

A software framework provides a generic software structure, which can be customized.

WHY FRAMEWORKS?

01

Manual data updates and DOM manipulation can get complex

02

They use well defined application architectures

- Model View Controller / Model View View
Model / Model View Whatever

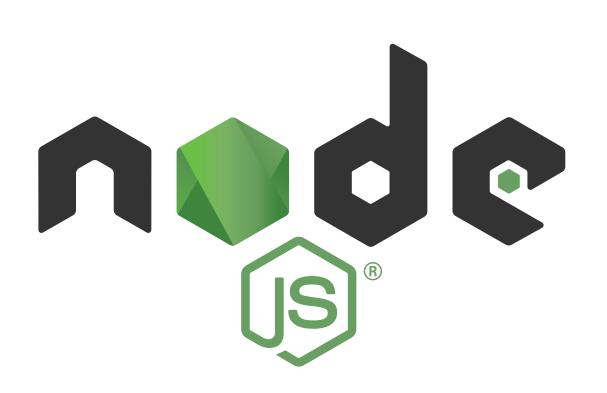
01

Framework is always in control of your code. Meaning, the framework decides when and how to call your code.

ABOUT FRAMEWORKS



Other terms - Declarative programming, Inversion of control etc.





JavaScript runtime built on Chrome V8 JavaScript Engine

02

Allows you to run JavaScript outside the browser

Node is used to build:

- Web Servers
- Command Line Tools
- Native Apps (VSCode is a Node app!)
- Video Games
- Drone Software
- A Whole Lot More!



01

A library of thousands of packages published by other developers that we can use for free!

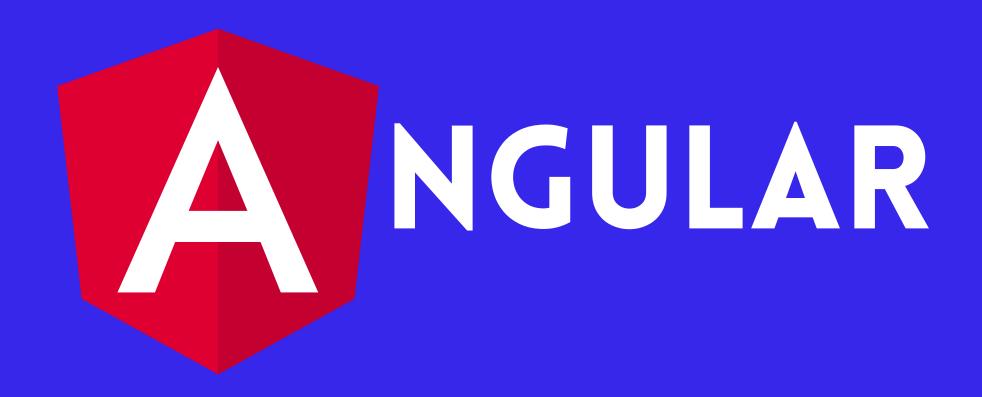
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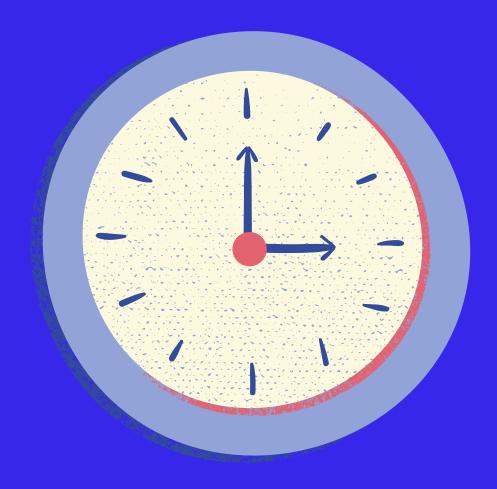
A command line tool to easily install and manage those packages in our Node projects

The World of JRVRSCRIPT Frameworks



FRONT-END JAVASCRIPT FRAMEWORKS:





HISTORY

AngularJS was released in 2010 and quickly became one of the most popular front-end JS frameworks

