

Project: Predictive Analytics Capstone

1. Introduction

The objective of this project is to use actual YELP and climate datasets in order to analyze the effects the weather has on customer reviews of restaurants. The data for temperature and precipitation observations are from the Global Historical Climatology Network-Daily ([GHCN-D](#)) database. A leading industry cloud-native data warehouse system Snowflake will be used for all aspects of the project to demonstrate the ability to design data systems and design a Data Warehouse DWH for the purpose of reporting and online analytical processing (OLAP).

2. Data Architecture Diagram

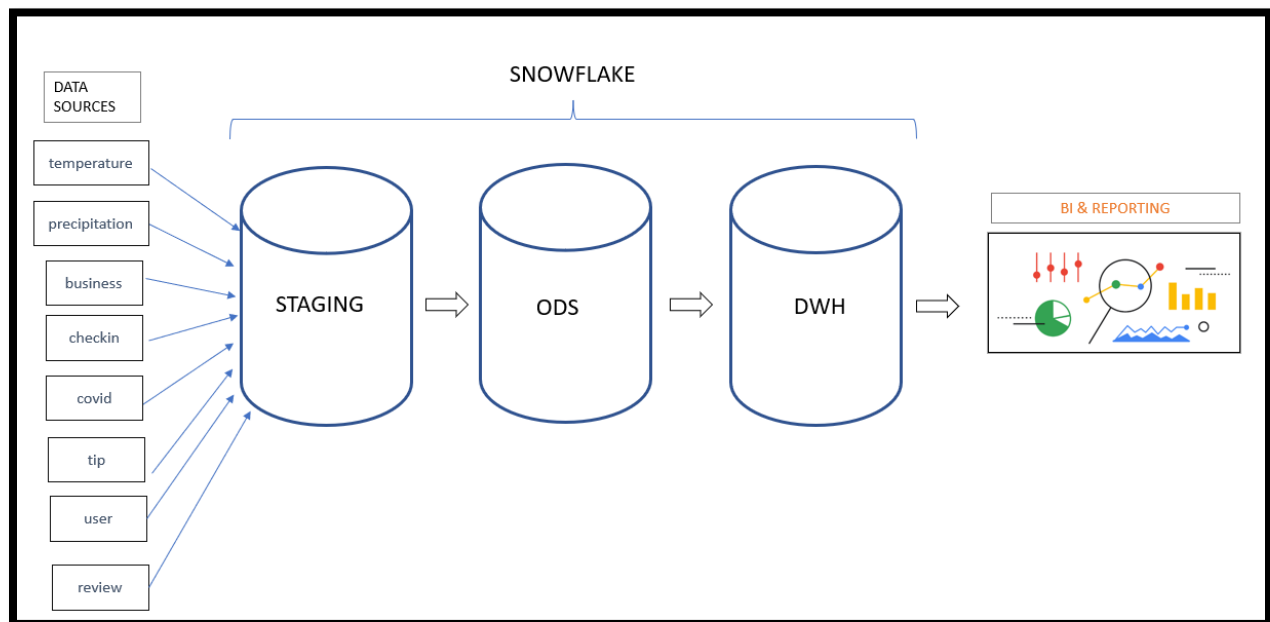


Figure 01 – Data architecture diagram for the project

The data architecture diagram can be explained as follows -

Data Sources:

1. 8 data files are downloaded in the local disc, these are-
 - a. **JSON files:** the JSON files are Yelp data

- Business
- Check-in
- Covid
- Review
- Tip
- Users

b. **2 CSV files:** contains weather data

- Temperature
- Precipitation

2. All the files will be then uploaded to the staging schema.
3. From staging schema, the data will be copied and converted to appropriate data format and will placed into staging schema.
4. From staging schema the data will be copied to DWH for the analytical processing environment.

3. STAGING

3.1 STAGING SCHEMA

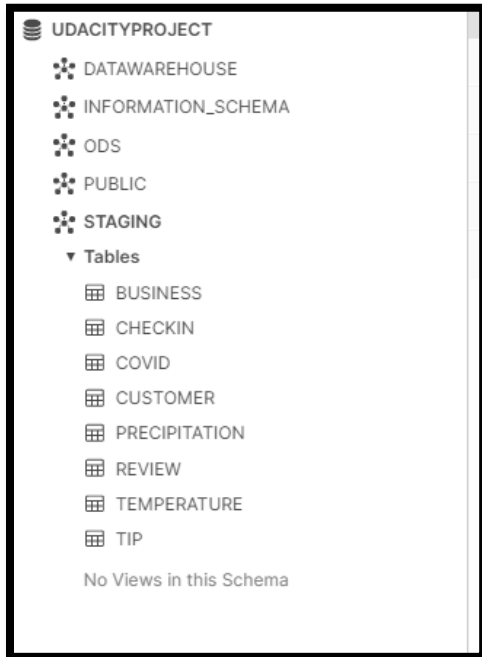


Figure 02 – Shows the tables created in the staging schema to upload the data. Screenshot of 6 tables created upon upload of YELP data.

Business, Review, Tip, Customer, Checkin and Covid tables have been created by loading local data files into a Snowflake staging schema, using the command-line snowsql tool. The code is documented in Appendix -1.

3.2 BUSINESS table:

```
1 SELECT *
2 FROM UDACITYPROJECT.STAGING.BUSINESS
3 LIMIT 5;
```

Results Data Preview

Query ID SQL 1.26s 5 rows

Filter result...

Row	BUSINESSJSON
1	{ "address": "1616 Chapala St, Ste 2", "attributes": { "ByAppointmentOnly": "True", "business_id": "Pns214eNsfO8k63dixA6A", "categories": "Doctors, Traditional Chinese Medicine, Naturopathic/Holistic, Acupuncture, Health & Medical, Nutr...
2	{ "address": "87 Grasso Plaza Shopping Center", "attributes": { "BusinessAcceptsCreditCards": "True", "business_id": "mpf3x-BjTdTEA3yCZrAYPw", "categories": "Shipping Centers, Local Services, Notaries, Mailbox Centers, Printing Services"...
3	{ "address": "5255 E Broadway Blvd", "attributes": { "BikeParking": "True", "BusinessAcceptsCreditCards": "True", "BusinessParking": "{ \"garage\": False, \"street\": False, \"validated\": False, \"lot\": True, \"valet\": False }", "ByAppointmentmen...
4	{ "address": "935 Race St", "attributes": { "Alcohol": "none", "BikeParking": "True", "BusinessAcceptsCreditCards": "False", "BusinessParking": "{ \"garage\": False, \"street\": True, \"validated\": False, \"lot\": False, \"valet\": False }", ...
5	{ "address": "101 Walnut St", "attributes": { "BikeParking": "True", "BusinessAcceptsCreditCards": "True", "BusinessParking": "{ \"garage\": None, \"street\": None, \"validated\": None, \"lot\": True, \"valet\": False }", "Caters": "False", ...

