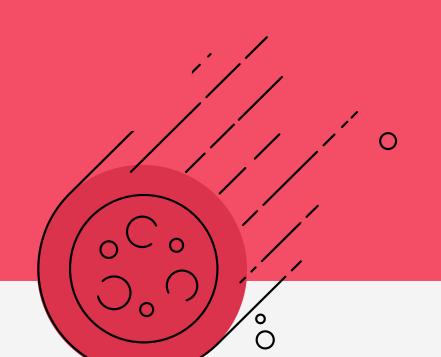


E-COMMERCE SALES CAPSTONE PROJECT

To perform deep data analysis using advanced MySQL queries and extract actionable insights to answer business questions related to sales performance, customer behavior, operational efficiency, and time trends.

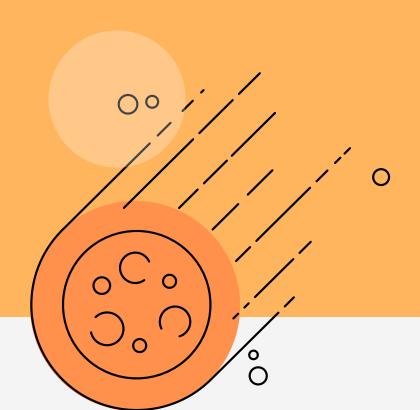


Problem Statement for SQL

1 Write a query to calculate total sales revenue per category, sub-category, and region.

2 Identify the top 5 best-selling products by both sales revenue and quantity sold.

Find the most loyal customers by calculating their purchase frequency and total spend



Problem Statement for SQL

4 Identify customers with the highest average order value (AOV).

Analyze delivery performance by calculating the average delivery time by region.

6 Identify regions or products with the highest canceled rates.



Write a query to find the monthly sales trend for the last two years.

8 Analyze the seasonality of sales to identify peak months.

9 Use window functions to rank products based on their sales within each category

10 Calculate month-to-date (MTD) and year-to-date (YTD) sales metrics.

Sales Performance Analysis:

Write a query to calculate total sales revenue per category, sub-category, and region.

```
SELECT
   p.product category AS category,
   p.product_id as sub_category,
    s.seller_state AS region,
   ROUND(SUM(oi.price), 2) AS revenue
FROM
   order_items AS oi
        JOIN
    products AS p ON oi.product_id = p.product_id
        JOIN
   orders AS o ON o.order_id = oi.order_id
        JOIN
   sellers AS s ON s.seller_id = oi.seller_id
WHERE
   o.order_status != 'canceled'
GROUP BY p.product_category, p.product_id, s.seller_state
ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```

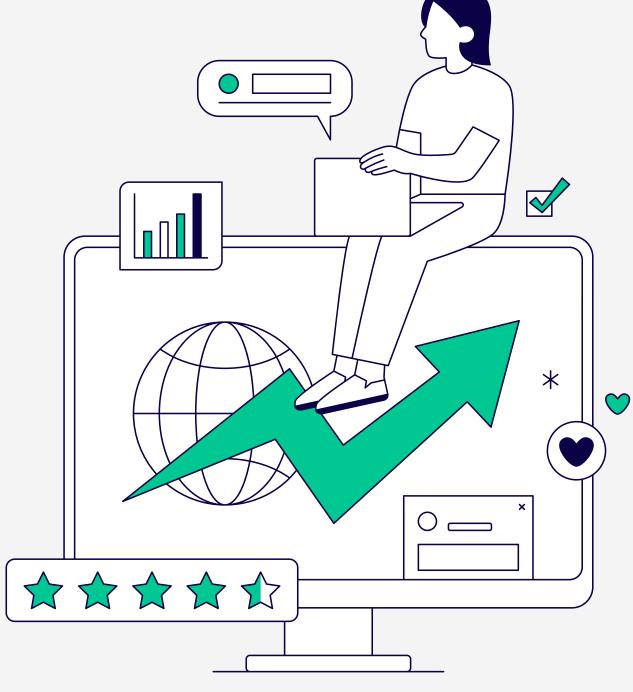


Sales Performance Analysis:

Identify the top 5 best-selling products by both

sales revenue and quantity sold.

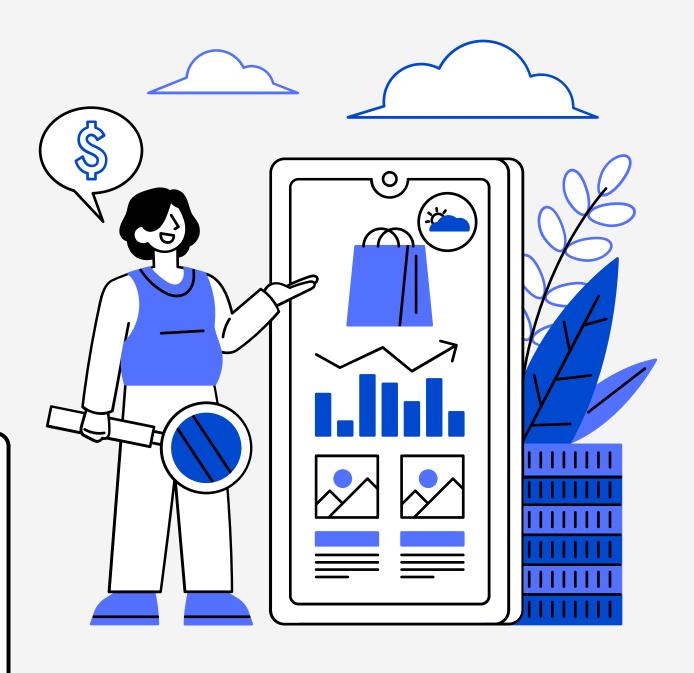
```
SELECT
    p.product_id,
    ROUND(SUM(oi.price), 2) AS revenue,
    SUM(p.product_photos_qty) AS total_quantity_sold
FROM
    order_items AS oi
        JOIN
    products AS p ON oi.product id = p.product id
        JOIN
    orders AS o ON o.order_id = oi.order_id
WHERE
    o.order_status != 'canceled'
GROUP BY p.product id
ORDER BY revenue DESC , total_quantity_sold DESC
LIMIT 5;
```



Customer Insights

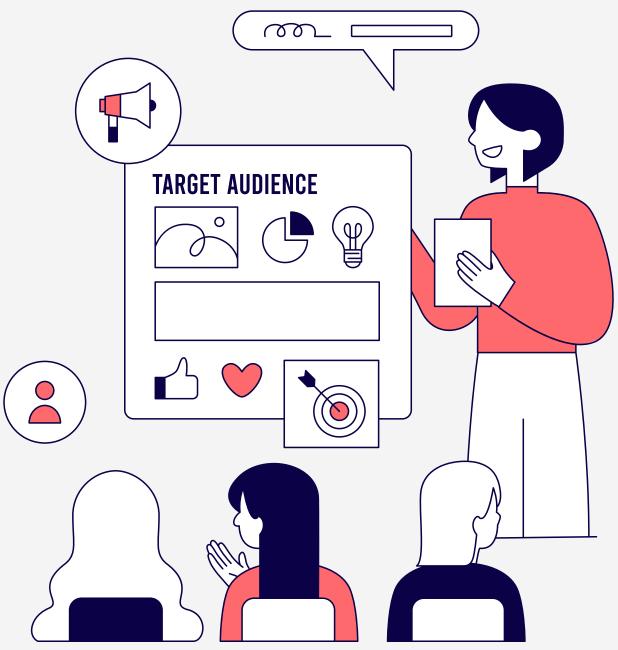
Identify customers with the highest average order value (AOV).

