

Digital Communications SSY125, Lecture 1

The Big Picture

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The communication problem

The fundamental problem of communication is that of reproducing at one point either exactly or approximately a message selected at another point. Frequently the messages have meaning

—Claude Shannon, A Mathematical Theory of Communication (1948)



Digital communications is at the basis of the modern society

Digital communications is everywhere



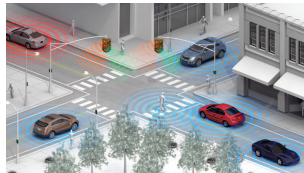
Digital communications is everywhere



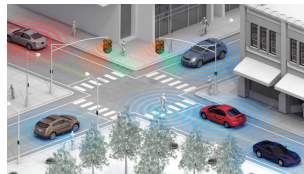
Digital communications is everywhere



Digital communications is everywhere



Digital communications is everywhere



The communication problem



audio, video
digital data

The communication problem



audio, video

digital data

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The communication problem

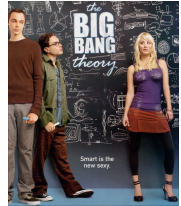


audio, video
digital data

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satellite link,
fiber, wireless link,
hard-disk drive



The communication problem

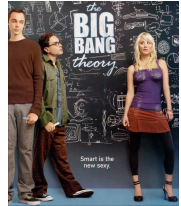


audio, video
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fiber, wireless link,
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Errors may occur during transmission!

Some fundamental questions...



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digital data

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hard-disk drive



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Some fundamental questions...

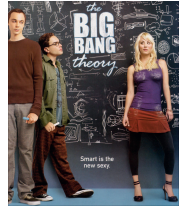


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How do we measure **information**?

Some fundamental questions...



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How do we measure **information**?

How can we represent the information of the source **efficiently**?

Some fundamental questions...



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How do we measure **information**?

How can we represent the information of the source **efficiently**?

Can we transmit **reliably** over a **non-reliable** (noisy) channel?

Some fundamental questions...



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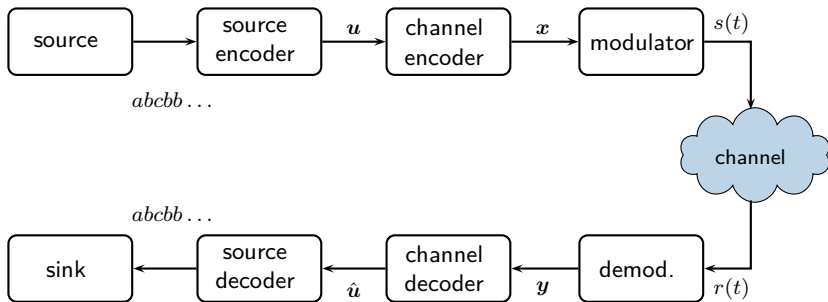
How do we measure **information**?

How can we represent the information of the source **efficiently**?

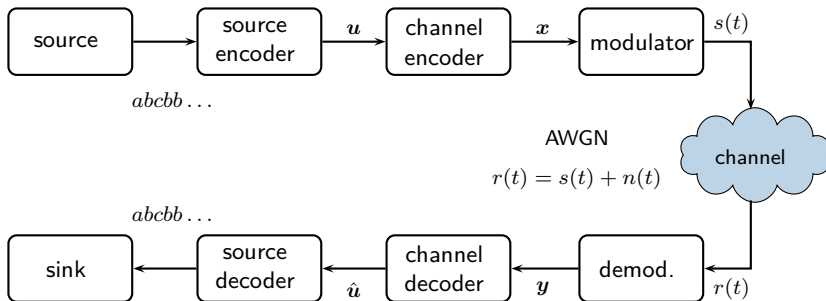
Can we transmit **reliably** over a **non-reliable** (noisy) channel?

How much **information** can we transmit **reliably** through the channel?