Figure 03 – Shows first 05 rows of the business table created in the staging schema

3.3 CHECKIN Table:

```
1 SELECT *
2 FROM UDACITYPROJECT.STAGING.CHECKIN
3 LIMIT 5;
```

Results Data Preview

Query ID SQL 970ms 5 rows

Filter result...

Row	CHECKINJSON
1	{ "business_id": "MuCoKxrahsUHyY0pKcTl6Q", "date": "2013-07-29 01:50:47, 2014-06-11 01:44:16, 2014-10-18 01:04:18, 2014-11-14 21:02:20, 2015-01-03 22:34:09, 2015-01-12 23:44:29, 2015-02-01 20:36:40, 2015-06-12 22:08:36, 2015-09-05 21:32:31, 2015-11-...
2	{ "business_id": "MuDZTdhx3WmWl-oLvZ-nQ", "date": "2013-01-05 00:33:20, 2013-02-21 01:10:08, 2013-08-18 20:19:44, 2013-09-05 22:19:36, 2014-02-01 19:52:19, 2014-03-23 20:54:05, 2014-04-29 20:39:19, 2014-05-14 21:04:51, 2014-08-29 20:38:11, 2014-08-...
3	{ "business_id": "MuE4wtL878kb47ASyIajQ", "date": "2012-03-31 16:48:55, 2012-03-31 17:27:10, 2012-03-31 18:07:48, 2012-03-31 18:16:10, 2012-03-31 18:24:58, 2012-03-31 18:30:21, 2012-03-31 18:47:24, 2012-03-31 19:14:49, 2012-06-11 02:49:25, 2013-03-...
4	{ "business_id": "MuJACNO_RvP2VKrt-M51SzA", "date": "2017-11-15 21:07:06, 2018-01-28 19:23:24, 2018-01-28 19:32:55, 2018-03-20 20:26:25, 2018-03-24 22:08:25, 2018-03-24 22:36:14, 2018-05-02 23:20:36, 2018-05-27 18:45:36, 2018-06-22 18:00:34, 2018-07-...
5	{ "business_id": "MuJBELBk9VXJH0tryDh1w", "date": "2015-09-30 17:14:16, 2015-10-02 19:46:51, 2015-10-06 16:48:50, 2015-10-15 18:33:23, 2015-11-06 01:01:09, 2015-11-10 19:08:35, 2015-11-13 18:14:37, 2015-11-20 19:07:39, 2015-12-13 01:12:46, 2015-12-...

Figure 04 – Shows first 05 rows of the checkin table created in the staging schema

3.4 COVID Table:

```
1 SELECT *
2 FROM UDACITYPROJECT.STAGING.COVID
3 LIMIT 5;
```

Results Data Preview

Query ID SQL 872ms 5 rows

Filter result...

Row	COVIDJSON
1	{ "Call To Action enabled": "FALSE", "Covid Banner": "FALSE", "Grubhub enabled": "FALSE", "Request a Quote Enabled": "FALSE", "Temporary Closed Until": "FALSE", "Virtual Services Offered": "FALSE", "business_id": "9kXRuikwdTnAPO6tvo51g", ...
2	{ "Call To Action enabled": "FALSE", "Covid Banner": "FALSE", "Grubhub enabled": "FALSE", "Request a Quote Enabled": "FALSE", "Temporary Closed Until": "FALSE", "Virtual Services Offered": "FALSE", "business_id": "H6D5HOTfMjZt7r1EO6Z1g", ...
3	{ "Call To Action enabled": "FALSE", "Covid Banner": "FALSE", "Grubhub enabled": "FALSE", "Request a Quote Enabled": "FALSE", "Temporary Closed Until": "FALSE", "Virtual Services Offered": "FALSE", "business_id": "FYddq7fUtzobZcw4jOUgVA", ...
4	{ "Call To Action enabled": "FALSE", "Covid Banner": "FALSE", "Grubhub enabled": "FALSE", "Request a Quote Enabled": "FALSE", "Temporary Closed Until": "FALSE", "Virtual Services Offered": "FALSE", "business_id": "c75jLTjgA9q3gImLEGT6w", ...
5	{ "Call To Action enabled": "FALSE", "Covid Banner": "FALSE", "Grubhub enabled": "FALSE", "Request a Quote Enabled": "FALSE", "Temporary Closed Until": "FALSE", "Virtual Services Offered": "FALSE", "business_id": "YfzRY50hJ05jlg3mnNWQ", ...

Figure 05 – Shows first 05 rows of the covid table created in the staging schema

3.5 CUSTOMER Table:



```
1 SELECT *
2 FROM UDACITYPROJECT.STAGING.CUSTOMER
3 LIMIT 5;
```

Results Data Preview

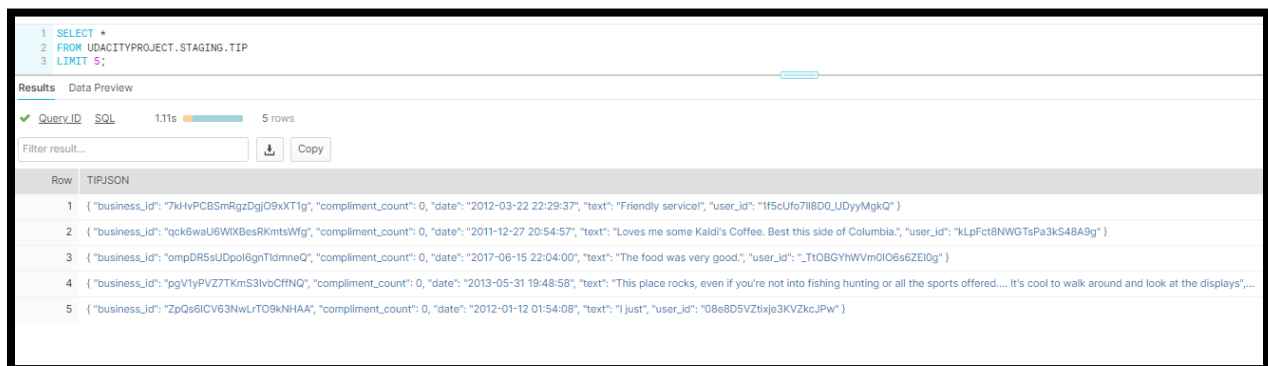
✓ Query ID SQL 847ms 5 rows

Filter result...

