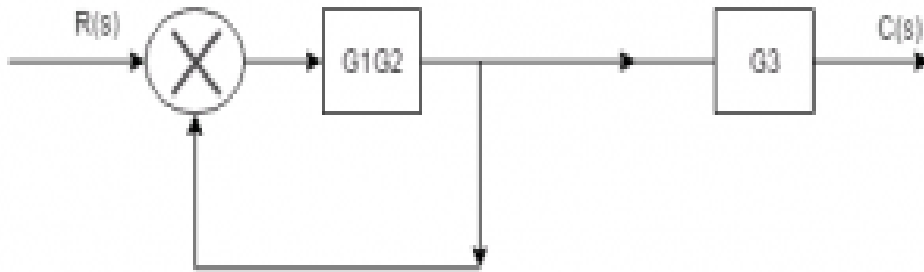


**ECE305**

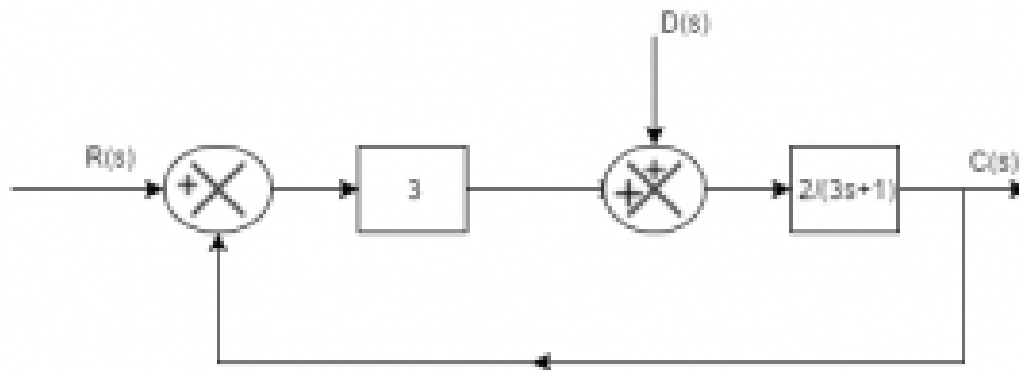
Dr.Anuj Jain

For the block diagram given in the following figure, the expression of  $C/R$  is:



- a)  $G_1G_2G_3/1-G_2G_1$
- b)  $G_1G_2/1-G_1G_2G_3$
- c)  $G_1G_2G_3/1-G_1G_2G_3$
- d)  $G_1G_2/G_3(1-G_1G_2)$

The transfer function from  $D(s)$  to  $Y(s)$  is :



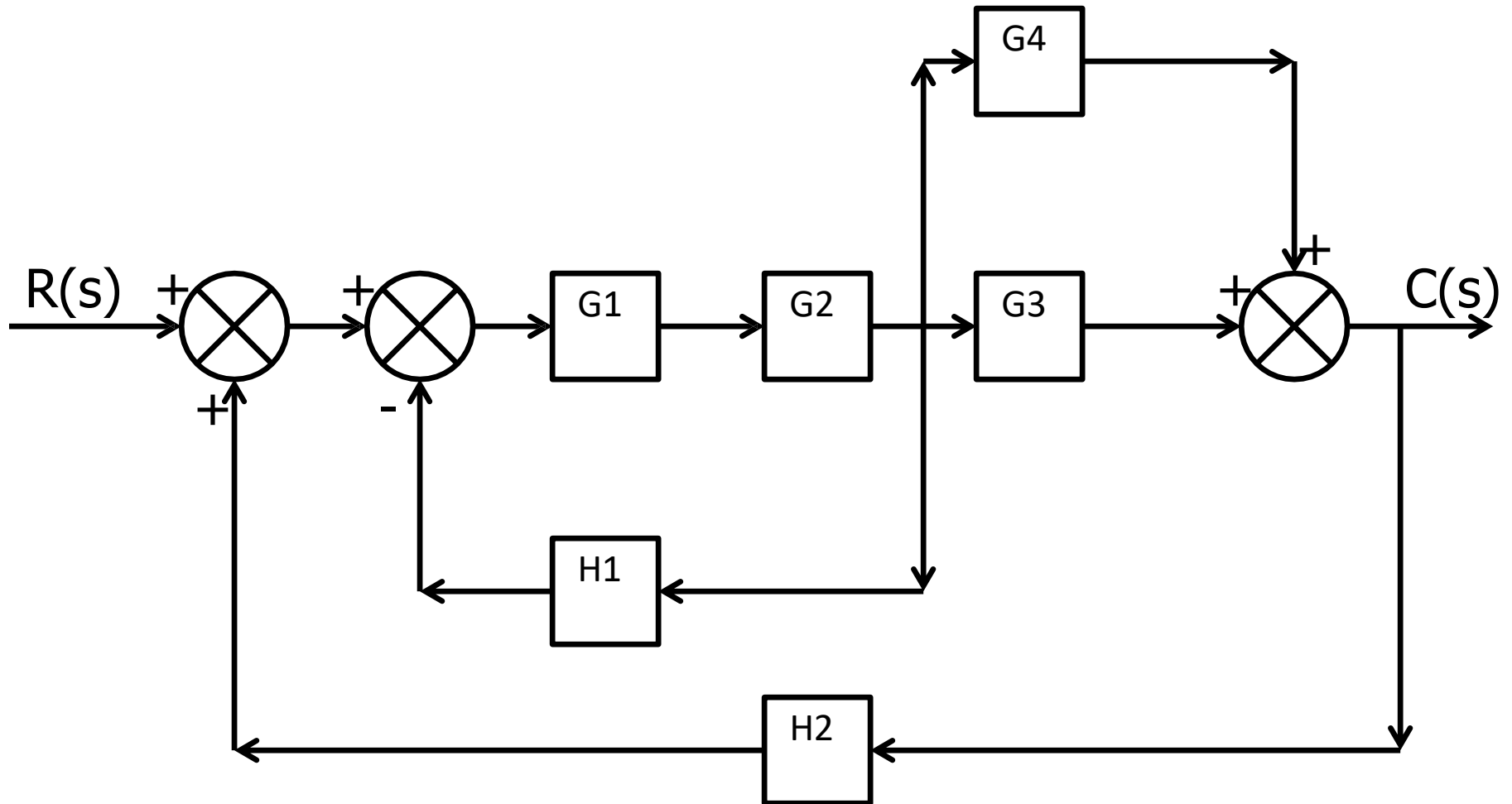
- a)  $2/3s+7$
- b)  $2/3s+1$
- c)  $6/3s+7$
- d)  $2/3s+6$

Answer: a

Explanation:  $Y(s)/D(s) = (2/3s+1)/(1+3*(2/3s+1)) = 2/3s+7$ .

## Example 2

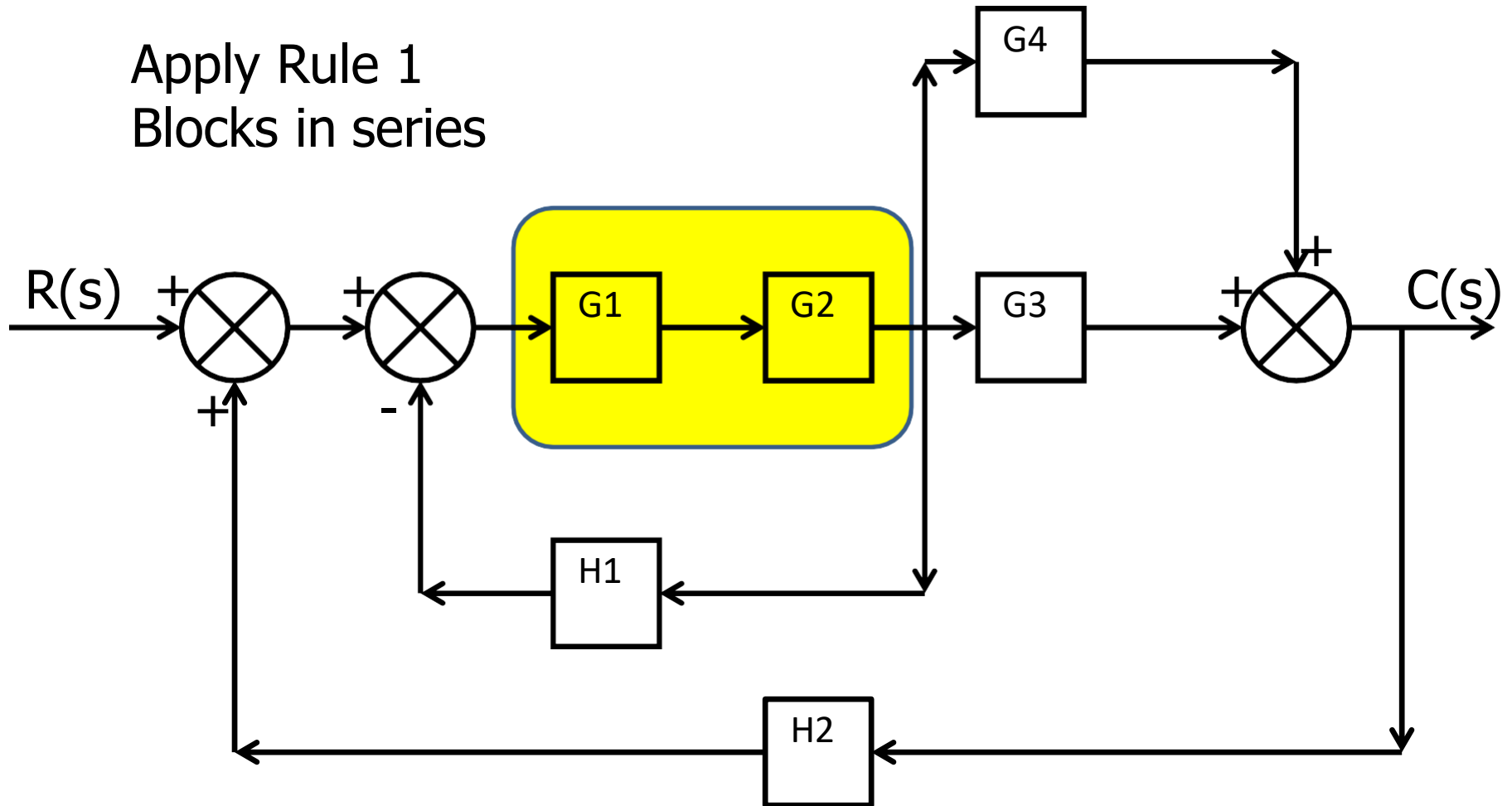
---



## Example 2

cont....

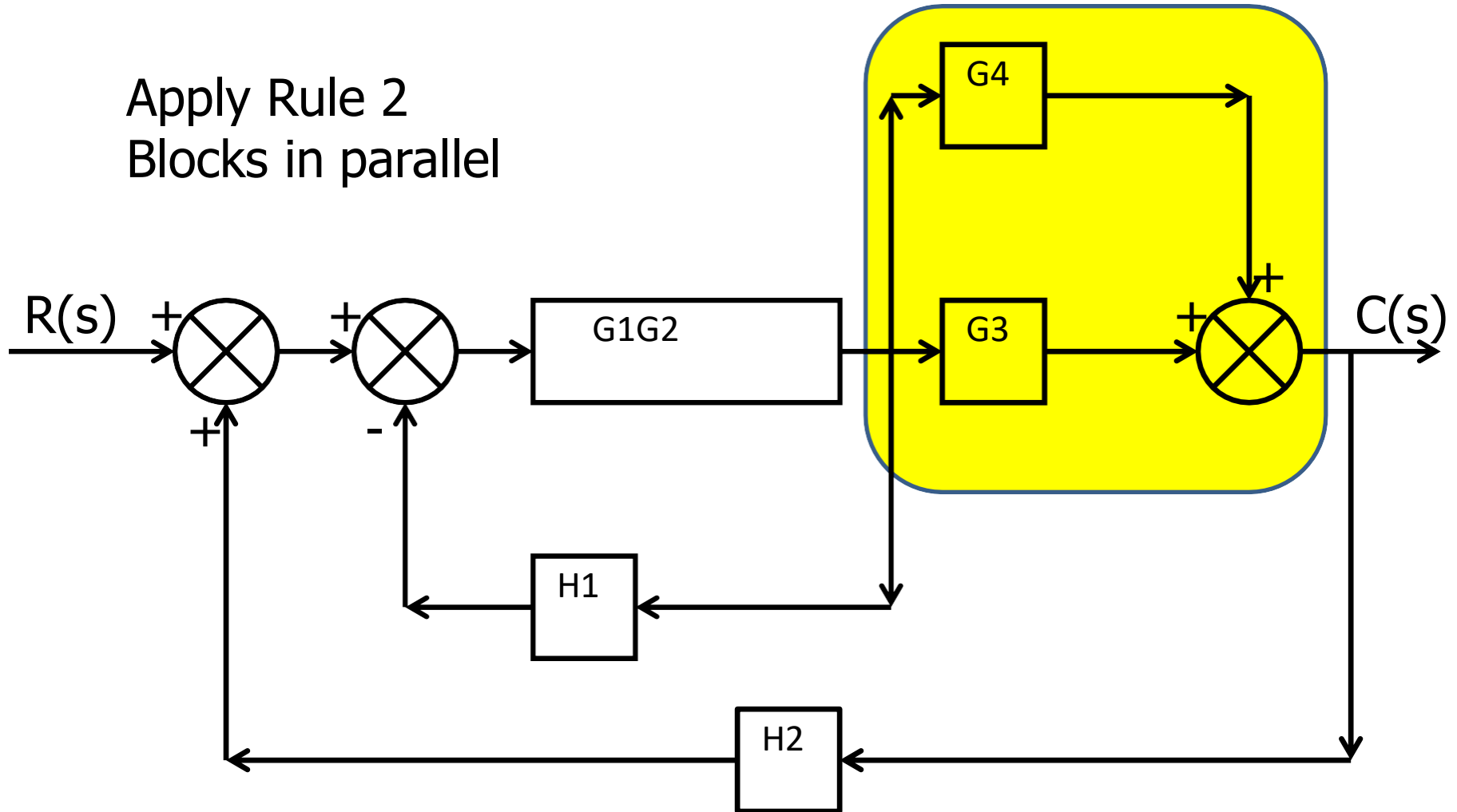
Apply Rule 1  
Blocks in series



## Example 2

cont....

