# 23CSE111 OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB MANUAL

# Department of computer science and engineering Amrita School of Engineering Amrita Vishwa Vidyapeetham, Amaravati Campus

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Roll No: 24035

Class: CSE-A

Semester: 2

Verified By:

Date of Submission:

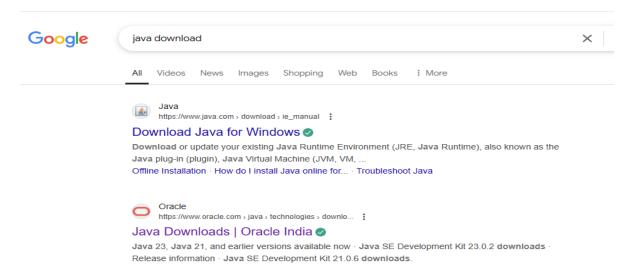
#### WEEK 1

# **Program 1**

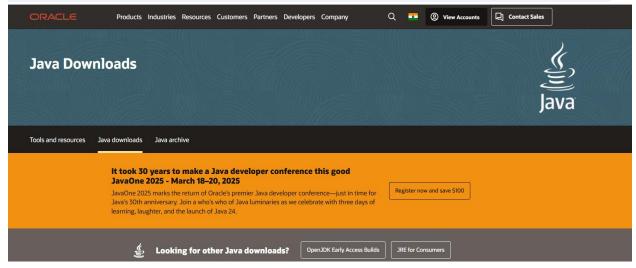
AIM: Downloading and Installing JAVA software

Procedure:

Step 1:Open Google and type java download



Step 2: open website linked with oracle



Step 3: click on JDK 21 and click on windows

#### Java 23, Java 21, and earlier versions available now

JDK 23 is the latest release of the Java SE Platform.

JDK 21 is the latest Long-Term Support (LTS) release of the Java SE Platform.

Farlier JDK versions are available below.

JDK 23 JDK 21 GraalVM for JDK 23 GraalVM for JDK 21

#### JDK Development Kit 21.0.6 downloads

JDK 21 binaries are free to use in production and free to redistribute, at no cost, under the Oracle No-Fee Terms and Conditions (NFTC).

JDK 21 will receive updates under the NFTC, until September 2026, a year after the release of the next LTS. Subsequent JDK 21 updates will be licensed under the Java (OTN) and production use beyond the limited free grants of the OTN license will require a fee.

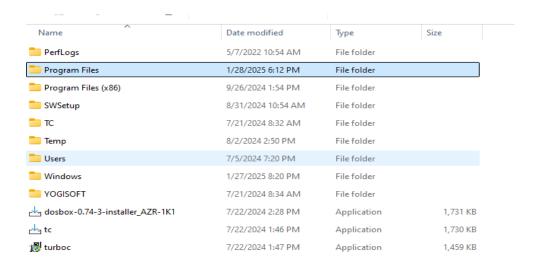
Learn about Java SE Subscription

Linux macOS Windows		
Product/file description	File size	Download
x64 Compressed Archive	185.92 MB	https://download.oracle.com/java/21/latest/jdk-21_windows-x64_bin.zip (sha256)
x64 Installer	164.31 MB	https://download.oracle.com/java/21/latest/jdk-21_windows-x64_bin.exe (sha256)
x64 MSI Installer	163.06 MB	https://download.oracle.com/java/21/latest/jdk-21_windows-x64_bin.msi (sha256)

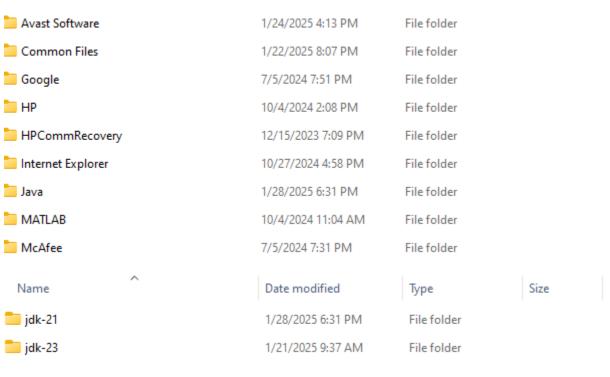
- Step 4: After that click on x64 installer
- Step 5: the downloading starts
- Step 6: After downloading the next step is Installation starts
- Step 7: After installation we need to set a path
- Step 8: Go to "C" drive in C drive we must select the program files



na



Step 9: Double click on the folder and double click on the java



Step 10: click on jdk-21 and select bin

bin	1/28/2025 6:31 PM	File folder
== conf	1/28/2025 6:31 PM	File folder
include include	1/28/2025 6:31 PM	File folder

