Chef Principles Certification Exam Answers – CP101

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CP101 Chef Principles Certification Exam Answers

Question: When a chef-client runs, which of the following is NOT retrieved from the Chef server?

- Run-list. <-- This is retrieved from the chef-server
- chef-client configuration. <-- This is retrieved from the chef-server
- Data bag items.
- Cookbooks. <-- This is retrieved from the chef-server

Check Source

Question: What happens when you don't specify a resource's action?

- · You get an error message but the chef-client run continues.
- · You get an error message and the chef-client run halts.
- ✓ The default action is assumed.

Question: What is a Chef Resource?

Q03

- the equivalent of a Chef cookbook.
- the equivalent of a Chef recipe.
- y an item that can be configured on your system.

Question: Which of the following statements is true regarding nodes?

- The Chef server dynamically builds each node prior to a chef-client run.
- ✓ The chef-client pulls node data in JSON format from the Chef server at the start of the run.
- Nodes are stored on the Chef server as JSON objects that contains just the run-list and node name.
- Nodes are represented on the Chef server as JSON objects that contain all the node data.

Check Source: https://docs.chef.io/chef client overview/

Question: Which is NOT valid about a run-list?

- X Every node must have a unique run-list assigned to it.
- A run-list defines some of the information necessary for Chef to configure a node into the desired state.
- ✓ A run-list is a list of roles and/or recipes that are run in the order specified.
- X A run-list is stored as a node object element which can be queried via knife.

Question: When must you list a resource's attributes?

- Immediately after the resource name.
- Immediately after the actions.
- ✓ You can list them anywhere within the resource block.

Question: Where do you define the source of dependent cookbooks?

- ✓ Policyfile.rb
- metadata.rb
- Policyfile.lock.json

Question: What Chef Infra command would you use to lock your policies in place by creating a Policyfile.lock.json file?

Q08

- chef push Policyfile.rb
- ✓ chef install Policyfile.rb
- chef init Policyfile.rb

Question: You would like to run an InSpec test locally which is stored on Github. Which of the following commands would achieve this?

- inspec test https://github.com/PATH/TO/INSPEC/PROFILE
- ✓ inspec exec https://github.com/PATH/TO/INSPEC/PROFILE
- inspec check https://github.com/PATH/TO/INSPEC/PROFILE
- It is not possible. The InSpec profile needs to stored locally on the node.

Question: You want to use an InSpec profile that is stored at https://github.com/security to scan a docker container. How would you achieve this?

- inspec exec https://github.com/security -t docker -i ContainerID
- inspec profile https://github.com/security -t docker -i ContianerID
- ✓ inspec exec https://github.com/security -t docker://ContainerID
- Download the profile from Github, then scan the container as usual. Profiles must be stored locally when scanning containers.

Source: https://lollyrock.com/posts/inspec-for-docker/

Question: Where do you define custom InSpec resources?

- providers folder
- resources folder
- top directory of the inspec profile

Source: https://docs.chef.io/inspec/dsl_resource/

Question: To limit an InSpec run to only certain controls, you would: Q12.

- ✓ Specify the –controls argument.
- Specify the –limit argument.
- · grep the output.

Example: inspec supermarket exec dev-sec/linux-baseline --controls package-08

Question: You want to make sure that an AWS ec2 instance named 'ec2-instance' is running. What should the InSpec test look like?

```
describe ec2('ec2-instance') do
it { should be running }
end
describe aws('ec2-instance') do
it { should be running }
end
describe ec2('aws-ec2-instance') do
it { should_be running }
end
describe ami('ec2-instance') do
it { should_be running }
end
Question: In the following InSpec test, what exactly is being tested?
Q14.
describe file('/etc/sysconfig') do
 it { should be_directory }
 it { should be executable.by('owner') }
 it { should_not be_writable }
```

it { should_not be_readable.by_user('Tom') }

end

- It tests that /etc/sysconfig is a directory, that the directory is executable by the owner, the directory can not have files added or removed, and the contents of the directory cannot be read by a user named Tom.
 - It tests that the file /etc/sysconfig is executable by the owner of the file, the file can not modified, and the contents of the file cannot be read by a user named Tom.
 - It tests that /etc/sysconfig is a directory, that the directory has a mode of 0544, and the contents of the directory cannot be read by a user named Tom.
 - It tests that the file /etc/sysconfig is executable by the owner, the file has a mode of 0544, contents of the file cannot be read by a user named Tom.

Question: When defining custom InSpec resources, what language(s) are available to use? Q15.

- Ruby
- Inspec DSL and Ruby
- ✓ Inspec DSL and Custom Resource DSL and Ruby
- Inspec DSL and Chef Recipe DSL and Ruby

Question: You would like to run an InSpec test locally which is stored on Github. Which of the following commands would achieve this?