```
SELECT
    o.customer_id, AVG(p.payment_value) AS average_order_value
FROM
    orders AS o
        JOIN
    payments AS p ON o.order_id = p.order_id
GROUP BY o.customer_id
ORDER BY average_order_value DESC;
```



Operational Efficiency (By Region):

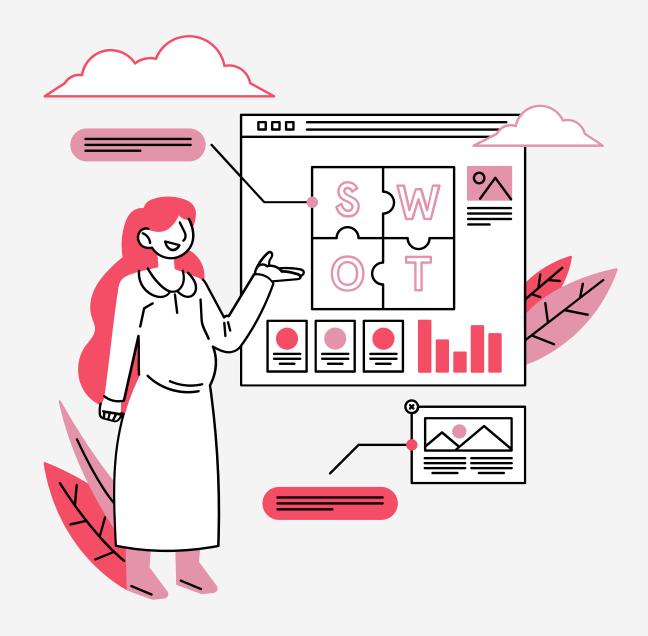
Analyze delivery performance by calculating the average delivery time by region



Operational Efficiency (By Region):

Identify regions or products with the highest canceled rates