Step 11: copy the link and paste it in environment

- Step 12: select the system variables and select the path
- Step 13: after selecting the path we need select new one and need to paste the link
- Step 14: after pasting the link we need to click the ok and the apply
- Step 15: in this way the downloading and installation of java takes place
- Step 16: After installation go to command prompt and type javac version

Step 17: after we will get the version of the java

```
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>javac --version
javac 21.0.6
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>
```

#### **Program 2:**

AIM: Write a java program to print the message "Welcome To Java Programming"

CODF:

Output:

```
class Example1{
     Public static void main(String[] args){
          System.out.println("Welcome To Java Programming");
}
```

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22631.4751]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>javac Example1.java

C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>java Example1

Welcome To Java Programming

C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>_
```

#### Program 3:

AIM: write a java code for printing student name, roll no, class, section Code:

#### Output:

```
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>javac Example1.java
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>java Example1
name: Jahnavi
roll no: 24035
class: CSE
Section: CSEA
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>_
```

#### WEEK-2

# **Program-2**

Aim: Write a java program to calculate the area of rectangle

# Input:

```
class Areaofrectangle{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        int l=5;
        float b=(float)6.5;
        System.out.println("Area of rectangle="+1*b);
    }
}
```

#### Output:

```
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>javac Areaofrectangle.java
```

C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>java Areaofrectangle
Area of rectangle=32.5

#### **Errors:**

s.no	Error	Correction
1)	Missing semicolon	Keeping semicolon
2)	End of the flower braces	Closing flower braces

**Aim:** Write a java program to calculate the simple interest

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class SimpleInterest {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        // Input Principal amount
        System.out.print("Enter Principal amount: ");
        double principal = scanner.nextDouble();
        // Input Rate of Interest
        System.out.print("Enter Rate of Interest (per annum): ");
       double rate = scanner.nextDouble();
        // Input Time period in years
       System.out.print("Enter Time period (in years): ");
       double time = scanner.nextDouble();
        // Calculate Simple Interest
       double simpleInterest = (principal * rate * time) / 100;
        // Display the result
       System.out.println("Simple Interest: " + simpleInterest);
       scanner.close();
   }
}
```

```
:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>javac SimpleInterest.java
:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>java SimpleInterest
inter Principal amount: 5
inter Rate of Interest (per annum): 600
inter Time period (in years): 2
imple Interest: 60.0
```

#### **Errors:**

S.no	Error	Correction
1)	';' excepted	Add ";"
	Scanner.close()	Scanner.close();

**Aim:** Write a java program to convert temperature from degree farhenit To degree celusis

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class farhenit{
public static void main(String[]args){

Scanner input=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("enter the temperature in celsius");
double celsius=input.nextDouble();
double farhenit=(celsius*9/5)+32;
System.out.println("temperatute in farhenit:"+farhenit);
}
```

```
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>javac farhenit.java
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>java farhenit
enter the temperature in celsius
56
temperatute in farhenit:132.8
```

#### **Errors:**

S.no	Error	Correction
1)	error: cannot find symbol fh=(tp*9/5)+32;	Declare the variable: double fh=(tp*9/5)+32;

**Aim:** Write a program to convert temperature from degree celusis To degree farhenit

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class celsius{
public static void main(String[]args){

Scanner input=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("enter the temperature in fahrenit");
double fahrenit=input.nextDouble();
double celsius=(fahrenit-32)*5/9;
System.out.println("temperatute in celsius:"+celsius);

}
}
```

```
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>javac celsius.java
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>java celsius
enter the temperature in fahrenit
78
cemperatute in celsius:25.5555555555555
```