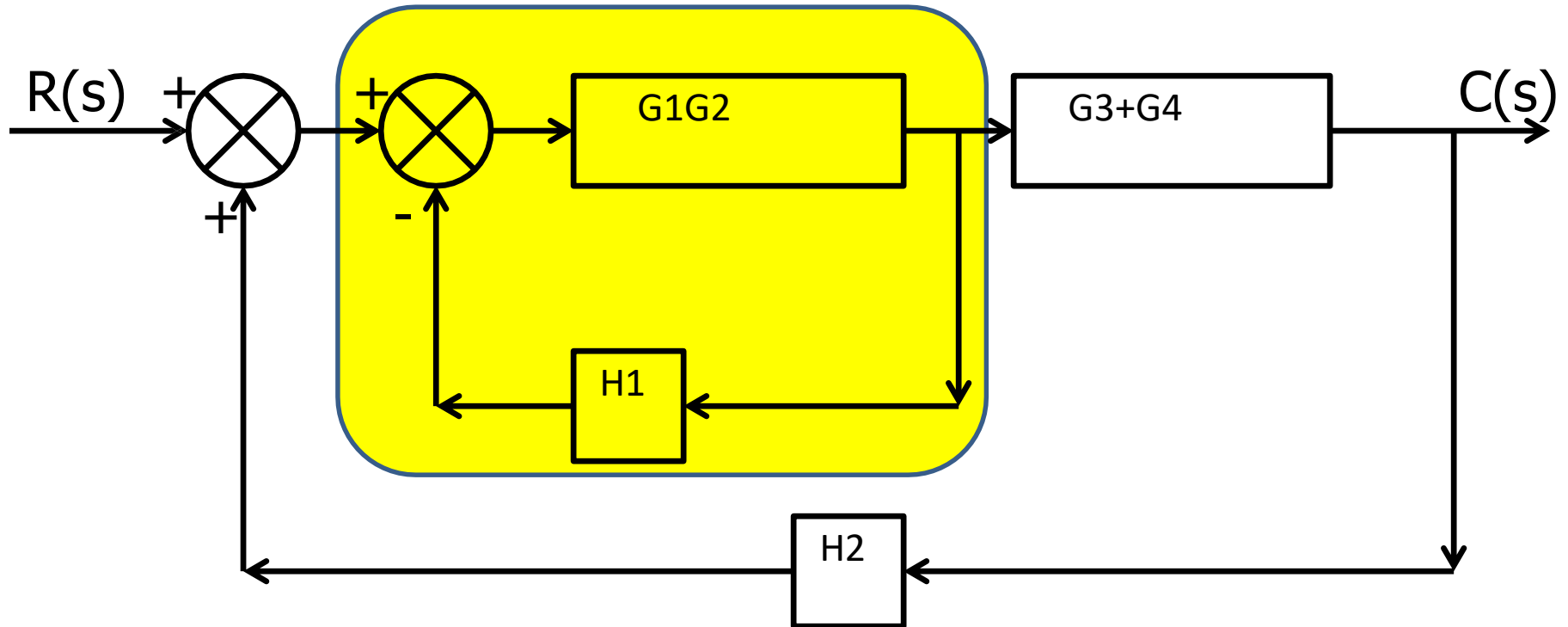
Apply Rule 2  
Blocks in parallel



## Example 2

cont....

Apply Rule 3  
Elimination of feedback loop

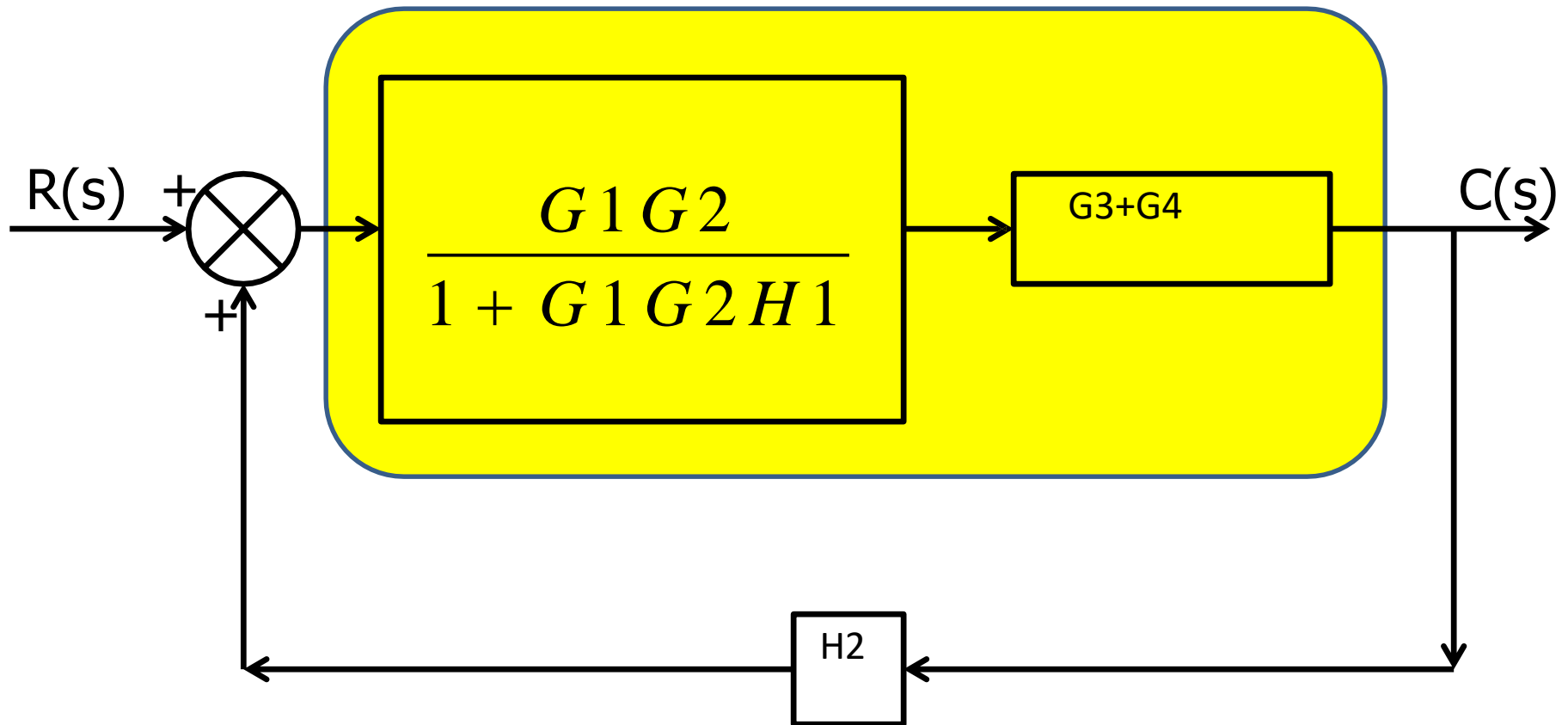




## Example 2

cont....

Apply Rule 2 Blocks in series

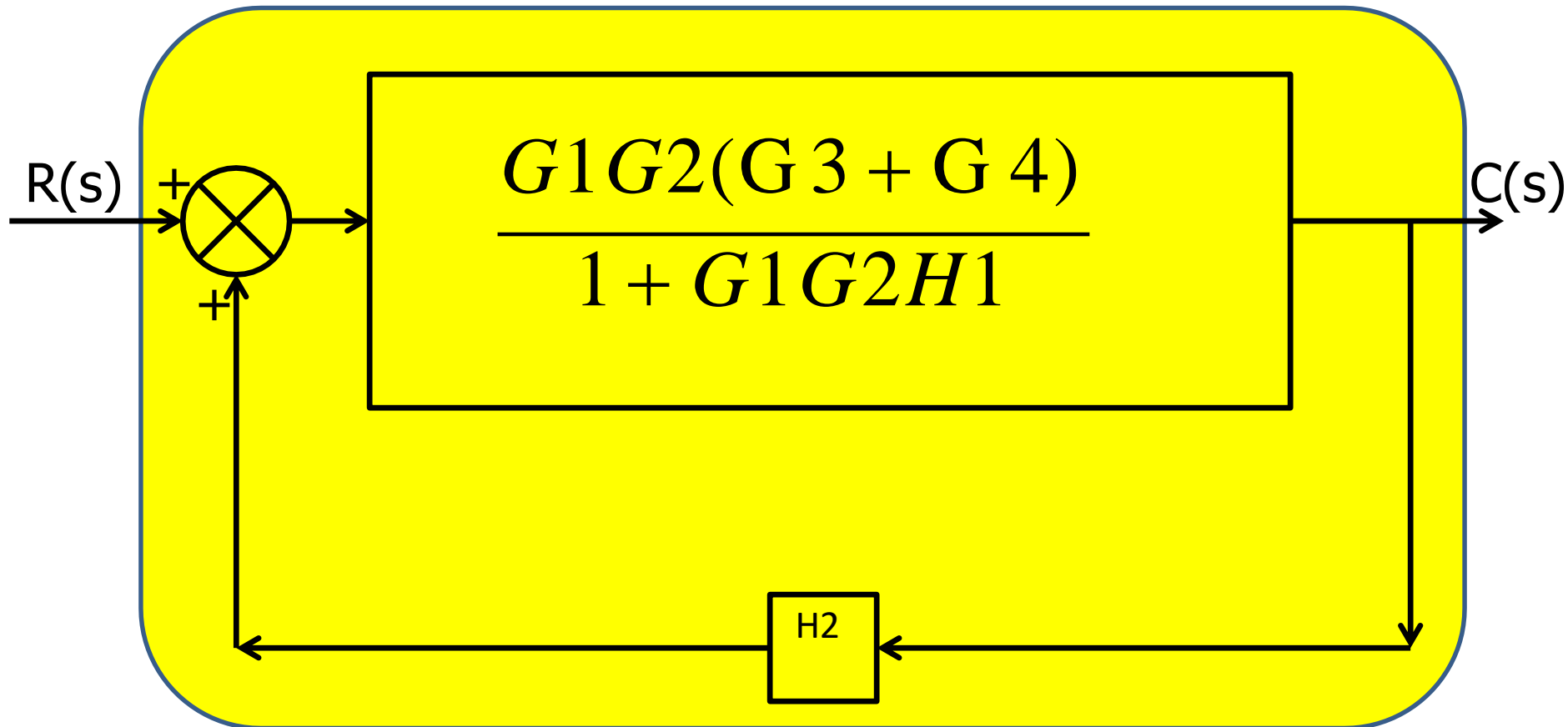


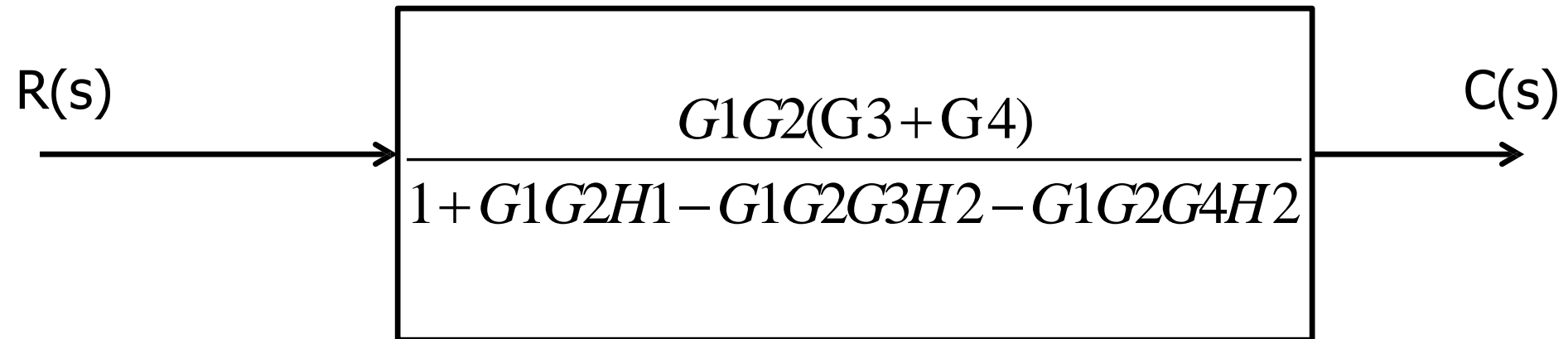
## Example 2

cont....

