
LTP	200
Credits	2
<b>Total Lectures</b>	30
<b>Course Assessment Methods</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Objectives (CO)	To understand about basics of computers and its architecture.
	2. To have basic knowledge of different domains of information technology.
Course Outcome.	After completion of this course, the students are able to:  I. Understand the basic principles of computers, processors and their architecture.  II. Learn basic concepts related to different domains of information technology.  III. Acquire knowledge about operating systems and database systems.

# **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	Hours
Computer Basics	(07)
Algorithms, A Simple Model of a Computer, Characteristics of Computers, Problem-solving	, ,
Using Computers. Representation of Characters in computers, Representation of Integers,	
Representation of Fractions, Hexadecimal Representation of Numbers, Decimal to Binary	
Conversion, Error-detecting codes. Description of Computer Input Units, Other Input Methods,	
Computer Output Units (Printers, Plotters).	
Processor	
Structure of Instructions, Description of a Processor, Machine Language and Instruction set.	
Processors used in desktops and lap tops. Memory Cell, Memory Organization, Read Only	(08)
Memory, Serial Access Memory, Physical Devices Used to Construct Memories, Magnetic Hard	
Disk, floppy Disk Drives, Compact Disk Read Only Memory, Magnetic Tape Drives.  Specification of a desktop and Lap top computer currently available in the market (Specifications	
of processor, motherboard &chipset, memory, interface & capacity of hard disk & DVD drives,	
I/O ports)	
To ports)	
SECTION-B	
	(4)
Software Concepts  Types of Software Programming Languages Software (Its Notices & Ouglities)	(4)
Types of Software, Programming Languages, Software (Its Nature & Qualities),	
Programming Languages	
Operating Systems	<b>(4)</b>
History and Evolution. Main functions of OS Multitasking, Multiprocessing, Time Sharing,	

Real Time OS with Examples.	
Database Management System	(2)
Purpose and Organization of Database, Introduction to Data Models	
Computer Generation & Classifications	(3)
First Generation of Computers, The Second Generation, The Third Generation, The Fourth	
Generation, The Fifth Generation, Moore's Law, Classification of computers.	
Computers & Communications	(2)
Introduction to Computer Networks, Types of Networks, OSI/TCP Model, LAN technologies (fast	
Ethernet & Gigabit Ethernet).	

RECOMMENDED BOOKS			
S. No.	NAME	AUTHORS	PUBLISHER
1.	Fundamentals of Computers	P. K. Sinha	BPB Publications
2.	Fundamentals of Computers	V. Rajaraman	3 <sup>rd</sup> edition, PHI Publications
3.	Data and Computer Communications	William Stallings	PHI Publications
4.	Internet Working with TCP/IP	Douglas E. Coomer	PHI Publications
5.	An Introduction to Database Systems	C J Date	8 <sup>th</sup> edition, Pearson Publications

Course Code	ASC X01	
Course Title	Applied Chemistry	
Type of Course		
LTP		
Credits		
<b>Total Lectures</b>		
Course Assessment Methods	50	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)		
Course Objectives (CO)	To teach the fundamentals of basic chemical sciences essential for the development of new technologies to all branches of engineering.	
Course Outcome.	<ol> <li>The geometry and bonding in homonuclear, heteronuclear molecules and coordination compounds. Splitting of d-orbital in octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar field along with different properties of the coordination compounds.</li> <li>How the molecules are arranged in three dimensional structure and how it leads to the phenomena of various types of isomerism.</li> <li>The basic principles of spectroscopy and its use to determine the chemical structure.</li> <li>The different thermodynamic laws, heat changes and energy calculations.</li> <li>The role and mechanism of various heterogeneous and homogeneous catalysts in increasing reactions rate of many synthetically important chemical reactions.</li> <li>The sustainable technology in design and synthesis of polymers for its variety of applications.</li> </ol>	

## **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	
Chemical Bonding:	
Molecular orbital theory and its applications to the formation of homonuclear (H2, N2) and	
heteronuclear diatomic molecules (NO, CO, CN), Valence bond theory as applicable to	
coordination compounds and its limitations. Crystal Field Theory, Splitting of octahedral,	
tetrahedral and square planner complexes, crystal field stabilization energies of octahedral and	
tetrahedral complexes and its application.	

Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds:  Concept of isomerism. Types of isomerism. Optical isomerism—enantiomers, optical activity, properties of enantiomers, diastereomers, meso compounds, resolution of enantiomers, inversion, retention and racemization, R & S systems of nomenclature. Geometric isomerism—determination of configuration of geometric isomers, E & Z system of nomenclature Conformational isomerism—conformational analysis of ethane and n-butane; conformations of cyclohexane, Newman projection.	(8)
Spectroscopy:  Spectroscopy: UV- Introduction, Lambert-Beer's Law, selection rules, electronic transitions, Application to simple organic molecules (auxochrome, chromophore), effect of conjugation and solvent on transition of organic molecules, Woodward-Fieser Rules for calculating λmax for dienes. Infrared Spectroscop- Introduction, Principle of IR spectroscopy-Fundamental vibrations, Application to simple organic molecules (effect of masses of atoms, bond strength, nature of substituent, hydrogen bonding on IR frequency), sample preparation for IR.	(9)
SECTION-B	
Thermodynamics Review of objectives and limitations of chemical thermodynamics, State functions, Thermodynamic equilibrium, work, heat, internal energy, enthalpy, heat capacity. Zeroth law of thermodynamics, First law of thermodynamics Reversible, isothermal and adiabatic expansion & compression of an ideal gas. Irreversible isothermal and adiabatic expansion of an ideal gas. Carnot cycle and efficiency of reversible engines, Enthalpy change and its measurement. Flame temperature, Second and third law of thermodynamics. Concept of entropy. Gibb's and Helmholtz equations. Simple numericals for calculating w, q, ΔΕ, ΔΗ and entropy.	(10)
Catalysis  Catalysis and general characteristics of a catalytic reactions, Homogeneous catalysis, Heterogeneous catalysis, Acid base catalysis and Enzyme catalysis – Michealis Menten equations, Application of catalysis for industrially important processes – Hydrogenation (Wilkinson's catalyst), Hydroformylation, Acetic acid process, Wacker process.	(6)
Polymers: General introduction, classification of polymers, Mechanism of addition and condensation polymerization, Idea of number average and weight average molecular masses of polymers, Properties and uses of polystyrene, polyester, polyamide, epoxy, phenol-formaldehyde and silicon resins.	(6)

RECOMMENDED BOOKS			
S.No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1.	Atkin's Physical Chemistry	Peter Atkins, Julio de Paula	7th Ed., Oxford University Press
2	Concise Inorganic Chemistry	J D Lee	5 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Chapman & Hall, 2003
3	Organic Chemistry	Joseph M. Hornback	Brooke Cole Publishing Company U.S.A.
4	A Textbook of Engineering Chemistry	Shashi Chawla	Dhanpat Rai & Co. Pvt. Ltd., Delhi (2008)
5	Principles of Physical Chemistry	Puri, Sharma and Pathania	W.H. Freeman & Co. 2008.
6	Introductory Polymer Chemistry	G.S.Mishra	John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1993

7	Introduction to spectroscopy	D. S. Pavia, G.M. Lasmpman and G.S. Kriz	4th Edition, Thomson learning, Indian Edition 2012.
8	Basic Inorganic Chemistry.	F.A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson and P.L. Gaus	3rd Ed., John Wiley & Sons
9	Inorganic Chemistry- Principles of structure and reactivity	James E. Huheey, Ellen A. Keiter and Richard L. Keiter	4 <sup>th</sup> Ed. Pearson Edu. Asia
10	Organic Chemistry	S. M. Mukherji, S. P. Singh & R. P. Kapoor	1st Edition, Vol. 2, 1985, New Age International Pvt. Ltd

<b>Course Code</b>	ASC X51
Course Title	Applied Chemistry (P)
Course Assessment Methods Practical (Continuous and end semester evaluation)	50

# **List of Experiments**

Instruction for Students: The candidate will be attending a laboratory session of three hours weekly and has to perform any eight experiments.

- 1. Verify Lambert Beer's law using spectrophotometer and CoCl<sub>2</sub> or K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> solution.
- 2. To determine the strength of an acid solution by using conductivity meter.
- 3. Determination of saponification number of oil.
- 4. Preparation of a phenol formaldehyde resin.
- 5. Experiments on TLC (determination of Rf values and identification of various compounds).
- 6. To determine the heat of a neutralization reaction.
- 7. To determine the heat of solution of given compound.
- 8. Determination of total hardness of a water sample.
- 9. Determination of copper.
- 10. Determination of chloride ion and dissolved O2 in water.
- 11. Preparation of an inorganic complex/organic compound

Course Code	ASM 201		
Course Title	Differential Equations and Transforms		
Type of Course			
LT P			
Credits			
<b>Total Lectures</b>			
<b>Course Assessment Methods</b>			
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50		
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50		
Course Objectives (CO)	To learn the methods to formulate and solve linear differential equations and their applications to engineering problems  1.To learn the concepts of Laplace transforms and to evaluate Laplace transforms and inverse Laplace transform  2.To apply Laplace transforms to solve ordinary differential equations.  3.To learn the concept of Fourier series, integrals and transforms.  4.To learn how to solve heat, wave and Laplace equations.		
Course Outcome.	<ol> <li>The student will learn to solve Ordinary Differential equations.</li> <li>The students will be able to apply the tools of Laplace Transforms to model engineering problems and solve the resulting differential equations.</li> <li>Students will understand the nature and behaviour of trigonometric (Fourier) series and apply it to solve boundary value problems.</li> </ol>		

# **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	Hours
ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS	(6)
Review of geometrical meaning of the differential equation, directional fields, exact differential	
equations (scope as in chapter 8, sections $8.1 - 8.10$ of reference 5), solution of differential	
equations with constant coefficients; methods of differential operators (scope as in chapter 9,	
sections $9.1 - 9.5$ of reference 5). Non-homogeneous equations of second order with constant	
coefficients: Solution by method of variation of parameters, reduction by order (scope as in	
chapter 9, section 9.7, 9.10 of reference 5). Power series method of solution (scope as in chapter	
10, section 10.2 of reference 5)	

Laplace Transforms Laplace transform, Inverse transforms, shifting, transform of derivatives and integrals. Unit step function, second shifting theorem, Dirac's Delta function. Differentiation and integration of transforms. Convolution Theorem on Laplace Transforms. Application of Laplace transforms to solve ordinary differential equations with initial conditions (Scope as in Chapter 6, Sections 6.1 – 6.6 of Reference 2).		
SECTION-B		
<b>Fourier Series and Transforms:</b> Periodic functions, Fourier series, Even and odd series, half range expansions, Complex Fourier Series, Approximation by trigonometric polynomials. Fourier integrals, Fourier Cosine and Sine transforms, Fourier Transforms (Scope as in Chapter 11, Sections 11.1 – 11.2, 11.4-11.5, 11.7 – 11.9 of Reference 2).		
<b>Partial Differential Equations:</b> Partial differential equations of first order, origin, solution of linear partial differential equations of first order, Integral surfaces passing through a given curve (Scope as in Chapter 2, Sections 1, 2, 4, 5 of Reference 1).		
Boundary Value Problems: D'Alembert's solution of wave equation, separation of variables: one dimension and two dimension heat and wave equation (Scope as in Chapter 12, Sections 12.1, 12.3 – 12.4, 12.6, 12.9 of Reference 2).		

RECOMMENDED BOOKS					
S.No.	NAME	AUTHORS	PUBLISHER		
1.	Elements of Partial Differential Equations	Ian N. Sneedon	McGraw Hill,Singapore 1957.		
2.	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	E. Kreyszig.	10th edition , John Wiley.		
3.	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	Michael D. Greenberg	2 <sup>nd</sup> edition, Pearson Education.		
4.	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	Wylie and Barrett	Tata McGraw Hill		
5.	Higher Engineering Mathematics	B.V.Ramana	Tata McGraw Hill.		
6.	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	R. K. Jain, S. R. K. Iyenger	Narosa Publications		
7.	Theory and problems of Differential Equations	Frank Ayers	Shuam outline series, McGraw-Hill, Singapore, 1957		

Course Code	HSMC X01	
Course Title	Professional Communication	
Type of Course		
LTP		
Credits		
<b>Total Lectures</b>		
<b>Course Assessment Methods</b>		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50	
Course Objectives (CO)	The student will acquire basic proficiency in English	
	including reading and listening comprehension,	
	writing and speaking skills.	
Course Outcome.		

### **SYLLABUS**

Note: The examiner shall set seven questions of 10 marks each. First question has to be compulsory, having sections covering the whole syllabus. Three questions have to be set from Section A and three questions from Section B of the syllabus. Candidate is required to attempt at least two questions from each section. All the course outcomes must be covered by the question paper.

SECTION-A	Hours	
English Grammar	(6)	
Subject-verb agreement, Noun-pronoun agreement, Misplaced modifiers, Articles, Prepositions,		
Tenses, One word substitutes, Idioms and Phrases, Active-Passive, Synonyms-Antonyms		
Basic Writing Skills	(5)	
Sentence Structures, Use of phrases and clauses in sentences, Importance of proper punctuation,	` '	
Creating coherence, Organizing principles of paragraphs in documents, Techniques for writing		
precisely, Paragraph, Essay and Letter writing.		
Communication details	(3)	
Four Fundamental communication methods namely Writing, Speaking, Listening and Reading		
,7Cs of Communication , Barriers to Communication.		
SECTION-B		
Communication in Organizations	(3)	
Formal- Informal Communication, Communication Networks, Intra and Inter Firm		
Communication		
Modes of Communication	(3)	
Emerging channels of communication , Telephone and Email Etiquettes, Non-Verbal	` ,	
Communication, Cross-culture communication, Formal Presentations .		
Communication methods	(5)	
Reports and their types, Layout of a report, writing a report, Office notice, Memo		
Business proposals, Minutes of meeting		

### **Suggested Readings:**

- (i) Practical English Usage. Michael Swan. OUP. 1995.
- (ii) Remedial English Grammar. F.T. Wood. Macmillan. 2007

(iii)On Writing Well. William Zinsser. Harper Resource Book. 2001

8. Formal Presentations

- (iv) Study Writing. Liz Hamp-Lyons and Ben Heasly. Cambridge University Press. 2006.
- (v) Communication Skills. Sanjay Kumar and PushpLata. Oxford University Press. 2011.
- (vi) Exercises in Spoken English. Parts. I-III. CIEFL, Hyderabad. Oxford University Press.

# **COURSE INFORMATION SHEET**

Course Code	HSMC X51			
Course Title	Professional Communication (P)			
Course Assessment Methods Practical (Continuous and end semester evaluation)	50			
Course Outcome	The student will acquire basic proficiency in			
	English including reading and listening			
	comprehension, writing and speaking skills.			
<u>Pra</u>	<u>ctical</u>			
Oral Communication	Oral Communication			
(This unit involves interactive practice sessions in Language Lab)				
1. Telling something about oneself				
2. Story Telling and Event				
3. Listening Comprehension				
4. Pronunciation, Intonation, Stress and Rhythm				
5. Common Everyday Situations: Conversations and Dialogues				
6. Communication at Workplace				
7. Facing an Interview				

Course Code	ITC 201	
Course Title	Object Oriented Programming using C++	
Type of Course	PC	
LTP	304	
Credits	5	
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45	
Course Assessment Methods End Semester Assessment (University Exam.) Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50 50	
Course Objectives (CO)	<ol> <li>To provide students in-depth theoretical base and fundamentals of Object Oriented Programming paradigm.</li> <li>To prepare students to design and code various projects using C++.</li> </ol>	
Course Outcome.	After completion of this course, the students are able to:  I. Understand the fundamentals of Object Oriented Programming paradigm.  II. Learn and apply core objected oriented concepts like classes, objects and overloading, code reusability.  III. Learn how the data flows between the programs and files in Object Oriented framework and implement various file handling operations.  IV. Analyze information systems in real-world settings and prepare an Object Oriented design for the same.	

# **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	Hours
Principles of Objected Oriented Programming Advantages of OOP, comparison of OOP with Procedural Paradigm	(3)
C++ Constructs  Tokens, Expressions and control structures, various data types, and data structures, Variable declarations, Dynamic Initializations, Operators and Scope of Operators, Typecasting, Unformatted and formatted console I/O Operations.	(3)
<b>Functions</b> Classes and Objects: Prototyping, Referencing the variables in functions, Inline, static and friend functions. Memory allocation for classes and objects. Arrays of objects, pointers to member functions.	(5)

Constructors and Destructors	(5)
Characteristics and its various types, Dynamic Constructors, Applications, Order of Invocation, C++ garbage collection, dynamic memory allocation.	
Polymorphism	(5)
Using function and Operator overloading, overloading using friend Functions, type conversions from basic data types to user defined and vice versa	(3)
SECTION-B	
Inheritance Derived classes, types of inheritance, various types of classes, Invocation of Constructors and Destructors in Inheritance, aggregation, composition, classification hierarchies, metaclass/abstract classes.	(6)
Pointers  Constant pointers, Use of this Pointer, Pointer to derived and base classes, virtual functions, Bindings, Pure virtual Functions and polymorphism	(5)
I/O Operations and Files Classes for files, Operations on a file, file pointers	(4)
Generic Programming With Templates  Definition of class template, Function Templates, Overloading Template Functions, Class templates and member functions templates with parameters, Standard C++ classes, persistent objects, streams and files, namespaces, exception handling, generic classes, standard template library: Library organization and containers, standard containers, algorithm and Function objects, iterators and allocators, strings, streams, manipulators, user defined manipulators and vectors	(6)
Introduction to object oriented Analysis and Design Object Oriented System, Analysis and Design	(3)

RECO	RECOMMENDED BOOKS			
S.No.	Name	Author	Publishers	
1	Programming with C++, 2nd Edition	Bala Guruswamy	Tata McGraw Hill	
2	C++ Primer Plus	Prata	Pearson Education	
3	The C++ Programming Language	Bjarne Stroutstrup	Prentice Hall of India	
4	The Complete Reference to C++	Schildt	Tata McGraw Hill	
5	OOPs Using C++	Sanjeev Sofat	Khanna Publishers	

Course Code	ITC 251	
Course Title	Object Oriented Programming using	
	C++ (Practical)	
Course Assessment Methods		
Practical (Continuous and end semester evaluation)	50	
Course Objectives	To enable students to understand the concepts of object oriented programming using C++ by designing and implementing moderately complex problems. Students should master modern tools for computer aided software engineering along with good program documentation.	

# **List of Experiments**

# To write and implement program on:

- 1. Functions, Classes and Objects
- 2. Constructors and Destructors
- 3. Operator Overloading and Type Conversion
- 4. Inheritance and Virtual Functions
- 5. File Handling
- 6. Exception Handling and Generic Programming

Course Code	ESC X08	
Course Title	<b>Basic Information Theory and Communication</b>	
Type of Course	ES	
LTP	202	
Credits	3	
<b>Total Lectures</b>	30	
Course Assessment Methods		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50	
Course Objectives (CO)	1. To have knowledge of Information theory, entropy and coding.	
	2. To understand about the analog and digital modulation techniques used for signal transmission.	
Course Outcome.	After completion of this course, the students are able to:	
	<ol> <li>Learn concepts of Information Theory and coding.</li> <li>Acquire knowledge about AM, FM and PM transmission and reception.</li> <li>Understand and analyze various pulse modulation techniques.</li> <li>Understand and apply the principles of digital transmission.</li> </ol>	

### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	Hours
Probability and Random Signal theory	(3)
Set theory, Introduction to probability, Conditional probability, Bayes' Theorem, random variable,	
Binomial, Poisson and Normal distribution	
<b>Information Theory:</b> Unit of Information, Entropy, Rate of Information, Joint Entropy and Conditional Entropy, Mutual Information, Channel capacity, Shannon's Theorem, Bandwidth and SNR trade-off	
Coding	(6)
Coding Efficiency, Shannon Fano Coding, Huffman Coding, Error Control Coding, Block	
Codes, Convolution Codes	
SECTION-B	
Analog Modulation Techniques	(8)
Concept of Modulation its merits & demerits, Amplitude Modulation: Principle,	
generation, receiver stages. Frequency Modulation: Principle, generation, transmitter stages,	

detection and receiver stages/ blocks and their operation. Phase Modulation: Principle, generation, transmitter stages, detection and receiver stages/ blocks and their operation. Comparison of Amplitude Modulation, Frequency Modulation, Phase Modulation	
Digital Modulation Techniques Principle of generation, detection applications, comparison: Pulse Amplitude Modulation, Pulse Width Modulation, Pulse Position Modulation, Pulse Code Modulation, Differential PCM, Delta Modulation.	(4)
<b>Digital Transmission Techniques</b> Principle of: ASK, QASK, PSK, DPSK, BPSK, QPSK, FSK, BFSK and MSK.	(4)

RECO	RECOMMENDED BOOKS			
S. No.	NAME	AUTHORS	PUBLISHER	
1.	Communication Systems: Analog and Digital	R P Singh, S D Sapre	Tata McGraw Hill	
2.	Electronic Communication Systems	George Kennedy	Tata McGraw Hill	
3.	Principles of Communication Systems	Herbert Taub, Donald L. Schilling	Tata McGraw Hill	
4.	Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems	B.P. Lathi	Oxford University Press	
5.	Communication Systems	Simon Haykin, Michael Moher	Wiley	

Course Code	ESC X58
Course Title	<b>Basic Information Theory and Communication</b>
	(Practical)
Course Assessment Methods	
Practical (Continuous and end semester evaluation)	50
Course Objectives	To enable students to get practical knowledge about various analog, digital modulation and other communication systems available for information transfer.

# **List of Experiments**

(Practical work based on theory to cover the objectives)

- 1. Familiarize the student with the basic operation of various analog and digital communication systems.
- 2. To generate AM wave.
- 3. To detect AM wave.
- 4. To generate FM wave.
- 5. To detect FM wave.
- 6. To generate PM wave.
- 7. To detect PM wave.
- 8. To study various digital modulation techniques like PAM, PWM, PPM etc.
- 9. To study PCM, Differential PCM, Delta Modulation signals.
- 10. To study different digital transmission techniques like ASK, PSK, FSK etc

Course Code	ITC 252
Course Title	Web and Open Source Technologies
	(Practical)
Course Assessment Methods	
Practical (Continuous and end semester evaluation)	50
Course Prerequisites	Programming for Problem Solving
Course Objectives	To enable students to get practical knowledge
	about various web and open source technologies
	like HTML, JavaScript, PHP, etc.

### **List of Practical**

- 1. Introduction to HTML and its structure
- 2. To study various text formatting tags and attributes in HTML
- 3. To study various types of linking of documents in HTML
- 4. To study image maps in HTML
- 5. To study frames in HTML
- 6. To study various types of lists in HTML
- 7. To study table tag and its attributes in HTML
- 8. To study HTML Form element and its methods and attributes
- 9. Introduction about stylesheets and its types along with implementation
- 10. To study dialog boxes in JavaScript
- 11. To study and implementation of cookies in JavaScript
- 12. Introduction to browser objects in JavaScript
- 13. Building of web forms using HTML elements, JavaScript and CSS
- 14. Introduction to PHP, its installation and configuration
- 15. To study data types, variables and operators in PHP
- 16. To study loops and control structures in PHP
- 17. To study arrays, its types and array sorting in PHP
- 18. To study file handling in PHP
- 19. To study working of cookies and sessions in PHP
- 20. To design and build web forms using HTML elements, JavaScript and CSS in PHP.

# SYLLABUS FOR B.E. (I.T.) THIRD SEMESTER

# **COURSE INFORMATION SHEET**

Type of Course  L T P  Credits  Course Assessment Methods End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	Linear Algebra and Probability Theory BS 3 1 0 04 45
LTP Credits Course Assessment Methods End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	3 1 0 04 45
LTP Credits Course Assessment Methods End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	04 45
Total Lectures Course Assessment Methods End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	45
Course Assessment Methods End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	
Continuous Assessment (Sessionar)	50
Course Prerequisites	Nil
Course Objectives	I. To introduce the concept of Linear
	Equations and vector spaces.
	II. To introduces the use of Eigen vectors
	and linear transformations.
	III. To introduce random variables and
	Probability theory.
	IV. To introduce the use of 2-D random
	Variables.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students
7	will be able to:
	I. Understand the use of Linear algebra and
	linear transformations.
	II. Design solutions using matrices and
	Eigen Vectors.
	III. Apply probability theory in different
	Engineering problems.
	IV. Understand the use of random variables.

### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	Hours
Systems of Linear equations	
Introduction, Linear equations, solutions, Linear equations in two unknowns, Systems of	(5)
linear equations, equivalent systems, Elementary operations, Systems in Triangular and	
echelon form, Reduction Algorithm, Matrices, Row equivalence and elementary row	
operations, Systems of Linear equations and matrices, Homogeneous systems of Linear	
equations. (Scope as in Chapter 1, Sections 1.1-1.10 of Reference 1).	
Vector Spaces	
Introduction, Vector spaces, examples of vector spaces, subspaces, Linear combinations,	
Linear spans, Linear dependence and Independence, Basis and Dimension, Linear	(5)
equations and vector spaces. (Scope as in Chapter 5, Sections 5.1-5.8 of Reference1).	

Eigen values and Eigenvectors, Diagonalization	(4)
Introduction, Polynomials in matrices, Characteristic polynomial, Cayley-Hamilton	
theorem, Eigen-values and Eigen-vectors, computing Eigen-values and Eigen-vectors,	
Diagonalizing matrices. (Scope as in Chapter 8, Sections 8.1-8.5 of Reference 1).	
Linear Transformations	(5)
Introduction, Mappings, Linear mappings, Kernel and image of a linear mapping, Rank-	
Nullity theorem (without proof), singular and non-singular linear mappings,	
isomorphisms.(Scope as in Chapter 9, Sections 9.1-9.5 of Reference 1).	
Matrices and Linear transformations	<b>(5)</b>
Introduction, Matrix representation of a linear operator, Change of basis and Linear	
operators. (Scope as in Chapter 10, Sections 10.1-10.3 of Reference 1).	
SECTION-B	
Probability	<b>(7</b> )
Sample Space and Events, the Axioms of probability, some elementary	
theorems, Conditional probability, Baye's Theorem, Random Variables-Discrete and	
Continuous, Independent random variables, Expectation, Variance and Covariance, Means	
and variances of linear combinations of random variables, Chebyshev's inequality.	
Probability Distributions	<b>(7</b> )
Joint Probability distributions, Marginal and Conditional distributions, Binomial, Poisson,	
Uniform and Normal distributions, Normal and Poisson approximations to Binomial,	
Moments, Moment generating function.	
Two Dimensional Random Variables	(7)
Joint distributions – Marginal and conditional distributions – Covariance – Correlation	
andRegression – function of a random variable-Transformation of random variables -	
Central limit theorem.	

S. No	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER	
1	Shaum's Outline of Theory and Problems of Linear Algebra.	Seymour Lipschutz	McGraw- Hill	
2	Linear Algebra.	VivekSahai, VikasBist	Narosa Publishing House	
3	Introductory Probability and Statistical Applications.	P.L.Meyer	Addison-WesleyPublishing Company	
4	Schaum's Outline Series of Theory And Problems Of Probability And Statistics.	Murray R. Spiegel	McGraw- Hill	
5	Introduction to Probability and Statistics.	J. S. Milton and J.C. Arnold.	McGraw Hill	
6	Probability and Statistics for Engineers.	R.A. Johnson and C.B. Gupta	Pearson Education	
7	Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics.	S. C. Gupta and V.K. Kapoor	Sultan Chand and Sons	

Course Code	PCIT 301
Course Title	Data Structures (Theory)
Type of Course	PC
LTP	313
Credits	4
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University	50
Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	
<b>Course Prerequisites</b>	Object Oriented Programming using C++
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>I. To provide a knowledge regarding an efficient storage of data for an easy access.</li> <li>II. How to represent the inherent relationship of the data in the real world for efficient processing of data and management.</li> <li>III. To teach students various data structures and to explain the algorithms for performing various operations on these data structures.</li> <li>IV. To introduce the fundamentals of Data Structures, abstract concepts and how these concepts are useful in problem solving.</li> </ul>
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Understand and apply the concept of Dynamic memory management, data types, Big O notation.  II. Determine the impact of data structures on the performance of program.  III. Use appropriate data structures like arrays, linked list, stacks and queues to construct programs and solve real world problems efficiently.  IV. Represent and manipulate data using nonlinear data structures like trees and graphs to design algorithms for various applications.  V. Compare and contrast the benefits of dynamic and static data structures implementations.  VI. Evaluate the computational efficiency of the principal algorithms for sorting, searching, and hashing.

