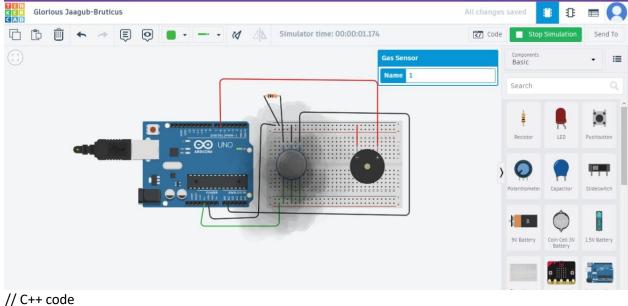
ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING -INNOVATION

Design steps for environmental monitoring

1. Define the Monitoring System:
Clearly define what environmental parameters you want to monitor (e.g., temperature, humidity, air quality).
2. Select Sensors: Choose appropriate sensors for each parameter. Ensure they are compatible with Tinkercad's available components.
3. Design the Circuit: Use Tinkercad's Circuit Editor to design the electronic circuit. Connect sensors to microcontrollers (e.g., Arduino) and add any additional components needed (resistors, capacitors, etc.)
4. Programming Microcontrollers:
Write the code to read data from sensors and transmit it to a data storage system. Use Arduino programming language or other compatible languages.
5. Simulate the Circuit: Use Tinkercad's simulation tools to test the circuit virtually. This allows you to identify and fix any potential issues before building the physical prototype.
6. 3D Design and Printing (Optional): If needed, design and 3D print an enclosure for your monitoring system to protect the components.



//

/*

Envirnoment monitor

*/

int valueofgassensor = 0;

void setup()

pinMode(A1, INPUT);

Serial.begin(9600);

pinMode(6, OUTPUT);

```
}
void loop()
{
// Gas sensor with buzzer
valueofgassensor = analogRead(A1);
Serial.println(valueofgassensor);
if (valueofgassensor > 200) {
tone(6, 523, 1000); // play tone 60 (C5 = 523 Hz)
}
delay(10); // Delay a little bit to improve simulation performance
}
7. Assemble the Prototype: Connect the actual sensors, microcontroller, and any other components
according to the design.
8. Upload Code to Microcontroller: Upload the code you wrote to the microcontroller using Tinkercad's
programming interface.
9. Test the Prototype: Ensure that the sensors are providing accurate data and that the microcontroller
is transmitting it correctly.
10. Data Visualization (Optional):
```

Integrate a display or connect the prototype to a computer for real-time data visualization.