- inspec test https://github.com/PATH/TO/INSPEC/PROFILE
- ✓ inspec exec https://github.com/PATH/TO/INSPEC/PROFILE
- inspec check https://github.com/PATH/TO/INSPEC/PROFILE
- It is not possible. The InSpec profile needs to stored locally on the node.

Question: You want to use an InSpec profile that is stored at https://github.com/security to scan a docker container. How would you achieve this?

- inspec exec https://github.com/security -t docker-(i ContainerID
- inspec profile https://github.com/security -t docker -i ContianerID
- ✓ inspec exec https://github.com/security -t docker://ContainerID
- Download the profile from Github, then scan the container as usual. Profiles must be stored locally when scanning containers.

Question: Where do you define custom InSpec resources? Q18.

- providers folder
- resources folder
- libraries folder
- · top directory of the inspec profile

Source: https://docs.chef.io/inspec/dsl_resource/

Question: To limit an InSpec run to only certain controls, you would: Q19.

```
✓ Specify the –controls argument.
```

- Specify the —limit argument.
- · grep the output.

Question: You want to make sure that an AWS ec2 instance named 'ec2-instance' is running. What should the InSpec test look like?

Q20.

```
describe ec2('ec2-instance') do
it { should be_running }
end
describe aws('ec2-instance') do
it { should be running }
end
describe ec2('aws-ec2-instance') do
it { should be running }
end
describe ami('ec2-instance') do
end
Question: In the following InSpec test, what exactly is being tested?
Q21.
describe file('/etc/sysconfig') do
```

it { should be_directory }

it { should be_executable.by('owner') }

it { should_not be_writable }

it { should_not be_readable.by_user('Tom') }

end

- It tests that /etc/sysconfig is a directory, that the directory is executable by the owner, the directory can not have files added or removed, and the contents of the directory cannot be read by a user named Tom.
- It tests that the file /etc/sysconfig is executable by the owner of the file, the file can not modified, and the contents of the file cannot be read by a user named Tom.
- It tests that /etc/sysconfig is a directory, that the directory has a mode of 95/44, and the contents of the directory cannot be read by a user named Tom.
- It tests that the file /etc/sysconfig is executable by the owner, the file has a mode of 0544, contents of the file cannot be read by a user named Tom.

Question: When defining custom InSpec resources, what language(s) are available to use? Q22.

- Ruby
- Inspec DSL and Ruby
- ✓ Inspec DSL and Custom Resource DSL and Ruby
- Inspec DSL and Chef Recipe DSL and Ruby

Question: You want to run an inspec test (test.rb) on a remote node with ssh. The remote node does NOT have InSpec or chef-client installed using ssh. How would you do this?

Q23.

- ✓ inspec exec test.rb -t ssh://user@hostname
- It is not possible. The target node must have InSpec installed.
- It is not possible. The target node must have chef-client installed.
- inspec exec ssh://user@hostname test.rb

Question: How are Studio dependencies defined in a Habitat Plan file that should not be included in the package artifict when running build?

- · pkg deps
- pkg_build_deps
- pkg_run_deps
- pkg deps ignored

Question: How can you search for a specific file within packages installed inside the Studio?

- · The hab pkg provides command
- · The hab pkg search command
- Examining the package manifest in Builder
- Running hab pkg export and opening the artifact with an editor

Question: The core Habitat Builder origin:

Check all that apply

- · Only includes build tools, like curl
- · Is a set of foundation packages
- · Is managed and versioned by the Habitat maintainers
- · Provides packages that cover every use-case
- · Can be used as dependencies for custom pacakges

Question: Where is Habitat package metadata defined?

- · The metadata.rb file
- Habitat Builder
- The Plan file
- · Within the package source repository

Question: What kind of file is generated within the Habitat Studio when running build?

- Plan.sh
- · .hart
- .tar
- .rpm

Question: What package export formats are available within the Habitat Studio?

Select all that apply.

- .hart
- .tar.gz
- .rpm
- .msi
- Apache Mesos
- Cloud Foundry
- docker

Question: You have just uploaded a package to Habitat Builder and wish to pull it into your Studio for testing. On running hab pkg install, you receive an error that no suitable package candidate can be found. What is a potential reason for this error?

- · A package release channel wasn't specified in the install command
- The package hasn't been promoted to the stable channel
- · You are not logged into the correct Builder origin
- · You need to authenticate your Studio session with Builder

Question: What is the purpose of the Habitat Supervisor?

Select all that apply.

- · Starts and monitors child services
- Retrieve resource metadata from cloud providers
- · Monitor information from other Supervisors
- Reconfigure services with lifecycle hooks

Question: You would like to run an InSpec test locally which is stored on Github. Which of the following commands would achieve this?

- · inspec test https://github.com/PATH/TO/INSPEC/PROFILE
- inspec exec https://github.com/PATH/TO/INSPEC/PROFILE
- inspec check https://github.com/PATH/TO/INSPEC/PROFILE
- It is not possible. The InSpec profile needs to stored locally on the node.