Apply Rule 3

Elimination of feedback loop

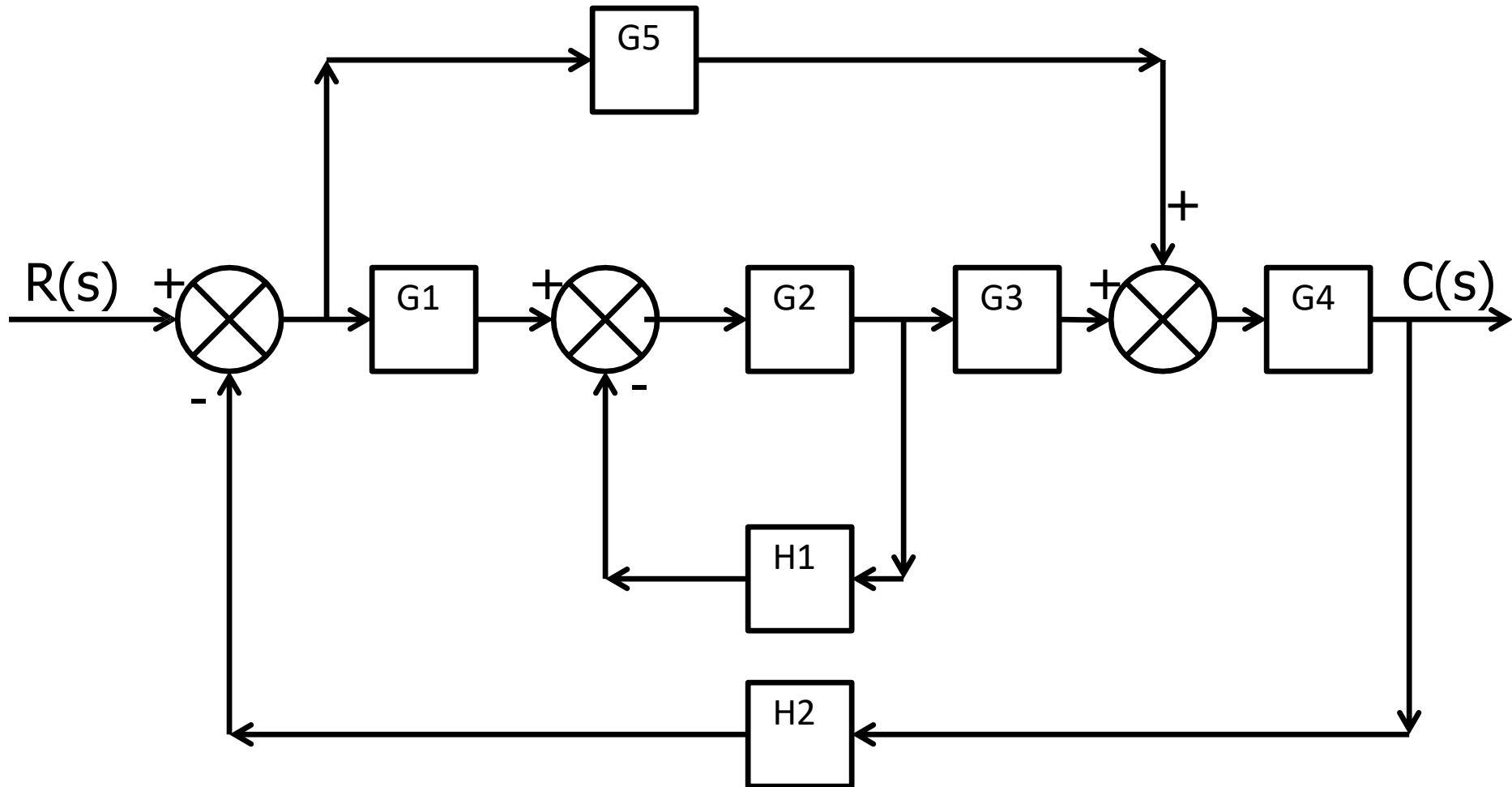




$$\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G_1 G_2 (G_3 + G_4)}{1 + G_1 G_2 H_1 - G_1 G_2 G_3 H_2 - G_1 G_2 G_4 H_2}$$

## Example 3

---

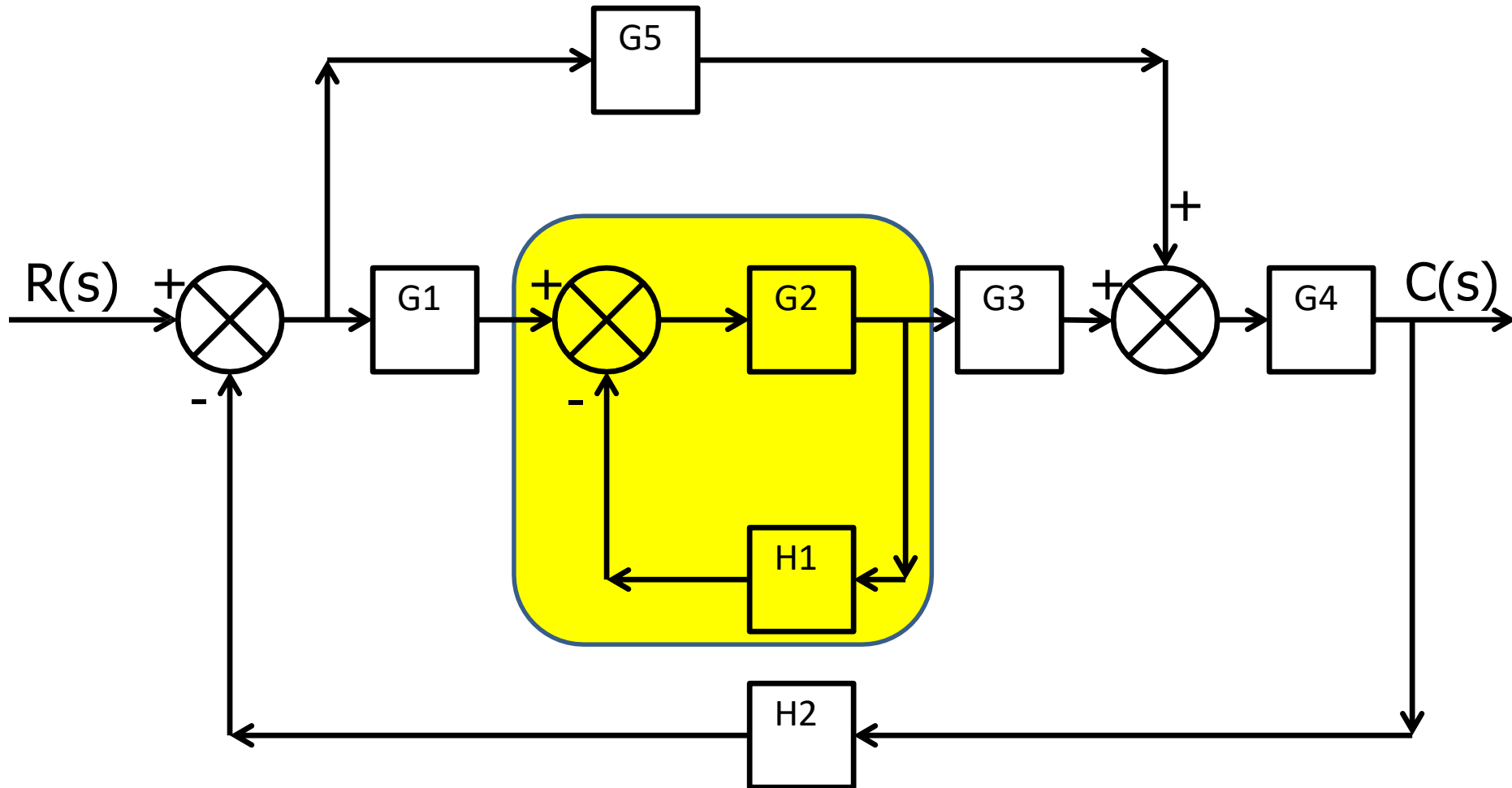


## Example 3

cont....

Apply Rule 3

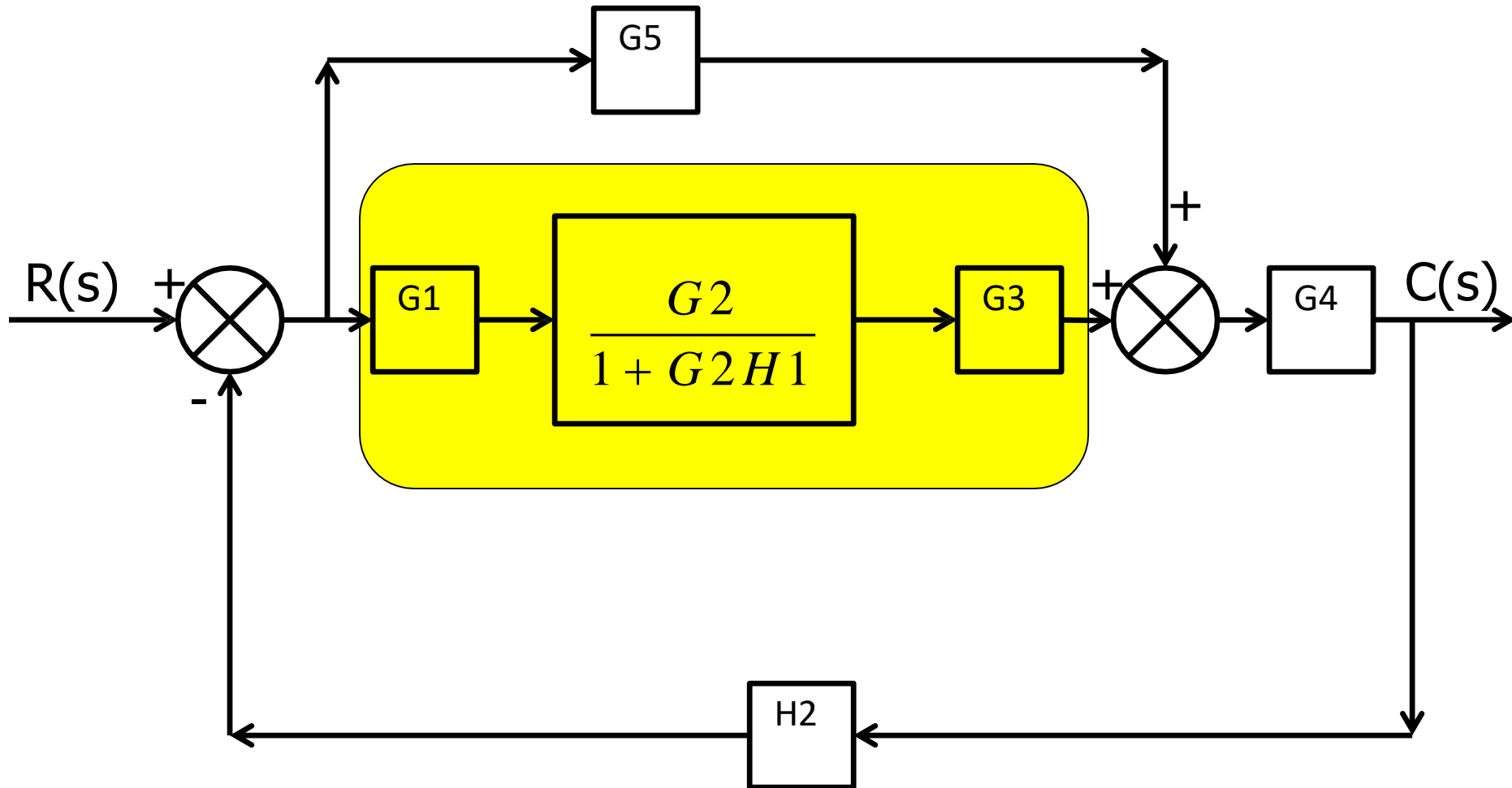
Elimination of feedback loop



## Example 3

cont....

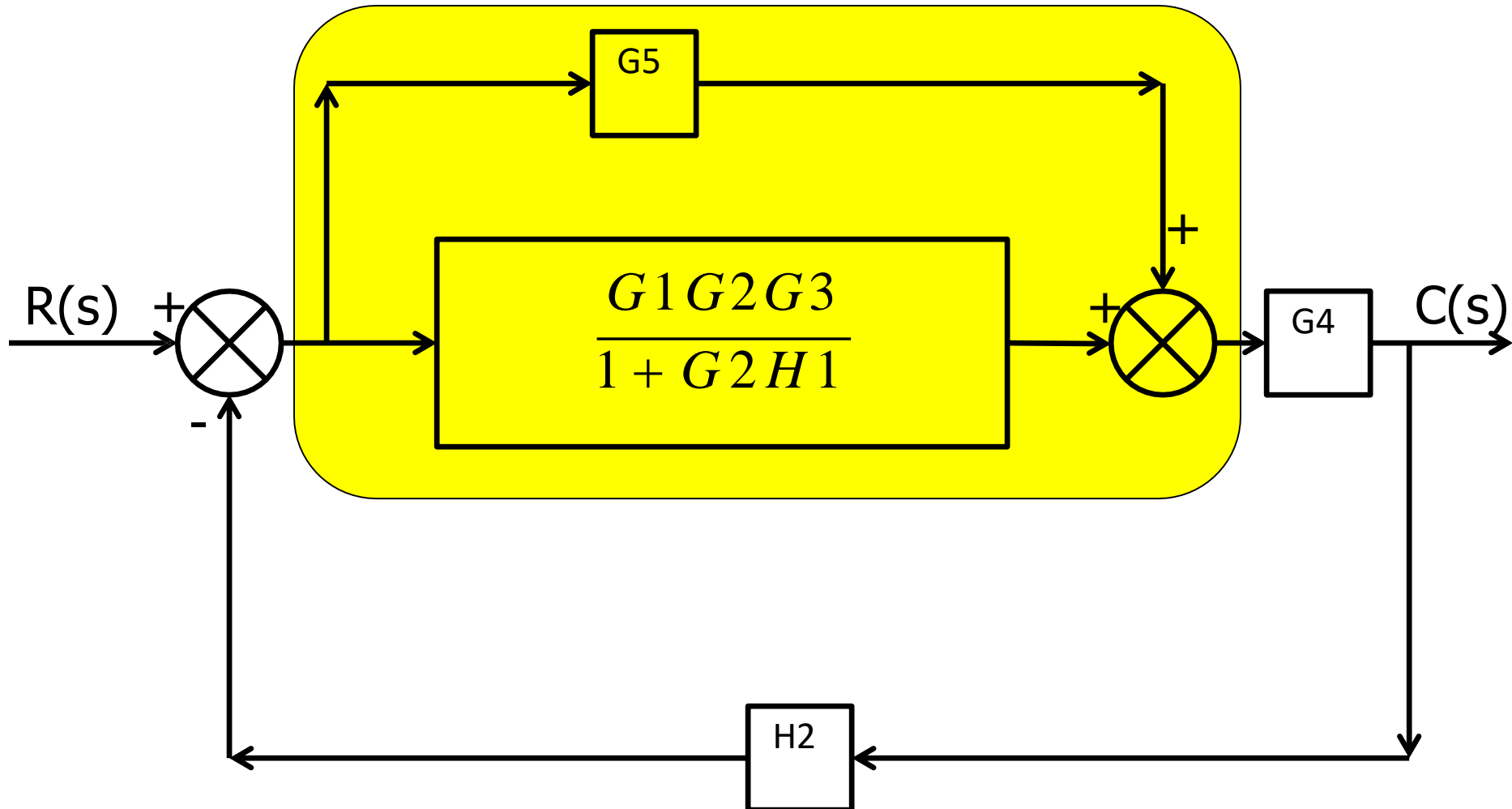
Apply Rule 1      Blocks in series



## Example 3

cont....