```
SELECT A.regions, A.total order, B.total return, ((B.total return/A.total order)*100) as return rates
FROM
(SELECT s.seller state AS regions, count(o.order id) AS total order
FROM orders AS o
JOIN order items AS oi
ON o.order_id = oi.order_id
JOIN sellers AS s
ON oi.seller id = s.seller id
GROUP BY s.seller_state) AS A
JOIN
(SELECT s.seller_state AS regions, count(o.order_id) AS total_return
FROM orders AS o
JOIN order items AS oi
ON o.order id = oi.order id
JOIN sellers AS s
ON oi.seller id = s.seller id
WHERE o.order_status = "canceled" OR o.order_status = "unavailable"
GROUP BY s.seller state) AS B
ON A.regions = B.regions
ORDER BY return rates DESC;
```



Date and Time Analytics:

Write a query to find the monthly sales trend for the last two years.

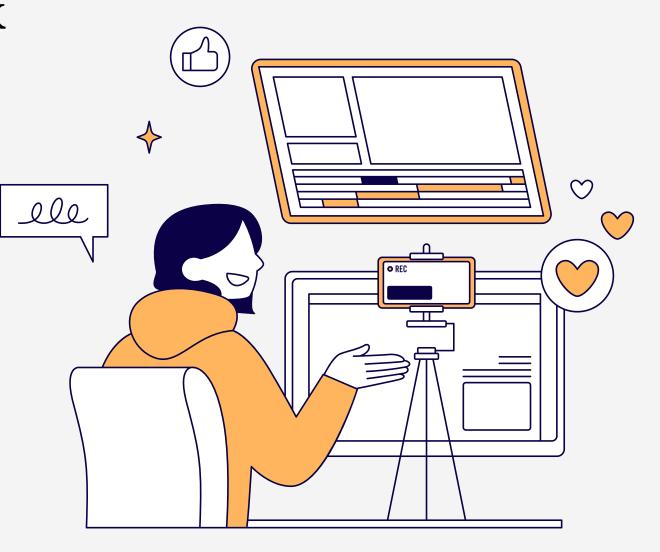
```
SELECT
   EXTRACT(YEAR FROM o.order_purchase_timestamp) AS year,
   EXTRACT(MONTH FROM o.order_purchase_timestamp) AS month,
   SUM(oi.price)
FROM
   orders AS o
        JOIN
   order items AS oi ON o.order id = oi.order id
WHERE
   EXTRACT(YEAR FROM o.order purchase timestamp) = 2017
       OR EXTRACT(YEAR FROM o.order purchase timestamp) = 2018
GROUP BY EXTRACT(YEAR FROM o.order purchase timestamp),
EXTRACT(MONTH FROM o.order purchase timestamp)
ORDER BY year DESC, month DESC;
```



Date and Time Analytics:

Analyze the seasonality of sales to identify peak months.

```
SELECT
    EXTRACT(MONTH FROM o.order_purchase_timestamp) AS month,
    SUM(oi.price) AS total_sales,
    AVG(oi.price) AS avg_sales,
    COUNT(DISTINCT EXTRACT(YEAR FROM o.order_purchase_timestamp)) AS total_year
FROM
    orders AS o
        JOIN
    order_items AS oi ON o.order_id = oi.order_id
GROUP BY EXTRACT(MONTH FROM o.order_purchase_timestamp)
HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT EXTRACT(YEAR FROM o.order_purchase_timestamp)) >= 2
ORDER BY total_sales DESC;
```



Advanced SQL Queries:

Use window functions to rank products based on their sales within each category.

```
WITH a AS (SELECT p.product_category, round(sum(oi.price),2) AS sales
FROM order_items AS oi
JOIN products AS p
ON oi.product_id = p.product_id
GROUP BY p.product_category)

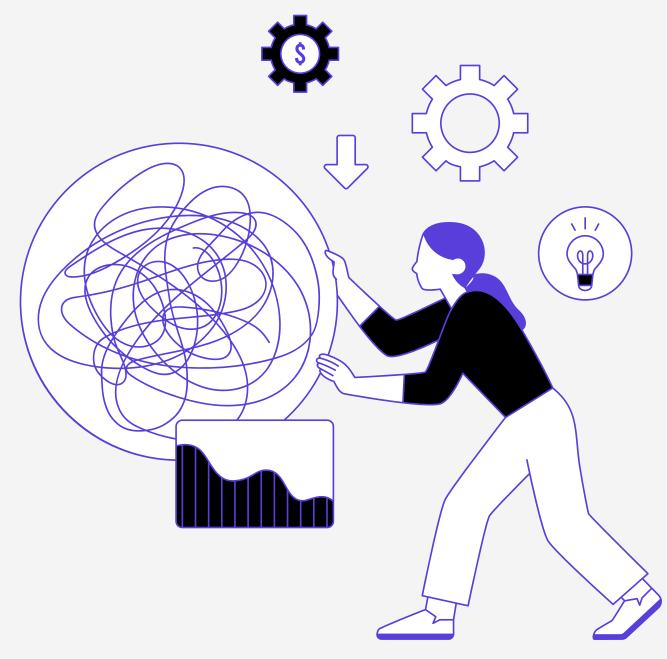
SELECT *,
RANK() OVER(ORDER BY sales DESC) AS rn
FROM a;
```



Advanced SQL Queries

Calculate month-to-date (MTD) and year-to-date (YTD) sales metrics.

