

3.16)  $x[n] = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n] + (2)^n u[-n-1]$   
 $y[n] = 5\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n] - 5\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n u[n]$

a)

TABLE 3.1 #5 &amp; 6

R.O.C

$$X(z) = \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)z^{-1}} - \frac{1}{1 - 2z^{-1}} \quad \begin{array}{l} |z| > \frac{1}{3} \\ |z| < 2 \end{array}$$

TABLE 3.1 #5

R.O.C

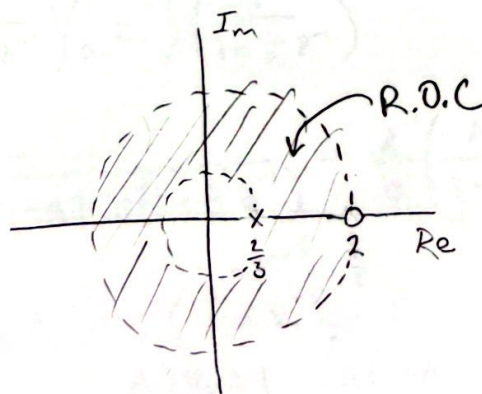
$$Y(z) = \frac{5}{1 - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)z^{-1}} - \frac{5}{1 - \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)z^{-1}} \quad \begin{array}{l} |z| > \frac{1}{3} \\ |z| > \frac{2}{3} \end{array}$$

$$X(z) = \frac{(1 - 2z^{-1}) - (1 - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)z^{-1})}{(1 - \frac{1}{3}z^{-1})(1 - 2z^{-1})} = \frac{-\frac{5}{3}z^{-1}}{(1 - \frac{1}{3}z^{-1})(1 - 2z^{-1})}$$

$$Y(z) = \frac{5(1 - \frac{2}{3}z^{-1}) - 5(1 - \frac{1}{3}z^{-1})}{(1 - \frac{2}{3}z^{-1})(1 - \frac{1}{3}z^{-1})} = \frac{(-\frac{10}{3} + \frac{5}{3})}{\dots} = \frac{-\frac{5}{3}z^{-1}}{(1 - \frac{2}{3}z^{-1})(1 - \frac{1}{3}z^{-1})}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{\cancel{(-\frac{5}{3}z^{-1})} \cancel{(1 - \frac{1}{3}z^{-1})} (1 - 2z^{-1})}{(1 - \frac{2}{3}z^{-1}) \cancel{(1 - \frac{1}{3}z^{-1})} \cancel{(-\frac{5}{3}z^{-1})}} = \frac{(1 - 2z^{-1})}{(1 - \frac{2}{3}z^{-1})}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{(1 - 2z^{-1})}{(1 - \frac{2}{3}z^{-1})}$$

POLES:  $z = \frac{2}{3}$ ZEROS:  $z = 2$ R.O.C:  $\frac{2}{3} < |z| < 2$ 

b)

$$h[n] = \mathcal{Z}^{-1}\{H(z)\} = \mathcal{Z}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{1-\frac{2}{3}z^{-1}} - \frac{2z^{-1}}{(1-\frac{2}{3}z^{-1})}\right\}$$

$$h[n] = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n u[n] - 2\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{n-1} u[n-1] \quad \text{R.O.C: } \frac{2}{3} < |z| < 2$$

$$n-k-1 > 0$$

$$c) \quad y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k] h[n-k]$$

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k] \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{n-k} u[n-k] - x[k] 2\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{n-k-1} u[n-k-1]$$

d)

By SECTION 3.2 PROPERTY 5, THE SYSTEM IS TWO-SIDED AND THEREFORE NOT CAUSAL

3.58)

$$C_{xx}[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k] x[n+k]$$

a)

$$C_{xx}[n] = x[-n] * x[n] \xrightarrow[\text{TIME REVERSAL}]{\text{Pg. 129}} x[-n] \xrightarrow{\mathcal{Z}} X\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) \quad \begin{matrix} \text{R.O.C} = \frac{1}{R_x} \\ U \\ \text{R.O.C} = R_x \end{matrix}$$

$$C_{xx}[n] \xrightarrow{\mathcal{Z}} X\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) X(z) = X(z) X\left(\frac{1}{z}\right)$$

$$\text{R.O.C: } \frac{1}{R_x} < |z| < R_x$$

$$b) \quad x[n] = a^n u[n] \quad X(z) = \frac{1}{1-az^{-1}} \quad |z| > a \quad \begin{matrix} X(z^{-1}) = \frac{1}{1-az} = \frac{z^{-1}}{(z^{-1}-a)} \\ X(z^{-1}) = \frac{1}{a} z^{-1} \frac{1}{1-\frac{1}{a}z^{-1}} \quad |z| > \frac{1}{a} \end{matrix}$$

$$C_{xx}(z) = \left(\frac{1}{1-az^{-1}}\right) \left(\frac{1}{a} z^{-1}\right) \left(\frac{1}{1-\frac{1}{a}z^{-1}}\right)$$

$$C_{xx}(z) = \frac{z^{-1}}{a} \frac{(1-\frac{1}{a}z^{-1})}{(1-az^{-1})(1-\frac{1}{a}z^{-1})} = \frac{z^{-1}}{a} \left(\frac{A}{1-az^{-1}} + \frac{B}{1-\frac{1}{a}z^{-1}}\right)$$