Aim: write a java program for factorial number

#### Input:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Factorial {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a number: ");
        int number = scanner.nextInt();
        long factorial = 1;

        for (int i = 1; i <= number; i++) {
            factorial *= i;
        }

        System.out.println("Factorial of " + number + " is " + factorial);
    }
}</pre>
```

#### Output:

```
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>javac Factorial.java
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>java Factorial
Enter a number: 6
Factorial of 6 is 720
```

S.no	Error	Correction
1)	';' excepted	Add ";'
	factorial*=i	factorial*=i;

**Aim**: write a java program for largest number

#### Input:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class LargestNumber{
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("enter a: ");
        int a = input.nextInt();|
        System.out.println("enter b: ");
        int b = input.nextInt();
        System.out.println("enter c: ");
        int c = input.nextInt();
    int largest = (a >= b) ? ((a >= c) ? a : c) : ((b >= c) ? b : c);
        System.out.println("Largest Number: " + largest);
}
```

# Output:

```
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>javac LargestNumber.java
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>java LargestNumber
enter a:
56
enter b:
45
enter c:
90
Largest Number: 90
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>
```

S.no	Error	Correction
1)	';' excepted	Add ";"
	<pre>int c=input.nextInt()</pre>	int
		c=input.nextInt();

#### WEEK-3

# **Program-3**

Aim: Create the java program with the following instructions.

- 1. Create a class with name car
- 2. Create four attributes named car-color, car-brand, fueltype, milage.
- 3. Create three methods named start, stop, service.
- 4. Create three objects named car1, car2, car3

# Class diagram:

Car	
-car_color: String	
-car_brand: String	
-car_fuel_type: String	
-car_milage: String	
+Start(): void	
+Stop(): void	

```
class Car{
private String car_color;
private String car_brand;
private String car_fuel_type;
private String car_mileage;
public void start()
System.out.println("Car started");
public void stop()
System.out.println("car stopped");
public Car()
System.out.println("welcome to car garage");
public static void main(String[]args){
Car car1=new Car();
car1.car_color ="red";
car1.car_fuel_type="petrol";
car1.car_brand="Honda";
Car car2=new Car();
car2.car_color ="Blue";
car2.car_fuel_type="Diesel";
car2.car_brand="Toyato";
Car car3=new Car();
car3.car_color ="white";
car3.car_fuel_type="Electric";
car3.car_brand="FORD";
car1.start();
car1.stop();
car2.start();
car2.stop();
car3.start();
car3.stop();
System.out.println("car1_color: "+car1.car_color+" brand:"+car1.car_brand+"fuel_type:"+car1.car_fuel_type); System.out.println("car2_color: "+car2.car_color+" brand:"+car3.car_brand+"fuel_type:"+car2.car_fuel_type); System.out.println("car3_color: "+car3.car_color+" brand:"+car3.car_brand+"fuel_type:"+car3.car_fuel_type);
```

```
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>javac Car.java
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>java Car
welcome to car garage
welcome to car garage
welcome to car garage
Car started
car stopped
car1_color: red brand:Hondafuel_type:petrol
car2_color: Blue brand:FORDfuel_type:Diesel
car3_color: white brand:FORDfuel_type:Electric
```

S.no	Error	Correction
1)	illegal start of type	Add ")"
	Public void stop({	Public void stop(){
2)	Cannot find symbol	Add "."
	thiscar_brand=car_brand	this.car_brand=car
		_brand

Aim: Write a java program for Bank account by using constructor and for withdrawal and deposit .

# Class diagram:

BankAccount
-Name: String
-AccNo: String
-currbal : String
+withdraw(int WAmt): int
+deposit(int DAmt): int

```
class BankAccount {
    String Name;
    int AccNO, currbal;
    BankAccount(String Name, int AccNO, int currbal) {
        this.Name = Name:
        this.AccNO = AccNO;
        this.currbal = currbal;
        System.out.println("The customer details are: " + this.Name + " " + this.AccNO + " " + this.currbal);
    public void withdraw(int withdrawalAmount) {
        if (withdrawalAmount <= currbal) {</pre>
            currbal = currbal - withdrawalAmount;
            System.out.println("Remaining balance: " + currbal);
        } else {
            System.out.println("Insufficient funds");
    }
    public int deposit(int depositAmount) {
        currbal = currbal + depositAmount;
        return currbal;
    public static void main(String[] args) {
    BankAccount ram = new BankAccount("ram", 1234, 1000);
        ram.withdraw(500); // Example of valid withdrawal
        ram.withdraw(500); // Another example of valid withdrawal
        int finalAmount = ram.deposit(5001);
System.out.println("Final balance: " + finalAmount);
```

```
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>javac BankAccount.java
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>java BankAccount
The customer details are: ram 1234 1000
Remaining balance: 500
Remaining balance: 0
Final balance: 5001
```

