

cluster jerarquico y kmedias 2

Jaime Isaac Peña Mejía

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Cluster jerárquico.

```
clust <- read.table("task9data2.txt", quote="\\"", comment.char="")
clust
```

```
##           V1 V2 V3
## 1   Australia 2.5 211
## 2     Austria 3.9 167
## 3 Belgium/Lux 2.9 131
## 4     Canada 2.4 191
## 5     Denmark 2.9 220
## 6     Finland 0.8 297
## 7      France 9.1  71
## 8     Iceland 0.8 211
## 9      Ireland 0.7 300
## 10      Italy 7.9 107
## 11 Netherlands 1.8 167
## 12 New_Zealand 1.9 266
## 13      Norway 0.8 227
## 14      Spain 6.5  86
## 15      Sweden 1.6 207
## 16 Switzerland 5.8 115
## 17      England 1.3 285
## 18 United_States 1.2 199
## 19      Germany 2.7 172
```

```
# Give row names and column names
cnames <- c("Pais","wine","heart")
colnames(clust)<-cnames
rownames(clust)<-clust$Pais
clust
```

```
##           Pais wine heart
## Australia   Australia 2.5  211
## Austria     Austria 3.9  167
## Belgium/Lux Belgium/Lux 2.9  131
## Canada      Canada 2.4  191
## Denmark     Denmark 2.9  220
## Finland     Finland 0.8  297
## France      France 9.1   71
## Iceland     Iceland 0.8  211
## Ireland     Ireland 0.7  300
```

```
## Italy          Italy  7.9  107
## Netherlands    Netherlands  1.8  167
## New_Zealand    New_Zealand  1.9  266
## Norway         Norway   0.8  227
## Spain          Spain   6.5   86
## Sweden         Sweden   1.6  207
## Switzerland    Switzerland  5.8  115
## England        England   1.3  285
## United_States  United_States  1.2  199
## Germany        Germany   2.7  172
```

```
# Hierarchical Clustering
```

```
# Create distance matrix
```

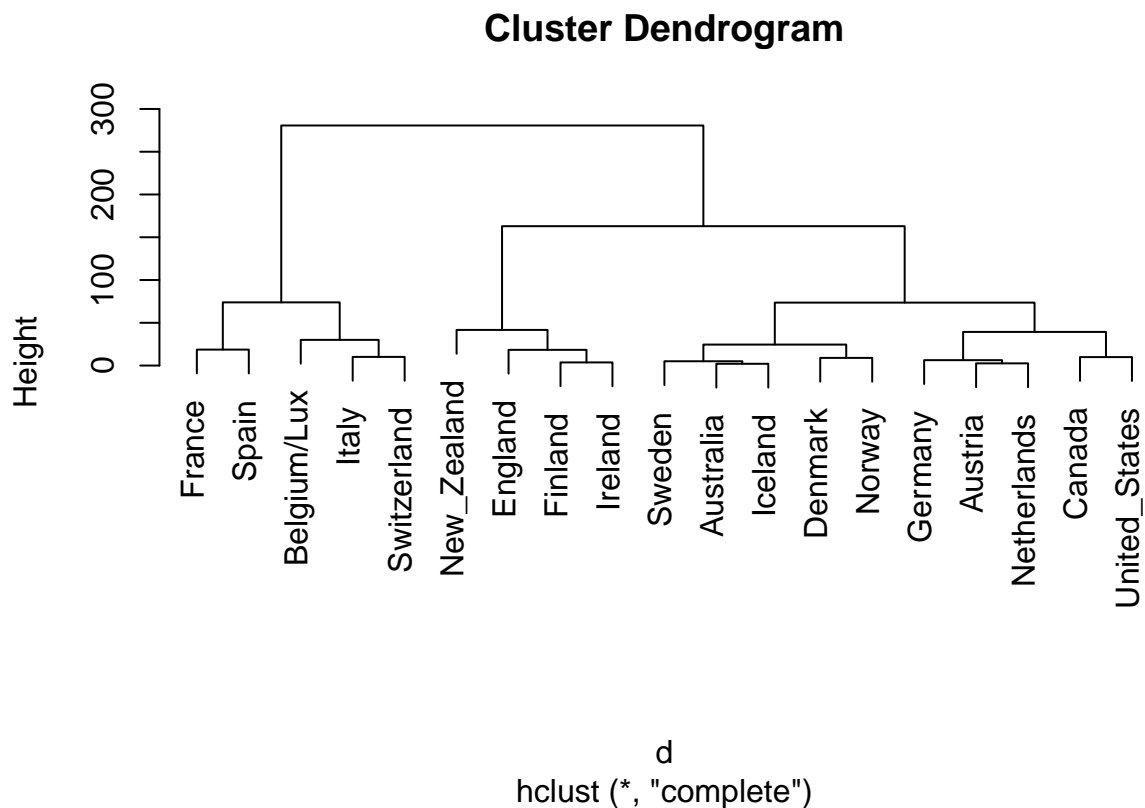
```
d <- dist(clust, method = "euclidean")
```

```
## Warning in dist(clust, method = "euclidean"): NAs introducidos por coerción
```

```
fit <- hclust(d)
```

```
# display dendrogram
```

```
plot(fit)
```



