Homework 3

Due Date: Oct. 4, 2023

Problem 1 (Closest Neighbour Approximation for the SER and the BER)

Consider a square 16-QAM constellation labelled by the so-called natural binary code shown in Figure 1. All points are equiprobable. Assume the high-snr regime, i.e., only the points at minimum distance can result in error.

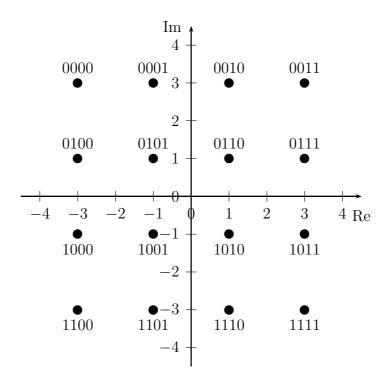


Figure 1: Problem 1.

1. Give an expression for the SER in the following form

SER =
$$a_1 Q \left(\sqrt{\frac{k_1 E_s}{N_0}} \right)$$
,

i.e., find the constants a_1 and k_1 .

2. Give an expression for the BER in the following form

BER =
$$a_2 Q \left(\sqrt{\frac{k_2 E_b}{N_0}} \right)$$
,

i.e., find the constants a_2 and k_2 .

Problem 2 (4-PAM)

Consider an equally spaces 4-PAM constellation shown in Fig. 2. The constellation is denoted as $S = \{s_j, 1 \leq j \leq 4\}$. Let X denote the transmitted point and \hat{X} the detected point. The symbols are equally likely.

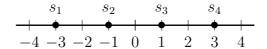


Figure 2: Problem 2.

- 1. Find the probability of misdetecting symbol s_1 , i.e., $\Pr[\hat{X} \neq s_1 | X = s_1]$. Repeat for $\Pr[\hat{X} \neq s_2 | X = s_2]$. Express the probability as a function of E_s/N_0 .
- 2. Calculate the probability of detecting symbol s_2 instead of symbol s_1 , i.e., $\Pr[\hat{X} = s_2|X = s_1]$. Repeat for $\Pr[\hat{X} = s_1|X = s_2]$. Express the probability as a function of E_s/N_0 .
- 3. Find a union bound on the symbol error probability and the high SNR approximation.

Problem 3 (Anti-Gray Code)

Assume an 8-PSK constellation with constellation points s_i , i = 1, ..., 8, where $s_i = \sqrt{E}e^{j(i-1)\pi/4}$. Assume transmission over the AWGN channel in the high SNR regime.

- 1. Suggest the worst labeling in terms of the BER. Argue that there is no other labeling worse than the one you suggested.
- 2. Give an expression for the BER for the found labeling.