# **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	CO(s)
Introduction Introduction to data structures; Introduction to Algorithms Complexity. (01)	1,2,5
Arrays, Stacks & Queues Concepts; Basic operations & their algorithms: Transverse, Insert, Delete, Sorting of data in these data structures; Prefix, Infix, Postfix Notations. (08)	2,3
Lists Concepts of Link List and their representation; Two way lists; Circular link list; Basic operations & their algorithms: Transverse, Insert, Delete, Searching and Sorting of data in List; Storage Allocation & Garbage Collection; Linked stack and queues; Generalized List; sparse matrix representation using generalized list structure. (08)	2,3
SECTION-B	
Trees Binary Trees and their representation using arrays and linked lists; Trees and their applications; Binary tree transversal; Inserting, deleting and searching in binary trees; Heap & Heap Sort; General Trees; Thread binary tree; Height balance Tree (AVL); B-Tree.	2,4
Graphs and their applications Graphs; Linked Representation of Graphs; Graph Traversal and spanning forests; Depth first search; Breadth first search. (08)	2,4
Sorting & Searching Insertion sort; Selection sort; Merging; Merge sort; Radix sort; Sequential & Binary Search; Indexed Search; Hashing schemes; Binary search Tree. (10)	2,6

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PCIT301.CO1	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
PCIT301.CO2	-	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	_
PCIT301.CO3	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	3
PCIT301.CO4	2	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	3
PCIT301.CO5	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	_
PCIT301.CO6	1	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Data Structure Using C and C++.	A. Tanenbaum, Y.	Prentice Hall
		Langsam, M. J.	of India.
		Augenstein.	
2	Theory and problems of Data	Seymour Lipschutz.	McGraw Hill.
	Structures.		
3	Data Structures & Program Design.	Robert L. Kruse.	Prentice Hall
			of India.

Course Code	PCIT 351
Course Title	Data Structures (Practical)
Type of Course	PC
Credits	1.5
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50
Course Prerequisites	Object Oriented Programming using C++
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>I. To provide knowledge about developing recursive as well as non-recursive algorithms and to gain the knowledge of different data structures.</li> <li>II. To be able to Choose the appropriate data structure and algorithm design method for a specified application and to develop skills to design and analyze simple linear and non linear data structures,</li> <li>III. To strengthen the ability to identify and apply the suitable data structure for the given real world problem and to gain knowledge in practical applications of data structures.</li> </ul>

### **SYLLABUS**

# **List of Programs**:

- **1. Implementation of Array Operation:** Traversal, Insertion & Deletion at and from a given location; Sparse Matrices; Multiplication, addition.
- **2. Stacks**: Implementation of Push, Pop; Conversion of Infix expression to Postfix, Evaluation of Postfix Expressions.
- 3. Queues: Adding, Deleting Elements; Circular Queue: Adding and deleting elements.
- **4. Implementation of Linked Lists**: Inserting, deleting, and inverting a linked list. Implementation of stacks and queues using linked lists; Polynomial addition, Polynomial multiplication.
- **5. Trees**: Implementation of Binary & Binary Search Trees, Recursive and Non-Recursive traversal of Tress.
- 6. Graphs: BFS & DFS
- 7. Implementation of sorting and searching algorithms.
- **8. Hash Tables Implementation:** Searching, inserting and deleting, searching & sorting techniques.

Course Code	ESC 301
Course Title	Digital Electronics (Theory)
Type of Course	ES
LTP	313
Credits	04
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Basic Information Theory and Communication.
Course Objectives	The objective of this course is that students are
	able to understand, analyze and design
	combinational and sequential circuits by
	applying the concepts of digital electronics.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students
	will be able to:
	I. Recall the basic concepts of logic variables,
	boolean algebra, logic gates, K-maps.
	II. Demonstrate the understanding of Number
	systems, logic gates, flip flops,
	multiplexers, counters.
	III. Apply the acquired knowledge to design
	combinational and sequential circuits.  IV. Analyze and examine the data converters,
	digital logic families, memories employed
	in the digital circuits.
	V. Synthesis and construct digital circuits by
	employing logic gates, flip flops, data
	coverters, memories.
	VI. Evaluate and assess the digital circuits
	designed; and interpret the output.
SYLL	

### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	CO(s)
Introduction	1,2
Representation of Logic, Logic Variables, Boolean Algebra, Boolean Expressions and	
minimization of Boolean expression using K-Map, Review of Logic Gates & Flip-flops,	
design & Implementation of Adder, Subtractor, Multiplexer, DeMultiplexer, Encoder,	
Decoder, ROM, Digital Comparators, Code Converters. (10)	
Number Systems and Codes	
Decimal, Binary, Hexadecimal, Octal's complement, 2's complement, addition and	2
subtraction, weighted binary codes, Error detecting codes, Error correcting codes,	
Alphanumeric codes. (07)	
Counters & Shift Registers	
Ripple Counters, Design of Modulo-N ripple counter, Up-Down counter, design of	3
synchronous counters with and without lockout conditions, design of shift registers with	
shift-left, shift-right & parallel load facilities, Universal shift Registers. (07)	

SECTION-B	
Data Converters	5
Sample & Hold switch, D/A converters: weighted type, R-2R Ladder type; A/D	
Converters: Counter-Ramp type, Dual Slope Type, Successive approximation type, flash	
type; Specifications of ADC & DAC. (07)	
Digital Logic families	4
Characteristics of digital circuits: fan in, fan-out, power dissipation, propagation delay,	
noise margin; Transistor-transistor Logic(TTL), TTL NAND Gate with active pull up, its	
input and output Characteristics, MOS and CMOS. Comparison of Characteristics of	
TTL, ECL, MOS & CMOS logic circuits. (06)	
Semiconductor Memories & Programmable Logic	4,5
ROM, PROM, EPROM, EEPROM; RAM: Static RAM, Memory Organization, Reading,	
& Writing Operation in RAM, PLA, PAL & FPGA. (04)	
Synchronous sequential logic	3,6
Sequential circuits, State Reduction and Assignment, Design Procedure. (04)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
ESC 301.CO1	3	1											1	
ESC 301.CO2		1											1	
ESC 301.CO3			3										3	
ESC 301.CO4				1										3
ESC 301.CO5			3											3
ESC 301.CO6				2										2

S. No	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Digital Electronics – An introduction to theory and practice, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition.	William H. Gothmann	Prentice Hall of India
2	Modern Digital Electronics.	R.P.Jain	Tata McGraw-Hill
3	Digital Integrated Electronics.	Herbert Taub& Donald Schilling	Tata McGraw-Hill
4	Integrated Electronics.	Millman&Halkias	Tata McGraw-Hill
5	Digital System Principles & Applications.	R J Tocci	Prentice Hall of India
6	Digital Logic Design.	Morris Mano	Pearson Education

Course Code	ESC 351
Course Title	Digital Electronics (Practical)
Type of Course	ES
Credits	1.5
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University	00
Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	
Course Prerequisites	Basic Information Theory and Communication.
Course Objectives	The aim of this course is to provide an
	understanding of the fundamentals of digital logic
	design to the students through practical training.
	The student is given hands-on-experience on the
	usage of ICs and design of circuits using gates,
	flip-flops, multiplexers so as to enhance the
	theoretical study of the subject.

#### **SYLLABUS**

### **List of Experiments:**

- •To verify truth tables of various gates: AND, OR, NOR, NAND, NOT and XOR using their respective ICs.
- •To design and implement various gates using NAND as Universal Gate
- •To design and implement various gates using NOR as Universal Gate
- •To design and test the truth table of Half adder and Full adder.
- •To design and test the truth table of Half Subtractor and Full Subtractor
- To design and test circuit which converts binary number to its gray code (and vice versa).
- To Verify the truth tables of various flip flops: RS, D, JK and T Flip Flops
- •Design & implement circuits using Multiplexers.
- To verify the truth table of Multiplexers/ Demultiplexers using ICs.
- To Design & implementation of Asynchronous counter.
- To Design & implementation of synchronous counter.
- •To Design and implement shift register.
- •To design and implement circuit for given state diagram using various flip flops

Credits	Course Code	PCIT 302
Type of Course L T P 3 1 0 Credits Od4 Total Lectures 45 Course Assessment Methods: End Semester Assessment (Continuous Assessment (Sessional) Course Prerequisites Introduction to Information Technology, Basic Information Theory and Communication.  Course Objectives I. Course Objectives: To understand and analyze the hardware design of various functional units in a computer system along with analysis of their interaction for data processing. II. To understand instruction set design, pipelining, architecture as well as different mechanisms used for read/ write operations in the memory design.  Course Outcomes  After completion of this course, the students will be able to: I. Understand the basics of major components of a computer including accumulator, CPU, control unit. II. Analyze the concepts of instruction set and addressing modes. III. Understand & analyze the design methodology of computer system. IV. Understand and explain the organization of input output components of computer system. V. Explain and analyze the memory organization of computer system. V. Explain and analyze the memory organization of computer system. VI. Understand the interconnection structure of multiprocessors.		Computer Architecture & Organization
L T P Credits 04  Total Lectures 45  Course Assessment Methods: End Semester Assessment (University Exam.) Continuous Assessment (Sessional) 50  Course Prerequisites Introduction to Information Technology, Basic Information Theory and Communication.  Course Objectives I. Course Objectives: To understand and analyze the hardware design of various functional units in a computer system along with analysis of their interaction for data processing. II. To understand instruction set design, pipelining, architecture as well as different mechanisms used for read/ write operations in the memory design.  Course Outcomes  After completion of this course, the students will be able to: I. Understand the basics of major components of a computer including accumulator, CPU, control unit. II. Analyze the concepts of instruction set and addressing modes. III. Understand & analyze the design methodology of computer system. IV. Understand and explain the organization of input output components of computer system. V. Explain and analyze the memory organization of computer system. V. Explain and analyze the memory organization of computer system. VI. Understand the interconnection structure of multiprocessors.		(Theory)
L T P Credits 04  Total Lectures 45  Course Assessment Methods: End Semester Assessment (University Exam.) Continuous Assessment (Sessional) 50  Course Prerequisites Introduction to Information Technology, Basic Information Theory and Communication.  Course Objectives I. Course Objectives: To understand and analyze the hardware design of various functional units in a computer system along with analysis of their interaction for data processing. II. To understand instruction set design, pipelining, architecture as well as different mechanisms used for read/ write operations in the memory design.  Course Outcomes  After completion of this course, the students will be able to: I. Understand the basics of major components of a computer including accumulator, CPU, control unit. II. Analyze the concepts of instruction set and addressing modes. III. Understand & analyze the design methodology of computer system. IV. Understand and explain the organization of input output components of computer system. V. Explain and analyze the memory organization of computer system. V. Explain and analyze the memory organization of computer system. VI. Understand the interconnection structure of multiprocessors.	Type of Course	PC
Total Lectures  Course Assessment (University Exam.) Continuous Assessment (Sessional)  Course Prerequisites  Introduction to Information Technology, Basic Information Theory and Communication.  Course Objectives  I. Course Objectives: To understand and analyze the hardware design of various functional units in a computer system along with analysis of their interaction for data processing.  II. To understand instruction set design, pipelining, architecture as well as different mechanisms used for read/ write operations in the memory design.  Course Outcomes  After completion of this course, the students will be able to: I. Understand the basics of major components of a computer including accumulator, CPU, control unit. II. Analyze the concepts of instruction set and addressing modes.  III. Understand & analyze the design methodology of computer system. IV. Understand and explain the organization of input output components of computer system. V. Explain and analyze the memory organization of computer system. VI. Explain and analyze the memory organization of computer system. VI. Understand the interconnection structure of multiprocessors.	LTP	310
Course Assessment (University Exam.) Continuous Assessment (Sessional)  Course Prerequisites  Introduction to Information Technology, Basic Information Theory and Communication.  Course Objectives  I. Course Objectives: To understand and analyze the hardware design of various functional units in a computer system along with analysis of their interaction for data processing.  II. To understand instruction set design, pipelining, architecture as well as different mechanisms used for read/ write operations in the memory design.  Course Outcomes  After completion of this course, the students will be able to: I. Understand the basics of major components of a computer including accumulator, CPU, control unit. II. Analyze the concepts of instruction set and addressing modes.  III. Understand & analyze the design methodology of computer system.  IV. Understand and explain the organization of input output components of computer system.  V. Explain and analyze the memory organization of computer system.  VI. Understand the interconnection structure of multiprocessors.	Credits	04
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.) Course Prerequisites  Introduction to Information Technology, Basic Information Theory and Communication.  Course Objectives  I. Course Objectives: To understand and analyze the hardware design of various functional units in a computer system along with analysis of their interaction for data processing.  II. To understand instruction set design, pipelining, architecture as well as different mechanisms used for read/ write operations in the memory design.  Course Outcomes  After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Understand the basics of major components of a computer including accumulator, CPU, control unit.  II. Analyze the concepts of instruction set and addressing modes.  III. Understand & analyze the design methodology of computer system.  IV. Understand and explain the organization of input output components of computer system.  V. Explain and analyze the memory organization of computer system.  V. Explain and analyze the memory organization of computer system.  VI. Understand the interconnection structure of multiprocessors.	<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
Course Prerequisites  Introduction to Information Technology, Basic Information Theory and Communication.  Course Objectives  I. Course Objectives: To understand and analyze the hardware design of various functional units in a computer system along with analysis of their interaction for data processing.  II. To understand instruction set design, pipelining, architecture as well as different mechanisms used for read/ write operations in the memory design.  Course Outcomes  After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Understand the basics of major components of a computer including accumulator, CPU, control unit.  II. Analyze the concepts of instruction set and addressing modes.  III. Understand & analyze the design methodology of computer system.  IV. Understand and explain the organization of input output components of computer system.  V. Explain and analyze the memory organization of computer system.  VI. Understand the interconnection structure of multiprocessors.	<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
Introduction to Information Technology, Basic Information Theory and Communication.    I. Course Objectives: To understand and analyze the hardware design of various functional units in a computer system along with analysis of their interaction for data processing.   II. To understand instruction set design, pipelining, architecture as well as different mechanisms used for read/ write operations in the memory design.    Course Outcomes	End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Information Theory and Communication.  I. Course Objectives: To understand and analyze the hardware design of various functional units in a computer system along with analysis of their interaction for data processing.  II. To understand instruction set design, pipelining, architecture as well as different mechanisms used for read/ write operations in the memory design.  Course Outcomes  After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Understand the basics of major components of a computer including accumulator, CPU, control unit.  II. Analyze the concepts of instruction set and addressing modes.  III. Understand & analyze the design methodology of computer system.  IV. Understand and explain the organization of input output components of computer system.  V. Explain and analyze the memory organization of computer system.  VI. Understand the interconnection structure of multiprocessors.	Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Objectives  I. Course Objectives: To understand and analyze the hardware design of various functional units in a computer system along with analysis of their interaction for data processing.  II. To understand instruction set design, pipelining, architecture as well as different mechanisms used for read/ write operations in the memory design.  Course Outcomes  After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Understand the basics of major components of a computer including accumulator, CPU, control unit.  II. Analyze the concepts of instruction set and addressing modes.  III. Understand & analyze the design methodology of computer system.  IV. Understand and explain the organization of input output components of computer system.  V. Explain and analyze the memory organization of computer system.  VI. Understand the interconnection structure of multiprocessors.	Course Prerequisites	Introduction to Information Technology, Basic
analyze the hardware design of various functional units in a computer system along with analysis of their interaction for data processing.  II. To understand instruction set design, pipelining, architecture as well as different mechanisms used for read/ write operations in the memory design.  Course Outcomes  After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Understand the basics of major components of a computer including accumulator, CPU, control unit.  II. Analyze the concepts of instruction set and addressing modes.  III. Understand & analyze the design methodology of computer system.  IV. Understand and explain the organization of input output components of computer system.  V. Explain and analyze the memory organization of computer system.  VI. Understand the interconnection structure of multiprocessors.		Information Theory and Communication.
After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Understand the basics of major components of a computer including accumulator, CPU, control unit.  II. Analyze the concepts of instruction set and addressing modes.  III. Understand & analyze the design methodology of computer system.  IV. Understand and explain the organization of input output components of computer system.  V. Explain and analyze the memory organization of computer system.  VI. Understand the interconnection structure of multiprocessors.	Course Objectives	<ul> <li>analyze the hardware design of various functional units in a computer system along with analysis of their interaction for data processing.</li> <li>II. To understand instruction set design, pipelining, architecture as well as different mechanisms used for read/ write operations</li> </ul>
	Course Outcomes	<ul> <li>will be able to: <ol> <li>Understand the basics of major components of a computer including accumulator, CPU, control unit.</li> <li>Analyze the concepts of instruction set and addressing modes.</li> <li>Understand &amp; analyze the design methodology of computer system.</li> <li>Understand and explain the organization of input output components of computer system.</li> <li>Explain and analyze the memory organization of computer system.</li> <li>Understand the interconnection structure of</li> </ol> </li></ul>
SYLLABUS	SYLI	

SECTION-A	CO(s)
Design Methodology	3
System design, Design levels- Gate level, Register level, Processor level. (04)	
Basic Computer Organization & Design	1,3
Instruction codes, common bus system, computer instruction, Design of basic computer,	
Design of accumulator logic. (08)	
Control Design	1,3

Basic concepts, Hardwired control, Micro programmed control, Design of control unit.	
(08)	
Central Processing Unit	2
Introduction, General reg. Organization, Inst. Formats Addressing modes, Data transfer &	
manipulation, RISC & CISC Characteristics. (08)	
SECTION-B	
Input-Output Organization	4
I/O interface, Modes of transfer, Priority interrupts, DMA, I/O processor. (06)	
Memory Organization	5
Memory hierarchy, Main memory, Auxiliary memory, Associative memory. Cache	
memory, virtual memory, Memory management H/W. (06)	
Parallel Processing	6
Introduction, Multiprocessors, Interconnection structure. (05)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PCIT302.CO1	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	-	2	-	1	2	2	1
PCIT302.CO2	2	2	1	-	-	2	2	-	2	-	1	2	2	1
PCIT302.CO3	2	2	ı	_	-	2	2	-	1	-	1	2	3	2
PCIT302.CO4	2	2	ı	_	-	2	1	-	1	-	1	2	2	2
PCIT302.CO5	2	2	1	-	-	2	2	-	1	-	1	2	2	1
PCIT302.CO6	2	2	-	_	_	2	2	_	2	_	1	2	2	1

S. No.	NAME	<b>AUTHOR(S)</b>	PUBLISHER
1	Computer Architecture & Organization.	J.P Hayes	Tata McGraw Hill
2	Computer System Architecture.	Morris Mano	PHI
3	Advanced Computer Architecture.	Kai Hwang	Tata McGraw Hill
4	Computer Organization and. Architecture.	William Stallings	PHI

Course Code	PCIT 303
Course Title	Database Management Systems (Theory)
Type of Course	PC
LTP	313
Credits	04
Total Lectures	45
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Introduction to Information Technology
Course Objectives	This course offers a good understanding of database systems concepts and prepares the student to be in a position to use and design databases for different applications.  I. The objective of this course is to provide students with the background to design manipulate and manage databases.  II. The students are exposed to the various forms, types and models of database systems to enable them to make suitable choices from alternatives.  III. The concepts of managing data are thoroughly examined and students are taught implementation using SQL and PL/SQL.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Describe the basic concepts of a database management system and its components.  II. Demonstrate understanding of the relational data model, entity-relationship model and process of relational database design.  III. Design entity-relationship diagrams to represent simple database application scenarios  IV. Apply the principles of good relational database design to design databases for real world applications.  V. Explain the concept of a transaction and classify different techniques for concurrency control.  VI. Construct simple and moderately advanced database queries using Structured Query Language (SQL) and Procedural SQL (PL/SQL).

# **SYLLABUS**

Note: The examiner shall set seven questions of 10 marks each. First question has to be compulsory, having sections covering the whole syllabus. Three questions have to be set from Section A and three questions from Section B of the syllabus. Candidate is required to attempt

at least two questions from each section. All the course outcomes must be covered by the question paper.

SECTION-A	CO(s)
Introduction to Database Systems	1
File Systems Versus a DBMS, Advantages of a DBMS, Describing and Storing Data in	
a DBMS, Database System Architecture, DBMS Layers, Data independence. (06)	
Physical Data Organization	1
File Organization and Indexing, Index Data Structures, Hashing, B-trees, Clustered	
Index, Sparse Index, Dense Index, Fixed length and Variable Length Records. (07)	
Data Models	2,3
Relational Model, Network Model, Hierarchical Model, ER Model: Entities, Attributes	
and Entity Sets, Relationships and Relationship Sets, Constraints, Weak Entities, Class	
Hierarchies, Aggregation, Conceptual Database Design with the ER Model, Comparison	
of Models. (05)	
The Relational Model	2,3
Introduction to the Relational Model, ER to Relational Model Conversion, Integrity	
Constraints over Relations, Enforcing Integrity Constraints, Relational Algebra,	
Relational Calculus, Querying Relational Data. (05)	
SECTION-B	
SQL	4
Basic SQL Query, Creating Table and Views, SQL as DML, DDL and DCL, SQL	
Algebraic Operations, Nested Queries, Aggregate Operations, Cursors, Dynamic SQL,	
Integrity Constraints in SQL, Triggers and Active Database, Relational Completeness,	
Basic Query Optimization Strategies, Algebraic Manipulation and Equivalences. (07)	
Database Design	5
Design: Functional Dependencies, Reasoning about Functional Dependencies, Normal	
Forms, Schema Refinement, First, Second and Third Normal Forms, BCNF, Multi-	
valued Dependency, Join Dependency, Fourth and Fifth Normal Forms, Domain Key	
Normal Forms, Decompositions. (08)	
Transaction Management	6
ACID Properties, Serializability, Two-phase Commit Protocol, Concurrency Control,	
Lock Management, Lost Update Problem, Inconsistent Read Problem, Read-Write	
Locks, Deadlocks Handling, 2PL protocol. (07)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PCIT 303.CO1	2	-	-	1	2	1	1	1	-	-		1	3	1
PCIT 303.CO2	2	-	-	2	2	-	-	1	-	1	1	1	3	1
PCIT 303.CO3	3	3	3	1	2	1	-	-	1	3	1	1	1	3
PCIT 303.CO4	3	3	3	1	2	1	-	-	1	3	1	1	1	3
PCIT 303.CO5	2	-	-	2	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	1	3	1
PCIT 303.CO6	2	2	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	3

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	An Introduction to Database Systems, 8 <sup>th</sup> Edition	C.J. Date	Pearson
2	Schaum's Outlines Fundamentals of Relational Databases, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition	Toledo	Tata McGraw Hill
3	Database Management Systems, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition	James Martin	PHI
4	Data Base Management Systems, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition	Raghu Ramakrishnan and Johannes Gehrke	McGraw Hill
5	Introduction to Data Base Systems, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition	Bipin C Desai	Galgotia Publications

Course Code	PCIT 353
Course Title	<b>Database Management Systems (Practical)</b>
Type of Course	PC
Credits	1.5
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Introduction to Information Technology
Course Objectives	<ol> <li>To use the Oracle and SQL database systems along with hands on experience on DDL, DML as well as DCL Commands.</li> <li>To make students able to implement nested queries and various functions based on programming assignments.</li> </ol>
SYLL	ABUS

### **List of Practicals:**

- 1. Introduction to SQL and installation of SQL Server / Oracle.
- 2. Data Types, Creating Tables, Retrieval of Rows using Select Statement, Conditional Retrieval of Rows, Alter and Drop Statements.
- 3. Working with Null Values, Matching a Pattern from a Table, Ordering the Result of a Query, Aggregate Functions, Grouping the Result of a Query, Update and Delete Statements.
- 4. Set Operators, Nested Queries, Joins, Sequences.
- 5. Views, Database Security and Privileges: Grant and Revoke Commands, Commit and Rollback Commands.
- 6. PL/SQL Architecture, Assignments and Expressions, Writing PL/SQL Code, Referencing Non-SQL parameters.
- 7. Stored Procedures and Exception Handling.
- 8. Triggers and Cursor Management in PL/S.

# SYLLABUS FOR B.E. (I.T.) FOURTH SEMESTER

### **COURSE INFORMATION SHEET**

Course Code	HSMC-401a
Course Title	<b>Economics (Theory)</b>
Type of Course	HS
LTP	300
Credits	03
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Nil
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>I. To make students understand how society manages its scarce resources for achieving maximum satisfaction.</li> <li>II. To make students learn about economic aspects related to a consumer, firm, market and economy.</li> </ul>
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Apply engineering knowledge to maximize profit, satisfaction and welfare.  II. Identify the forces that affect the economy.  III. Learn entrepreneurial skills and analyze the concepts of demand and supply.  IV. Develop analytical skills in students to understand different markets.

### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction to Economics	(06)
Nature of Economics, Economic Thoughts, Economic Activities, Relationship of	
Economics with other Social Sciences and Engineering.	
Theory of Consumer Behaviour	(12)
Demand: Types, Law of Demand, Determinants of Demand and Change in Demand	
Elasticity of Demand: Nature, Degrees, Types, Measurement and Factors Affecting	
Elasticity of Demand and its Application.	
Laws of Consumption: Concept and Applicability of Law of Diminishing Marginal	
Utility and Law of Equi-Marginal Utility.	
Theory of Production and Cost	(06)

Cost: Types of Costs, Production: Law of Variable Proportion, Returns to Factor and Returns to Scale, Economies and Diseconomies of Scale.		
SECTION-B		
Theory of Market		
Nature and Relevance of Perfect Competition, Monopoly and Monopolistic	(08)	
Competition.		
Basic Concepts of Macro Economics (0		
National Income: Concept and Measurement, Determination of Equilibrium of Income		
Inflation: Concept, Causes and Effect of Inflation, Measures to Control Inflation.		
Project Presentations (04		

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Modern Economics	H. L. Ahuja	S. Chand & Co. Ltd
2	Economics For Engineers	M.L. Gupta. & S.P. Gupta	ESS PEE
			Publications
3	Business Economics	H.L. Ahuja	S. Chand & Co. Ltd
4	Macro Economic Theory	M.L. Jhingan	Konark Publisher
			Pvt. Ltd
5	Principles of Microeconomics	J. Stiglitz& Carl E Walsh	W.W. Norton &
			Company
6	Principles of Economics	Mankiw N Gregory	Cengage Learning
7	Course in Micro Economics Theory	A. Kreps	Prentice Hall
8	Economics	Samuelson A. Paul	Tata McGraw Hill
		&Nordhaus D William	
9	Microeconomics	H. Gravelle& R. Reiss	Pearson Education
10	Macro Economics: Theory and	H. L. Ahuja	S. Chand & Co.
	Practice		Ltd.
11	Economics for engineers	T.R Jain, M.L Grover &	V.K Publications
		V.K Ohei	

Course Code	HSMC-401b
Course Title	Introduction to Psychology (Theory)
Type of Course	HS
LTP	300
Credits	03
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Nil
Course Objectives	<ul><li>I. To provide knowledge and understanding about important concepts in Psychology.</li><li>II. To make students learn the application of principles of psychology in working life.</li></ul>
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Learn the causes and dynamics of human behavior.  II. Apply psychological principles to enhance their personal and professional life.  III. Develop leadership and managerial qualities into the students.  IV. Understand the importance of work life balance and workplace spirituality.

### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	Hours
Understanding Human Behaviour:	(05)
Definition, methods, branches and application of psychology for engineers	
Measuring Human abilities	(06)
Intelligence, theories and assessment	
The individual working life	(06)
Personality, approaches and trait theories	

Psychological problems of everyday life Stress and coping	
SECTION-B	
Work and mental health, workplace spirituality	(05)
Motivation	(05)
the concept and theoretical framework, motivating people at work	
Group dynamics, Intergroup relations, conflict and negotiation	(07)
Leadership and Management	(05)

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	G.E. Psychology 2007 Edition	Ciccarelli, S.K., & Meyer	Pearson
2	OrganisationalBehaviour 2010 Edition	M. Parikh & R. Gupta	Tata McGraw Hill Education
3	Introduction to Psychology 1986 Edition	C.T. Morgan, R.A. King, J.R.Weiss& J. Schopler	McGraw-Hill
4	Organizational Behavior 2003 Edition	S.P. Robbins	Prentice Hall of India
5	Organizational Behavior 2010 Edition	F. Luthans	McGraw Hill

Course Code	HSMC-401c
Course Title	Sociology (Theory)
Type of Course	HS
LTP	300
Credits	03
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Nil
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>I. To make the students understand the role of theory in social sciences.</li> <li>II. To explain students how social problems interact and react with the larger society.</li> <li>III. To make students learn whether the problem is evaluated on the macro or micro perspective and their cause and effect patterns.</li> </ul>
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Identify the function and application of sociology theory in social sciences.  II. Understand how social class affects III. individual life chances.  IV. Learn about social structure and how it shapes and influences social interactions.  V. Appraise about social problems and how to deal with the same.

### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	
Sociology – The Discipline	(03)
Sociology as a Science, Impact of Industrial and French Revolution on the	
Emergence of Sociology, Relevance of Sociology for Engineering	
Basic Concepts	(04)
Society, Association, Institution, Culture Relativism, Social Structure, Social System,	
Socialisation, Competition, Conflict, Accommodation, Social Mobility	
Pioneering Contributions to Sociology	(04)
Seminal Views of Karl Marx, Emile Durkheim, Max Weber, AlwinToeffler	
<b>Evolution of Society</b>	(05)

Primitive, Agrarian, Industrial and Post-Industrial, Features of Industrial and Post-	
Industrial Society, Impact of Automation and Industrialization on Society.	
Economy and Society	(05)
Economic Systems of Simple and Complex Societies, Sociological Dimensions of	
Economic Life, Market (free) Economy and Controlled (planned) Economy.	
SECTION-B	
SECTION-B	
Industrial Sociology	(04)
Nature and Scope of Industrial Sociology, Pre-Conditions and Consequences of	
Industrialization.	
Science and Technology	(04)
Ethos of Science and Social Responsibility of Science.	
Social Change	(05)
Theories of Change, Factors of Change, Directed Social Change, Social Policy and	
Social Development, Social Cost Benefit Analysis, Role of Engineers in	
Development.	
Understanding Indian Society	(07)
Traditional Hindu Social Organization, Caste System, Agrarian Society in India,	
Social Consequences of Land Reforms and Green Revolution, Working of the	
Democratic Political System in a Traditional Society, Problem of Education in India,	
Gender Discrimination, Economic Reforms: Liberalization, Privatization and	
Globalization, Strategies for Development in India.	
Social Problems	(04)
AIDS, Alcoholism, Drug Addiction, Corruption.	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Sociology	RanjayVardhan and s. Kapila	New Academic Publishing
2	Sociology: Themes and Perspective	M. Haralambos	Collins Educational Publications
3	Sociology of Indian Society	C.N. Rao Shankar	Sultan Chand and Co.
4	Introduction to Sociology	VidyaBhushan and D.R. Sachdeva	KitabMahal Publications
5	Sociological Thought	Francis Abraham and J.H. Morgan	Macmillan India Ltd.
6	Social Problems	EtzioniAmitai	Prentice Hall
7	Industrial Sociology	Scheneider	Tata McGraw Hill
8	Society in India	David Mandilbaum	Popular Publications
9	Sociology	L. Broom , P. Selznick and D. Dorrock	Harper International Publishing House

Course Code	HSMC-401d
Course Title	Russian Language
Type of Course	HS
LTP	300
Credits	3
<b>Course Assessment Methods</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University	50
Exam.)	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional,	50
Assignments, Quiz)	
<b>Course Prerequisites</b>	Nil
Course Objectives	The main objective of the course is to create and
	develop the students' practical Russian language skills
	(speaking, listening, reading and writing).
Course Outcome	After completion of this course, the students will be
	able to:
	<ol> <li>Read Russian Language.</li> </ol>
	2. Speak in Russian language.
	3. Write in Russian Language.

# **SYLLABUS**

Note: The Semester question paper of a subject be of 50 Marks having 7 questions of equal marks. First question, covering the whole syllabus and having questions of conceptual nature, be compulsory. Rest of the paper will be divided into two sections having three questions each and the candidate is required to attempt at least two questions from each section.

Section-A	
The Russian Alphabet, consonants, vowel, words, stress, sentence patterns.	(04)
Grammar: Noun, gender, personal pronoun, the conjunction conjugation of verbs, number (singular-plural), possessive pronoun, adverbs, translation (Russian to English & vice-versa)	(05)
Section-B	
Irregular plurals, Imperative mood, demonstrative pronoun, declaration of noun (nominative case, prepositioned case, the past tense, reflexive verbs, adjectives. Translation (Russian in to English & Vice-versa.)	(04)

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	"Russian"	Wagner (Section-A-Lesson 1 to n10 and Section-B Lesson 11 to 15)	

Course Code	ASM-401
Course Title	Discrete Structures (Theory)
Type of Course	BS
LTP	310
Credits	04
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
<b>Course Assessment Methods</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University	50
Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	
Course Prerequisites	Nil
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>I. To get familiar and understand the fundamental notions in discrete mathematics.</li> <li>II. To introduce the knowledge of core mathematical foundation of computer science.</li> <li>III. Be exposed to concepts and properties of algebraic structures such as semi groups, monoids and groups.</li> <li>IV. Be aware of the counting principles.</li> <li>V. To introduce the basic properties of graphs and trees and model simple applications.</li> </ul>
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Get familiar and understand the fundamental notions in discrete mathematics.  II. Acquire the knowledge of core mathematical foundation of computer science.  III. Aware of the counting principles, basic properties of graph, trees and model simple applications.  IV. Exposed to concepts and properties of algebraic structures such as semi groups, monoids and groups.

# **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	Hours
Sets, Relations and Functions	
Definition of sets, product sets and sectionitions, Relations and digraphs, matrix of a	
relation, paths in relations and digraphs, equivalence relations and sectionitions,	
operations on relations, transitive closure and warshall's algorithm.(Scope as in	(14)

Chapter 4, Sections 4.1 – 4.7 of Reference 2). Functions, One-to-one and onto functions, Special functions. The pigeon hole principle. Function composition and inverse functions (Scope as in Chapter 5, Sections 5.1 – 5.6 of Reference 1). Sectionially ordered sets; Extremal elements of Sectionially ordered sets, Lattices, Linearly ordered sets. (Scope as in Chapter 6, Sections 6.1 – 6.3 of Reference 1).  Fundamentals of Logic  Basic connectives and truth tables, Logical equivalence, The laws of logic, Logical implication, Rules of Inference, Use of Quantifiers, Definitions and Proofs of	(8)
Theorems (Scope as in Chapter 2, Sections 2.1 – 2.5 of Reference 1).	
Principles of Counting Rule of Sum and Product, Permutations, Combinations, Combinations with repetition (Scope as in Chapter 1, Sections 1.1 – 1.4 of Reference 1).	
The principle of Inclusion and Exclusion, Generalizations, Derangements (Scope as in Chapter 8, Sections 8.1 – 8.3 of Reference 1).  Generating Functions: Definitions and Examples: Calculation Techniques, Sectionitions of Integers, The exponential generating function, The summation operator (Scope as in Chapter 9, Sections 9.1 – 9.5 of Reference 1).  Recurrence relations: The first order linear recurrence relation, The second order linear homogeneous recurrence relation with constant coefficients, The non homogeneous recurrence relation, The method of generating functions (Scope as in Chapter 10, Sections 10.1 – 10.4 of Reference 1).	(9)
Graph Theory Definitions and examples, Subgraphs, Complements and Graph Isomorphism, Vertex degree: Euler trails and circuits, Planar Graphs, Hamilton Paths and Cycles, Graph colouring and Chromatic polynomials (Scope as in Chapter 11, Sections 11.1 – 11.6 of Reference 1).	(5)
Groups Theory Definition and elementary properties of groups, subgroups, Homomorphism, Isomorphism and Cyclic groups, Cosets and Lagrange's Theorem (Scope as in Chapter 16, Sections 16.1 – 16.3 of Reference 1). Introduction to Rings and Fields (definitions, examples and basic properties) (Scope as in Chapter 14, Sections 14.1-14.2 of Reference 1).	(9)

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Discrete and Combinatorial	Ralph P. Grimaldi	Pearson
	Mathematics		Education, 4 <sup>th</sup>
			Edition
2	Discrete Mathematical Structures	B. Kolman, R. C. Busby	Pearson
		and S. C. Ross	Education, 5 <sup>th</sup>
			Edition
3	Elements of Discrete Mathematics	C.L.Liu, D P Mohapatra	Tata McGraw
			Hill
4	Discrete Mathematics for Computer	J. L. Mott, A. Kandel, T.	Prentice-Hall of
	Scientists and Mathematicians	P. Baker.	India, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition
5	Discrete Mathematics and	K.H.Rosen	Tata McGraw
	applications		Hill
6	Discrete Mathematics	S. Lipschutz, M. Lipson	Schaum's
			Outlines, Tata
			McGraw-Hill,
			2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition

Course Code	PCIT 401
Course Title	Microprocessor & Assembly Language
	Programming (Theory)
Type of Course	PC
LTP	313
Credits	04
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Basic Information Theory and Communication, Computer Architecture and Organization.
Course Objectives	To understand and apply the concepts of 8085 Microprocessor so as to prepare the graduates to write assembly language programs for solving various problems.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Recall the concepts of number system, digital circuits, data buses, memory, registers, ports.  II. Understand the architecture of 8085 and its interfacing with Memory and peripheral I/O devices.  III. Apply the concepts of microprocessor to write assembly language programs using 8085 programming instructions.  IV. Analyze the problems, time delays caused and breakdown the problem into subroutines.  V. Synthesis and develop solution in assembly language by employing the concepts of stacks, subroutines, interrupts and various Programmable Peripheral devices.  VI. Evaluate and assess the output of assembly language program.

#### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	CO(s)
Microprocessor Architecture and Microcomputer Systems  Microprocessor Architecture, The 8085 MPU: Block Diagram, Pin Diagram, Address/Data Buses, Concept of de-multiplexing of Buses, Control and status signals, Registers, Ports, Flags, Instruction Decoding and Execution, memory Interfacing. (06)	1,2

Interfacing I/O Devices Basic Interfacing Concepts, Interfacing Output Displays, Interfacing Input Devices, Memory-	2
Mapped I/O. (06)	
Programming the 8085 Introduction to 8085 Assembly Language Programming, The 8085 Programming Model,	3,6
Instruction Classification, Instruction Format. Data Transfer (Copy) Operations, Arithmetic	
Operations, Logic Operations, Branch Operations, Writing Assembly Language Programs.	
(07)	
Programming Techniques with Additional Instructions	3,6
Programming Techniques Looping, Counting and Indexing, Additional Data Transfer and 16-Bit	
Arithmetic Instructions, Arithmetic Operations Related to Memory, Logic Operations. (6)	
SECTION-B	
Counters and Time Delays	4,6
Counters and Time Delays Counters and Time Delays, Hexadecimal Counter, Modulo Ten, Counter, Generating Pulse	4,6
Counters and Time Delays, Hexadecimal Counter, Modulo Ten, Counter, Generating Pulse Waveforms, Debugging Counter and Time-Delay Programs. (06)	
Counters and Time Delays, Hexadecimal Counter, Modulo Ten, Counter, Generating Pulse Waveforms, Debugging Counter and Time-Delay Programs. (06)  Stack and Subroutines	4,6
Counters and Time Delays, Hexadecimal Counter, Modulo Ten, Counter, Generating Pulse Waveforms, Debugging Counter and Time-Delay Programs. (06)  Stack and Subroutines Stack, Subroutine, Conditional Call and Return Instructions. (04)	5
Counters and Time Delays, Hexadecimal Counter, Modulo Ten, Counter, Generating Pulse Waveforms, Debugging Counter and Time-Delay Programs. (06)  Stack and Subroutines Stack, Subroutine, Conditional Call and Return Instructions. (04)  Interrupts	
Counters and Time Delays, Hexadecimal Counter, Modulo Ten, Counter, Generating Pulse Waveforms, Debugging Counter and Time-Delay Programs. (06)  Stack and Subroutines Stack, Subroutine, Conditional Call and Return Instructions. (04)  Interrupts The 8085 Interrupt, 8085 Vectored interrupts. (03)	5
Counters and Time Delays, Hexadecimal Counter, Modulo Ten, Counter, Generating Pulse Waveforms, Debugging Counter and Time-Delay Programs. (06)  Stack and Subroutines  Stack, Subroutine, Conditional Call and Return Instructions. (04)  Interrupts The 8085 Interrupt, 8085 Vectored interrupts. (03)  General –Purpose Programmable Peripheral Devices	5
Counters and Time Delays, Hexadecimal Counter, Modulo Ten, Counter, Generating Pulse Waveforms, Debugging Counter and Time-Delay Programs. (06)  Stack and Subroutines Stack, Subroutine, Conditional Call and Return Instructions. (04)  Interrupts The 8085 Interrupt, 8085 Vectored interrupts. (03)	5

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PCIT401.CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	_
PCIT401.CO2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	_
PCIT401.CO3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	_
PCIT401.CO4	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	_
PCIT401.CO5	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3
PCIT401.CO6	-	-	-	2	2	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	2

S. No.	NAME	<b>AUTHOR(S)</b>	PUBLISHER
1	Microprocessor Architecture,	Ramesh	PHI
	Programming and Applications with the 8085	S.Gaonkar	
2	Advanced Microprocessors & Interfacing	Badri Ram	Tata McGraw Hill
3	Microprocessor Principles and Applications	Charles M.Gilmore	Tata McGraw Hill
4	Microprocessors and Interfacing programming and Hardware	Douglas V. Hall	Tata McGraw Hill

Course Code	PCIT 451
Course Title	Microprocessor & Assembly Language
	<b>Programming (Practical)</b>
Type of Course	Core
Credits	1.5
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50
Course Prerequisites	Basic Information Theory and
	Communication, Computer Architecture and
	Organization.
Course Objectives	To develop, key-in, test and troubleshoot the
	assembly language program and machine
	level program on 8085 kits.

# **SYLLABUS**

- Familiarization of 8085 kits.
- Application of assembly language using 8085 instructions set to develop various programs.

Course Code	PCIT 402
Course Title	Computer Networks (Theory)
Type of Course	PC
LTP	312
Credits	04
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Introduction to Information Technology, Basic Information Theory and Communication.
Course Objectives	This course is to provide students with an overview of the concepts of data communication and computer networks. The main course objectives are:  I. To Familiarize with the basic taxonomy,terminology and functioning of computer networks.  II. Building an understanding of various existing protocols and functions of layer
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. To understand the basic concepts of computer network including various reference models and protocols.  II. To familiarize with various transmission media used in computer networks.  III. To recognize the concept of different techniques of flow control and error control during data transmission and illustrate various protocols of data link layer and MAC sublayer.  IV. To learn the basic functions of network layer and apply the concepts of routing and IP addressing to solve problems.  V. To recognize the various functions of transport layer compare and contrast the data link layer and transport layer.  VI. To understand the concepts of various protocols of application layer

# **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	CO(s)
SECTION-A	CO(s)

Introduction  Basic concepts of computer networks,; Network Hardware: LAN, MAN, WAN, Wireless networks, Internet; Network Software: Layer, Protocols, interfaces and services; Reference Model: OSI/TCP/IP and their comparison. (08)	1
Physical Layer  Multiplexing, Line coding techniques, Transmission media: Magnetic, Twisted pair, coaxial cable, fiber optics, wireless transmission (radio, microwave, infrared, light wave). Switching: Circuit Switching & Packet Switching. Cellular radio and communication satellites. (08)	2
Data Link Layer Framing, Error control: Error correction & Detection, sliding window protocols (one bit, Go back n, selective repeat), Medium Access Sub layer: Channel Allocation, MAC protocols -ALOHA, CSMA protocols, Collision free protocols, IEEE 802.3, 802.4, 802.5 standards and their comparison.  (09)	3
SECTION-B	
Network Layer	4
Design issues, routing algorithms (shortest path, flooding, flow based, distance vector, hierarchical, broadcast, multicast). Congestion control algorithms (Leaky bucket, Token bucket, Choke, Packet, Load shedding), IPV4, IP addressing, IPV6. (09)	
Transport Layer Addressing, establishing and releasing connection, flow control & buffering, multiplexing, crash recovery, Internet Transport protocol (TCP and UDP). (06)	5
Application Layer  Network Security; Domain Name System; Simple Network Management Protocol; Electronic Mail. (05)	6

PO/PSO	РО	PSO	PSO											
СО	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
PCIT 402 .CO1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-
PCIT 402.CO2	1	-	-	1	1	2	-	1	2	1	2	3	ı	-
PCIT 402.CO3	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	2	2	ı	2
PCIT 402.CO4	1	2	1	1	3	2	-	2	3	1	2	2	3	-
PCIT 402.CO5	-	1	-	ı	1	-	-	2	-	ı	2	2	ı	-
PCIT 402.CO.6	-		1	-	2	3	1	2	3	-	2	3	-	-

S.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
No.			
1	Computer Networks, 4 <sup>th</sup> Edition	Andrew S. Tanenbaum	Prentice Hall of India
2	Data and Computer Communications	William Stallings	Prentice Hall of India
3	Data Communication and Networking	Behrouz A Forouzan	Tata McGraw Hill
4	Design & Analysis of Computer Communication Networks	Vijay Ahuja	McGraw Hill
5	Data Communications and Networks	Douglas E. Coomer	Prentice Hall of India

## **COURSE INFORMATION SHEET**

Course Code	PCIT 452
Course Title	Computer Networks(Practical)
Type of Course	PC
Credits	1.5
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50
Course Prerequisites	Introduction to Information Technology, Basic Information Theory and Communication.
Course Objectives	This course is to provide students with an overview of the concepts of data communication and computer networks. The main course objectives are:  1. Familiarize the student with the basic taxonomy, terminology and functioning of computer networks.  2. Building an understanding of various existing protocols for data communication in computer networks.

#### **SYLLABUS**

- 1.To Study different type of network cables.
- 2.To implement the cross-wired cable and straigt cable using clamping tool.
- 3.To study various network devices in detail.
- 4.To study IP address subnetting.
- 5.To connect the computers in LAN.
- 6.To Study basic network command and networks communication commands.
- 7.To configure a network topology.
- 8. Cisco packet tracer can be used to configure networks.

Course Code	PCIT 403
Course Title	Operating System (Theory)
Type of Course	PC
LT P	313
Credits	04
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Introduction to Information Technology
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>I. To study and understand main components of operating system, their working, and operations performed by operating system.</li> <li>II. To provide students knowledge on: resource management provided by operating systems, concepts and theories of operating systems, implementation issues of operating systems.</li> <li>III. To be able to understand description of multiprocessor and distributed operating system and compare their features.</li> </ul>
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Describe the important computer system resources and role of operating system in their management policies and algorithms.  II. Understand the process management policies and scheduling of processes by CPU and Evaluate the requirement for process synchronization and coordination handled by operating system.  III. Describe and analyse the memory management and its allocation policies.  IV. Identify use and evaluate the storage management policies with respect to different storage management technologies.  V. Analyse and Identify the need to create the special purpose operating system and services provided by Distributed operating system.  VI. Compare and contrast the services
CVII	provided by UNIX operating system.  ABUS

the question paper.	
SECTION-A	CO(s)
Basic Functions and Concepts of Operating Systems	1
Concept of an operating systems, batch system, Multi-programmed, Time sharing,	
Personal Computer System, Parallel system, Real time system, General system Architecture. (05)	
Features and Objectives of Operating Systems	2
System components, operating system services, System calls, System Programs, System Structure, System design and implementation. Concept of process, process states, process state transition, process control block, operations of processes, concurrent processes, deadlocks, scheduling algorithms, scheduling criteria, Process Synchronization.  (11)	-
Memory Management	3
Logical and physical address space, storage allocation and management techniques, swapping, concepts of multi programming, paging, segmentation, virtual storage management strategies, Demand Paging, Page Replacement Algorithms, and Thrashing.	
SECTION-B	
Information Management	4
File concept, Access method, Directory structure, Protection File system structure, Allocation methods, Free space management, Directory implementation, Disk structure, Disk Scheduling, Disk management, Swap space management. (06)	
Distributed-System Structures	5
Network operating system, Distributed operating systems, Remote services, Robustness, Design Issues. (06)	-
Distributed file systems and Distributed Coordination	5
Naming and Transparency, Remote file Access, Stateful versus stateless service, File replication, Event ordering, Mutual Exclusion, Atomicity, Concurrency control, Deadlock Handling, Election Algorithms, Reaching Agreement. (06)	
Case Studies:	6
Unix O.S. Architecture, Operating system services, user perspective, representation of files in Unix system processes and their structure, Input-output system, Memory management, Unix shell, history and evolution of Unix system. (05)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	P	PO9	PO1	PO1	PO12	PSO	PSO2
CO								О		0	1		1	
								8						
IT403.CO1	1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3
IT403.CO2	1	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	2	3
IT403.CO3	1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3
IT403.CO4	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3
IT403.CO5	1	3	3	_	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3
IT403.CO6	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	3

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Operating Systems, 5 <sup>th</sup> Edition	Galvin & Silberschatz	Addison
			Wesley
			Publishing Ltd
2	An Introduction to Operating System,	Harvey M. Deitel	Narosa
	3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition		Publishing
			House
3	Operating Systems: Design and	Andrew S. Tanenbaum	PHI
	implementation, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition		
4	Operating system, 5 <sup>th</sup> Edition	Millan Milankovic	McGraw Hill

### **COURSE INFORMATION SHEET**

Course Code	PCIT 453
Course Title	Operating System (Practical)
Type of Course	PC
Credits	1.5
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50
Course Prerequisites	Programming Fundamental. Object Oriented
	Programming using C++
Course Objectives	I. To teach students about various operating systems including Windows, and UNIX.
	II. To be able to students learn about systems
	configuration and administration. Students
	learn, explore and practice technologies
	related to UNIX.

### **SYLLABUS**

#### **List of Practicals:**

- 1. Implement various CPU scheduling algorithms.
- 2. Write program to implement banker's algorithm for deadlock prevention.
- 3. Write programs to implement Page replacement algorithms.
- 4. Write an algorithm and program to implement Disc scheduling.
- 5. Installation of the Linux operating system
- 6. Using basic commands-man, who, more, pipe, finger, cat, redirect, ls, cp, mv, rm.Working with directory and plain files-pwd, cd, mkdir, rmdir, lp, wc, date, cal, sort, diff, uniq and grep commands.
- 7. Using miscellaneous commands-head, tail, cut, copy, paste, spell, find and bc.
- 8. Working with shell scripts under Korn Shell and using shell variables, print, chmod and calendar commands.
- 9. Using quotes, relational operators, command substitution, arithmetic functions, shell control statements such as for-in, if-then-elseif-else, while,case,date and script.
- 10. Working under the Bourne shell-shell scripts, control statements such as test, for, for in, if-then-else-fi, -if-then-elif-fi, while,until, case, relational operators and expressions.

#### SYLLABUS FOR B.E. (I.T.) FIFTH SEMESTER

### **COURSE INFORMATION SHEET**

Course Code	PCIT501
Course Title	Network Security and Cryptography (Theory)
Type of Course	PC
LTP	312
Credits	04
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Computer Networks.
Course Objectives	I. To understand and apply the principles of
	encryption algorithms, conventional and public
	key cryptography.
	II. To gain knowledge about authentication, hash
	functions and application level security
	mechanisms.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be
	able to:
	I. To perform analysis of real time systems
	for identifying security threats.
	II. To understand and compare public and private
	cryptographic algorithms and make use of the
	same for encryption and decryption of messages.
	III. To describe key management protocols
	and design confidential systems with minimum possible threats.
	IV. To understand hash algorithms and apply both
	cryptography and hashing to create digital
	signatures and certificates for achieving integrity.
	V. To understand application of cryptosystems
	in design of Kerberos, IPSec, AH, and ESP
	protocols.
	VI. To understand and compare https vs SET
	protocols and Firewall Vs Virtual Private
	Network .

#### **SYLLABUS**

Note: The examiner shall set seven questions of 10 marks each. First question has to be compulsory, having sections covering the whole syllabus. Three questions have to be set from Section A and three questions from Section B of the syllabus. Candidate is required to attempt at least two questions from each section. All the course outcomes must be covered by the question paper.

CO(s)

Basic Encryption and Decryption Threats and Types of attacks, Challenges for Information Security, Classical Cryptographic Algorithms: Monoalphabetic Substitutions such as Caesar Cipher, Cryptanalysis of Monoalphabetic ciphers; Polyalphabetic Ciphers such as Vigenere, Vernam Cipher; Transposition Cipher.  (06)	1,2
Stream and Block Ciphers Rotor Based System and Shift Register Based System. Block cipher: principles, modes of operations. Data Encryption Standard (DES), Analyzing and Strengthening of DES, Introduction to Advance Encryption Standard (AES).  (07)	2
Number Theory and Basic Algebra Modular Arithmetic, Euclidean algorithm, Random number generation. (04)	2
Key Management Protocols: Solving Key Distribution Problem, Diffie-Hellman Algorithm, Key Exchange with Public Key Cryptography. (05)	3
SECTION-B	
Public Key Encryption Systems Concept and Characteristics of Public Key Encryption system, Rivets-Shamir-Adleman (RSA) Encryption, Digital Signature Algorithms and authentication protocols, Digital Signature Standard (DSA).	2,4
Hash Algorithms Hash concept, description of Hash Algorithms, Message Digest Algorithms such as MD4 and MD5, Secure Hash Algorithms such as SH1 and SHA2. (05)	4
Network Security Kerberos, IP security: Architecture, Authentication Header, Encapsulating Security Payload.  (04)	2,5
Web Security Web security consideration, Secure Socket Layer Protocol, Transport Layer Security, Secure Electronic Transaction Protocol. (04)	6
Firewalls	6

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
IT501.CO1	2	3	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
IT501.CO2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
IT501.CO3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	ı	2	2
IT501.CO4	3	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	ı	1	2	1
IT501.CO5	-	ı	3	1	1	1	1	-	ı	-	-	-	3	3
IT601.CO6	-	-	3	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Principles of Cryptography, 4 <sup>th</sup> Edition	William Stallings	Pearson
			Education
2	Security in Computing, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition	Charles P.Pfleeger	Prentice Hall
			International
3	Cryptography & Network Security, 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Atul Kahate	TMH
	Edition		
4	Applied Cryptography: Protocols,	Bruce Schneier	John Wiley
	Algorithms, and Source Code in C, 2 <sup>nd</sup>		and Sons
	Edition		
5	Firewalls and Internet Security, 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Bill Cheswick and Steve	Addison-
	Edition	Bellovin	Wesley
6	Security Technologies for the world	Rolf Oppliger	Artech House,
	wide web, 2nd Edition		Inc

Course Code	PCIT551						
Course Title	Network Security and Cryptography						
	(Practical)						
Type of Course	PC						
Credits	01						
Course Assessment Methods:							
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00						
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50						
Course Prerequisites	Computer Networks						
Course Objectives							
SYLL	ABUS						
Practical based on theory							

PCIT 502
Design and Analysis of Algorithms(Theory)
PC
312
04
45
50
50
Programming for problem solving, Data Structures.
The objective of the course is to develop an understanding about basic algorithms and different problem solving strategies. It aims to improve creativeness and the confidence to solve non-conventional problems and expertise for analyzing existing solutions. The course covers asymptotic analysis and algorithm design strategies that can be applied on different problem domains.
After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Analyze a given algorithm and express its time and space complexities in asymptotic notations.  II. Learn to solve recurrence relations and apply it to determine the computational complexity of recursive algorithms.  III. Understand and compare various algorithm design strategies in order to learn their application in problem solving for developing efficient algorithms.  IV. Illustrate the working of various sorting & searching methods and compare their computational complexities.  V. To examine advanced tree & graph based computational problems and learn algorithm design strategies to solve them.

#### **SYLLABUS**

questions from each section. An the course outcomes must be covered by the question paper.	
SECTION-A	CO(s)
Analysis of algorithm	1,2
Role of Algorithms in Computing; Growth of functions: Asymptotic Notation, Performance	
measurements Introduction to Recurrences: substitution method, recursion-tree method, master	
method; Randomized Algorithms. (09)	
Divide and Conquer Method	2,4

General Method, Binary Search, Matrix Multiplication, Merge Sort, Quick Sort and their	
performance analysis. (07)	
Greedy Approach	3,5
Elements of Greedy strategy, Knapsack problem, Single source Shortest paths problem,	
Minimum Spanning tree problem and analysis of these problems. (07)	
SECTION-B	
Dynamic Programming	3,5
General Method, Multistage Graph, All Pairs Shortest Path Algorithm, 0/1 Knapsack Problem,	
Traveling Salesman Problem. (09)	
Backtracking	3
The General Method, 8-Queens Problem- Sum of Subsets, Knapsack. (07)	
P and NP Problems	6
Nondeterministic Algorithms, NP Hard and NP complete problems, Reducibility and NP	
completeness. (06)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PCIT 502.CO1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	-	-	-	ı	3	3	2
PCIT 502.CO2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	ı	1	3	3
PCIT 502.CO3	2	2	3	1	1	2	2	1	-	-	ı	2	2	3
PCIT 502.CO4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	ı	1	3	3
PCIT 502.CO5	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	-	-	-	ı	2	3	3
PCIT 502.CO6	2	2	3	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	3	3	2

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms	Ellis Horowitz, SartajSahni	Galgotia
2	Introduction to Algorithms	Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest	Prentice Hall
3	The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms	Aho A.V., Hopcroft J.E., Ullman J.D.	Pearson Education
4	Fundamentals of Algorithms	Gilles Brassard & Paul Bratley	Prentice Hall

Course Code	PCIT 552						
Course Title	Design and Analysis of Algorithms (Practical)						
Type of Course	PC						
Credits	1.5						
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>							
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00						
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50						
Course Prerequisites	Programming for problem solving, Data Structures.						
Course Objectives	<ul><li>I. To understand and implement different algorithm design techniques.</li><li>II. To design algorithms based on the strategies learned and apply the same to solve different problems.</li></ul>						
SYLLABUS  Practical based on theory							

Course Code	PCIT 503
Course Title	Artificial Intelligence (Theory)
Type of Course	PC
LT P	403
Credits	04
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Data Structures, Discrete Structures
Course Objectives	To introduce the essential principles, ideas and techniques of Artificial Intelligence (AI), so that it can be used to solve real world problems.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Understand the history of artificial intelligence (AI) and its foundations.  II. Apply basic techniques of AI in applications that involves problem solving, reasoning, planning and learning.  III. Explain the role of agents and how agents can act by establishing goals.  IV. Acquire the knowledge of real world Knowledge representation.  V. Analyze and design a real world problem and understand the dynamic behavior of a system.  VI. Apply the knowledge representation for creating different applications which requires intelligent decision making.

### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A							
Introduction Artificial Intelligence and its applications, Foundations and history of Artificial Intelligence, Intelligent Agents, Nature and structure of Agents, Computer vision & NLP.  (06)	1,3,6						
Problem solving techniques State space search, control strategies, Types of problem, Problem characteristics, Uninformed search strategies: BFS, DFS and Iterative deepening DFS, Heuristic	2						

Search strategies: Hill climbing, best first search, A* search, genetic algorithm, AO*Search, Game playing: Minimax algorithm & alpha-beta pruning. (09)	
Knowledge representation  Mapping between facts and representations, Approaches to knowledge representation, procedural vs declarative knowledge, Propositional logic, First order logic, Inferences in FOL, Forward vs. Backward chaining, Weak and Strong slot-and-filler structures: semantic nets, frames, conceptual dependency, scripts.  (09)	4,6
SECTION-B	
Probabilistic Reasoning	
Non-Monotonic Reasoning, Default Reasoning, Statistical Reasoning: Probability and	2
Bayes' theorem, Certainty factors and Rule- based systems, Bayesian networks,	
Dempster-Shafer theory & Fuzzy logic. (08)	
Planning	2
The Planning problem, planning with state space search, sectionial order planning,	
planning graphs, planning with propositional logic, Hierarchical planning, conditional	
planning, Continuous and Multi Agent planning. (08)	
Learning and Expert System	2,5
Introduction of learning, Forms of learning, inductive learning, Learning Decision	
trees, Introduction of Expert System & its examples, Expert system Architecture and its	
shells. (05)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PCIT503.CO1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
PCIT503.CO2	3	2	3	1	3	3	1	-	-	-	1	-	3	3
PCIT503.CO3	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
PCIT503.CO4	2	1	2	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	2
PCIT503.CO5	3	3	3	1	3	3	1	-	-	-	2	_	3	3
PCIT503.CO6	3	3	2	1	3	3	1	-	-	-	2	-	3	2

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	AI: A Modern Approach	Stuart J.Russel, Peter Norvig	Pearson Education, Latest Edition
2	Artificial Intelligence	Elaine Rich, Knight	McGraw Hill, 1993
3	Artificial Intelligence	Sectionick Henry Winston	Addison Wesley, Latest Edition
4	Artificial Intelligence	George Luger	Pearson Education, Latest Edition
5	Introduction to AI and Expert Systems	DAN, W. Patterson	PHI, latest Edition
6	Principles of AI	A.J. Nillson	Narosa publications, latest Edition

Course Code	PCIT 553				
Course Title	Artificial Intelligence(Practical)				
Type of Course	PC				
Credits	1.5				
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>					
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00				
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50				
Course Prerequisites Data Structures, Discrete Structures					
Course Objectives	This course provides an introduction to the fundamentals of artificial intelligence. It contains a theory component about the concepts and principles that underlie modern AI algorithms, and a practice component to relate theoretical principles with practical implementation.				
SYLLABUS					

#### **List of Practicals**

- 1. WAP to implement water jug problem using breadth first search algorithm.
- 2. WAP to implement missionaries and cannibals problem using depth first search algorithm.
- 3. WAP to implement Tic-Tac-Toe game for two players, x(odd turn) and o(even turn) who take turn making the spaces in 3x3 grid(having numbers 1 to 9) but with fixed first position(1) for the first player-The player who succeeds in placing three respective marks in horizontal or vertical or diagonal wins the game and by storing 2 for blank, 3 for x and 5 for 0.
- 4. WAP to implement 8-queen problem by using A\* as best first search algorithm.
- 5. WAP to implement 8-puzzle problem by using A\* algorithm.
- 6. WAP to implement Tic-Tac-Toe game by using min-max algorithm.
- 7. WAP to implement block-world problem using steepest ascent hill climbing algorithm.
- 8. WAP to implement 8-puzzle problem by using iterative deepening Depth First Search algorithm.
- 9. WAP that demonstrate the working of alpha-beta pruning by taking an input array of elements

## **Professional Elective-I**

#### **COURSE INFORMATION SHEET**

Course Code	PEIT 501a			
Course Title	Java programming/Technologies (Theory)			
Type of Course	PE-I			
LTP	303			
Credits	3			
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45			
Course Assessment Methods: End Semester Assessment (University Exam.) Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50 50			
Course Prerequisites	Programming for problem solving, Object Oriented Programming using C++.			
Course Objectives	The objective of the course is to learn the object oriented concepts from the perspective of Java programming language and UML so as to apply the same to solve various engineering problems. This course covers a practical approach to object-oriented analysis, design and programming using UML and Java.			
Course Outcomes	<ul> <li>After completion of the course, students will be able to <ol> <li>To understand the use of OOPS concepts.</li> <li>To solve real world problem using OOP techniques.</li> <li>To understand the use of packages and interface in JAVA.</li> <li>To design graphical user interface using standard JAVA libraries for implementing event driven application.</li> <li>To analyze enterprise components including enterprise Java beans (EJB) technology, servlets and JAVA Server pages (JSP) technology, JDBC.</li> <li>To design GUI based applications and develop applets for web applications.</li> </ol> </li></ul>			

#### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	CO(s)
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1,2
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3,4
3,4
3,4
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3

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO	PO6	РО	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO	PSO	PSO
CO					5		7					12	1	2
PEIT 501a.CO1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	1
PEIT 501a.CO2	3	1	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2
PEIT 501a.CO3	1	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
PEIT 501a CO4	2	-	3	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	3
PEIT 501a.CO5	2	3	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-
PEIT 501a CO6	1	1	3	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	1	1	3

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Java: How to Program, 6 <sup>th</sup> Edition	Deitel and Deitel	Pearson Education
2	The Complete Reference Java2	Herbert Schildt	TMH
3	J2EE: The Complete Reference	James Edward Keogh, Jim Keogh	McGraw-Hill

Course Code	PEIT 551a				
Course Title	Java Programming/Technologies				
	(Practical)				
Type of Course	PE-I				
Credits	1.5				
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>					
End Semester Assessment (University	00				
Exam.)	50				
Continuous Assessment (Practical)					
Course Prerequisites	Object Oriented Programming using C++				
Course Objectives	To be able to learn the concepts of and				
	practical approaches to object-oriented				
	analysis, design and programming using				
	UML and Java.				
SYLI	LABUS				
Practical based on theory.					

Course Code	PEIT 501b					
Course Title	Unix Networking Programming (Theory)					
Type of Course	PE-I					
LT P	303					
Credits	3					
Total Lectures	45					
Course Assessment Methods:						
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50					
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50					
Course Prerequisites	Programming for problem solving, Object Oriented Programming using C++.					
Course Objectives	To teach the students how to write programs that communicates with other programs across a computer network.  I. The student shall be able to write their own network programs in UNIX.  II. To provide an opportunity to do network programming using TCP sockets.  III. To provide an opportunity to do network programming using UDP sockets.  IV. To provide to do IPC programs.  V. know The importance of platform independent networks.					
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. To provide an overview of OSI, TCP/IP reference models and TCP/IP protocol stack including connection establishment with parameters.  II. To understand and test the variety of interfaces & frameworks for writing network applications.  III. To implement interfaces, streams sockets, and remote procedure call libraries.  IV. To illustrate concept of I/O Multiplexing, UDP and construct programs for client manage I/O stream & implement Unix socket system calls.  V. To design and develop programs based on Client-server model and multithreaded servers.  VI. To understand network management using SNMP protocol and develop projects for network usage and availability.					
SY	LLABUS					

SECTION-A	CO(s)
INTRODUCTION	1
TO NETWORK PROGRAMMING: OSI model, Unix standards, TCP and UDP,TCP connection establishment and termination, Buffer sizes and limitations,Standard Internet services, Protocol usage by common internet applications. (7)	1
SOCKETS AND APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT	2,3,4
Introduction To Socket Programming – System Calls – Address Conversion Functions – OSIX-Signal Handling – Server With Multiple Clients – Boundary Conditions – Server Process C Rashes Server Host Crashes, Server Cashes And Reboots, Server Shutdown – I/O, Multiplexing – I/ Models – TCP Echo Client/Server with I/O Multiplexing. (7)	, , ,
SOCKET OPTIONS	2,3,4
socket Options – Getsockopt And Setsockopt Functions – Generic Socket Options – IP Socket Option ICMP Socket Options – TCP Socket Options – Multiplexing TCP And UDP Sockets – SCTP Sockets CTP Client/Server – Streaming Example – Domain Name System – Gethostbyname, Gethostbyaddr, Getservbyname And Getservbyport Functions – Protocol Independent Functions In CP Client/Server Scenario.	
SECTION-B	
ADVANCED SOCKETS  IPv4 And IPv6 Interoperability – Threaded Servers – Thread Creation And Termination – TCP Echo Server Using Threads – Mutex – Condition Variables – Raw Sockets – Raw Socket Creation – Raw Socket Output – Raw Socket Input – Ping Program – Traceroute Program.  (8)	5
SIMPLE NETWORK MANAGEMENT SNMP Network Management Concepts – SNMPv1 – Management Information – MIB Structure – Object Syntax – Standard MIB"S – MIB-II Groups – SNMPv1 Protocol And Practical Issues. (8)	6
SNMP V2, V3 AND RMO Introduction To SNMPv2 – SMI For SNMPV2 – Protocol – SNMPv3 – Architecture And Applications – Security And Access Control Model – Overview Of RMON. (7)	6

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PEIT 501a.CO1	2	-	ı	-	1	2	ı	ı	ı	1	1	2	1	-
PEIT 501a.CO2	-	-	2	3	3	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	1	2	3	1
PEIT 501a.CO3	-	-	ı	2	3	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	1	2	2	1
PEIT 501a.CO4	-	-	ı	2	2	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	1	2	2	1
PEIT 501a.CO5	-	2	3	3	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	1	1	3	3
PEIT 501a.CO6	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	2

S.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
No.			
1	UNIX Network Programming, Sockets API, Volume I, 3rd	W.Richard	PHI
	Edition, PHI, 2010.	Stevens,	
2	SNMP, SNMPv2, SNMPv3 And RMON 1 And 2", Third	William Stallings	PHI
	Edition, Pearson Edition, 2009	_	
3	UNIX Systems Programming using C++ 1st Edition, PHI, 2010	T. Chan	PHI

# **COURSE INFORMATION SHEET**

Course Code	PEIT 551b
Course Title	<b>Unix Networking Programming (Practical)</b>
Type of Course	Professional Elective -I
Credits	1.5
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50
Course Prerequisites	Programming for problem solving, Object
	Oriented Programming using C++.
Course Objectives	To teach the students how to write programs
	that communicates with other programs
	across a computer network.

### **SYLLABUS**

Practical based on theory.

Course Code	PEIT 501c
Course Title	Python Programming
Type of Course	PE-I
LTP	303
Credits	3
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
Course Assessment Methods: End Semester Assessment (University Exam.) Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50 50
<b>Course Prerequisites</b>	Programming for Problem Solving.
Course Objectives	The course is designed to provide the knowledge of basic concepts of Python programming language.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Explain the basic features of Python programming language like data types, iterations, functions, data structures.  II. Design and develop small python programs that meet the requirements.  III. Understand the process of reading and writing data in a text file.  IV. Apply the concept of exception handling and database connectivity for creating real world applications.  V. Implement the concepts of object oriented programming VI. Define the applications of regular expressions.

#### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	CO(s)
Introduction to Python Installation and Working with Python, Understanding Python variables, Python basic Operators, Understanding python blocks, Basic data types of Python, Conditional blocks using if, else and elif, Simple for loops in python, For loop using ranges, string, list and dictionaries, Use of while loops in python, Loop manipulation using pass, continue, break and else.  (8)	1,2
Python Functions and Data Structures Function Specifications, Global Variables, Modules, Passing parameters to Functions, Recursive functions, System functions and Parameters, importing modules, Lambda function in python, Python String, List, Tuple, Set, And Dictionary Manipulations, Programming using string, list, tuple, set and dictionary in built functions.  (9)	1,2
File Handling Opening a file, Understanding read functions: read(), readline() and readlines(), Understanding write functions: write() and writelines(), appending data to a file, closing	2,3

files, Manipulating file pointer using seek, Programming using file operations. (6)	
SECTION-B	
Python Object Oriented Programming	
Oops Concept of class, object and instances, Constructor, class attributes and destructors, Method overloading in python, Operator overloading, Inheritance. (8)	2,5
Python Regular Expression and Exception Handling  Special symbols and characters for Regular expressions, Pattern matching and searching, Pattern searching using regex, Validation using regular expressions, What is exception, Handling an exception, tryexceptelse, try-finally clause, Argument of an exception, Python standard exception, Raising an exception, User-defined exceptions. (8)	2,4,6
Python Database Connectivity Introduction, SQL Database connection using python, Creating and searching tables, Reading and storing config information on database, Programming using database connections.  (6)	2,4

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PEIT501c.CO1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	ı	2	-	2	3
PEIT501c.CO2	3	1	3	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3
PEIT501c.CO3	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	2
PEIT501c.CO4	2	1	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	3
PEIT501c.CO5	1	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	3
PEIT501c.CO6	-	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	2

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1.	Core Python Applications Programming,	Wesley J Chun	Pearson
	Third Edition.		Publication
2.	Beginning Python: Using Python 2.6 and	James Payne	Wrox Publication
	Python 3.1		
3	Core Python Programming .	R. Nageswara Rao	Dreamtech
4	Core Python Programming.	Wesley J Chun	Prentice Hall
5	Programming and Problem Solving with	Ashok Namdev Kamthane,	Mcgraw Hill
	Python.	Amit Ashok Kamthane	Education

Course Code	IT551c				
Course Title	Python Programming (Practical)				
Type of Course	PE-I				
Credits	1.5				
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>					
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00				
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50				
Course Prerequisites	Programming for problem solving				
Course Objectives	I. Understand and comprehend the basics of Python programming.      II. Develop real-world applications using OOPs, files, exception handling and database connectivity provided by python.				
SYLLABUS  Practical based on theory					

Course Code	IT-501d
Course Title	<b>Mobile Application Development</b>
Type of Course	PE-I
LT P	303
Credits	3
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Introduction to Information Technology.
<b>Course Objectives</b>	To learn the basics of mobile application
	development using Android and their testing
	and deployment in different user environments.
Course Outcomes	<ul> <li>After completion of this course, the students will be able to: <ol> <li>Understand basic requirements to develop mobile applications.</li> <li>Demonstrate the components and structure of a mobile development framework.</li> <li>Apply essential Android Programming concepts.</li> <li>Develop different mobile applications using Android platform.</li> <li>Test their application in different conditions.</li> <li>Deploy the mobile applications in different environments.</li> </ol> </li></ul>

#### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	CO(s)
Introduction to Java and Android:	
Basic programming introduction to Java, Java Foundation Classes, Developing	1
applications in Java, Overview of Android platform. (9)	
Getting started with Mobility:	
landscape, Mobile platforms, Mobile apps development, , setting up the mobile app	
development environment along with an emulator, a case study on Mobile app	1,2
development. (6)	
Building Blocks of Mobile Apps:	
App user interface designing - mobile UI resources (Layout, UI elements, Drawable,	
Menu), Activitystates and life cycle, interaction amongst activities. (6)	
SECTION-B	
Sprucing Up Mobile Apps:	3,4
App functionality beyond user interface - Threads, Async task, Services – states and life	
cycle, Notifications, Broadcast receivers, Telephony and SMS APIs	
Native data handling – on-device file I/O, shared preferences, mobile databases such as	

SQLite, and enterprise data access (via Internet/Intranet).	
Graphics and animation – custom views, canvas, animation APIs, multimedia –	
audio/video playback andrecord, location awareness, and native hardware access (sensors	
such as accelerometer and gyroscope). (16)	
Testing Mobile Apps:	4,5
Debugging mobile apps, White box testing, Black box testing, and test automation of	
mobile apps, JUnit for Android, Robotium, MonkeyTalk. (5)	
Deployment of Apps:	4,5
Versioning, signing and packaging mobile apps, distributing apps on mobile market place.	
(3)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PEIT501d.CO1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
PEIT501d. CO2	-	1	-	-	ı	-	ı	-	-	ı	1	-	1	1
PEIT501d.CO3	-	-	-	-	3	-	ı	-	-	ı	1	-	1	1
PEIT501d. CO4	-	-	2	-	ı	-	ı	-	-	ı	1	-	1	2
PEIT501d. CO5	-	-	-	1	ı	-	ı	-	-	1	-	-	1	1
PEIT501d. CO6	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	1	1

S.NO	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Android Application Development All in one for Dummies	Barry Burd	1st edition
2	Android Application Development Rick Rogers, JohnLombardo,	Meike Blake	1st edition, O'Reilly, 2010
3	Professional Android 2 Application Development	Reto Meier	1st edition, Wrox, 2010
4	Teach Yourself Android Application Development In 24Hours.		1st edition, SAMS

Course Code	PEIT 551d
Course Title	<b>Mobile Application Development (Practical)</b>
Type of Course	PE-I
Credits	1.5
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50
Course Prerequisites	Introduction to Information Technology.
Course Objectives	1.Understand and comprehend the basics of mobile application programming.
	2.Develop real-world applications using android programming.

#### **SYLLABUS**

**Practical** should be covered based on the following directions:

Students should implement (and learn to use the tools to accomplish this task) the following during Practical hours: (illustrative only)

- 1. Understand the app idea and design user interface/wireframes of mobile app
- 2. Set up the mobile app development environment
- 3. Develop and debug mobile app components User interface, services, notifications, broadcast receivers, data components
- 4. Using emulator to deploy and run mobile apps
- 5. Testing mobile app unit testing, black box testing and test automation

Course Code	PEIT 501e
Course Title	Data Acquisition and Hardware Interfacing
	(theory)
Type of Course	PE-I
LTP	303
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional, Assignments,	50
Quiz)	
Course Prerequisites	Computer architecture and organization,
	Microprocessor & Assembly Language
	Programming
Course Objectives (CO)	This course will introduce various data
	acquisition systems and techniques and their
	application using different hardware interfacing
	mechanisms.
Course Outcome	After completion of this course, the students
	will be able to:
	I. Recall different interface mechanism of
	devices for data transfer.
	II. Understand the principles of operation and
	limitations of the data acquisition system
	(single and multiple channels).
	III. Apply acquired knowledge to design a
	system of acquisition and control.
	IV. Analyze the designed system and various
	acquired signals using Labview software.
	V. Design system for data acquisition.
	VI. Evaluate designed system for data
	acquisition and interfacing to various
	external circuits.
CVII	ADLIC

### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	CO(s)
Signal conditioning and data acquisition: Analog-to-digital and digital-to-analog	
converters; sampling rate, multiplexing, resolution, range, and code width; grounding,	
isolation and noise; single-ended and differential measurements; attenuation,	1,2
amplification, and filtering; excitation and linearization; impedance mismatch and	
loading; digital signal conditioning; signal transmission (voltage vs. current loop); and	
hardware architecture of a modern multi-function data acquisition card. Various DAS	
Configurations, Single Channel DAS, Multi-Channel DAS, IC Based DAS, Data	
Acquisition, Data Acquisition in PLC. (10)	

Fundamentals of programming logic: Labview: Virtual instruments; indicators and	
controls; front panel and block diagram; data types and data flow programming; case and	
sequence structures; arrays, loops, and clusters; graphs and charts; sub VIs; and file I/O.	3,4
(9)	
SECTION-B	
<b>Instrument control:</b> Components of an instrument control system (GPIB and RS-232);	2
detecting and configuring instruments; and instrument drivers. (6)	
<b>Instrumentation system design:</b> Design specifications; functional block representation;	4,5
design, debugging, and testing; interpretation and presentation of data; user interface;	
temperature control system design; motor speed control system design; and	
instrumentation project incorporating multiple sensors, signal interfacing electronics,	
data-acquisition hardware, instrument control. (6)	
Buses – Industry standard architecture (ISA), peripheral component Interconnect (PCI) –	2
Instrumentation Buses: Serial (RS232C, USB) and Parallel (GPIB) Accelerated Graphics	
port (AGP) – plug-and-play devices – SCSI concepts – USB architecture. (6)	
Project work using Labview – Generation of signal (different function generators) on	6
PC and acquiring the signal from sensor at PC again with different sampling rate and	
quantization level. Representations of different characteristics of acquired signals and	
their analysis and reporting. (8)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PEIT501e.CO1	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
PEIT501e.CO2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
PEIT501e.CO3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-	3	-
PEIT501e.CO4	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	3
PEIT501e.CO5	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
PEIT501e.CO6	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

S.	NAME	<b>AUTHOR(S)</b>	PUBLISHER
No.			
1.	Instrumentation Devices And Systems	Rangan C. S., Sarma	Tata McGraw-Hill.
		G. R. and Mani V. S.	
		V	
2.	"Modern Electronic Instrumentation	Helfrick Albert D.	Prentice Hall India.
	and Measurement Techniques"	and Cooper W. D	
3.	Digital Instrumentation	A. J. Bouvens	McGraw-Hill.
4.	Process Control Instrumentation	Johnson Curtis D	Prentice Hall India.
	Technology		
5.	A Course In Electrical And Electronics	Shawhney A. K	Dhanpat Rai &
	Measurements And Instrumentation		Sons.
6.	Data acquisition technique using	Howard Austurlitz	
	personal computers		

Course Code	PEIT 551e
Course Title	Data Acquisition and Hardware Interfacing
	(Practical).
Type of Course	PE-I
Credits	1.5
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50
Course Prerequisites	Computer architecture and Organization,
	Microprocessor & Assembly Language
	Programming
Course Objectives	1.Understand and comprehend the basics of
	Labview programming.
	2. Develop applications using Labview software
	3. To learn interfacing the real world signals to PC
	using RTOS hardware.

### **SYLLABUS**

#### **Practical based on theory**

Practical should be covered based on the following directions:

- 1. Labview Programming.
- 2. Data acquisition on PXI system through sensing unit.
- 3. Data acquisition on RTOS system through sensing unit
- 4. Data control on PXI system through actuation unit.
- 5. Data control on RTOS system through actuation unit

ireless Communication Technologies heory) E-I D 3  asic Information Theory and Communication. b understand the terminology, fundamental ancepts, issues and design approaches of
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ncepts, issues and design approaches of
reless communication systems.
ter completion of this course, the students ll be able to:  Appreciate the evolution of wireless communication systems.  I. Familiarize with the design concepts of cellular systems.  II. Analyze and design GSM and CDMA wireless cellular systems.  V. Comprehend the principles of wireless propagation models.  V. Understand the working of Bluetooth, WiFi, WLAN, ZigBee, RFID, WiMax technologies.  VI. Learn about the emerging wireless
<u> </u>

#### **SYLLABUS**

Note: The examiner shall set seven questions of equal marks. First question is compulsory and shall cover the whole syllabus by including questions of conceptual nature. Rest of the syllabus will be divided into A and B Sections having three questions each. Candidate is required to attempt at least two questions from each section.

Tright to mitting the remaining the questions in our section.					
SECTION-A					
	1				
Introduction to Wireless Communication					
Wireless Communication-Features, Issues and Applications. Types of Wireless					
Communication Systems, Evolution of communication systems 1G, 2G, 2.5G, 3G, 4G,					
Comparison of common wireless communication systems. (6)					
The Cellular Concept-System Design Fundamentals					
Frequency reuse, Channel assignment strategies, Handoff strategies, Interference,					
Improving Coverage and Capacity in cellular systems: Cell splitting, Cell sectoring and					
Microcell zone concept. (8)					
GSM and CDMA Wireless Cellular Systems	3				
GSM-Architecture, Identifiers, Authentication and Security, Control Channels,					
Services. IS-95 Architecture, Forward and Reverse channels, Soft handoff, Near-Far					

Effect, Cell Breathing, Mobile data over CDMA, CDMA-2000, Comparison of CDMA	
and GSM. (8)	
SECTION-B	
The Propagation Models	4
Propagation criteria, Free space propagation model, Mobile point to point propagation	
model, Outdoor propagation path loss models, Indoor propagation path loss models,	
Signal attenuation due to Foliage, Long distance propagation. (9)	
Wireless Technologies	5
Bluetooth, WiFi networks and WLAN IEEE 802.11 standards, ZigBee Radios and	
IEEE 802.15.4, RFID systems and EPC Global UHF Class 1 Generation 2, WiMax,	
LTE, LTE-A. (8)	
Emerging Wireless Systems	6
Ad-hoc/Mesh wireless networks, Sensor networks, Ultra wideband systems, Distributed	
control networks, Cognitive radios, Biomedical networks and In-body networks,	
Internet of Things. (6)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PEIT501f.CO1	2	-	ı	-	ı	ı	ı	-	-	1	1	-	1	2
PEIT501f.CO2	2	1	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	-	-	1	1	_	1	2
PEIT501f.CO3	3	2	2	ı	1	ı	ı	-	-	1	1	_	1	3
PEIT501f.CO4	2	2	1	ı	1	ı	ı	-	-	1	1	_	1	2
PEIT501f.CO5	2	2	1	ı	1	ı	ı	-	-	1	1	_	1	3
PEIT501f.CO6	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	1	2

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
	Wireless Communications: Principles	Theodore S. Rappaport	Prentice Hall
1	and Practice, Latest Edition		India
	Wireless and Cellular Communication,	Sanjay Sharma	S. K. Kataria &
2	Latest Edition		Sons
	Wireless Communications, Latest	T. L. Singal	McGraw Hill
3	Edition		Education

Course Code	PEIT 551f				
Course Title	Wireless Communication Technologies				
	(Practical)				
Type of Course	PE-I				
Credits	1.5				
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>					
End Semester Assessment (University	00				
Exam.)	50				
Continuous Assessment (Practical)					
<b>Course Prerequisites</b>	Basic Information Theory and				
	Communication.				
Course Objectives	To familiarize students with the Wireless				
	Communication Technology (Satellite,				
	Cellular and Bluetooth etc.)				
SYLLABUS					
Practical based on theory.					

Course Code	PEIT 501g
Course Title	Software as a Medicine
Type of Course	PE-I
LTP	303
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
<b>Course Assessment Methods</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional, Assignments,	50
Quiz)	
<b>Course Prerequisites</b>	
Course Objectives (CO)	
Course Outcome	
Note: The examiner shall set seven questions	of 10 marks each. First question has to be

Note: The examiner shall set seven questions of 10 marks each. First question has to be compulsory, having sections covering the whole syllabus. Three questions have to be set from Section A and three questions from Section B of the syllabus. Candidate is required to attempt at least two questions from each section. All the course outcomes must be covered by the question paper.

Contents will be decided later on.

PEIT 551
Industrial Training (After 4 <sup>th</sup> Semester)
PW
0 0 0
1
00
50
Nil
<ol> <li>To enable students to integrate theory with practice.</li> <li>To provide opportunity to students to hands on current problems industrial practitioners are dealing with.</li> <li>To introduce students to work culture and industrial practices.</li> <li>After completion of this course, the students will be able to:         <ol> <li>Analyse practical aspects of a problem and apply engineering methods to design its solution.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Apply skills and knowledge of modern technologies to develop solution for a real life problem.</li> <li>Demonstrate technical, interpersonal and communication skills, both oral and written.</li> </ol>

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
BEIT551.CO1	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
BEIT551.CO2	-	-	3	-	3	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	3
BEIT551.CO3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	2	-	1	-

HSMC 501
Cyber Laws & IPR (Theory)
HS
300
03
50
50
Nil
<ul> <li>I. To familiarize students with the dynamics of Cyber Law with a focus on new forms of cybercrime.</li> <li>II. To establish a basic knowledge on the technical side of Cyber Law.</li> <li>III. To give an update of recent Cyber Laws developments and case law make students conversant with the social and intellectual property issues emerging from 'Cyberspace.</li> <li>IV. Explore the legal and policy developments in various countries to regulate Cyberspace.</li> <li>V. Develop the understanding of relationship between commerce and cyberspace; and give students in depth knowledge of Information Technology Act and legal frame work of Right to Privacy, Data</li> </ul>
Security and Data Protection.  After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Describe the need for cyber law. Get familiarize with the dynamics of cyber Law with a focus on new forms of cybercrime.  II. Get established a basic knowledge on the technical side of Cyber Law.  III. Have an update of recent Cyber laws. Developments and case law.  IV. Get engaged with today's Cyber Laws reality and debates.  V. Work on tools for further study of Cyber Law.

