# DEEP LEARNING FOR ACOUSTIC SIGNAL PROCESSING:

Speaker Recognition through One-Shot Learning and Siamese Neural Networks

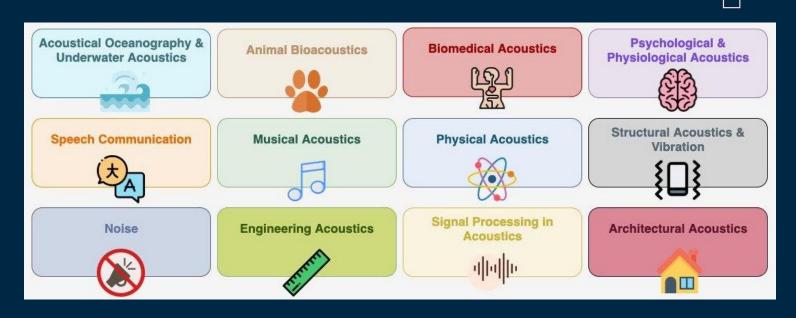
- Jaime Pérez -

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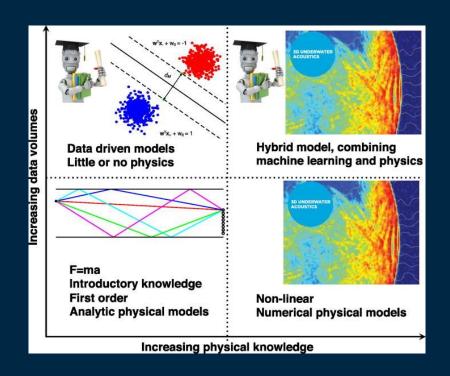
# Deep Learning in Acoustics

# Map of Acoustics



Source: Agustín de los Riscos Mayorga

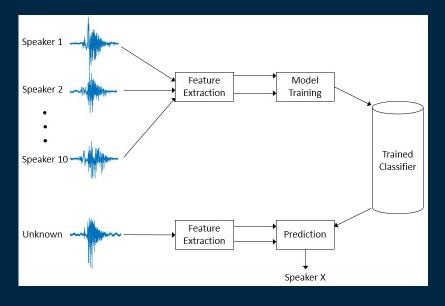
# Deep Learning Applications for Acoustics "





# Motivation

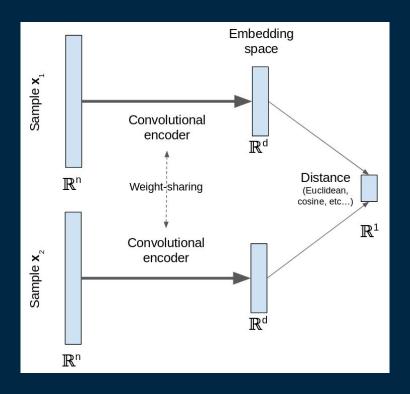
- What is speaker recognition? Identification of a person and distinguishes from others, based on its voice characteristics
- Speaker Verification (1:1) vs.
  Speaker Identification (1:N)
- Few-shot learning & deep learning?
  Siamese Neural Networks



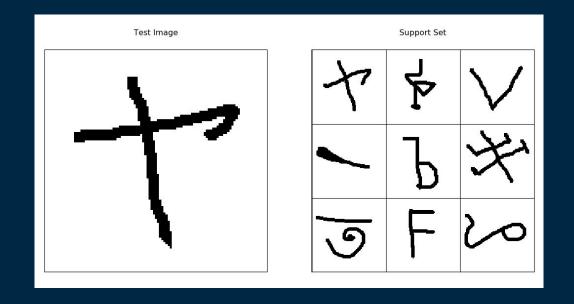
### Use Cases

- Simplify translating speech tasks
- Improved and personalized services (Alexa, Google Home, Customer service bots, etc.)
- Complement biometric verification methods in security systems
- Criminal investigations