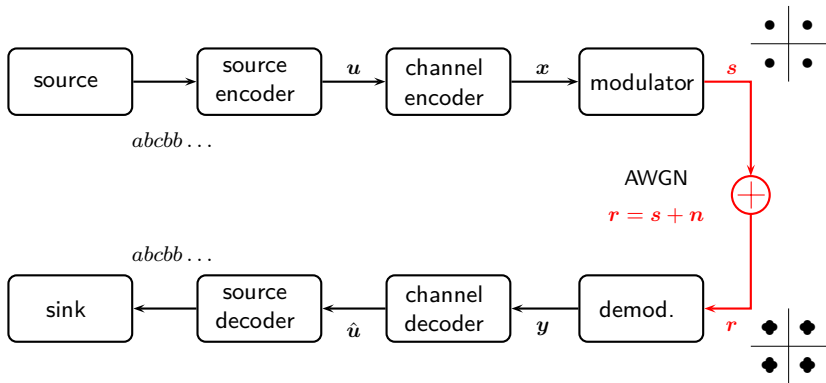
Shannon's communication model



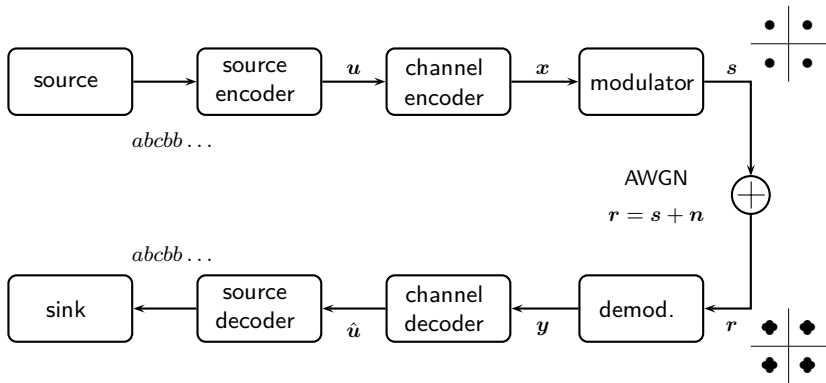
Shannon's communication model



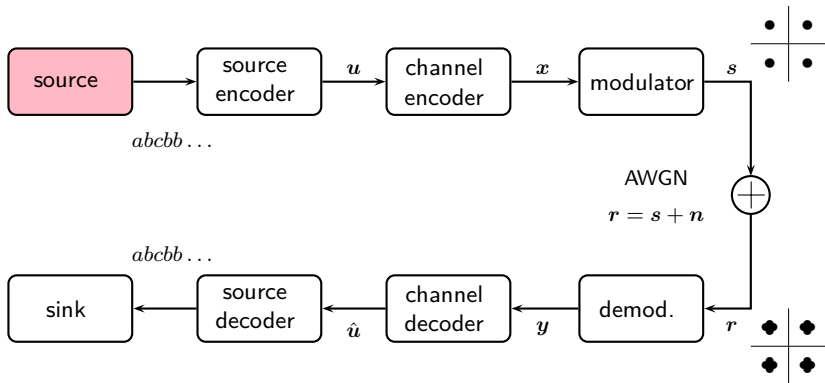
Shannon's communication model



Shannon's communication model

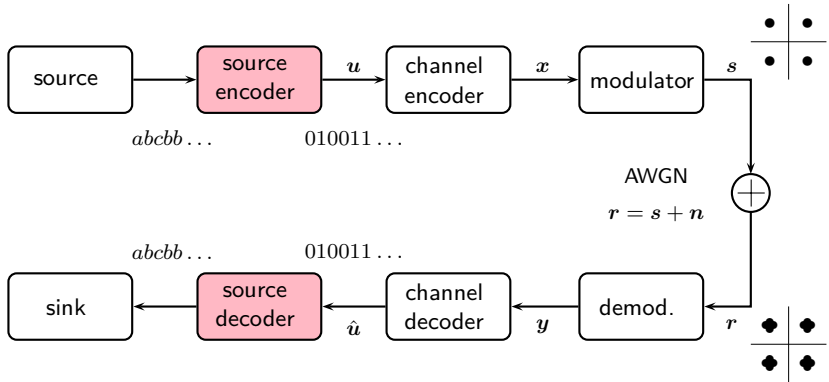


Shannon's communication model



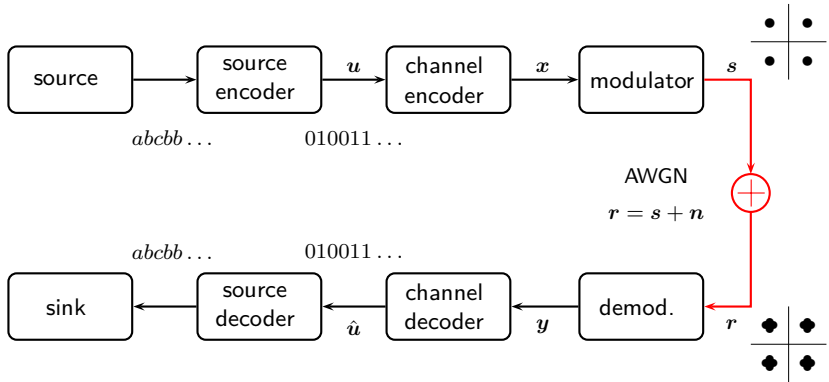
How do we measure **information**? Definition of information (**Lecture 2**)

Shannon's communication model



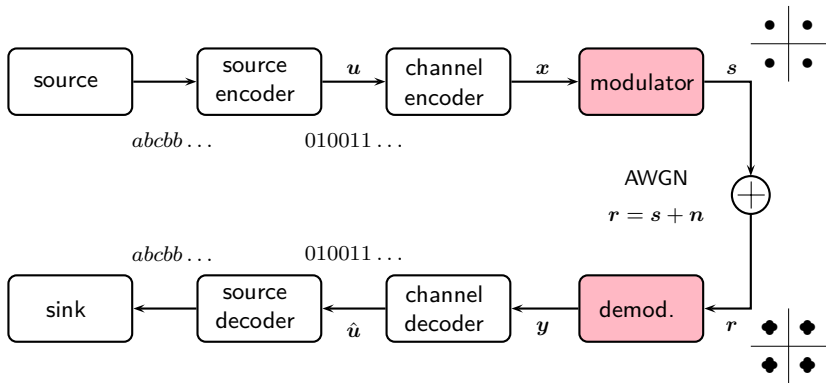
How do we represent the information at the output of the source
efficiently? Source compression (Lectures 2, 3, and 4)

Shannon's communication model



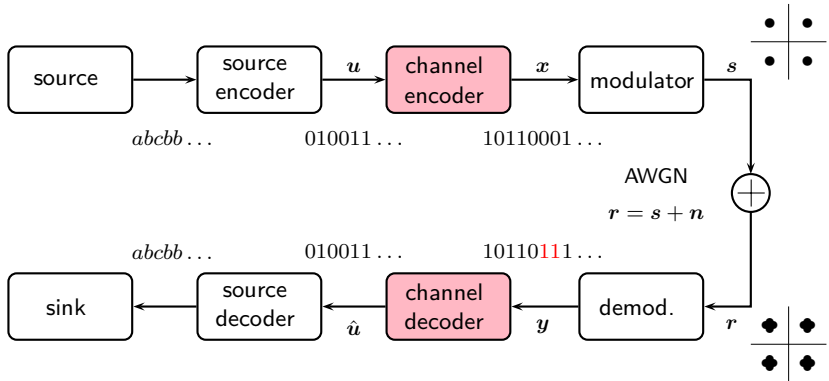
How much information we can **communicate reliably** through the channel? **Channel capacity** (Lectures 5 and 6)

Shannon's communication model



Uncoded transmission with linear modulation: a benchmark (Lecture 7)

Shannon's communication model



How do we achieve the channel capacity in practice?

Channel coding (Lectures 8 to 14)

More than communication and storage

The concepts introduced in this course extend beyond **communication** and **storage**

Coding plays a key role in:

- Distributed computing
- Decentralized learning
- DNA storage
- Distributed storage and caching
- Quantum key distribution
- Post-quantum cryptography
- Privacy and security
- Uncoordinated multiple access, ...