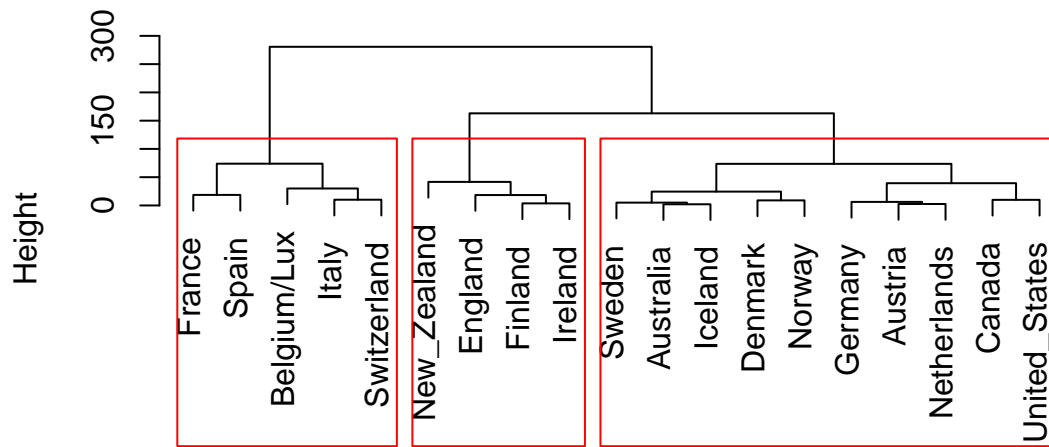
```
plot(fit)
```

```
groups<-cutree(fit, k=5) # cut tree into 5 clusters
```

```
# draw dendrogram with red borders around the 5 clusters
```

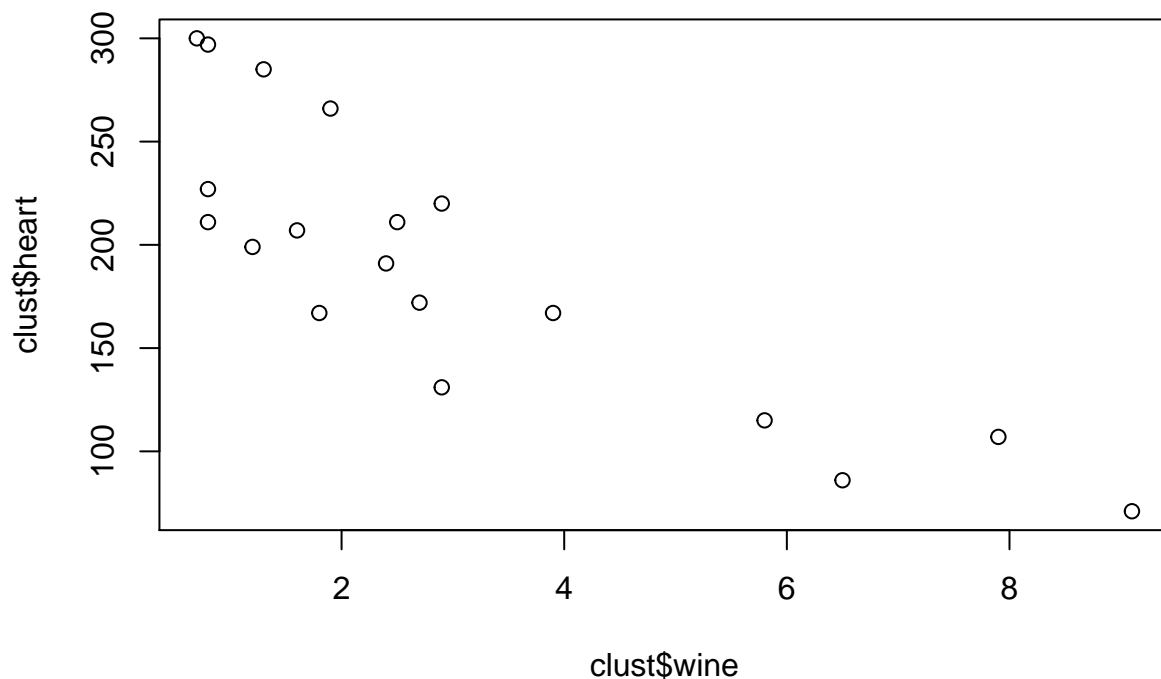
```
rect.hclust(fit,k=5,border="red")
```

Cluster Dendrogram



d
hclust (*, "complete")

```
plot(clust$wine, clust$heart)
text(x=clust$wine, y=clust$heart, labels=clust$country, col=groups)
```



k means en R de forma corta

K means

```
clustk <- kmeans(clust[,c("wine", "heart")], centers=3, nstart=10)
clustk
```

K-means clustering with 3 clusters of sizes 4, 5, 10

##

Cluster means:

wine heart

1 1.175 287.0

2 6.440 102.0

3 2.060 197.2

##

Clustering vector:

Australia Austria Belgium/Lux Canada Denmark

3 3 2 3 3

Finland France Iceland Ireland Italy

1 2 3 1 2

Netherlands New_Zealand Norway Spain Sweden

3 1 3 2 3

Switzerland England United_States Germany

2 1 3 3

##

Within cluster sum of squares by cluster:

[1] 714.9075 2274.1520 4394.6040

(between_SS / total_SS = 91.2 %)

##

```
## Available components:
##
## [1] "cluster"      "centers"      "totss"        "withinss"     "tot.withinss"
## [6] "betweenss"    "size"         "iter"         "ifault"
plot(clust$wine, clust$heart, xlab="wine", ylab="heart")
text(x=clust$wine, y=clust$heart, labels=clust$country,col=clustk$cluster+1)
```