```
# Calculate month-to-date (MTD) and year-to-date (YTD) sales metrics.
-- The delivered customer date has multiple enteries for a particular date,
-- SO we will make use of Rows parameter with (unbounded precedings and current row) as YTD Frame
select
    oi.order id,
    date(o.order delivered customer date) as dates ,
    year(o.order_delivered_customer_date) as years ,
    month(o.order_delivered_customer_date) as months ,
    oi.price,
    sum(oi.price) over(partition by year(o.order_delivered_customer_date)
                       order by date(o.order delivered customer date)) as YTD,
    sum(oi.price) over(partition by year(o.order delivered customer date)
                       order by date(o.order_delivered_customer_date)
    Rows between unbounded preceding and current row) as YTD Frame,
    sum(oi.price) over(partition by month(o.order_delivered_customer_date)
                       order by date(o.order_delivered_customer_date)) as MTD,
    sum(oi.price) over(partition by month(o.order_delivered_customer_date)
                       order by date(o.order_delivered_customer_date)
    Rows between unbounded preceding and current row) as MTD Frame
from order items oi
join orders o
on o.order id = oi.order id
where date(o.order_delivered_customer_date) is not null;
```



E-COMMERCE TARGET SALES POWER BI DASHBOARD & INSIGHTS

Presenting the Dashboard for the Target Sales Company



Sales Performance

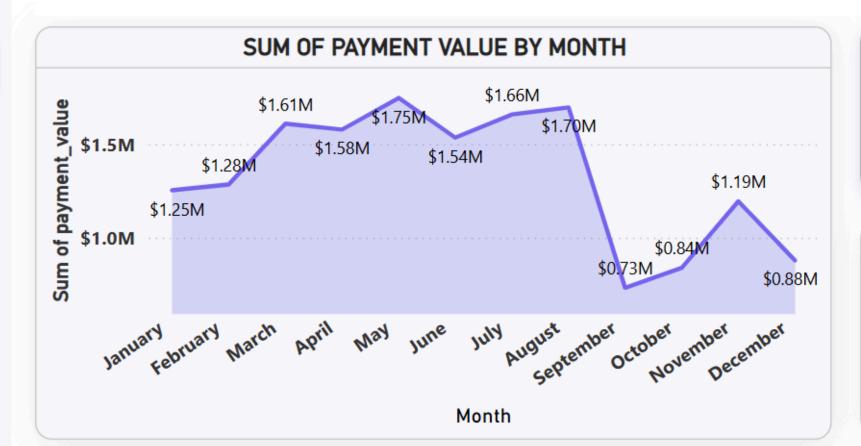


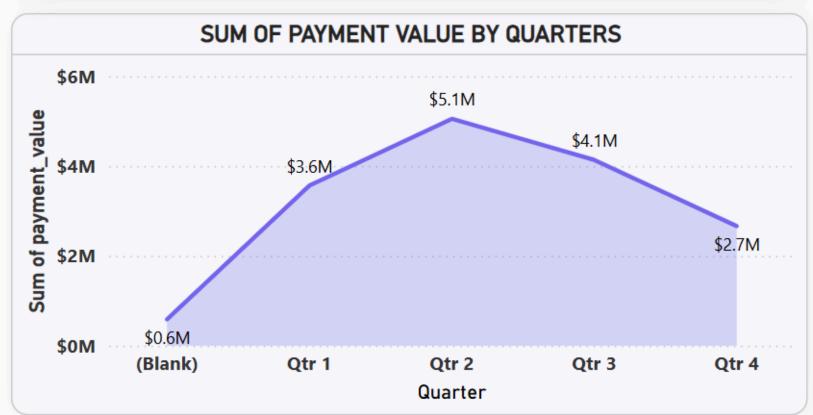












TOTAL SALES

\$16.01M

Total Sales Revenue

Northeast

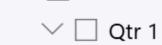
South

AVERAGE VALUE PER ORDER

\$154.1003...

Average of payment_value





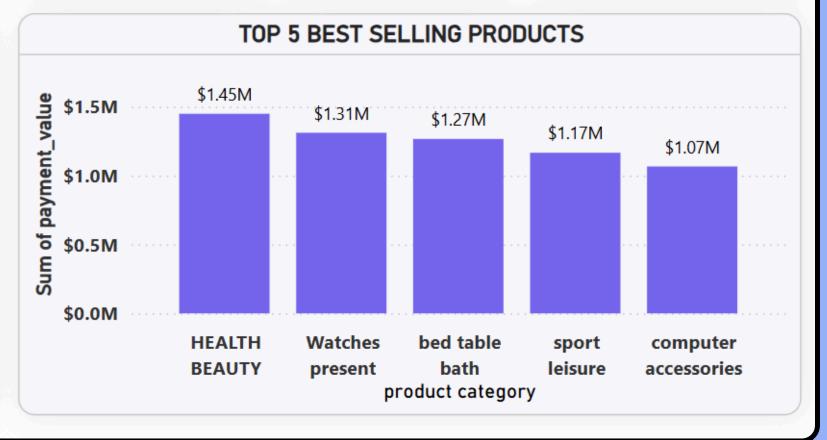






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Customer Insights

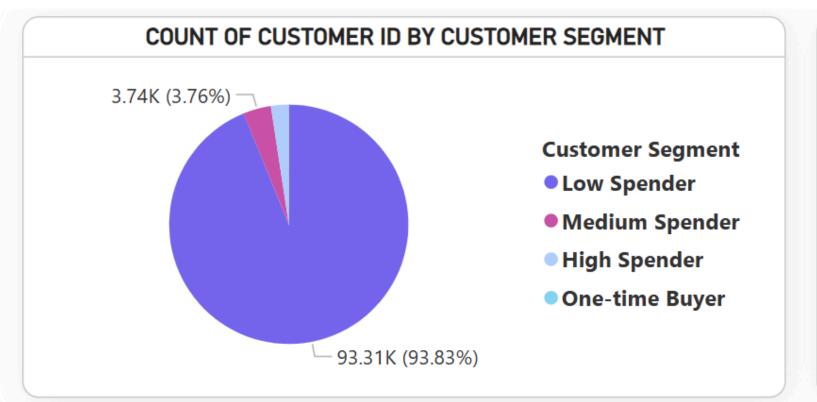




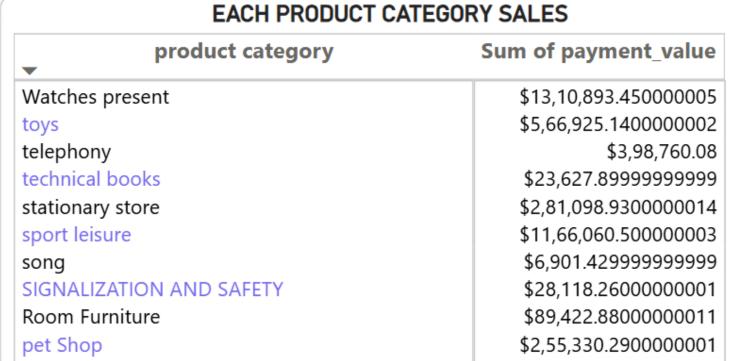


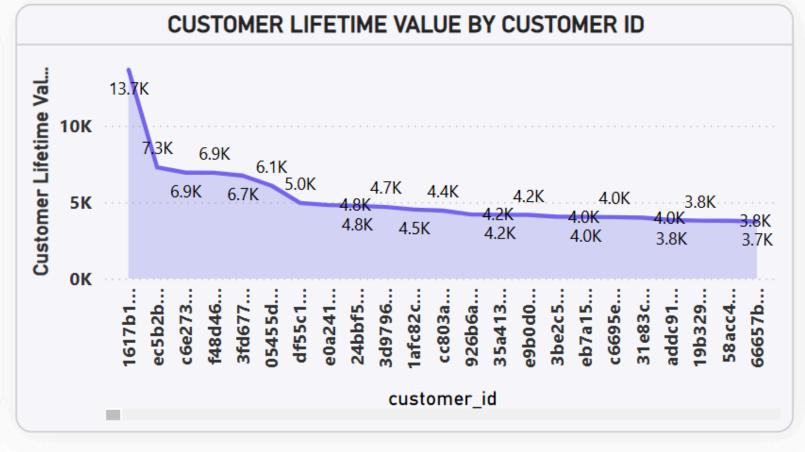












Regional Analysis as per Operational Efficiency 2

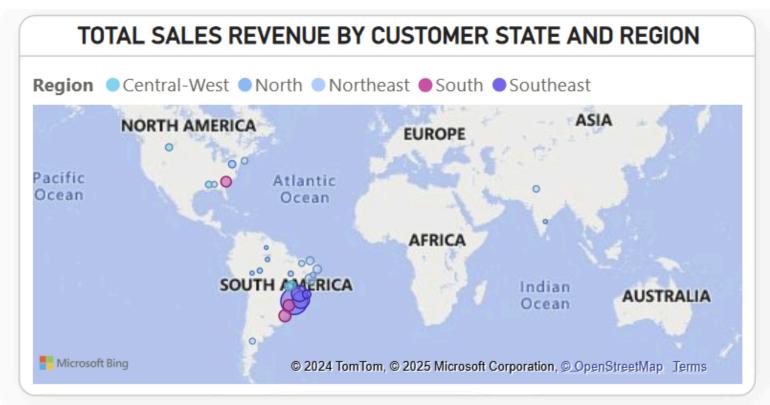


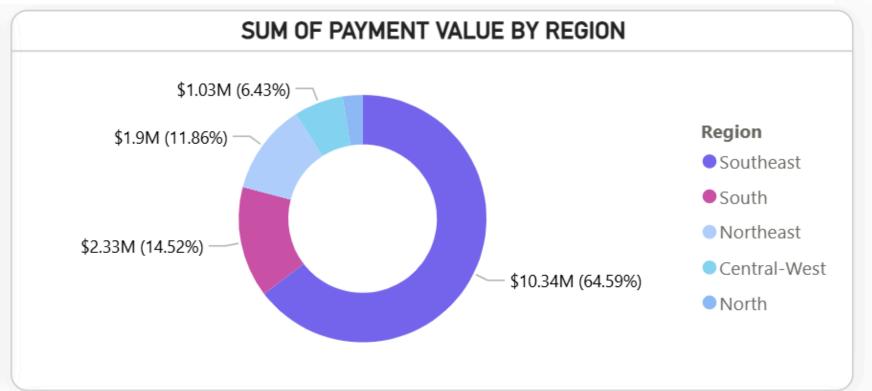


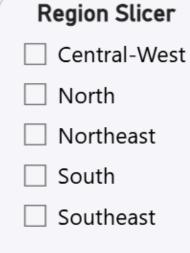


