Apply Rule 2 Blocks in parallel

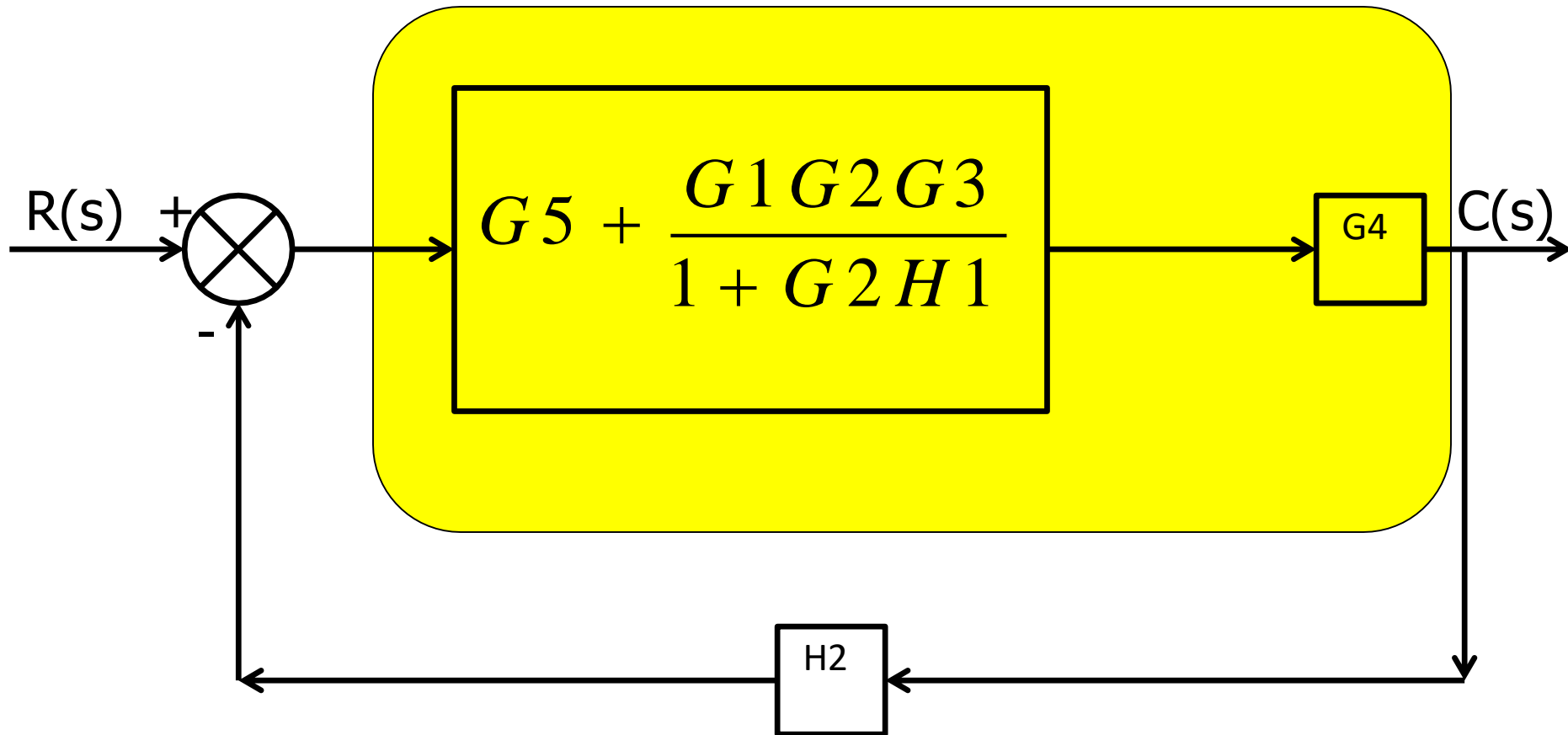




## Example 3

cont....

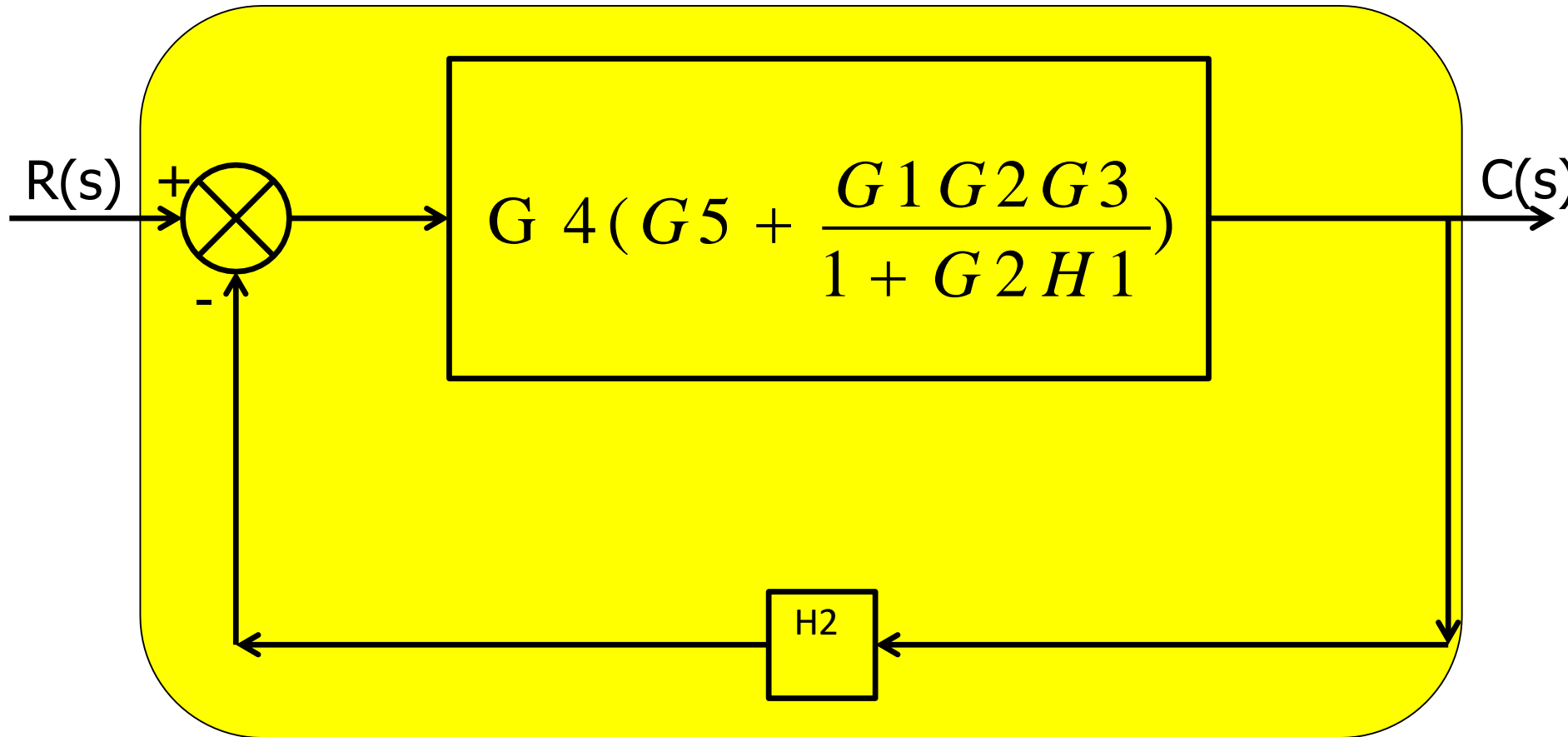
Apply Rule 1 Blocks in series

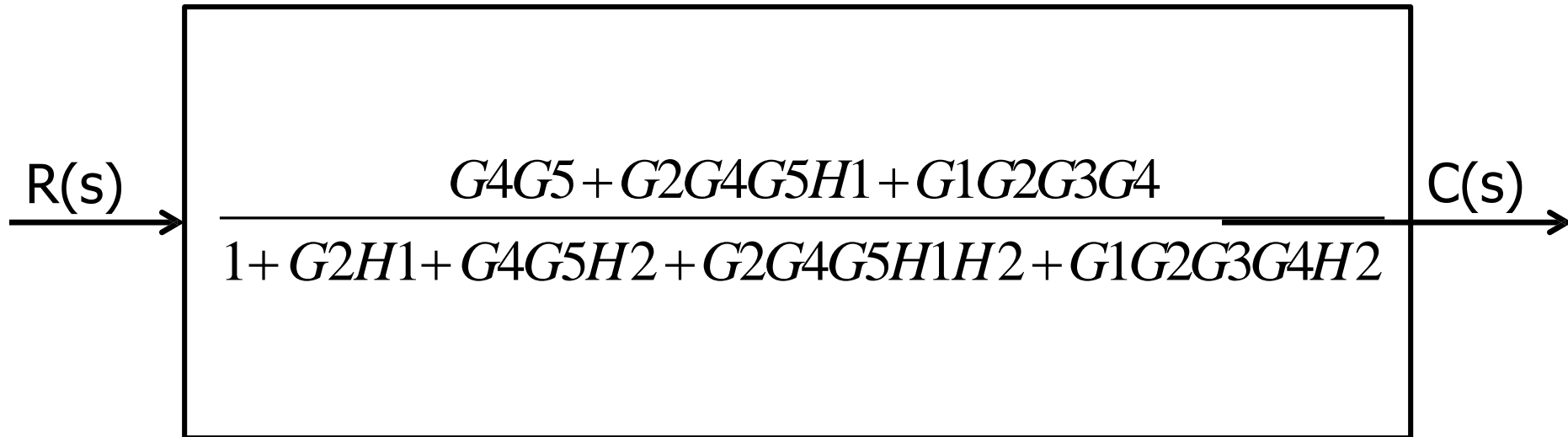


## Example 3

cont....

Apply Rule 3      Elimination of feedback loop

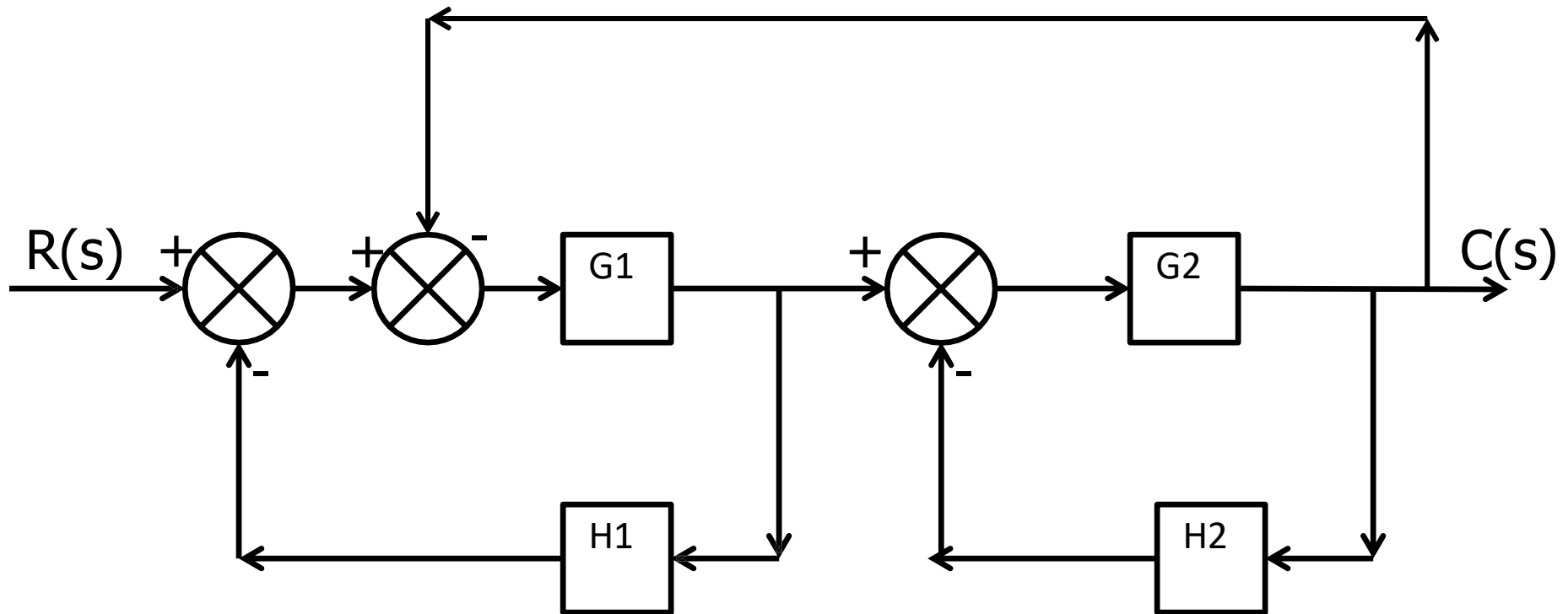




$$\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G_4G_5 + G_2G_4G_5H_1 + G_1G_2G_3G_4}{1 + G_2H_1 + G_4G_5H_2 + G_2G_4G_5H_1H_2 + G_1G_2G_3G_4H_2}$$