Row	CUSTOMERJSON
1	{ "average_stars": 3.74, "compliment_cool": 409, "compliment_cute": 4, "compliment_funny": 409, "compliment_hot": 226, "compliment_list": 3, "compliment_more": 18, "compliment_note": 116, "compliment_photos": 87, "compliment_plain": ...
2	{ "average_stars": 4.52, "compliment_cool": 0, "compliment_cute": 0, "compliment_funny": 0, "compliment_hot": 0, "compliment_list": 0, "compliment_more": 1, "compliment_note": 1, "compliment_photos": 0, "compliment_plain": 1, "comp...
3	{ "average_stars": 3.94, "compliment_cool": 11, "compliment_cute": 0, "compliment_funny": 11, "compliment_hot": 11, "compliment_list": 0, "compliment_more": 3, "compliment_note": 5, "compliment_photos": 2, "compliment_plain": 13, "...
4	{ "average_stars": 3.55, "compliment_cool": 8, "compliment_cute": 0, "compliment_funny": 8, "compliment_hot": 4, "compliment_list": 0, "compliment_more": 1, "compliment_note": 10, "compliment_photos": 5, "compliment_plain": 6, "com...
5	{ "average_stars": 4.31, "compliment_cool": 0, "compliment_cute": 0, "compliment_funny": 0, "compliment_hot": 0, "compliment_list": 0, "compliment_more": 0, "compliment_note": 3, "compliment_photos": 0, "compliment_plain": 1, "comp...

Figure 06 – Shows first 05 rows of the covid table created in the staging schema

3.6 TIP Table:



```
1 SELECT *
2 FROM UDACITYPROJECT.STAGING.TIP
3 LIMIT 5;
```

Results Data Preview

✓ Query ID SQL 1.11s 5 rows

Filter result...

Row	TIPJSON
1	{ "business_id": "7kiHvPCBSmRgzDgIO9xXTlg", "compliment_count": 0, "date": "2012-03-22 22:29:37", "text": "Friendly service!", "user_id": "1f5cUfo7lI8D0_UDyyMgkQ" }
2	{ "business_id": "qck6waU6WIXBesRKmtsWfg", "compliment_count": 0, "date": "2011-12-27 20:54:57", "text": "Loves me some Kaldi's Coffee. Best this side of Columbia.", "user_id": "kLpFct8NWGTsPa3kS48A9g" }
3	{ "business_id": "ompDR8sUDpol6gnTldmneQ", "compliment_count": 0, "date": "2017-06-15 22:04:00", "text": "The food was very good.", "user_id": "TIOBGYhWVmOIO6s6ZEIOg" }
4	{ "business_id": "pgV1yPVZ7TKmS3lvcHRNQ", "compliment_count": 0, "date": "2013-05-31 19:48:58", "text": "This place rocks, even if you're not into fishing hunting or all the sports offered.... It's cool to walk around and look at the displays",...
5	{ "business_id": "ZpQs6ICV63NwLTO9kNHAA", "compliment_count": 0, "date": "2012-01-12 01:54:08", "text": "I just", "user_id": "08e8D5VZ6ixje3KVZkcJPw" }

Figure 07 – Shows first 05 rows of the tip table created in the staging schema

3.7 REVIEW Table:



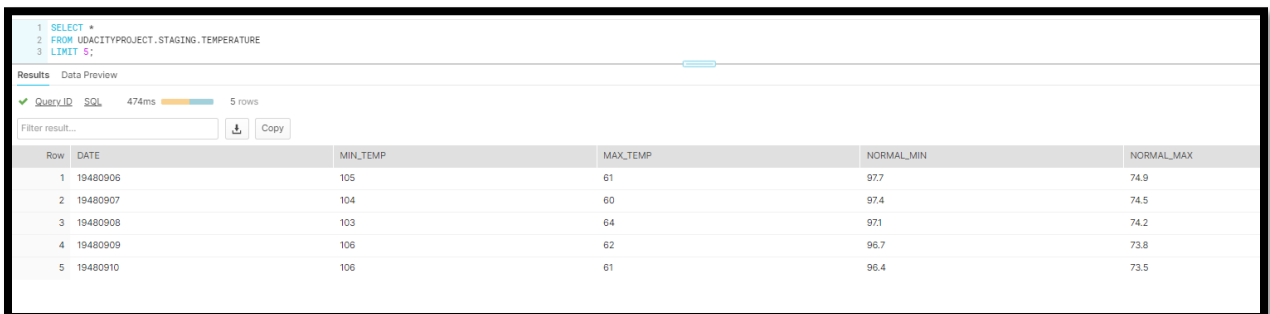
Row	REVIEWJSON
1	{ "business_id": "X9e-ITfOeY0z6C-VAISf5Q", "cool": 0, "date": "2020-09-18 05:48:51", "funny": 0, "review_id": "msaagltuBorxy4DKIGSuljg", "stars": 1, "text": "This business is doing everything in its power to shut me up and I REFUSE TO ALLOW..."
2	{ "business_id": "JvawJ9bSr22xn4R9oLvl_w", "cool": 0, "date": "2021-04-14 23:51:10", "funny": 0, "review_id": "9R44VA73y_JOQgYhifJulg", "stars": 5, "text": "Acacia was amazing! The oysters were amazing as well! We will definitely be back!"
3	{ "business_id": "EKSTHV5Qx_Q7Aur9o4kQQ", "cool": 1, "date": "2018-10-12 01:01:17", "funny": 1, "review_id": "wrOGPch2IZZ0xcOnJfzt8Q", "stars": 3, "text": "****Update****\n\nI have updated my score as the general manager at Village Whiskey..."
4	{ "business_id": "VQC5whJNU6Nia95jpz927A", "cool": 0, "date": "2013-02-26 16:33:57", "funny": 0, "review_id": "kthkK_rtnNnaQID-9KGRFQ", "stars": 5, "text": "I had a 50!\" rear projection tv in my basement that weighed 250-lbs and it was NOT..."
5	{ "business_id": "zNua_GyqRLb7AA7C6D9LmA", "cool": 0, "date": "2021-04-18 18:03:28", "funny": 0, "review_id": "I17EjxRqr9c_95XepwCAUQ", "stars": 5, "text": "Best hot yoga studio in the areal All of the instructors are amazing - Sara will p..."