S.no	Errors	Correction
1)	; excepted	Add ";"
	Ram.withdraw(500)	Ram.withdraw(500);
2)	Cannot find symbol	Add "."
	thisCurrBal=CurrBal	this.CurrBal=CurrBal

#### WEEK-4

#### Program-1

**Aim:** Write java program with class name Book. This class should contain various attributes such as title of the book, author, year of publication. It should also contain constructor with parameter which initializes the title of the book, author, year of publication. create a method which displays the details of the book that is title of the book, author, year of publication display details of two books by creating two objects.

# Class Diagram:

Book
-title: String
-author: String
-yearOfPublication: int
+Book(): void
+display(): void

```
public class Book {
   private String title;
   private String author;
   private int yearOfPublication;
    public Book(String title, String author, int yearOfPublication) {
       this.title = title;
       this.author = author;
       this.yearOfPublication = yearOfPublication;
   }
    public void displayDetails() {
        System.out.println("Title: " + title);
        System.out.println("Author: " + author);
        System.out.println("Year of Publication: " + yearOfPublication);
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Book book1 = new Book("To Kill a Mockingbird", "Harper Lee", 1960);
        Book book2 = new Book("1984", "George Orwell", 1949);
        System.out.println("Book 1 Details:");
        book1.displayDetails();
        System.out.println("\nBook 2 Details:");
        book2.displayDetails();
   }
}
```

```
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>javac Book.java
C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>java Book
Book 1 Details:
Fitle: To Kill a Mockingbird
Author: Harper Lee
Fear of Publication: 1960
Book 2 Details:
Fitle: 1984
Author: George Orwell
Fear of Publication: 1949
```

s.no	Error	Correction
1)	Illegal start of type public void	Add ")" public void
	display({	dispaly(){
2)	Cannot find symbol	Add "."
	thisauthor=author;	this.author=author;

# **Program-2**

Aim: To create a java class named MyClass with a static variable "count" of int type initialized to zero and a constant variable pi of type double initialized to 3.1415 as attributes of that class. define a constructor for myclass that increments the count variable each time an object of my class is created. finally print the final values of "count" and "pi"

# Class diagram:

	MyClass	
+count: int		
+pi : double		

```
public class MyClass {
   public static int count = 0;
   public MyClass() {
      count++;
   }

   public static void main(String[] args) {

      MyClass obj1 = new MyClass();
      MyClass obj2 = new MyClass();
      MyClass obj3 = new MyClass();
      MyClass obj3 = new MyClass();
      System.out.println("Final Count: " + count);
      System.out.println("Value of Pi: " + pi);
   }
}
```

::\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>javac MyClass.java

:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>java MyClass

Final Count: 3

/alue of Pi: 3.1415

S.no	Error	Correction
1)	;expected	Add;
	MyClass()	MyClass():
2)	Closing Syntax }	Keeping }

#### Week-5

# Program-1

Aim: Create a calculator using the operations including addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, square, square root, cube, floor using multiple inheritance and display desired output