## Example 4

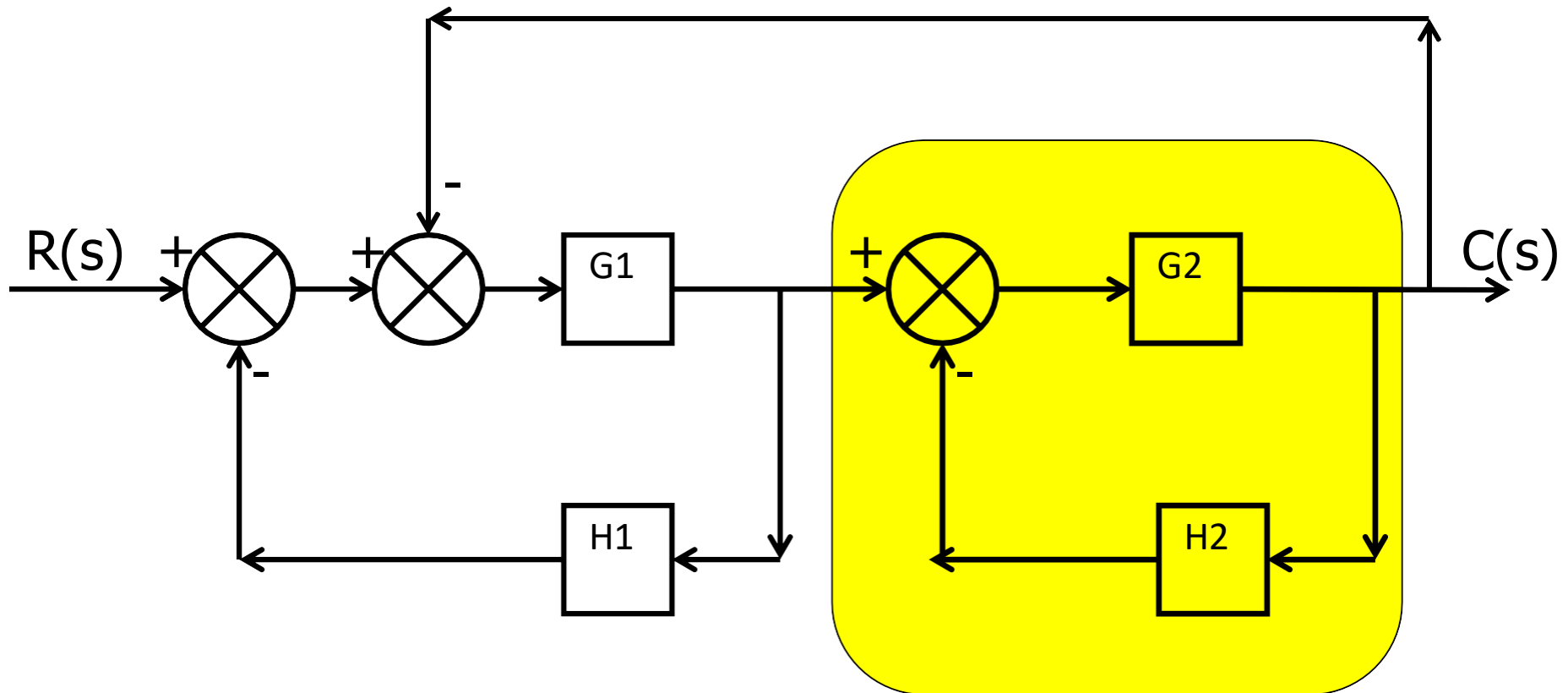
---



## Example 4

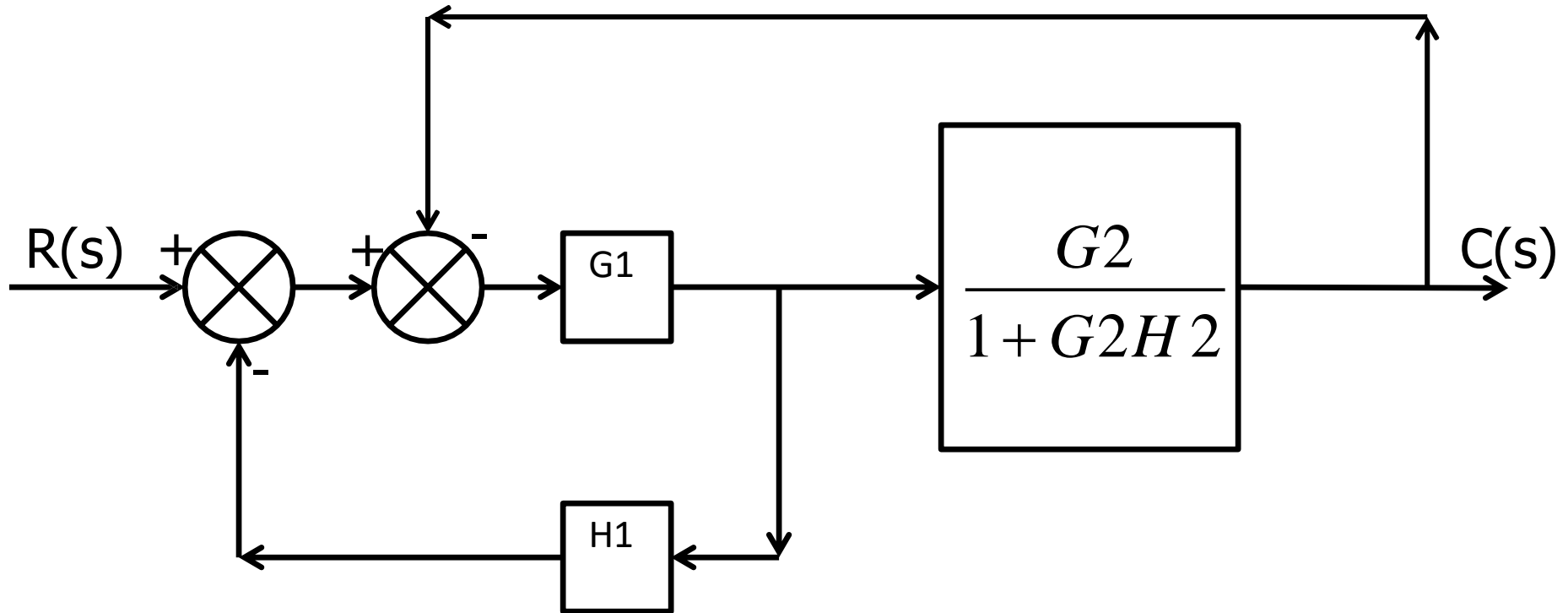
cont....

Apply Rule 3 Elimination of feedback loop



## Example 4

cont....



- 
- Now Rule 1, 2 or 3 cannot be used directly.
  - There are possible ways of going ahead.
    - a. Use Rule 4 & interchange order of summing so that Rule 3 can be used on G.H1 loop.
    - b. Shift take off point after  $\frac{G^2}{1 + G^2 H^2}$  block reduce by Rule 1, followed by Rule 3.

Which option we have to use????

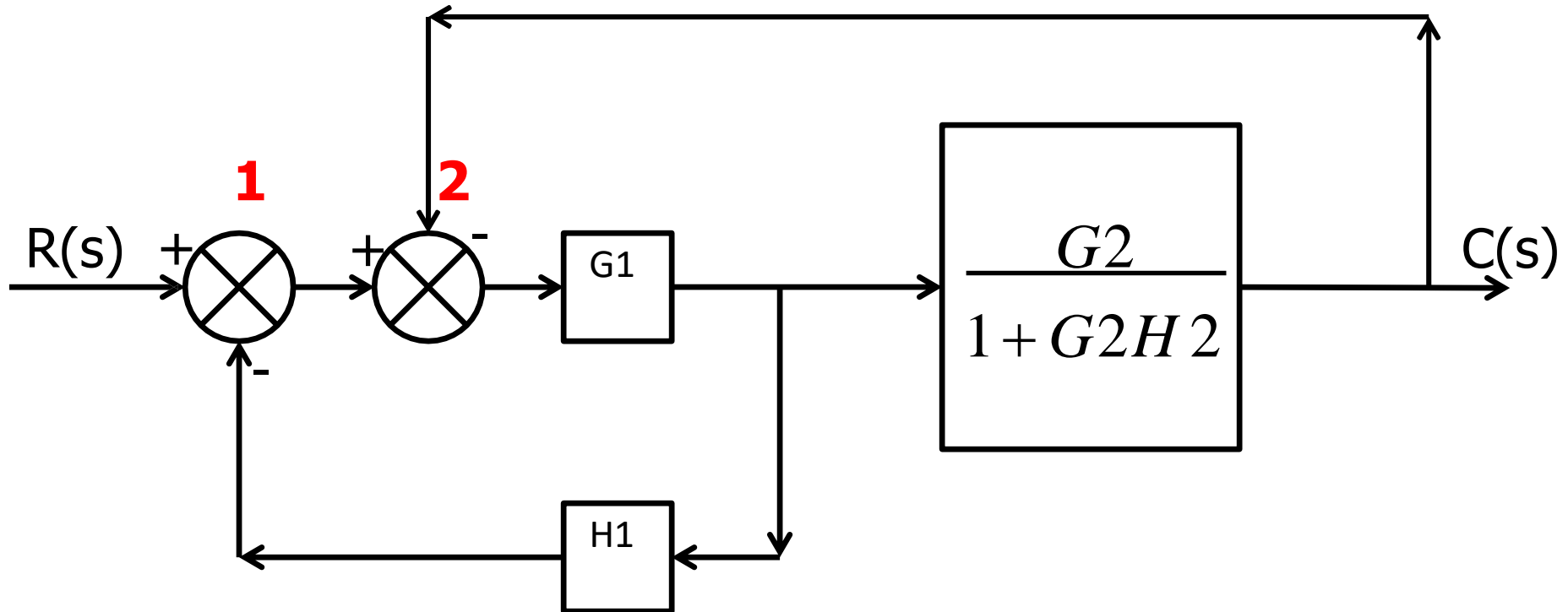


## Example 4

cont....

Apply Rule 4

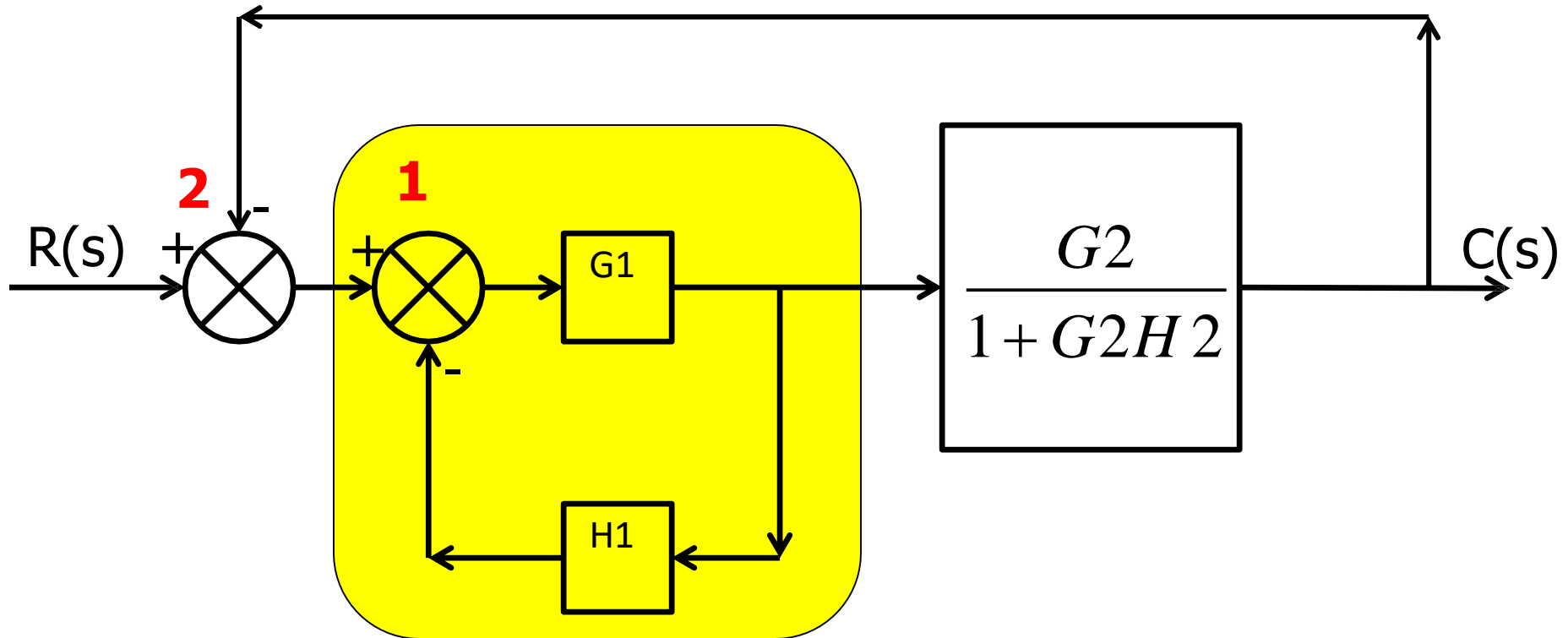
Exchange summing order



## Example 4

cont....