Figure 08 – Shows first 05 rows of the review table created in the staging schema

Screenshot of 2 tables created upon upload of climate data

Two climates data files with file size smaller than 50 MB have been uploaded into Snowflake using browser.

3.8 TEMPERATURE TABLE



Row	DATE	MIN_TEMP	MAX_TEMP	NORMAL_MIN	NORMAL_MAX
1	19480906	105	61	97.7	74.9
2	19480907	104	60	97.4	74.5
3	19480908	103	64	97.1	74.2
4	19480909	106	62	96.7	73.8
5	19480910	106	61	96.4	73.5

Figure 09 – Shows first 05 rows of the temperature table created in the staging schema

3.9 PRECIPITATION Table:

Row	DATE	PRECIPITATION	PRECIPITATION_NORMAL
1	19480906	0	2.87
2	19480907	0	2.88
3	19480908	0	2.89
4	19480909	0	2.9
5	19480910	0	2.91

Figure 10 – Shows first 05 rows of the precipitation table created in the staging schema

4. ODS

4.1 Transforming Staging to ODS

SQL code that transforms staging to ODS.

```
-- CREATE TEMPERATURE TABLE IN ODS SCHEMA
CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE TEMPERATURE (

    DATE            DATE PRIMARY KEY,
    MIN_TEMP        NUMBER,
    MAX_TEMP        NUMBER,
    NORMAL_MIN      FLOAT,
    NORMAL_MAX      FLOAT

);

-- COPY DATA FROM STAGING SCHEMA TO ODS FROM STAGING.TEMPERATURE TO
ODS.TEMPERATURE TABLE
insert into TEMPERATURE(DATE,
    MIN_TEMP,
    MAX_TEMP,
    NORMAL_MIN,
    NORMAL_MAX)

SELECT
    TO_DATE(DATE, 'YYYYMMDD'),
    MIN_TEMP::NUMBER,
```

```

        MAX_TEMP::NUMBER,
        NORMAL_MIN::FLOAT,
        NORMAL_MAX::FLOAT
FROM UDACITYPROJECT.STAGING.TEMPERATURE;

-- CREATE PRECIPITATION TABLE IN ODS SCHEMA

CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE PRECIPITATION (

        DATE          DATE PRIMARY KEY,
        PRECIPITATION VARCHAR,
        PRECIPITATION_NORMAL INTEGER

);

-- COPY DATA FROM STAGING SCHEMA TO ODS FROM STAGING.PRECIPITATION TO
ODS.PRECIPITATION TABLE

INSERT INTO PRECIPITATION (DATE,
        PRECIPITATION,
        PRECIPITATION_NORMAL )

SELECT TO_DATE(DATE,'YYYYMMDD'),
        PRECIPITATION::VARCHAR,
        PRECIPITATION_NORMAL::INTEGER
FROM UDACITYPROJECT.STAGING.PRECIPITATION;

-- CREATE BUSINESS TABLE IN ODS SCHEMA

CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE BUSINESS (

        BUSINESS_ID  VARCHAR PRIMARY KEY,
        ADDRESS      VARCHAR,
        ATTRIBUTES    OBJECT,
        CATEGORIES    VARCHAR,
        HOURS         VARCHAR,
        IS_OPEN       INTEGER,
        LATITUDE      FLOAT,
        LONGITUDE     FLOAT,
        NAME          VARCHAR,
        POSTAL_CODE   VARCHAR,
        REVIEW_COUNT  INTEGER,
        STARS         INTEGER,
        STATE         VARCHAR);

```



```
-- COPY DATA FROM STAGING SCHEMA TO ODS FROM STAGING.BUSINESS TO ODS.BUSINESS
TABLE
```

```
INSERT INTO BUSINESS
```

```
select businessjson:business_id::varchar,
businessjson:address::varchar,
businessjson:attributes::object,
businessjson:categories::varchar,
businessjson:hours::varchar,
businessjson:is_open::integer,
businessjson:lattitude::float,
businessjson:longitude::float,
businessjson:name::string,
businessjson:postal_code::varchar,
businessjson:review_count::integer,
businessjson:stars::integer,
businessjson:state::varchar
```

```
FROM UDACITYPROJECT.STAGING.BUSINESS;
```

```
-- CREATE CUSTOMER TABLE IN ODS SCHEMA
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE CUSTOMER (
```

USER_ID	VARCHAR PRIMARY KEY,
NAME	VARCHAR,
YELPING_SINCE	DATE,
AVERAGE_STARS	FLOAT,
COMPLIMENT_COOL	INTEGER,
COMPLIMENT_CUTE	INTEGER,
COMPLIMENT_FUNNY	INTEGER,
COMPLIMENT_HOT	INTEGER,
COMPLIMENT_LIST	INTEGER,
COMPLIMENT_MORE	INTEGER,
COMPLIMENT_NOTE	INTEGER,
COMPLIMENT_PHOTOS	INTEGER,
COMPLIMENT_PLAIN	INTEGER,
COMPLIMENT_PROFILE	INTEGER,
COMPLIMENT_WRITER	INTEGER,
COOL	INTEGER,
ELITE	VARCHAR,
FANS	INTEGER,

```

        FRIENDS                VARCHAR,
        FUNNY                  INTEGER,
        REVIEW_COUNT           INTEGER,
        USEFUL                  INTEGER
    );

-- COPY DATA FROM STAGING SCHEMA TO ODS FROM STAGING.CUSTOMER TO ODS.CUSTOMER
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
    select
        customerjson:user_id::varchar,
        customerjson:name::varchar,
        to_date(customerjson:yelping_since::string),
        customerjson:average_stars::varchar,
        customerjson:compliment_cool::integer,
        customerjson:compliment_cute::integer,
        customerjson:compliment_funny::integer,
        customerjson:compliment_hot::integer,
        customerjson:compliment_list::integer,
        customerjson:compliment_more::integer,
        customerjson:compliment_note::integer,
        customerjson:compliment_photos::integer,
        customerjson:compliment_plain::integer,
        customerjson:compliment_profile::integer,
        customerjson:compliment_writer::integer,
        customerjson:cool::integer,
        customerjson:elite::varchar,
        customerjson:fans::integer,
        customerjson:friends::VARCHAR,
        customerjson:funny::integer,

        customerjson:review_count::integer,
        customerjson:useful::integer

FROM UDACITYPROJECT.STAGING.CUSTOMER;