Delivery Time Analysis

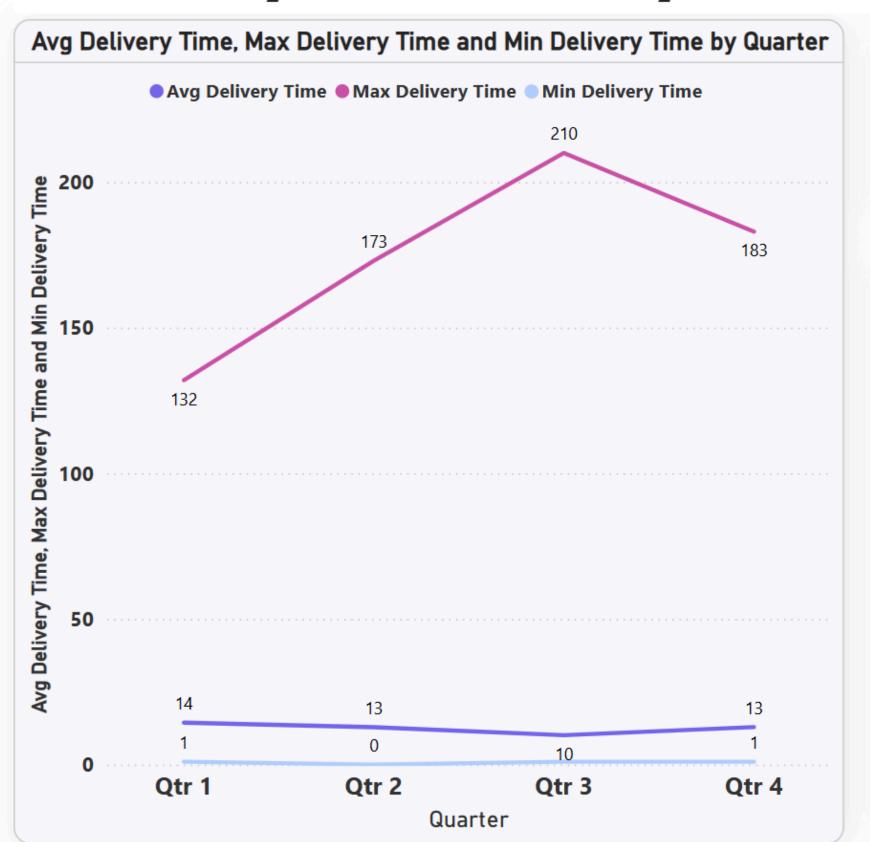


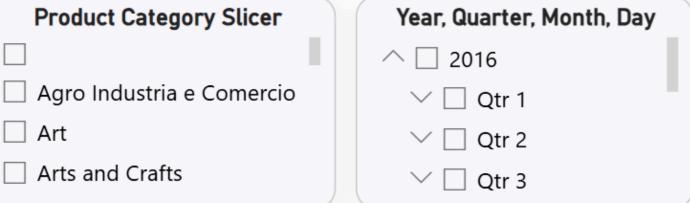


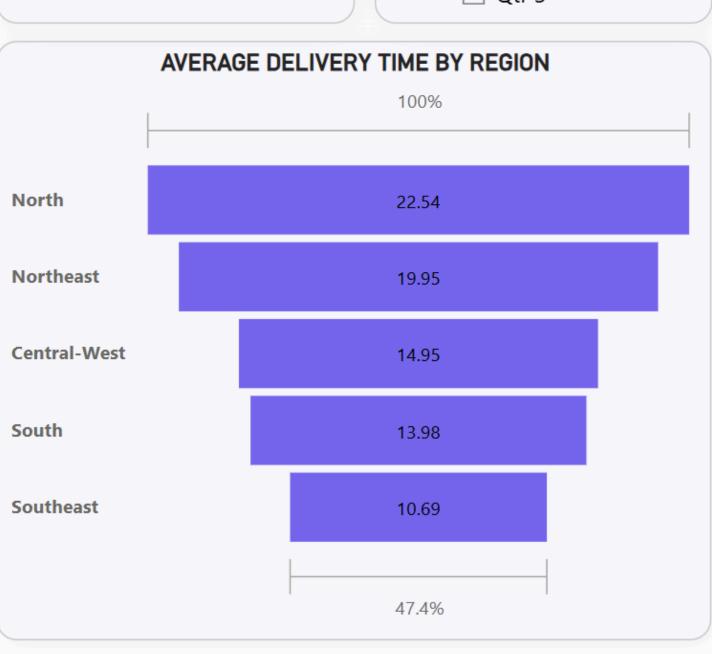












Sales Performance

Monthly Trends:

Sales peaked in July (1.7M) but dropped significantly in Q4, with December being the lowest-performing month (0.88M).

Quarterly Trends:

Q2 generated the highest sales (5.1M), followed by Q3 (4.1M). Q4 had the lowest contribution (2.7M).

Best-Selling Products:

Top categories include Health Beauty (1.45M) and Watches Present (1.31M), highlighting potential focus areas for promotions.

Average Order Value:

The average order value stands at 154.10, indicating customer purchase behavior and potential upselling opportunities.



Sales Customer Insights:

Customer Segments:

93.83% of customers are low spenders. This suggests a significant portion of the audience focuses on smaller transactions.

Returned Orders:

The "Sport Leisure" and "Housewares" categories have the highest returns, with 47 and 37 returns, respectively. Addressing product quality or return policies may help reduce these numbers.