In 2016 Google completely rewrote it and released it as Angular

SERVER-SIDE RENDERING

COMPONENT-BASED



MOBILE SUPPORT

POWERFUL TEMPLATES

SEMANTIC VERSIONING

<Major Version>.<Minor Version>.<Patch>



is Angular

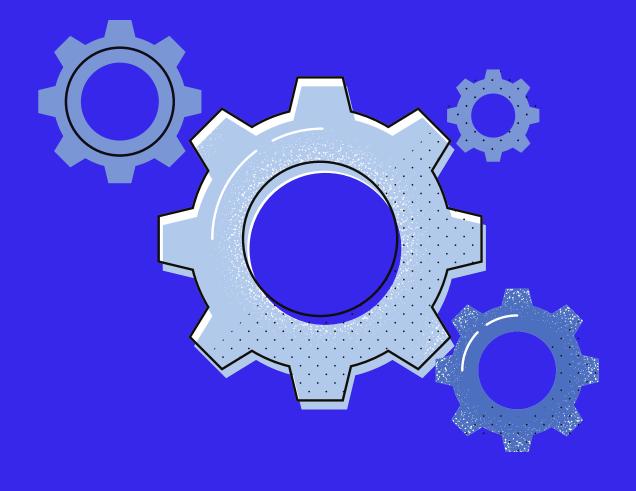
Structural framework for dynamic web applications:

- HTML only does static documents
- Angular fills in the gap to support
 dynamic applications
- Designed with CRUD applications (data-driven) in mind