```

```

-- CREATE TIP TABLE IN ODS SCHEMA

CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE TIP (

    TIP_ID          NUMBER AUTOINCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
    BUSINESS_ID     VARCHAR,
    COMPLIMENT_COUNT INTEGER,
    DATE            DATE,
    TEXT            VARCHAR,
    USER_ID         VARCHAR

);

-- COPY DATA FROM STAGING SCHEMA TO ODS FROM STAGING.TIP TO ODS.TIP
INSERT INTO TIP (
    BUSINESS_ID,
    COMPLIMENT_COUNT,
    DATE,
    TEXT,
    USER_ID)

select
    tipjson:business_id::varchar,
    tipjson:compliment_count::integer,
    to_date(tipjson:date::string),
    tipjson:text::varchar,
    tipjson:user_id::varchar

FROM UDACITYPROJECT.STAGING.TIP;

-- CREATE REVIEW TABLE IN ODS SCHEMA

CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE REVIEW (

    REVIEW_ID     VARCHAR PRIMARY KEY,
    BUSINESS_ID   VARCHAR,
    COOL          INTEGER,
    DATE          DATE,
    FUNNY         INTEGER,
    STARS         INTEGER,
    TEXT          VARCHAR,
    USEFUL        INTEGER,
    USER_ID       VARCHAR

);

```

```

-- COPY DATA FROM STAGING SCHEMA TO ODS FROM STAGING.REVIEW TO ODS.REVIEW
INSERT INTO REVIEW

    select
        reviewjson:review_id::varchar,
        reviewjson:business_id::varchar,
        reviewjson:cool::integer,
        to_date(reviewjson:date::string),
        reviewjson:funny::integer,
        reviewjson:stars::integer,
        reviewjson:text::varchar,
        reviewjson:useful::integer,
        reviewjson:user_id::varchar

FROM UDACITYPROJECT.STAGING.REVIEW;

CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE COVID (

    ID NUMBER AUTOINCREMENT

    PRIMARY KEY,

    BUSINESS_ID VARCHAR,
    CALL_TO_ACTION_ENABLED VARCHAR,
    COVID_BANNER VARCHAR,
    GRUBHUB_ENABLED VARCHAR,
    REQUEST_A_QUOTE_ENABLED VARCHAR,
    TEMPORARY_CLOSED_UNTIL VARCHAR,
    VIRTUAL_SERVICES_OFFERED VARCHAR,
    DELIVERY_OR_TAKEOUT VARCHAR,
    HIGHLIGHTS VARCHAR

);

```

```

INSERT INTO COVID (
    BUSINESS_ID,
    CALL_TO_ACTION_ENABLED,
    COVID_BANNER,
    GRUBHUB_ENABLED,
    REQUEST_A_QUOTE_ENABLED,
    TEMPORARY_CLOSED_UNTIL,
    VIRTUAL_SERVICES_OFFERED,
    DELIVERY_OR_TAKEOUT,
    HIGHLIGHTS)

select
    covidjson:business_id::VARCHAR,
    covidjson:"Call To Action enabled"::VARCHAR,
    covidjson:"Covid Banner"::VARCHAR,
    covidjson:"Grubhub enabled"::VARCHAR,
    covidjson:"Request a Quote Enabled"::VARCHAR,
    covidjson:"Temporary Closed Until"::VARCHAR,
    covidjson:"Virtual Services Offered"::VARCHAR,
    covidjson:"delivery or takeout"::VARCHAR,
    covidjson:highlights::VARCHAR

FROM UDACITYPROJECT.STAGING.COVID;

-- CREATE CHECKIN TABLE IN ODS SCHEMA

CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE CHECKIN (
    BUSINESS_ID VARCHAR PRIMARY KEY,
    DATE VARCHAR);

-- COPY DATA FROM STAGING SCHEMA TO ODS FROM STAGING.REVIEW TO ODS.REVIEW
INSERT INTO CHECKIN

select
    checkinjson:business_id::varchar,
    checkinjson::varchar

FROM UDACITYPROJECT.STAGING.CHECKIN;

```

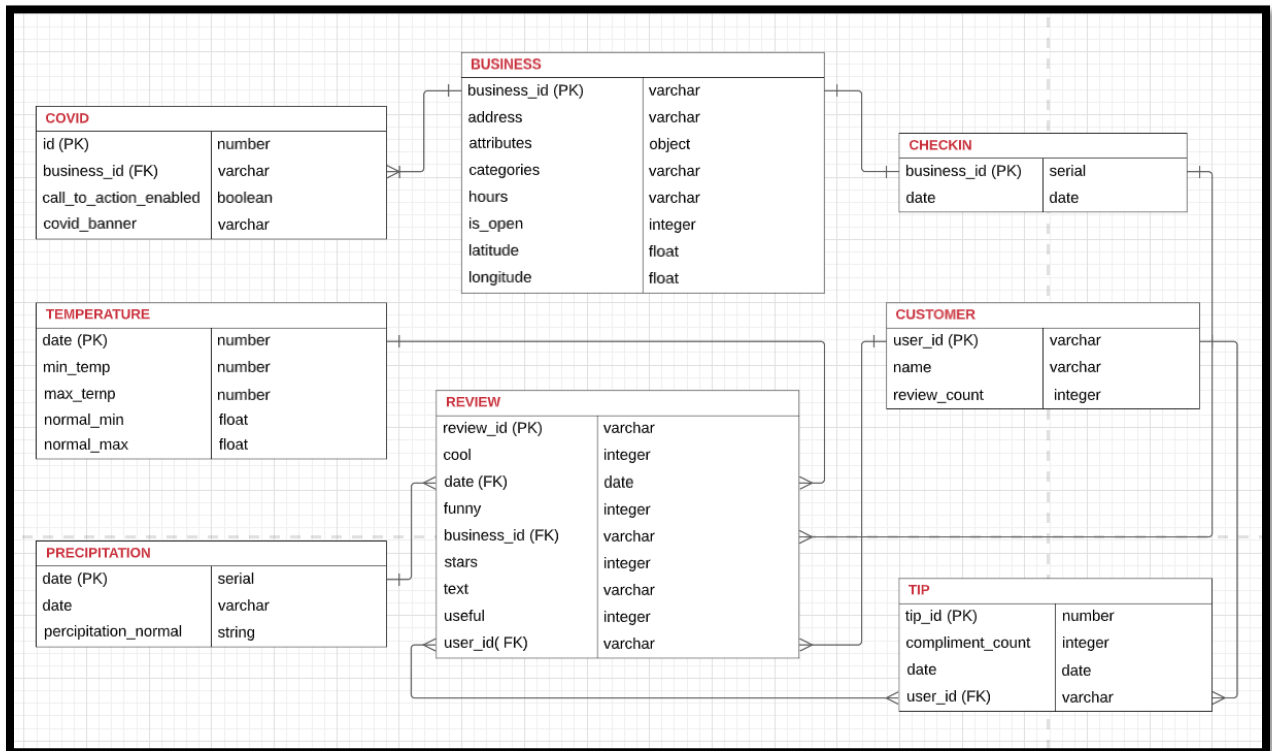
Screenshot that communicates different sizes/row_counts of raw, staging, and ODS tables in database:

Table -1 : Summarizes the size of the raw files, staging, and ODS.

File Name	Raw file size	Staging file size	ODS file size
Temperature	709 KB	195 KB	172.5 KB
Precipitation	536 KB	126.5 KB	85KB
Business	116.078 MB	11.0 MB	9.9MB
Check-in	280.234 MB	80.5 MB	86.4MB
Covid	63.316 MB	5.0 MB	5.0MB
Review	5.216669 GB	1.9 GB	1.9GB
Tip	176.372 MB	46.1 MB	40.5MB
Customer	3.28 GB	1.8 GB	1.8GB

4.2 ER diagram ODS SCHEMAS

Figure 11 – Shows ER diagram among the ODS tables



- SQL query code evidence that shows how the datasets are integrated

```
SELECT  b.business_id,  
        b.attributes,  
        r.date,  
        r.stars,  
        t.max_temp,  
        p.precipitation,  
        c.user_id,  
        co.call_to_action_enabled,  
        tip.compliment_count  
  
FROM    review r  
  
JOIN    precipitation p  
ON      r.date = p.date  
  
JOIN    temperature t  
ON      r.date = t.date  
  
JOIN    checkin ch  
ON      r.business_id = ch.business_id  
  
JOIN    business b  
ON      b.business_id = ch.business_id  
  
JOIN    covid co  
ON      co.business_id = b.business_id  
  
JOIN    customer c  
ON      r.user_id = c.user_id  
  
JOIN    tip  
ON      tip.user_id = r.user_id  
  
LIMIT 5;
```


Row	BUSINESS_ID	ATTRIBUTES	DATE	STARS	MAX_TEMP	PRECIPITATION	USER_ID	CALL_TO_ACTION_ENAI	COMPLIMENT_COUNT
1	gPxOK-31HK-IRc4WAX7kxw	{ "BikeParking": "False", "Busin...	2014-02-28	5	48	0.3	iimX6RwTcZ...	FALSE	0
2	gPxOK-31HK-IRc4WAX7kxw	{ "BikeParking": "False", "Busin...	2014-02-28	5	48	0.3	iimX6RwTcZ...	FALSE	0
3	gPxOK-31HK-IRc4WAX7kxw	{ "BikeParking": "False", "Busin...	2014-02-28	5	48	0.3	iimX6RwTcZ...	FALSE	0
4	gPxOK-31HK-IRc4WAX7kxw	{ "BikeParking": "False", "Busin...	2014-02-28	5	48	0.3	iimX6RwTcZ...	FALSE	0
5	gPxOK-31HK-IRc4WAX7kxw	{ "BikeParking": "False", "Busin...	2014-02-28	5	48	0.3	iimX6RwTcZ...	FALSE	0

Figure 12– Table showing column both from temperature and YELP data that shows that the data are related.