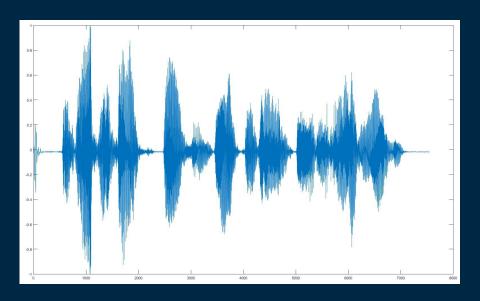
☐ Siamese Neural Network



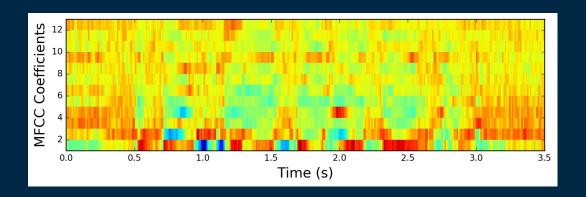
- Siamese Neural Network
- □ Validation: n-shot k-way classification task



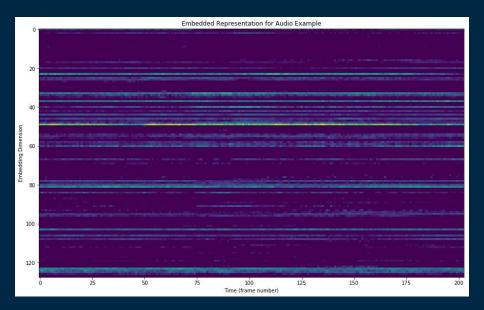
- ☐ Siamese Neural Network
- ☐ Validation: n-shot k-way classification task
- Data Representations:
  - Raw Audio

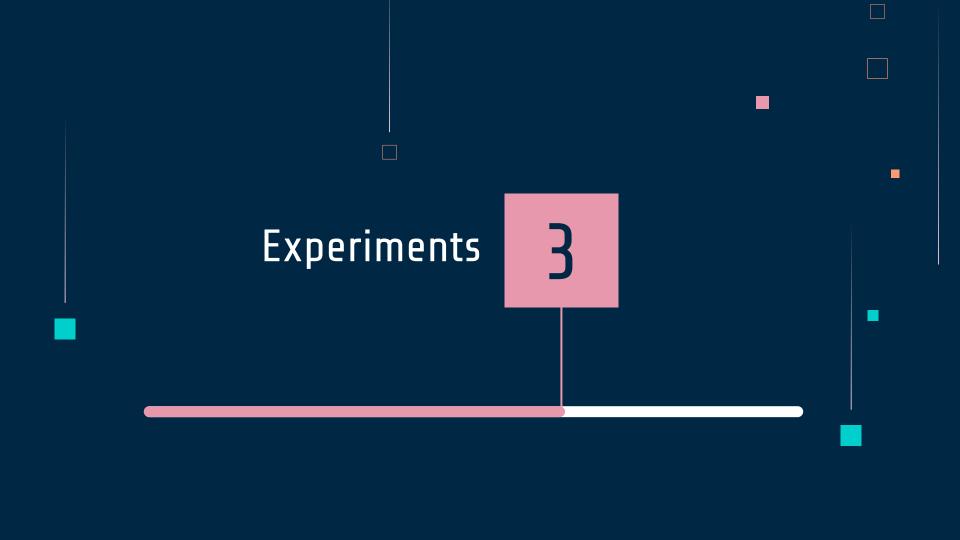


- Siamese Neural Network
- ☐ Validation: n-shot k-way classification task
- Data Representations:
  - Raw Audio
  - MFCCs



- Siamese Neural Network
- □ Validation: n-shot k-way classification task
- Data Representations:
  - ☐ Raw Audio
  - □ MFCCs
  - □ VGGish Embeddings