#### **SYLLABUS**

the question paper.	
SECTION-A	Hours
Basics of Computer & Internet Technology	(08)
Internet, ISP & domain name; Network Security; Encryption Techniques and Algorithms; Digital Signatures.	
Introduction to Cyber World	(03)
Introduction to Cyberspace and Cyber Law; Different Components of cyber Laws; Cyber Law and Netizens.	(**)
E-Commerce	(08)
Introduction to E-Commerce; Different E-Commerce Models; E-Commerce Trends and Prospects; E-Commerce and Taxation; Legal Aspects of E-Commerce.	
SECTION-B	
Intellectual Property Rights IPR, Copyright and Patents, International Treaties and Conventions, Business Software Patents, Domain Name Disputes and Resolution.	(11)
IT Act, 2000	(11)
Reasons, Aims, Objectives and Applications, Regulators under IT Act, Role of Certifying Authority, Digital Signature Certificates, Duties of the Subscribers, Cyber Crimes-Offences and Contraventions, Grey Areas of IT Act.	
Project Work	(04)
Candidates will be required to work on a project. At the end of the course, students will make a presentation and submit the project report.	` '

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S) PUBLISHI					
1	A Guide to Cyber Laws & IT Act	NandanKamath	Universal Law				
	2000 with Rules & Notification		Publishing				
2	Cyber Cops, Cyber Criminals &	Keith Merill&Deepti	IK International				
	Internet	Chopra					
3	Handbook of Cyber Laws	Vakul Sharma	McMillian				

Course Code	PWIT 552
Course Title	Project-1
Type of Course	PW
LT P	0 0 2
Credits	01
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	00
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	
Course Prerequisites	Nil
Course Objectives	1. Students learning skills to tackle realistic problems as they would be solved in the real world.
	2. To work as team to deliver project that matches the required specification.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Plan, Analyze, design and implement gathered skills and knowledge over the field of research and to solve real life problem.  II. Apply software development lifecycle to plan & manage the projects.  III. Demonstrate the ability to communicate effectively in orally and in writing.  IV. Learn to work in team and focus on getting work done on time.

DO/DCO	DO1	DOG	DO2	DO 4	DO5	DOC	DO7	DOG	DOO	DO 10	DO 1.1	DO 12	DCO1	DCO2
PO/PSO	POI	PO2	PO3	PO4	POS	PO6	PO/	PO8	PO9	POIU	POH	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PWIT 552	3	3	2	3	3	1	-	2	2	-	-	3	3	3
.CO1														
PWIT 552	1	2	2	2	3	-	1	2	2	-	-	-	3	3
.CO2														
PWIT 552	-	2	-	-	3	-	-	3	2	3	1	-	-	-
.CO3														
PWIT 552	-	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	3	2	3	-	1	1
.CO4														

#### SYLLABUS FOR B.E. (I.T.) SIXTH SEMESTER

#### **COURSE INFORMATION SHEET**

Course Code	PCIT 601
Course Title	Theory of Computation (Theory)
Type of Course	PC
LTP	310
Credits	4
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
Course Assessment Methods: End Semester Assessment (University Exam.) Continuous Assessment (Sessional) Course Prerequisites	50 50 Discrete Structures.
Course Objectives	The objective of the course is to construct and prove the equivalence of languages described by finite state machines and regular expressions, pushdown automata and Turing machines.
Course Outcomes	After completion of the course, students will be able to:  I. Understand the basic concepts of theory of computation like deterministic/non-deterministic automata, regular expressions, regular languages, context-free grammars, context-free languages, Turing machines  II. Explain the strength and the limitations of regular languages and context-free languages.  III. Recognize to which class in the Chomsky hierarchy the language described (by a grammar or automata) belongs  IV. Design automata, regular expressions and context-free grammars accepting or generating a certain language  V. Apply the basic knowledge of Theory of Computation to solve computational problems  VI. Design a Turing machine that performs a specific task.

#### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	CO(s)
Introduction to the Theory of Computation	1,3

Basic concepts – Languages, Grammars, Automata, Strings, Alphabet, Chomsky	
Classification of Grammars and Languages. (2)	
Finite Automata  Finite automation model, Acceptance of strings and language, Deterministic Finite Automaton, Non Deterministic Finite Automaton (NDFA), Equivalence of NDFA and DFA, Conversion of NFA into DFA, Minimization of Number of States in Finite Automata, equivalence between two FSMs, Moore and Mealy machines. Conversion of Mealy to Moore machine, Conversion of Moore to Mealy machine.  (10)	1,4,5
Regular expressions and regular languages	1,2,3,
Regular Expressions, Identities for Regular Expressions, Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Transition System Containing null moves, NDFAs with null moves and Regular Expressions, Eliminating epsilon-Transitions, Algebraic Method Using Arden's Theorem, Construction of Finite Automata Equivalent to a Regular Expression, Equivalence of Two Finite Automata, Equivalence of Two Regular Expressions, Closure Properties of Regular Languages under Simple Set Operations ((proofs omitted), Identifying Non regular Languages using Pumping Lemma. (10)	4,5
SECTION-B	
Context free grammar and Pushdown Automata	1,2,
Context-free Languages and Derivation Trees, Ambiguity in Context-free Grammars, Simplification of Context-free Grammars, Construction of Reduced Grammars, Elimination of Null Productions, Elimination of Unit Productions, Normal Forms for Context-free Grammars, Chomsky Normal Form, Greibach Normal Form, Pumping Lemma for Context-free Languages, Pushdown Automata - Basic Definitions, Acceptance by pushdown automata, Pushdown Automata and Context-free Languages, Parsing and pushdown automata, Top-down Parsing Using Deterministic pushdown automata, Bottom-up Parsing . (10)	
Turing Machines Linear Bounded Automata	1,3,
Turing Machine Model, Representation of Turing Machines, Language Acceptability by Turing Machines, Design of Turing Machines, Techniques for TM Construction -Turing Machine with Stationary Head, Storage in the State, Multiple Track Turing Machine, Subroutines, Variants of Turing Machines (proofs omitted) — Multi tape Turing Machines, Nondeterministic Turing Machines, The Model of Linear Bounded Automaton (LBA), Relation Between LBA and Context-sensitive Languages, Turing Machines and Type 0 Grammars.	5,6
Undecidability	1,3,
Undecidability, Introduction to recursive & non-recursive enumerable languages, Universal Turing machine. (2)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PCIT601.CO1	1	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	ı	1	-	2	-
PCIT601.CO2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	ı	-	ı	ı	-	1	-
PCIT601.CO3	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PCIT601.CO4	2	1	2	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
PCIT601.CO5	2	2	3	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
PCIT601.CO6	2	2	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3

S.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
No			
1	Theory of computation	Mishra & Chandrashekharan	PHI Learning Pvt.
			Ltd.
2	Introduction to automata	Hopcroft H.E. & Ullman	Pearson/Addison
	theory, languages and	_	Wesley
	computation		•
3	An introduction to formal	Peter linz	Jones & Bartlett
	languages and automata		Learning
4	Introduction to languages	John C Martin	McGraw-Hill
	and the theory of automata		
5	Elements of theory of	H.P. Lewis and C.H.	Prentice-Hall
	computation	papadimition	

	PCIT 602
Course Title	Machine Learning
Type of Course	PC
LTP	403
Credits	04
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Discrete Structures.
Course Objectives	The objective is to familiarize the students with some basic learning algorithms and techniques and their applications, as well as general issues related to analyzing and handling data.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Recall the concepts of supervised learning, unsupervised learning and neural networks.  II. Understand the fundamental issues and challenges of machine learning: data, model selection, model complexity.  III. Apply various learning algorithms to data.  IV. Analyze the underlying mathematical relationships within Machine Learning algorithms and the paradigms of supervised and un-supervised learning.  V. Implement regression, classification and clustering techniques to various problems.  VI. Evaluate the designed models of machine learning.

#### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	CO(s)
Introduction	1,2
Overview of machine learning, related areas, applications, software tools. (2)	
Parametric regression	
Simple linear regression, multiple linear regression, polynomial regression, nonlinear	
regression, gradient descent in linear regression, gradient descent in multiple regression,	2,3,4
normal equation. (6)	
Generative learning	4,5
Gaussian parameter estimation, maximum likelihood estimation, bias and variance of	
estimators. (2)	

Classification	4,5
Logistic regression, decision boundary, gradient descent in logistic regression, multiclass	
classification, overfitting problem, cost function regularization. (6)	
Neural networks	1,5
The perceptron algorithm, multilayer perceptrons, backpropagation, multiclass	
discrimination, training procedures, localized network structure, learning curves,	
regularization, Support vector machines. (7)	
SECTION-B	
Unsupervised learning	5
K-means clustering, hierarchical clustering, density based clustering, latent dirichlet	
allocation, dendrogram, hidden markov model. (8)	
Dimensionality reduction	4,5
Feature selection, principal component analysis, linear discriminant analysis, factor	
analysis, independent component analysis, multidimensional scaling. (8)	
Evaluation methods	6
Evaluating hypotheses, classification accuracy, confusion matrix, precision, recall, F1	
score, log loss, Area under curve, regression metrics, elbow method, silhouette analysis.	
(6)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PCIT602.CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
PCIT602.CO2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
PCIT602.CO3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
PCIT602.CO4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
PCIT602.CO5	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
PCIT602.CO6	-	-	1	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	1

S.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
No.			
1	Elements of Statistical Learning	T. Hastie, R.	Springer, 2001
		Tibshirani and J.	
		Friedman	
2	Machine Learning	E. Alpaydin	MIT Press, 2010
3	Pattern Recognition and Machine	C. Bishop	Springer, 2006
	Learning		
4	Machine Learning: A Probabilistic	K. Murphy	MIT Press, 2012
	Perspective		
5	Pattern Classification	R. Duda, E. Hart,	Wiley-Interscience,
		and D. Stork,	2000.
6	Machine Learning	T. Mitchell	McGraw-Hill, 1997

Course Code	PCIT 652
Course Title	Machine Learning Practical
Type of Course	PC
Credits	1.5
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University	00
Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	
Course Prerequisites	<b>Python Programming</b>
Course Objectives	1. To familiarize students with the various
	machine learning techniques:regression,
	classification, clustering.
	2. To strengthen the ability to identify and
	apply the suitable machine learning
	algorithm for the real world problems.
SYL	LABUS

- 1. Installing applications and creating environment (anaconda).
- 2. Reading csv into memory.
- 3. Loading data from seaborn.
- 4. Implement classification based on the K-nearest neighbors method, using the scikit-learn library.
- 5. Implement methods for linear regression (least-squares), and logistic regression.
- 6. Implement methods for classification using a) support vector machines and b) decision trees, and investigate the use of cross-validation for model evaluation.
- 7. Implement methods for ensembles of trees (random forests, gradient boosted trees).
- 8. Implement neural networks (optional deep learning) based classifiers.
- 9. Implement methods for dimensionality reduction and unsupervised clustering.

#### **Professional Elective-II**

#### **COURSE INFORMATION SHEET**

Course Code	PEIT 601a
Course Title	Internet of Things
Type of Course	PE-II
LTP	300
Credits	03
Total Lectures	45
Course Prerequisites	Nil
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Objectives  Course Outcomes	<ol> <li>To understand the fundamentals of Internet of Things.</li> <li>To learn about the basics of IOT protocols.</li> <li>To build a small low cost embedded system using Raspberry Pi.</li> <li>To apply the concept of Internet of Things in the real world scenario.</li> </ol> After completion of this course, the students will be able to:
	<ul> <li>I. Understand the concepts of Internet of Things and enabling technologies.</li> <li>II. Compare and contrast IoT architecture with M2M, SDN and NFV architectures</li> <li>III. Analyze basic protocols in wireless sensor network.</li> <li>IV. Design IoT applications in different domain and be able to analyze their performance using Rasperry Pi and Ardunio</li> <li>V. Evaluate the impact of IoT applications in the area of Data analytics, Software management.</li> <li>VI. Deploy basic IoT applications over the Cloud like Amazon.</li> </ul>
SY	LLABUS

#### SYLLABUS

SECTION-A	CO(s)
Introduction to Internet of Things (IoT) Internet of Things, Characteristics of IoT, Physical	
Design, Logical Design, Functional blocks of IoT, Communication models & APIs, IoT	1

enabling Technologies, IoT Levels & Deployment Templates ,Challenges in IoT. (10)	
IoT & M2M	
Machine to Machine Architecture, Difference between IoT and M2M, SDN and NFV for IoT, SNMP protocol, IoT system management using NETCONF-YANG, IoT reference model,	2
Domain model - information model, functional model, communication model. (8)	_
SECTION-B	
IoTProtocols	
Protocol Standardization for IoT, Efforts, M2M and WSN Protocols, SCADA and RFID	3
Protocols, Unified Data Standards ,IEEE 802.15.4, BACNet Protocol, Modbus, Zigbee	
Architecture. (7)	
Building IoT with RASPBERRY PI & Arduino	4
Building IOT with RASPERRY PI,Logical Design using Python, IoT Physical Devices &	
Endpoints, IoT Device-Building blocks ,Raspberry Pi programming Interfaces with Python,	
Other IoT Platforms like Arduino. (12)	
Case Studies	
Real world design constraints - Applications - Asset management, Industrial automation, smart grid, Commercial building automation, Smart cities - sectionicipatory sensing - Data Analytics for IoT - Software & Management Tools for IoT Cloud Storage Models & Communication	5,6
APIs - Cloud for IoT - Amazon Web Services for IoT. (8)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PEIT601a.CO1	1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	3
PEIT601a.CO2	1	3	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	3
PEIT601a.CO3	1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	3
PEIT601a.CO4	1	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	1	-	1	2	2	3
PEIT601a.CO5	1	3	3	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	1	2	2	3
PEIT601a.CO6	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	3	3

S no	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
	Internet of Things: A Hands-On Approach	Vijay Madisetti, Arshdeep Bahga	Orient Blackswan Private Ltd,2015
	The Internet of Things in the Cloud: A Middleware Perspective	Honbo Zhou	CRC Press, 2012
	The Internet of Things – Key applications and Protocols	Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi	Wiley, 2012

Course Code	PEIT 601b
Course Title	Computer Graphics (Theory)
Type of Course	PE-II
LTP	300
Credits	03
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Data Structures
Course Objectives	The objective of the course is to build the foundation of digital image generation concepts and techniques so as to use this knowledge for building graphics applications.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Understand the basic principles of interactive graphics, and its applications.  II. Learn and implement various algorithms for scan conversion and polygon filling.  III. Apply geometric transformations on graphics objects and learn its application in composite form.  IV. Define, analyze and perform the perspective and orthographic projections on points and scenes in three-dimensional space  V. Analyze and implement clipping methods and its transformation to graphics display device.  VI. Learn splines and curves formation in computer graphics and understand visible surface detection methods.

#### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	CO(s)
Overview of Graphics System	1
Applications of computer graphics, Picture representation, color table ,Video Display	
Devices: Direct View Storage Tubes, Flat Panel Displays: Emissive	
andNonEmissiveDisplays; Plasma Panel, Thin Film Electroluminescent and Liquid	
CrystalDisplays, Color Display Techniques: Shadow Mask and Beam-penetration	
Methods, ThreeDimensional Viewing Devices, Raster Scan Systems, Random	
ScanSystems, Display Processor, Co-ordinate Representations, Screen Coordinates Input	

Devices. (07)	
Output primitives	
Scan conversion, Frame buffer, Point and Lines, Line Drawing Algorithms: DDA Algorithm, Bresenham's Line Algorithm, Circle Generating Algorithm: Midpoint circle algorithm, Pixel Addressing and Object Geometry, Scan-Line Polygon Fill Algorithm, Inside-Outside Tests, Boundary-Fill Algorithm, Flood-Fill Algorithm, Antialiasing and Halftoning, Character Generation. (07)	2
Two Dimensional Geometric Transformations and Viewing	3
Basic Transformations: Translation, Rotation, Scaling, Reflection and Shear, Inverse transform, Composite Transformation Matrix, Viewing Pipeline, Window to Viewport Coordinate Transformation, Clipping Operations: Line, Polygon, Segments: creation and storage.  (08)	
SECTION-B	
SECTION B	
Three Dimensional Concepts, Transformations and Viewing	4,5
Three Dimensional Display Methods, Three Dimensional Transformations;	
ThreeDimensional Viewing Pipeline; Viewing Coordinates; Specifying the View Plane,	
Projections: Parallel Projections, Perspective Projections. (09)	
Splines and Curves	6
Curved Lines and Surfaces, Spline Representations, Cubic Splines, Bezier Curves and theirproperties, B-Spline Curves. (07)	
Visible Surface Detection Methods	6
Classification of Visible Surface Detection Methods, Back Face Detection, Depth Buffer, A-Buffer, Scan Line and Depth-Sorting Methods, Wireframe Methods. (07)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PEIT 601b.CO1	2	1	2	1	2	-	1	-	1	ı	-	2	3	2
PEIT 601b.CO2	2	1	3	1	2	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	2	3
PEIT 601b.CO3	2	1	3	2	1	-	2	-	1	1	-	1	2	3
PEIT 601b.CO4	3	2	3	2	1	-	2	-	1	1	-	2	2	3
PEIT 601b.CO5	2	2	2	2	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	2	3
PEIT 601b.CO6	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	3

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Computer Graphics C Version	Donald Hearn, M.P. Baker	Pearson Education
2	Principle of interactive Computer Graphics, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition	Newman and Sproul	McGraw Hill
3	Graphics, A programming Approach, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition	Steven Harrington	Tata McGraw Hill
4	Mathematical Elemants of Computer Graphics, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition	Rogar and Adams	McGraw Hill
5	Introduction to Computer Graphics, 1 <sup>st</sup> Edition	N.Krishnamurthy	Tata McGraw Hill

as to devise effective defence stratigies, this course covers awareness of various attack artifacts and malwares. Open source attack tools are analysed and case studies are prepared to know the attack trends and their impacts.    After completion of the course, students will be able to:   I. To define cyber attack terminology and present various reports and trends.   II. To illustrate modus-operandi of well known attacks and analyze their impacts.   III. To introduce ethical hacking and demonstrate assessment and testing practices.   IV. To perform experimental analysis of various attack artifacts.   V. To install various malwares, keyloggers and spying tools in experimental test bed environment and perform their analysis using penetration testing.	Course Code	PEIT 601c
Credits  Credits  O3  Total Lectures  45  Course Assessment Methods:  End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)  Continuous Assessment (Sessional)  Course Prerequisites  Course Objectives  The objective of the course is to understand terminology and mechanisms of launching attacks so as to devise effective defence stratigies, this course covers awareness of various attack artifacts and malwares. Open source attack tools are analysed and case studies are prepared to know the attack trends and their impacts.  Course Outcomes  After completion of the course, students will be able to:  I. To define cyber attack terminology and present various reports and trends.  III. To illustrate modus-operandi of well known attacks and analyze their impacts.  III. To introduce ethical hacking and demonstrate assessment and testing practices.  IV. To perform experimental analysis of various attack artifacts.  V. To install various malwares, keyloggers and spying tools in experimental test bed environment and perform their analysis using penetration testing.	Course Title	Cyber Attacks
Credits	Type of Course	PE-II
Total Lectures  Course Assessment Methods: End Semester Assessment (University Exam.) Continuous Assessment (Sessional)  Course Prerequisites  Course Objectives  The objective of the course is to understand terminology and mechanisms of launching attacks so as to devise effective defence stratigies, this course covers awareness of various attack artifacts and malwares. Open source attack tools are analysed and case studies are prepared to know the attack trends and their impacts.  Course Outcomes  After completion of the course, students will be able to: I. To define cyber attack terminology and present various reports and trends. II. To illustrate modus-operandi of well known attacks and analyze their impacts.  III. To introduce ethical hacking and demonstrate assessment and testing practices.  IV. To perform experimental analysis of various attack artifacts. V. To install various malwares, keyloggers and spying tools in experimental test bed environment and perform their analysis using penetration testing.	LT P	300
Course Assessment (University Exam.) Continuous Assessment (Sessional)  Course Prerequisites  Course Objectives  The objective of the course is to understand terminology and mechanisms of launching attacks so as to devise effective defence stratigies, this course covers awareness of various attack artifacts and malwares. Open source attack tools are analysed and case studies are prepared to know the attack trends and their impacts.  Course Outcomes  After completion of the course, students will be able to:  I. To define cyber attack terminology and present various reports and trends.  II. To illustrate modus-operandi of well known attacks and analyze their impacts.  III. To introduce ethical hacking and demonstrate assessment and testing practices.  IV. To perform experimental analysis of various attack artifacts.  V. To install various malwares, keyloggers and spying tools in experimental test bed environment and perform their analysis using penetration testing.	Credits	03
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)  Course Prerequisites  Course Objectives  Course Objectives  The objective of the course is to understand terminology and mechanisms of launching attacks so as to devise effective defence stratigies, this course covers awareness of various attack artifacts and malwares. Open source attack tools are analysed and case studies are prepared to know the attack trends and their impacts.  Course Outcomes  After completion of the course, students will be able to:  I. To define cyber attack terminology and present various reports and trends.  II. To illustrate modus-operandi of well known attacks and analyze their impacts.  III. To introduce ethical hacking and demonstrate assessment and testing practices.  IV. To perform experimental analysis of various attack artifacts.  V. To install various malwares, keyloggers and spying tools in experimental test bed environment and perform their analysis using penetration testing.	<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
Course Prerequisites  Course Objectives  The objective of the course is to understand terminology and mechanisms of launching attacks of as to devise effective defence stratigies, this course covers awareness of various attack artifacts and malwares. Open source attack tools are analysed and case studies are prepared to know the attack trends and their impacts.  Course Outcomes  After completion of the course, students will be able to:  I. To define cyber attack terminology and present various reports and trends.  II. To illustrate modus-operandi of well known attacks and analyze their impacts.  III. To introduce ethical hacking and demonstrate assessment and testing practices.  IV. To perform experimental analysis of various attack artifacts.  V. To install various malwares, keyloggers and spying tools in experimental test bed environment and perform their analysis using penetration testing.	Course Assessment Methods:	
Course Objectives  The objective of the course is to understand terminology and mechanisms of launching attacks of as to devise effective defence stratigies, this course covers awareness of various attack artifacts and malwares. Open source attack tools are analysed and case studies are prepared to know the attack trends and their impacts.  Course Outcomes  After completion of the course, students will be able to:  I. To define cyber attack terminology and present various reports and trends.  II. To illustrate modus-operandi of well known attacks and analyze their impacts.  III. To introduce ethical hacking and demonstrate assessment and testing practices.  IV. To perform experimental analysis of various attack artifacts.  V. To install various malwares, keyloggers and spying tools in experimental test bed environment and perform their analysis using penetration testing.	End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
The objective of the course is to understand terminology and mechanisms of launching attacks so as to devise effective defence stratigies, this course covers awareness of various attack artifacts and malwares. Open source attack tools are analysed and case studies are prepared to know the attack trends and their impacts.  Course Outcomes  After completion of the course, students will be able to:  I. To define cyber attack terminology and present various reports and trends.  II. To illustrate modus-operandi of well known attacks and analyze their impacts.  III. To introduce ethical hacking and demonstrate assessment and testing practices.  IV. To perform experimental analysis of various attack artifacts.  V. To install various malwares, keyloggers and spying tools in experimental test bed environment and perform their analysis using penetration testing.	Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
terminology and mechanisms of launching attacks so as to devise effective defence stratigies, this course covers awareness of various attack artifacts and malwares. Open source attack tools are analysed and case studies are prepared to know the attack trends and their impacts.  Course Outcomes  After completion of the course, students will be able to:  I. To define cyber attack terminology and present various reports and trends.  II. To illustrate modus-operandi of well known attacks and analyze their impacts.  III. To introduce ethical hacking and demonstrate assessment and testing practices.  IV. To perform experimental analysis of various attack artifacts.  V. To install various malwares, keyloggers and spying tools in experimental test bed environment and perform their analysis using penetration testing.	Course Prerequisites	Computer Networks.
TTT TD C 1 C 1 1 1		terminology and mechanisms of launching attacks so as to devise effective defence stratigies, this course covers awareness of various attack artifacts and malwares. Open source attack tools are analysed and case studies are prepared to know the attack trends and their impacts.  After completion of the course, students will be able to:  I. To define cyber attack terminology and present various reports and trends.  II. To illustrate modus-operandi of well known attacks and analyze their impacts.  III. To introduce ethical hacking and demonstrate assessment and testing practices.  IV. To perform experimental analysis of various attack artifacts.  V. To install various malwares, keyloggers and spying tools in experimental test bed environment and perform their analysis using
VI. To perform case study of various attack tools.		VI. To perform case study of various attack tools.

**SYLLABUS** 

SECTION-A	CO(s)
Introduction: Cyber Threat, Definition of Cyber Crime, Classification, Current Threats and Trends,	1
Diversity of Cyber Crime, Cyber Hate Crimes, Cyber Terrorism. (6)	
Types of Cyber Attacks: Denial-of-service (DoS) and distributed denial-of-service (DDoS)	2

attacks, Man-in-the-middle (MitM) attack, Phishing and spear phishing attacks, Drive-by attack,	
Password attack, SQL injection attack, Cross-site scripting (XSS) attack, Zero-day exploit,	
Eavesdropping attack, Malware attack, DNS Tunneling. (8)	
Ethical Hacking: Ethical Hacking Concepts and Scopes, Threats and Attack Vectors, Information	3
Assurance, Threat Modelling, Enterprise Information Security Architecture, Vulnerability	
Assessment and Penetration Testing. (5)	
SECTION-B	
Attack Artifacts: Virus, Worm, Trojan Horse, Rootkits, Botnet, Social Engineering: Types of Social	4
Engineering, Social Engineering Targets and Defence Strategies., Logic Bomb, Time Bomb. (5)	
Cyber Issues:Window Password Hacking and Cracking, Steganography, Hiding Secret Message,	1,2,3
Anonymous Call, Message and Email Header Analysis, Access Darknet or Darkweb Using TOR:	
Anonymous Browsing - Access Darknet or Darkweb Using TOR : Anonymous Browsing. (6)	
Malware and Keylogger Analysis: Malware Analysis and Investigation – Introduction to Malware –	
Static Malware Analysis - Mobile Phone Hacking & Penetration Testing - Introduction of Keylogger: Art	5
of Spying. (6)	
Tools and case study: Various open source attack tools may be explored, exposure of various	6
government sites to have information of latest trends in attacks, each student may be required to prepare a	
report on various attack incidents . (4)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PEIT601C.CO1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	3	1	1
PEIT601C.CO2	-	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-	1	1
PEIT601C.CO3	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	1	1
PEIT601C.CO4	-	3	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
PEIT601C.CO5	-	-	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
PEIT601C.CO6	-	2	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	3

S.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
No.			
1	Cybersecurity – Attack and. Defense	Erdal Ozkaya, Yuri Diogenes.	Packt
	Strategies		Publishing2018
2	Cyber Attacks	Protecting National	
		Infrastructure by Edward	
		Amoroso. 2010, Elsevier	
3	Cyber Security: Analytics,	Martti Lehto, Pekka	International
	Technology and Automation edited.	Neittaanmäki.	Publishing
			Switzerland
			2015
4	Online Course:	•	
	1. Cyber Threats and Attack Vectors b	by Greg Williams, Coursera	
	2. Introduction to Cyber Security Too	ls & Cyber Attacks by IBM, Cour	rsera

# **COURSE INFORMATION SHEET**

Course Title	Software Engineering (Theory)
Type of Course	PE -II
LT P	300
Credits	03
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Introduction to Information Technology
Course Objectives	This course aims to give students a theoretical foundation in software engineering. Students will learn about the principles and methods of software engineering, including current and emerging software engineering practices and support tools.
Course Outcomes	<ul> <li>After completion of this course, the students will be able to: <ol> <li>Understand basic ideas about software engineering.</li> <li>Compare various software development models.</li> <li>Analyze the importance of scheduling and estimation for project management.</li> <li>Understand the concept of software designing.</li> <li>Differentiate between different testing techniques.</li> <li>To gain the knowledge about the metrics measurements and CASE tools.</li> </ol> </li></ul>

#### **SYLLABUS**

one design balance	
SECTION-A	CO(s)
Introduction	1,2
Introduction to Software Engineering, System Engineering Vs Software Engineering,	
Software Evolution, Software Characteristics, Cost of Software Production, Software	
Components, Crisis – Problem and Causes, Challenges in Software Engineering. (05)	
Software Process Model	2
SDLC, Waterfall Model, Incremental Model, Prototyping Model, Evolutionary Model,	
Spiral Model, Rapid Application Development Model, Formal Methods, Open Source	
Development, Object Oriented Life Cycle Model, Methods. (06)	
Project Management Concepts	3
Management Activities, Project Planning, Project Scheduling, Size Estimation – LOC,	
FP; Cost Estimation Models –COCOMO, COCOMO-II. (06)	

Software Requirements Analysis and Specification Concepts	2,3
Requirement Engineering, Requirement Elicitation Techniques, Requirements	
Documentation, Characteristics and Organization of SRS, Analysis Principles, Analysis	
Modeling – Data Modeling, Functional Modeling and Behavioral Modeling; Structured	
vs. Object Oriented Analysis. (05)	
•	
SECTION-B	
Software Design and Coding Concepts	5
Design Principles, Data Design, Architectural design, Interface Design, Component	
Level Design, Object Oriented Design Concepts, Cohesion and Coupling and their	
classification, top-down, bottom-up and middle-out design, Coding, Coding Standards,	
Coding Conventions, Programming Style. (06)	
Testing	5
Verification and Validation, Testing Process, Design of Test Cases, Software Testing	
Strategies, Unit Testing, Integration Testing, Top Down and Bottom Up Integration	
Testing, Alpha & Beta Testing, System Testing and Debugging. (05)	
Technical Metrics for Software	4,5
Software Measurements: What and Why, A Framework for Technical Software	
Metrics, Metrics for the Analysis Model, Metrics for Design Model, Metrics for Source	
Code, Metrics for Testing, Metrics for Software Quality, Metrics for Maintenance. (06)	
CASE (Computer Aided Software Engineering) and Introduction to UML	6
CASE and its Scope, Building blocks of CASE, CASE Tools, CASE Environment,	
UML Concepts, Use Case Diagrams, Sequence Diagrams, Collaboration Diagrams,	
Class Diagrams, State Transition Diagrams, Component and Deployment Diagrams.	
(06)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PEIT 601d CO1	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	ı	1	-	ı	-
PEIT 601d.CO2	-	2	-	2	ı	-	ı	ı	-	-	ı	-	1	-
PEIT 601d.CO3	-	-	-	-	ı	-	1	ı	-	ı	3	-	1	-
PEIT 601d.CO4	-	-	1	-	ı	-	1	ı	-	ı	1	-	ı	-
PEIT 601d.CO5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
PEIT 601d.CO6	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	_	-	1

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Software Engineering, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition	Ian Somerville	Pearson
			Education
2	S/W Engineering-A Practitioner's	Roger S. Pressman	McGRAW-
	Approach, 6 <sup>th</sup> Edition		HILL
3	Software Engineering: Theory and	S.L. Pfleeger, J.M. Atlee	Pearson
	Practice, Second Edition		Education
4	Software Engineering for Students,	Douglas Bell	Pearson
	Fourth Edition		Education
5	Software Engineering	Pankaj Jalote	Narosa
			Publisher
6	Software Engineering, Second Edition	K.K. Aggarwal, Yogesh	New Age
	_	Singh	International

#### **Professional Elective-III**

#### **COURSE INFORMATION SHEET**

Course Code	PEIT 602a						
Course Title	Principles of Telecommunication and						
	<b>Information Theory (Theory)</b>						
Type of Course	PE-III						
LTP	300						
Credits	03						
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45						
Course Assessment Methods:							
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50						
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50						
Course Prerequisites	Basics of information theory and						
	Communication.						
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>I. To understand the terminology, fundamental concepts, issues and design approaches of various communication systems.</li> <li>II. To understand and apply the concepts of Information Theory .</li> </ul>						
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Remember the basics of various communication systems.  II. Understand the concepts of Wireless communication system.  III. Apply the knowledge of random signals and random variables to Information theory.  IV. Examine and analyse the density and distribution functions employed for continuous and discrete signals.  V. Synthesis and estimate telecommunication systems by employing entropy, information rate, channel information, noise and coding techniques.  VI. Evaluate and estimate the communication system for various parameters.						