Customer Lifetime Value (CLV):

A small subset of customers drives higher lifetime value (e.g., the highest CLV is 13.7K), indicating potential for loyalty programs targeting this segment.

Cassandra Romaine

"I couldn't be happier with my online shopping experience"



Idris Lettuce "The product

"The product exceeded my expectations".

Vanessa Arugula

"Carefully packaged, item came as described".

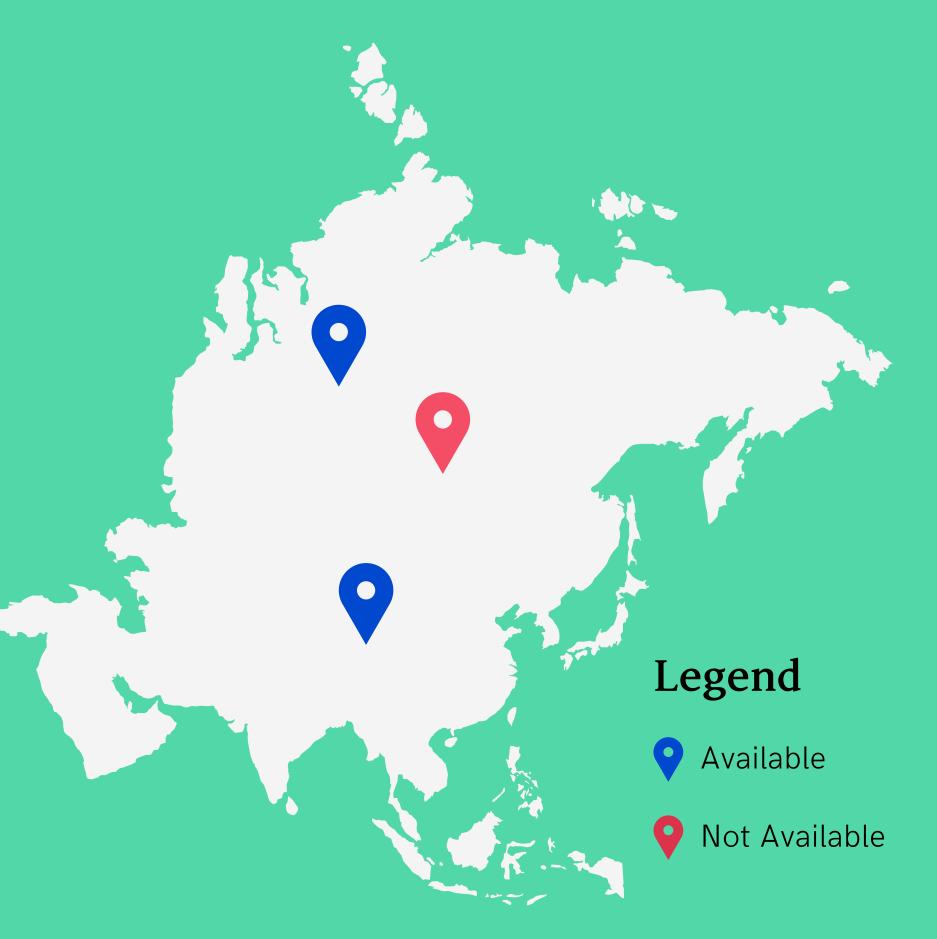
Regional Analysis

Sales by Region:

The North region dominates with 64.59% of total payment value (10.34M). The Southeast and South regions contribute less significantly (6.43% and 11.86%, respectively).

Returned Orders by Region:

North America sees the highest returns, possibly due to operational issues or misalignment with customer expectations.



Delivery Time Trend Analysis

Seasonal Declines:

There's a noticeable drop in sales from September onward, with a dramatic decrease in October.

Strategic holiday promotions in Q4 could help mitigate this decline.

Consistency:

