# Lab: User Interface Testing - Selenium

May 2020

#### Let's create a User Interface project

- 1. Note: to run this lab Firefox needs to be installed in the local environment.
- 2. Open **PartsUnlimited** solution in Visual Studio 2019 (the project used for manual testing lab). See **image 1**.
- In Solution Explorer, right click PartsUnlimited > Add New Project...
- 4. Select MsTest Test Project C# (.net core). See image 2.
- 5. Enter project name **PartsUnlimited.SeleniumTests.** Click **Create**
- 6. In solution explorer, remove the file UnitTest1.cs

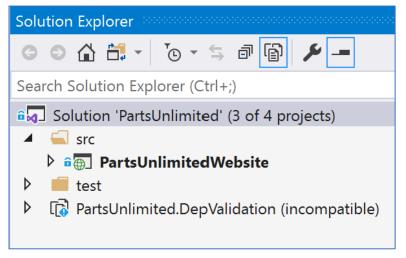


Image 1

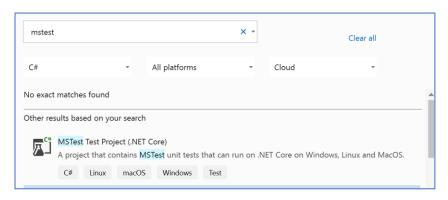


Image 2

## Let's add Selenium nuget package

- Under PartsUnlimited.SeleniumTests, right click Dependencies. Select Manage Nuget Packages...
- In Nuget Package Manager, select Browse tab. Search for Selenium.WebDriver.
- 9. Click **Selenium.WebDriver** item. Click **Install** button to add package to the project.



Image 3

### Let's add user interface tests

- 10. In solution explorer, right click PartsUnlimited.SeleniumTests. Select Add > Class... Name file PartsUnlimitedTests.cs.
- 11. Replace the content of the file with snippet 1 (snippets are located at workshop-testing\src\Snippets\selenium)
- 12. Look at Setup method. Firefox driver path is passed as a parameter for Firefox driver. The path is stored in an environment variable.

```
using System;
using Microsoft.VisualStudio.TestTools.UnitTesting;
using OpenQA.Selenium;
using System.Linq;
using OpenQA.Selenium.Firefox;
namespace PartsUnlimited.SeleniumTests
    [TestClass]
    0 references
    public class PartsUnlimitedTests
        static IWebDriver driver;
        [AssemblyInitialize]
        0 references
        public static void Setup(TestContext context)
            var path = Environment.GetEnvironmentVariable("GeckoWebDriver");
            driver = new FirefoxDriver(path);
        [AssemblyCleanup]
        0 references
        public static void Cleanup()
            driver.Quit();
```

snippet 1

#### Let's add environment variable

- 13. Create an environment variable with the name **GeckoWebDriver**. The path correspond to a folder where the web driver for Firefox exists in the system.
- 14. To add the driver to your local system, use the file **geckodriver.exe** in workshop-testing\src\driver and copy it to the path used for the environment variable.
- 15. See image 4

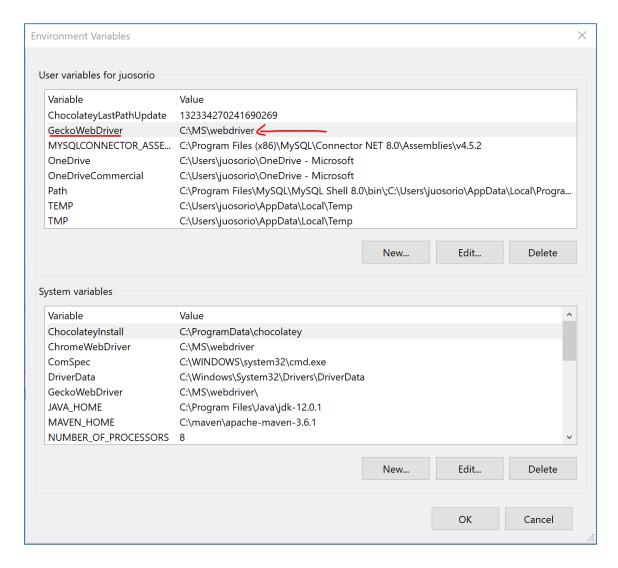


Image 4

#### Let's add user interface tests

- 16. In Visual Studio, open file **PartsUnlimitedTests.cs.** Add a method to the class using snippet 2.
- 17. This test method navigates to the local instance of PartsUnlimited web site, enters oil for search term and clicks to run a search. It verifies that 3 elements are found.
- 18. Replace <a href="http://localhost:1234/">http://localhost:1234/</a> with the address of your local instance for the project PartsUnlimited and save.
- 19. Build the solution in Visual Studio.
- 20. Open Test Explorer. Select the test **TestSearch** and run it. Make sure Partsunlimited website is running before executing the test.
- 21. Verify TestSearch is successful
- 22. To see the execution step by step, add a break point at the beginning of the method. Right click inside the method, select **Debug Test.** Move step by step with F11 key.

```
[TestMethod]
① | O references
public void TestSearch()
{
    driver.Navigate().GoToUrl("http://localhost:1234/");
    driver.FindElement(By.Id("search-box")).SendKeys("oil");
    driver.FindElement(By.Id("search-link")).Click();

    Assert.AreEqual(3, driver.FindElement(By.Id("search-page")).FindElements(By.ClassName("list-item-part")).Count);
}
```

#### Snippet 2

#### Let's add more user interface tests

- 23. Add another method to the class using snippet 3.
- 24. This new method test the shopping cart functionality.
- 25. Build the solution. Verify the new test shows up in **Test Explorer.**
- 26. Run the test step by step to see the execution in Firefox.

```
[TestMethod]

    0 references

public void TestShoppingCart()
   var homeUrl = "http://localhost:1234/";
   driver.Navigate().GoToUrl($"{homeUrl}/ShoppingCart");
   // check that the cart is empty
   var container = driver.FindElement(By.Id("shopping-cart-page"));
   Assert.AreEqual("Review your Cart", container.FindElement(By.TagName("h2")).Text);
   var empty = container.FindElement(By.Id("empty-cart"));
   Assert.IsNotNull(empty);
   // go to the first category
   driver.Navigate().GoToUrl($"{homeUrl}/Store/Browse?CategoryId=1");
   // find the 1st element
   var item = driver.FindElements(By.ClassName("list-item-part")).First();
   var itemName = item.FindElement(By.TagName("h4")).Text;
   var price = item.FindElement(By.TagName("h5")).Text;
   // naviate to the item
   item.FindElement(By.TagName("a")).Click();
   // add it to the cart - just comment
   driver.FindElement(By.ClassName("btn")).Click();
   // check the contents of the cart
   var cartContainer = driver.FindElement(By.Id("shopping-cart-page"));
   Assert.AreEqual("Review your Cart", cartContainer.FindElement(By.TagName("h2")).Text);
   var cartItems = driver.FindElements(By.ClassName("cart-item"));
   Assert.AreEqual(1, cartItems.Count);
   var cartItem = cartItems.First();
   Assert.IsTrue(cartItem.FindElements(By.TagName("a")).Any(e => e.Text == itemName));
   Assert.AreEqual(price, cartItem.FindElement(By.ClassName("item-price")).Text);
   Assert.AreEqual(price, cartContainer.FindElement(By.Id("cart-sub-total")).Text);
```

Snippet 2