#### **SYLLABUS**

Note: The examiner shall set seven questions of equal marks. First question is compulsory and shall cover the whole syllabus by including questions of conceptual nature. Rest of the syllabus will be divided into A and B Sections having three questions each. Candidate is required to attempt at least two questions from each section.

	CO(s)
SECTION-A	
Introduction to Wireless Communication	1
Evolution of communication systems 1G, 2G, 2.5G, 3G, 4G. GSM and CDMA Wireless	
Cellular Systems. (10)	

Wireless Technologies	2
Bluetooth, WiFi networks and WLAN IEEE 802.11 standards, ZigBee Radios and IEEE	
802.15.4, RFID systems and EPC Global UHF Class 1 Generation 2, WiMax, LTE,	
LTE-A. (12)	
SECTION-B	
Random Signals and Random Process:	3,4
Probability, Properties of probability, Conditional probability, Probability of	
Statistically Independent Events.	
Random Variables, Discrete random variables, Continuous random variable.	
Probability distribution of Discrete random variable, Cumulative distribution function	
(CDF) - Its properties, Probability density function (PDF), Joint cumulative distribution	
function, Joint probability density function, Marginal densities, Continuous probability	
density function, Statistical averages of random variables, Mean value of discrete	
random variable, Mean value of continuous random variable, Moments and variance,	
Uniform distribution, Gaussian function- its properties, Rayleigh distribution, random	
process, Ensemble and time averages, Time averages, Stationary and non-stationary	
random process, Wide sense stationary process, Ergodic process, Sum of random	
process, Correlation function, Autocorrelation function, cross-correlation function,	
Spectral densities. (12)	
Information Theory:	5,6
What is Information? Information sources. Information Content of a Discrete	
memoryless Source (DMS), Information content of a symbol.	
Entropy, Information rate, Discrete memoryless channels, Types of channels,	
Conditional and Joint entropy, Mutual Information, Channel capacity, Entropy relation	
T, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,	l

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PEIT602a.CO1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
PEIT602a.CO2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
PEIT602a.CO3	2	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	1
PEIT602a.CO4	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
PEIT602a.CO5	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	3
PEIT602a CO6	_	_	_	3	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3

of continuous channel, Capacity of Additive White Gaussian Noise (AWGN), Shannon-Hartley law, Transmission of Continuous signals, Uncertainty in transmission process, Exchange of bandwidth for Signal-to Noise Ratio. Source coding, classification

#### RECOMMENDED BOOKS

of codes.Entropy Coding, Huffman Encodin.

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER				
	Wireless Communications: Principles	Theodore S. Rappaport	Prentice Hall				
1	and Practice, Latest Edition	± ± ±					
	Modern Digital and Analog	B.P. Lathi	Oxford				
2	Communication Systems		University Press				
	Communication Systems	Simon Haykin, Michael	Wiley				
3		Moher					

#### **COURSE INFORMATION SHEET**

**(11)** 

Course Code	PEIT 602b
Course Title	Multimedia System (Theory)
Type of Course	PE-III
LT P	300
Credits	03
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
	Introduction to Information Technology, Computer
Course Prerequisites	Networks.
Course Objectives	The objective of the course is to learn the technical
	details of common multimedia data formats,
	protocols, and compression techniques of digital
	images, video and audio content. It enables to learn
	about the significance of quality of service in
	multimedia networking.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be
	able to:
	I. Learn the basics of multimedia systems such as
	design issues, storage requirements and
	interchange standards.
	II. Understand and compare various file formats for
	audio and video.
	III. Analyze and evaluate the standard compression
	techniques for multimedia data.
	IV. Learn and apply various networking protocols
	for multimedia communication and distributed
	multimedia systems.
	V. Apply different coding technique for solving real
	world problem
	VI. Design interactive multimedia software and
	evaluate multimedia application for its optimum
	performance.
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#### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	CO(s)
<b>Introduction:</b> Multimedia and its types, Introduction to Hypermedia, Hypertext, Multimedia Systems: Characteristics, Challenges, Desirable Features, Components and Applications, Trends in Multimedia. (4)	1
Multimedia Technology: Multimedia Authoring Paradigms, Design Issues in Multimedia Applications, Standardsfor Document	

Architecture: SGML (Standard Generalized Markup Language), ODA (Open Document Architecture); Multimedia Standards for Document Interchange: MHEG (Multimedia Hypermedia Expert Group). (6)	1
Storage Media: Magnetic and Optical Media, RAID and its levels, Compact Disc and its standards,	1
DVD and its standards, Multimedia Servers. (4)	
Audio: Basics of Digital Audio, Sample Rates, Bit Size, Nyquist's Sampling Theorem; Audio	2
File Formats; Introduction to MIDI (Musical Instrument Digital Interface): Components of a	
MIDI System, Hardware Aspects of MIDI, MIDI Messages. (5)	
SECTION-B	
Images, Graphics and Videos: Types of Color Models, Graphic/Image Data Structures,	2
Graphic/Image File Formats, Types of Color Video Signals, TV Standards (5)	
Image Compression: Types of Redundancies, Classifying Compression Algorithms, Basics of	3,5
Information Theory, Entropy Encoding: Run-length Encoding, Pattern Substitution, Huffman	
Coding, Huffman Coding of Images, Adaptive Huffman Coding, Arithmetic Coding, Lempel-	
Ziv-Welch (LZW) Algorithm, Source Coding Techniques: Transform Coding, Frequency	
Domain Methods, Differential Encoding, Hybrid Coding: Vector Quantization, JPEG	
Compression. (9)	
Audio Compression: Simple Audio Compression Methods, Psychoacoustics Model, MPEG	
Audio Compression. (4)	3,5
Video Compression:Intra Frame Coding (I-frame), Inter-frame (P-frame) Coding, H.261	3,5
Compression, MPEG Compression, MPEG Video, MPEG Video Bitstream, Decoding MPEG	,
Video in Software. (4)	
Multimedia Communication:	4,6
Building Communication Network, Application Subsystem, Transport Subsystem, QOS, Resource	<i>)</i> -
Management, Distributed Multimedia Systems. (4)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PEIT 602b.CO1	2	2	3	1	2	-	1	-	ı	ı	-	_	2	2
PEIT 602b.CO2	2	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-
PEIT 602b.CO3	2	2	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	ı	-	-	3	1
PEIT 602b.CO4	2	1	3	1	2	-	2	ı	ı	ı	-	2	2	3
PEIT 602b.CO5	2	2	3	2	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	2	3
PEIT 602b.CO6	1	2	2	2	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	2	3

S.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
No.			
1	Multimedia Computing,	Ralf Steinmetz and	Pearson Education
	Communications and Applications	KlaraNahrstedt	Pearson Education
2	Multimedia System Design	Prabhat K. Andleigh,	PHI
	Multimedia System Design	KiranThakkar	FIII
3	Multimedia Computing	Li, Drew	Pearson Education
4	Multimedia Communications	Fred Halsall	Pearson Education
5	Multimedia Systems	ParagHavaldar, Gerard	Cengage Learning
	Withinedia Systems	Medioni	Publication

Course Code	PEIT 602c
Course Title	Cyber Forensics
Type of Course	PE-III
LTP	3-0-0
Credits	03
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Computer Architecture and organization, Network Security & cryptography, Information Security.
Course Objectives	The objective of the course is to enable the student to identify, analyze and remediate computer security breaches; and to teach students about the various forms of cybercrimes and fundamentals of cyber forensic technologies.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Understand the fundamentals of Cybercrimes and analyze its impact on the society.  II. Learn the techniques for investigating Cyber-crimes and procedures for collecting & preserving evidences.  III. Examine the evidence collected and apply it for the reconstruction of past events.  IV. Understand the legal and ethical aspects of Cyber-crimes.  V. Design and develop a security architecture
CVII	for an organization. VI. Design operational and strategic cyber security strategies and policies.

**SYLLABUS** 

SECTION-A					
UNIT – 1					
Overview of Cyber Crime: Nature and Scope of Cyber Crime, Types of Cyber Crime,					
Introduction to Cyber forensics: Information Security Investigations, Corporate Cyber					
Forensics, Scientific method in forensic analysis ,investigating large scale Data breach					
cases. Analyzing Malicious software. Computer Forensics Technologies: Types of					

UNIT-6 Laws and Ethics, Digital Evidence Controls, Evidence Handling Procedures, Basics of Indian Evidence ACT IPC and CrPC, Electronic Communication Privacy ACT, Legal Policies.  (6)	4,6
Identification of Data: Timekeeping, Forensic Identification and Analysis of Technical Surveillance Devices, Reconstructing Past Events: How to Become a Digital Detective, Useable File Formats, Unusable File Formats, Converting Files, Investigating Network Intrusions and Cyber Crime, Network Forensics and Investigating logs, Investigating network Traffic, Investigating Web attacks, Router Forensics. Cyber forensics tools and case studies.  (8)	2,3,5
UNIT-4 Ethical Hacking: Essential Terminology, Windows Hacking, Malware, Scanning, Cracking. Digital Evidence in Criminal Investigations: The Analog and Digital World, Training and Education in digital evidence, Evidence Collection and Data Seizure: Why Collect Evidence, Collection Options Obstacles, Types of Evidence, The Rules of Evidence, Volatile Evidence, General Procedure, Collection and Archiving, Methods of Collection, Artifacts, Collection Steps, Controlling Contamination: The Chain of Custody, Reconstructing the Attack, The digital crime scene, Investigating Cybercrime, Duties Support Functions and Competencies.  (8)	2,3,5
Introduction to Cyber Crime Investigation, Investigation Tools, eDiscovery, Digital Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation, E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E-Mail Recovery, Hands on Case Studies, Encryption and Decryption Methods, Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking. (8)  SECTION-B	
UNIT-2 Types of Computer Forensics Systems: Internet Security Systems, Intrusion Detection Systems, Firewall Security Systems, Storage Area Network Security Systems, Network Disaster Recovery Systems, Public Key Infrastructure Systems, Wireless Network Security Systems, Satellite Encryption Security Systems, Instant Messaging (IM) Security Systems, Net Privacy Systems, Identity Management Security Systems, Identity Theft, Biometric Security Systems.  (7) UNIT-3	1,2
Military Computer Forensic Technology, Types of Law Enforcement Computer Forensic Technology, Types of Business Computer Forensic Technology, Specialized Forensics Techniques, Hidden Data and How to Find It, Spyware and Adware, Encryption Methods and Vulnerabilities, Protecting Data from Being Compromised Internet Tracing Methods, Security and Wireless Technologies, Avoiding Pitfalls with Firewalls Biometric Security Systems.	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
СО														
PEIT 602c.CO1	2	3	1	2	-	1	2	-	-	1	1	1	2	1
PEIT 602c.CO2	2	3	1	1	2	2	1	ı	ı	1	1	2	3	2
PEIT 602c.CO3	2	2	3	2	1	2	1	ı	ı	1	1	2	3	2
PEIT 602c.CO4	1	-	2	1	2	2	1	3	ı	1	1	1	2	1
PEIT 602c.CO5	2	2	3	2	1	2	1	3	ı	1	1	1	3	3
PEIT 602c.CO6	1	2	3	2	-	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	3	2

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1.	Computer Forensics: Computer Crime Scene Investigation.	John R VACCA	Firewall Media , 2009 edition Reprint 2012.
2.	Guide To Computer Forensics And Investigations	Bill Nelson, Amelia Phillips,Christopher Stuart	Cengage Learning publications, latest edition.
3.	Cybercrime	Bernadette H Schell, Clemens Martin	ABC-CLIOInc, California,
4.	Understanding Cryptography: A Textbook for Students and Practitioners, Latest Edition, Springer's.	Christof Paar, Jan Pelzl	Latest Edition, Springer's
5.	Live Hacking: The Ultimate Guide to Hacking Techniques & Countermeasures for Ethical Hackers & IT Security Experts.	Ali Jahangiri	
6.	Computer Forensics: Investigating Network Intrusions and Cyber Crime (Ec- Council Press Series: Computer Forensics		
7.	Matt Pepe, —Incident Response and Computer Forensics	Kevin Mandia, Chris Prosise,	Tata McGraw -Hill, New Delhi
8.	Software Forensics	Robert M Slade	Tata McGraw - Hill, New Delhi.

Course Code	PEIT 602d				
Course Title	Software Project Management				
Type of Course	PE-III				
LT P	300				
Credits	03				
Total Lectures	45				
Course Assessment Methods: End Semester Assessment (University Exam.) Continuous Assessment (Sessional) Course Prerequisites	50 50				
Course Objectives	<ul><li>I. To study the Introduction of project management and its basic concepts and techniques.</li><li>II. To understand how to calculate risk, manage people, and to do resource allocation.</li></ul>				
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Understand the process of software project management and its application in delivering successful IT projects.  II. Evaluate a project to develop the scope of work, provide accurate cost estimates and to plan the various activities using automated tools.  III. Conduct project planning activities that accurately forecast project costs.  IV. Identify and implement the resources management techniques required for a project to understand how different management and development practices affect software and process quality.  V. Apply risk management analysis techniques to identify risks in project and effect of risk on project timescales.  VI. Explore the skills required for managing, projects, project teams, and stakeholders.				

**SYLLABUS** 

Note: The examiner shall set seven questions of 10 marks each. First question has to be compulsory, having sections covering the whole syllabus. Three questions have to be set from Section A and three questions from Section B of the syllabus. Candidate is required to attempt at least two questions from each section. All the course outcomes must be covered by the question paper.

SECTION-A

CO(s)

Introduction to project management:	1
Introduction, Importance of software project management, Project and different types of	•
project, Problems with software projects, Environmental Appraisal with Projects,	
Requirement Specification, Management Control, Steps in project planning. (08)	
Programme management and project evaluation:	1,2,5
Programme Management, Managing resources within programme, Strategic programme	1,2,5
management, Aids to programme management, Evaluation / Assessment of projects, Cost-	
benefit Analysis, Cash flow forecasting, Cost-benefit evaluation techniques, Risk evaluation.	
(08)	
Project approach and Software effort estimation:	1,2
Selection of an appropriate project technology, Choice of process model, Data Structure,	
Delivery Model, Basis for software estimation, Problem with over and under estimates,	
Estimation Techniques, Expert judgment, Albrecht Function Point Analysis, Function points	
Mark II, COSMIC Function point, COCOMO Model. (10)	
SECTION-B	
Activity Planning:	3
Objective of Planning, Project Schedule, Activities - Sequencing and Scheduling,	
Development of Project Network, Time Estimation, Forward and backward Pass, Critical	
Path and Activities. (03)	
Risk Management:	5
Risk, Risk categories, identification, assessment, planning, management PERT and CPM	
Models, Monte Carlo Simulation. (03)	
Resource Allocation, Monitoring and Control:	4
Resources, Nature of Resources, Resource Requirement, Scheduling, Counting and Costing,	
Monitoring Framework, Cost Monitoring, Earned Value Analysis, Project targets, Change	
Control Management. (08)	
Managing people and organizing teams:	6
Management Spectrum, Associating human resource with job, Motivation, Oldham- job	
Characteristics Model, Decision Making, Leadership, Stress, Health and Safety. (05)	1

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PEIT602D.CO1	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	-3
PEIT602D.CO2	2	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-
PEIT602D.CO3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	2
PEIT602D.CO4	-	2	2	1	ı	-	ı	-	-	1	-	-	2	2
PEIT602D.CO5	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
PEIT602D.CO6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	2	1	-

S.	NAME	<b>AUTHOR(S)</b>	PUBLISHER
No.			
1	Software Project Management	Bob Hughes & Mike	Tata McGraw
		Cotterell	Hill
			Publication
2	Projects – Planning, Analysis, Selection,	Prasanna Chandra	6th, Tata
	Financing, Implementation and Review		McGraw Hill
			Publication
3	Project Management	JeffreyPinto	Pearson
			Publications

Course Code	HSMC601
Course Title	<b>Environment Sciences</b>
Type of Course	HSMC
LTP	0 0 0
Credits	Non-credit
Total lectures	-
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50

#### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	Hours
General	(4)
Introduction, components of the environment, environmental degradation.	
Ecology	(3)
Elements of ecology: Ecological balance and consequences of change, principles of environmental impact assessment.	. ,
Air pollution and control	(6)
Atmospheric composition, energy balance, climate, weather, dispersion, sources and	
effects of pollutants, primary and secondary pollutants, green house effect, depletion of	
ozone layer, standards and control measures.	
SECTION-B	
Water pollution and control	<b>(6)</b>
Hydrosphere, natural water, pollutants their origin and effects, river/lake/ground water pollution, standards and control.	
Land Pollution	(6)
Lithosphere, pollutants (municipal, industrial, commercial, agricultural, hazardous solid	
wastes): their origin and effects, collection and disposal of solid waste, recovery and	
conversion methods.	
Noise Pollution	(6)
Sources, effects, standards and control.	

RECO	RECOMMENDED BOOKS									
S.No.	NAME	PUBLISHER								
1.	Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science	C. M. Masters	Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 1991							
2.	Environmental Science	B. J. Nebel	Prentice Hall Inc., 1987							

Course Code	PWIT651
Course Title	Project-II
Type of Course	Core
LT P	0 0 2
Credits	01
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	00
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	
Course Prerequisites	Nil
Course Objectives	<ol> <li>Students learning skills to tackle realistic problems as they would be solved in the real world.</li> <li>To work as team to deliver project that matches the required specification.</li> </ol>
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Plan, Analyze, design and implement gathered skills and knowledge over the field of research and to solve real life problem.  II. Apply software development lifecycle to plan & manage the projects.  III. Demonstrate the ability to communicate effectively in orally and in writing.  IV. Learn to work in team and focus on getting work done on time.

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PWIT 651	3	3	2	3	3	1	-	2	2	-	-	3	3	3
.CO1														
PWIT 651	1	2	2	2	3	-	1	2	2	-	-	-	3	3
.CO2														
PWIT 651	-	2	-	-	3	-	-	3	2	3	1	-	-	-
.CO3														
PWIT 651	-	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	3	2	3	-	1	1
.CO4														

# SYLLABUS FOR B.E. (I.T.) SEVENTH SEMESTER COURSE INFORMATION SHEET

Course Code	PCIT 701
Course Title	Digital Signal Processing (Theory)
Type of Course	PC
LTP	313
Credits	04
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Basic Information Theory and communication.
Course Objectives (CO)  Course Outcome	<ul> <li>I. To understand how to analyze and manipulate digital signals and have the fundamental MATLAB programming knowledge to do so.</li> <li>II. To provide the student with the necessary background for taking advanced level courses in signal and image processing.</li> </ul>
	After the completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Understand the concept of Digital Signal Processing, its advantages and applications II. Differentiate between types of Discrete signals/systems.  III. Calculate Discrete Time Fourier Transform, Discrete Fourier Transform and Z-Transform of Discrete Signals, IV. Develop Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) algorithms for faster realization of signals and systems.  V. Learn and Design the structures of digital filters.  VI. Appreciate the architecture and features of Digital Signal Processors.

#### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	CO(s)
Introduction to Digital Signal Processing	
Applications and advantages of DSP. Sampling theorem, concept of frequency in discrete	1
time signals. (4)	
Discrete Time Signals and Systems	2
Classification of signals, standard signals and classification of discrete time systems.	
Linear Time Invariant systems and their representation by difference equations and	
structures. (8)	

Z- Transform	3
Definition of direct, inverse z-transform and its properties. System functions of a LTI	
system. Inverse z-transform by power series expansion and sectionial fraction expansion.	
(4)	
Frequency Analysis	3,4
Fourier series and transform of discrete time signals and properties (DTFT). Discrete	
Fourier Transform and its properties. Fast Fourier Transform algorithms, decimation in	
time and decimation in frequency algorithms (radix 2). (8)	
SECTION-B	
Realization of FIR & IIR Systems:	5
Direct forms, cascade and parallel form IIR structures. Direct form, cascade and linear	
phase FIR structures. (4)	
Design of Digital Filters:	5
Comparison of Analog and Digital filters, Comparison of IIR and FIR filters.FIR Filters	
and linear phase requirement. FIR filters design using the window technique. IIR Filters	
and their design using the impulse invariance technique and bilinear transformation. Finite	
word length effects. (12)	
DSP Processors	6
Introduction to DSP Processors, architecture of TMS 320CXX and ADSP 21XX. (5)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
СО														
PCIT 701.CO1	2						2							2
PCIT 701.CO2	2	1			2									1
PCIT 701.CO3	2	1			2								2	
PCIT 701.CO4	2	1	1		3								2	
PCIT 701.CO5	2	2	1		2								2	2
PCIT 701.CO6	2	1	1				1							3

S.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
No.			
1.	Digital Signal Processing: Principles,	Proakis&Manolakis	Pearson
	Algorithms and Applications, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition		
2.	Digital Signal Processing	E C Ifeacher and B W	Prentice Hall
		Jervis	
3.	Digital Signal Processing, 1 <sup>st</sup> Edition	S Salivaharan, A Vallavraj,	TMH
		C Granapriya	
4.	Digital Signal Processing	Sanjay Sharma	S.K. Kataria&
			Sons

Course Code	PCIT 751
Course Title	Digital Signal Processing (Practical)
Type of Course	PC
Credits	1.5
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University	00
Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	
Course Prerequisites	Basic Information Theory and communication.
Course Objectives	To develop skills for analyzing and synthesizing
	systems that process discrete time signals, digital
	filters with emphasis on realization and simulation.

#### **SYLLABUS**

Practical based on theory.

Course Code	PCIT 702
Course Title	Compiler Design (Theory)
Type of Course	PC
LT P	310
Credits	04
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Computer Architecture and Organization, Theory
Common Objections	of Computation
Course Objectives	To provide the in-depth knowledge of different
Course Outcomes	concepts involved while designing a compiler.
Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course, the students
	will be able to:
	I. Understand the major phases of a typical
	compiler, including front-end and back-end.
	II. Identify the basic data structures used in
	compiler construction such as symbol tables,
	syntax trees, three- address code, and stack.
	III. Develop scanner, parser, and semantic
	analyzer without automated tools.
	IV. Analyze the program and minimize the code
	by using optimization techniques.
	V. Explain the role of different types of runtime
	environments and memory organization for implementation of typical programming
	languages.
	VI. Design a compiler for a simple programming
	language.
CN7X N	A DITC

**SYLLABUS** 

SECTION-A	CO(s)
Introduction	
Compilers and Translators; The phases of the compiler – Lexical Analysis, Syntax	1,2
Analysis, Intermediate Code Generation, Optimization, Code generation, Bookkeeping,	
Error handling. (5)	
Lexical Analysis	
The role of the lexical analyzer, Tokens, Patterns, Lexemes, Input buffering,	
Specifications of a token, Recognition of a tokens, Finite automata: Regular expressions,	1,3,6
NFA, DFA.Design of a lexical analyzer generator. (5)	
Syntax Analysis	1,2,3,6
The role of a parser, Context free grammars, Writing a grammar, Top down Parsing:	
Recursive decent parser, Predictive parser, Bottom up Parsing: Handles, Viable prefixes,	

Operator precedence parsing, LR parsers: SLR, LALR, CLR. Parser generator (YACC). Error Recovery techniques for different parsers. (12)	
SECTION-B	
Syntax directed translation	1,2,3,6
Syntax directed definitions, Synthesized and inherited attributes, Construction of syntax	
trees. (4)	
Run time environments	2,5,6
Source language issues (Activation trees, Control stack, scope of declaration, Binding of	
names), Storage organization (Subdivision of run-time memory, Activation records),	
Storage allocation strategies, Symbol tables: storage, data structures used. (6)	
Intermediate code generation	1,2,6
Intermediate languages, Graphical representation, Three-address code, Implementation of	
three address statements (Quadruples, Triples, Indirect triples). (3)	
Code optimization and code generation	1,4,6
Introduction, Basic blocks & flow graphs, DAG, principle sources of optimization: loop	
optimization, eliminating induction variable, eliminating common sub-expression, loop	
unrolling, loop jamming etc., Issues in the design of code generator, a simple code	
generator, Register allocation & assignment, Peephole optimization. (10)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PCIT702.CO1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
PCIT702.CO2	1	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2
PCIT702.CO3	2	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	3
PCIT702.CO4	2	-	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	2
PCIT702.CO5	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3
PCIT702.CO6	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	3

S.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
No.			
1.	Compilers: Principles, Techniques and	Aho, Sethi and Ullman	Pearson
	Tools		Education
2.	Principles of Compiler Design	Aho, Ullman	Narosa
			Publication
3.	Compiler Construction- Principles and	Dhamdhere	Macmillan,
	Practice		India
4.	Compiler Design in C	Holub	PHI

# **Professional Elective-IV**

Course Code	PEIT 701a
Course Title	Software Defined Networks
Type of Course	PE-IV
LTP	300
Credits	03
Total Lectures	45
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Computer networks or related courses., C, C++, Java, or Python programming skills,Basic Linux operating system skills.
Course Objectives	This course introduces software defined networking, an emerging paradigm in computer networking that allows a logically centralized software program to control the behavior of an entire network. Recently, SDN is being deployed in data center networks, campus networks, enterprise networks, operator networks, and is expected to play a very important role in Internet of Things (IoT) networks and 5G cellular networks. In this course, we will first introduce the concepts of SDN, its use cases and its applications to give the students an overall picture of this new technology.
Course Outcomes	<ul> <li>I. To define and understand terminology involved in the field of software defined networking (SDN).</li> <li>II. To describe software defined architecture and open flow protocol for communication between controller and switches.</li> <li>III. To provide an overview and comparison of various SDN controllers.</li> <li>IV. To design topologies using Mininet and various APIs.</li> <li>V. To develop various applications and protocols for SDN architecture.</li> <li>VI. To identify and analyse various security threats in SDN based networks.</li> </ul>

#### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	CO(s)

Overview of Software Defined Networking: History and Evaluation of SDN, Introduction to SDN, Advantages of SDN over Traditional Network Architecture, Separation of Control and Data Plane, Use Cases of SDN.  (6)	1
SDN Components  How SDN Works - SDN Architecture : Data plane, Control plane, Application Plane, Southbound Interface, Northbound Interface, Pure and Hybrid openflow switches, Software and Hardware based Openflow switches, Programmable Network Hardware.  (6)	2
SDN Controllers: Overview, Centralized & Distributed Controllers, Open source SDN Controllers: POX, Ryu, Floodlight, OpenDaylight, Advantages and Disadvantages of each controller. (5)	3
OpenFlow Protocol OpenFlow Overview- OpenFlow 1.0 and OpenFlow Basics-, OpenFlow 1.1 Additions, OpenFlow 1.2 Additions, OpenFlow 1.3 Additions, Flow table components: matching rules, Actions, Counters, OpenFlow security, Proactive and reactive approach to insert flow table entries, Comparison of Openflow with other Southbound interfaces, OpenFlow Limitations. (6)	2
SECTION-B  Mininet Emulation Tool Creating Default & Custom topologies in Mininet using low level API, mid-level API, high level API, Developing Switching and Firewall Applications in Mininet. (6)	4
Programming SDN: Northbound Application Programming Interface, Current Languages and Tools, Composition of SDNs. (5)	5
SDN Security Challenges and Issues Characteristics of SDN, Security Analysis and Potential attacks in SDN, Solutions to the security issues in SDN. (5)	6
Software Defined Networks with Network Function Virtualization (NFV) Introduction to Network Function Virtualization, History and Evaluation of NFV, NFV Architecture and its relation with SDN, Similarities and differences in SDN and NFV, NFV use cases.  (6)	1