Despite the drop in Q4, Health Beauty products maintain strong sales, indicating steady demand even during off-peak times.



Delivery Time Trend Analysis

Delivery Times:

The North region has the longest average delivery time (22.5 days), while the Southeast region performs best with the shortest average delivery time (10.7 days).

Trends by Quarter:

Average delivery time increased sharply in Q2 (210 days max), pointing to potential logistical inefficiencies during this period.



Call to Action

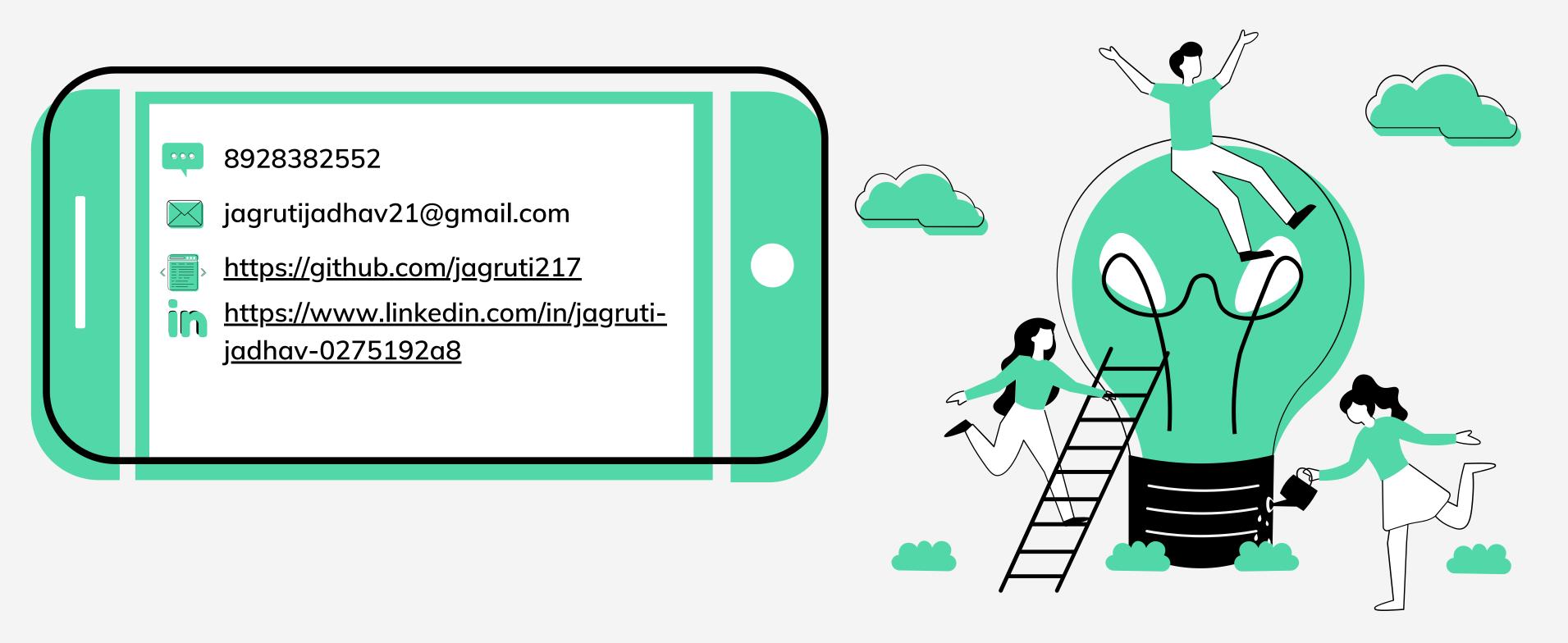
As a data enthusiast, I am passionate about turning raw data into actionable insights that drive business growth. My focus lies in identifying trends, solving problems, and making data-backed decisions.

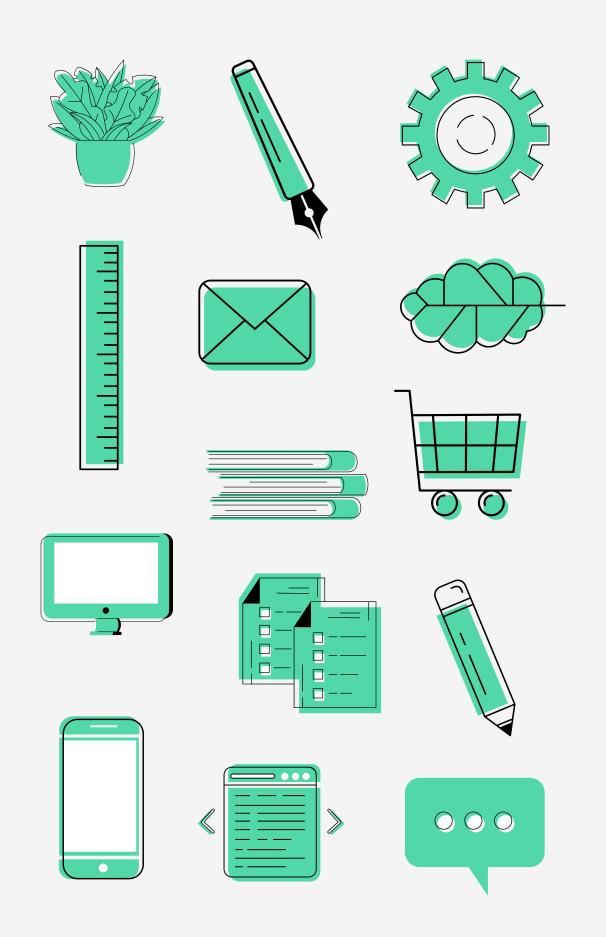
As a proactive learner with a keen eye for detail, I am eager to apply my analytical skills to real-world challenges while continuously expanding my knowledge to add value to any organization.

Let's connect and explore how I can bring fresh perspectives to your team!



Contact Me!





THANK YOU FOR