$$A(1-\frac{1}{a}z^{-1}) + B(1-az^{-1}) = 1$$

$$A+B=1 \quad B=1-A$$

$$-\frac{A}{a} - Ba = 0$$

$$-\frac{A}{a} - (1-A)a = 0$$

$$A(a - \frac{1}{a}) - a = 0$$

$$A = \frac{a}{a - \frac{1}{a}}$$

$$B = 1 - \frac{1}{1-a^2}$$



$$C_{xx}[z] = \left(\frac{1}{a-\frac{1}{a}}\right) z^{-1} \frac{1}{1-az^{-1}} + \left(a + \frac{a}{1-a^2}\right) z^{-1} \frac{1}{1-\frac{1}{a}z^{-1}}$$

$$a < |z|$$

$$C_{xx}[n] = \left(\frac{1}{a-\frac{1}{a}}\right) a^{n-1} u[n-1] + \left(a + \frac{a}{1-a^2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{a}\right)^{n-1} u[n-1]$$

c) A TIME REVERSED INPUT  $x[n]$  WOULD HAVE THE SAME  $C_{xx}[n]$

$$x[n] = x[-n] = a^{-n} u[-n]$$

d) A TIME SHIFTED INPUT  $x[n]$  WOULD HAVE THE SAME  $C_{xx}[n]$

$$x[n] = x[n-k] = a^{n-k} u[n-k]$$

M1)

PROBLEM 3.32(a) Pg. 145 DO PFD

$$X(z) = \frac{1}{(1+\frac{1}{2}z^{-1})^2(1-2z^{-1})(1-3z^{-1})} = \frac{A}{(1+\frac{1}{2}z^{-1})^2} + \frac{B}{(1-2z^{-1})} + \frac{C}{(1-3z^{-1})} + \frac{D}{1+\frac{1}{2}z^{-1}}$$

$$A+A+2B+C+2AD = 1$$

$$1 - \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$A(1-2z^{-1})(1-3z^{-1}) + B(1+\frac{1}{2}z^{-1})^2(1-3z^{-1})$$

$$+ C(1+\frac{1}{2}z^{-1})^2(1-2z^{-1}) + D(1+\frac{1}{2}z^{-1})(1-2z^{-1})(1-3z^{-1}) = 1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}$$

$$z=2$$

$$z=3$$

$$z=-\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) B = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{7}{6}\right)^2 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right) C = 1$$

$$(1+4)(1+6)A = 1$$

$$A+B+C+D=1$$

$$D=1-A-B-C$$

$$\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) B = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{49}{36}\right) \left(\frac{1}{3}\right) C = 1$$

$$(5)(7)A = 1$$

$$D=0.047$$

$$A = \frac{1}{35}$$

$$-\left(\frac{25}{16}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) B = 1$$

$$\frac{49}{108} C = 1$$

$$A=0.028$$

$$-\frac{25}{32} B = 1$$

$$C = \frac{108}{49}$$

$$B = -\frac{32}{25}$$

$$C = 2.2$$

$$X(z) = \frac{0.028}{(1+\frac{1}{2}z^{-1})^2} - \frac{1.28}{(1-2z^{-1})} + \frac{2.2}{(1-3z^{-1})} + \frac{0.047}{(1+\frac{1}{2}z^{-1})}$$

$$B = -1.28$$

$$X(z) = \frac{1}{(1+z^{-1}+\frac{1}{4}z^{-2})(1-5z^{-1}+6z^{-2})} = \frac{1}{1-5z^{-1}+6z^{-2}+z^{-1}-5z^{-2}+6z^{-3}+\frac{1}{4}z^{-2}-\frac{5}{4}z^{-3}+\frac{3}{2}z^{-4}}$$

$$X(z) = \frac{1}{1+(-5+1)z^{-1}+(6-5+\frac{1}{4})z^{-2}+(6-\frac{5}{4})z^{-3}+\frac{3}{2}z^{-4}}$$

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↓

$$X(z) = \frac{0.047}{1+0.5z^{-1}} + \frac{0.0286}{(1+0.5z^{-1})^2} - \frac{1.28}{1-2z^{-1}} + \frac{2.20}{1-3z^{-1}}$$

M2)

$$a) \quad y[n] = -1.85 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{18}\right) y[n-1] + 0.83 y[n-2] = x[n] + \frac{1}{3} x[n-1]$$

$$a_0 y[n] + a_1 y[n-1] + a_2 y[n-2] = b_0 x[n] + b_1 x[n-1]$$

$$a_0 Y(z) + a_1 z^{-1} Y(z) + a_2 z^{-2} Y(z) = b_0 X(z) + b_1 z^{-1} X(z)$$

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{(a_0 + a_1 z^{-1} + a_2 z^{-2}) Y(z)}{(b_0 + b_1 z^{-1}) X(z)}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{b_0 + b_1 z^{-1}}{a_0 + a_1 z^{-1} + a_2 z^{-2}}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{1 + \frac{1}{3} z^{-1}}{1 - 1.85 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{18}\right) z^{-1} + 0.83 z^{-2}}$$

b) SEE PLOTS.

FILTER APPEARS TO BE LOW-PASS.

c) SEE PLOTS.