ANGULAR VOCABULARY

- One-way/Two-way Data Binding
- Components
- Directives
- Service
- Testing

- Templates
- Routing
- Modules
- Provider



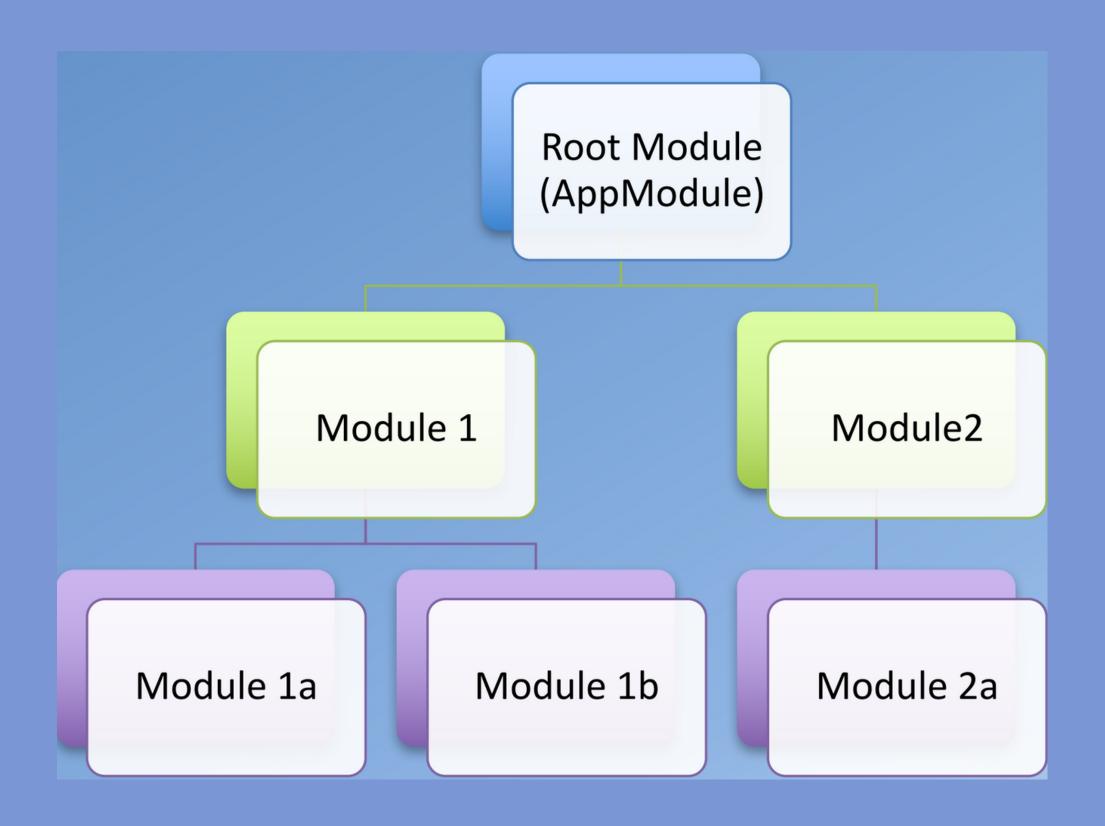
01 Modular

02

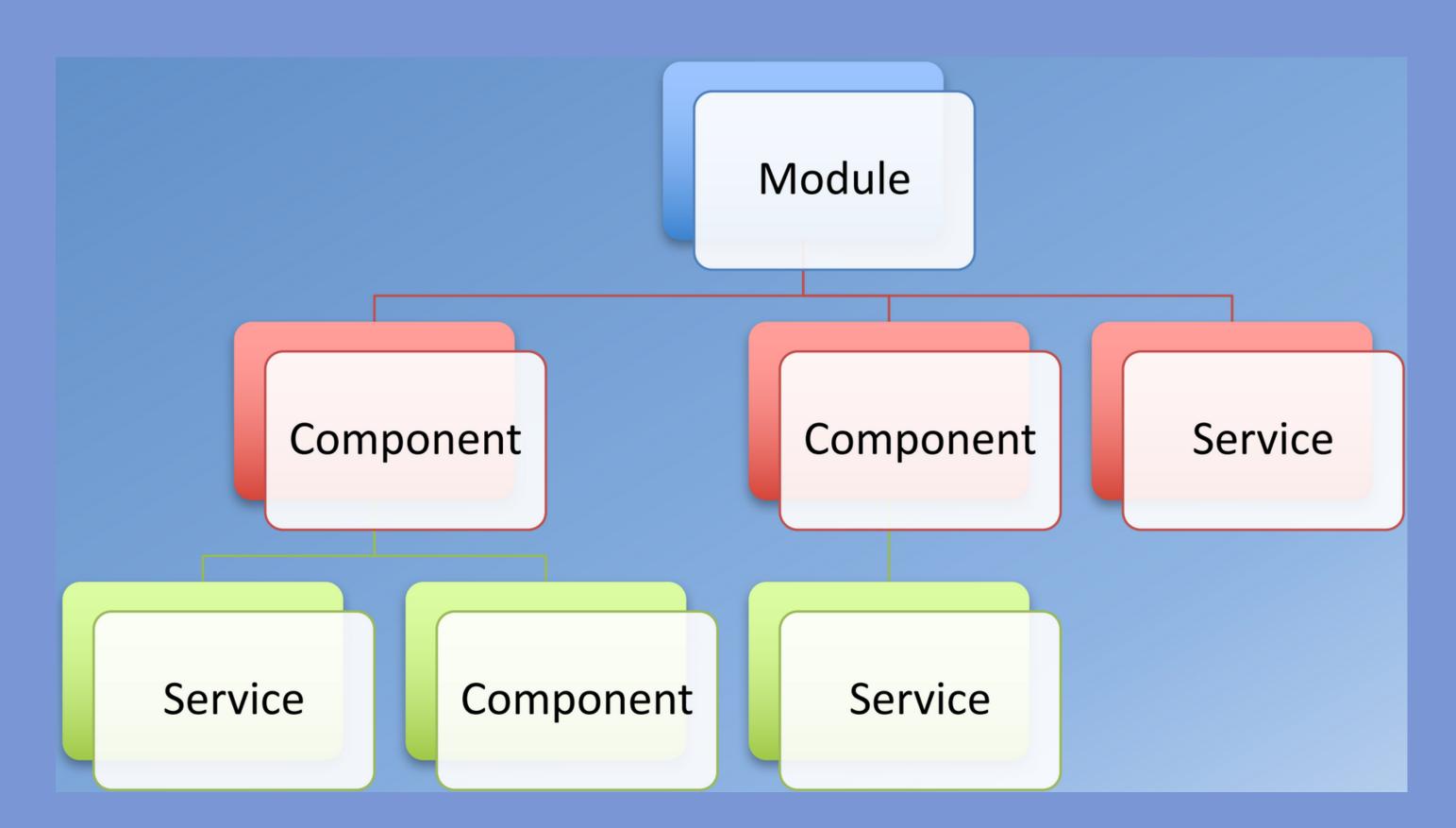
Component-based with Templates

ARCHITECTURE

MODULAR ARCHITECTURE



MODULE



Template

.component.html

.component.ts

Metadata

Properties

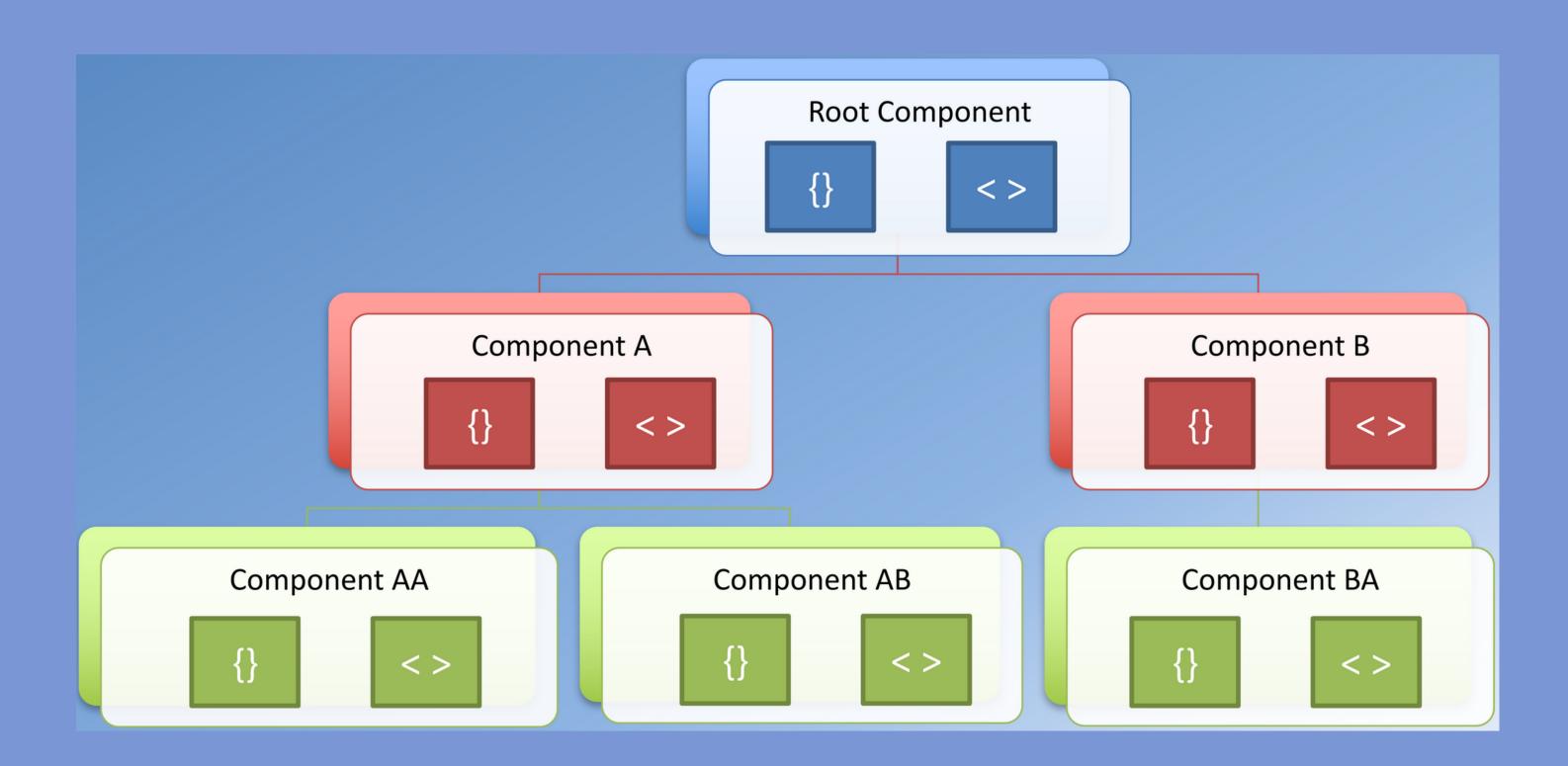
Methods

Property binding

Event binding

<>

COMPONENT HIERACHY



DIRECTIVES

01

Directives give instructions to Angular on how to render the templates to the DOM

02

A component is a special kind of directive with a template associated to it

03

Two other kinds of directives in Angular:
Structural and Attribute

STRUCTURAL DIRECTIVES

01

Allows you to alter the layout by adding, removing and replacing elements in DOM

02

Apply a structural directive to a host element in the DOM and its descendants

COMMON STRUCTURAL DIRECTIVES



NgIf

<div *ngIf="selectedDish"> . . . </div>



NgFor

<mat-list-item *ngFor="let dish of dishes">



NgSwitch