# Class Diagram:

# simple\_calculator

+addition(n1:int, n2:int): int

+subtraction (n1:int, n2:int): int

+multiplication (n1:int, n2:int): int



# advanced\_calculator

+division(n1:int, n2:int):double

+modular\_division(n1:int, n2:int) : double



#### super calculator

+floor\_division(n1:int,n2:int):double

+sqroot(n1:double): double

+sq(n1:int):double

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class simple_calculator {
    // Methods
    public int addition(int n1, int n2) {
        return n1 + n2;
    public int subtraction(int n1, int n2) {
         return n1 - n2;
    public int multiplication(int n1, int n2) {
        return n1 * n2;
}
class advanced_calculator extends simple_calculator {
    // Methods
    public double division(int n1, int n2) {
         if (n2 != 0) {
             return (double) n1 / n2; // Cast to double to ensure correct division
             System.out.println("Division with 0 is not possible."); return Double.NaN; // Return NaN for invalid division
    public double modular_division(int n1, int n2) { if (n2 != 0) {
             return n1 % n2;
         } else {
             System.out.println("Modular division with 0 is not possible."); return Double.NaN; // Return NaN for invalid modulo operation
    }
}
// Derived class from advanced_calculator
class super_calculator extends advanced_calculator {
    public int floor_division(int n1, int n2) {
        if (n2 != 0) {
             return Math.floorDiv(n1, n2); // Proper floor division
         } else {
             System.out.println("Floor division with 0 is not possible.");
             return Integer.MIN_VALUE; // Return a placeholder for invalid operation
         }
    }
    public double sqroot(double n1) {
         if (n1 >= 0) {
             return Math.sqrt(n1);
         } else {
             System.out.println("Square root of negative number is not possible.");
             return Double.NaN; // Return NaN for invalid square root
    }
    public double sq(int n1) {
        return n1 * n1;
}
```

```
// Main class
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the first number: ");
        int a = input.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Enter the second number: ");
        int b = input.nextInt();
        super_calculator sc = new super_calculator();
        System.out.println("Addition: " + sc.addition(a, b));
        System.out.println("Subtraction: " + sc.subtraction(a, b));
        System.out.println("Multiplication: " + sc.multiplication(a, b));
        System.out.println("Division: " + sc.division(a, b));
        System.out.println("Modular division: " + sc.modular_division(a, b));
        System.out.println("Floor Division: " + sc.floor division(a, b));
        System.out.println("Square Root: " + sc.sqroot(a));
        System.out.println("Square: " + sc.sq(a));
        input.close(); // Fixed missing semicolon
}
```

#### Error:

S.no	Error	Correction
1)	';' excepted	Add ";"
	tv.v_final()	tv.v_final();
2)	illegal start of type	Add ")"
	public void v_final({	public void v_final(){

## Program:2

Aim: A vehicle enter company wants to develop his system that maintains, information about different types of vehicles available for rent, the company rents out cars and boke and they need a program to store details about each vehicle such as brand and speed

# Class Diagram:

Vehicle		
brand: string		
Speed: int		
Vehicle(String brand, int speed)		
DisplayDetails(): void		
•		

```
class Vehicle{
     String brand;
     int speed;
Vehicle(String brand,int speed){
          this.brand=brand;
          this.speed=speed;
     void Details(){
         System.out.println("Brand:"+brand);
System.out.println("Speed:"+speed);
class CARS extends Vehicle{
     int doors;
int capacity;
     public CARS(String brand,int speed,int doors,int capacity){
         super(brand, speed);
          this.doors=doors;
         this.capacity=capacity;
     void cardetails(){
         System.out.println("Number of doors:"+doors);
System.out.println("Capacity:"+capacity);
class Bikes extends Vehicle{
     Boolean gears;
     Bikes(String brand, int speed, Boolean gears){
         super(brand, speed);
         this.gears=gears;
     void bikedetails(){
          if (gears==true)
          System.out.println("This bike has gears.");
          else
         System.out.println("This bike does not have gear system.");
class Trucks extends Vehicle{
     int tons;
     Trucks(String brand,int speed,int tons){
   super(brand, speed);
   this.tons=tons;
     void truckdetails(){
         System.out.println("The capacity of truck is: "+tons);
class Rent{
    public static void main(String[] args){
    CARS c=new CARS("Tayota",120,5,5);
          c.cardetails();
         c.Details();
Bikes b=new Bikes("KTM",80,true);
          b.bikedetails();
         b.Details();
Trucks t=new Trucks("TATA",100,1);
t.truckdetails();
         t.Details();
    }
}
```

C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>javac Vehicle.java

C:\Users\jahna\OneDrive\Desktop\oops\week1>java Rent

Number of doors:5

Capacity:5 Brand:Tayota Speed:120

This bike has gears.

Brand:KTM Speed:80

The capacity of truck is: 1
Brand:TATA

Speed:100

S.no	Error	Correction
1)		
2)		