Question: Which of the following is a valid way to install InSpec on a node?

- · gem install kitchen-inspec
- gem install serverspec
- Install Chef Workstation
- · gem install chefspec

Question: Manually scanning for compliance is often:

- Time-consuming.
- · Error-prone.
- · Non-portable.
- · All of these.

Question: In the Automate Compliance dashboard, what language are compliance tests written in?

- Chef
- Ruby
- InSpec

Question: You want to run an InSpec test locally that is stored locally on the node. How would you do this?

- inspec test /PATH/TO/PROFILE
- inspec compliance /PATH/TO/PROFILE
- inspec exec /PATH/TO/PROFILE
- inspec check /PATH/TO/PROFILE

Question: Where are compliance profiles stored?

- · On target nodes.
- · On the Chef Automate Compliance server.
- · On Chef Infra Server.

Question: You want to run an inspec test (test.rb) on a remote node with ssh. The remote node does NOT have InSpec or chef-client installed using ssh. How would you do this?

- inspec exec test.rb -t ssh://user@hostname
- · It is not possible. The target node must have InSpec installed.
- It is not possible. The target node must have chef-client installed.
- inspec exec ssh://user@hostname test.rb

Question: You can log in to the compliance scanner with

- · inspec compliance login.
- · chef compliance login.
- · chef exec compliance login.

Question: In the following Chef Compliance package, choose the correct specification for control 5.2.4 from the CIS Sample Linux benchmark that enables both scanning and remediation.

provider: Chef

benchmark: CIS Sample Linux

provider_version: v.1.0.0

controls:

- id: 5.2.4_Ensure_SSH_Protocol_is_set_to_2

run: true

Question: In the following Chef Compliance package, choose the correct specification for control 5.2.14

from the CIS Sample Linux benchmark that grants a waiver until July 1st, 2023.

Exceptions

```
benchmark: CIS Sample Linux
provider_version: v.1.0.0
controls:
– id: 5.2.14_Ensure_SSH_access_is_limited
 scan:
  run: true
  expiration_date: 2023-07-01
 remediate:
  run: false
  waiver:
   start_date_utc: "-- 2020-12-01 08:25:57.571436000 Z\n"
   expiration_date_utc: "-- 2023-07-01 08:25:57.571522000 Z\n"
   identifier: ticket 14500
 justification: "Security waiver granted until expiration date"
provider: Chef
benchmark: CIS Sample Linux
provider_version: v.1.0.0
controls:
- id: 5.2.14_Ensure_SSH_access_is_limited
 scan:
  run: false
```

```
expiration_date: 2023-07-01
 remediate:
  run: false
  waiver:
   start_date_utc: "-- 2020-12-01 08:25:57.571436000 Z\n"
   expiration_date_utc: "-- 2023-07-01 08:25:57.571522000 Z\n"
   identifier: ticket 14500
 justification: "Security waiver granted until expiration date"
provider: Chef
benchmark: CIS Sample Linux
provider version: v.1.0.0
controls:
- id: 5.2.14_Ensure_SSH_access_is_limited
 scan:
  run: true
  expiration_date: 2023-07-01
 remediate:
  run: false
  waiver:
   begin_date_utc: "-- 2020-12-01 08:25:57.571436000 Z\n"
   expiration_date_utc: "-- 2023-07-01 08:25:57.571522000 Z\n"
```

```
identifier: ticket_14500
 reasoning: "Security waiver granted until expiration date"
provider: Chef
benchmark: CIS Sample Linux
provider_version: v.1.0.0
controls:
- id: 5.2.14 Ensure SSH access is limited
 scan:
  run: false
  expiration_date: 2023-07-01
 remediate:
  run: false
  waiver:
   begin_date_utc: "--- 2020-12-01 08:25:57.571436000 Z\n"
   expiration_date_utc: "-- 2023-07-01 08:25:57.571522000 Z\n"
   identifier: ticket_14500
 reasoning: "Security waiver granted until expiration date"
```

Question: How is remediation enabled for a Chef Compliance control?

- In bulk, within the Habitat package's config.yml file
- In bulk, within the InSpec benchmark code
- · Per-control, within the Habitat package's config.yml file
- Per-control, within the InSpec benchmark code

Question: Where are Chef Compliance profiles customized and turned into consumable packages?

- The Chef Habitat Workspace
- · The Chef Habitat Studio
- · The Chef Habitat Builder
- · The Automate Compliance Dashboard

Question: What components comprise the Chef Compliance solution?

- · Chef Premium Compliance Profiles
- · Chef Audit
- · Chef Remediation
- All of the above

Question: What open-source Chef tool is used to package Chef Compliance profiles and controls into consumable artifacts?

- · Chef Workstation
- · Chef InSpec
- Chef Habitat
- · Chef Automate

Question: What language does Chef Compliance use to provide a common language for security stakeholders to collaborate?

- CIS
- InSpector
- InSpec
- ServerSpec



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