

Q.9.

$$R_2 = \frac{2V}{250\mu A} = 8K\Omega$$

$$V_{DS} = V_{R1} = \frac{V_{DD} - 2V}{2} = \frac{12V - 2V}{2} = 5V$$

$$R_1 = \frac{V_{R1}}{I_{DS}} = \frac{5V}{250\mu A} = 20K\Omega$$

$$V_G = \frac{R_3}{R_3 + R_4} \cdot V_{DD} = V_G \cdot R_4 = \frac{R_3 R_4}{R_3 + R_4} V_{DD} = R_{eq} \cdot V_{DD}$$

$$R_4 = \frac{V_{DD}}{V_G} \cdot R_{eq}$$

Assuming Sat : $I_{DS} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot k_p \cdot \frac{W}{L} V_{GT}^2 = \frac{1}{2} k_p \cdot \frac{W}{L} (V_{GS} - V_{th})^2$

$$V_G = V_{GS} + V_S = 3V + 2V = 5V = V_G$$

$$R_4 = \frac{V_{DD}}{V_G} \cdot R_{eq} = \frac{12V}{5} \cdot 250K\Omega = 600K\Omega$$

$$R_3 = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_{eq}} - \frac{1}{R_4}} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{250K\Omega} - \frac{1}{600K\Omega}} = 428.57K\Omega$$

$$R_1 = 20K\Omega, R_2 = 8K\Omega, R_3 = 428.57K\Omega, R_4 = 600K\Omega$$