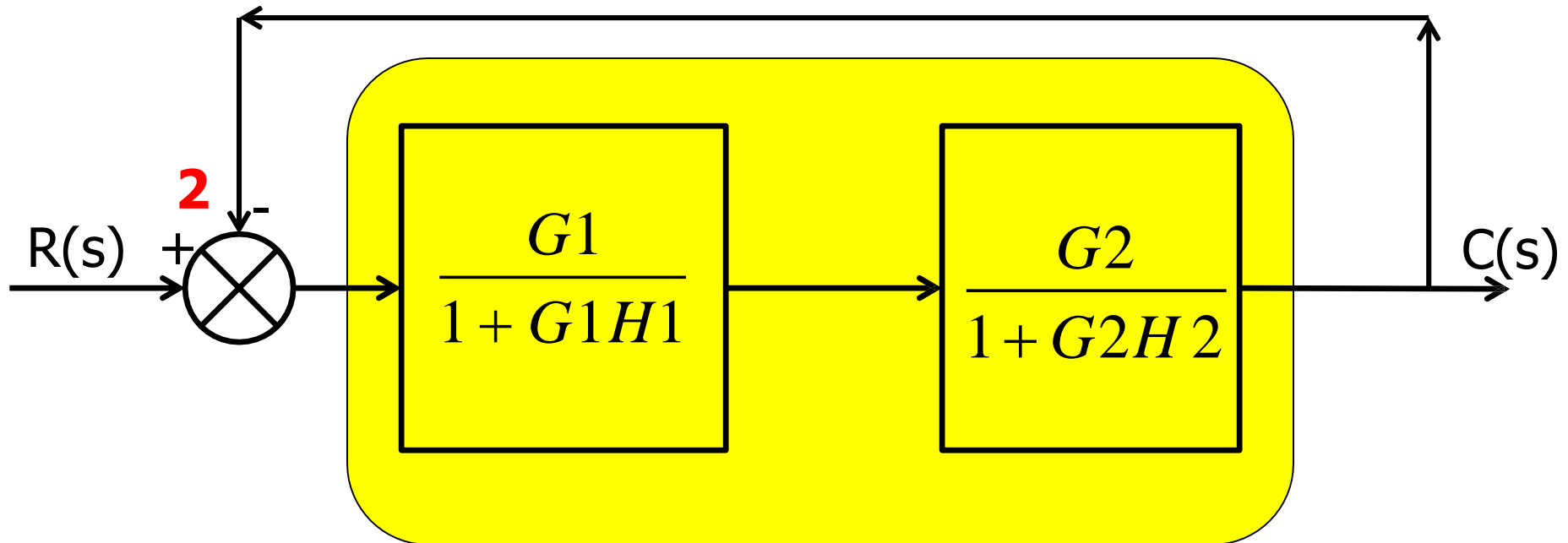
Apply Rule 3 Elimination feedback loop



## Example 4

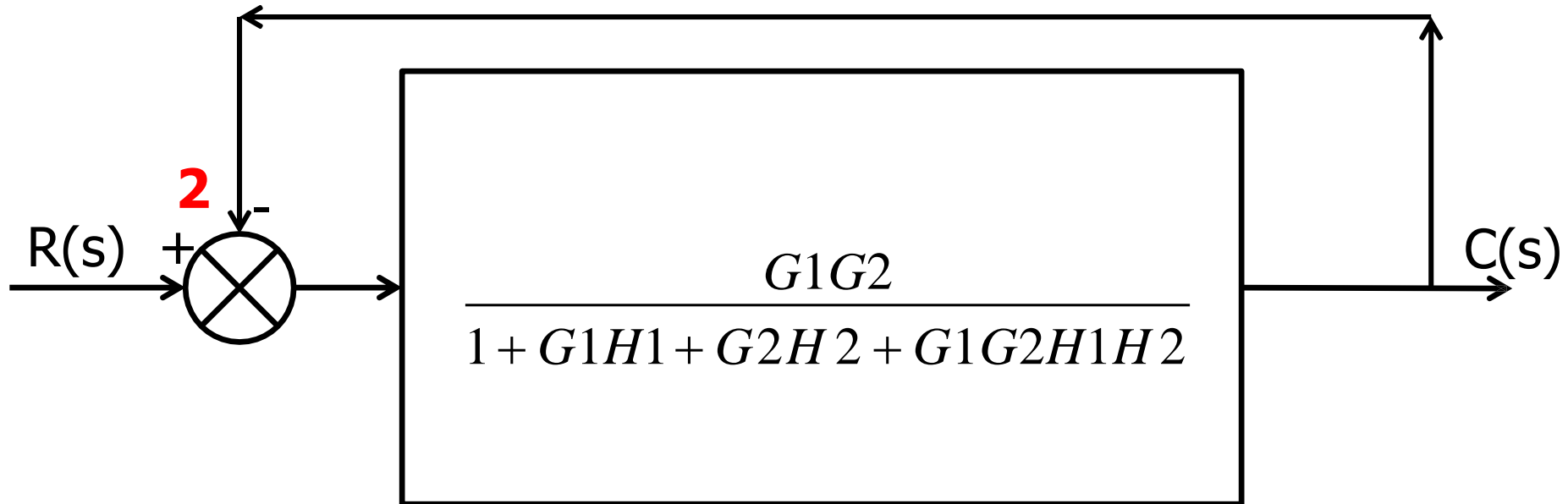
cont....

Apply Rule 1 Blocks in series



## Example 4

cont....



Now which Rule will be applied

-----It is blocks in parallel

-----It is feed back loop

**OR**

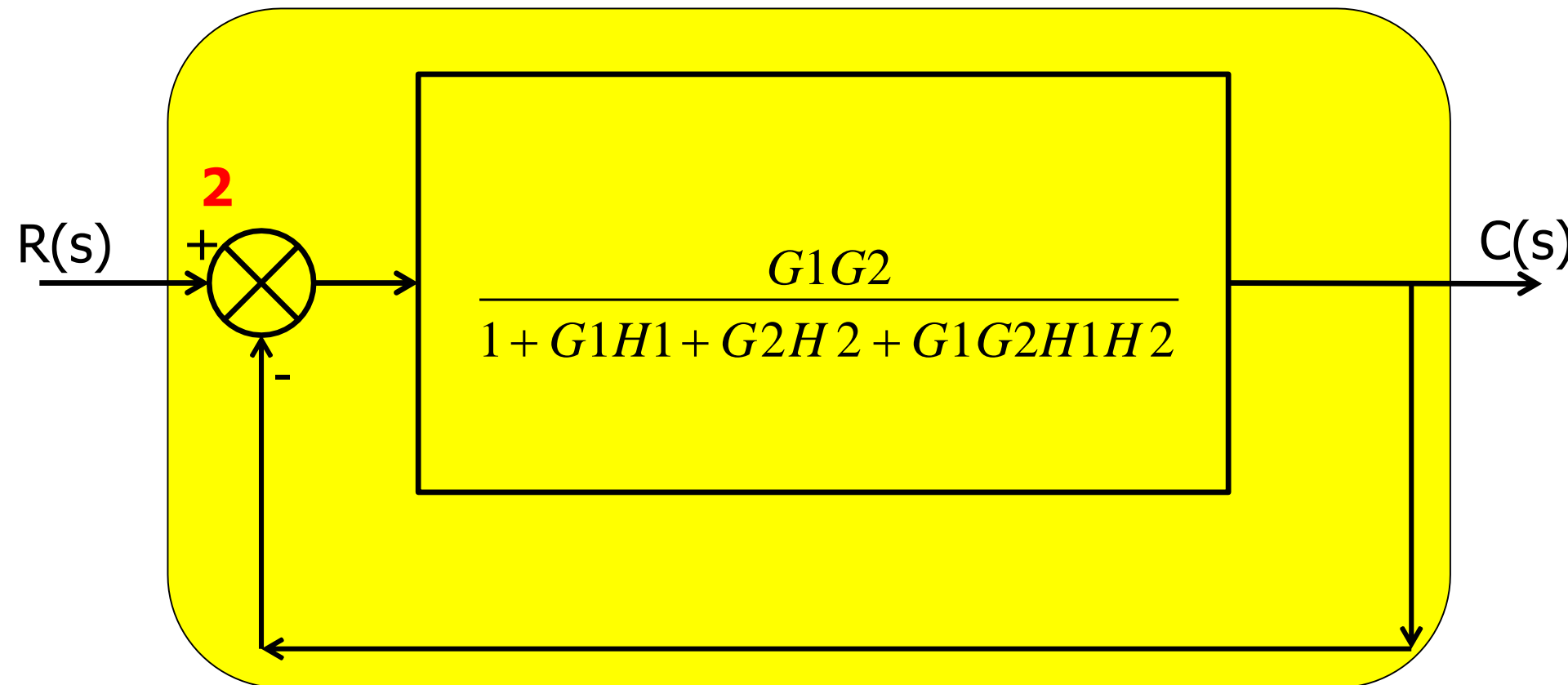
## Example 4

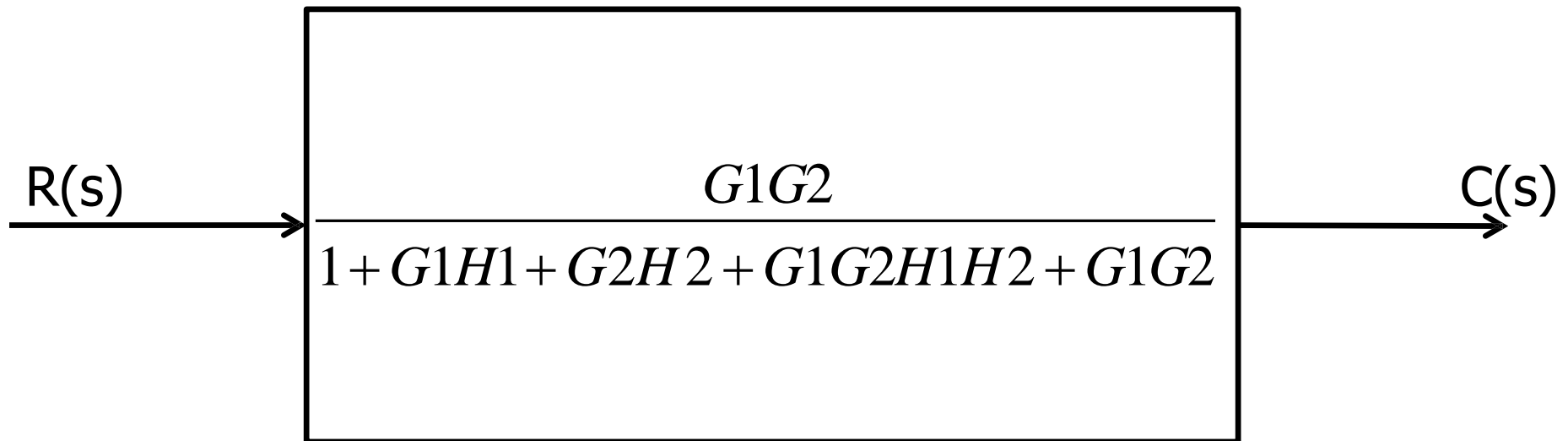
cont....

Let us rearrange the block diagram to understand

Apply Rule 3

Elimination of feed back loop

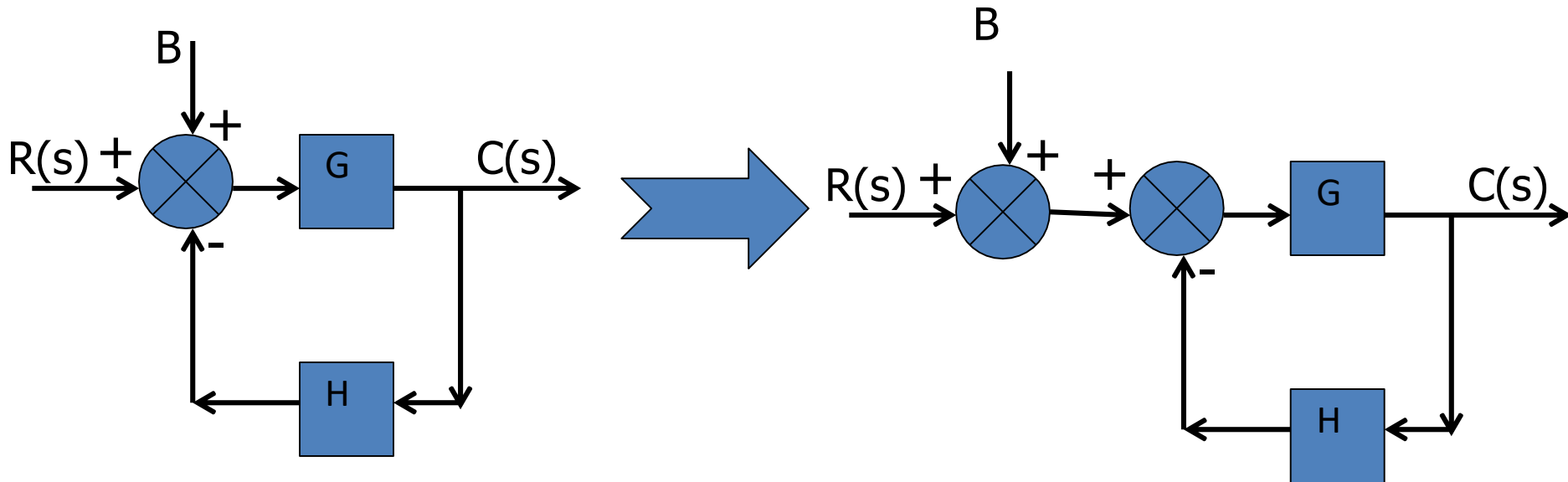




$$\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G_1 G_2}{1 + G_1 H_1 + G_2 H_2 + G_1 G_2 H_1 H_2 + G_1 G_2}$$

## Note 1: According to Rule 4

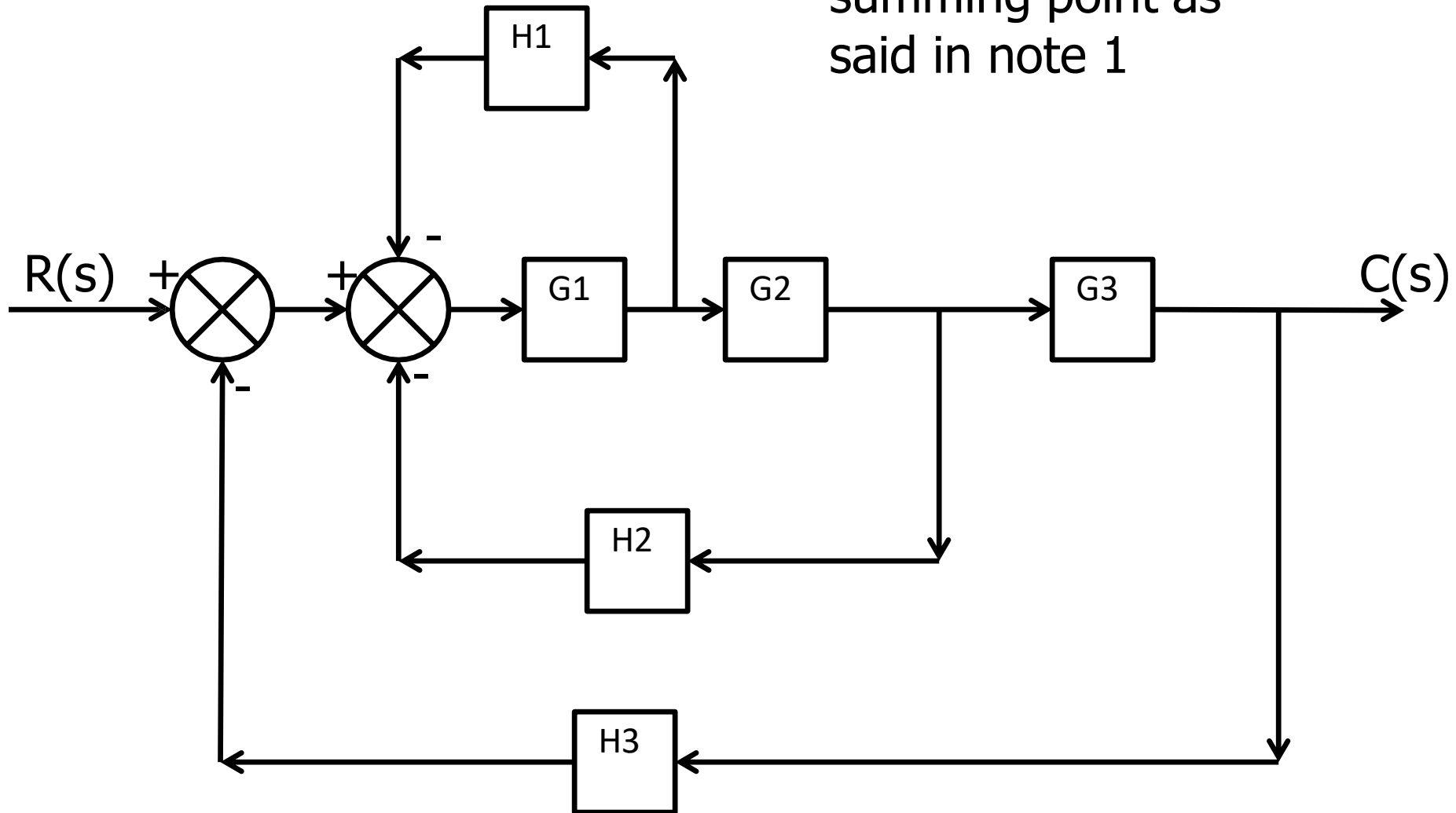
- By corollary, one can split a summing point to two summing point and sum in any order