5. DWH SCHEMA

5.1 Diagram of star schema

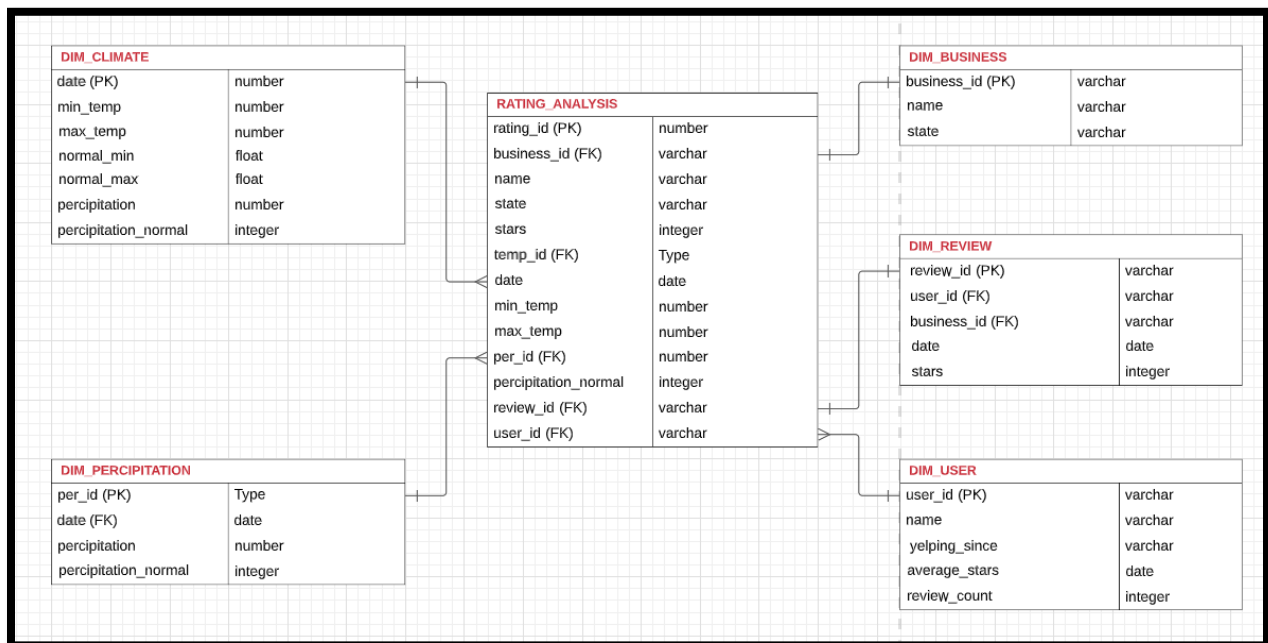


Figure 13– Shows STAR schema made for the analytical reporting purpose

A Fact can be described as- "a collection of related data items, which consist of measures and context data. Each fact typically represents a business item, a business transaction, or an event that can be used in analyzing the business or business processes". In this case a business transaction is the rating of a particular restaurant at any given date and we are interested in analyzing the impact of weather (i.e temperature and precipitation) on restaurant rating.

Hence, the Fact Table contains records associated with restaurant rating such as business_id, name, state, stars, date, min_temp, max_temp, precipitation_normal etc.

Dimension Table: The dimension table contains the attributes related to a restaurant and help to store the context of the business. The dimension table contains the following items-

- **DIM_REVIEW:** contains the rating by an user at a given instance and have the following columns- review_id, business_id, date, stars
 - **DIM_BUSINESS:** contains the information, name and location of a restaurant - business_id, name, and state
 - **DIM_TEMPERATURE:** contains the information related to temperature. It has the properties of date and temperatures.
 - **DIM_PERCIPITATION:** contains the information related to participation at any given day.
-
- SQL queries code necessary to move the data from ODS to DWH.

```
-- CREATE BUSINESS TABLE IN WAREHOUSE SCHEMA

CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE DIM_BUSINESS (

                                BUSINESS_ID  VARCHAR PRIMARY KEY,
                                NAME          VARCHAR,
                                STATE         VARCHAR);

INSERT INTO DIM_BUSINESS

SELECT DISTINCT BUSINESS_ID,
                NAME,
                STATE

FROM ODS.BUSINESS;
```

```

-- CREATE REVIEW TABLE IN WAREHOUSE SCHEMA
CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE DIM_REVIEW (

        REVIEW_ID      VARCHAR PRIMARY KEY,
        USER_ID        VARCHAR,
        BUSINESS_ID     VARCHAR,
        DATE            DATE,
        STARS           INTEGER,

constraint fk_BUSINESS_ID foreign key (BUSINESS_ID)
references ODS.BUSINESS (BUSINESS_ID),

constraint fk_USER_ID foreign key (USER_ID)
references ODS.CUSTOMER(USER_ID));

INSERT INTO DIM_REVIEW

SELECT      REVIEW_ID,
            USER_ID,
            BUSINESS_ID,
            DATE,
            STARS

FROM ODS.REVIEW;

-- CREATE CUSTOMER TABLE IN WAREHOUSE SCHEMA
CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE DIM_USER (

        USER_ID        VARCHAR PRIMARY KEY,
        NAME           VARCHAR,
        YELPING_SINCE  DATE,
        AVERAGE_STARS FLOAT,
        REVIEW_COUNT   INTEGER);

INSERT INTO DIM_USER

SELECT      USER_ID,
            NAME,
            YELPING_SINCE,
            AVERAGE_STARS,
            REVIEW_COUNT

FROM ODS.CUSTOMER;

```

```
-- CREATE TEMPERATURE TABLE IN WAREHOUSE SCHEMA
CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE DIM_CLIMATE (

        DATE                DATE PRIMARY KEY,
        MIN_TEMP            NUMBER,
        MAX_TEMP            NUMBER,
        NORMAL_MIN          FLOAT,
        NORMAL_MAX          FLOAT,
        PRECIPITATION       VARCHAR,
        PRECIPITATION_NORMAL INTEGER);

INSERT INTO DIM_CLIMATE

select distinct
        T.DATE,
        MIN_TEMP,
        MAX_TEMP,
        NORMAL_MIN,
        NORMAL_MAX,
        P.PRECIPITATION,
        P.PRECIPITATION_NORMAL

FROM ODS.TEMPERATURE T
JOIN ODS.PRECIPITATION p
ON T.DATE = P.DATE;
```

- SQL queries code that reports the business name, temperature, precipitation, and ratings.

Create table rating analysis that can be used for reporting purposes:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE RATING_ANALYSIS (

        RATING_ID          NUMBER AUTOINCREMENT,
        BUSINESS_ID        VARCHAR,
        NAME               VARCHAR,
        STATE              VARCHAR,
        STARS              INTEGER,
```

```

        TEMP_ID          NUMBER,
        DATE              DATE,
        MIN_TEMP          NUMBER,
        MAX_TEMP          NUMBER,
        PER_ID            NUMBER,
        PRECIPITATION_NORMAL INTEGER,
        REVIEW_ID         VARCHAR,

constraint fk_BUSINESS_ID foreign key (BUSINESS_ID)
references ODS.BUSINESS (BUSINESS_ID),

constraint fk_REVIEW_ID foreign key (REVIEW_ID)
references ODS.REVIEW (REVIEW_ID),

constraint fk_DATE_TEMP foreign key (TEMP_ID)
references ODS.TEMPERATURE(TEMP_ID),

constraint fk_DATE_PERCIPTATION foreign key (PER_ID)
references ODS.PRECIPITATION(PER_ID)