# **Best Results**

#### **Neural Network Structure:**

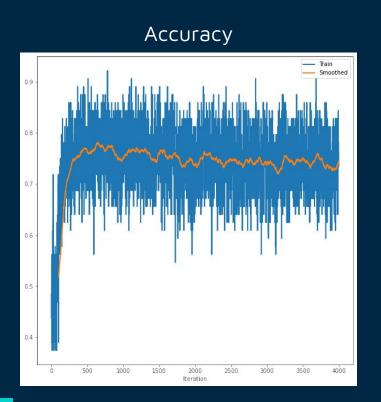
- ☐ Input: MFCC
- ☐ 3 x CNN Blocks
  - Filters: 128 | 256 | 384
  - ☐ Stride: 3 x 3
  - Batch Normalization
  - ☐ Dropout: 0.2
  - Activation Function: ReLU
- ☐ Global Max Pooling
- ☐ Fully Connected Layer
  - ☐ Units: 1024
  - ☐ Dropout: 0.2
- Euclidean Distance

#### Training Parameters:

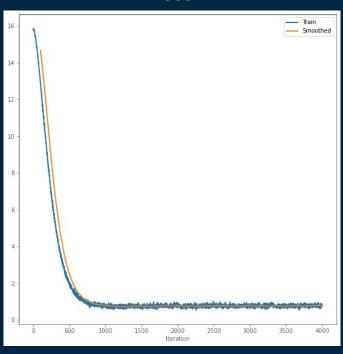
- 🖵 Optimizer: RAdam
- Loss Function:
  - Binary Cross-Entropy

☐ Batch Size: 64

# Training Phase



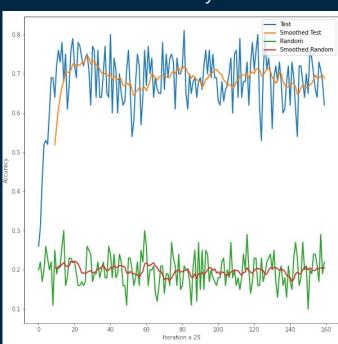




# Validation Phase

 $\blacksquare$  1-shot 4-way classification, evaluated every 25 batches over 100 tasks  $\Box$ 

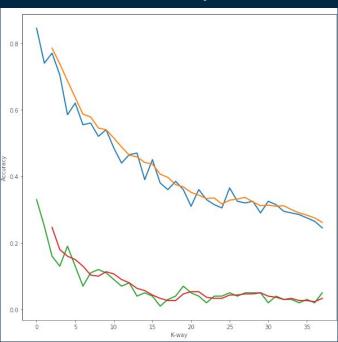
#### Accuracy



# Testing Phase

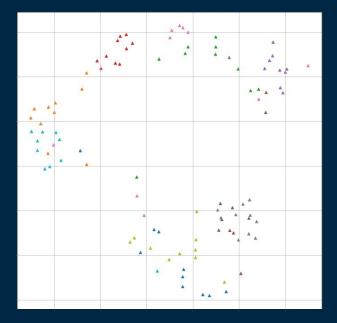
1-shot k-way classification, evaluated over 100 tasks per k

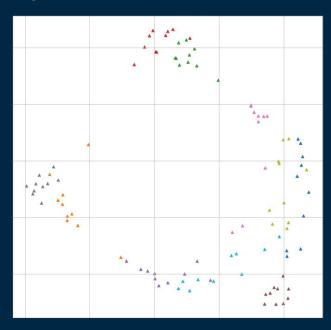
#### Accuracy



# **Embedding Space Visualization**

- ☐ Vector embeddings obtained from 2 sets of 10 random selected speakers (10 random audios fragments each one)
- ☐ Dimensionality reduction through t-SNE algorithm







# **Result Discussion**

- The three types of data representations have obtained satisfactory results
  - ☐ Small difference in performances, but huge in dimensionality
  - Raw audio is a very inefficient representation for transmitting information or extract patterns
- Best results obtained with MFCCs
  - Promising results for the join of Deep Learning and specific domain knowledge
- Siamese Network architecture has perform the task quite successfully
  - Very time and computational consuming approach
  - ☐ Number of possible pair combinations grows exponentially

## **Future Directions**

- Intensive search of hyperparameters (length audio fragments, subsampling rates, neural structures, extended training times, different distance metrics, etc.)
- ☐ Use of CNN and LSTM neurons
- $\square$  Implement validation tasks n-shot k-way, for n > 1 $^{"}$
- Better baseline model (e.g. k-NN)
- Compare performance of test with new samples against classes seen during training phase

# THANKS!



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