## Example 5

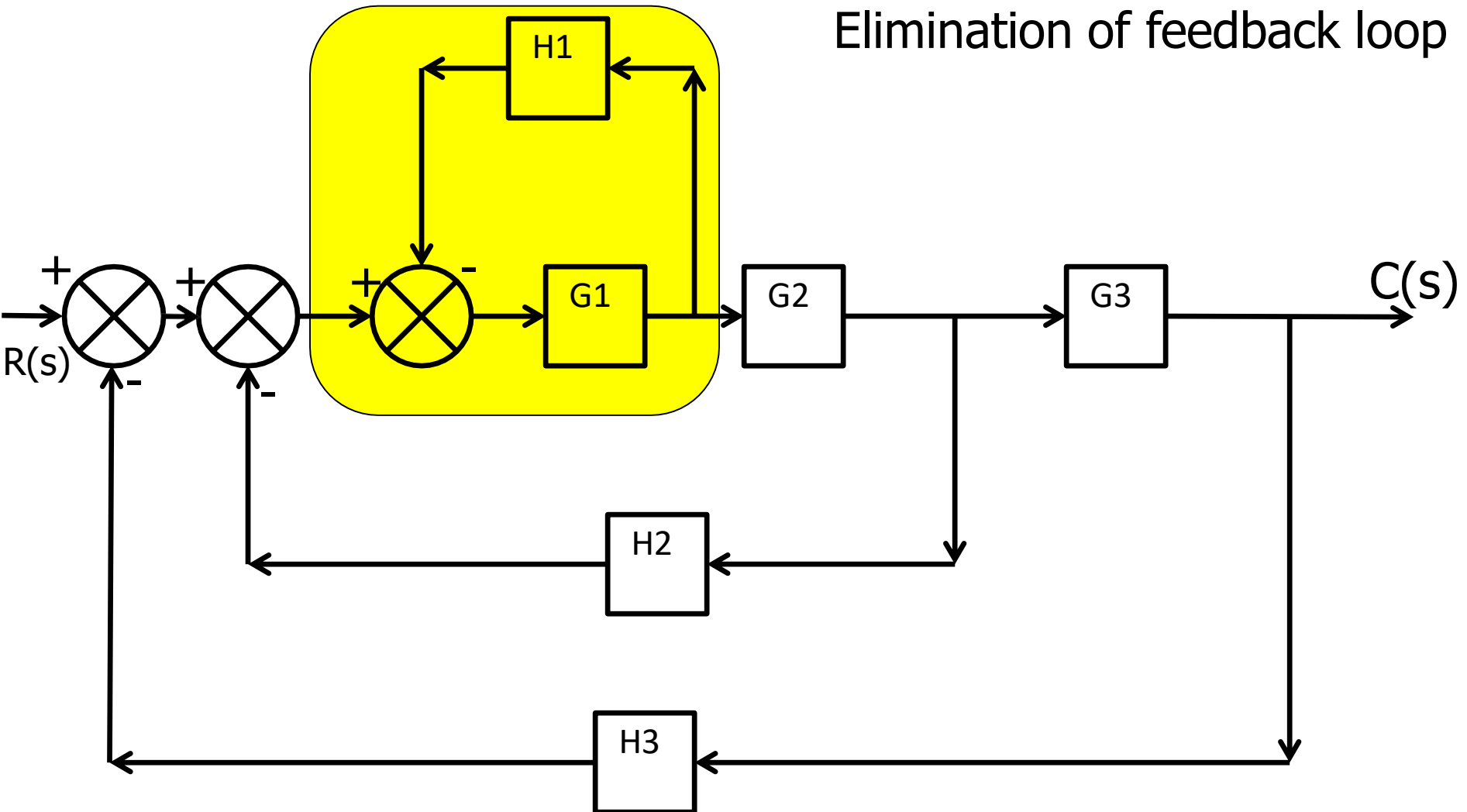
Simplify, by splitting second summing point as said in note 1



## Example 5

cont....

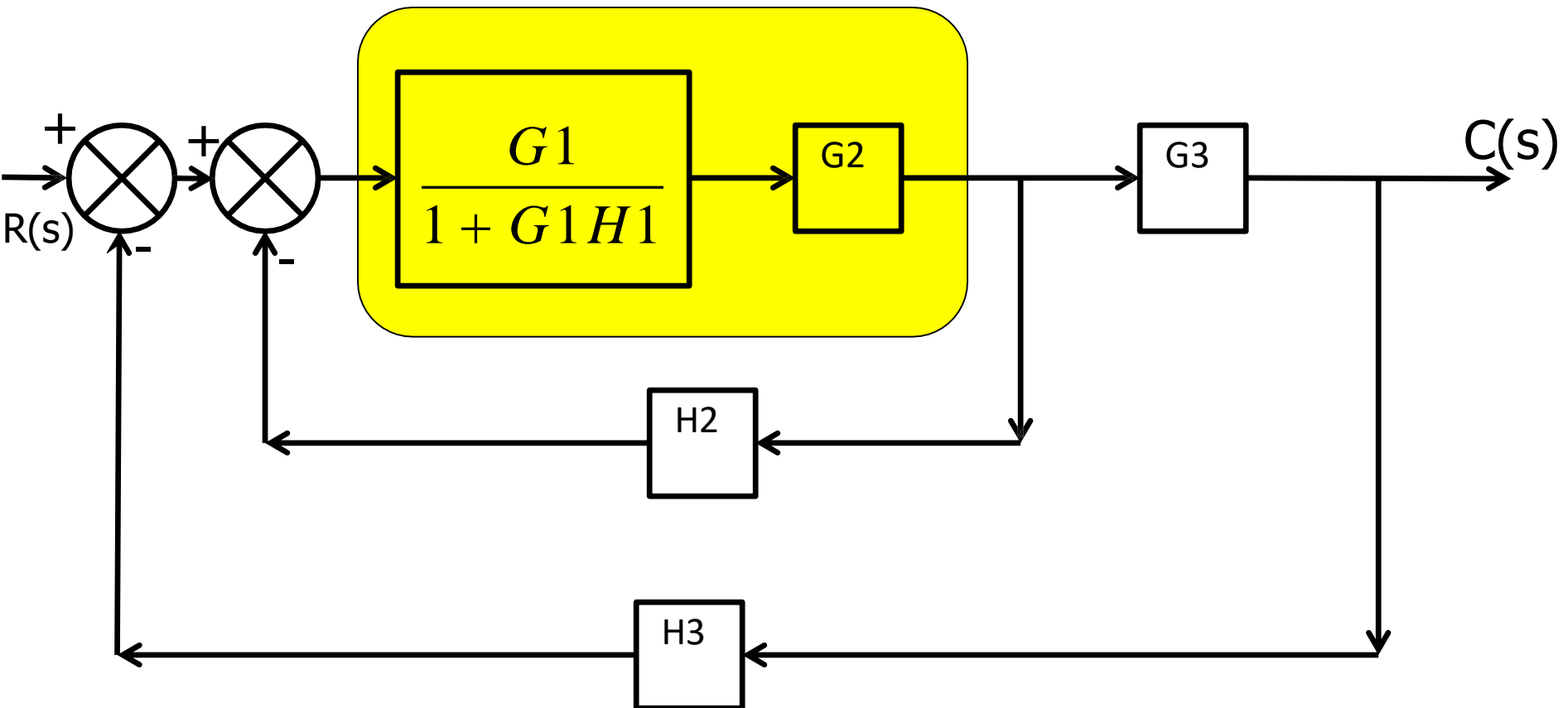
Apply rule 3  
Elimination of feedback loop



## Example 5

cont....

Apply rule 1    Blocks in series

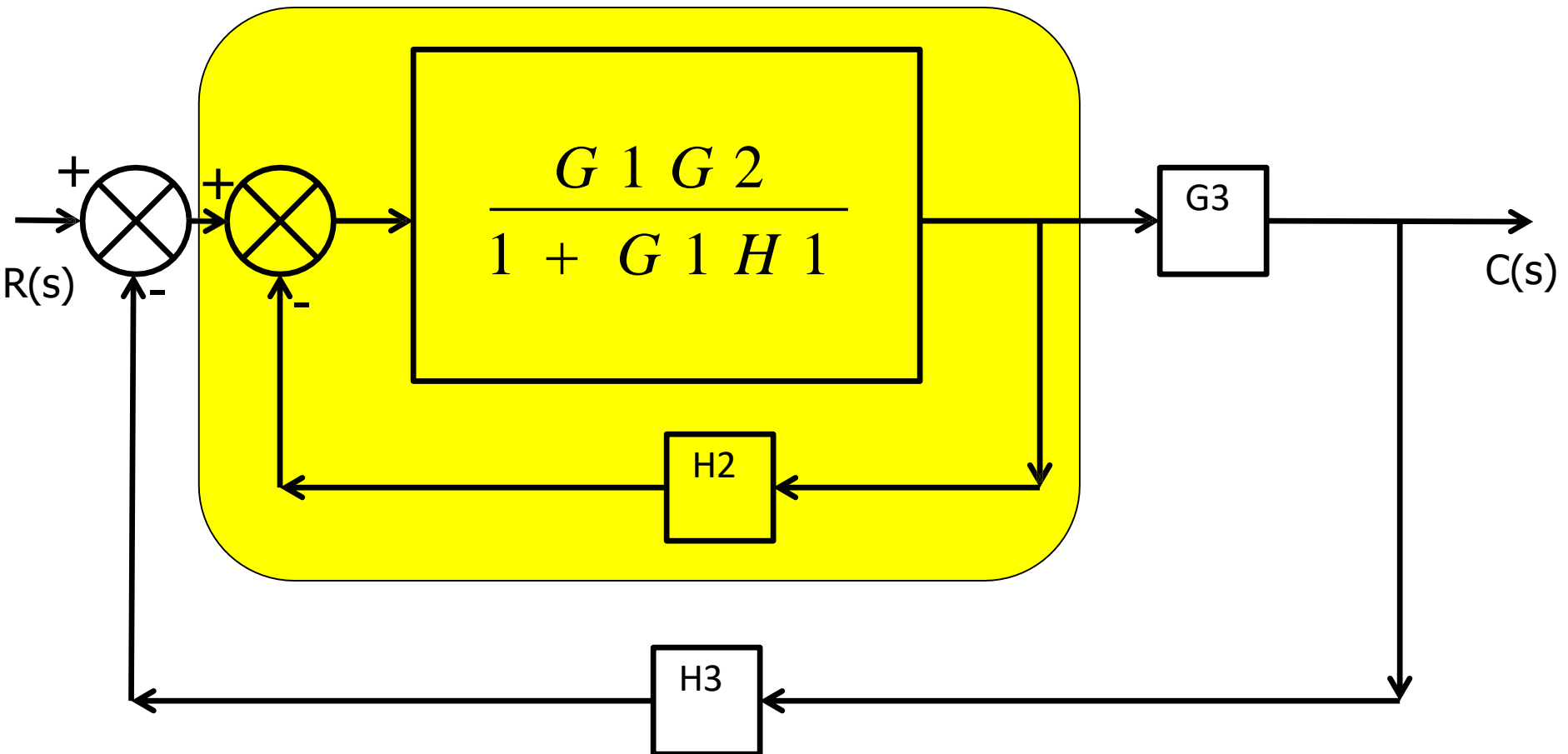


## Example 5

cont....