);

```

Insert data into the table:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE RATING_ANALYSIS (  
  
        RATING_ID          NUMBER AUTOINCREMENT,  
        BUSINESS_ID        VARCHAR,  
        NAME               VARCHAR,  
        STATE              VARCHAR,  
        STARS               INTEGER,  
        DATE                DATE,  
        MIN_TEMP            NUMBER,  
        MAX_TEMP            NUMBER,  
        PRECIPITATION_NORMAL INTEGER,  
        USER_ID             VARCHAR,  
        AVERAGE_STARS      FLOAT,  
        REVIEW_ID           VARCHAR,  
  
        constraint fk_BUSINESS_ID foreign key (BUSINESS_ID)  
        references ODS.BUSINESS (BUSINESS_ID),  
  
        constraint fk_REVIEW_ID foreign key (REVIEW_ID)  
        references ODS.REVIEW (REVIEW_ID),  
  
        constraint fk_DATE_TEMP foreign key (DATE)  
        references ODS.TEMPERATURE(DATE),  
  
        constraint fk_DATE_PERCIPTATION foreign key (DATE)  
        references ODS.PRECIPITATION(DATE),  
  
        constraint fk_USER_ID foreign key (USER_ID)  
        references ODS.CUSTOMER(USER_ID)  
  
);  
  
INSERT INTO RATING_ANALYSIS ( BUSINESS_ID,  
        NAME,  
        STATE,  
        STARS,  
        DATE,  
        MIN_TEMP,  
        MAX_TEMP,
```

```

PRECIPITATION_NORMAL,
USER_ID,
AVERAGE_STARS,
REVIEW_ID)

SELECT      B.BUSINESS_ID,
            B.NAME,
            B.STATE,
            R.STARS,
            T.DATE,
            T.MIN_TEMP,
            T.MAX_TEMP,
            P.PRECIPITATION_NORMAL,
            C.USER_ID,
            C.AVERAGE_STARS,
            R.REVIEW_ID

FROM ODS.BUSINESS B,
     ODS.TEMPERATURE T,
     ODS.PRECIPITATION P,
     ODS.REVIEW R,
     ODS.CUSTOMER C

WHERE (T.DATE = P.DATE)
      AND (T.DATE = R.DATE)
      AND R.BUSINESS_ID = B.BUSINESS_ID
      AND C.USER_ID = R.USER_ID;

```

Row	RATING_ID	BUSINESS_ID	NAME	STATE	STARS	DATE	MIN_TEMP	MAX_TEMP	PRECIPITATION_N	USER_ID	AVERAGE_STARS	REVIEW_ID
1	6064562	XTslutArkvTDr...	Bulk Nation	FL	4	2017-03-20	88	68	2	4nrSY5K4n4o...	3.46	EYP49Okvdfkc...
2	6064563	mKqIE-HZVIEz...	Loews Ventana...	AZ	3	2018-03-27	70	51	2	n0_exasoAxIFRl...	2.15	A0Fm2Cg8yyZj...
3	6064564	YcblCqp_TlaxN...	Hickory Lane A...	PA	3	2018-06-24	104	84	2	e4hd3J5hDY9...	3.9	lxNJQ0uldLFzw...
4	6064565	X7yGrz7oDbt8...	Everest Cafe & ...	MO	4	2012-12-17	57	43	4	PYTq8KWW0U...	3.83	cwmjAE0DSrz3...
5	6064566	c-y_ORToUTFD...	Heritage	NV	3	2014-07-06	104	81	2	yZigt9eRAja7x-...	3.47	sdoygvbhH2M...

Figure 13– A view of the SQL generated report that clearly includes business name, temperature, precipitation, and ratings.

6. APPENDIX- 1

A. Code for uploading large data file using CLI

```
-- SELECT DATABASE
USE DATABASE UDACITYPROJECT;

-- SELECT WAREHOUSE
USE WAREHOUSE COMPUTE_WH;

-- SELECT SCHEMA
USE SCHEMA STAGING;

-- CREATE JSON FILE FORMAT
create or replace file format myjsonformat type='JSON' strip_outer_array=true;

-- CREATE STAGING AREA
create or replace stage my_json_stage file_format = myjsonformat;

-- CREATE A TABLE FOR THE BUSINESS JSON FILE
create or replace table business(businessjson variant);

-- INSERT THE business.JSON file
put
file:///C:\Users\jahid.razan\Desktop\Udacity_Data_viz\Data_Architect_Nanodegree\Project_02\business.json @my_json_stage auto_compress=true;

-- COPY business.JSON file from staging area into table
copy into business from @my_json_stage/business.json.gz file_format=myjsonformat
on_error='skip_file';

-- CREATE A TABLE FOR THE COVID JSON FILE
create table covid(covidjson variant);

-- INSERT THE covid.JSON file
```



```

put
file:///C:\Users\jahid.razan\Desktop\Udacity_Data_viz\Data_Architect_Nanodegree\Project_02\covid.json @my_json_stage auto_compress=true parallel=20;

-- COPY covid.JSON file from staging area into table
copy into covid from @my_json_stage/covid.json.gz file_format=myjsonformat
on_error='skip_file';

-- CREATE A TABLE FOR THE CHECK_IN JSON FILE
create table checkin(checkinjson variant);

-- INSERT THE checkin.JSON file
put
file:///C:\Users\jahid.razan\Desktop\Udacity_Data_viz\Data_Architect_Nanodegree\Project_02\checkin.json @my_json_stage auto_compress=true parallel=25;

-- COPY checkin.JSON file from staging area into table
copy into checkin from @my_json_stage/checkin.json.gz file_format=myjsonformat
on_error='skip_file';

-- CREATE A TABLE FOR THE REVIEW JSON FILE
create table review(reviewjson variant);

-- INSERT THE review.JSON file
put
file:///C:\Users\jahid.razan\Desktop\Udacity_Data_viz\Data_Architect_Nanodegree\Project_02\review.json @my_json_stage auto_compress=true parallel=25;

-- COPY review.JSON file from staging area into table
copy into review from @my_json_stage/review.json.gz file_format=myjsonformat
on_error='skip_file';

-- CREATE A TABLE FOR THE TIPS JSON FILE
create table tip(tipjson variant);

-- INSERT THE tip.JSON file

```

```

put
file:///C:\Users\jahid.razan\Desktop\Udacity_Data_viz\Data_Architect_Nanodegree\Project_02\tip.json @my_json_stage auto_compress=true parallel=25;

-- COPY tip.JOSN file from staging area into table
copy into tip from @my_json_stage/tip.json.gz file_format=myjsonformat
on_error='skip_file';

-- CREATE A TABLE FOR THE CUSTOMER JSON FILE
create table customer(customerjson variant);

-- INSERT THE customer.JSON file
put
file:///C:\Users\jahid.razan\Desktop\Udacity_Data_viz\Data_Architect_Nanodegree\Project_02\user.json @my_json_stage auto_compress=true parallel=25;

-- COPY customer.JOSN file from staging area into table
copy into customer from @my_json_stage/user.json.gz file_format=myjsonformat
on_error='skip_file';

```

7. REFERENCE

- Deep Diving in the world of Data Warehousing. [Link](#).