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
СО														
PEIT701a.CO1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	1
PEIT701a.CO2	-	-	-	-	ı	-	ı	ı	-	-	-	3	1	1
PEIT701a.CO3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	1
PEIT701a.CO4	-	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3
PEIT701a.CO5	1	2	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
PEIT701a.CO6	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		2
													2	

S.No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	SDN: Software Defined Networks, An Authoritative Review of	Thomas D. Nadeau	GrayPublisher:O'ReillyMedia, August 2013, ISBN:
	Network Programmability Technologies.		97814493-4230-2, ISBN 10:1-4493-4230-2.
2	Software Defined Networks: A Comprehensive Approach	Paul Goransson and Chuck Black, Morgan Kaufmann, June 2014, Print Book ISBN: 9780124166752, eBook ISBN: 9780124166844	
	Suggested Books		
3	Software Defined Networking with OpenFlow.	SiamakAzodolmolky	Packt Publishing, 2013
4	Software Networks: Virtualization, SDN, 5G, Security.	Guy Pujolle, Wiley, 2015	
5	Foundations of Modern Networking: SDN, NFV, QoE, IoT, and Cloud	William Stallings Publisher: Addison-Wesley 2015 ISBN: 9780134175393	William Stallings Publisher

Course Code	PEIT 701b				
Course Title	<b>Human Computer Interaction</b>				
Type of Course	PE-IV				
LTP	300				
Credits	03				
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45				
Course Assessment Methods					
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50				
<b>Continuous Assessment (Sessional)</b>	50				
Course Prerequisites	Introduction to Information Technology.				
Course Objectives	The objective of this course is to familiarize the				
	students with the key areas, approaches and				
	developments in the field of Human Computer				
	Interaction (HCI). It aims to get the students				
	think constructively and analytically about ho				
	to design and evaluate interactive technologies.				
Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course, the students				
Course Outcomes	-				
	will be able to:				
	I. Understand the need and importance of				
	designing interactive products and examine				
	various interaction devices.				
	II. Describe typical human-computer				
	interaction (HCI) models, styles, and				
	various HCI paradigms.				
	III. Illustrate and analyze user needs and				
	formulate user design specifications.				
	IV. Learns various tools for graphics design and				
	examine the interactive design process for				
	developing HCI systems.				
	V. Examine the Mobile ecosystem to enable				
	the development of mobile applications and tools.				
	VI. Learn and apply various Windows				
	characteristics features for designing				
	interactive applications.				
ONT I	ADUC				
	ABUS				
Note: The examiner shall set seven questions	s of 10 marks each. First question has to be				

SECTION-A	CO(s)
Unit 1: Introduction to Human Computer Interface Importance of User Interface, History of Human Computer Interface, Importance of Good Design, Benefits of Good	1.2
Design, Principles of User Interface Design. (5)	1,2

Unit 2: Interaction Devices	
Keyboard Keys, Function Keys, Pointing Devices, Speech Recognition, Handwriting	
Recognition, Speech Generation, Image Display, Video Display, Device Drivers. (6)	1,2
Unit 3: Color and Content	1,2
Why Colors, Color Uses, Choosing Colors, Possible Problems With Colors, Page	
Title, Headings, Text, Messages, Error Messages, Icons. (6)	
Unit 4: Design Process	2,3
Understanding How User Interact With Computers, User Interface Models, Design	
Methodologies, Designing an Interface, Process of Interaction Design. (5)	
SECTION-B	
Unit 5: Graphical User Interface	4
Popularity of Graphics, Characteristics of Graphical User Interface, Concepts of Direct	
Manipulation, Graphical System Advantages and Disadvantages, Web User Interface	
Characteristics and Popularity. (6)	
Unit 6: Device and Screen-Based Control	4
Device Based Controls, Operable Controls, Text Entry/Read-Only Controls, Selection	
Controls, Combining Entry/Selection Controls, Other Operable Controls, Presentation	
Controls and Selecting Proper Controls. (5)	
Unit 7: Mobile HCI	4,5
Mobile Ecosystem: Platforms, Application Frameworks- Types of Mobile Applications:	
Widgets, Applications, Games – Mobile Information Architecture, Mobile 2.0, Mobile	
Design: Elements of Mobile Design, Tools. (7)	
Unit 8: Windows	4,6
Window characteristics, Components of Window, Window Presentation Styles, Types of	
Windows, Window Management. (7)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PEIT 701b.CO1	2	1	2	ı	2	1	2	-	-	2	ı	1	3	1
PEIT 701b.CO2	2	2	1	-	2	1	1	-	-	2	-	2	3	1
PEIT 701b.CO3	2	1	3	ı	1	1	1	-	-	2	ı	2	3	1
PEIT 701b.CO4	1	2	3	-	3	2	1	-	-	2	-	1	3	1
PEIT 701b.CO5	2	2	2	2	2	3	1	2	-	2	1	1	3	1
PEIT 701b.CO6	1	2	3	-	1	-	2	-	-	2	1	1	3	1

S.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER		
No.					
1.	Human-Computer Interaction.	Dix A. et al.	Harlow, England:		
			Prentice Hall, 2004.		
2.	Interaction Design: Beyond Human	Yvonne Rogers, Helen	3rd Edition, Wiley,		
	Computer Interaction.	Sharp, Jenny Preece.	2011.		

Block Chain Technology
PE-IV
300
03
45
50
50
Data structures and Network Security & Cryptography
After successful completion of this course, students will be familiar with blockchain and cryptocurrency concepts. Also they can build their own application using the learned concepts
After the completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Describe emerging abstract models for Blockchain Technology, the structure of a blockchain and why/when it is better than a simple distributed database.  II. Evaluate the setting where a blockchain based structure may be applied, its potential and its limitations.  III. Analyze various cryptography mechanisms
<ul> <li>and evaluate their role in blockchain.</li> <li>IV. Familiarize the functional/operational aspects of cryptocurrency ecosystem.</li> <li>V. Identify challenges and technical gaps existing between theory and practice in cryptocurrency domain.</li> <li>VI. Evaluate security and privacy of a given blockchain system.</li> </ul>

### **SYLLABUS**

1 1 1	
SECTION-A	CO(s)
UNIT 1 Introduction to BlockChain: The consensus problem, Asynchronous Byzantine	
Agreement, AAP protocol and its analysis, Nakamoto Consensus on permission-less,	1,2
nameless, peer-to-peer network, Abstract Models for BLOCKCHAIN - GARAY model -	
RLA Model - Proof of Work (PoW) as random oracle - formal treatment of consistency,	
liveness and fairness - Proof of Stake (PoS) based Chains - Hybrid models (PoW + PoS)	
$\begin{array}{c c} & & & \\ & & & \\ \end{array}$	
UNIT 2 - Overview of Cryptography: Symmetric-key cryptography, Public-key	

cryptography, Digital Signatures, Hash functions, Elliptic curve cryptography, Basics for crypto currency, Application of Cryptography to Blockchain- Using hash functions to chain blocks, Digital Signatures to sign transactions, Using hash functions for Proof-of-	3
Work. (10)	
SECTION-B	
<b>UNIT 3 – Introduction to Bitcoin:</b> Wallet, Blocks, Merkley Tree, Hardness of mining,	4
Transaction verifiability, Anonymity, Forks, Double spending, P2P gateway,	
Mathematical analysis of properties of Bitcoin. (8)	
<b>UNIT 4 – Ethereum and Hyperledger:</b> Ethereum networks, Ethereum Virtual Machine	4,5
(EVM), Wallets for Ethereum, Solidity language, decentralized applications using	
Ethereum. Solidity- Smart Contracts, Attacks on smart contracts, Hyperledger fabric, the	
plug and play platform and mechanisms in permissioned blockchain. (8)	ı
UNIT 5 - Security issues in Blockchain: Pseudo-anonymity vs. anonymity, Zcash and	6
Zk-SNARKS for anonymity preservation, attacks on Blockchains – such as Sybil attacks,	ı
selfish mining, 51% attacksadvent of algorand, and Sharding based consensus	
algorithms . (7)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
СО														
PEIT701c.CO1	2	ı	-	ı	ı	1	1	1	ı	1	ı	1	1	1
PEIT701c.CO2	2	1	1	2	ı	1	1	1	ı	1	ı	1	2	1
PEIT701c.CO3	3	2	1	2	ı	1	1	ı	ı	1	ı	1	3	2
PEIT701c.CO4	1	ı	-	1	ı	1	1	1	ı	1	ı	1	1	2
PEIT701c.CO5	2	1	1	1	-	2	1	1	-	-	-	1	2	3
PEIT701c.CO6	3	2	1	2	1	3	1	1	-	1	-	1	2	2

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	An Introduction to Bitcoin, Lecture	Vijayakumaran,	
	Notes, Online:	Saravanan	
	https://www.ee.iitb.ac.in/~sarva/bitc		
	oin.html		
2.	Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency	Narayanan, Arvind.	Princeton University Press,
	Technologies: A Comprehensive		2016
	Introduction.		
3.	M. Mastering Bitcoin: Programming	Antonopoulos, Andreas	O'Reilly Media, Inc., 2017
	the Open Blockchain		

Course Code	PEIT 701d				
Course Title	Agile Software Development (Theory)				
Type of Course	PE-IV				
LTP	300				
Credits	03				
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45				
Course Assessment Methods:  End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)  Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50 50				
Course Prerequisites	Introduction of Information Technology				
Course Objectives	To understand the basic concepts of agile software process.  1.To gain knowledge in the area of various Agile Methodologies.  2.To know the principles of Agile Testing.				
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Understand the practices and philosophies of agile methods.  II. Analyze the tradeoffs in selecting a software engineering method.  III. Understand the basic agile design principles.  IV. Define and extend the usage of scrum and extreme programming in software product development.  V. Familiarize with various tools for Agile project management VI. Understand about various testing methods used in Agile.				

### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	CO(s)
Overview of Agile Software development	1,2
Introduction: What is Agile?, Goals/Manifesto and principles, Key Features, Challenges,	
Advantages and disadvantages, Agile usage, Agile Vs Traditional Software development	
(Waterfall), Agile Software Development lifecycle. (08)	
Agile Design	2,3
Agile Design Practices, Design smells and software rotting, SOLID Principles: SRP – The	
Single Responsibility Principle, OCP – the Open Closed Principle, LSP – The Liskov	
Substitution, DIP – The Dependency Inversion Principle, ISP – The Interface Segregation	
Principle. (6)	
Agile Methodologies	4
Scrum: Overview of scrum theory, Scrum Team, Scrum Roles, The Sprint, Sprint Planning,	
Daily Scrum, Sprint review, Sprint retrospective, Scrum artifacts, Product back log, sprint	
backlog, Progress Monitoring.Extreme Programming(XP): Overview of XP, Concept,	

Values, Rules, Principles, Scalability, Practices, Issues. (9)	
SECTION-B	
Agile Project Management	5
Overview of Agile project management, Agile project management model: Overview of agile	
enterprise framework and agile delivery framework, Scaling and governing agile projects.	
Tools for Agile project management. (10)	
Agile Testing	5,6
Introduction to agile testing, Principles for testers, Overview of organizational challenges,	
The Agile testing Quadrants, Test Automation, The Agile lifecycle and its impact on testing,	
Types of testing in agile: TDD, BDD, Acceptance tests Exploratory testing, Risk based	
testing, Regression tests, Unit testing, Integration testing, system testing, Tools to support the	
Agile Tester. (12)	

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PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO-PO														
PEIT701d.CO1	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	ı	-	2	1
PEIT701d.CO2	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	ı	-	2	1
PEIT701d.CO3	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	ı	-	2	1
PEIT701d.CO4	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	ı	-	1	2
PEIT701d.CO5	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	ı	-	1	2
PEIT701d.CO6	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	2	2

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Agile Principles, Patterns, and Practices in C#	Martin C. Robert, Martin Micah	Prentice Hall, 2006
2	Agile Project Management: Creating Innovative Products, 2nd Edition	Jim Highsmith	Addison-Wesley Professional, 2010
3	Agile Testing: A Practical Guide for Testers and Agile Teams	Janet Gregory, Lisa Crispin	Addison-Wesley .

Course Code	PWIT 751
Course Title	Industrial Training (after 6th Semester)
Type of Course	PW
LTP	000
Credits	01
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University	00
Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	
Course Prerequisites	Nil
Course Objectives	Course Objectives:
	1. To enable students to integrate theory with
	practice.
	2.To provide opportunity to students to gain
	hands experience about current problems
	industrial practitioners are dealing with.
	3.To introduce students to the industry work
	culture and related practices.
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students
	will be able to:
	I. Analyse practical aspects of a problem
	and apply engineering methods to design
	its solution.
	II. Apply skills and knowledge of modern
	technologies to develop solution for a
	real life problem.
	III. Demonstrate technical, interpersonal and
	communication skills, both oral and
	·
	written.

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PWIT751.CO1	3	3	3	3	-	ı	-	-	-	ı	1	1	3	3
PWIT751.CO2	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
PWIT751.CO3	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-	3	3	3	2	1	ı	1

Course Code	PWIT 752
Course Title	Project-III
Type of Course	PW
LT P	0 0 4
Credits	02
Course Assessment Methods: End Semester Assessment (University Exam.) Continuous Assessment (Practical)	00 100
Course Prerequisites	Nil
Course Objectives	1. Students learning skills to tackle realistic problems as they would be solved in the real world.
	2. To work as team to deliver project that matches the required specification.
Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Plan, Analyze, design and implement gathered skills and knowledge over the field of research and to solve real life problem.  II. Apply software development lifecycle to plan & manage the projects.  III. Demonstrate the ability to communicate effectively in orally and in writing.  IV. Learn to work in team and focus on getting work done on time.

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PWIT 552	3	3	2	3	3	1	-	2	2	-	-	3	3	3
.CO1														
PWIT 552	1	2	2	2	3	1	1	2	2	-	-	1	3	3
.CO2														
PWIT 552	-	2	-	-	3	1	-	3	2	3	1	1	-	-
.CO3														
PWIT 552	-	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	3	2	3	-	1	1
.CO4														

# SYLLABUS FOR B.E. (I.T.) EIGHTH SEMESTER

# **COURSE INFORMATION SHEET**

Course Code	PCIT 801
Course Title	Embedded System Design (Theory)
Type of Course	PC
LTP	313
Credits	04
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Microprocessor & Assembly Language Programming, Computer Architecture & Organization.
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>I. To introduce students to the embedded systems, its hardware (micro-controllers) and software.</li> <li>II. To explain real time operating systems, inter-task communication.</li> </ul>
Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course, the students
	will be able to:
	<ul> <li>I. Comprehend the concept of Microprocessors and Microcontrollers, Embedded and external memory devices, CISC and RISC processors, Harvard and Von Neumann Architectures.</li> <li>II. Understand the architecture, addressing modes, instructions, interrupts, timers/counters, serial communication and applications of 8051 Microcontroller and PIC 16C6X/7X Microcontrollers.</li> <li>III. Apply and evaluate 8051 and PIC 16C6X/7X Microcontrollers based solutions to real problems</li> <li>IV. Appreciate the evolution of architectures used for Embedded Software Development.</li> <li>V. Understand the features of RTOS.</li> <li>VI. Design real-time embedded systems.</li> </ul>
	LABUS
compulsory, having sections covering the whole Section A and three questions from Section	s of 10 marks each. First question has to be le syllabus. Three questions have to be set from n B of the syllabus. Candidate is required to on. All the course outcomes must be covered by

SECTION-A CO(s)
Introduction to Microcontrollers

Comparison of Microprocessors and Microcontrollers. Embedded and external memory	1				
devices, CISC and RISC processors, Harvard and Von Neumann Architectures. (04)					
Overview of 8 bit Microcontrollers					
Overview of 8051, Architecture, addressing modes and instructions. Interrupts, Timer/					
Counters, Serial Communication and applications. Interfacing Overview of Atmel 89C51	2,3				
microcontroller. (19)					
SECTION-B					
PIC Microcontrollers	2,3				
Introduction and features, PIC 16C6X/7X: Architecture, Registers, Reset actions,					
Memory Organization, Instructions, Addressing Modes, I/O Ports, Interrupts, Timers,					
ADC. Input Capture, Output Compare, Frequency Measurement, Serial I/O Device. (12)					
Software Development & Tools	4				
Embedded System Evolution Trends, Round Robin, Round Robin with Interrupts,					
Function Scheduling architecture, Real Time scheduling: their development, applications					
and examples. (06)					
Real Time Operating Systems	5,6				
RTOS Architecture, Task and Task States, Tasks and Data, Semaphores and shared data,					
Operating System Services: message queues, timer function, events, memory					
management, interrupt Routines in an RTOS environment, Basic Design Using RTOS.					
(04)					

PO/PSO	DO1	DO2	DO2	DO4	DO5	DO6	DO7	DO0	DO0	DO10	DO11	DO12	PSO1	DCO2
СО	POI	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO3	PO0	PO7	FO8	FO9	PO10	FOII	POIZ	1301	F302
PCIT801.CO1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
PCIT801.CO2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
PCIT801.CO3	3	2	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	3
PCIT801.CO4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
PCIT801.CO5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
PCIT801.CO6	3	2	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	3

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1.	The 8051 Microcontroller and	Muhammed Ali Mazidi,	Pearson 2 <sup>nd</sup>
	Embedded Systems	Janice GillispieMazidi and	Edition
		Robin D. Mckinlay	
2.	The 8051 Microcontroller:	Kenneth J. Ayala	Pearson 2 <sup>nd</sup>
	Architecture, Programming &		Edition
	Applications		
3.	Microcontrollers (Theory and	Ajay Deshmukh	TMH
	Applications )		Publishers
4.	An Embedded Software Primer	David E. Simon	Addison
			Wesley
5.	Specification and Design of Embedded	D. D. Gajski, F. Vahid, S.	Prentice Hall
	Systems, Latest Edition	Narayan, J. Gong	

# **COURSE INFORMATION SHEET**

Course Code	PCIT 851
Course Title	Embedded System Design (Practical)
Type of Course	PC
Credits	1.5
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50
Course Prerequisites	Microprocessor & Assembly Language
_	Programming
Course Objectives	To design, implement, test and document the
	microprocessor-based systems.

### **SYLLABUS**

Practical based on theory.

Course Code	PCIT 802
Course Title	Cloud Computing (Theory)
Type of Course	PC
LTP	310
Credits	04
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Operating System , Computer Networks
Course Objectives	I. To understand the basics of Cloud
	Computing, different deployment models
	and service models of Cloud.
	II. To have an overview about the Public cloud
	and Private cloud, and the security issues
	related to Cloud computing.
Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course, the students
	will be able to:
	I. Define the concepts of Cloud Computing
	and the various deployment and service
	models of Cloud Computing.
	II. Compare and contrast the different
	virtualization techniques.
	III. Demonstrate the functioning of Private Cloud and Public cloud infrastructures
	IV. Analyze authentication, confidentiality and
	privacy issues in Cloud computing
	environment.
	V. Evaluate the different cloud infrastructures
	in solving problems related to life sciences
	and social networking.
	VI. Determine financial and technological
	implications for selecting cloud computing
	platforms .
SYLI	ABUS

**SYLLABUS** 

SECTION-A	
Overview of Cloud Computing:	
Brief history and evolution - History of Cloud Computing, Evolution of Cloud	
Computing, Traditional vs. Cloud Computing. Why Cloud Computing, Cloud service	1
models (IaaS, PaaS& SaaS). Cloud deployment models (Public, Private, Hybrid and	
Community Cloud), Benefits and Challenges of Cloud Computing. (4)	
Understanding Virtualization	2
Basics of virtualization, Virtualization technologies, Server virtualization, VM migration	
techniques, Role of virtualization in Cloud Computing. (4)	
Working with Private Cloud:	3

Private Cloud Definition, Characteristics of Private Cloud, Private Cloud deployment	
models, Private Cloud Building blocks namely Physical Layer, Virtualization Layer,	
Cloud Management Layer, Challenges to private Cloud, Virtual Private Cloud.	
Implementing private cloud (one out of CloudStack, OpenStack, Eucalyptus, IBM or	
Microsoft). (9)	
Working with Public Clouds:	3
What is Public Cloud, Why Public Cloud, When to opt for Public Cloud, Public Cloud	
Service Models, and Public Cloud Players. Infrastructure as a Service Offerings	
(IaaS), PaaS offerings, Software as a Service Offering (SaaS). Implementing public cloud	
(one out of AWS, Windows Azure, IBM or Rackspace). (8)	
SECTION-B	
Overview of Cloud Security:	4
Explain the security concerns in Traditional IT, Introduce challenges in Cloud Computing	
in terms of Application Security, Server Security, and Network Security. Security	
reference model, Abuse and Nefarious Use of Cloud Computing. (6)	
Overview of Multi-Cloud Management Systems & Business Cloud:	
Explain concept of multi-cloud management, Challenges in managing heterogeneous	5
clouds, benefits and advantages of multi-cloud management systems. Cloud Computing in	
Business, Clouds focused on industry domains (Life Sciences and Social networking)	
Introduction of Business Intelligence on cloud and Big Data Analytics on Cloud. (10)	
Future directions in Cloud Computing	
Future technology trends in Cloud Computing with a focus on Cloud service models,	6
deployment models, cloud applications, and cloud security, Current issues in cloud	
computing leading to future research directions. (4)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
IT802.CO1	1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	3
IT802.CO2	1	3	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	1	3
IT802.CO3	1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	2	1	3
IT802.CO4	1	-	-	-	2	ı	1	ı	1	-	ı	2	2	3
IT802.CO5	1	3	3	-	2	ı	3	ı	-	-	ı	2	2	3
IT802.CO6	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	2	_	-	2	3	3

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1.	Cloud Computing: Principles and	RajkumarBuyys, James	Wiley, 2011
	Paradigms	Broberg, Andrzej Goscinski	
		(Editors)	
2.	Cloud Computing	Michael Miller	Pearson
			Education
			2009
3.	Cloud Computing for dummies,	Judith Hurwitz, Robin	Wiley, 2009
		Bllor, Marcia Kaufman,	
		Fern Halper	
4.	Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach	Anthony T. Velte, Toby J.	McGraw Hill,
		Velte, and Robert	2010.
		Elsenpeter	
5.	Handbook of Cloud Computing	BorkoFurht, Armando	Springer, 2010
		Escalante	

# Professional Elective-V COURSE INFORMATION SHEET

Course Code	PEIT 801a
Course Title	Optical Communication
Type of Course	PE-V
LT P	300
Credits	03
Total Lectures	45
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Basic Information Theory and communication.
Course Outcomes  Course Outcomes	To explain the need, significance of Optical Communication System; and to imsection knowledge of transmission characteristics, losses, types of optical fibers cables.  After the completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Recall the basic concepts of optical communication system.  II. Understand the need and fundamentals of Optical Communication System.  III. Apply knowledge of fiber optics to analyze the losses and causes of signal degradation in optical communication.  IV. Understand various optical sources employed in optical communication.  V. Understand the different optical detectors used in optical communication.  VI. Understand and Analyse the losses caused by fiber joints, connectors and couplers.

### **SYLLABUS**

Note: The examiner shall set seven questions of 10 marks each. First question has to be compulsory, having sections covering the whole syllabus. Three questions have to be set from Section A and three questions from Section B of the syllabus. Candidate is required to attempt at least two questions from each section. All the course outcomes must be covered by the question paper.

### **SECTION-A**

CO(s)

Overview of Optical Fiber Communication: Basic communication system, Block Diagram, Explanation of each block, Advantages of optical communication, applications of fiber optic communication.  (3)	1,2
Optical Fiber Wave Guides:	
Ray Theory of Transmission: Total Internal reflection, Acceptance Angle, Numerical Aperture, Step-Index Fiber, Graded Index Fiber, Modes in SI and GRIN fiber. (9)	2
Signal Degradation in Optical Fibers:	3
Attenuation, Material absorption losses, linear and non linear scattering losses, fiber bend loss, dispersion viz intermodal dispersion and intramodal dispersion, overall fiber dispersion and polarization mode dispersion, Introduction to nonlinear effects: Self phase modulation, cross phase modulation, Stimulated Brillion and Raman scattering, Four Wave Mixing. (7)	
SECTION-B	
Optical Sources  Lasers: Principles of Laser, absorption and emission of adiation, population inversion, optical feedback and laser oscillation. Optical emsission from semiconductore- pn junction, spontaneous emission. LED: basic concepts, advantages, power and efficiency. (5)	4
Optical detectors	5
Principles of Photodetection, Photomultiplier, Semiconductor Photodiode, PIN photodiode, Avalanche photdiode. (6)	
Optical fiber connections: joints and couplers:	6
Fiber alignment and joint loss, Fiber splices, Fiber connectors principles, Fiber couplers. (8)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PEIT801a.CO1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
PEIT801a.CO2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
PEIT801a.CO3	-	1	2	1	-	1	1	-	-	ı	ı	-	1	1
PEIT801a.CO4	-	-	2	1	-	1	1	-	-	ı	ı	-	1	1
PEIT801a.CO5	-	-	2	1	1	ı	ı	-	ı	-	-	-	1	1
PEIT801a.CO6	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1

S.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
No.			
1	Fiber Optic Communications, latest Edition	Joseph C. Palais	Pearson
			Education
2	Optical Fiber Communication	John M Senior	PHI
3.	Optical Fiber Communications Designs,3rd	Gerd Keiser	Mc Graw Hill
	Edition		
4	Fiber optic communication systems,2E	Govind P. Agrawal	Wiley India
5.	Fiber optic communication technology	D. F. Mynbaev and L.	Pearson
		Scheiner	Education

Course Code	PEIT801b
Course Title	Digital Image Processing (Theory)
Type of Course	PE-V
LT P	300
Credits	03
Total Lectures	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Computer Graphics, Digital Signal Processing
Course Objectives	The objective of the course is to present the fundamental concepts of digital image processing and its significance in developing various real world applications. The course appraises various image processing algorithms and techniques; and familiarizes with pattern recognition essentials for efficient application development.
Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course, the
	I. Learn and compare different methods for image acquisition, storage and representation in digital devices and computers.  II. Interpret the mathematical principles in digital image enhancement and apply them in spatial domain and frequency domain.  III. Appraise the role of image transforms in representing, highlighting, and modifying image features.  IV. Learn image compression fundamentals and examine standard compression algorithms.  V. Apply various methods for segmenting image and identifying image components; and understand their practical applications.  VI. Learn image representation and recognition techniques and apply it to solve real world problems.

### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A CO(s	)
SECTION-A CO(s	,

Introduction to Image Processing: Digital Image representation, Sampling &	1
Quantization, Steps in image Processing, Image acquisition, color image representation,	
color models. (7)	
Image Transformation and Filtering:	2,3
Intensity transform functions, histogram processing, Spatial filtering, fourier transforms	
and its properties, frequency domain filters, Pseudo coloring, color transforms, Basics	
of Wavelet Transforms. (12)	
Image Restoration:	2,3
Image degradation and restoration process, Noise Models, Noise Filters, degradation	
function, Inverse Filtering, Homomorphic Filtering. (6)	
SECTION-B	
Image Compression:	4
Coding redundancy, Interpixel redundancy, Psycho-visual redundancy, Huffman	
Coding, Arithmetic coding, Lossy compression techniques, JPEG Compression. (6)	
	_
Image Segmentation & Representation:	5
Image Segmentation & Representation: Point, Line and Edge Detection, Thresholding, Edge and Boundary linking, Hough	5
• •	5
Point, Line and Edge Detection, Thresholding, Edge and Boundary linking, Hough	5
Point, Line and Edge Detection, Thresholding, Edge and Boundary linking, Hough transforms, Region Based Segmentation, Boundary representation, Boundary	6

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
СО														
PEIT801a.CO1	3	2	2	2	2	-	2	ı	ı	-	ı	2	2	2
PEIT801a.CO2	3	-	2	2	2	1	2	ı	ı	-	ı	2	2	3
PEIT801a.CO3	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	-	-	-	ı	2	2	3
PEIT801a.CO4	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	ı	ı	-	ı	2	2	3
PEIT801a.CO5	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	•	•	2	ı	2	2	3
PEIT801a.CO6	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	-	-	2	-	2	2	3

S.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
No.			
1.	Digital Image Processing	Gonzalez and Woods	Addison Wesley
			1992
2.	Computer Vision - A First Gurse 2nd	Boyle and Thomas	Blackwell
	Edition		Science 1995
3.	Introductory Techniques for 3-D	Trucco&Verri	Prentice Hall,
	Computer Vision		Latest Edition
4.	Introductory Computer Vision and Image	Low	McGraw-Hill
	Processing		1991
5.	Machine Vision	Jain, Kasturi and Schunk	McGraw-HiII.
			1995
6.	Image -Processing, Analysis and	Sonka, Hlavac, Boyle	PWS
	Machine Vision 2nd edition	-	Publishing,1999

Course Code	PEIT 801c
Course Title	Intrusion Detection Systems.
Type of Course	PE-V
LT P	300
Credits	03
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
Course Assessment Methods: End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Operating System, Computer Networks.
Course Objectives	<ul> <li>I. Understand when, where, how, and why to apply Intrusion Detection tools and techniques in order to improve the security posture of an enterprise.</li> <li>II. Apply knowledge of the fundamentals and history of Intrusion Detection in order to avoid common pitfalls in the creation and evaluation of new Intrusion Detection Systems</li> <li>III. Analyze intrusion detection alerts and logs to distinguish attack types from false alarms</li> </ul>
Course Outcomes	After the completion of course, students will be able to:  I. Explain the fundamental concepts of Network Protocol Analysis.  II. Describe the different techniques for Intrusion Prevention and Detection.  III. Demonstrate the skill to capture and analyze network packets.  IV. Analyze alerts and distinguish attacks from false alarms.  V. Apply various protocol analyzers and Network Intrusion Detection Systems as security tools to detect network attacks.  VI. Identify and apply the appropriate tools to troubleshoot network problems.
SYLL	

1	
SECTION-A	CO(s)
UNIT-I	
History of Intrusion detection, Audit, Concept and definition, Internal and External threats	1
to data, attacks, Need and types of IDs, Information sources, Host based information	
sources, Network based information sources. (9)	
UNIT-II	
Intrusion Prevention Systems, Network IDs, protocol based IDs, Hybrid IDs, Analysis	1,2
schemes.A model for intrusion analysis, Techniques, Responses, requirement of	
responses, types of responses, mapping responses to policy, Vulnerability analysis,	
credential analysis, non credential analysis. (9)	

UNIT-III	3
Introduction to Snort, Snort Installation Scenarios, Installing Snort, Running Snort on	
Multiple, Network Interfaces, Snort Command Line Options. Step-By-Step Procedure to	
Compile and Install Snort Location of Snort Files, Snort Modes Snort Alert Modes. (9)	
SECTION-B	
UNIT-IV	3,4
Working with Snort Rules, Rule Headers, Rule Options, Snort Configuration File etc.,	
Plugins, Preprocessors and Output Modules, Using Snort with MySQL. (9)	
UNIT-V	5,6
Using ACID and Snort, Snarf with Snort, Agent development for intrusion detection,	
Architecture models of IDs and IPs. (9)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
СО														
PEIT 801c.CO1	2	-	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	1	-	-	ı	1	3	1
PEIT 801c.CO2	2	-	1	2	1	1	ı	1	-	-	ı	1	3	1
PEIT 801c.CO3	3	1	2	1	1	ı	ı	1	1	2	ı	1	2	2
PEIT 801c.CO4	3	3	2	2	1	ı	ı	1	1	1	ı	1	2	2
PEIT 801c.CO5	2	-	1	2	1	1	ı	1	-	-	ı	1	3	1
PEIT 801c.CO6	3	3	2	1	3	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	3	3

S.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
No.			
1.	"Intrusion Detection with SNORT,	Rafeeq Rehman	1 <sup>st</sup> Edition, Prentice
	Apache, MySQL, PHP and ACID,"		Hall, 2003.
2.	"Intrusion Detection and Correlation	Christopher Kruegel,	1 <sup>st</sup> Edition,
	Challenges and Solutions"	Fredrik Valeur,	Springer, 2005
		Giovanni Vigna	
3.	"Intrusion Detection & Prevention"	. Carl Endorf, Eugene	1 <sup>st</sup> Edition, Tata
		Schultz and Jim	McGraw-Hill, 2004.
		Mellander: " Intrusion	
		Detection &	
		Prevention".	
4.	"Network Intrusion Detection.	Stephen Northcutt,	3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition, New
		Judy Novak	Riders Publishing,
			2002.
5.	"A Text book on Grid Application	T. Fahringer, R.	Khanna Publishers,
٥.	Development and Computing	Prodan	2012.
	Environment".	1 Todan	2012.

Course Code	PEIT 801d
Course Title	Software Testing And Quality
	Assurance
Type of Course	PE-V
LT P	300
Credits	03
<b>Total Lectures</b>	45
Course Assessment Methods:	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional)	50
Course Prerequisites	Software Engineering
Course Objectives	1. To make students aware about the
_	importance of the software testing during
	software development.
	2. To prepare the student for software testing
	and debugging. It will further laid the
	Software quality assurances.
Course Outcome	After the completion of course, students will be
	able to:
	I. Define various software Process models and
	software metrics for developing high quality
	software.
	II. Understand the importance of software
	quality assurance and quality standards in
	improving the software development
	process.
	III. Manage risks within a project and analyze
	Software Configuration techniques.
	IV. Design and conduct various types of software testing for efficient software
	project.
	V. development and management.Create test
	strategies and plans, design test cases,
	prioritize and execute them.
	VI. Identify the needs of software test
	automation, and define and develop test
	tools to support test automation.
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SECTION-A	CO(s)
Introduction:	
Software Process, Characteristics of a Software Process, Process Models, Project	1
Management Process and its Phases, Software Measurements, Metrics, Scheduling,	
Estimation. (7)	

Software Quality Assurance Concepts and Standards :	
Quality Concepts, Quality Control, Quality Assurance, SQA Activities, Software	
Reviews, Formal Technical Reviews, Review Guidelines, Software Reliability, Software	1,2
Safety, Quality Assurance Standards, ISO 9000, ISO 9001:2000, ISO 9126 Quality	,
Factors, CMM, TQM, Six Sigma, SPICE, Software Quality Assurance Metrics. (8)	
Risk Management and Change Management:	3
Software Risks, Risk Identification, Risk Projection, Risk Refinement, The RMMM Plan,	
Software Configuration Management, Baselines, Software Configuration Items, SCM	
Process: Version Control, Change Control, Configuration Audit, Configuration	
Management for Web Engineering. (7)	
SECTION-B	
Software Testing:	4
Testing, Verification and Validation, Test Strategies for Conventional and Object	
Oriented Software, Unit Testing, Integration Testing, Validation Testing, Alpha and Beta	
Testing, System Testing, Recovery Testing, Security Testing, Stress Testing, Performance	
Testing, Metrics for Source Code, Metrics for Testing, Debugging Process, Debugging	
Strategies. (7)	
Testing Techniques:	5,6
Software Testing Fundamentals, Black Box and White Box Testing, Basis Path Testing,	
Flow Graph Notation, Independent Program Paths, Graph Matrices, Control Structure	
Testing, Condition Testing, Data Flow Testing, Loop Testing, Graph Based Testing	
Methods, Equivalence Sectionitioning, Boundary Value Analysis, Object Oriented	
Testing Methods: Applicability of Conventional Test Case Design Methods, Fault-Based	
Testing, Scenario-Based Testing, Random Testing and Sectionition Testing for Classes,	
Inter Class Test Case Design. (8)	
Testing Process: Test Plan Development, Requirement Phase, Design Phase and Program	5,6
Phase Testing, Testing Client/Server Systems, Testing Web based Systems, Testing Off-	
the-Shelf Software, Testing in Multiplatform Environment, Testing for Real Time	
Systems, Testing Security. (8)	

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PEIT801d.CO1	2	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-
PEIT801d.CO2	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
PEIT801d.CO3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-
PEIT801d.CO4	-	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
PEIT801d.CO5	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
PEIT801d.CO6	-	1	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1.	Software Engineering, Seventh Edition	Ian Sommerville	Pearson
			Education
2.	Software Engineering: A Practitioner's	R.S. Pressman	Tata McGraw-
	Approach, Sixth Edition		Hill
3.	Effective Methods for Software	William E. Perry	John Wiley &
	Testing, Second Edition		Sons
4.	Software Engineering: Theory and	S.L. Pfleeger, J.M. Atlee	Pearson
	Practice, Second Edition	-	Education
5.	Software Engineering, Second Edition	K.K. Aggarwal, Yogesh	New Age
		Singh	International
6.	An Integrated Approach to Software	PankajJalote	Narosa
	Engineering, Second Edition		
7.	Software Quality Assurance –	Nina S Godbole	Narosa
	Principles and Practice		
8.	Software Testing Techniques, Second	Boris Beizer	Dreamtech
	Edition		

# Choice Based Management Elective COURSE INFORMATION SHEET

Course Code	HSMC 801a	
Course Title	Principles of Management	
Type of Course	HS	
LTP	300	
Credits	3	
<b>Course Assessment Methods</b>		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional,	50	
Assignments, Quiz)		
Course Prerequisites	None	
Course Objectives (CO)	1. The main aim of this course is to make students understand the management process and principles along with its application in practical life and to help them manage different jobs and situations with the help of management functions.	
Course Outcome	<ul> <li>I. The students will be able to apply management concepts and principles in daily life and thus, will be able to manage things efficiently and effectively.</li> <li>II. The students will learn how to get work done easily by using management knowledge and functions.</li> </ul>	
SYLLABUS		

the question paper.	
SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction to Management: Nature of Management: Art or Science, Principles and	(3)
Functions of Management.	
Evolution of Management Thought	(6)
Classical Theories: Bureaucratic, Scientific and Administrative Approach Neo-Classical	
Theories: Human Relations and Human Behaviour Approach Modern Theories of	
Management Relevance of Management Thought in present scenario – Management	
Cases.	
Planning:	(4)
Nature of Planning, Planning Process, Application of Planning Process in a Hypothetical	
Situation, Types of Planning, Types of Plans, Management by Objective (MBO).	
Organizing	(4)
Concept of Organization, Desectionmentation, Forms of Organization Structure Analysis	
of Organization Structure – Case Studies Hypothetical Formation of an Organization New	
Methods of Managing Organizations.	
SECTION-B	
Staffing	(6)
Human Resource Planning: HRP Process, Job Analysis: Job Description, Job	
Specifications and Used of Job Analysis	

Recruitment: Sources and Methods. Selection: Selection Process, Role Playing and Case Study on Selection Tests and Interviews Training and Development: Techniques, Performance Appraisal: Methods Case Study on Staffing Practices.	
<b>Directing</b> Concept, Leadership: Importance and Styles, Motivation: Theories and their relevance in present scenario, Communication: Process, Types and Barriers of Communication Management Game on Leadership, Motivation and Communication.	(3)
Controlling	(2)
Nature and Process of Controlling, Requirements for Effective Controlling.	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Principles and Practices of Management	Rao V.S.P. and Narayana P.S.	Konark Publishers, 1987
2	Principles & Practice of Management	Prasad L.M.	8 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Sultan Chand & Sons, 2012
3	Essentials of Management: International and Leadership Perspective	Weihrich H.and Koontz H.	Edition, McGraw Hill, 2012
4	The New Era of Management	Daft R.L	11 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Cengage Learning, 2014
5	Management: Text and Cases	Rao V.S.P. and Krishna V.H	Excel Books, 2008
6	Fundamentals of Management: Essential Concepts and Applications	Robbins S.P, DeCenzo D.A., Bhattacharya S. and Agarwal M.N	6 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson India, 2009

Course Code	HSMC 801b
Course Title	<b>Business Environment and Business laws</b>
Type of Course	HS
LTP	300
Credits	3
Course Assessment Methods	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50
Continuous Assessment (Sessional, Assignments,	50
Quiz)	
Course Prerequisites	None
Course Objectives (CO)	1. The main aim of this course is to make students understand different types of environment influencing business decisions and to provide knowledge about different laws that needs to be followed for initiating and managing business.
Course Outcome	<ul> <li>I. The students will be able to analyze the impact of environment on business and formulate appropriate business strategies to compete in the competitive world.</li> <li>II. The students will learn how companies follow corporate governance and social responsibility practices along with fulfilling economic objectives.</li> <li>III. The students will gain knowledge about application and implementation of various business laws in practice.</li> </ul>
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an array	
SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction to Business	
Scope and Characteristics of Business, Classification of Business Activities Forms of	<b>(5)</b>
Ownership of Business: Sole Proprietorship, partnership and Company	İ
Business Environment	<u> </u>
Internal Environment: Concept and Elements (Value System, Vision Mission Objectives,	
Management Structure, Human Resources, Company Image etc.) SWOT Analysis:	<b>(7</b> )
Concept and Case Study	
External Environment: Micro Environment (Suppliers, Customers, Competitors, Market	
Intermediaries etc.) and Macro Environment – PESTEL Analysis (Political, Economic,	
Social, Technological, Ecological and Legal), Case Study on Impact of Environment on	
Business.	
Globalization	(4)
Concept, Pros and Cons of Globalization, Impact of Global Environment on Business	
Globalization of Company – Case Study.	
SECTION-B	
Corporate Social Responsibility	(2)
Concept, Social Responsibility towards different stakeholders, Rationale for CSR CSR –	

Case Studies.	
Corporate Governance	(3)
Concept, Elements and Essentials of Good Governance.	
Contract Law	(3)
Concept, Types and Essentials Elements of Contract.	
Sectionnership Law	(2)
Nature of Sectionnership, Provisions of Sectionnership Act, Issues Related to	
Sectionnership Firm, Hypothetical Formation of a Sectionnership Firm.	
Company Law	(2)
Nature of Company, Provisions of Company Act, Issues Related to Incorporation of	
Company, Hypothetical Formation of a Company.	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Business Environment: Text and	Cherunilam F	22 <sup>nd</sup> Edition,
	Cases		Himalaya
			Publications, 2013
2	Legal Aspects of Business	Pathak A	5 <sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw
			Hill Education, 2013
3	Essential of Business	Aswathappa K.	11 <sup>th</sup> Edition,
	Environment: Text, Cases and		Himalaya
	Exercises		Publication, 2011
4	Business Law Including Company	Gulshan S.S. and Kapoor	15 <sup>th</sup> Edition, New
	Law	G.K	Age International (p)
			Ltd, 2011
5	Business Law and Corporate Laws	Tulsian P.C	1 <sup>st</sup> Edition, Sultan
			Chand Publishing,
			2011
6	Fundamentals of Business	Bhushan Y.K	19 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Sultan
	Organization & Management		Chand & Sons, 2013
7	Corporate Governance: Principles,	Fernando A.C	2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson
	Policies and Practices		India, 2011

Course Code	HSMC 801c	
Course Title	<b>Entrepreneurship and Project Management</b>	
Type of Course	HS	
LTP	300	
Credits	3	
Course Assessment Methods		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional, Assignments,	50	
Quiz)		
Course Prerequisites	None	
Course Objectives (CO)	1. The main aim of this course is to make	
	prospective engineers familiar with the	
	concept of entrepreneurship and MSMEs	
	and to provide knowledge about different	
	aspects to be considered while formulating	
	the business plan for a new entrepreneurial	
	venture. This course also intends to create	
	awareness among students about financial	
	and marketing	
	functions that is required for a new	
	venture.	
Course Outcome	I. The students will be able to apply	
	engineering knowledge effectively in the	
	field of entrepreneurship development.	
	II. The students can make effective use of	
	entrepreneurial knowledge to start and	
	manage their venture.	
	III. The students will learn to check the	
	feasibility of a new project to maintain its	
	long run sustainability.	
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SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction to Entrepreneurship	
Concept of Entrepreneurship, Characteristics and Functions of Entrepreneur Forms of	<b>(6)</b>
Ownership of Business, Factors Affecting Entrepreneurship Case Studies of	
Entrepreneurs.	
Women Entrepreneurship	(2)
Nature of Women Entrepreneurship, Problems of Women Entrepreneurs, Institutional	
Initiatives for Promotion of Women Entrepreneurs.	
Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs)	(2)
Concept of MSMEs, Schemes of MSMEs	
Functions of Entrepreneurial Development Programmes (EDPs)	
Project Identification	(2)

Idea Generation, Project Life Cycle, Concept of SWOT Analysis SWOT Analysis of	
Selected Project.	Í
SECTION-B	
Project Planning and Formulation	(7)
	(1)
Elements of Project Formulation: Product, Technical (Location, Scale, Technology,	İ
Production Process, Layout, Manpower, Resources), Market, Finance and Economic	ı
Aspects Feasibility Analysis: Financial Viability and Profitability, and Socio-Economic	İ
Desirability.	İ
Project Report	(2)
Formulation of Business Plan and Project Report, Hypothetical Example of a Real-Life	Í
Project.	i
Finance and Marketing Function	(5)
Concept of Finance, Finance Related Terminologies, Sources of Finance, Cost	i
Estimations Marketing Mix: Product, Place, Price, Promotion, People, Process and	i
Physical Evidence Marketing Segmentation Targeting and Positioning.	i
<b>Discussions on Additional Reading</b> (any one of the following in the semester)	(2)
The New Age Entrepreneurs	Í
The \$100 Startup: Fire your Boss, Do what you Love and Work Better to Live More	Í
A Guide to Entrepreneurship	Í
Dhandha: How Gujaratis Do Business	ı
Rokda: How Baniyas Do Business	ı
- Take Me Home	ı
- Business Families of Ludhiana	I

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Dynamics of Entrepreneurial	Desai V.	5 <sup>th</sup> Edition,
	Development & Management		Himalaya Publishing
			House.
2	Projects: Planning, Analysis, Selection,	Chandra P	8 <sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw-Hill
	Financing, Implementation and Review		Education (India),
			2014
3	Entrepreneur's Toolkit	Harvard Business School	Harvard University
			Press, 2004
4	Entrepreneurship	Hisrich R.D., Peters M.P.	McGraw Hill
		and Shepherd D.A	Education, 2006
5	Essentials of Project Management	Ramakrishna K	PHI Learning
6	Entrepreneurship	Roy R	2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition, Oxford
			University Press,
			2011
7	Entrepreneurship Development in	Gupta C.B. and	Sultan Chand and
	India	Srinivasan N.P.	Sons, 2013

Course Code	HSMC 801d		
Course Title	Financial Management		
Type of Course	HS		
LTP	300		
Credits	3		
Course Assessment Methods			
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50		
Continuous Assessment (Sessional, Assignments,	50		
Quiz)			
Course Prerequisites	None		
Course Objectives (CO)	1. The main aim of this course is to make students learn different financial decisions i.e. investing, financing and dividend, required to be taken by a company and provide knowledge about the functioning of the financial system (financial markets, financial institutions, financial services and financial instruments) of the country.		
Course Outcome	I. The students will learn to make best combination of financial decisions by considering risk and return trade-off.		
	II. The students will identify how business can gain maximum through the financial		
	system.  III. The students will understand how to manage funds effectively so as to maximize returns.		
SYLLABUS			

### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction to Financial Management	
Concept of Finance, Terminology Related to Finance, Financial Decisions, Factors	(3)
Affecting Financial Decisions, Risk-Return Trade-Off.	
Financial System	
Concept and Role of Financial System in Indian Economy.	
	(2)
Financial Markets and Instruments	(5)
Concept and Relevance of Money Market and Capital Market Money Market Instruments:	
Call Money, Treasury Bills, Commercial Papers, Certificate of Deposits Capital Market	
Instruments: Equity Shares, Preference Shares and Debentures Hypothetical Trading in	
Financial Markets.	
Financial Services	(6)
Nature and Functions of Financial Services: Merchant Banking, Mutual Funds, Factoring,	
Forfaiting, Credit Rating Case Study on Financial Services.	<u> </u>
SECTION-B	

Financial Institutions	(2)
Nature and Functions of Financial Institutions: Reserve Bank of India (RBI), Securities	
and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), Discount and Finance House of India (DFHI) .	
Long Term Investment Decisions	(3)
Capital Budgeting: Concept, Importance, Factors Techniques/Methods with Numerical	
Applications (Pay Back Period, Accounting Rate of Return, Net Present Value, Internal	
Rate of Return and Profitability Index), Case Study.	
Short Term Investment Decisions	(2)
Working Capital: Nature, Type and Factors Affecting the Requirement of Working	
Capital, Case Study.	
Financing Decisions	(3)
Capital Structure: Essentials and Approaches of Capital Structure Sources of Finance	
(long-term and short-term), Financial Leverage: Concept and Numerical Application,	
Case Study.	
Dividend Decisions	(2)
Types of Dividend, Dividend Policy: Nature and Factors Affecting Dividend Policy, Case	
Study.	

S.No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Financial Management	Shah P.	2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition,
			Dreamtech Press, 2009
2	Financial Markets and Services	Gordon E. and Natarajan	3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition,Himalaya
		K.	Publishing House, 2006
3	Financial Management: Theory and	Chandra P.	8 <sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill
	Practice.		Education (India), 2012
4	Financial Management	Pandey I.M.	10 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Vikas
			Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.,
			Noida,2010
5	Cases in Financial Management	Pandey I.M. and Bhat R.	3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition, McGraw
			Hill Education (India), 2012
6	Financial Institutions and Markets:	Bhole L.M. and	5 <sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill
	Structure, Growth and Innovations	Mahakud J.	Education (India), 2009
7	The Indian Financial System:	Pathak B.V.	3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson
	Markets, Institutions and Services		India, 2010
8	Financial Management and Policy	Horne J.C.V. and	12th Edition, Pearson India,
		Dhamija S.	2011

Course Code	HSMC 801e	
Course Title	Marketing Management	
Type of Course	HS	
LTP	300	
Credits	3	
Course Assessment Methods		
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50	
Continuous Assessment (Sessional, Assignments,	50	
Quiz)		
Course Prerequisites	None	
Course Objectives (CO)	1. The main aim of this course is to make students understand about the marketing concepts to be applied in real life and the marketing process for delivering value to customers.	
Course Outcome	I. The students will learn how to market goods and services effectively to different segments so as to deliver value to customers.  II. The students will be able to formulate marketing mix and marketing strategies for different products and different sets of customers.	
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### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	Hours	
Introduction to Marketing		
Concepts, Role, Scope and Types of Marketing, Case Study on Marketing Management.	(3)	
Marketing Research		
Scope and Process of Marketing Research, Hypothetical Marketing Research Analysis.	(3)	
Consumer and Business Markets	(4)	
Types of Markets, Building Customer Value Consumer and Business Buying Behaviour:		
Factors Influencing Behaviour and Buying Decision Process.		
Selection of Markets	(3)	
Segmentation: Factors and Bases, Targeting and Positioning Preparation of STP of		
Selected Product.		
Marketing Mix	(3)	
7 P's of Marketing Mix: Product, Price, Physical Distribution, Promotion, People, Process		
and Physical Evidence Formulation of Marketing Mix of Selected Product.		
SECTION-B		
Product Decisions	(3)	
Product (Good or Service) Characteristics, Product Life-Cycle, Packaging and Branding,		
Product Development and Management		
Pricing Decisions	(3)	

Pricing Policies and Strategies, Factors Influencing Pricing	
Physical Distribution Decisions	(3)
Marketing Channels, Channel Players, Physical Distribution, Managing Distribution,	
Analysis of Supply Chain Management – Case Studies	
Promotion Decisions	(3)
Nature of Promotion Decisions, Managing Mass Communication and Personal	
Communication Analysis of Promotional Strategies – Case Studies.	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Marketing Management:	Govindarajan M	2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition, PHI
	Concepts, Cases, Challenges and Trends		Learning, 2009
2	Marketing Management	Kotler P., Keller K.L., Koshy A. and Jha M.	14 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson India, 2012
3	Marketing Concepts and Strategies	Dibb S., Simkin L., Pride W.M. and Ferrell O.C.	Cengage Learning, 2012
4	Marketing Management	Kumar A. and Meenakshi N	2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., Noida, 2011
5	Marketing Management	Saxena R.	4 <sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India), 2013
6	Marketing: Managerial Introduction	Gandhi J.C.	1 <sup>st</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 1987
7	Marketing	Etzel M.J., Walker B.J., Stanton W.J. and Pandit A.	14 <sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India), 2010
8	Super Marketwala: Secrets to Winning Consumer India	Mall D.	1 <sup>st</sup> Edition, Random House India, 2014

Course Code	HSMC 801f		
Course Title	Human Resource Management		
Type of Course	HS		
LTP	300		
Credits	3		
Course Assessment Methods			
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	50		
Continuous Assessment (Sessional, Assignments,	50		
Quiz)			
Course Prerequisites	None		
Course Objectives (CO)	1. The main aim of this course is to provide an		
	overview of HRM, keeping the Indian		
	business scenario in the background and to		
	acquaint the students with the strategic		
	role of HRM in managing an		
	organization.		
Course Outcome	I. The students will develop the ability to		
	solve problems in area of HRM in		
	organizations.		
	II. The students will become aware of latest		
	developments in HRM practices which are		
	essential for effective management in		
	organization.		
SVI I ARIIS			

### **SYLLABUS**

SECTION-A	Hours
Introduction to Human Resource Management	(4)
HRM: Nature, Scope, Functions, HRM Practices and Problems in India with Case Studies	
Human Resource Planning (HRP)	
Concept and Process of HRP, Factors Affecting HRP.	(3)
Job Analysis and Designing	(3)
Uses and Process of Job Analysis, Job Description and Job Specification: Features and	
Hypothetical Formulation, Job Designing: Job Enrichment, Job Enlargement.	
Recruitment and Selection	(4)
Recruitment: Sources and Methods Selection: Selection Process, Selection Tests, Types	
and Nature of Interviews Role Playing and Case Study on Selection Process, Tests and	
Interview.	
SECTION-B	
Induction and Internal Mobility	(3)
Induction Programme, Need and Scope of Internal Mobility: Transfer, Promotion,	
Demotion.	
Training and Development	
Training Need and Methods, Management Development: Need, Methods and	(4)
Management Development Programme HRM Games for Development of Employees	
Performance Appraisal and Compensation	(4)

Nature and Methods of Performance Appraisal, Hypothetical Performance Appraisal	
Compensation: Financial and Non-Financial Benefits.	
Employee Health and Safety	
Concept, Issues related to Health and Safety, Workplace Health Hazards	

S. No.	NAME	AUTHOR(S)	PUBLISHER
1	Human Resource Management: Text and Cases	Rao V.S.P.	Excel Books, 2002
2	Human Resource Management	Dessler G. and Varkkey B.	12 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson India, 2011
3	Human Resource Management: Text and Cases	Aswathappa K.	7 <sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India), 2013
4	Human Resource Management: Text and Cases	Gupta C.B.	14 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Sultan Chand and Sons, 2012
5	Human Resource Management: Text and Cases	Bedi S.P.S. and Ghai R.K	Bharti Publications, 2012
6	Human Resource Management Applications: Cases, Exercises, Incidents and Skill Builders	Fottler M.D., McAfee R.B. and Nkomo S.M.	7 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Cengage Learning, 2013

Course Code	PWIT851							
Course Title	Project-IV							
Type of Course	PW							
LTP	0 0 4							
Credits	02							
Course Assessment Methods: End Semester Assessment (University Exam.) Continuous Assessment (Practical)	00 100							
Course Prerequisites	Nil							
Course Objectives	<ol> <li>Students learning skills to tackle realistic problems as they would be solved in the real world.</li> <li>To work as team to deliver project that matches the required specification.</li> </ol>							
Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Plan, Analyze, design and implement gathered skills and knowledge over the field of research and to solve real life problem.  II. Apply software development lifecycle to plan & manage the projects.  III. Demonstrate the ability to communicate effectively in orally and in writing.  IV. Learn to work in team and focus on getting work done on time.							

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PWIT 551	3	3	2	3	3	1	-	2	2	-	-	3	3	3
.CO1														
PWIT 551	1	2	2	2	3	-	1	2	2	-	-	-	3	3
.CO2														
PWIT 551	-	2	-	-	3	-	-	3	2	3	1	-	-	-
.CO3														
PWIT 551	-	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	3	2	3	-	1	1
.CO4														

Course Code	PWIT 852
Course Title	Seminar
Type of Course	PW
LT P	002
Credits	01
<b>Course Assessment Methods:</b>	
End Semester Assessment (University Exam.)	00
Continuous Assessment (Practical)	50
Course Prerequisites	Nil
Course Objectives	<ol> <li>Investigate some of the current scientific issues facing society.</li> <li>Students will examine and develop selfmanagement skills necessary for academic success.</li> </ol>
Course Outcomes	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:  I. Understand current technology topics being studied.  II. Extend a greater amount of interaction between teacher and students.

Course Code	PWIT 853							
Course Title	Industrial Training							
Type of Course	PW							
Duration	6 months							
Credits	21.5							
Course Assessment Methods:								
Marks	400							
Internal Assessment	300							
Course Prerequisites	Nil							
Course Objectives	1. To enable students to integrate theory							
	with practice.							
	2. To introduce students to work culture and							
	industrial practices.							
	3. To provide opportunity to students to							
	hands on current problems industrial							
	practitioners are dealing with.							
Course Outcomes	After the completion of this course, the							
	students will be able to:							
	I. Analyze practical aspects of a problem and designing its solution.							
	II. Apply skills and knowledge of recent technologies to implement solution for a real life problem.							
	III. Demonstrate interpersonal skills and ability of team work and documentation and reporting.							

PO/PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO														
PWIT853.CO1	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
PWIT853.CO2	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
PWIT853.CO3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	2	-	-	-