Apply rule 3

Elimination of feedback loop

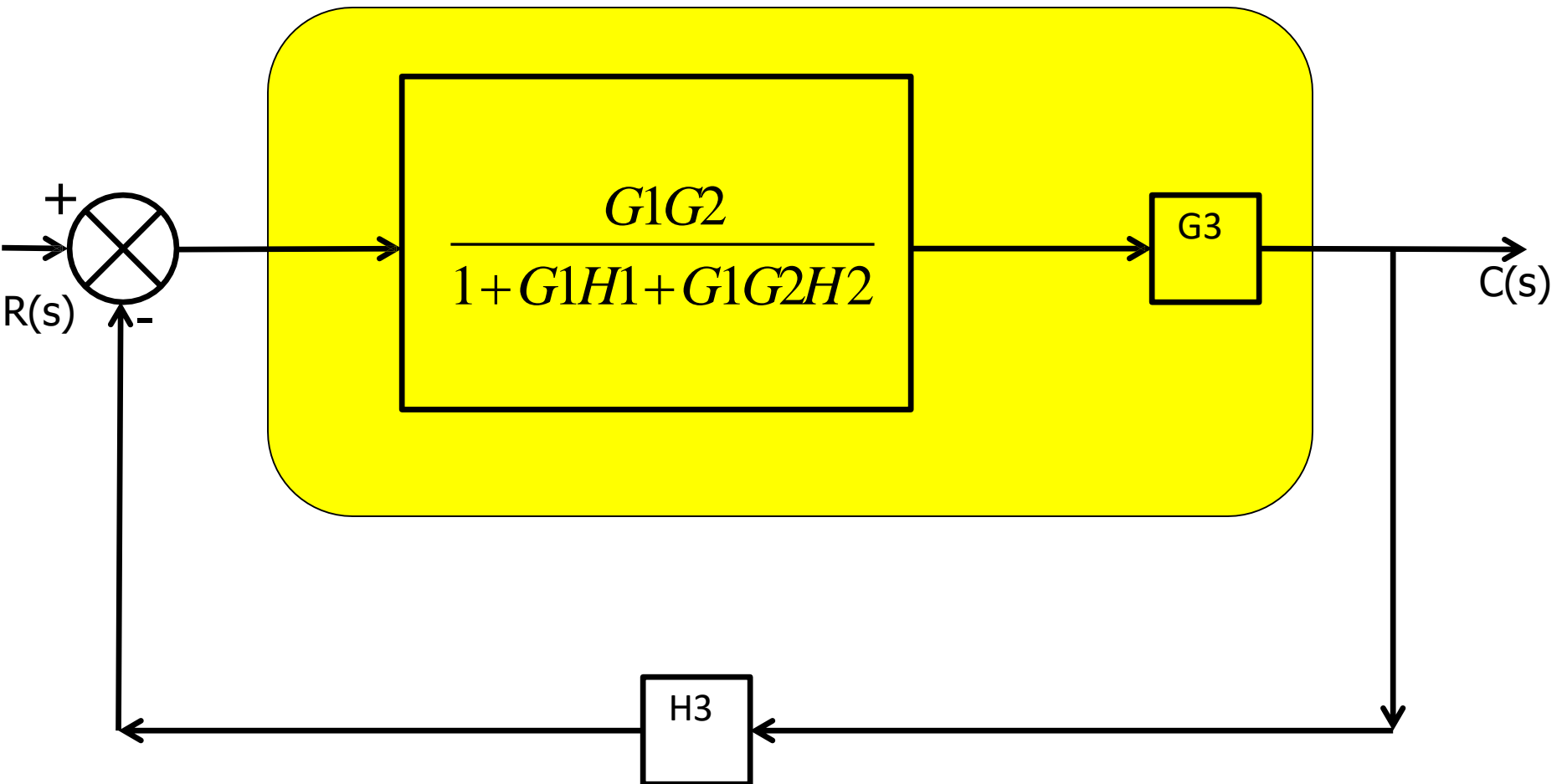


# Example 5

cont....

Apply rule 1

Blocks in series

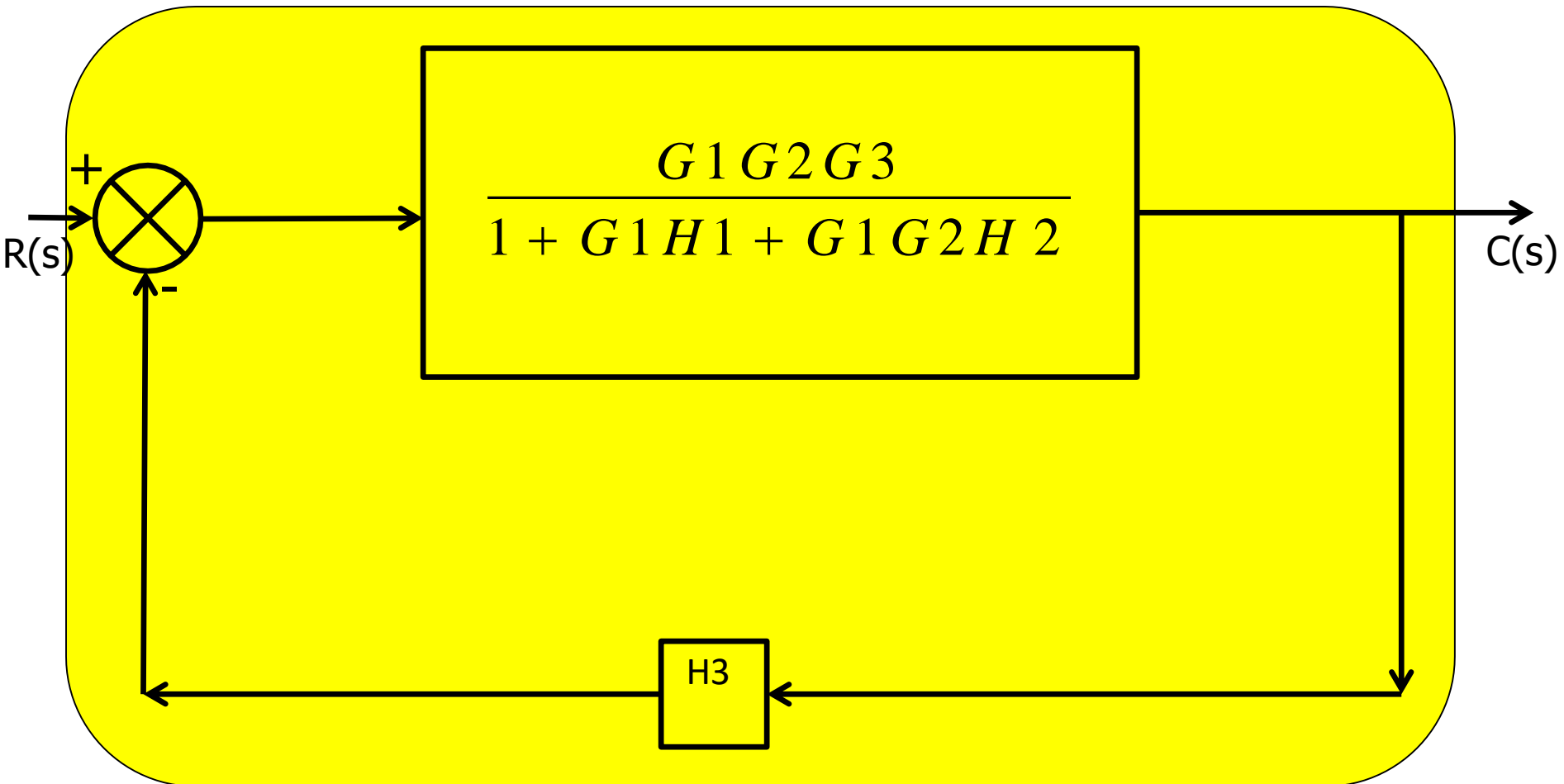


## Example 5

cont....

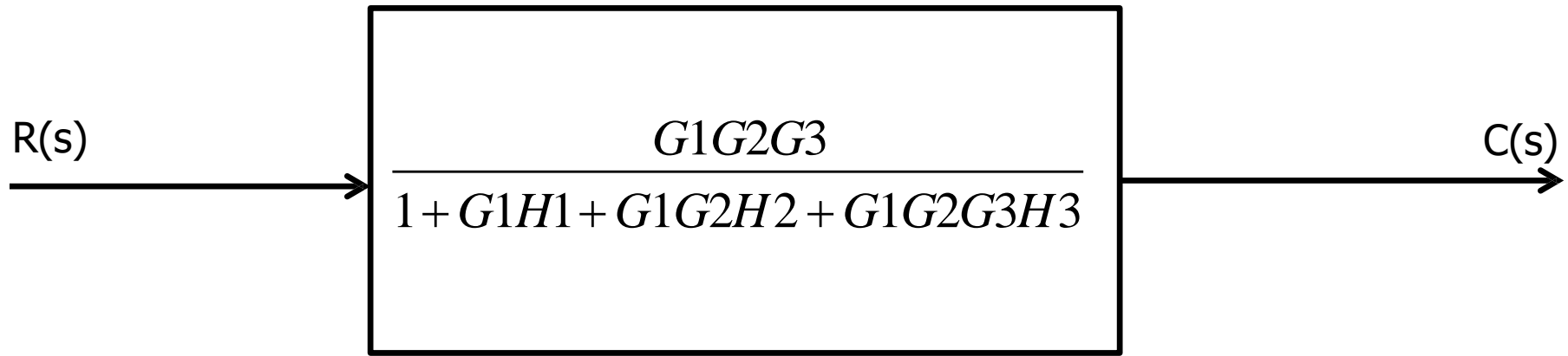
Apply rule 3

Elimination of feedback loop



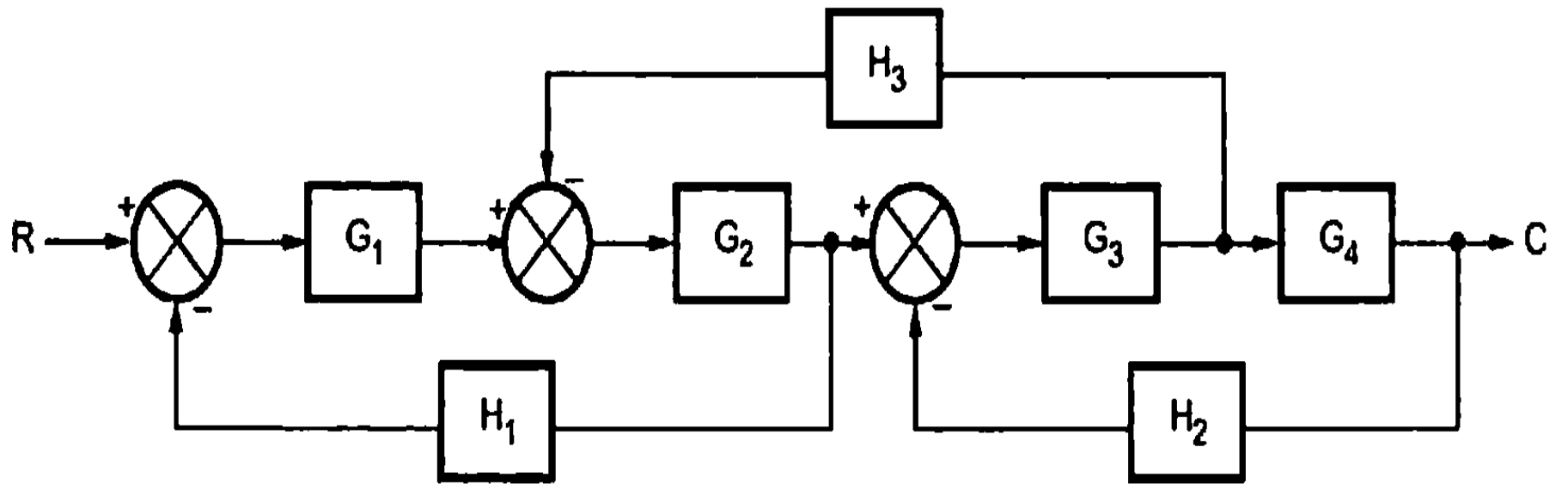
## Example 5

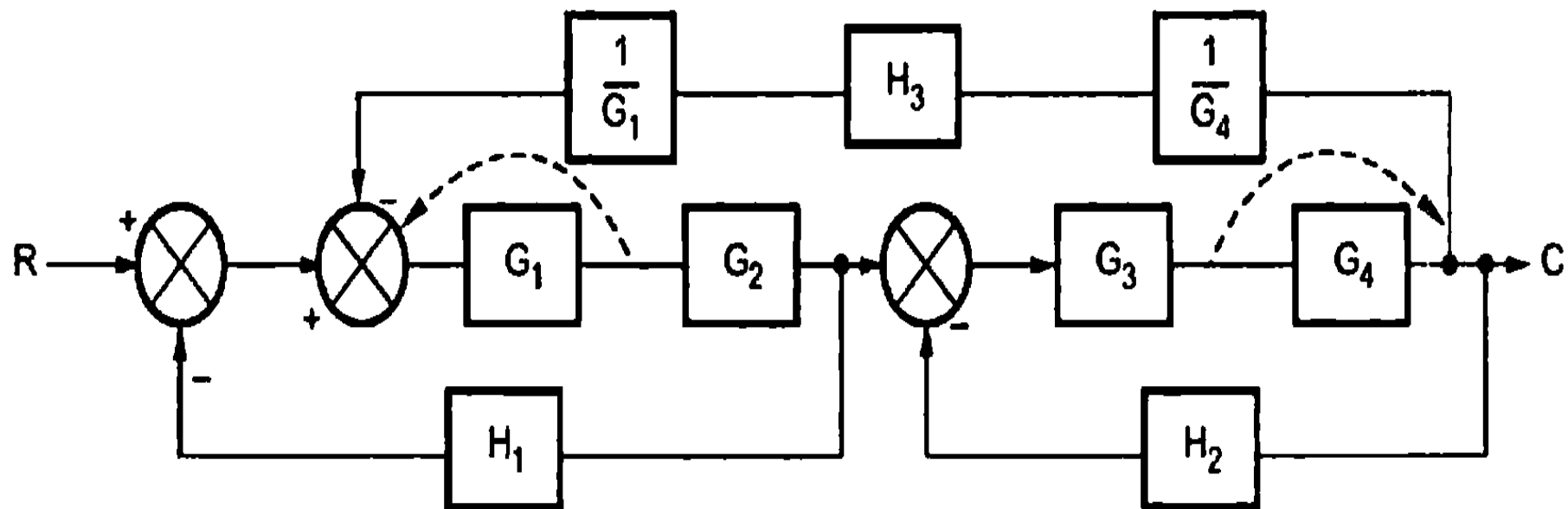
cont....



$$\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G_1 G_2 G_3}{1 + G_1 H_1 + G_1 G_2 H_2 + G_1 G_2 G_3 H_3}$$







# Thank You

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## Anuj Jain