

Q.1 For the circuit in Fig.1, find the value of R that results in $V_D = 0.7$ V. The MOSFET has $V_{tn} = 0.5$ V, $\mu_n C_{ox} = 0.4$ mA/V², $W/L = 0.72 \mu\text{m} / 0.18 \mu\text{m}$

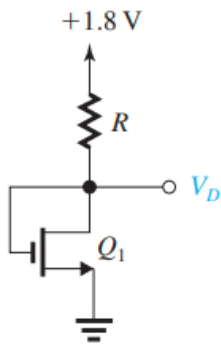


Fig.1

Q.2 Design the circuit to obtain a current I_D of 0.4 mA. Find the value required for R . Let the NMOS transistor have $V_{TH} = 2$ V, $\mu_n C_{OX} = 200 \mu\text{A/V}^2$, $L = 10 \mu\text{m}$ and $W = 100 \mu\text{m}$. Neglect channel length modulation effect.

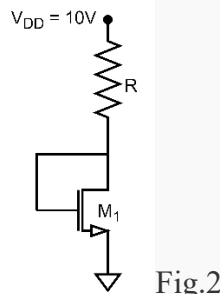


Fig.2

Q3. Consider a n-MOSFET as shown in figure below. What will be the change in I_D if V_{DD} changes from 3.3 to 1.8 V. Consider $V_{TH} = 0.5$ V and $\mu_n C_{ox} W/L = 100 \mu\text{A/V}^2$.

